

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

CONFIDENTIAL  
Mil. File  
No. \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT Arrest of Grandy, William C.  
PPD 43050

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Taylor

4 July, 19 70

SUMMARY

This summary will cover the arrest of Ronald Woods, (a bank hold-up suspect) by the FBI, and Portland Police at Unthank Park, North Shaver and North Kerby, June 23, 1970.

NARRATIVE

On June 23, 1970, approximately 6:15PM six (6) FBI Agents, along with district car 71, Portland Police, stopped a 1957 dark blue Oldsmobile 2 door, bearing Oregon license 7J8 319. The driver, Ronald Woods, was a suspect in a bank hold-up and it was believed the vehicle was used by Woods to commit the bank hold-up.

Woods was subsequently arrested on a assault and beat warrant. The vehicle he was operating was to be towed.

The tow truck arrived and attempted to hook up with the above vehicle. At this point four or five black male subjects, identified as William Clifford Grandy, Michael Ferguson, Lynn Ferrygood, others unknown, sat on the front of the oldsmobile and refused to let the tow truck driver hook on to the car.

Officer Traversi asked them to move away from the vehicle. William Clifford Grandy refused to move. The other people did move away. Mr Grandy was asked three times to move from in front of the vehicle. Each time he refused using loud and profane language to express himself.

Officer Traversi informed Mr. Grandy that he was under arrest for interfering with a police officer.

The situation became chaotic from this point. The events can best be evaluated from individual reports attached to this summary, and from individual testimony.

It was necessary to call on East Precinct and Traffic Division for additional manpower to assist.

Testimony from witnesses listed, will identify by name, persons involved in this incident and their participation in the events surrounding the arrest of Ronald Woods and William Clifford Grandy.



SUBJECT Arrest of Grandy, William C  
PPD 43050

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Taylor4 July, 19 70NARRATIVE (CON'T)

It is impossible to positively identify all persons by name that were involved; therefore only the following persons that can be positively identified are listed:

- ✓ William Clifford Grandy
- ✓ Lynn Ferrygood
- ✓ Michael Ferguson
- ✓ Robert Mosely
- ✓ Robert Joe
- ✓ Raymond Joe
- ✓ James Gill

WITNESSES:

Six (6) FBI Agents (Names are available)  
Sergeant J. T. Davis  
Sergeant R. Richardson  
Sergeant H. Miller  
Spec. Officer S. Harmon  
Officer A. L. Wilhelm #560  
Officer D. Dick #21  
Officer J. Greisen #679  
Officer V. Traversi #154  
Officer R Larson #53  
Officer R Parno #389  
Officer M Moist #212

Officer R Hegge #601  
Officer T Marley #70  
Officer N Griffin Jr #287  
Officer N Gearheart # 466  
Officer M Foss #467  
Officer R Neeley #569  
Officer K McClure # 639  
Officer L Kanzler # 676

INJURIES RECEIVED BY POLICE OFFICERS:

Sergeant J. T. Davis - - struck with rocks and a bottle. minor bruise.  
Officer D. Dick #21 - - struck with rocks and a can. minor bruise.  
Officer T Marley #70 - - Hit with rocks.  
Officer M. A. Moist #212 - - Hit with rocks.  
Officer R. E. Hegge #601 - - Received a cut on his hand that required 17 stitches to close.

DAMAGE TO CITY PROPERTY:

Windshield broken - - 1970 Ply S/W - Shop #58.

Respectfully,

*James T. Davis*  
James T. Davis  
Sergeant  
North Precinct



E-1 6-19-70 12:55am

CONFIDENTIAL - NO SPLIT - ALL COPIES TO EAST,

CAPT SULLIVAN

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 12:55am

CAPTAIN SULLIVAN

6-19-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: 1522 SE Harold

Address supposedly being used as a Nurses Aide meeting for the free health clinic personnel from Russell and Vancouver

SIR:

While on routine patrol at approx 10:00pm, 6-18-70, observed Negro subj driving a 1955 Chevrolet, green, Oregon HBH 817 in the vicinity of 17th and Tacoma. He was driving suspiciously and the Officers attempted to stop the subj and he turned around the corner as if to elude the Officers and parked the car by the curb and shut the lights off and jumped over to the passenger side. ~~XXXX~~ First asked the subj what he was doing and he stated that he was waiting for somebody and then stated that no, he was just driving the car and was trying to lose us. Subj then stated that he did not have a drivers lic and did not want to get caught. Also had no ID on the person and we ran a 2926 on the plate and it came back registered to a Sandra M. BRITT, 5250 N. Vancouver. Subj stated that Sandra Britt was at 1522 SE Harold attending a meeting for the people that were involved in the free health clinic at Russell and Vancouver and that he had come there with her and she had let him use the car to run down to the gas station to have the oil checked and that was what he was doing at this location now. At this time we took the subj to the location of 1522 SE Harold and stated that Sandra Britt was in the house attending this meeting. Writer then went to the door where a young white female subj came to the door. I then asked for Miss Britt and she came out immediately. At this time I was able to glance in the door and saw several females sitting in the house. Asked Miss Britt if she had given anyone permission to use her car and she did not want to answer my question, and anything I did ask her she was very uncooperative about. She wished to divulge no information whatsoever and I took her out to the car and asked her if she knew the subj I had sitting in the back seat and she stated that yes she did and did tell us that this was R. B. Poston, negro male, dob 5-4-54 and that he had come to the meeting with her and that she had let him use her car to drive down to the gas station to have her oil checked.'

