Better Housing by Design

AN UPDATE TO PORTLAND'S MULTI-DWELLING ZONING CODE



Proposed Draft

May 2018



Volume 3:

Additional Zoning Code Amendments

Submit testimony to the Portland Planning and Sustainability Commission by June 25, 2018. See inside cover for more information.



The Better Housing by Design project is updating Portland's multidwelling zoning rules to meet needs of current and future residents:

For more information ...

Visit the project website: www.portlandoregon.gov/bps/betterhousing

Email the project team: <u>betterhousing@portlandoregon.gov</u>

Call the helpline: 503-823-0195

Para obtener más información, por favor llame al 503-823-0195.

如需更多資訊,請致電:503-823-0195。

За дополнительной информацией обращайтесь по номеру 503-823-0195.

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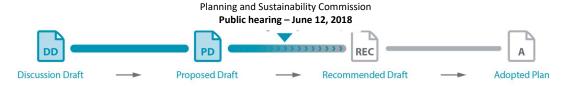
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How to Testify

The **Better Housing by Design Proposed Draft** will be considered by the Portland Planning and Sustainability Commission (PSC). The public is invited to submit formal comments (called public testimony) to the PSC in writing, in person at a public hearing, or online via the Map App. Testimony on the **Proposed Draft** is directed to the PSC, which may amend the proposal and subsequently vote to recommend the changes to Portland City Council. This is called the **Recommended Draft**, and the public will have an opportunity to testify on that draft when it is reviewed by City Council.

Testify in person at the Planning and Sustainability Commission (PSC) public hearing	Testify in writing between now and Monday, June 25, 2018
Tuesday, June 12, 2018, at 5 p.m. PCC Southeast, Community Hall Annex 2305 SE 82 nd Avenue Portland, Oregon	Map App: www.portlandoregon.gov/bps/mapapp Select Better Housing by Design and click on the "Testify" button. You can testify about a specific location or on the proposals in general. Testifying in the Map App is as easy as sending an email. Once your testimony is submitted, you can read it in real time.
To confirm the date, time and location, check the PSC calendar at https://www.portlandoregon.gov/bps/35452	U.S. Mail: You must provide your full name and mailing address. Portland Planning and Sustainability Commission Better Housing Testimony 1900 SW 4 th Ave, Suite 7100 Portland, OR 97201

Next Steps:



The next draft of the proposal – the *Recommended Draft* – will incorporate the changes the PSC makes to the *Proposed Draft*. The *Recommended Draft* will be forwarded to City Council for additional public testimony and hearings, deliberations, possible amendments and vote. The *Recommended Draft* should be at City Council in Fall 2018.

Volume 3

Additional Zoning Code Amendments

This volume of the Better Housing by Design Proposed Draft presents staff proposed amendments to Title 33 (Zoning Code), Title 18 (Noise Control), and Title 32 (Signs and Related Regulations) of the City Code. These proposed amendments complement the core Zoning Code amendments presented in Volume 2 of the Proposed Draft. See the Introduction, page 1, for more information on the types of amendments included in Volume 3.

This document is formatted to facilitate readability by showing draft code amendments on the right-hand pages and related commentary on the facing left-hand pages.

The code amendments appear on the odd-numbered pages. Text that is added is <u>underlined</u>, and text to be deleted is shown with <u>strikethrough</u>. To reduce the size of the document, provisions of code that are not proposed to change are indicated by "[No Change]".

Note about the version of Zoning Code text shown in this document. The Zoning Code text used in this document reflects Zoning Code amendments adopted as part of the 2035 Comprehensive Plan Early Implementation Projects (effective on May 24, 2018), as well as amendments from the Code Reconciliation Project (effective on May 24, 2018).

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^{*}Amendments are to multi-dwelling zone names only.

Introduction

This volume of the Better Housing by Design Proposed Draft contains additional zoning code amendments that complement the core zoning code amendments presented in Volume 2. The Proposed Draft Staff Report (Volume 1) provides a comprehensive summary and analysis of the major Proposed Draft proposals.

The proposed zoning code amendments in this volume include the following types of amendments:

- 1. Changes to multi-dwelling zone names in various zoning code chapters to correspond to the proposed new multi-dwelling zone names (such as changing "R1" to "RM2"). These minor amendments are the majority of the changes in this document. Page 2 of this document summarizes the current zones and their corresponding new zones.
- 2. Amendments to other zoning code chapter regulations intended to be similar to corresponding regulations in Chapter 33.120. These amendments are based on changes to Chapter 33.120 regulations and are proposed in order to maintain regulatory consistency. An example of this type of amendment are changes to the Required Outdoor Areas requirements in Chapter 33.130 that apply to multi-dwelling development in the commercial/mixed use zones (see page 27), to correspond to proposed amendments to similar regulations in the multi-dwelling zones.
- 3. Amendments to plan district regulations to discontinue regulations that are redundant with proposed new multi-dwelling zone regulations. An example of this type of amendment is the discontinuation of allowances for ground-floor commercial uses in the RH zone provided by some plan districts along major corridors, given that proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 (see Volume 2, pages 30-32) would allow limited amounts of commercial uses in multi-dwelling zones along major corridors citywide. See pages 97-147 for plan district amendments.
- 4. Amendments to discontinue some plan district regulations that provide minimum densities that are lower than Chapter 33.120 base zone minimum densities. These amendments affect RH (new RM3 and RM4) zoning in the Albina and North Interstate plan districts (see page 99 and 135) and the R1 (RM2) zone in the St. Johns plan district (see page 147). These areas are along a Civic Corridor, near light rail stations, and in a Town Center that are intended to be a focus for higher-density housing, but allow a low-scale of development that is equivalent to R2 densities intended for duplexes or townhouses. These amendments are part of a broader Better Housing by Design approach intended to strengthen minimum density requirements (see also Volume 2, pages 62-65).

Summary of the Multi-Dwelling Zones

The new framework for the multi-dwelling zones include four zones that are based on existing zones - but are more responsive to different types of places. The summary standards and graphics reflect draft development standards proposed in the Proposed Draft. The Bonus FAR is provided for projects with affordable housing or FAR transfers from sites where historic buildings, existing affordable housing or trees are being preserved.

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1 to 1	1.5 to 1
1.5 to 1	2.25 to 1
	65'
2 to 1	3 to 1
	1.5 to 1

The RX zone is not included here because its development standards are described and regulated in large part by the Central City and Gateway plan districts.

Section 1:

Zoning Code Amendments

33.130 Commercial Zones

The listing of Chapter 33.130 code sections is being modified to reflect the addition of "Triplexes" to the title of Section 33.130.250 (see page 35). This brings consistency with proposed multi-dwelling (Chapter 33.120) code provisions for triplexes that follow from the Residential Infill Project's proposal to categorize triplexes as a distinct housing type that will be subject to development standards applied to other small-scale housing types (such as houses and duplexes).

33.130 Commercial Zones

130

Sections:
General
33.130.010 Purpose
33.130.020 List of the Commercial/Mixed Use Zones
33.130.030 Characteristics of the Zones
33.130.040 Other Zoning Regulations
33.130.050 Neighborhood Contact
Use Regulations
33.130.100 Primary Uses
33.130.110 Accessory Uses
33.130.130 Nuisance-Related Impacts
Development Standards
33.130.200 Lot Size
33.130.205 Floor Area Ratio
33.130.207 Minimum Density
33.130.210 Height
33.130.212 Floor Area and Height Bonus Options
33.130.215 Setbacks
33.130.220 Building Coverage
33.120.222 Building Length and Façade Articulation
33.130.225 Landscaped Areas
33.130.227 Trees
33.130.228 Required Outdoor Areas
33.130.230 Windows
33.130.235 Screening
33.130.240 Pedestrian Standards
33.130.242 Transit Street Main Entrance
33.130.245 Exterior Display, Storage, and Work Activities
33.130.250 General Requirements for Houses, Attached Houses, Manufactured Homes, an
Duplexes, and Triplexes
33.130.255 Trucks and Equipment
33.130.260 Drive-Through Facilities
33.130.265 Detached Accessory Structures
33.130.270 Fences
33.130.275 Demolitions
33.130.285 Nonconforming Development
33.130.290 Parking, Loading, and Transportation Demand Management
33.130.292 Street and Pedestrian Connections
33.130.295 Signs
33.130.305 Superblock Requirements

33.130.310 Recycling Areas

33.130.030 Characteristics of the Zones

This section is being amended to add language to clarify that the design ("d") overlay zone will always be applied to the higher-density CM3 and CX zones.

This application of the d-overlay zone to these higher-density zones is not a new approach, but there had in the past been inconsistency with the application of this overlay in historic or conservation districts. Moving forward, the d-overlay will always be applied to these zones, regardless of location, although development in historic or conservation districts will be subject to historic resources review and will be exempt from design review.

33.130.030 Characteristics of the Zones

A.-C.[No change]

- D. Commercial/Mixed Use 3 zone. The Commercial/Mixed Use 3 (CM3) zone is a large-scale zone intended for sites in high-capacity transit station areas, in town centers, along streetcar alignments, along civic corridors, and in locations close to the Central City. It is intended to be an intensely urban zone and is not appropriate for sites where adjacent properties have single-dwelling residential zoning. The zone allows a wide range and mix of commercial and residential uses, as well as employment uses that have limited off-site impacts. Buildings in this zone will generally be up to six stories tall unless height and floor area bonuses are used, or plan district provisions specify other height limits. Development is intended to be pedestrian-oriented, with buildings that contribute to an urban environment with a strong street edge of buildings. The scale of development is intended to be larger than what is allowed in lower intensity commercial/mixed use and residential zones. Design review is typically required in The Design overlay zone is applied to this zone.
- **E.** [No change]
- F. Central Commercial zone. The Central Commercial (CX) zone is intended to provide for commercial and mixed use development within Portland's most urban and intense areas, specifically the Central City and the Gateway Regional Center. A broad range of uses are allowed to reflect Portland's role as a commercial, cultural, residential, and governmental center. Development is intended to be very intense with high building coverage, large buildings, and buildings placed close together. Development is intended to be pedestrian-oriented with a strong emphasis on a safe and attractive streetscape. The Design overlay zone is applied to this zone.



Amendments to this section and its graphic are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

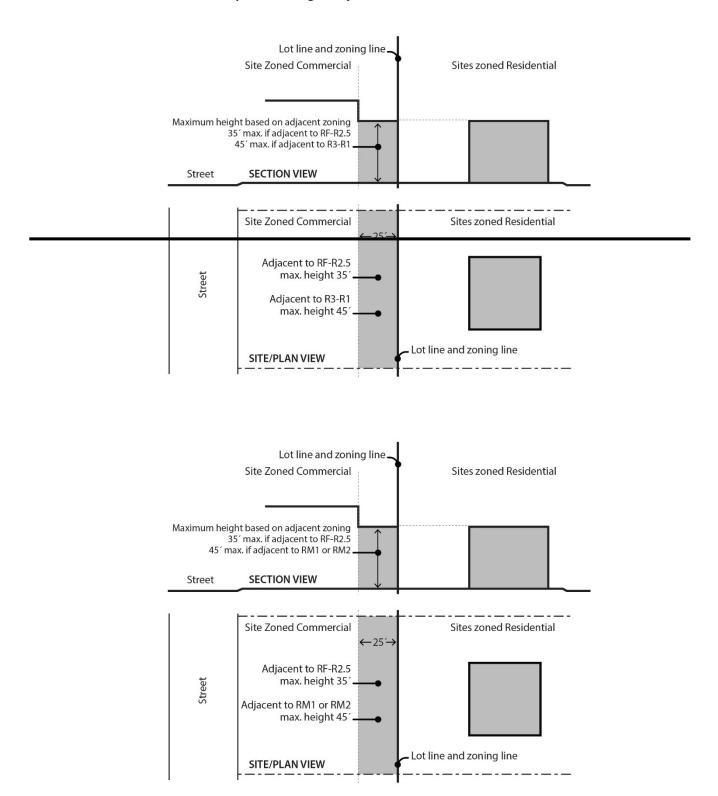
33.130.210 Height

- A. [No change]
- B. Height standard.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Step-down height. In the following situations, the base height is reduced, or stepped-down. Stepped-down height is not required in the CR zone:
 - a. Step-down adjacent to residential zones. The following step-down height limits apply within 25 feet of sites zoned residential. Sites with property lines that abut residential zones for less than a 5-foot length are exempt from these standards:
 - (1) On the portion of the site within 25 feet of a site zoned RF through R2.5, the step-down height limit is 35 feet. See Figure 130-1.
 - (2) On the portion of the site within 25 feet of a site zoned RM1 or RM2R3 R1, the step-down height limit is 45 feet. See Figure 130-1.

33.13	30.210	Height
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Amendments to this section and its graphic are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Figure 130-1
Step-Down Height Adjacent to Residential Zones



33.13	30.210	Height
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Amendments to this section and its graphic are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

- b. Step-down across a local service street from an RF through RM2R1 zone. In the CM2, CM3, CX, and CE zones the following step-down height limits apply. The limits do not apply to portions of buildings within 100 feet of a transit street:
 - (1) On the portion of the site within 15 feet of a lot line that is across a local service street from a site zoned RF through R2.5, the step-down height limit is 35 feet. See figure 130-2.
 - (2) On the portion of the site within 15 feet of a lot line that is across a local service street from a site zoned <u>RM1 or RM2R3 through R1</u>, the step-down height limit is 45 feet. See Figure 130-2.
- 3. [No change]
- **C.** [No change]

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Amendments to this table are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Summary of Develo		Table 130		Mixed Use 3	7ones	
Standards	CR	CM1	CM2	CM3	CE	СХ
Maximum FAR (see 33.130.205 and 33.130.212)	1 to 1 [1]	1.5 to 1	2.5 to 1	3 to 1	2.5 to 1	4 to 1
- Bonus FAR (see 33.130.212)	NA	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3
Minimum Density (see 33.130.207)	NA	NA	1 unit per 1,450 sq. ft. of site area	1 unit per 1,000 sq. ft. of site area	NA	NA
Base Height (see 33.130.210.B.1)	30 ft.	35 ft.	45 ft.	65 ft.	45 ft.	75 ft.
Step-down Height (see 33.130.210.B.2)	NA					
- Within 25 ft. of lot line abutting RF-R2.5		35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.
zones - Within 25 ft. of lot line abutting RM1 or	NA	NA	45 ft.	45 ft.	45 ft.	45 ft.
RM2R3, R2, R1 Zones - Within 15 ft. of lot line across a local service street from RF – R2.5 Zones	NA	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.
- Within 15 ft. of lot line across a local service street from RM1 or RM2R3, R2, R1 Zones	NA	NA	45 ft.	45 ft.	45 ft.	45 ft.
- Bonus Height (see 33.130.212)	NA	NA	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3	See Table 130-3
Min. Building Setbacks (see 33.130.215.B)						
- Street Lot Line	none	none	none	none	none	none
- Street Lot Line abutting selected Civic Corridors	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.
- Street Lot Line across a local street from an RF – <u>RM2</u> R1 Zone.	none	none	5 or 10 ft.	5 or 10 ft.	5 or 10 ft.	5 or 10 ft.
Min. Building Setbacks (see 33.130.215.B) - Lot Line Abutting OS, RX, C, E, or I Zoned Lot	none	none	none	none	none	none
- Lot Line Abutting RF – <u>RM4</u> RH Zoned Lot	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.
Max. Building Setbacks (see 33.130.215.C) - Street Lot Line - Street Lot Line Abutting Selected Civic Corridors	10 ft. 20 ft.	10 ft. 20 ft.	10 ft. 20 ft.	10 ft. 20 ft.	10 ft. 20 ft.	10 ft. 20 ft.
Max. Building Coverage (% of site area)						
- Inner Pattern Area	85%	85%	100%	100%	85%	100%
- Eastern, Western, and River Pattern Areas (see 33.130.220)	75%	75%	85%	85%	75%	100%
Min. Landscaped Area (% of site area) (see 33.130.225)	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	None
Landscape Buffer Abutting an RF – <u>RM4RH</u> Zoned Lot (see 33.130.215.B)	10 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @ L3
Required Residential Outdoor Area (see 33.130.228)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ground Floor Window Standards (see 33.130.230.B)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

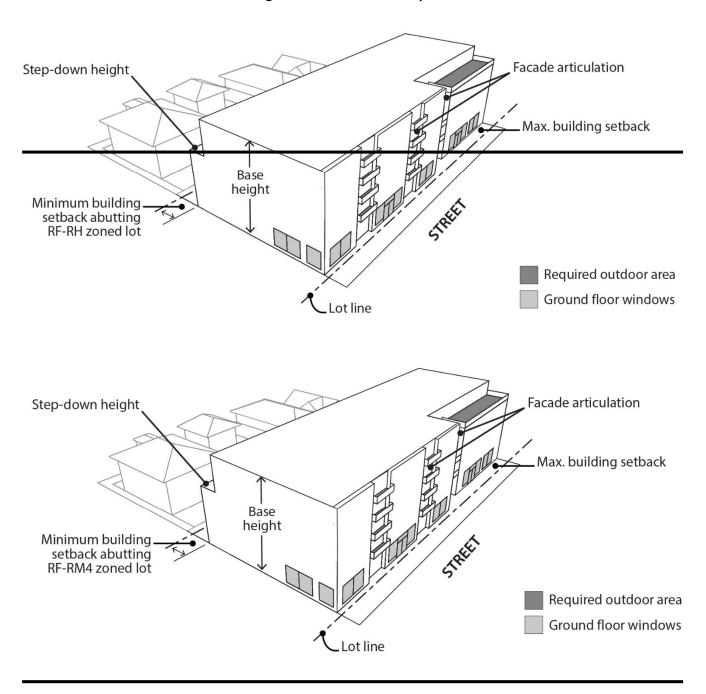
Notes:

[1] On sites that do not have a Retail Sales And Service or Office use, maximum density for Household Living is 1 unit per 2,500 square feet of site area.

