SAFETY DATA SHEET

1200727

2369

1. Identification

Product identifier 2.1 VOC Euro Clearcoat Slow Hardener

Product code 1200727

Recommended use Hardener

Recommended restrictions None known

Supplier/Distributor information

Company name

Address The Sherwin-Williams Company

4440 Warrensville Center Road

Warrensville Heights, OH 44128-2837

Product Information

Telephone

877-359-7598

Regulatory Information

Telephone

216-566-2902

Emergency Telephone 216-566-2917

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Sensitization, respiratory Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Category 1B Carcinogenicity

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with

Category 3

long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

77.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 49.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 89.88% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	20 - < 40
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	10 - < 30
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	5 - < 15
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic		64742-95-6	5 - < 10
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory		822-06-0	0< 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Ethylhexyl Acetate 2		103-09-3	0 - < 5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	0< 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0 - < 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	0 - < 5
Other components below reportable levels	5		10 - < 20

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or

supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. C	SHA Table	Z-1 Limits	for Air	Contaminants	(29	CFR	1910.	1000)

Components	Type	Value	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	T\A/A	150 ppm	
	TWA	130 ррш	

Components	Туре	Value	
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	Ceiling	0.14 mg/m3	
		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.035 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
,		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	STEL	0.18 mg/m3	
,		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.045 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	465 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
•		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS	TWA	125 mg/m3	
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Biological limit values

95-63-6)

ACGIH Biological Expe Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

25 ppm

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal

hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Liquid. **Form** Colorless Color Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available.

pН Not available. Melting point/freezing point -112 °F (-80 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

282.74 °F (139.3 °C) estimated

55.4 °F (13.0 °C) estimated Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available. Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated 7.9 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not available. **Explosive limit - lower (%)** Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure 7.56 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 515 °F (268.33 °C) estimated

Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

Density 1.10 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated Percent volatile 51.78 v/v % By Volume 51.8 w/w % By Weight

Specific gravity 1.1 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 2.39 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

2.99 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 286.77 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 358.38 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability**

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Strong acids.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation. **Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.

Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components Species Test Results

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 593 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 0.03 mg/l, 2 Hours

Rat 40 mg/l, 1 Hours 22 mg/l, 4 Hours

0.385 mg/l, 6 Hours

Oral

LD50 Cat 1100 mg/kg

 Mouse
 1980 mg/kg

 Rat
 960 mg/kg

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rat 1060 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 0.123 mg/l, 4 Hours

0.033 mg/l

3 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Mouse > 2500 mg/kg

ComponentsSpeciesTest ResultsRat> 1000 mg/kg

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12600 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Mouse 730 mg/kg

Rat 1.67 g/kg

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Cor	nponents		Species	Test Results	
Eth	ylbenzene (CAS 10	0-41-4)			
	Aquatic				
	Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours	
	Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Test Results Components **Species**

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Aquatic

LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours Fish

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Aquatic

LC50 Fish Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylbenzene 3.15 1.98 Methyl n-Amyl Ketone N-Butyl Acetate 1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

3 Class Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3 Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es) **Class** 3 Subsidiary risk

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant No.

F-E, S -E **EmS** Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS Listed.

822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) 500 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Isophorone	4098-71-9	500	500 lbs		

Diisocyanate Regulatory

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

CAS number	% by wt.	
822-06-0	0< 5	
100-41-4	0< 5	
4098-71-9	0< 5	
95-63-6	0 - < 5	
	822-06-0 100-41-4 4098-71-9	822-06-0 0< 5 100-41-4 0< 5 4098-71-9 0< 5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1. 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Version 2.1

Revision Date 08/19/2016

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