When we questioned this Poston subj he kept giving us different dates of birth and finally stated that his dob was 5-4-54 and he was 16 yrs of age.

(Continued)



Page 2.

At this time Miss Britt wanted to know where her car was and ~~we~~ asked if she could pick it up and we told her that she could if she had a valid drivers lic. She ~~XXXXX~~ stated that she did but it was back in the car and asked if we would drop her by so she could pick it up. At this time we transported Miss Britt and the Poston subj back to her car and while looking through her car she stated that she could not find her lic. Upon our inspection of the car could find nothing except a couple of receipts with the name K. FORD on them. We asked Miss Britt who this K. Ford was and she stated that it was Kent Ford and ~~xxxx~~ we then asked her what her relationship with him was and she stated that she was his fiancee. We asked her questions about the clinic and when they were supposed to get married and she would not answer any of my questions and then took Miss Britt and the Poston subj back to 1522 SE Harold and told her that she would have to get a licensed driver to drive her car away. While the writers were there we took down the lic numbers of the vehs parked around the house and presumably of the people who were inside attending the meeting. The first plate was Oregon 5V 1197, 1963 VW, registered to Leslie H. CURRIN, 424 NW 21st, Portland, current. Next plate was Oregon EDS 705, 1969 VW, registered to a Lala L. HANDORF, 5856 NE 30th, current. Next plate is Oregon LBD 154 registered to a 1965 Buick, 4 dr, stationwagon, to Richard T. and Marilyn B. JONES, 9715 SW ~~XXXXX~~ Eagle Creek, Beaverton, ~~XXXX~~ The next plate was Oregon HDH 691, 69 VW registered to Judy M. JENKINS, 3417 NW Savier, Portland. Next plate was Oregon Q 505, registered to a 1963 Volvo, 2 dr., to a A. E. O'Brien and Pat J. VAN VELLINGHEN, 7133 SW 2nd. Next plate that of ECN 186, 1963 Pontiac, 2 dr., to Maurice and EARLEEN E. WILLIAMS, 915 NE Portland Blvd. Next plate is Oregon LGX 173, 1965 Plymouth, 4 dr., to a Jo C. SCHMALTZ, 930 SW Gibbs, Apt #12. Next plate, Oregon EAR 512, 1964 Rambler sedan to a Marie L. DURRST, 1076 SW Gaines, current.

~~XXXX~~ All of these vehs were around the address of 1522 SE Harold at approx 10:30 as the writers came back by the house to check the house at 11:30, all vehs had cleared the area. A record check was run on this Poston subj and he had August 69, curfew; 2-61, Larc of auto; November, 66, bike theft; 6-64 B & ID; Juvs gives his date of birth as 1-19-54 and also a record check was run on Sandra M. BRITT and she has no record with our files only compl cards.

Resp,

T. Potter #281

P. M. Geidl #151

A shift/East/Dist 31/Uniform

3:00am 6-19-70 dw



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT INTEL re MILI

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Sullivan

3 July 70, 19\_\_

**CONFIDENTIAL**  
DETECTIVE *Mil. File*

*at 1430*

Sir; I received a phone call from a man who stated he was a black citizen from Albina, but refused to further identify himself. He stated that Kent Ford and his "dudes" were going to try to get a disturbance started over this weekend. The reason being that Judge Burke apparently cleared the court room yesterday in the Albert Williams trial, and would not let spectators in again today. When questioned he could give no details as what, where or when the supposed incident was to take place.

Resp.,

*Lawrence U. Baker*  
Lt. Lawrence U. Baker  
E M

*[Signature]*  
CAPT. W. L. SULLIVAN  
Cmdg. - East Precinct



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT Hate Literature

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Sgt Schwabtz6-26-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE;  
Hate Literature  
3525 NE Union  
Comp.  
Mr. Mucek  
Paramount Floor  
Coverings.

Sir; In ans to phone call received by you I proceeded to aside address and pick up a letter left at the Paramount Floor Covering Co. by the Black Panther Party.

This letter was turned over to you to be taken care of by <sup>you</sup> as nessasary.