Example	Illustration
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Amendments to the graphic on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Example Illustration:Some building form and setback development standards



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Amendments to this section are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.130.215 Setbacks

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** Minimum building setbacks. Minimum required building setbacks are listed below and summarized in Table 130-2. Unless otherwise specified in this section, the minimum required setbacks apply to all buildings and structures on a site. Setbacks for exterior development are stated in 33.130.245, and setbacks for parking areas are stated in Chapter 33.266, Parking, Loading and Transportation and Parking Demand Management.
 - 1. Required setbacks from a street lot line. Unless as specified below, there is no minimum required setback from a street lot line:
 - a. [No change]
 - b. The following minimum setbacks are required from a street lot line on the portion of the site that is across a local service street from an RF through RM2R1 zone. The setbacks do not apply in the CR or CM1 zones, or on or within 100 feet of a transit street:
 - (1) Buildings that are entirely in a residential use, and portions of buildings with dwelling units on the ground floor, must be setback 5 feet from a street lot line facing an RF through RM2R1 zone. The setback must be landscaped to at least the L1 standard. Vehicle access is not allowed through the setback unless the local service street facing the residential zone is the only frontage for the site. Up to one third of the setback area can be hard surfaced for pedestrian or bicycle access. Exterior display and storage is not allowed within the setback.
 - (2) All other buildings must be setback 10 feet from a street lot line facing an RF through RM2R1 zone. The setback must be landscaped to at least the L1 standard. Vehicle access is not allowed through the setback unless the local service street facing the residential zone is the only frontage for the site. Up to one third of the setback area can be hard surfaced for pedestrian or bicycle access. Exterior display and storage is not allowed within the setback. See Figure 130-2.

c.-d. [No change]

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Amendments to this section are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

- 2. Required setbacks from a lot line that is not a street lot line:
 - a. [No change]
 - b. The required minimum setback from a lot line that abuts an RF through RM4RH, or IR zone is 10 feet. The required setback area must be landscaped to the L3 standard. Areas paved for pedestrian or bicycle use can be located in the required building setback area, but may not extend closer than 5 feet to a lot line abutting an RF through RM4RH zone. Buildings that are 15 feet or less in height are exempt from the required setback, however any setback provided that is 5 feet or greater in depth must be landscaped to at least the L3 standard for a distance of up to 10 feet from the lot line. This means that if the building is setback 3 feet, no landscaping is required, but if the building is setback 15 feet, then the first 10 feet measured from the lot line must be landscaped.
 - c. [No change]
- 3. Extensions into required building setbacks and buffering requirements of Table 130-2.
 - a. The following features of a building may extend into a required building setback up to 20 percent of the depth of the setback. However, except for building eaves and stormwater planters, they may not extend closer than 5 feet to a lot line abutting an RF – RM4RH zoned lot.
 - (1) Eaves, chimneys, fireplace inserts and vents, mechanical equipment, fire escapes, water collection cisterns and stormwater planters;
 - (2) Stairways and wheelchair ramps that do not meet the standard of Subparagraph B.3.b below; and

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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

- (3) Bays and bay windows may extend into a street setback, but not a required setback abutting an RF RM4RH zoned lot, and also must meet the following requirements:
 - Each bay and bay window may be up to 12 feet long, but the total area of all bays and bay windows on a building facade cannot be more than 30 percent of the area of the facade;
 - At least 30 percent of the area of the bay which faces the street lot line requiring the setback must be glazing or glass block;
 - Bays and bay windows must cantilever beyond the foundation of the building; and
 - The bay may not include any doors.
- The following minor features of a building are allowed to fully extend into required building setbacks, but may not extend closer than 5 feet to a lot line abutting an RF – RM4RH zoned lot.
 - (1) Uncovered decks, stairways, and wheelchair ramps with surfaces that are no more than 2-1/2 feet above the ground;
 - (2) On lots that slope down from the street, vehicular and pedestrian entry bridges with surfaces that are no more than 2-1/2 feet above the average sidewalk elevation; and
 - (3) Canopies, marquees, awnings, and similar features may fully extend into a street setback.
- c. [No change]
- 4. [No change]

C.-E. [No change]

33.130.222 Building Length and Facade Articulation

This section is being amended to include updated language from the corresponding section in Chapter 33.120 (33.120.230.C - see page 97 of Volume 2). The amendments provide greater regulatory clarity.

Figure 130-9 is being replaced to provide greater clarity. The 20-foot dimension in the accompanying text is intended to be measured from the street property line, but the graphic shows the measurement starting at the building façade, which appears to be set back from the street. The corrected graphic shows both the façade and the street lot line at the same location.

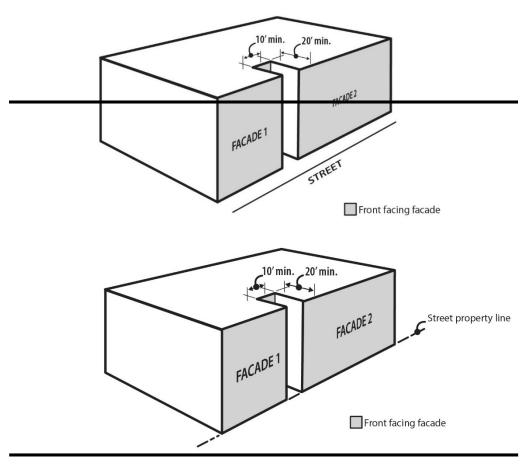
33.130.222 Building Length and Facade Articulation

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** [No change]

C. Facade articulation.

- 1. Where the standard applies. This standard applies in the CM2, CM3 and CE zones as follows:
 - a. [No change]
 - b. [No change]
 - c. Portions of building facades that are vertically separated by a gap of <u>at least 10</u> feet in width or more extending at least 20 feet in depth from the street property line are considered to be separate facades areas for the purposes of the facade area measurements. See Figure 130-9.
- 2. The standard. At least 25 percent of the <u>area of a street-facing facade</u> within 20 feet of a street lot line must be divided into facade planes that are off-set by at least 2 feet in depth from the rest of the facade. Facade area used to meet the facade articulation standard may be recessed behind or project out from the primary facade plane, but projections into street right-of-way do not count toward meeting this standard. See Figure 130-10.

Figure 130-9 Facade Articulation



33.130.228 Required Outdoor Areas

This section is being amended to be consistent with similar Required Outdoor Areas purpose statement language and regulatory standards proposed for Chapter 33.120 (see pages 113-115 in Volume 1), which will apply to similar types of multi-dwelling development. Specific amendments include:

- The minimum dimension for outdoor common areas, such as courtyards, is being changed to 20 feet. This brings consistency with the new minimum common area dimension in Chapter 33.120 (see page 115 in Volume 2). The minimum 20-foot dimension helps ensure that common outdoor areas are of usable size. The 15-foot minimum dimension had sometimes resulted in corridors of 5-foot wide walkways flanked on each side by 5 feet of landscaping, rather than providing for courtyards or other types of usable outdoor space.
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names (RM4 replaces RH).

33.130.228 Required Outdoor Areas

A. Purpose. The required outdoor areas standards ensure opportunities for residents to have onsite access to outdoor space for recreation, relaxation, natural area, or growing food. Required outdoor areas are an important aspect for addressing the livability of a property with residential units by providing residents with opportunities for outdoor activities, some options for outdoor privacy, and a healthy environment. The standards ensure that outdoor areas are located so that residents have convenient access. These standards also allow for outdoor area requirements to be met by indoor community facilities that because they provide opportunities for recreation or gathering.

B. Requirements.

- 1. [No change]
- Size, location and configuration. Required outdoor area may be provided as individual, private outdoor areas, such as patios or balconies, or as common, shared areas, such as outdoor courtyards and play areas, or indoor recreational facilities or community rooms. There also may be a combination of individual and common areas.
 - a. Individual unit <u>outdoor</u> areas. Where a separate outdoor area is provided for <u>eachan</u> individual unit, it must be designed so that a 4-foot by 6-foot dimension will fit entirely within it. The outdoor area must be directly accessible to the unit. Balconies that extend over street right-of-way count towards meeting this standard. Areas used for pedestrian circulation to more than one dwelling unit do not count towards meeting the required outdoor area. If the area is at ground level it may extend up to 5 feet into a required front setback, and may extend into required side and rear setbacks as long as the area is not closer than 5 feet to a lot line abutting an RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zoned lot.
 - b. Common areas. There are two types of common area:
 - (1) Outdoor common area. Where outdoor areas are common, shared areas, each area must be designed so that it is at least 500 square feet in area and must measure at least 20 feet in all directions that a 20-foot by 20-foot square will fit entirely within it. The outdoor common area must be located within 20 feet of a building entrance providing access to residential units.
 - (2) Indoor common area. Where an indoor common area is provided, it must be an indoor recreational facility or an indoor tenant community room. Indoor common areas that are not recreational facilities or community rooms, such as lobbies, hallways, laundry facilities, storage rooms, and vehicle or bicycle facilities, cannot be used to meet this requirement.
 - c. [No change]
- 3.-4. [No change]

33.130.230 Windows

This section is being amended to subject triplexes to the same set of development standards that apply to other types of small-scale housing, consistent with proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 and with Residential Infill Project proposals.

33.130.230 Windows

- **A.** [No change]
- B. Ground floor windows.
 - 1. [No change]
 - Ground floor window standard for wall area that is not the wall of a dwelling unit. The following standards apply to the portions of a ground floor wall of a street-facing facade that is not the wall of a dwelling unit:
 - a. [No change]
 - b. Exemptions:
 - (1) Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes are exempt from this Section; and
 - (2) Ground floor street-facing walls of dwelling units must meet the standards in Subsection D; and
 - (3) One opening for vehicular access to onsite parking area.
 - 3.-5. [No change]

33.130.240 Pedestrian Standards

This section is being amended to provide consistency with proposed Pedestrian Standards in Chapter 33.120 (see pages 118-119 in Volume 1). The amendments in both chapters are intended to ensure that residential buildings located close to streets each have direct pedestrian connections to the street.

33.130.240 Pedestrian Standards

- **A. Purpose.** The pedestrian standards encourage a safe, attractive, and usable pedestrian circulation system in all developments. They ensure a direct pedestrian connection between abutting streets and buildings on the site, and between buildings and other activities within the site. In addition, they provide for connections between adjacent sites, where feasible.
- **B.** The standards. The standards of this Section apply to all development except houses, attached houses, and duplexes. An on-site pedestrian circulation system must be provided. The system must meet all standards of this Subsection.
 - 1. Connections. The on-site pedestrian circulation system must provide connections as specified below:
 - a. Connection between streets and entrances.
 - (1) Sites with one street frontage.
 - Generally. There must be a connection between one main entrance of each building on the site and the adjacent street. The connection may not be more than 20 feet longer or 120 percent of the straight line distance, whichever is less. Buildings separated from the street by other buildings are exempt from this standard.
 - Household Living. Sites where all of the floor area is in Household Living uses are only required to provide a connection to one main entrance on the site. If a building is located within 40 feet of a street lot line, and all of the floor area in the building is in a Household Living use, then there must be at least one connections between one main entrance and the adjacent street. The connection may not be more than 20 feet longer or 120 percent of the straight line distance, whichever is less.
 - Tree preservation. If a tree that is at least 12 inches in diameter is proposed for preservation, and the location of the tree or its root protection zone would prevent the standard of this paragraph from being met, the connection may be up to 200 percent of the straight line distance.
 - (2) Sites with more than one street frontage. Where the site has more than one street frontage, the following must be met:
 - The standard of Subparagraph B.1.a(1) must be met to connect the main entrance of each building on the site to the closest sidewalk or roadway if there are no sidewalks. Sites where all of the floor area is in Household Living uses are only required to provide a connection meeting the standard of Subparagraph B.1.a(1) to one main entrance on the site;
 - An additional connection, which does not have to be a straight line connection, is required between each of the other streets and a pedestrian entrance. However, if at least 50 percent of a street facing facade is within 10 feet of the street, no connection is required to that street.
 - b. [No change]
 - 2.-3. [No change]

33.130.242 Transit Street Main Entrance

This section is being amended for the following purposes:

- To assign triplexes the same development standards that apply to other small-scale housing types, consistent with proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 and with Residential Infill Project proposals.
- Modify the courtyard entrance option for multi-dwelling structures to be consistent with
 proposed standards in Chapter 33.120 (see pages 100-101 in Volume 1), which were based on
 analysis of the design of historic courtyard housing precedents, where courtyard entrances
 are typically accessed through courtyards extending more than 50 feet from the street.

33.130.242 Transit Street Main Entrance

- **A.-B.**[No change]
- B. Applicability.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes must meet the standards of 33.130.250.B, Residential Main Entrance, instead of the requirements of this section.
- **C. Location.** For portions of a building within the maximum building setback, at least one main entrance for each nonresidential tenant space on the ground floor, and one main entrance to a multi-dwelling structure must meet the standards of this section. The ground floor is the lowest floor of the building that is within four feet of the adjacent transit street grade. The main entrance must:
 - Be within 25 feet of the transit street;
 - 2. Allow pedestrians to both enter and exit the building; and
 - 3. Meet one of the following:
 - a. Face the transit street;
 - b. Be at an angle of up to 45 degrees from the transit street, measured from the street property line, as shown in Figure 130-13; or
 - c. If it is an entrance to a multi-dwelling structure:
 - (1) Face a courtyard at least 15 feet in width that is adjacent to abuts the transit street and that is landscaped to at least the L1 level, or hard-surfaced for use by pedestrians; and
 - (2) Be within 5060 feet of the transit street.
- **D. Distance between entrances.** For portions of a building subject to the maximum building setback, a minimum of one entrance is required for every 200 feet of building length.
- **E.** Unlocked during regular business hours. Each main entrance to nonresidential uses that meets the standards of Subsection C and D must be unlocked during regular business hours.

33.130.250 General Requirements for Houses, Attached Houses, Manufactured Homes, and Duplexes, and Triplexes

This section is being amended for the following purposes:

- To assign triplexes the same development standards that apply to other small-scale housing types, consistent with proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 and with Residential Infill Project proposals.
- To bring consistency with how front garages for attached houses are proposed to be regulated in the multi-dwelling zones (see pages 160-161). This will allow the 50 percent limitation on front garages to apply to the combined frontage of attached houses, instead of to each unit, allowing for mix of units with and without garages and preserving some onstreet parking.

33.130.250 General Requirements for Houses, Attached Houses, Manufactured Homes, and Duplexes, and Triplexes

- **A.** [No change]
- B. Residential main entrance.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Where these standards apply.
 - a. The standards of this subsection apply to houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes in the commercial/mixed use zones.
 - b. Where a proposal is for an alteration or addition to existing development, the standards of this section apply only to the portion being altered or added.
 - c. On sites with frontage on both a private street and a public street, the standards apply to the site frontage on the public street. On all other sites with more than one street lot line, the applicant may choose on which frontage to meet the standards.
 - d. Development on flag lots or on lots which slope up or down from the street with an average slope of 20 percent or more are exempt from these standards.
 - 3.-4. [No change]

C. Garages.

- 1. [No change]
- 2. Where these standards apply. The requirements of Paragraphs D.3, D.4 and D.5, below, apply to houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes. The requirements of Paragraphs D.4 and D.5, below, also apply to garages that are accessory to attached houses. When a proposal is for an alteration or addition to existing development, the standards of this section apply only to the portion being altered or added. Development on flag lots or on lots which slope up or down from the street with an average slope of 20 percent or more are exempt from these standards.
- 3. Length of street-facing garage wall. The length of the garage wall facing the street may be up to 50 percent of the length of the street-facing building facade. See Figure 130-16. For attached houses, the standard applies to the combined length of the street-facing facades of the attached units.
 - a. The length of the garage wall facing the street may be up to 50 percent of the length of the street-facing building facade. See Figure 130-16. For duplexes, this standard applies to the total length of the street-facing facades. For all other lots and structures, the standards apply to the street-facing facade of each unit.
 - b. Where the street-facing facade is less than 22 feet long, an attached garage facing the street is not allowed as part of that facade.
- 4.-5. [No change]

33.130.265	Detached	Accessory	/ Structures
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Amendments to this section are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.130.265 Detached Accessory Structures

A.-B.[No change]

C. Setbacks.

- Uncovered accessory structures. Uncovered accessory structures such as flag poles, lamp posts, signs, antennas and dishes, mechanical equipment, uncovered decks, play structures, and tennis courts are allowed in a required setback, but can be no closer than 5 feet to a lot line abutting an RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zoned lot.
- 2. [No change]

33.140 Employment and Industrial Zones

Amendments to the sections on this page are for the following purposes:

- To assign triplexes the same development standards that apply to other small-scale housing types, consistent with proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 and with Residential Infill Project proposals.
- Modification of the Residential main entrance standards so that they apply to each
 structure, consistent with Chapters 33.120 and 33.130. This allows for configurations in
 which triplexes and duplexes may be served by a single front entrance, instead of separate
 entrances for each unit, but would still require attached houses to have individual streetoriented entrances.
- Deletion of the reference to Permit Ready Houses (Chapter 33.278), since this regulation no longer exists.

33.140 Employment and Industrial Zones

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33.140.242 Transit Street Main Entrance

- A. [No change]
- B. Applicability.
 - 1. [No change]
 - Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes must meet the standards of subsection 33.140.265.D, Residential Main Entrance, instead of the requirements of this section.

C.-D.[No change]

33.140.265 Residential Development

When allowed, residential development is subject to the following development standards:

- **A. Generally.** Except as specified in this section, base zone development standards continue to apply;
- **B. Existing buildings.** Residential uses in existing buildings have no density limit within the building;
- **C. New development.** Residential uses in new development are subject to the development standards of the EX zone, except as specified in this section;
- **D.** Permit-Ready houses. Chapter 33.278 contains provisions for Permit-Ready houses on narrow lots.

DE. Residential main entrance.

- 1. [No change]
- 2. Where these standards apply.
 - a. The standards of this subsection apply to houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes in the employment and industrial zones.
 - b.-d. [No change]
- 3. Location. At least one main entrance for each <u>structure</u> <u>dwelling unit</u> must:
 - Be within 8 feet of the longest street-facing wall of the structuredwelling unit; and
 - b. [No change]
- 4. [No change]

33.140 Employment and Industrial Zones

See previous commentary.

EF. Street-facing facades.

- 1. [No change]
- 2. Where this standard applies. The standard of this subsection applies to houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes in the Employment and Industrial zones. Where a proposal is for an alteration or addition to existing development, the applicant may choose to apply the standard either to the portion being altered or added, or to the entire street-facing facade. Development on flag lots or on lots that slope up or down from the street with an average slope of 20 percent or more are exempt from this standard.
- [No change]

FG. Garages.

- 1. [No change]
- 2. Where these standards apply. The requirements of Paragraphs F.3 and F.4, below, apply to houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes. The requirements of Paragraph F.4, below, also apply to garages that are accessory to attached houses. When a proposal is for an alteration or addition to existing development, the standards of this section apply only to the portion being altered or added. Development on flag lots or on lots which slope up or down from the street with an average slope of 20 percent or more are exempt from these standards.
- 3.-4 [No change]

33.	150	Campus	Institutional	Zones
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.150.210 Height

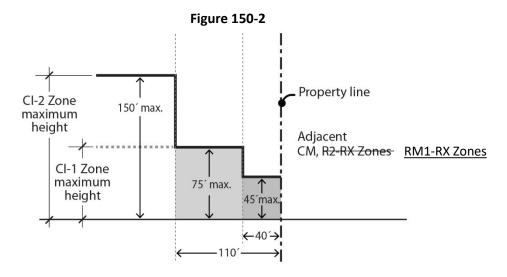
A.-B.[No change]

- C. Reduced maximum height. Maximum height is reduced adjacent to certain zones.
 - 1. In the CI1 zone, maximum height is reduced as follows.
 - a. On the portion of the site within 60 feet of a lot line abutting or across the street from a site zoned OS or RF through R2.5, the maximum height is 30 feet. See Figure 150-1.
 - b. On the portion of the site within 40 feet of a lot line abutting or across the street from a site zoned RM1R3 through RX or commercial/mixed use zones the maximum height is 45 feet. See Figure 150-2.

2. CI2 zone.

- a. [No change]
- b. Maximum height is reduced on sites in the CI2 zone that abut or are across the street from a site zoned RM1R3 through RX, or commercial/mixed use zones as follows:
 - (1) On the portion of the site within 40 feet of a lot line abutting or across the street from a site zoned <u>RM1R2</u> through RX, or commercial/mixed use zones, the maximum height is 45 feet. See Figure 150-2.
 - (2) On the portion of the site more than 40 feet but within 110 feet of a lot line abutting or across the street from a site zoned <u>RM1R2</u> through RX, or commercial/mixed use zones, the maximum height is 75 feet. See Figure 150-2.

