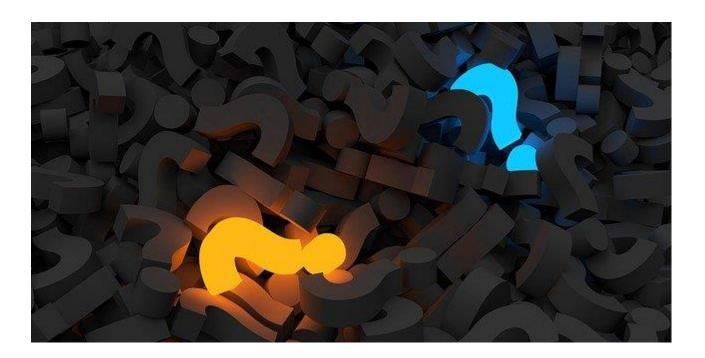
Public Official Training for Independent District Commission

April, 2023 Maja K. Haium, Senior Deputy City Attorney



Agenda

- Public Official
- Public Meetings
- Public Records
- Legal Ethics





Safeguard the Public Trust



Service as a <u>public official</u> is a public trust. Compliance with all applicable laws is required to safeguard that trust.



Public Official

- Elected officials
- Appointed officials
- Employees
- Agents



Policy: The Oregon form of government requires an informed public aware of the <u>deliberations</u> and <u>decisions</u> of governing bodies and the <u>information</u> upon which such decisions are made.

What is a meeting?

- 1. Quorum required
- 2. To deliberate
- 3. On any matter



Public Meeting?

Yes:

- Regularly scheduled meeting
- Emergency meeting
- Full Commission meeting with sole purpose to gather information to serve as a basis for a subsequent decision or recommendation
 - If exclusive purpose of a subcommittee is to gather and <u>report</u> information to full committee, subcommittee meetings may not be public
- Subcommittee meeting, if the subcommittee has authority to make recommendations or decisions
- Serial communications
 - BEWARE EMAIL and REPLY ALL



Public Meeting?

No:

- Training session, IF no substantive issues discussed
- Social event, IF no substantive issues discussed



Public Meeting Requirements

- Notice, with Agenda
- Held within City of Portland
- Nondiscriminatory site
- Accessible to persons with disabilities
- Public attendance
- Official actions taken by public vote
- Minutes



Questions on Public Meetings?





Policy: Every person has the right to inspect any nonexempt public record of a public body in Oregon.

What is a public record?

• Any writing that contains information relating to the conduct of the public's business . . . prepared, owned, used or retained by a public body regardless of physical form or characteristics.



Public Record?

Yes:

- Paper documents
- Photographs
- Maps
- Emails, even from personal account IF content is public business
- Text messages
- Chats in Zoom/Teams meetings
- Voicemails, until deleted



Public Record?

No:

- Transitory records
 - Typically emails, texts like "donuts in break room," "large print job going through," "yes, meeting starts at 9"
- Emails IF only content is personal
- Examples of material exempt from disclosure under law:
 - Business records required to be submitted
 - Trade secrets
 - Personal privacy exemption



Questions on Public Records?







Legal Ethics

Policy: Legal restrictions placed on public officials are different than those placed on private Oregonians because service in public office is a public trust.

- Compliance is the personal responsibility of each public official
- State legal requirements
- Portland City Code 1.03 (Code of Ethics)





Oregon Government Ethics Commission:

- Jurisdiction goes back 4 years
- Possible sanctions:
 - \$5,000 civil penalty
 - Forfeit 2x amount of financial benefit
 - Letter of reprimand, explanation or education



Who must public official consider when complying with legal ethics?