RESP.  
J. McBrayer  
Det. Larc/Days

*Put in Black Panther  
file*





# Black Community News Service

## PIGS RUN AMUCK IN MALCOLM X PARK PIGS BEAT TWO BROTHERS TWO ARRESTED

-IN REGARD TO THE ATTACK ON THE PEOPLE TUESDAY, JUNE 23rd, AT MALCOLM X PARK, AND THE CONTINUING BEEPED UP PATROLS IN THE COMMUNITY-----THIS IS ONLY THE WAY THE PIGS ARE SUPPOSED TO ACT AGAINST AN UNARMED PEOPLE!!

THE PIGS CAME INTO THE PARK AND VIOLATED THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE TO PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY.

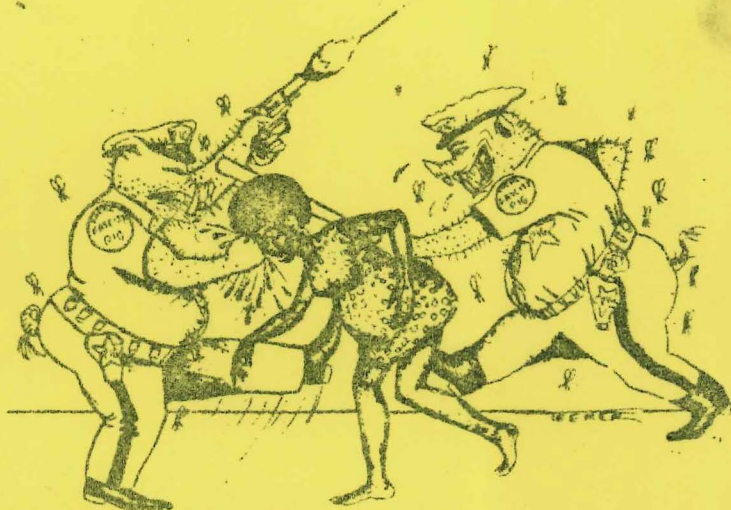
THE PIGS BEAT AND KIDNAPPED BROTHER BILL GRANDY, WHO WAS ACTING WITH SELF-LESSNESS, IN THE DEFENSE OF BROTHER "CHOPPER".

THESE BROTHERS WERE EXERCISING THEIR RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE. SO, WE SAY,  
RIGHT ON, GRANDY  
RIGHT ON, "CHOPPER"

BUT, THERE IS ONE LESSON THE PEOPLE MUST LEARN FROM THIS RACIST PIG ATTACK THAT THE PIGS HAVE ONE THING, THE POWER OF THE GUN. SO, BROTHERS AND SISTERS-----ARM YOURSELVES!!!!!!

**ARM YOURSELF OR HARM YOURSELF**

BLACK PANTHER PARTY INFORMATION  
CENTER



7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and MURDER of black people.



"THE TIME WHEN PEOPLE CAN  
SIT BACK AND VIEW PROCESSES  
OF INJUSTICE AND INEQUALITY  
HAS COME TO AN END"

*Resp*  
N Griffin 73  
Nelson  
MG. Chase  
M.W. MARTIN  
E A 63 King

### "SEIZE THE TIME"



# Black Panther Party



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR

MARCH 1971



"WE ARE FROM 25 TO 30 MILLION STRONG, AND WE ARE ARMED. AND WE ARE CONSCIOUS OF OUR SITUATION. AND WE ARE DETERMINED TO CHANGE IT. AND WE ARE UNAFRAID."



WARNING TO AMERICA



BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED BY THE FBI AS A BRIEF STUDY OF THE BACKGROUND, TACTICS, AND OBJECTIVES OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY. THE ORGANIZATION'S OWN PUBLICATIONS WERE THE SOURCE FOR MOST OF THE MATERIAL REPRODUCED.





BLACK PANTHER PARTY



LET US HOLD HIGH THE BANNER OF REVOLUTIONARY INTERCOMMUNALISM

AND THE INVINCIBLE THOUGHTS OF

**HUEY P. NEWTON**

MINISTER OF DEFENSE OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY

AND SUPREME SERVANT OF THE PEOPLE.



## I. FOUNDING

The Black Panther Party, with headquarters in Oakland, California, was founded in 1966 by two Oakland Negroes – Huey Percy Newton and Bobby George Seale – both at that time at Merritt College in Oakland. The name and symbol of the new party were taken from the Lowndes County Freedom Organization, an Alabama political party known informally in 1965 as the Black Panther Party.

From the writings of communists, revolutionaries, and black militants, Newton and Seale allegedly selected ideas around which they could build a revolutionary frame that suited the needs of their party. Influential writings included those of Mao Tse-tung, Chinese Communist leader; Frantz Fanon, West Indian psychiatrist who advocated violence for Algerian nationalists; Ernesto “Che” Guevara, one-time lieutenant of Cuba’s Fidel Castro and a principal architect of 20th century guerrilla warfare; Malcolm X, American black nationalist who advocated violence to obtain Negro “freedom”; and W. E. B. DuBois, Negro educator who became a member of the Communist Party, USA, at the age of 93.

The organization was at first called the Black Panther Party for Self-Defense; however, the “Self-Defense” was removed in 1968 in an effort to project a more politically oriented image to prospective sympathizers and supporters.