D. [No change]



33.150	Campus	Institutional	Zones
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Amendments to Table 150-2 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Table 150-2 Summary of Development Standards in Campus Institutional Zones					
Standard	CI1	CI2	IR		
Maximum FAR [1]					
(see 33.150.205)	0.5 to 1	3 to 1 [2] [3]	2 to 1		
Maximum FAR with Inclusionary Housing Bonus [1]	NA	3.75 to 1 [2]	NA		
(see 33.150.205.C)		[3]			
Maximum Height					
(see 33.150.210)	75 ft. [4]	150 ft. [4]	75 ft.		
Minimum Building Setbacks [1]					
(see 33.150.215)					
- Lot line abutting or across the street from an OS, RF-R2.5 zoned lot			1 ft. for		
_	15 ft.	10 ft.	every 2 ft.		
- Lot line abutting or across the street from an R2RM1-RX, IR zoned			of building		
lot	10 ft.	10 ft.	height but		
- Lot line abutting or across the street from a C, CI, E, or I zoned lot			not less		
	0 ft.	0 ft.	than 10 ft.		
Maximum Building Setbacks Street Lot Line, Transit Street or					
Pedestrian District (See 33.150.215)	None	10 ft.	10 ft.		
Maximum Building Coverage [1]	50% of site	85% of site	70% of site		
(see 33.150.225)	area	area	area		
Maximum Building Length [1]					
(see 33.150.235 and 33.150.255)	200 ft.	200 ft.	None		
Minimum Landscaped Area	25% of site	15% of site	20% of site		
(see 33.150.240)	area	area	area		
Landscaping Abutting an R zoned lot					
(see 33.150.240.C)	10 ft. @ L3	5 ft. @ L3	10 ft. @L3		
Landscaping across the street from an R zoned lot					
(see 33.150.240.C)	10 ft. @ L1	5 ft. @ L1	10 ft. @L1		
Building Facade Articulation [1]					
(see 33.150.255)	No	Yes	No		
Ground Floor Window Standards [1]					
(see 33.150.250)	No	Yes	Yes		
Transit Street Main Entrance [1]					
(See 33.150.265)	No	Yes	No		

Notes:

- [1] For Colleges and Medical Centers, the entire CI zone is treated as one site regardless of ownership. In this case, FAR is calculated based on the total square footage of the parcels within the zone rather than for each individual parcel, and setbacks, building length, facade articulation, ground floor windows and transit street main entrance regulations are measured from, or only apply to, the perimeter of the zone.
- [2] Maximum FAR within the Legacy Good Samaritan Hospital and Health Center campus boundary shown on Map 150-3 is 3.7 to 1, and is 4.5 to 1 with inclusionary housing bonus.
- [3] Maximum FAR within the PCC Sylvania campus boundary shown on Map 150-5 is .75 to 1, and is 1 to 1 with inclusionary housing bonus.
- [4] Heights reduced on sites that are across the street from, or adjacent to, certain zones. See 33.150.210.C.

33.150.250 Ground Floor Windows in the CI2 Zone

33.150.265 Transit Street Main Entrance

The sections on this page are being amended for the following purposes:

- To assign triplexes to the same set of development standards that apply to other types of small-scale housing, consistent with proposed amendments to Chapter 33.120 and with Residential Infill Project proposals.
- Provide a corrected reference to the relevant residential main entrance standards in Chapter 33.130.
- Provide consistency with the same courtyard-oriented entrance option for multi-dwelling structures proposed for Chapters 33.120 and 33.130 (see commentary on page 32).

33.150.250 Ground Floor Windows in the CI2 Zone-

- A.- [No change]
- **B.** Ground floor window standard. The following standards apply in the CI2 zone:
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Exemptions:
 - a. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes are exempt from this Section;
 - b.-c. [No change]
- C.-E [No change]

33.150.265 Transit Street Main Entrance

- **A.-** [No change]
- B. Applicability.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes. Houses, attached houses, manufactured homes, and duplexes, and triplexes must meet the standards of 33.130.250.CB, Residential Main Entrance, instead of the requirements of this section.
- **C. Location**. For portions of a building within the maximum building setback, at least one main entrance for each nonresidential tenant space on the ground floor, and one main entrance to a multi-dwelling structure must meet the standards of this section. The ground floor is the lowest floor of the building that is within four feet of the adjacent transit street grade. The main entrance must:
 - 1.-2. [No change]
 - 3. Meet one of the following:
 - a.-b. [No change]
 - c. If it is an entrance to a multi-dwelling structure:
 - (1) Face a shared-courtyard at least 15 feet in width that is connected to abuts the transit street by a 6 foot wide pathway and that is landscaped to at least the L1 level, or hard-surfaced for use by pedestrians; and
 - (2) Be within 5060 feet of the transit street.
- **D.-E.**[No change]

33.218	Community	Design	Standard	sk
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.218 Community Design Standards

218

Sections:

General

33.218.010 Purpose

33.218.015 Procedure

Standards

33.218.100 Standards for Primary and Attached Accessory Structures in Single-Dwelling Zones

33.218.110 Standards for Primary and Attached Accessory Structures in R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 Zones

33.218.120 Standards for Detached Accessory Structures in Single-Dwelling, R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 Zones

33.218.130 Standards for Exterior Alterations of Residential Structures in Residential Zones

33.218.140 Standards for All Structures in RHRM3, RM4, RX, C, CI, and E Zones

33.218.150 Standards for All Structures in I Zones

33.218.110 Standards for Primary and Attached Accessory Structures in R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 Zones

The standards of this section apply to development of new primary and attached accessory structures in the R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 zones. The addition of an attached accessory structure to a primary structure on a site where all the uses are residential, is subject to Section 33.218.130, Standards for Exterior Alteration of Residential Structures in Residential Zones.

The standards of this section can also apply to development of new structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, C and E zones on sites where all the uses are residential. In this case, the applicant can choose to meet all the standards in this section or all the standards in Section 33.218.140, Standards for all Structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, C and E Zones.

A.-B. [No change]

- **C. Residential buffer.** Where a site zoned R1, RH,RM2, RM3, RM4, RX, C, or E abuts or is across a street from an RF through R2 zone, the following is required. Proposals in the Hollywood and Kenton plan districts, the Main Street Corridor Overlay Zone, and the Main Street Node Overlay Zone are exempt from this standard:
 - 1. On sites that abut an RF through <u>RM1R2</u> zone the following must be met:
 - a. In the portion of the site within 25 feet of the lower density residential zone, the building height limits are those of the adjacent residential zone; and
 - b. A 10 foot deep area landscaped to at least the L3 standard must be provided along any lot line that abuts the lower density residential zone.

33.218	Community	Design	Standard	sk
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

- 2. On sites across the street from an RF through RM1R2 zone the following must be met:
 - a. On the portion of the site within 15 feet of the intervening street, the height limits are those of the lower density residential zone across the street; and
 - b. If the site is across a local service street from an RF through <u>RM1R2</u> zone, a 5-foot deep area landscaped to at least the L2 standard must be provided along the property line across the local service street from the lower density residential zone. Vehicle access is not allowed through the landscaped area unless the site has frontage only on that local service street. Pedestrian and bicycle access is allowed, but may not be more than 6 feet wide.
- **D. Building height.** Except as provided in Subsection C, above, structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, and E zones may be up to 55 feet in height.
- **E.-R.** [No change]

33.218.120 Standards for Detached Accessory Structures in Single-Dwelling, R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 Zones.

The standards of this section are applicable to development of new detached accessory structures in single dwelling, R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 zones.

A.-J. [No change]

33.218.130 Standards for Exterior Alteration of Residential Structures in Single-Dwelling, R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 Zones

The standards of this section apply to exterior alterations of primary structures and both attached and detached accessory structures in residential zones. These standards apply to proposals where there will be only residential uses on the site.

The standards of this section can also apply to exterior alterations in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, C and E zones on sites where all the uses are residential. In this case, the applicant can choose to meet all the standards in this section or all the standards in Section 33.218.140, Standards for all Structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, C and E Zones.

A.-G. [No change]

33.218	Community	Design	Standard	sk
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.218.140 Standards for All Structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, C, CI, and E Zones

The standards of this section apply to development of all structures in RHRM3, RM4, RX, C, CI, and E zones. These standards also apply to exterior alterations in these zones.

Applicants for development of new structures on sites where the uses are all residential can choose to meet all the standards of this section or all the standards of Section 33.218.110. Applicants for exterior alterations on sites where the uses are all residential can choose to meet all the standards of this section or all the standards of Section 33.218.130.

A.-C. [No change]

- **D. Residential buffer.** Where a site zoned RHRM3, RM4, RX, CI, or E abuts or is across a street from an RF through R2RM1 zone, the following is required. Proposals in the Hollywood, Kenton, and Sandy Boulevard plan districts are exempt from this standard:
 - 1. On sites that abut an RF through RM1R2 zone the following must be met:
 - a. In the portion of the site within 25 feet of the lower density residential zone, the building height limits are those of the adjacent residential zone; and
 - b. A 10-foot deep area landscaped to at least the L3 standard must be provided along any lot line that abuts the lower density residential zone.
 - 2. On sites across the street from an RF through <u>RM1R2</u> zone the following must be met:
 - a. On the portion of the site within 15 feet of the intervening street, the height limits are those of the lower density residential zone across the street; and
 - b. If the site is across a local service street from an RF through RM1R2 zone, a 5-foot deep area landscaped to at least the L2 standard must be provided along the property line across the local service street from the lower density residential zone. Vehicle access is not allowed through the landscaped area unless the site has frontage only on that local service street. Pedestrian and bicycle access is allowed, but may not be more than 6 feet wide.

E. Building height.

- 1. Maximum height in RHRM3, RM4, RX, CI, C, and E zones.
 - a. Generally. Structures in the RHRM3, RM4, RX, CI, C, and E zones may be up to 55 feet in height where allowed by the base zone;
 - b. Where a site zoned RHRM3, RM4, RX or E abuts or is across a street from an RF through RM1R2 zone, the maximum height is reduced as specified in Subsection D, above;
 - c. New and replacement antennas are exempt from this standard if the antennas are located on an existing monopole, and the antennas do not project above the height of the monopole.
- 2. Minimum height. In C and E zones, primary buildings must be at least 16 feet in height.

33.218 Community Design Standards

Amendments to this page include:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names, and
- In Paragraph M, a corrected reference to the relevant ground floor window standards in Chapter 33.130.

F. [No change]

G. Vehicle areas.

- 1. Access to vehicle areas and adjacent residential zones. Access to vehicle areas must be at least 20 feet from any adjacent residential zone.
- 2. Parking lot coverage. No more than 50 percent of the site may be used for vehicle areas.
- 3. Vehicle area screening. Where vehicle areas are across a local service street from an R1, RH,RM2, RM3, RM4, or RX zone, there must be a 6 foot wide landscaped area along the street lot line that meets the L3 standard of Chapter 33.248, Landscaping and Screening. Vehicle areas across a local service street from an RF through RM1R2 zone are subject to the standards of Subsection D., Residential Buffer, above.

H.-L. [No change]

- M. Ground floor windows. Street-facing elevations must meet the Ground Floor Windows

 Sstandards of the C zone33.130.230.B, Ground floor windows. As an alternative to providing ground floor windows, proposals in E zones may provide public art if the following conditions are met:
 - 1. The area of the ground level wall that is covered by the art must be equal to the area of window that would have been required;
 - 2. The artist and the specific work or works of art must be approved by the Portland Regional Arts and Cultural Council; and
 - 3. The art must be composed of permanent materials permanently affixed to the building. Acceptable permanent materials include metal, glass, stone and fired ceramics.

N.-Q. [No change]

	33.229 Elde	erly and	Disabled	High	Density	/ Housing
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.229 Elderly and Disabled High Density Housing

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33.229.010 Purpose

These regulations provide opportunities to integrate housing for elderly and disabled citizens with other types of housing, and to increase the ability of the elderly and disabled to live independently and close to where services are generally available. The regulations allow increased density with special design and development standards in <u>RM1R3</u> through <u>RM4RH</u>, C, IR, and EX zones. The regulations are intended only for new developments and projects that involve major remodeling.

33.229.020 Density Increase and Development Standards

- **A.** RM1, RM2,R3, R2, R1, and IR zones. In the RM1, RM2,R3, R2, R1, and IR zones, there is no limit on density if all of the following are met:
 - 1. The project complies with the development standards of the base zone, except for density and minimum parking requirements;
 - 2. The project complies with the standards of this chapter; and
 - 3. The lot is at least 10,000 square feet in area.
- **B.** RM3, RM4,RH and EX zones. In the RM3, RM4,RH and EX zones, the project can develop to an FAR of 4 to 1 if all of the following are met:
 - 1. The project complies with the development standards of the base zone, except for density and minimum parking requirements;
 - 2. The project complies with the standards of this chapter; and
 - 3. The lot is at least 10,000 square feet in area.
- **C.** [No change]

33.239 Group Living

Amendments to this page are for the following purposes:

- 1. Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- 2. In paragraph C, elimination of the RH (new RM3 and RM4) zone from the exemption from outdoor area requirements, in correspondence with the application of outdoor area requirements to these zones in Chapter 33.120 (see page 113 in Volume 2).
- 3. In paragraph C, the minimum combined outdoor area dimension is being changed to 20 feet. This brings consistency with the new minimum common area dimension in Chapter 33.120 (see page 115 in Volume 2). The minimum 20-foot dimension helps ensure that common outdoor areas are of usable size. The 15-foot minimum dimension had sometimes resulted in corridors of 5-foot wide walkways flanked on each side by 5 feet of landscaping, rather than providing for courtyards or other types of usable outdoor space.

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33.239.030 Development Standards

The development standards of the base zone, overlay zone or plan district apply unless superseded by the standards below.

A. Resident Density.

- 1.-2. [No change]
- 3. Density standard. Group Living uses are limited to the following number of residents per square foot of site area:

Zone	Number of Residents
RF through R5 zones	1.5 residents per 1,000 square feet
R3 and R2.5 zone s	2 residents per 1,000 square feet
RM1 R2 zone	2.5 residents per 1,000 square feet
RM2R1 zone	3 residents per 1,000 square feet
RM3, RM4, RH, RX, IR, CI2, C, and	Not limited (must comply with the building or
E zones	housing code, and the FAR of the base zone)

- B. [No change]
- **C. Required outdoor area.** The requirement for outdoor areas applies in all residential zones except RH and RX. Larger areas may be required as part of a conditional use review. The outdoor area requirement is 48 square feet for every 3 residents, with a minimum dimension of 6 feet by 6 feet. Individual outdoor areas may be combined. The minimum size of a combined area is 500 square feet and must measure at least 20 feet in all directions the minimum dimension is 15 by 15 feet.
- **D.** [No change]

33.251 Manufactured Homes and Mo	Nanufactured Dwelling F	³arks
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.251 Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Dwelling Parks

251

33.251.030 Manufactured Dwelling Park Regulations

A.-B.[No change]

C. Zones allowed. Manufactured dwelling parks are allowed only in the <u>RM1 zone.R3 and R2 zones.</u> An exception is Historic Districts and Conservation Districts, where they are prohibited.

D.-I. [No change]

- J. Nonconforming manufactured dwelling parks. Existing manufactured dwelling parks may be subject to the regulations of Chapter 33.258, Nonconforming Uses and Development. Listed below are situations where the manufactured dwelling park is given nonconforming status.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Existing manufactured dwelling parks in RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5, RM2, RM3, RM4R1, RH, RX, C, and IR zones are nonconforming developments, because residential uses are allowed but manufactured dwelling parks are not an allowed type of development.
 - 3. [No change]
 - 4. Existing manufactured dwelling parks in the <u>RM1 zoneR2 and R3 zones</u> may have nonconforming densities and/or development depending on individual situations.

33.270 Planned Development

A new paragraph J is being added to the listing on this page to reflect the addition in Chapter 33.120 of an option for proposals that do not meet the Minimum Required Site Frontage for Development standard, which calls for a minimum street frontage of 90 feet in mapped locations in Eastern Portland, to be approved through Planned Development Review (see page 51 in Volume 1).

Other amendments on this page relate to the new multi-dwelling zone names, and in paragraph K, shifting the lower-scale multi-dwelling zones from the subparagraph for zones regulated by unit density to the subparagraph for zones regulated by floor area.

33.270 Planned Development

270

33.270.100 Additional Allowed Uses and Development

In addition to the housing types and uses allowed by other chapters of this Title, the following uses and development may be requested through Planned Development Review. More than one of these elements may be requested:

- A. Attached houses. Attached houses may be requested in the RF through R5 zones;
- **B. Duplexes.** Duplexes may be requested in the RF through R2.5 zones;
- **C.** Attached duplexes. Attached duplexes may be requested in the RF through R2.5 zones;
- D. Multi-dwelling structures. Multi-dwelling structures may be requested in the RF through R2.5 zones;
- **E. Multi-dwelling development.** Proposals to allow multi-dwelling development on a lot may be requested in RF through R2.5 zones;
- **F. Modification of site-related development standards.** Modification of site-related development standards that are not prohibited from being adjusted may be requested through a Planned Development.
- **G.** Alternative residential dimensions. Proposals for lots that do not meet the minimum lot area, minimum lot depth, or minimum front lot line standards may be requested in RF through R2.5 zones. Proposals for lots that do not meet the minimum lot size dimensions may be requested in the RHRM4 through RM1R3 zones.
- **H. Commercial uses.** Commercial uses that are allowed in the CM1 zone may be requested in the RF through RM2R1 zones;
- I. Additional height and FAR. For sites in the CM2, CM3, CE, and CX zones outside of the Central City and Gateway plan districts that are greater than 2 acres in size, additional height and FAR may be requested through a Planned Development as specified in 33.130.212.E, Planned Development Bonus, and Table 130-3;
- J. New dwelling units. New dwelling units may be requested on lots that are zoned multidwelling and are less than 90 feet wide;
- **KJ.** Transfer of development within a site. Transfer of development rights across zoning lines within the site may be proposed as follows:
 - RF through R2.5R1 zones. If the site is located in more than one zone, and all the zones are
 RF through R1, the total number of units allowed on the site is calculated by adding up the
 number of units allowed by each zone. The dwelling units may be placed without regard to
 zone boundaries.
 - 2. RH and RM1 through RX zones. If the site is located in more than one zone, and the zones are RH and RM1 through RX, the total amount of floor area allowed on the site is calculated by adding up the amount of floor area allowed by each zone. The floor area may be placed without regard to zone boundaries.

33.270 Planned Development

Amendments to this page reflect the shift in regulating development intensity in the RM1 (former R3 and R2) and RM2 (former R1) zones from unit density to FAR. The references to the range of zones that regulate in terms of numbers of dwelling units is being amended to end at the R2.5 zone to reflect this change.

- 3. C, E, I, CI, and IR zones. If the site is located in more than one zone, and all the zones are C, E, I, CI, and IR zones, the total amount of floor area allowed on the site is calculated by adding up the amount of floor area allowed by each zone. The floor area may be placed without regard to zone boundaries.
- 4. All zones. If the site is located in more than one zone, and at least one of the zones is RF through R2.5R1, and at least one of the zones is RH,RM1 through RX, C, or EX, then the total number of dwelling units allowed on the site is calculated as follows:
 - a. The number of units allowed on the RF through R2.5R1 portion of the site is calculated in terms of dwelling units;
 - The number of units allowed on the other portion of the site is calculated in terms of floor area; The floor area calculation is converted to dwelling units at the rate of 1 dwelling unit per 1,000 square feet of floor area;
 - c. The two dwelling unit numbers are added together, and may be placed without regard to zone boundaries.
- **LK.** Transfer of development between sites. Sites that are eligible to transfer development rights to another site are designated in other chapters of this Title. Where such transfers occur, both the sending and receiving sites must be part of a Planned Development.