- 1. Public official
 - Volunteers on advisory board
- 2. Relatives of public official
 - Thanksgiving Rule
- 3. Business with whom public official or relative of public official is associated



Legal Ethics

Relative of public official (Thanksgiving Rule):

- Spouse
- Children
 - (or spouse's children)
- Siblings or parents
 - (or spouse's equivalent)
- Any individual for whom public official has legal support obligation
- Any individual from whom public official receives benefits arising from that individual's employment







Legal Ethics

Business Associated with Public Official or Relative of Public Official:

- Privately-held business:
 - Director, officer, owner or employee
 - Own \$1,000 in stock or interest
- Publicly-held business:
 - Own \$100,000 in stock or interest
- NOT public bodies

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

• NOT tax-exempt 501-C non-profit IF associated only as board member or holds an unpaid position





- Use of Position
- Gifts
- Conflict of Interest



Rule: May not use, or attempt to use, official position to obtain a financial gain or avoid a financial detriment if the financial opportunity is not otherwise available to the public.

- Violation: Car wash example
- No Violation: Columbia store pass example



Legal Ethics – Use of Position

- Private employment example
 - May not use confidential information obtained through position
 - Take no official action that could financially impact your private employment
 - Disclose all conflicts of interest
 - Ensure clear distinction between use of resources and time for private employment and action as public official
 - May not, directly or indirectly, solicit or accept promise of future employment based on understanding that employment offer is influenced by public official's vote or official act



Legal Ethics – Gifts

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Rule: During a calendar year, a public official may not solicit or receive, directly or indirectly, any gifts with an aggregate value in excess of \$50 from a single source that could reasonably be known to have a legislative or administrative interest in a decision or vote made by public official.

- Gift = Anything of economic value given for less value than is required from others who are not public officials.
- Legislative or Administrative Interest = Economic interest distinct from general public.
- Decision or vote = Act that commits public body to a particular course of action; NOT recommendation in advisory capacity.



Legal Ethics – Gifts

- Gifts exclusions:
 - Food and beverage exclusion
 - Does not allow private meals
- Expensive bike example



Legal Ethics – Conflicts of Interest

Rule: A public official is met with a conflict of interest when participating in an official action could result in a financial benefit or detriment to the public official.

- 1. Action, decision or recommendation made in official capacity, which causes or may cause
- 2. A private financial benefit or detriment for
- 3. The public official (or relative or associated business).



Legal Ethics – Conflicts of Interest

Potential Conflict of Interest

- Financial effect of an action is unknown because it might happen and it might not.
- Must publicly announce **potential** conflicts of interest on each occasion **before taking action**.

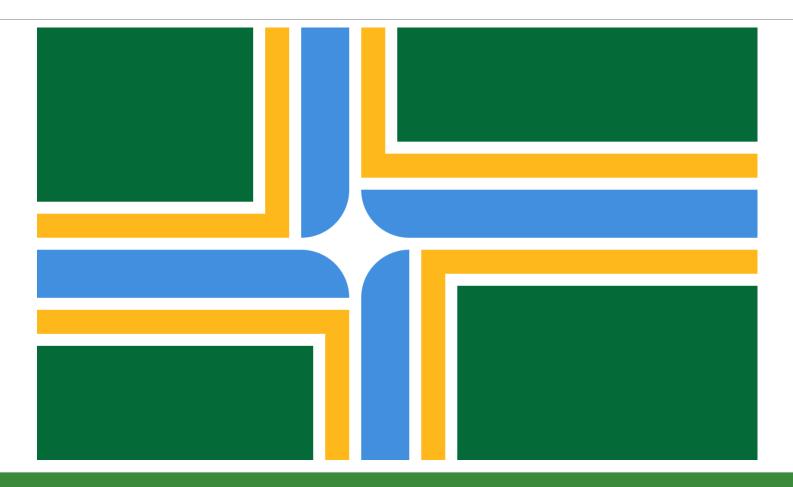
<u>Actual Conflict of Interest</u>

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- Financial effect of an action is both specific and certain.
- Must publicly announce **actual** conflicts of interest, on each occasion, and **refrain** from participating in **discussion**, **debate** or **voting** on the issue out of which the actual conflict arises.



Questions on Legal Ethics?





Resources and Information

Oregon Attorney General's Public Records and Meetings Manual

- <u>https://www.doj.state.or.us/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/public_records_and_meetings_manual.pdf</u>
- Oregon Government Ethics Commission
 - <u>www.Oregon.gov/OGEC</u>
 - 503-378-5105
 - Training webinars on focused topics, staff advice



Thanks for listening.

Remember, Commission staff is here to help!