As head of the new Black Panther Party, Newton assumed the title Minister of Defense, and Seale was named Chairman. When questioned about the membership of their organization, Newton and Seale gave the since oft-repeated reply: “Those who know don’t say. Those who say don’t know.” The militancy of the group, however, had an immediate appeal to the discontented, restless youth of Oakland’s ghettos.



HUEY PERCY NEWTON



BOBBY GEORGE SEALE





*Black Panther Party Chairman, Bobby Seale, and Minister of Defense, Huey Newton, selling Red Chinese magazine and "quotations from Chairman Mao Tse Tung."*

*3-2-67 San Francisco, Calif.*



## II. BLACK PANTHER OBJECTIVES

The Black Panther Party "Platform and Program" is repeated in each issue of the official Party publication, *The Black Panther*.

### October 1966 Black Panther Party Platform and Program

# What We Want What We Believe

**1. We want freedom. We want power to determine the destiny of our Black Community.**

We believe that black people will not be free until we are able to determine our destiny.

**2. We want full employment for our people.**

We believe that the federal government is responsible and obligated to give every man employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that if the white American businessmen will not give full employment, then the means of production should be taken from the businessmen and placed in the community so that the people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.



**3. We want an end to the robbery by the CAPITALIST of our Black Community.**

We believe that this racist government has robbed us and now we are demanding the overdue debt of forty acres and two mules. Forty acres and two mules was promised 100 years ago as restitution for slave labor and mass murder of black people. We will accept the payment in currency which will be distributed to our many communities. The Germans are now aiding the Jews in Israel for the genocide of the Jewish people. The Germans murdered six million Jews. The American racist has taken part in the slaughter of over fifty million black people; therefore, we feel that this is a modest demand that we make.

**4. We want decent housing, fit for shelter of human beings.**

We believe that if the white landlords will not give decent housing to our black community, then the housing and the land should be made into cooperatives so that our community, with government aid, can build and make decent housing for its people.

**5. We want education for our people that exposes the true nature of this decadent American society. We want education that teaches us our true history and our role in the present-day society.**

We believe in an educational system that will give to our people a knowledge of self. If a man does not have knowledge of himself and his position in society and the world, then he has little chance to relate to anything else.

**6. We want all black men to be exempt from military service.**

We believe that Black people should not be forced to fight in the military service to defend a racist government that does not protect us. We will not fight and kill other people of color in the world who, like black people, are being victimized by the white racist government of America. We will protect ourselves from the force and violence of the racist police and the racist military, by whatever means necessary.

**7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and MURDER of black people.**

We believe we can end police brutality in our black community by organizing black self-defense groups that are dedicated to defending our black community from racist police oppression and brutality. The Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States gives a right to bear arms. We therefore believe that all black people should arm themselves for self-defense.

**8. We want freedom for all black men held in federal, state, county and city prisons and jails.**

We believe that all black people should be released from the many jails and prisons because they have not received a fair and impartial trial.

**9. We want all black people when brought to trial to be tried in court by a jury of their peer group or people from their black communities, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.**

We believe that the courts should follow the United States Constitution so that black people will receive fair trials. The 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a similar economic, social, religious, geographical, environmental, historical and racial background. To do this the court will be forced to select a jury from the black community from which the black defendant came. We have been, and are being tried by all-white juries that have no understanding of the "average reasoning man" of the black community.

**10. We want land, bread, housing, education, clothing, justice and peace. And as our major political objective, a United Nations-supervised plebiscite to be held throughout the black colony in which only black colonial subjects will be allowed to participate, for the purpose of determining the will of black people as to their national destiny.**

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security.







BLACK PANTHER PARTY

### III. RISE OF BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Proclaiming a legal right to bear arms, the Panthers by early 1967 had begun to appear in public wearing black leather jackets and black berets, openly carrying shotguns, rifles, or pistols, and shouldering bandoliers of ammunition.

Calling the police "pigs," the Panthers began a buildup in Negro areas of the idea that police departments, especially that in Oakland, were dedicated to the brutalization and harassment of minority groups, and, acting as an appendage of white government authority, were working toward the eventual annihilation (genocide) of the Negro race.

#### *Invasion of California State Legislature*

The first incident that brought national attention to this group occurred on May 2, 1967, as the California Legislature was in session in Sacramento. Approximately 40 members of the Black Panther Party, carrying loaded rifles, pistols, and shotguns, and some wearing bandoliers of ammunition about their waists or draped over their shoulders, burst into the Chamber. They were protesting a bill being introduced on that date outlawing the carrying of loaded weapons in public and were proclaiming their right to bear arms and criticize the police. Before they were arrested, they passed out mimeographed leaflets calling on all Negroes to end the "terrorist" oppression of colored races by white America and referring to the preparation of concentration camps in the United States as a beginning of genocide.