33.2	85	Short	Term	Housing	and	Mass	Shelters
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.285 Short Term Housing and Mass Shelters

285

33.285.040 Use Regulations

A. Short term housing.

- R and IR zones. New short term housing, an expansion of net building area, or an increase in the number of occupants in existing short term housing in R and IR zones is subject to the following regulations:
 - a. Allowed use. New short term housing and alterations to existing short term housing is allowed if it meets one of the following:
 - (1) Short term housing for up to 15 beds is an allowed use in the RM1R3 RX and IR zones if it is provided on the site of an existing Institutional Use and meets the standards of 33.285.050.
 - (2) [No change]
 - b. [No change]
- RM1, RM2,R3 through R1 and IR zones. Applicants for a new mass shelter or expansion of net building area or increase in the number of occupants in an existing mass shelter in RM1, RM2R3 through R1 and IR zones may choose to be an allowed use or a conditional use, as stated below.
 - a.-b. [No change]
- 3. RM3, RM4,RH and RX zones. Applicants for a new mass shelter or expansion of net building area or increase in the number of occupants in an existing mass shelter in RM3, RM4,RH and RX zones may choose to be an allowed use or a conditional use, as stated below.
 - a.-b. [No change]
- 4.-7. [No change]

33.2	85	Short	Term	Housing	and	Mass	Shelters
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Amendments to Table 285-1 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Table 285-1 Maximum Number of Shelter Beds for Mass Shelters						
Zone of Site	Maximum Number of Shelter Beds					
EX, CX, CM3, and CE	200					
CM2 and CI2	75					
CR, CM1, and Cl1	25					
RX, RM3, and RM4 and RH	50					
RM1, RM2R3-R1, IR [1]	15					

Notes:

^[1] The mass shelter must be operated on the site of an existing Institutional Use.

33.29	6 Te	mporary	/ Act	ivities
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.296.030 Temporary Activities Allowed

- **A. Residential sales offices.** Sales offices for major subdivisions or planned unit developments are allowed in the IR, CI2, and RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones. Sales offices are allowed at the development site until all lots or houses are sold or for 10 years after the final plat is approved, whichever is less. Use of the sales office for sites outside of the project is prohibited.
- **B. Show of model homes.** The viewing of model homes within a subdivision for a fee is allowed in the IR, CI2, and RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones for a period not to exceed one month. Only one showing is allowed per phase of a subdivision.
- **C. Incidental Sales.** Incidental sales of items are allowed based on the zone in which the site is located:
 - Garage sales. Garage sales and other sales of items from the site may occur in the IR, CI1, and RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones for no more than 3 consecutive days on 2 different occasions during a calendar year. The sale of products brought to the site for the sale is not allowed.
 - 2.-3. [No change]
 - 4. Seasonal outdoor sales.
 - a. [No change]
 - b. In the IR, CI1, and RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones, <u>Sseasonal</u> outdoor sales of plants and produce are allowed twice a year for up to 5 consecutive weeks each time.
- **D. Farmers Markets.** Farmers Markets are allowed on a site with an institutional use, and on sites in the IR, RM2, RM3, RM4R1, RH, RX, C, E, I, CI, and OS zones as follows:
 - 1.-4. [No change]
- E. Fairs, carnivals, and other major public gatherings.
 - In the CI1 and RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones, fairs, carnivals and other major public gatherings are allowed for up to 9 consecutive days at a site with an existing institutional use. The 9 days does not include up to 5 total days to set up and breakdown the event. Two events are allowed per calendar year.
 - 2.-4. [No change]

33.2	296	Temporary	Activities
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

F. Construction activities

- 1. Use of existing house or manufactured dwelling. In the IR, CI1, and RF through RM4RH zones, an existing house or a manufactured dwelling may be used temporarily for a residence while a permanent residence is being constructed. The existing house or manufactured dwelling may remain on the site until the completion of the construction, or for not more than 2 years, whichever time period is less. The existing house or manufactured dwelling must be removed within 1 month after approval of final occupancy for the new residence. A performance bond or other surety must be posted in conformance with 33.700.050, Performance Guarantees, to ensure removal of the existing house or manufactured dwelling.
- 2.-4. [No change]
- G.-I. [No change]

33.420 Design Overlay Zone

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.420 Design Overlay Zone

420

33.420.041 When Design Review is Required

Unless exempted by Section 33.420.045, Exempt From Design Review, design review is required for the following:

- A.-G [No change]
- **H.** Proposals using one of the provisions of the a, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone, specified in Sections 33.405.040 through .080;
- Proposals in the Albina Community plan district using the provisions of Section 33.505.220, Parking Requirement Reduction, or Section 33.505.230, Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5-Zoned Areas;
- HJ. Floating structures, except individual houseboats; and
- **IK.** In the Marquam Hill plan district, proposals to develop or improve formal open area required by Chapter 33.555. This includes designating existing open areas as formal open areas.

33.420.045 Exempt From Design Review

The following items are exempt from design review:

- A.-B.[No change]
- **D.** Alterations to residential structures in RF through RM2R1 zones, where the alterations are valued at \$10,000 or less;
- E.-CC. [No change]

33.420.055 When Community Design Standards May Be Used

33.420.060 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.420.055 When Community Design Standards May Be Used

The Community Design Standards provide an alternative process to design review for some proposals. For some proposals, the applicant may choose to go through the design review process set out in Chapter 33.825, Design Review, or to meet the objective standards of Chapter 33.218, Community Design Standards. The standards for signs are stated in Title 32, Signs and related Regulations. Proposals that do not meet the Community Design Standards — or where the applicant prefers more flexibility — must go through the design review process.

Unless excluded by 33.420.060, When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used, below, proposals that are within the maximum limits of Table 420-1 meet all of the requirements of this section may use the Community Design Standards as an alternative to design review.

A. Location. The proposal is in:

- 1. A Design Overlay Zone;
- 2. The Albina Community plan district shown on Map 505-1; or
- An Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone and a Design Overlay Zone, and the proposal is not taking advantage of the provisions of Chapter 33.405, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone. Proposals taking advantage of the provisions of Chapter 33.405 are regulated by Section 33.405.090.
- B. Maximum limits. The proposal is within the maximum limits of Table 420-1.

Table 420-1						
Maximum Limits for Use of the Community Design Standards [1]						
Zones Maximum Limit—New Floor Area						
<u>RM2, RM3, RM4R1, RH</u> , RX,	20,000 sq. ft. of floor area					
C, E, & CI Zones						
I Zones	40,000 sq. ft. of floor area					
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan.					
Zones	Maximum Limit—Exterior Alterations					
All except IR	• For street facing facades less than 3,000 square feet, alterations affecting less than 1,500 square feet of the façade.					
	For street facing facades 3,000 square feet and larger, alterations					
	affecting less than 50% of the facade area.					
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan.					

Notes

[1] There are no maximum limits for proposals where any of the floor area is in residential use.

33.420.060 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used

The Community Design Standards may not be used as an alternative to design review as follows:

- **A.-E.** [No change]
- **F.** For non-residential development in the RF through RM2R1 zones;
- **G.-J.** [No change]

33.445 Historic Resource Overlay Zone

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).

33.445.140 Alterations to a Historic Landmark

Alterations to a Historic Landmark require historic resource review to ensure the landmark's historic value is considered prior to or during the development process.

- **A.** When historic resource review for a Historic Landmark is required. Unless exempted by Subsection B, below, the following proposals are subject to historic resource review. Some modifications to site-related development standards may be reviewed as part of the historic resource review process; see Section 33.445.050:
 - 1.-2. [No change]
 - 3. Installation or alteration of exterior signs; and
 - 4. Alteration of an interior space when that interior space is designated as a Historic Landmark.
 - 5. Proposals using any of the provisions of the a, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone, specified in Sections 33.405.040 through .080; and
 - 6. Proposals in the Albina Community plan district using the provisions of Section 33.505.220, Parking Requirement Reduction, or Section 33.505.230, Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5-Zoned Areas.
- **B.** [No change]

33.445.230 Alterations to a Conservation Landmark

Alterations to Conservation Landmarks require historic resource review to ensure the landmark's historic value is considered prior to or during the development process.

- **A.** When historic resource review for a Conservation Landmark is required. Unless exempted by Subsection B, below, the following proposals are subject to historic resource review. Some may be eligible to use the Community Design Standards as an alternative; see Section 33.445.710:
 - 1.-2. [No change]
 - 3. Installation or alteration of exterior signs; and
 - 4. Alteration of an interior space when that interior space is designated as a Conservation Landmark.
 - 5. Proposals using one of the provisions of the a, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone, specified in Sections 33.405.040 through .080; and
 - 6. Proposals in the Albina Community plan district using the provisions of Section 33.505.220, Parking Requirement Reduction, or Section 33.505.230, Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5-Zoned Areas.
- **B.** [No change]

33.445.320 Development and Alterations in a Historic District

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.445.320 Development and Alterations in a Historic District

Building a new structure or altering an existing structure in a Historic District requires historic resource review to ensure the resource's historic value is considered prior to or during the development process.

- **A.** When historic resource review is required in a Historic District. Unless exempted by Subsection B, below, the following proposals in a Historic District are subject to historic resource review:
 - 1.-2. [No change]
 - 3. Installation or alteration of exterior signs; and
 - 4. Nonstandard improvements in the public right-of-way, such as street lights, street furniture, planters, public art, sidewalk and street paving materials, and landscaping. Nonstandard improvements in the public right-of-way must receive approval from the City Engineer prior to applying for historic resource review;
 - 5. Proposals using one of the provisions of the a, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone, specified in Sections 33.405.040 through .080; and
 - 6. Proposals in the Albina Community plan district using the provisions of Section 33.505.220, Parking Requirement Reduction, or Section 33.505.230, Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5-Zoned Areas.
- B. Exempt from historic resource review.
 - 1.-9. [No change]
 - 10. Vents. On all residential structures in the RF through RM2R1 zones and residential structures with up to three dwelling units in other zones, vents that meet all of the following:
 - a.-b. [No change]
 - 11.-22.[No change]

33.445.420 Development and Alterations in a Conservation District

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.445.420 Development and Alterations in a Conservation District

Building a new structure or altering an existing structure in a Conservation District requires historic resource review to ensure the resource's historic value is considered prior to or during the development process.

- **A.** When historic resource review is required in a Conservation District. Unless exempted by Subsection B., below, the following proposals in a Conservation District are subject to historic resource review. Some may be eligible to use the Community Design Standards as an alternative; see Section 33.445.710:
 - 1.-2 [No change]
 - 3. Installation or alteration of exterior signs; and
 - 4. Nonstandard improvements in the public right-of-way, such as street lights, street furniture, planters, public art, sidewalk and street paving materials, and landscaping. Nonstandard improvements in the public right-of-way must receive approval from the City Engineer prior to applying for historic resource review;
 - 5. Proposals using one of the provisions of the a, Alternative Design Density Overlay Zone, specified in Sections 33.405.040 through .080; and
 - 6. Proposals in the Albina Community plan district using the provisions of Section 33.505.220, Parking Requirement Reduction, or Section 33.505.230, Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5-Zoned Areas.
- B. Exempt from historic resource review.
 - 1.-9. [No change]
 - 10. Vents. On all residential structures in the RF through RM2R1 zones and residential structures with up to three dwelling units in other zones, vents that meet all of the following:
 - a.-b. [No change]
 - 11.-22.[No change]

33.445.610 Historic Preservation Incentives

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Updated reference to Chapter 33.120 transfer of FAR regulations.
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.445.610 Historic Preservation Incentives

- A.-B.[No change]
- **C. Incentives.** The following incentives are allowed if the requirements of Subsection D, Covenant, are met. The incentives are:
 - Transfer of density and floor area ratio (FAR). Transfer of density from a landmark to another location is allowed in multi-dwelling, commercial/mixed use, and employment zones. In multi-dwelling zones, the transfer is regulated by Subsection 33.120.205.E210.D, Transfer of DensityFAR. In commercial and employment zones, the transfer of FAR is regulated by Subsections 33.130.205.C and 33.140.205.C.
 - 2-7. [No change]
 - 8. Nonresidential uses in the <u>RM1</u>, <u>RM2</u>, <u>RM3</u> and <u>RM4</u>RH, <u>R1</u> and <u>R2</u> zones. In the <u>RM1</u>, <u>RM2</u>, <u>RM3</u> and <u>RM4</u>RH, <u>R1</u> and <u>R2</u> zones, up to 100 percent of the net building area of a structure may be approved for Retail Sales And Service, Office, or Manufacturing And Production as follows:
 - a.-b. [No change]
 - 9. [No change]
- **D.** [No change]

33.445.710 When Community Design Standards May Be Used

33.445.720 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Discontinuation of the a-overlay zone provisions that provided options for additional density for projects approved through design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).
- Discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).
- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.445.710 When Community Design Standards May Be Used-

Unless excluded by Section 33.445.720, When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used, proposals that meet all of the requirements of this section may use the Community Design Standards as an alternative to historic resource review.

- **A. Location.** The proposal is:
 - 1. A Conservation Landmark located outside of the Central City plan district; or
 - 2. In a Conservation District; or.
 - 3. In the Albina Community plan district shown on Map 505-1.
- **B.** Maximum limits. The proposal is within the maximum limits of Table 445-1.

Table 445-1						
Maximum	Limits for Use of the Community Design Standards					
Zones	Maximum Limit—New Dwelling Units or Floor Area					
Single Dwelling Zones	5 dwelling units					
RM1 ZoneR2 & R3 Zones	10 dwelling units					
RM2, RM3, RM4R1, RH, RX,	20,000 sq. ft. of floor area					
C, E, & CI Zones						
I Zones	40,000 sq. ft. of floor area					
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan.					
Zones	Maximum Limit—Exterior Alterations					
All except IR	• For street facing facades less than 3,000 square feet, alterations affecting					
	less than 1,500 square feet of the facade.					
	For street facing facades 3,000 square feet and larger, alterations					
	affecting less than 50% of the facade area.					
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan.					

33.445.720 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used-

The Community Design Standards may not be used as an alternative to historic resource review as follows:

- A.-B.[No change]
- C. For mixed-use or non-residential development in the RF through RM2R1 zones;
- **D.** If the site is in a Historic District or the proposal is for alteration to a Historic Landmark; and
- E. If the proposal uses Section 33.405.050, Bonus Density for Design Review; and
- **F.** For installation of solar panels on a conservation landmark.

33.470 Portland International Airport Noise Impact Zoi	33.4	470	Portland	International	Airport	Noise	Impact	Zon
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.470 Portland International Airport Noise Impact Zone

470

33.470.040 Regulations for Residential Uses

- A.-C.[No change]
- D. Residential use and density.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Within the 65 DNL noise contour. Where a site is within the 65 DNL noise contour, it is subject to the following:
 - a. [No change]
 - b. Except as provided in paragraph D.3, sites that have a commercial Comprehensive Plan Map designation are prohibited from developing to a residential density higher than that of the RM2R1 zone.
 - 3. [No change]

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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

480

33.480.040 Development Standards

The development standards of the Scenic Resource zone apply based on the mapping designations shown in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*. The standards for each subsection below apply only to areas with that designation in the Plan. The resource is defined as the width of the right-of-way or top of bank to top of bank for scenic corridors. Setbacks are measured from the outer boundary of the right-of-way unless specified otherwise in the ESEE Analysis and as shown on the Official Zoning Maps. In some cases, more than one development standard applies. For example, within a scenic corridor, a view corridor standard will apply where a specific view has been identified for protection.

- A. [No change]
- **B. Scenic Corridors.** All development and vegetation with a scenic corridor designation in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan* are subject to the regulations of this Subsection.
 - 1. [No change]
 - 2. Standards.
 - a. Scenic Corridor Setback. A scenic corridor setback per Table 480-1 applies along street lot lines that abut the Scenic Corridor identified in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*.

Table 480-1					
Scenic Corridor Setback [1]					
Zone	Minimum Setback from Street Lot Line				
IR, CI	1' per 2' of building height, not less than 10'				
RM2R1	3'				
EG1, IH	5'				
EG2, IG2	25'				
All other base zones	20'				

Notes:

[1] Larger minimum setbacks in overlay zone and plan district supersede this setback

b.-h. [No change]

500s - Plan Districts

Amendments to this page reflect the proposed discontinuation of the Albina Community plan district, whose provisions served as a model for regulatory approaches that are proposed to be applied citywide (see pages 96-105 of this volume).

500s

Plan Districts

33.500 Plan Districts in General
33.505 Albina Community Plan District
33.508 Cascade Station/Portland International Center (CS/PIC) Plan District
33.510 Central City Plan District
33.515 Columbia South Shore Plan District
33.520 Division Street Plan District
33.521 East Corridor Plan District
33.526 Gateway Plan District
33.530 Glendoveer Plan District
33.531 Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan District
33.532 Hayden Island Plan District
33.533 Healy Heights Plan District
33.534 Hillsdale Plan District
33.536 Hollywood Plan District
33.537 Johnson Creek Basin Plan District
33.538 Kenton Plan District
33.540 Laurelhurst-Eastmoreland Plan District
33.545 Lombard Street Plan District
33.550 Macadam Plan District
33.555 Marquam Hill Plan District
33.560 North Cully Plan District
33.561 North Interstate Plan District
33.562 Northwest Plan District
33.563 Northwest Hills Plan District
33.564 Pleasant Valley Plan District

[No change to rest of 500s content sheet]

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No change to this page.

- 33.565 Portland International Airport Plan District
- 33.566 Portland International Raceway Plan District
- 33.567 Powell Boulevard Plan District
- 33.570 Rocky Butte Plan District
- 33.575 Sandy Boulevard Plan District
- 33.580 South Auditorium Plan District
- 33.583 St. Johns Plan District
- 33.585 Swan Island Plan District

A list of symbols that appear on the Official Zoning Maps and their corresponding Zoning Code chapters is contained in the front of the Zoning Code, following the Table of Contents, under "Index of Symbols on the Official Zoning Maps".

33.505 Albina Community Plan District

The Albina Community plan district includes pioneering implementation approaches, such as allowances for ground-floor commercial uses in the RH zone along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and allowances for no off-street parking on small sites, that served as models for regulatory approaches now proposed to be applied citywide as part of the Better Housing by Design Proposed Draft amendments. Because the proposed citywide application of these approaches now makes the Albina Community plan district regulations redundant, they are proposed to be discontinued. The Albina Community Plan and its adopted policies, however, will remain as a City policy document.

The following summarizes the provisions of the Albina Community plan district and why they are proposed to be discontinued.

- Allowances for limited amounts of ground-floor commercial uses in the RH zone along
 Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard (33.505.100). The BHD Proposed Draft proposes to allow
 limited amounts of ground-floor commercial uses in multi-dwelling zone along major corridors
 citywide, including along NE Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard (see pages 30-32 of Volume 2).
- Minimum density standard for RH zoning abutting Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard (33.505.200). This regulation allows for a minimum density that is lower than the base zone regulations for the RH zone. Along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard, this plan district regulation allows for a minimum density of 1 unit per 2,000 square feet of site area, which is a townhouse density that is the same as is allowed in the low-scale R2 zone. This low-level of density has not been used by new development along this corridor within the plan district over the past 10 years, and newer residential development has typically consisted of multi-level multi-dwelling buildings that reflect the intended development intensities of the RH zone. Discontinuing this plan district regulation would mean that development would need to meet the minimum density requirements of the RM3/RM4 (former RH) zones, which is 1 unit per 1,000 square feet of site area, which sets a higher expectation for housing density that reflects this boulevard's status as a Civic Corridor that is intended to be the location for larger buildings and concentrations of housing.
- Reduced minimum parking requirements (33.505.220). The plan district allows for small sites (up to 7,500 square feet) in the R2.5, R2, and R1 zones to not provide off-street parking, in exchange for going through design review or meeting the community design standards. This would be replaced by proposed multi-dwelling zone regulations which will exempt projects from needing to provide off-street parking on small sites (up to 7,500 see pages 190-191 in Volume 2). Also, the Residential Infill Project is proposing parking exemptions for narrow lots in the R2.5 and other single-dwelling zones.
- Allowances for attached residential infill on vacant lots in the R5 zone (33.505.230). The Residential Infill Project Proposed Draft is proposing to eliminate this provision, since it is proposing flexibility for additional housing options in the R5 and other single-dwelling zones in the plan district area.

Sections:

General

33.505.010 Purpose

33.505.020 Where These Regulations Apply

Use Regulations

33.505.100 Commercial Uses in the RH Zone

Development Standards

33.505.200 Minimum Density Standards

33.505.220 Parking Requirement Reduction

33.505.230 Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5 Zoned Areas

33.505.240 Design Review and Community Design Standards

33.505.245 When Community Design Standards May Be Used

33.505.248 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used

Map 505-1 Albina Community Plan District

General

33.505.010 Purpose

The Albina Community plan district implements the Albina Community Plan. The plan district's provisions are intended to ensure that new higher density commercial and industrial developments do not overwhelm nearby residential areas. Infill housing compatibility and affordability is encouraged by eliminating off-street parking requirements for small multi-dwelling housing projects. The plan district's provisions also encourage the development of new housing along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard by allowing new housing projects to include ground level commercial uses that orient to King Boulevard.

33.505.020 Where These Regulations Apply

The regulations of this chapter apply to the Albina Community plan district. The boundaries of the plan district are shown on Map 505-1 at the end of this chapter, and on the Official Zoning Maps.

Use Regulations

33.505.100 Commercial Uses in the RH Zone

A. Purpose. A limited amount and type of commercial uses are allowed in new mixed commercial/residential projects along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard. These uses are permitted in recognition of the Boulevard's designation as a Major City Traffic Street in the Transportation Element of the Comprehensive Plan, high traffic counts on King Boulevard, and the City's desire to encourage residential development by permitting some commercial space as part of new residential projects.

33.505 Albina Community Plan Distr	33	505 Albino	Community	Plan	Distric
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See previous commentary.

- B. Locations and uses permitted. RH zoned sites located on blocks that abut Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard may include Retail Sales and Service and Office uses as part of new residential developments. Other commercial uses are prohibited.
- **C.** Regulations for commercial uses. Commercial development in new mixed commercial/residential projects is allowed when the following standards are met:
 - 1. The project must include the development of new housing. The floor area for the commercial uses is not required to be in a new building;
 - 2. Commercial uses are allowed only on the ground floor of a building;
 - 3. Up to 35 percent of the total building's floor area may be developed for commercial uses.

 More than 35 percent is prohibited;
 - 4. Access to parking for mixed commercial/residential development is limited as follows:
 - a. Access must be from an arterial; or
 - b. Access must be from a Local Service Traffic Street which is within 150 feet of the intersection with a street designated as an arterial; and
 - 5. Signs. The sign standards are stated in Title 32, Signs and Related Regulations.

Development Standards

33.505.200 Minimum Density Standards

The minimum density for RH and RX zoned sites on blocks that abut Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard is one dwelling unit for each 2,000 square feet of site area.

33.505.220 Parking Requirement Reduction

- A. Purpose. The reduction of parking requirements is offered to allow development that is more compatible with Albina's older neighborhoods than projects built with one or more parking spaces. New housing developed without parking will also cost less than comparable housing built with off-street parking. Reducing the cost of housing will help increase affordable housing within the plan district. Performance of these provisions and any problems associated with them will be reviewed when this plan district is reviewed for timeliness.
- **B.** Where these regulations apply. The provisions of this section apply in areas zoned R2.5, R2 and R1 that are more than 1500 feet from a transit station, or more than 500 feet from a transit street with 20 minute peak hour service.
- **C.** Regulations. New residential developments may be built without off-street parking when the following requirements are met:
 - 1. The lot on which the project is built must be 7,500 square feet or smaller in size;
 - 2. There will be no more than 5 dwelling units on the lot when the project is complete;

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See previous commentary.

- 3. If there are existing dwelling units on the site with parking the parking provided for the existing dwellings must not be reduced to less than one space per dwelling unit or the existing number of spaces, whichever is less; and
- 4. Design review required.
 - Generally. Proposals taking advantage of the provisions of this section must be approved through design review or meet the Community Design Standards in Chapter 33.218, as set out in Section 33.505.240, Design Review and Community Design Standards, below; and
 - b. Exception. If the site is a Historic or Conservation Landmark, or in a Historic or Conservation District, it is subject to the regulations for historic resource review as set out in Chapter 33.445, Historic Resource Overlay Zone.

33.505.230 Attached Residential Infill on Vacant Lots in R5 Zoned Areas

- A. Purpose. The increased density permitted by this section encourages infill development in areas that are generally well served by existing public services. The increase allows the area to absorb additional growth without creating market pressure that might lead to the early removal of existing sound housing. The increased density will lower the cost of housing while increasing opportunities for owner-occupied housing. Required design review of new development ensures that the new housing will make a positive contribution to the neighborhood's character.
- **B.** Attached residential infill. Attached residential development is allowed if all of the following are met. Adjustments to Subparagraphs B.1 through B.4, below, are prohibited:
 - 1. The proposed attached residential development will be on a lot or lot of record that was created at least five years ago;
 - There has not been a dwelling unit on the lot or lot of record for at least five years;
 - 3. A land division creating an individual lot for each attached housing unit is recorded;
 - 4. The proposed attached residential development meets all development standards for attached residential development in the R2.5 zone; and
 - 5. Design review required:
 - Generally. Attached residential development must be approved through design review or meet the Community Design Standards in Chapter 33.218, as set out in Section 33.505.240, Design Review and Community Design Standards, below; and
 - b. Exception. If the site is a Historic or Conservation Landmark, or in a Historic or Conservation District, it is subject to the regulations for historic resource review as set out in Chapter 33.445, Historic Resource Overlay Zone.

33.505 Albina Community Plan District

These sections related to design review and the use of the Community Design Standards are proposed to be discontinued, along with the other plan district regulations. However, development in the area located in the design ("d") overlay zone will continue to have the options of using design review or the Community Design Standards.

Chapter 33.420 (Design Overlay Zone) includes the same thresholds for when the Community Design Standards may or may not be used as exist in the plan district regulations (see page 77).

Chapter 33.445 (Historic Resource Overlay Zone) states when development in the Conservation Districts located in the plan district area may use the Community Design Standards (see page 87).

33.505.240 Design Review and Community Design Standards

Design Review ensures that development conserves and enhances the recognized special design values of a site or area, and promotes the conservation, enhancement, and continued vitality of special areas of the City. The Community Design Standards in Chapter 33.218 provide an alternative process to design review for some proposals. Where a proposal is eligible to use the Community Design Standards, the applicant may choose to go through the discretionary design review process set out in Chapter 33.825, Design Review, or to meet the objective standards of this chapter. If the proposal meets the Community Design Standards, no design review is required.

33.505.245 When Community Design Standards May Be Used

The Community Design Standards provide an alternative process to design review for some proposals. For some proposals, the applicant may choose to go through the design review process set out in Chapter 33.825, Design Review, or to meet the objective standards of Chapter 33.218, Community Design Standards. Proposals that do not meet the Community Design Standards—or where the applicant prefers more flexibility—must go through the Design Review process.

Unless excluded by 33.505.248, When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used, below, proposals that are within the limits of Table 505-1 may use the Community Design Standards as an alternative to design review.

Table 505-1			
Maximum Limits for Use of the Community Design Standards [1]			
Zones	Maximum Limit—New Floor Area		
R1, RH, RX, C, & E Zones	20,000 sq. ft. of floor area		
I Zones	40,000 sq. ft. of floor area		
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan.		
Zones	Maximum Limit—Exterior Alterations		
All except IR	• For street facing facades less than 3,000 square feet, alterations affecting		
less than 1,500 square feet of the facade.			
	• For street facing facades 3,000 square feet and larger, alterations		
	affecting less than 50% of the facade area.		
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan.		

Notes:

[1] There are no maximum limits for proposals where any of the floor area is in residential use.

33.505.248 When Community Design Standards May Not Be Used

The Community Design Standards may not be used as an alternative to design review as follows:

- A. For institutional uses in residential zones, unless specifically allowed by an approved Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan;
- **B.** For alterations to sites where there is a nonconforming use, unless the nonconforming use is a residential use;
- C. For non-residential development in the RF through R1 zones; and
- **P.** For historic resources, unless allowed by Chapter 33.445, Historic Resource Protection Overlay Zone.

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See previous commentary.

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

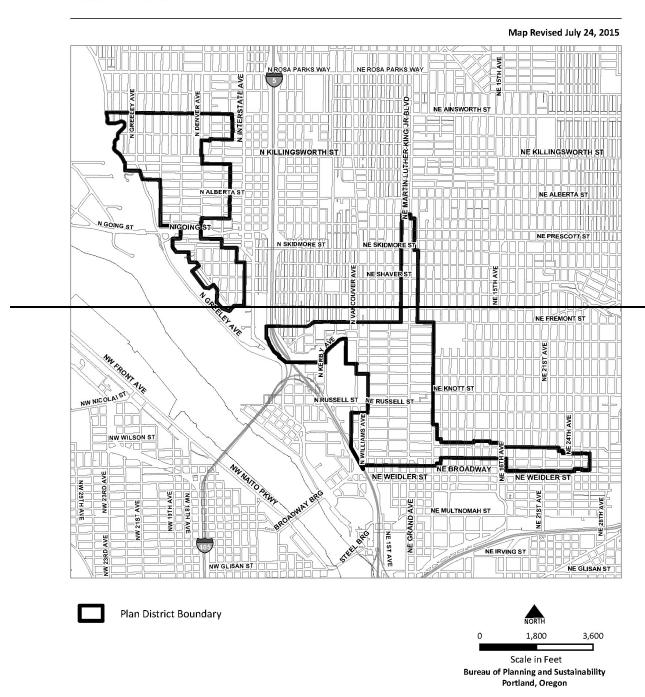
(Added by Ord. No. 167054, effective 10/25/93. Amended by: Ord. No. 167650, effective 6/10/94; Ord. No. 170916, effective 2/19/97; Ord. No. 171589, effective 11/1/97; Ord. No. 175204, effective 3/1/01; Ord. No. 175837, effective 9/7/01; Ord. No. 177028, effective 12/14/02; Ord. No. 182072, effective 8/22/08; Ord. No. 182429, effective 1/16/09; Ord. No. 185915, effective 5/1/13; Ord. No. 187216, effective 7/24/15; Ord. No. 188177, effective 5/24/18; Ord. No. ..., effective 5/24/18.)

33.505 Albina C	ommunity Plan	District
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See previous commentary.

Albina Community Plan District

Map 505-1



33.521 East Corridor Plan District

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- Clarification to the Entrances section that requirements that each ground-floor tenant space have a street-oriented entrance applies only to nonresidential tenant spaces, such as commercial uses, and not to ground-floor residential units (which can be served by a lobby or other shared entrance). This language was previously added to other zoning code chapters (such as those related to transit street main entrances) to provide this clarification.

33.521 East Corridor Plan District

521

33.521.250 Entrances

- A. [No change]
- **B.** Where these regulations apply. In the RH, R1RM2, RM3, RM4, and C zones, buildings must meet the standards of Subsection C., below.
- **C. Entrances.** For portions of a building within the maximum building setback, at least one main entrance for each <u>nonresidential</u> tenant space on the ground floor must meet the standards of this section. The ground floor is the lowest floor of the building that is within four feet of the adjacent street grade. Entrances that open into lobbies, reception areas, or common interior circulation space must also meet the standards of this section. The entrances must:
 - 1.-2 [No change]

33.521.260 Building Design

- A. [No change]
- **B.** Applicability. All sites in the RH, R1RM2, RM3, RM4, and C zones where any of the floor area on the site is in nonresidential uses must meet the standards of Subsection C., below.
- **C.** [No change]

33.521.300 Additional Standards in the 122nd Avenue Subdistrict

Amendments to this page are intended to achieve the following purposes:

- Update the multi-dwelling zone names.
- Amend the Retail Sales and Service and Office uses allowances to be consistent with the
 limited commercial use allowances proposed in the multi-dwelling base zone regulations (see
 pages 30-32 in Volume 2). A difference is in this plan district regulation is that it allows
 these limited commercial uses broadly within the RH (new RM3 and RM4) zones in the
 subdistrict, rather than limiting them to Civic and Neighborhood corridors (to which they
 are limited in the multi-dwelling base zone regulations).

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

33.521.300 Additional Standards in the 122nd Avenue Subdistrict

A.-C.[No change]

- D. Retail Sales And Service and Office uses in the RHRM3 and RM4 zones.
 - 1. Purpose. This regulation provides opportunity for mixed use development in the RHRM3 and RM4 zones by allowing a limited amount of commercial use while ensuring that development in residential zones is predominately residential in character.
 - 2. Retail Sales And Service and Office uses are allowed in the RHRM3 and RM4 zones if they meet the following regulations:
 - a. The total amount of Retail Sales And Service and Office use does not exceed 2,000 square feet of net building area per use up to a total combined floor area ratio of 0.4 to 1. More than than 2,000 square feet per use is prohibited, and more than 0.4 to 1 total on the site is prohibited;
 - b. All of the gross building area that is in a Retail Sales And Service and or Office uses are is located on the ground floor within 100 feet of a street lot line; and
 - c. There are no exterior activities associated with the Retail Sales And Service or Office use except other than for outdoor seating.
 - a. The uses are allowed in new multi-dwelling developments only. Conversion of existing structures is prohibited; and
 - b. The uses are limited to 20 percent of the net building area of the development. More than 20 percent of the net building area used for Retail Sales And Service or Office is not allowed.

E.-F [No change]

33.526 Gateway Plan District

Amendments to this page reflect the following:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- Revisions to the open area requirements to set a minimum dimension of 20 feet. This brings
 consistency with the new minimum common area dimension in Chapter 33.120 (see page 115 in
 Volume 2). As currently written, this plan district provision would allow a large required
 amount of outdoor area to include a single 20 foot x 20 foot square space, with the rest of
 the required open area in the form of narrower spaces that may only be usable as
 pedestrian connections.
- Clarification to the Entrances section that requirements that each ground-floor tenant space have a street-oriented entrance applies only to <u>nonresidential</u> tenant spaces, such as commercial uses, and not to ground-floor residential units (which can be served by a lobby or other shared entrance). This language was previously added to other zoning code chapters (such as those related to transit street main entrances) to provide this clarification.

33.526 Gateway Plan District

33.526

33.526.230 Floor Area and Height Bonus Options

- A. [No change]
- B. General regulations.
 - 1. Eligible sites. The inclusionary housing and Affordable Housing Fund bonus options may be used in the R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, multi-dwelling, commercial, EX, and CI2 zones in the Gateway plan district. The other bonus options may be used only in areas shown on Map 526-5, and on sites with a Gateway Master Plan.
 - 2.-5 [No change]
- C.-E. [No change]

33.526.240 Open Area

- A.-C.[No change]
- **D.** Additions of floor area to the site. The requirements of this subsection apply to sites where the proposal will result in an increase of at least 5,000 square feet of floor area on the site. The applicant may choose from the three options below:
 - 1. On-site option. If the open area will be on-site, the following standards must be met:
 - a.-d. [No change]
 - e. Open area may be provided in a variety of sizes, but each open area must be large enough that a 20-foot x 20-foot square can fit entirely within it measure at least 20 feet in all directions.
 - f. [No change]
 - 2.-3. [No change]

33.526.270 Entrances

- A. [No change]
- **B.** Where these regulations apply. In R1, RHRM2, RM3, RM4, RX, C, E, and CI zones, buildings must meet the standards of Subsection C., below.
- **C. Entrances.** For portions of a building within the maximum building setback, at least one main entrance for each <u>nonresidential</u> tenant space on the ground floor must meet the standards of this section. The ground floor is the lowest floor of the building that is within four feet of the adjacent street grade. Entrances that open into lobbies, reception areas, or common interior circulation space must also meet the standards of this section. The entrances must:
 - 1.-2. [No change]

33.532 Hayden Island Plan District

Amendments to the figures on this page are updates to the zone names, reflecting both the new commercial zone and proposed multi-dwelling zone names. The diagrams have also been amended to show the proposed 35-foot maximum height of the RM1 zone, instead of the 40-foot height of the R2 zone.

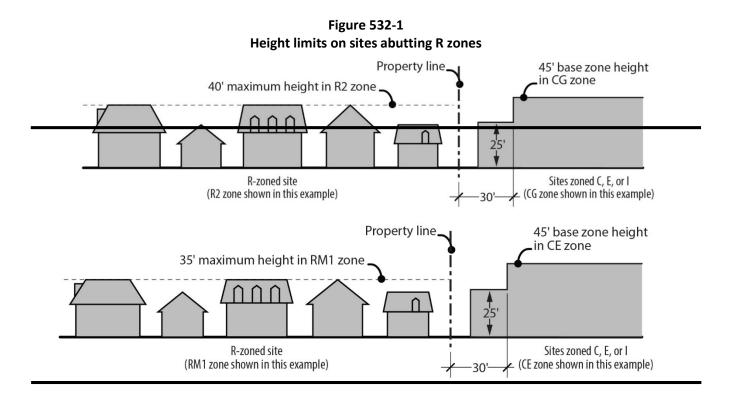
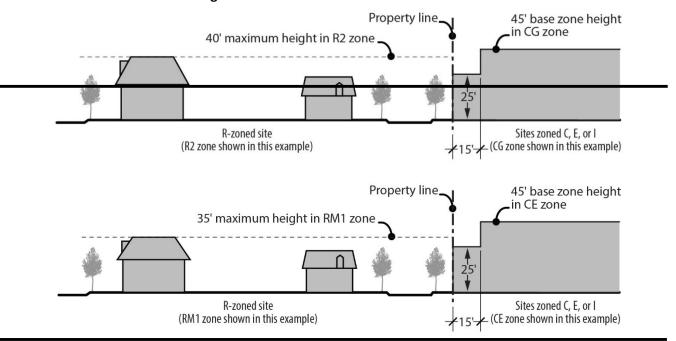


Figure 532-2
Height limits on sites across a street from R zones



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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.534 Hillsdale Plan District

534

33.534.210 Setbacks

- **A.** Front building setback in the R1RM2 zone. A setback of at least 10 feet is required in the R1RM2 zone along streets designated as Local Service Streets in the Transportation Element of the Comprehensive Plan.
- **B.** Building setback in C zones. Buildings in the commercial/mixed use zones that are entirely 200 feet or more from a street that abuts the site are exempt from the maximum building setback of the base zone for that street. See Figure 534-1.