#### *Police Officer Meets Panthers--and Death*

The Panthers became more militant with the passing of time. At 5:00 a.m., October 28, 1967, two Oakland, California, patrol officers, John F. Frey and Herbert C. Heanes, made a routine traffic violation car stop. While the officers were awaiting the results of the car registration check by radio, the driver, Huey Newton, got out of the car. Suddenly, shooting broke out. Officer Frey was killed; Officer Heanes was wounded critically; and Newton received a stomach wound. He stopped a passing automobile and had the driver take him to a hospital where he was taken into custody and hospitalized. After a state trial, which began July 15, 1968, Newton was sentenced on September 27, 1968, to serve from 2 to 15 years on a charge of voluntary manslaughter.\*

#### *"Free Huey" Campaign*

Two days after Patrolman Frey's death, the Huey Newton Defense Fund was established at a meeting of a section of the Negro community of Oakland.

The cry of "Free Huey" became a clarion call. The imprisoned Newton was built up in the public eye as "black and bold in defense of his people." Each

\*It was ruled later that the presiding judge in this trial erred in instructions to the jury. Newton was released August 5, 1970, and scheduled for retrial.



LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER

bringing its own axe to grind, such organizations as the anarchist New Left group named Students for a Democratic Society; the Trotskyist Socialist Workers Party and its youth group, the Young Socialist Alliance; the Communist Chinese-oriented Progressive Labor Party; the Communist Party, USA, and its youth affiliate, the W. E. B. DuBois Clubs of America; and militant campus groups, black and white, began to gather in support of the Panthers, who were willing not only to defy the establishment, but to destroy it.

#### *Enter Leroy Eldridge Cleaver*

Early in 1967, the Panthers were joined by a recent parolee from the California prison system, author of a best-selling autobiography, *Soul On Ice*, staff writer for the magazine *Ramparts*, and admitted Marxist - Leroy Eldridge Cleaver.

In *Soul On Ice*, Cleaver wrote: "I sought out his (Marx's) books...It was like taking medicine for me to find that, indeed, American Capitalism deserved all the hatred and contempt that I felt for it in my heart...."

After Newton was jailed, although he remained the undisputed leader, it soon became apparent that Cleaver, designated Minister of Information, was projecting a major leadership image. The Party began to further widen its publicity, nationally and internationally, and enlarge its radical support and revolutionary intent.

As an example of this spreading influence of the Panther Party, the 1968 National Election ticket of the Peace and Freedom Party, a coalition of radical groups, included Cleaver as candidate for the Presidential nomination; Newton as candidate for the 7th Congressional District of Alameda County, California; Kathleen Cleaver, 18th Assembly District, California State Legislature; Bobby Seale, 17th Assembly District, California State Legislature. Cleaver received a national total of almost 200,000 votes. Only a small percentage of the California electorate cast their votes for Newton, Seale, and Kathleen Cleaver.

On the evening of April 6, 1968, Cleaver and several Panthers became involved in a shoot-out with Oakland police officers. The incident resulted in the death of a Panther, the wounding of two police officers, and the wounding and arrest of Cleaver. Cleaver's parole was revoked immediately and he was returned to prison. After much publicity, he was later released on bail by a Superior Court Judge who ruled that the jeopardy of his parole status stemmed "from his undue eloquence in pursuing political goals...offensive to many of his contemporaries." This decision was overruled by the District Court of Appeals and upheld by the California Court of Appeals. Cleaver was ordered to return to prison by November 27, 1968. Electing to become a Federal fugitive, he disappeared in late November, 1968, going first to Havana, Cuba, and later to Algiers, where he has established residence.

#### *International Committee to Defend Eldridge Cleaver*

Soon after Cleaver's arrest in the spring of 1968, approximately 150 prominent individuals sponsored the establishment of an International Committee to Defend Eldridge Cleaver. The committee intended to dispatch a team to Europe to gain



international support and arrange for a European edition of Cleaver's book, *Soul On Ice*.

### *Rise of the Black Panther Party*

In May, 1968, the hard-core membership of the Black Panther Party was estimated at only 125, and Panther activity was confined largely to the San Francisco-Oakland, California, area. However, because of the dramatic shoot-outs, the "Free Huey" Campaign, the funds established for the defense of both Newton and Cleaver, the widespread publicity, and the support given readily by white radical groups and individual sympathizers, the Black Panther Party began to grow rapidly, not only in membership but in militancy and influence. Chapters began to appear in major cities throughout the country. By the end of 1968, the membership had reached nearly 2,000, with additional thousands of sympathizers and supporters.