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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.536 Hollywood Plan District

536

33.536.230 Transition Between Residential and Commercial/Mixed Use Zones

A.-B.[No change]

C. Maximum building height.

- 1. Generally. The maximum allowed building height is shown on Map 536-2, Building Heights, except as specified in Paragraphs C.2 and C.3 below:
- Sites abutting RF R1RM2 zones. Sites abutting RF through R1RM2 zones have height limits that decrease in two steps near the residential zone. See Figure 536-1. These height limits are:
 - a. On the portion of a site within 25 feet of a site zoned RF through R1RM2, the maximum building height is the same as the abutting residential zone.
 - b. On the portion of a site that is more than 25 feet but within 50 feet of a site zoned RF through R1RM2, the maximum building height is 45 feet.
- 3. Sites across a street from RF RM2R1 zones. Sites across a street from RF through RM2R1 zones have height limits that decrease near the residential zone. On the portion of the site within 15 feet of the lot line across the street from a site zoned RF though R1RM2, the maximum building height is the same as the residential zone across the street. See Figure 536-2.
- **D.** [No change]

Amendments to the graphics on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Figure 536-1
Height limits on sites abutting RF - R1RM2 zones

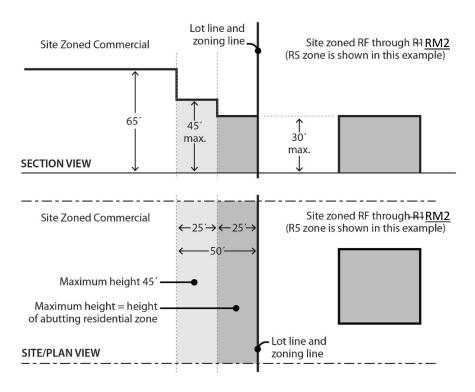
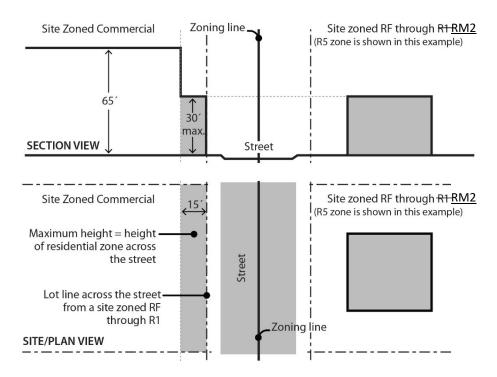


Figure 536-2
Height limits on sites across a street from RF - R1RM2 zones



33.536 Hollywood Plan District

Amendments to this page reflect recent zoning changes (undertaken previously as part of the Map Refinement Project) that rezoned RX zones in the plan district to the RH zone (4 to 1 FAR), which is now being renamed to RM4. The proposed amendments assign to the RM4 zone the same maximum parking amounts that had applied in the RX zone, except for Household Living (see below). The new RM4 zone allows limited amounts of commercial uses along major corridors, such as NE Halsey in the plan district.

Table 536-1 is being amended to apply maximum parking ratios to surface parking for Household Living uses. This brings consistency with maximum parking ratios proposed for the multi-dwelling zones in locations close to frequent transit (see page 193 in Volume 2) and that were recently adopted for the commercial/mixed use zones. The Hollywood plan district was adopted when there were no maximum parking requirements for Household Living uses, but the maximum parking ratios in Table 536-1 were generally intended to not allow as much parking in this transit-rich plan district as the general citywide standard.

The amendments to the Household Living maximum parking ratios in this table ensure that the plan district regulations do not allow for more parking than does the general citywide standard, in accordance with the intent of the plan district regulations. The maximum parking ratio amendments provide exemptions for structured parking and for houses, attached houses and duplexes, to correspond to exemptions provided in Chapter 33.266 (see Table 266-2 on page 193 of Volume 2).

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

33.536.290 Maximum Parking Allowed in the RXRM4, CM2, and CM3 zones

- A. [No change]
- **B.** Where these regulations apply. These regulations apply to accessory parking in the RXRM4, CM2, and CM3 zones.
- **C.** [No change]

	Table 536-1	
Maximum Par	rking Spaces Allowed in the F	XXRM4, CM2, and CM3 Zones
Use Categories	Specific Uses	Maximum Parking Spaces Allowed
Residential		
Household Living,		1.35 per unit for surface parking. No
Group Living		maximum for structured parking and for
		houses, attached houses, and duplexes.
Group Living		No maximum
Commercial		
Retail Sales And Service	Retail, personal service, repair oriented	1 per 250 sq. ft. of net building area
	Restaurants and bars	1 per 75 sq. ft. of net building area
	Health clubs, gyms, lodges,	1 per 330 sq. ft. of net building area
	meeting rooms, and similar.	
	Continuous entertainment such	
	as arcades and bowling alleys	
	Temporary lodging	1 per rentable room; for associated uses
		such as restaurants, see above
	Theaters	1 per 4 seats or 1 per 6 feet of bench area
Office	General office	1 per 400 sq. ft. of net building area
	Medical/Dental office	1 per 330 sq. ft. of net building area
Quick Vehicle Servicing		1 per 500 sq. ft. of net building area
Vehicle Repair		1 per 750 sq. ft. of net building area
Commercial Parking		Not applicable
Self-Service Storage		1 per resident manager's facility, plus 3
		per leasing office, plus 1 per 100 leasable
		storage spaces in multi-story buildings.
Commercial Outdoor		20 per acre of site
Recreation		
Major Event		1 per 8 seats or per CU review
Entertainment		
Industrial		
Manufacturing And		1 per 750 sq. ft. of net building area
Production		
Warehouse And Freight		1 per 750 sq. ft. of net building area for
Movement		the first 3,000 sq. ft. of net building area
		and then 1 per 3,500 sq. ft. of net building
		area thereafter
Wholesale Sales,		1 per 750 sq. ft. of net building area
Industrial Service,		
Railroad Yards		
Waste-Related		Per CU review

33.536 Hollywood Plan District

Amendments to this page reflect recent zoning changes (undertaken previously as part of the Map Refinement Project) that rezoned RX zones in the plan district to the RH zone (4 to 1 FAR), which is now being renamed to RM4. The proposed amendments assign to the RM4 zone the same maximum parking amounts that had applied in the RX zone, except for Household Living uses (see previous commentary). The new RM4 zone allows limited amounts of commercial uses along major corridors, such as NE Halsey in the plan district.

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

Table 536-1 Maximum Parking Spaces Allowed in the RXRM4, CM2, and CM3 Zones				
Institutional				
Basic Utilities		None		
Community Service		1 per 500 sq. ft. of net building area		
Parks And Open Areas		Per CU review for active areas		
Schools	Grade, elementary, junior high	1 per classroom		
	High school	7 per classroom		
Medical Centers		1 per 500 sq.ft. of net building area; or per CU review or Impact Mitigation Plan approval		
Colleges		1 per 600 sq. ft. of net building area exclusive of dormitories, plus 1 per 4 dorm rooms; or per CU review or Impact Mitigation Plan approval		
Religious Institutions		1 per 100 sq. ft. of main assembly area		
Daycare		1 per 500 sq. ft. of net building area		
Other				
Agriculture		None, or per CU review		
Aviation,		Per CU review		
Detention Facilities,				
Aggregate Extraction				
Radio Frequency Transmission Facilities	Personal wireless service and other non-broadcast facilities	None		
	Radio or television broadcast	2 per site		
Rail Lines & Utility Corridors		None		

33.537 Johnson Creek Basin Plan District

Amendments to this page include:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- In the Bonus Density section, replacement of the term "attached residential" with "attached houses" and "attached duplexes." This responds to the fact that the zoning code has no definition for "attached residential," providing no clarity as to the intended housing type. Attached houses and attached duplexes are two types of attached housing that are defined in the zoning code.
- In the Floodplain Standards section, "triplexes" are being added to the listing of allowed housing types in multi-dwelling zones (triplexes were previously considered to be multi-dwelling structures, which are allowed). Also, "attached housing" is being replaced by "attached houses" and "attached duplexes" for clarity.

33.537 Johnson Creek Basin Plan District

537

33.537.120 Bonus Density

- A.-B. [No change]
- **C. Maximum density.** Proposals that meet the requirements of Subsection D, below, may increase their maximum density by 50 percent. Bonus density may be combined with transfer of development rights. The maximum increase in density that will be allowed when bonus and transfer development rights are combined is 100 percent.
- **D. Requirements.** Proposals to use density bonuses must meet the following:
 - Development. Development must be attached <u>houses or attached duplexes</u> residential and must meet the development standards for attached <u>houses or attached duplexes</u> residential development in <u>the RM1R2</u> zones. Adjustments to this paragraph are prohibited.
 - 2. [No change]

33.537.130 Springwater Corridor Standards

A.-B.[No change]

- C. Standards.
 - General standards.
 - a. [No change]
 - b. Waste collection and waste storage areas. In R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR, multi-dwelling, C, E, and I, and IR zones, exterior waste collection and waste storage areas must be screened from the corridor, the screen must be at least five feet deep and meet the L2 standard of Chapter 33.248, Landscaping and Screening;
 - c. [No change]
 - [No change]

33.537.150 Floodplain Standards

- A.-B.[No change]
- **C. Housing Types.** In R3, R2, and R1RM1 and RM2 zones, allowed housing types are limited to multi-dwelling structures, duplexes, <u>triplexes</u>, and attached <u>housinghouses</u>, and attached <u>duplexes</u>. A house is allowed on lots of record that cannot accommodate more than one dwelling unit under the provisions of Section 33.120.205, Density. Adjustments to this section are prohibited.
- D.-E.[No change]

33	545	Lombard	Street	Plan	District

Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.545 Lombard Street Plan District

545

Sections

General

- 33.545.010 Purpose
- 33. 545.020 Where These Regulations Apply

Development Standards

- 33.545.100 Standards for Community Corner
- 33.545.110 Additional Regulations in the CM1 Zone
- 33.545.120 Additional Standards in the RM2R1 Zone

Map 545-1 Lombard Street Plan District

33.545.120 Additional Standards in the RM2R1 Zone

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** Where these standards apply. The following standards apply to duplexes, attached houses, and multi-dwelling structures on sites in Subdistrict A shown on Map 545-1 that are zoned RM2R1.
- **C. Standards.** Adjustments may be requested to these standards; they may not be modified through design review.
 - 1.-5. [No change]
 - 6. On lots less than 10,000 square feet in the <u>RM2R1</u> zone, the minimum density is 1 unit per 2,250 square feet of site area. This standard does not apply on corner lots.

33.561 North Interstate Plan District

The Commercial Uses in the RH Zone code section is proposed to be deleted because it is largely redundant with proposed allowances for limited amounts of ground-floor commercial uses in multi-dwelling zones along major corridors, including along Interstate Avenue, where this plan district regulation applies (see pages 30-32 of Volume 2). The plan district regulations and the proposed multi-dwelling base zone regulations vary in detail, but both limit commercial uses to the ground floor of buildings and they are only allowed in conjunction with residential uses.

33.561 North Interstate Plan District

561

		io		

General

33.561.010 Purpose

33.561.020 Where These Regulations Apply

Use Regulations

33.561.100 Commercial Uses in the RH Zone

Development Standards

33.561.210 Maximum Building Height

33.561.220 Floor Area Ratios

33.561.230 Transition Between Zones

33.561.240 Minimum Density in the RH Zone

33.561.250 Exterior Display and Storage

33.561.260 Off-Site Impacts of Industrial Uses in the CM3 Zone

33.561.270 Required Building Lines

33.561.280 Active Building Use Areas

33.561.300 Motor Vehicle Access

33.561.310 Compatibility Standards in the R2.5 and RM1R2 Zones

33.561.320 Required Design Review

Map 561-1 North Interstate Plan District

Map 561-2 North Interstate Plan District: Maximum Building Heights

Map 561-3 North Interstate Plan District: Floor Area Ratios

Map 561-4 North Interstate Plan District: Required Building Lines/Active Building Use Areas

Use Regulations

33.561.100 Commercial Uses in the RH Zone

- A. Purpose. Allowing a limited amount of commercial uses in the RH zone along Interstate Avenue improves the economic viability of residential development by allowing mixed use development, while ensuring that residential uses remain the dominant use in the zone. It also provides a more interesting and active ground floor along this busy arterial and provides an interim use for houses where owners want to add commercial uses to the ground floor.
- **B.** Commercial uses allowed. Commercial uses are allowed in the RH zone on sites that have frontage on Interstate Avenue, as follows:
 - 1. Only Retail Sales And Service and Office uses are allowed;
 - 2. There must be floor area in Residential use on the site, either existing or proposed for development concurrent with the commercial floor area;
 - 3. The commercial uses are allowed only on the ground floor of a building; and
 - 4. Up to 35 percent of the total floor area on the site may be developed for commercial uses.

 More than 35 percent is prohibited.

33.561.230 Transition Between Zones

Amendments to the text on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names. Figure 561-1 is also being amended to show the maximum height 35-foot height of the RM1 zone, instead of the 40-foot height of the R2 zone.

The plan district's required height limit transitions, which apply when the RH (new RM3) zone is adjacent to lower-scale multi-dwelling zones (which is not the case with the proposed Chapter 33.120 step down heights) is being continued to respond to the greater building heights allowed in the plan district compared to the base zone RH (RM3) regulations. The plan district regulations provide allowances for maximum building heights of 85 to 100 feet, instead of the maximum building height of 65 feet that otherwise applies in the RH (RM3) zone.

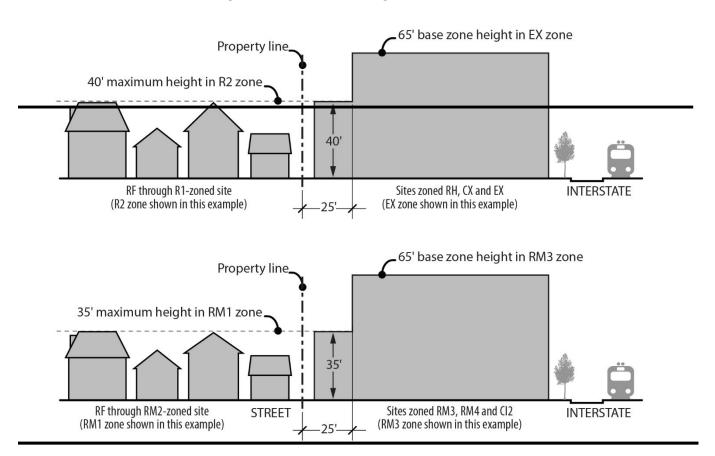
33.561.230 Transition Between Zones

- **A. Purpose.** These regulations ensure that there is a transition in height when high intensity zones abut or are across the street from low and medium density residential zones.
- **B.** Where these regulations apply. The regulations of this section apply to sites in RHRM3, RM4, CX, and CI2 zones that abut or are across a street from an RF through R1RM2 zone

C. Maximum building height.

- 1. Sites abutting RF-R1RM2 zones. On sites abutting RF-R1RM2 zones, on the portion of the site within 25 feet of a site zoned RF-R1RM2, the maximum building height is the same as the abutting residential zone. See Figure 561-1.
- 2. Sites across a street from RF-R1RM2 zones. On sites across a street from RF-R1RM2 zones, on the portion of the site within 15 feet of the lot line across the street from a site zoned RF-R1RM2, the maximum building height is the same as the residential zone across the street. See Figure 561-2.

Figure 561-1
Height limits on sites abutting RF - R1RM2 zones



33.561 North Interstate Plan District

Amendments to the text on this page are for the following purposes:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- Figure 561-2 is being amended to show the maximum 35-foot height of the RM1 zone, instead of the 40-foot height of the R2 zone.
- Deletion of the minimum density in the RH zone section. The RH (new RM3) zoning in the plan district is located close to the light rail corridor and is intended to be a focus for higher-density housing. The plan district provides allowances for an FAR of 4 to 1 and maximum heights of 85 to 100 feet for this RH zoning, but also allows a low-scale of development in the RH zone that is equivalent to R2 densities intended for duplexes or townhouses (1 unit per 2,000 square feet of site area). With deletion of this plan district regulation, new development in the RM3 (former RH) zone would need to meet RM3 base zone minimum density requirements for at least 1 unit per 1,000 square feet of site area (5 units on a 5,000 square foot lot). This amendment is part of a broader Better Housing by Design approach intended to strengthen minimum density requirements (see also Volume 2, pages 62-65). The base zone minimum density requirements will apply to new development, but would allow existing houses to add an accessory dwelling unit or to be converted to multiple units, without needing to come all the way to conformance with minimum density.

65' base zone height in EX zone Property line, 40' maximum height in R2 zone. 40 RF through R1-zoned site Sites zoned RH, CX and EX STREET **INTERSTATE** (R2 zone shown in this example) (EX zone shown in this example) 65' base zone height in RM3 zone Property line, 35' maximum height in RM1 zone RF through RM2-zoned site Sites zoned RM3, RM4 and CI2 STREET **INTERSTATE** (RM1 zone shown in this example) (RM3 zone shown in this example) ×15'

Figure 561-2
Height limits on sites across a street from RF – RM2R1 zones

33.561.240 Minimum Density in the RH Zone

- A. Purpose. Reducing the minimum density on small lots in the RH zone provides flexibility for development of a broader range of dwelling types.
- **B.** Standard. In the RH zone, the minimum residential density on sites up to 5,000 square feet in area is one unit per 2,000 square feet of site area. This standard does not apply on corner lots or portions of sites within 200 feet of Interstate Avenue.

33.561.250 Exterior Display and Storage

In the <u>RM3, RM4, RH</u> and CM3 zones, exterior display and storage are prohibited except for outdoor seating for restaurants and pedestrian-oriented accessory uses, including flower, food, or drink stands. Temporary open-air markets and carnivals are also allowed.

33.561.310 Compatibility Standards in the R2.5 and RM1R2 Zones

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** Where these standards apply. The standards of this section apply to duplexes, attached houses, and multi-dwelling structures in the R2.5 and R2RM1 zones.
- **C.** [No change]

33.562 Northwest Plan District

The Northwest Plan District sections listing is being amended to reflect the proposed deletion of the Retail Sales and Service and Office Uses in the RH Zone section (see next pages).

33.562 Northwest Plan District

562

Sections:

General

- 33.562.010 Purpose
- 33.562.020 Where These Regulations Apply

Use Regulations

- 33.562.100 Residential Use Limitation
- 33.562.110 Retail Sales And Service Uses in the EG and CM3 Zones
- 33.562.120 Retail Sales And Service and Office Uses in the RH Zone
- 33.562.130 Commercial Parking in Multi-Dwelling Zones

Development Standards

- 33.562.200 Purpose
- 33.562.210 Maximum Height
- 33.562.220 Floor Area Ratios
- 33.562.230 Bonus Options
- 33.562.240 Standards on Main Streets and the Streetcar Alignment
- 33.562.250 Drive-Through Facilities Prohibited
- 33.562.260 Mechanical Equipment in the CM3 Zone
- 33.562.270 Minimum Active Floor Area
- 33.562.280 Parking
- 33.562.290 Use of Accessory Parking for Commercial Parking
- 33.562.300 Northwest Master Plan
- 33.562.310 Required Design Review
- Map 562-1 Northwest Plan District
- Map 562-2 Limited Use Areas
- Map 562-3 Commercial Parking in Multi-Dwelling Zones
- Map 562-4 Maximum Heights
- Map 562-5 Floor Area Ratios
- Map 562-6 Bonus Areas
- Map 562-7 Areas with Special Development Standards
- Map 562-8 Sites where Accessory Parking May be Operated as Commercial Parking
- Map 562-9 Northwest Master Plan Required

33.562 Northwest Plan District

The Retail Sales and Service and Office Uses in the RH Zone section is proposed to be deleted because it is largely redundant with proposed allowances for limited amounts of ground-floor commercial uses in multi-dwelling zones along major corridors, including along the street alignment in the Northwest District where this regulation applies (see pages 30-32 of Volume 2).

Other amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.562.120 Retail Sales And Service and Office Uses in the RH Zone

- **A.** Purpose. Certain commercial uses are allowed as limited uses in the RH zone to encourage mixed-use development along the streetcar alignment, while preserving the residential emphasis of areas zoned RH.
- B. Regulations. Retail Sales And Service and Office uses are allowed in the RH zone as follows:
 - 1. The uses must be located on the portion of the site within 100 feet of a streetcar alignment; and
 - 2. The uses are limited to 20 percent of the net building area on the site.

33.562.130 Commercial Parking in Multi-Dwelling Zones

A.-E. [No change]

Pa	Table 562-1 Parking Structure Setbacks From Lot Lines Abutting an R Zone					
Site No.	Setback from the rear lot line of an R-zoned lot lot					
2, 3	Regulations of the RHRM3 and RM4 Zones apply					
4	Regulations of the CM2 Zone apply; See Table 130-4					
5, 6, 1	None	None				

- F. Conditional Use. Commercial Parking may be requested as a Conditional Use if all of the following standards are met. The entire site must meet the standards including any portion of the site that is in a C zone. Adjustments to paragraphs F.1 through F.4 are prohibited.
 - 1.-2. [No change]
 - 3. Maximum height.
 - a. Generally. On the portion of a site within an R zone, the maximum height allowed is 30 feet. On the portion of a site within a C zone, the maximum height is 45 feet;
 - Exception. If at least 50 percent of the floor area of the structure containing the Commercial Parking is in residential use, then the maximum height allowed on the portion of the site in the RHRM3 and RM4 zones is 75 feet;
 - 4.-5. [No change]
- **G.-H.** [No change]

33.575 Sandy Boulevard Plan Distric	33.	75 Sandy	33.575	Boulevard	Plan	Distric
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

575

33.575.100 Transition Between Residential and Commercial Zones

A.-B.[No change]

- C. Height limits for sites abutting or across the street from a RF-RM2R1 zones. Sites in commercial zones abutting or across the street from RF through RM2R1 zones have special height limits that create a transition to the residential zone. The height limits are as follows:
 - 1. Sites abutting RF RM2R1 zones. Sites abutting RF through RM2R1 zones have height limits that decrease in two steps near the residential zone. See Figure 575-1. These height limits are:
 - a. On the portion of a site within 25 feet of a site zoned RF through <u>RM2R1</u>, the maximum building height is the same as the abutting residential zone.
 - b. On the portion of a site that is more than 25 feet but within 50 feet of a site zoned RF through RM2R1, the maximum building height is 45 feet.
 - Sites across a street from RF RM2R1 zones. Sites across a street from RF through RM2R1 zones have height limits that decrease near the residential zone. On the portion of the site within 15 feet of the lot line across the street from a site zoned RF though RM2R1, the maximum building height is the same as the residential zone. See Figure 575-2.

33.575 Sandy Boulevard Plan Distric	33.	75 Sandy	33.575	Boulevard	Plan	Distric
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Amendments to the graphics on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

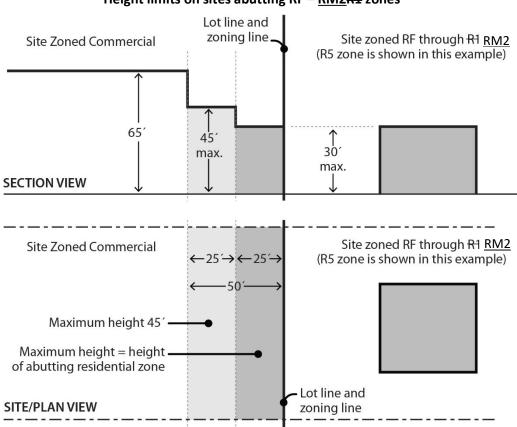
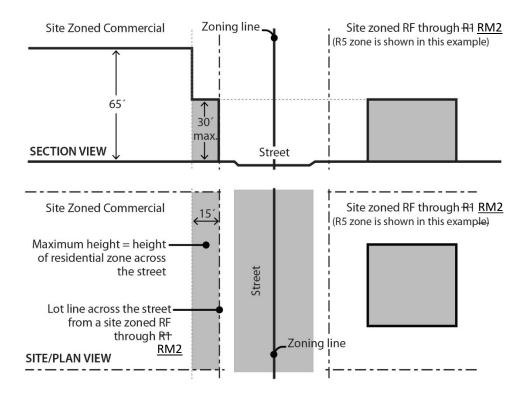


Figure 575-1
Height limits on sites abutting RF – RM2R1 zones

33.575 Sandy Boulevard Plan Distric	33.	75 Sandy	33.575	Boulevard	Plan	Distric
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Amendments to the graphics on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Figure 575-2
Height limits on sites across a street from zones RF - RM2R1 zones



33.583 St. Johns Plan District

The Minimum Density in the R1 Zone section is proposed to be deleted, which would instead require that new development meet the base zone minimum density requirements for the R1 (new RM2) zone. The St. Johns plan district is also a designated Town Center, which designation is intended to indicate the area's role as a place with concentrations of services and housing. The plan district provides a lower minimum density for the R1 zone, 1 units per 2,250 square feet of site area, which would allow for 4 units on a site just under 10,000 square feet. In comparison, the base R1 (new RM2) regulations require a minimum density of 1 unit per 1,450 square feet of site area (at least 7 units on a 10,000 square-foot site).

Especially because St. Johns is a designated Town Center, there is not a compelling reason for why minimum densities should continue to be less than what is generally required in the R1 (RM2) zone. The base zone minimum densities will still allow for a diversity of housing options, as it is not uncommon to have 8 to 10 townhouse units on a 10,000 square foot site (as well as a variety of multi-dwelling housing types with smaller units).

This amendment is part of a broader Better Housing by Design approach intended to strengthen minimum density requirements (see also Volume 2, pages 62-65). The base zone minimum density requirements will apply to new development, but would allow existing houses to add an accessory dwelling unit or to be converted to multiple units, without needing to come all the way to conformance with minimum density.

33.583 St. Johns Plan District

583

Sections:

General

- 33.583.010 Purpose
- 33.583.020 Where These Regulations Apply

Use Regulations

- 33.583.100 Purpose
- 33.583.110 Prohibited Uses
- 33.583.120 Retail Sales And Service Uses in the CM3 Zone

Development Standards

- 33.583.200 Purpose
- 33.583.210 Drive-Through Facilities
- 33.583.220 Exterior Activities in the EG and CM3 Zones
- 33.583.230 Detached Houses Prohibited in the CM3 Zone
- 33.583.240 Minimum Density in the R1 Zone
- 33.583.250 Maximum Building Height
- 33.583.270 Building Coverage in the EX Zone
- 33.583.285 Additional Regulations in the Riverfront Subdistrict
- 33.583.290 Required Design Review

Map 583-1 St. Johns Plan District

Map 583-2 Maximum Heights

33.583.240 Minimum Density in the R1 Zone.

- A. Purpose. Reducing the minimum density on small lots in the R1 zone provides flexibility for development of a broad range of dwelling types.
- **B.** Standard. On lots less than 10,000 square feet in the R1 zone, the minimum density is 1 unit per 2,250 square feet of site area. This standard does not apply on corner lots.

33.631 Sites in Flood Hazard Areas

Amendments to this page are primarily updates to the multi-dwelling zone names. The amendments also correct an error that had unintentionally excluded "RX" from the range of multi-dwelling zones included in the title of paragraph B. "IR" is no longer being included among the range of multi-dwelling zones because this zone had been moved from the multi-dwelling zones (Chapter 33.120) to the Campus Institutional zones (Chapter 33.150) in previous amendments to the zoning code.

33.631 Sites in Flood Hazard Areas

631

33.631.100 Flood Hazard Area Approval Criteria

- A. [No change]
- **B.** RM1R3 through RXIR, C, E, I, and CI, and IR zones. The following criteria must be met in the RM1R3 through RXIR, C, E, I, and CI, and IR zones:
 - 1.-2. [No change]
- **C.** [No change]

33.634 Required Recreation Area

Amendments to this page are primarily updates to the multi-dwelling zone names. "IR" is no longer being included among the range of multi-dwelling zones because this zone had been moved from the multi-dwelling zones (Chapter 33.120) to the Campus Institutional zones (Chapter 33.150) in previous amendments to the zoning code.

The regulations of this chapter apply to land divisions in residential zones when the proposed density is 40 or more dwelling units.

33.634 Required Recreation Area

634

33.634.200 Required Recreation Area Standards

The following standards must be met:

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** RF-RM1R2 zones. In the RF-RM1R2 zones, the recreation area must be in one or more recreation area tracts. Recreation area tracts must meet the requirements of Subsection D., below.
- **C.** <u>RM2-RX, and IR zones</u> <u>R1-IR zones</u>. In the <u>RM2-RX, and IR zones</u> <u>R1-IR zones</u>, the recreation area may be in one or more recreation area tracts, in a roof-top garden, or in floor area improved for the purpose of passive or active recreation. Recreation area tracts must meet the requirements of Subsection D., below.
- **D.** [No change]

33.667 Property Li	ne Adjustment
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.667 Property Line Adjustment

667

33.667.300 Standards

The site of a Property Line Adjustment is the two properties affected by the relocation of the common property line. A request for a Property Line Adjustment will be approved if all of the following are met:

- A. [No change]
- **B.** Regular Lot Lines. In the R10 through RM4RH zones, the adjusted property line must be a straight line or up to 20 percent shorter or 20 percent longer than the existing lot line. Lines that are adjusted to follow an established zoning line or the boundary of the special flood hazard area or floodway are exempt from this requirement.
- C.-F. [No change]

33.805	Adjustr	nents
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Amendments to this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

33.805 Adjustments

805

33.805.030 Regulations Which May and May Not Be Adjusted

- **A.** [No change]
- **B.** Ineligible regulations. Adjustments are prohibited for the following items:
 - 1.-3. [No change]
 - 4. As an exception to a qualifying situation for a regulation, such as zones allowed or items being limited to new development. An example of this is 33.251.030.C, which says that manufactured dwelling parks are allowed only in the <u>RM1 zoneR3 and R2 zones</u>. An adjustment could not be granted to allow a manufactured dwelling park in any other R zone;
 - 5.-6. [No change]
 - 7. To allow an increase in density in the RF through <u>RM2R1</u> zones.

33.815 Conditional Uses

The sections listing on this page is being amended to remove the RX zone from the title of Section 33.815.125. The Hollywood plan district conditional use allowance for commercial parking in the RX zone was deleted as part of the Code Reconciliation Project (effect May 24, 2018).

33.815 Conditional Uses

815

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General

- 33.815.010 Purpose
- 33.815.020 How to Use this Chapter
- 33.815.030 Automatic Conditional Use Status
- 33.815.040 Review Procedures
- 33.815.050 Loss of Conditional Use Status
- 33.815.060 Development Standards for Conditional Uses
- 33.815.070 Sites With Split Zoning
- 33.815.080 Approval Criteria in General

Approval Criteria

- 33.815.100 Uses in the Open Space Zones
- 33.815.105 Institutional and Other Uses in Residential and Campus Institutional Zones
- 33.815.107 Short Term Housing and Mass Shelters in R and IR Zones
- 33.815.110 Office and Retail Sales And Service Uses in the RX Zone
- 33.815.115 Specified Uses in Commercial/Mixed Use Zones
- 33.815.120 Commercial Parking Facilities in the RX, CX, and E Zones, Outside the Central City Plan District, the Columbia South Shore Plan District and the Cascade Station/Portland International Center Plan District
- 33.815.121 Commercial Parking Facilities in the RX, CM2, and CM3 Zones, in the Hollywood Plan District
- 33.815.122 Nonresidential Uses on Specified Sites located in the RX Zone within the Central City Plan District
- 33.815.125 Specified Uses in Industrial Zones
- 33.815.126 Office Uses in the IG1 Zone in the Central City Plan District
- 33.815.127 Accessory Offices and Headquarters Offices in the IH Zone in the Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan District
- 33.815.128 Retail Sales And Service Uses in the EG Zones
- 33.815.129 Office Uses in Specified Historic Resources in the Industrial Zones in the Central City Plan District
- 33.815.130 Residential Uses in the IG1, IG2, and IH Zones
- 33.815.132 Office Uses in the IG1 Zone in the Central Eastside Subdistrict in the Central City Plan District
- 33.815.140 Specified Mass Shelters, Short Term Housing, And Group Living Uses in the C, E, and CI Zones
- 33.815.200 Aviation And Surface Passenger Terminals
- 33.815.205 Detention Facilities
- 33.815.210 Helicopter Landing Facilities
- 33.815.215 Major Event Entertainment
- 33.815.220 Mining and Waste-Related
- 33.815.222 Park-and-Ride Facilities for Mass Transit
- 33.815.223 Public Safety Facilities

33.815.121 Commercial Parking Facilities in the RX, CM2 and CM3 Zones in the Hollywood Plan District

The title of this section is being amended to remove the RX zone. The Hollywood plan district conditional use allowance for commercial parking in the RX zone was deleted as part of the Code Reconciliation Project (effect May 24, 2018).

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

- 33.815.225 Radio Frequency Transmission Facilities
- 33.815.230 Rail Lines and Utility Corridors
- 33.815.300 Commercial Parking Facilities in the Columbia South Shore Plan District
- 33.815.301 Industrial Businesses in the Columbia South Shore Plan District
- 33.815.302 Professional / Technical Facilities in the Columbia South Shore Plan District
- 33.815.303 Retail Sales And Service Uses in the Columbia South Shore Plan District
- 33.815.304 Retail Sales And Service Uses on Specified Sites in the South Waterfront and the River District Subdistricts
- 33.815.305 Replacement Parking Facilities in the Central City Plan District
- 33.815.308 Commercial Parking in Multi-Dwelling Zones and Commercial Parking Access from Main Streets in the Northwest Plan District
- 33.815.310 Industrial Uses in the IR Zone
- 33.815.315 Utility Scale Energy Production in Specified C Zones

33.815.121 Commercial Parking Facilities in the RX, CM2 and CM3 Zones in the Hollywood Plan District

These approval criteria provide for commercial parking facilities that support urban-scale development in the Hollywood plan district by providing parking for visitors, customers, and employees of Hollywood. The criteria are not intended to allow parking facilities in such quantity, concentration, or appearance that they detract from the desired character of Hollywood. The approval criteria are:

A.-C.[No change]

33.825 Design F	Review
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No change to the portion of Table 825-1 on this page.

Table 825-1							
Procedure Type for Design Review Proposals Design Districts Proposal Threshold Procedure							
Design Districts	Proposal		Procedure				
	New floor area	> 1,000 s.f.	Type III				
Downtown Design		≤ 1,000 s.f.	Type II				
District	Exterior alteration	Value > \$459,450	Type III				
	Exterior diteration	Value ≤ \$459,450	Type II				
River District Design	New floor area or	>1,000 s.f. and value > \$459,450	Type III				
District	Exterior alteration in CX or OS zone	≤ 1,000 s.f. <u>or</u> value ≤ \$459,450	Type II				
Gateway Design District	Development proposals	Value > \$2,297,050 included in a Gateway Master Plan Review	Type III				
Gateway Design District	Development proposals	Value ≤ \$2,297,050 and not part of Gateway Master Plan Review	Type II				
Marquam Hill Design District	Dovolonment proposals	In design overlay zones	Type II				
Sellwood-Moreland Design District	Development proposals	in design overlay zones	Туре п				
Terwilliger Parkway	Proposals that are visible from Terwilliger	Non single-dwelling development	Туре III				
Design District	Boulevard	Single-dwelling development	Туре II				
Central Eastside							
Goose Hollow		Value > \$2,297,050	Type III				
Lloyd District	Davidonment proposals						
Macadam	Development proposals	Value ≤ \$2,297,050					
River District			Type II				
South Waterfront							
Community Plans							
Albina Community Plan							
area, including Lower							
Albina							
Outer Southeast							
Community Plan area,							
excluding Gateway	Development proposals	In design overlay zones	Type II				
Design District							
Southwest Community							
Plan Area, excluding							
Macadam & Terwilliger Design Districts							

33.825 Design Review

Amendments to Table 825-1 correspond to the discontinuation of "a"-overlay provisions related to design review (see pages 206-213 in Volume 2).

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

Table 825-1 Procedure Type for Design Review Proposals				
Plan Districts	Proposal Proposal	Threshold	Procedure	
Central City Plan District, excluding Lower Albina		In design overlay zones and value > \$2,297,050	Type III	
Northwest Plan District South Auditorium Plan	Development proposals	In design overlay zones	Type II	
District		and value ≤ \$2,297,050	Type II	
Albina Plan District Hollywood Plan District				
North Interstate Plan District	Development proposals	In design overlay zones	Type II	
St. Johns Plan District				
Overlay Zones	Additional density in R3,	Using bonus density		
"a" Alternative Density	R2, R1 zone	provisions in 33.405.050	Type III	
overlay	Using other provisions in 33.405	Not subject to 33.405.050	Type II	
"" D		Not identified elsewhere in this table and value > \$2,297,050	Type III	
"d" Design overlay	Development proposals	Not identified elsewhere in this table and value < \$2,297,050	Type II	
Base Zones				
All zones	Signs Exterior mechanical equipment New or replacement awnings	In design overlay zones	Туре ІІ	
C zones	Planned Development	Using the Planned Development bonus provision described in 33.130.212	Type III	
C, E, I, RX, CI zones	Facade alteration	≤ 500 square feet in design overlay zones	Туре ІІ	
RF - R2.5 zones	Subject to section 33.110.213, Additional Development Standards	Requests to modify standards	Type II	
IR zone site with an	Proposals that are identified in IMP	IMP design guidelines are qualitative	Туре ІІ	
approved Impact Mitigation Plan (IMP)	Proposals that are identified in IMP	IMP design guidelines are objective or quantitative	Type Ix	

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.5.5	840	HISTORIC	Kesource	Keviews

Amendments to the tables on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Table 846-1						
Proposal Zone Threshold Procedure						
Alterations of a landmark-designated	2000	Project value > \$459,450	Type III			
interior public space	All	Project value ≤ \$459,450	Type II			
Mechanical equipment	All	Exterior	Type Ix			
Awnings	All	New or replacement	Type Ix			
Signs	C, E, I, RX, CI	Sign area < 150 sq. ft.	Туре Іх			
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	C, E, I, RX, CI	Affected facade area < 500 sq. ft.	Туре Іх			
Historic restoration	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I			
Any other non-exempt exterior	All	Project value > \$459,450	Type III			
alteration or historic restoration proposal	All	Project value ≤ \$459,450	Type II			

Table 846-2				
Procedure Types for pro	posals affecti	ng Conservation La	ndmarks	
Proposal	Zone	Threshold	Procedure	
Signs	C, E, I, RX, CI	Sign area < 150 sq. ft.	Туре Іх	
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	C, E, I, RX, CI	Affected facade area < 500 sq. ft.	Type Ix	
Historic restoration	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I	
Any other non-exempt exterior alteration or historic restoration proposal	All		Type II	

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Amendments to the tables on this page are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

Table 846-3 Review procedures for proposals within Historic Districts				
Proposal	Zone	Threshold	Review Type	
New structure	All	Project value > \$459,450	Type III	
new structure		Project value ≤ \$459,450	Type II	
New accessory structure	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I	
Signs	C, E, I, RX, CI	Sign area < 150 sq. ft.	Type Ix	
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	C, E, I, RX, CI	Affected facade area < 500 sq. ft.	Type Ix	
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH	Affected facade area < 150 sq. ft.	Type I	
Historic restoration	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I	
Any other non-exempt exterior	All	Project value > \$459,450	Type III	
alteration or historic restoration proposal		Project value ≤ \$459,450	Type II	

	Table 846-	4		
Review procedures for proposals within Conservation Districts				
Proposal	Zone	Threshold	Review Type	
New structure	All		Type II	
New accessory structure	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I	
Signs	C, E, I, RX, CI	Sign area < 150 sq. ft.	Туре Іх	
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	C, E, I, RX, CI	Affected facade area < 500 sq. ft.	Type Ix	
Alteration to the exterior of a structure	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH	Affected facade area < 150 sq. ft.	Туре І	
Historic restoration	RF- <u>RM4</u> RH		Type I	
Any other non-exempt exterior alteration or historic restoration proposal	All		Type II	

33.854 Planned Development Review

Amendments to this page are primarily updates to the multi-dwelling zone names. "IR" is no longer being included among the range of multi-dwelling zones because this zone had been moved from the multi-dwelling zones (Chapter 33.120) to the Campus Institutional zones (Chapter 33.150) in previous amendments to the zoning code.