PAGE 23 THE BLACK PANTHER SEPTEMBER 21, 1968

## 1968: BALLOT OR THE BULLET



**KATHLEEN CLEAVER,  
COMMUNICATION SECT.,  
BLACK PANTHER PARTY**

**18th ASSEMBLY DISTRICT  
S.F. PEACE & FREEDOM PARTY**

**SHOOT YOUR SHOT**



**BLACK PANTHER PARTY**

## IV. LEADERSHIP

Organizationally, the Black Panther Party is set up to be under a Central Committee composed of the following positions:

- Minister of Defense and Supreme Commander, held by Huey Newton
- Chairman, held by Bobby George Seale
- Minister of Information, formerly held by Leroy Eldridge Cleaver
- Chief of Staff, held by David Hilliard
- Minister of Education, held by Raymond (Masai) Hewitt
- Communications Secretary, formerly held by Cleaver's wife, Kathleen
- Minister of Culture, held by Emory Douglas
- Field Marshal, formerly held by Donald Lee Cox

The position of Assistant Chief of Staff, not included among the Central Committee, is occupied by Roosevelt (June) Hilliard.

Under the Central Committee, the chain of command extends to leaders and officers of local chapters.



**DAVID HILLIARD**



**RAYMOND (MASAI) HEWITT**



**KATHLEEN CLEAVER**



**EMORY DOUGLAS**



**DONALD LEE COX**



## National Committee to Combat Fascism

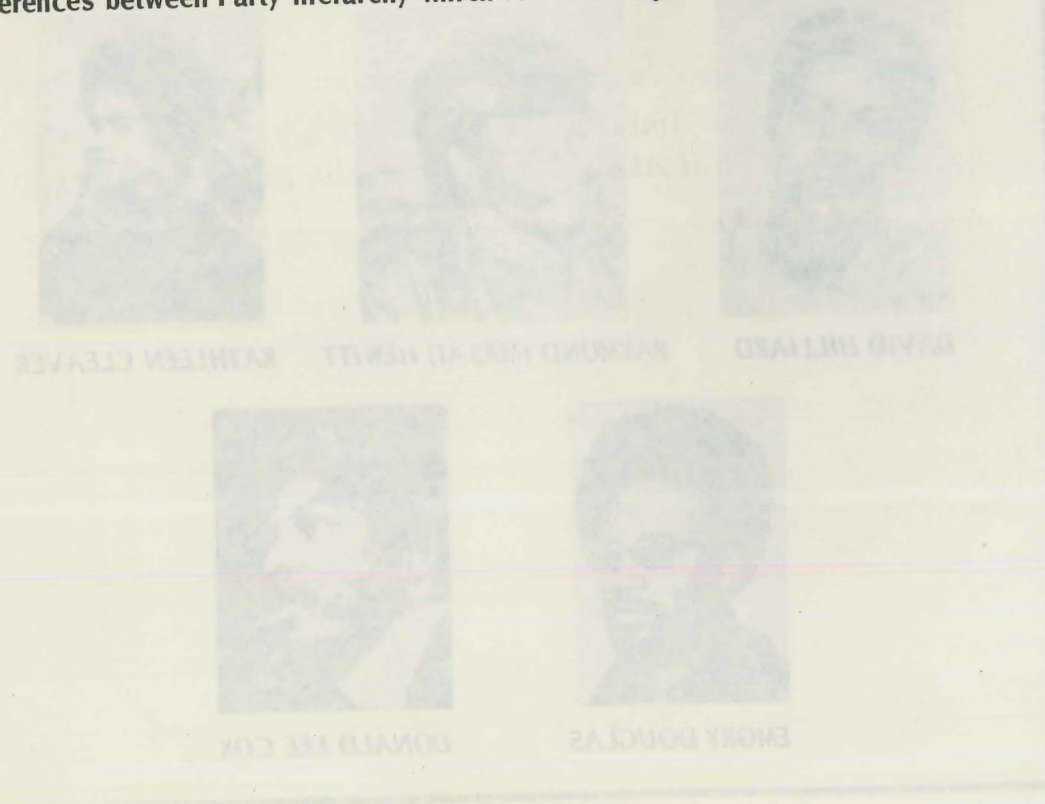
Set up to coexist with Black Panther Party branches in various cities in the United States are chapters of another organization called National Committee to Combat Fascism. In actuality, there is little difference between the two. This group, a Panther Party front, was set up as the result of a revolutionary conference, called National Conference for a United Front Against Fascism, held in Oakland, California, in July, 1969. The conference, sponsored by the Black Panther Party and assisted by the anarchist Students for a Democratic Society and the Communist Party, USA, was called to form a coalition of black and white radicals, described as "oppressed people."

The National Committee to Combat Fascism is considered by Party leaders to be the "political organizing bureau" of the Black Panther Party. Its specific task allegedly is to raise the political level of the people and educate them against the system.

## International Section

On September 13, 1970, the International Section of the Black Panther Party officially opened in Algiers. Joining Cleaver on the staff were his wife, Kathleen, and Field Marshal Donald Lee Cox, a fugitive from justice. Cox faces charges of unlawful flight to avoid prosecution for conspiracy to commit murder, based on a warrant issued on April 20, 1970, at Baltimore, Maryland. He also failed to appear on May 14, 1970, in San Francisco, to answer Federal firearms charges.