33.854 Planned Development Review

854

33.854.340 Proposals Without a Land Division

The approval criteria of this section apply to Planned Developments that do not include a land division, except Planned Developments that are only using the commercial/mixed use zones Planned Development bonus. The approval criteria are:

A.-B. [No change]

C. Flood hazard areas.

- 1. RF through R2.5 zones. In the RF through R2.5 zones, all proposed building locations must be outside of the flood hazard area.
- 2. R1RM2 through RXIR, C, E, and I, and IR zones. In the R1RM2 through RXIR, C, E, and I, and IR zones, all proposed building locations must be outside of the flood hazard area where possible. Where it is not possible to have all building locations outside of the flood hazard area, all proposed building locations must be configured to reduce the impact of flooding and to provide the greatest protection for development from flooding. Proposed building locations must be clustered on the highest ground and near the highest point of access, and they must be configured in a manner that will minimize obstruction of floodwaters.

D.-G. [No change]

33.855 Zoning Map Amendmen	33.	.855	Zoning	Map	Amend	lment
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Amendments to Table 855-1 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Table 855-1		
Assigned City Zoning for Multnomah County Zones		
Multnomah County Zones	Assigned City Zoning	
Base zones		
Areas with farm or residential zoning	FR + f	
outside the UGB		
Areas with commercial zoning outside	CM1	
the UGB		
CFU, F2, MUA-20, RR, SR, LR-40, R-40,	RF [1]	
LR-30, R-30, MUF-19, MUF-38		
UF-10, UF-20 inside the UGB	[2]	
RC inside the UGB	CM1	
LR-20, R-20	R20	
LR-10, R-10	R10	
LR-7, R7	R7	
LR-7.5	R7 + Glendoveer Plan District	
LR-5	R5	
MR-4, MR-3	<u>RM1</u> R3 [3]	
HR-2, A-2	<u>RM1</u> R2 [3]	
HR-1, A1B	<u>RM2R1</u> [3]	
BPO	CM2	
LC, C4, SC	CM1	
GC, EC, C2, NC, C3	CE	
LM, M3, M4	EG1	
Gm, M2	IG2	

33.855 Zoning Map Amendmen	ents	mendm	Ame	Map	Zoning	855	33.
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Amendments to Table 855-1 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Language to be **added** is <u>underlined</u> Language to be **deleted** is shown in strikethrough

Table 855-1		
Assigned City Zoning for Multnomah County Zones		
HM, M1	IH	
THR	RM3RH	
TMR	RM1R3 [3]	
TLR-5	R5	
TLC	CM1	
TNC	CM2	
TGC	CM2	
ТО	CM2	
TLM	EG1	
Overlay zones		
SEC	p, c [4]	
FH, FF, FW	not mapped; handled by Bureau of Development Services	
NI	X	
PD, RPD	Not mapped; becomes an approved PUD	
OP	Not mapped	
CS	If open space, then OS base zone; just the base zone	
	otherwise	
HP	D	
LF	Н	
WRG	g, r, i, n [4]	

Notes:

- [1] The designation will be RF unless this land is in an approved subdivision at a density higher than RF or has been preplanned by an adopted City plan, in which case a higher density zone may be applied.
- [2] Reviewed through a quasi-judicial review; initiated by the Director of BDS.
- [3] Sites with a documented, approved office are CM1. Sites with a documented, approved retail or commercial use are CM1.
- [4] The most appropriate overlay zone will be applied based on any approved City plans.

33.930.050 Measuring Height

Amendments to this page are intended to achieve the following two purposes:

- 1. Amendments to the first paragraph provide multi-dwelling structures in multi-dwelling zones the opportunity to use the same height measurement methodology that applies in the commercial/mixed use zones. This allows for height to be measured from the elevation of the adjacent sidewalk. This allowance anticipates changes to the base point height measurements proposed by the Residential Infill Project, which proposes to measure building height from the lower base point (instead of the current higher base point). For multi-dwelling structures, measurement from the low point would have the effect of penalizing projects with below-grade structured parking (as in image, below), because the new height measurement base point would be the elevation of the below-grade driveway ramp. The proposed amendments would allow the building height of multi-dwelling structures to instead be measured from the sidewalk, while also providing the option to use the standard height measurement methodology that will apply outside the commercial/mixed use zones. This helps accommodate below-grade structured parking, which can be preferable from a design perspective to structured parking that occupies the ground-level of buildings.
- 2. The amendment to the first bulleted sentence (regarding flat roofs) is necessary to accommodate the allowance for parapets and railings to extend above building height limits (see pages 72-73 in Volume 2).

In addition to these amendments, the following sentence is being deleted from the first paragraph: "The base point used is the method that yields the greater height of building." This is being deleted because it creates confusion and is misleading, given that the base point in paragraph A.3 is mandatory in the commercial/mixed use zones, and paragraphs A.1 and A.2 provide clear guidance as to which base point to use.



Driveway ramp providing access to belowgrade structured parking. Amendments to the Measuring Height section will allow for building height to be measured from the sidewalk elevation, instead of being based on the low point of the driveway ramp.

930

33.930.050 Measuring Height

- A. Measuring building height. Height of buildings is generally measured as provided in the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (the Uniform Building Code as amended by the State.) The height of buildings is the vertical distance above the base point described in Paragraphs A.1. or A.2., unless the site is in a commercial/mixed use zone, in which case the height of buildings is measured as described in Paragraph A.3, or the site is in a multi-dwelling zone and the structure is a multi-dwelling structure, in which case the applicant may choose to measure the height of the building from base point A.1 or A.2, or from base point A.3. The base point used is the method that yields the greater height of building. Methods to measure specific roof types are shown below and in Figure 930-5:
 - Flat roof (pitch is 2 in 12 or less): Measure to the highest point of the roof except in the single-dwelling residential zones where the measurement is to the top of the parapet, or if there is no parapet, to the highest point of the roof.
 - Mansard roof: Measure to the deck line.
 - Gabled, hipped, or gambrel roof where roof pitch is 12 in 12 or less: Measure to the average height of the highest gable.
 - Gabled or hipped roofs with a pitch steeper than 12 in 12: Measure to the highest point.
 - Gambrel roofs where both pitches are steeper than 12 in 12: Measure to the highest point.
 - Other roof shapes such as domed, shed, vaulted, or pyramidal shapes: Measure to the highest point.
 - Stepped or terraced building: Measure to the highest point of any segment of the building.
 - 1. Base point 1. Base point 1 is the elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a 5 foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than 10 feet above lowest grade. See Figure 930-6.
 - 2. Base point 2. Base point 2 is the elevation that is 10 feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground surface described in Paragraph 1., above, is more than 10 feet above lowest grade. See Figure 930-7.
 - 3. In the commercial/mixed use zones, the height measurement is based on the location of a building relative to a street lot line and the elevation of sidewalk area adjacent to the site, as follows:

33.930.050 Measuring Height

No change to the text on this page. This text is included to provide clarity regarding the proposal to allow multi-dwelling structures in the multi-dwelling zones the option to use the height measurement approach used in the commercial/mixed use zones.

- a. When any portion of a building is within 20 feet of a street lot line, the base point from which height is measured is described below. See Figure 930-25 and Figure 930-26:
 - (1) Within 25 feet of the building, when the difference between the highest elevation and the lowest elevation of sidewalk is 10 feet or less, the base point is the highest elevation of the sidewalk; or
 - (2) Within 25 feet of the building, when the difference between the highest elevation and the lowest elevation of sidewalk is more than 10 feet, the base point is a point 10 feet above the lowest elevation of the sidewalk.
- b. For all other buildings, or if no sidewalk exists or is proposed within 25 feet of the building, height is measured using the base points described in Paragraphs A.1. and A.2.

Section 2:

Amendments to Titles 18 and 32

This section presents proposed code amendments to the following City Code titles:

Title 18, Noise Control
Title 32, Signs and Related Regulations

The amendments update references to multi-dwelling zones to correspond to the proposed new zone names (see page 2 of this document for a summary of the current and proposed new multi-dwelling zones).

Title 18, Noise Control

Amendments to Title 18 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names (see listing of corresponding old and new zone names, below).

Current and Corresponding New Zones

Current Short Name	Current Full Name	New Short Name	New Full Name
R3 R2	Residential 3,000 Residential 2,000	RM1	Residential Multi-Dwelling 1
R1	Residential 1,000	RM2	Residential Multi-Dwelling 2
RH	High Density Residential (2:1 FAR)	RM3	Residential Multi-Dwelling 3
RH	High Density Residential (4:1 FAR)	RM4	Residential Multi-Dwelling 4
RX	Central Residential	RX	Central Residential

TITLE 18 NOISE CONTROL

18.04.040 Definitions.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 159276, 164010, 175772 and 184101, effective October 8, 2010.) The following words shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section:

A.-EE. [No Change]

FF. Zone: A classification of area of the City of Portland as described in Title 33 of the City Code, relating to the use to which property may be put. For the purposes of this title, the zones are based upon the Land Use Zones, as defined in Title 33 as follows:

Category Zones
Open Space Open Space

Residential Residential Farm/Forest

Residential 20,000
Residential 10,000
Residential 7,000
Residential 5,000
Residential 2,500
Residential 3,000
Residential 2,000
Residential 1,000

High Density Residential
Residential Multi-Dwelling 1
Residential Multi-Dwelling 2
Residential Multi-Dwelling 3
Residential Multi-Dwelling 4

Central Residential Commercial Residential Institutional Residential Campus Institutional 1

Commercial/Mixed Use [No Change]

Industrial [No Change]

Title 18, Signs and Related Regul	ations
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Amendments to this page of Title 18 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

TITLE 32 SIGNS AND RELATED REGULATIONS

32.12.020 Exemptions.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 178946 and 182962, effective July 31, 2009.) The following are exempt from the regulations of this Title, but may be subject to other portions of the City Code:

- A. [No Change]
- **B.** Signs inside a building. However:
 - 1. In the OS, RF through <u>RM4RH</u>, CI1, CR, and IR zones, illuminated signs in windows are not exempt; and
 - 2. Signs located within malls and atriums must comply with all provisions of this Title except Chapters 32.30 through 32.38;

C.-J. [No Change]

Title 18 (Base Zone Regulations)

Amendments to this page of Title 18 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

Signs associated with the commercial uses that are proposed to be allowed in multi-dwelling zones abutting Civic or Neighborhood corridors (see pages 30-32 of Volume 2) would be subject to the sign standards of the RX zone (signs in this zone are limited to 50 square feet, compared to 100 square feet in the CM2 and CX zones).

Chapter 32.32

BASE ZONE REGULATIONS

Sections:	
32.32.010	Standards in the Residential Zones, Campus Institution 1, Commercial
	Residential, and Open Space Zone.
32.32.020	Standards in the Commercial/Mixed Use, Employment, and Industrial Zones.
32.32.030	Additional Standards in All Zones.

32.32.010 Standards in the Residential Zones, Campus Institution 1, Commercial Residential, and Open Space Zone.

A. General standards. The standards for permanent signs in the RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones and for the IR, CI1, CR and OS zones are stated in Table 1. The sign standards for the RX zone are stated in Table 2. All signs must conform to the regulations of Section 32.32.030.

Table 1 Standards for Permanent Signs in CI1, CR, IR, OS and RF Through RM4RH Zones [1]					
Use Category/Structure Type[2]	Number of Signs	Max. Sign Face Area	Types of Signs Allowed	Maximum Sign Height	Additional Signs Allowed [3]
Household Living/ Houses, Duplexes, Attached Houses.	1 per site	1 sq. ft.	Fascia, Painted Wall	Top of wall, or 10 ft. whichever is less.	lawn signs, directional signs
Household Living/ Townhouse, Multi-dwelling Group Living, Day Care, Nonresidential category uses not listed below.	1 per building	10 sq. ft.	Fascia, Awning, Painted Wall Freestanding	Top of wall	lawn signs, directional signs
Subdivisions, PUDs, Houseboat Moorages, Mobile Home Parks, Agricultural Uses. [4]	1 per entrance	32 sq. ft.	Monument	10 ft.	lawn signs, directional signs
Parks and Open Areas [5]	1 per street frontage	10 sq. ft.	Monument	10 ft	lawn signs, directional signs
Colleges, Community Service, Medical Centers, Religious Institutions, Schools, Commercial Outdoor Recreation, Major Event Entertainment, and uses in Commercial and Industrial use categories.	The sign standar	ds of the RX zo	one apply. See Secti	on 32.32.020.	

Notes:

- [1] Temporary signs are regulated by 32.32.030 K, Temporary Signs.
- [2] See 32.30.030, Uses, Use Categories, and Structure Types.
- [3] These signs are allowed in addition to other signs when they meet the standards of 32.32.030 H.-J.
- [4] These signs are allowed in addition to those for individual buildings.
- [5] Signs in, or adjacent to and facing, a sports fields associated with Parks and Open Areas are subject to the standards of the CN zone. See 32.32.020.

Title 18 (Base Zone Regulations)

Amendments to this page of Title 18 include the following:

- Updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.
- Removal of the Albina Community plan district provisions, reflecting the proposed discontinuation of this plan district in the Zoning Code (see pages 96-105 of this volume).

B. Sign features. Signs in the RF through <u>RM4RH</u> zones and in the IR, CI1, CR, and OS zones, except for those subject to the RX zone sign standards, are subject to the standards of this subsection. Illuminated signs placed in windows are subject to these sign regulations. Extensions into the right-of-way are prohibited. Changing image sign features are prohibited and only indirect lighting is allowed.

32.32.030 Additional Standards in All Zones.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 176469 and 185915, effective May 1, 2013.)

- A.-E. [No Change]
- **F.** Freestanding signs and monument signs.
 - **1.-2.** [No Change]
 - 3. Undeveloped sites. Permanent freestanding signs on sites without a primary use are subject to the regulations for Subdivisions shown in Table 1, Standards for Permanent Signs in the IR, OS and RF-RM4RH Zones.
 - 4. [No Change]
- **G.-K.** [No Change]

32.34.030 Additional Standards in Plan Districts.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 176469, 179092 and 182072, effective August 22, 2008.) Plan districts are shown on the Official Zoning Maps.

- A. Albina Community plan district.
 - 1. Where this regulation applies. The regulation of this subsection applies to signs in the Albina Community plan district.
 - 2. Sign standard. Signs for commercial uses in the RH zone are subject to the sign regulations for the CX zone.

Title 18 (Base Zone Regulations)

Amendments to this page of Title 18 are limited to re-lettering the paragraphs to accommodate deletion of the Albina Community plan district provisions.

B.-F. Re-letter to **A.-E.**

<u>FG.</u> South Auditorium plan district

1. Where these regulations apply. The regulations of this subsection apply to the South Auditorium plan district.

2. Standards.

a. Design review. Unless exempted under Subparagraphs GF.2.f. and g., below, all exterior signs, regardless of size, are subject to design review. See Chapter 33.420, Design Overlay Zone.

b.-d. [No Change]

- e. Signs for other uses and developments. The maximum total sign area allowed per frontage for uses or developments not listed in Subparagraphs GF.2.c. and d., above is 1 square foot for each 3 lineal feet of primary building wall. Only signs attached to buildings are allowed, except in a commercial zone where up to two freestanding signs per arterial street frontage are allowed. One sign is not allowed to exceed 12 feet in height and 100 square feet in area, and the other sign is not allowed to exceed 5 feet in height and 10 square feet in area. The regulations of the base zone supersede the regulations of this subparagraph when they are more restrictive.
- f. Temporary signs, portable signs, and lawn signs. Temporary signs, portable signs, and lawn signs are exempt from the sign regulations of Subparagraph $G\underline{F}$.2.a. through e.., above. Temporary signs and portable signs are limited to a total combined area of 25 square feet per site.
- **g.** Directional signs. Directional signs are exempt from the sign regulations of Subparagraph GF.2.c. through e., above.

H.-I. Re-letter to **G.-H.**

Title 18 (Base Zone Regulations)

Amendments to this page of Title 18 are limited to re-lettering the paragraphs to accommodate deletion of the Albina Community plan district provisions.

IJ. North Interstate plan district.

- 1. Purpose. Encouraging retention of the mid-century signs identified in this subsection will represent Interstate Avenue Corridor's rich past as US Route 99, which was the West Coast's major north-south highway before Interstate 5 was built. Because their current locations may preclude desired development, allowing them to move to other locations along the corridor is necessary to ensure preservation.
- 2. Where these regulations apply. The regulations of this subsection apply only to signs in the North Interstate plan district listed in Paragraph JI.4.
- **3.** Relocation allowed. The special signs listed in Paragraph <u>JI</u>.4, below, may be relocated as follows:
 - **a.-h.** [No Change]
- 4. [No Change]

Title 18	(Base	Zone	Regulations	;)

Amendments to this page of Title 18 are updates to the multi-dwelling zone names.

32.32.030 Additional Standards in All Zones.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 176469 and 185915, effective May 1, 2013.)

- **A.-E.** [No Change]
- **F.** Freestanding signs and monument signs.
 - **1.-2.** [No Change]
 - 3. Undeveloped sites. Permanent freestanding signs on sites without a primary use are subject to the regulations for Subdivisions shown in Table 1, Standards for Permanent Signs in the IR, OS and RF-RM4RH Zones.
 - 4. [No Change]
- **G.-K.** [No Change]