This section, in its entirety, was expelled from the Black Panther Party by Huey Newton on February 27, 1971. The expulsion resulted from tensions and differences between Party hierarchy which led to disruptive factionalism.



*D.C. greeting African brothers*



*Chinese 2nd Ambassador (R), Press Attaché (M) and Cultural Attaché (L) talking with Eldridge*



*Opening attended by cross section of Liberation Movements*

*Scenes from opening of International Section, The Black Panther, October 31, 1970*





BLACK PANTHER PARTY

## V. FUNDS

The money by which the Black Panther Party operates comes from a number of sources. There are substantial private contributions; fees for public appearances, such as campus speeches, radio, and television appearances; payments for magazine articles; collections for trials and bail funds in this country and abroad; subscriptions and individual sales of the Party's official organ, *The Black Panther*; fund-raising activities sponsored by sympathizers and supporters; sales of recordings of interviews and speeches; and financial aid from radicals and extremists.

According to the press, there is reason to believe that the Panthers, to obtain additional funds, are engaging in criminal activities, such as burglaries and robberies.



BLACK PANTHER PARTY

## VI. "SOCIALISTIC" PROGRAMS

Panther Party leaders insist their primary aim is to serve the "people," meaning ghetto blacks. To establish good intent, Party officials have set up a series of community services aimed at recruiting members and sympathizers and building Party influence in ghetto areas. These programs, described by the Panthers as "socialistic" programs, are supposed to be carried out by all Party branches and include: "liberation schools" to give "our people a knowledge of self"; free health clinics, with money, medical supplies and professional services donated by laymen and professionals in the community; free clothing programs, with clothing donated by the community; Community Information Centers, to "answer the basic needs of the people"; and a monthly free shuttle bus service for families of blacks in prison. Few of these programs actually are carried out, and those that have been attempted have been mostly unsuccessful.

The program that has received the most publicity is the "breakfast program," devised as a further means of indoctrinating Negro youth in Panther teachings of racism and rebellion. As expressed in *The Black Panther*, June 14, 1969, "The youth we are feeding will surely feed the revolution." Breakfasts are held for ghetto children either at churches, housing projects, Panther Community Information Centers, or other space that can be obtained free of charge. Panthers usually ask local businessmen to donate food or money to this program, boycotting stores that refuse to participate. At these functions, children have been known to sing such chants as: "I am a revolutionary. I am a revolutionary. There's going to be some barbecue if Huey's not set free. Power to the people."

In 1969, Panther "Coloring Books" were printed and given out at these breakfasts. The books contained 22 pages of drawings teaching the children to distrust, hate, and kill police officers.





BLACK PANTHER PARTY

## VII. TACTICS

The Black Panther Party is a violent revolutionary group whose members provoke confrontations with law enforcement officers and whose leaders incite racial hatred and preach urban guerrilla warfare.

### *Target: Police*

Panthers claim that black communities are occupied by the police in the same way and for the same purpose that foreign troops occupy conquered territory and that these forces, operating under "establishment" orders, are engaged in gradual annihilation of the black race. Blacks, according to the Panthers, must, through urban guerrilla warfare, use guns to liberate themselves from the ever-present repressive enemy. Children in Panther "schools" do their exercises to the rhythm of: "There is a pig upon the hill — if you don't kill him the Panthers will."

Numerous claims have been made that the Black Panther Party is an innocent victim of police persecution and genocide. This charge is rendered absurd by fact. During 1970, 6 police officers were killed and 22 wounded through acts of violence traced to the Panthers. One officer, in 1969, was killed by a Panther with a shotgun blast at point-blank range as the officer lay wounded and helpless on the ground.

Out of 20 members named by the Panther Party as "killed in cold blood" by the police, four were killed by members of a rival black extremist group on the west coast; one died of barbiturate intoxication; one was shot and killed by a store owner during a robbery attempt; one was killed by his wife over a love affair he was having with a female Black Panther; and another was allegedly tortured and killed by Panther Party members. Of the remaining twelve, two were found dead on the street, the victims of unknown assailants, and ten were involved in shoot-outs with police officers.

### *Attacks on Others*

Panther attacks have not been limited to the police. While claiming their intent to protect the black community, Panthers have assaulted and threatened citizens who have tried to assist the police.

Neighborhood stores have been forced to "contribute" food supplies and money under fear of Panther violence. Many other persons have also been victimized, as shown by the fact that in 1969 alone 348 Panther members were arrested for serious crimes, including murder, armed robbery, rape, bank robbery, and burglary.

On April 21, 1969, 21 members of the Black Panther Party were charged in New York in a 30-count indictment with conspiring to bomb public places and murder policemen and with possessing dangerous weapons.

**SURVIVAL PENDING REVOLUTION**

HUEY TOLD ME THAT THE PEOPLE ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING REVOLUTION. BUT WHILE IN THE PROCESS OF MAKING THE REVOLUTION, HUEY SAYS, "WE THE PEOPLE ARE THREATENED WITH GENOCIDE, BECAUSE RACISM AND FASCISM ARE RAMPANT, NOT ONLY IN OUR COUNTRY BUT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD." HE SAYS, "WE INTEND TO CHANGE ALL THAT. BUT IN ORDER TO CHANGE IT, THERE MUST BE TOTAL TRANSFORMATION. BUT UNTIL SUCH TIME THAT WE CAN ACHIEVE THAT TOTAL TRANSFORMATION, WE MUST EXIST. IN ORDER TO EXIST, WE MUST SURVIVE; SO THEREFORE WE NEED A SURVIVAL KIT." SO THAT WE CAN GROW UP HEALTHY WITH A MIND THAT CAN BE FUNCTIONAL AND CREATIVE.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
YOUR COMRADE IN ARMS



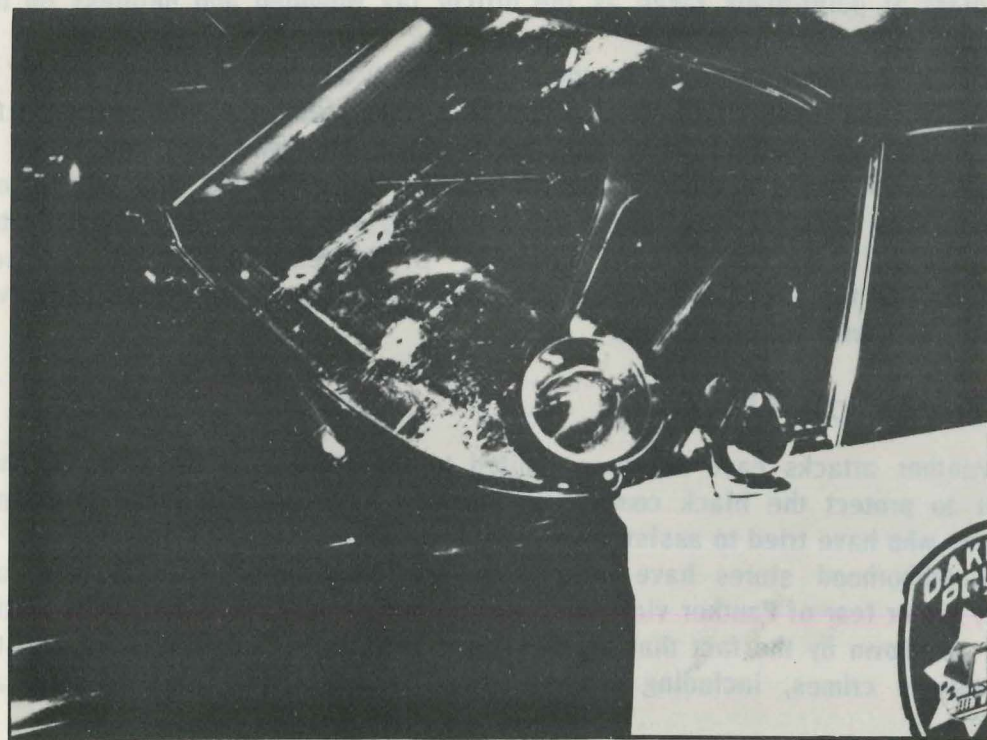
## Weapons Caches

Stockpiles of machine guns, sawed-off shotguns, rifles, hand grenades, thousands of rounds of ammunition, Molotov cocktails, gunpowder, and accumulations of bayonets, swords, and machetes have been confiscated from Panther offices.

### "Revolutionary Suicide"

On August 7, 1970, Superior Court Judge Harold Haley, the Deputy District Attorney, and three other persons were tied together with piano wire and dragged from a San Rafael, California, courtroom and taken as hostages by three armed Negro convicts, one of whom was standing trial for stabbing a San Quentin prison guard. The escapees were assisted by the defendant's 17-year-old brother who supplied them with weapons for the escapade. Judge Haley, who had a sawed-off shotgun taped to his neck, and the other hostages were forced into a waiting van. When the authorities tried to stop the kidnappers, the judge was brutally murdered; the Deputy District Attorney was injured seriously; and another hostage was slightly wounded. Three Negroes were slain and one was wounded.

Immediately thereafter, Huey Newton declared the killing of Judge Haley as being of "historical" importance to the Black Panther Party. This declaration was based on the Panther belief that all black prisoners, regardless of their crimes, are political prisoners and should be released.



OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, POLICE DEPARTMENT CRUISER INVOLVED IN THE APRIL 6, 1968, GUNBATTLE WITH MEMBERS OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY.



CONFISCATED PANTHER WEAPONS

The perpetrators of the courtroom incident were lauded by the Panthers as setting another "revolutionary example for black people." In commenting further, *The Black Panther* of August 15, 1970, stated:

*"The example that these brothers have set will be followed by many and many will rise to choose revolutionary suicide rather than reactionary suicide. Black people will unleash in great numbers the Black kamakazi..."*

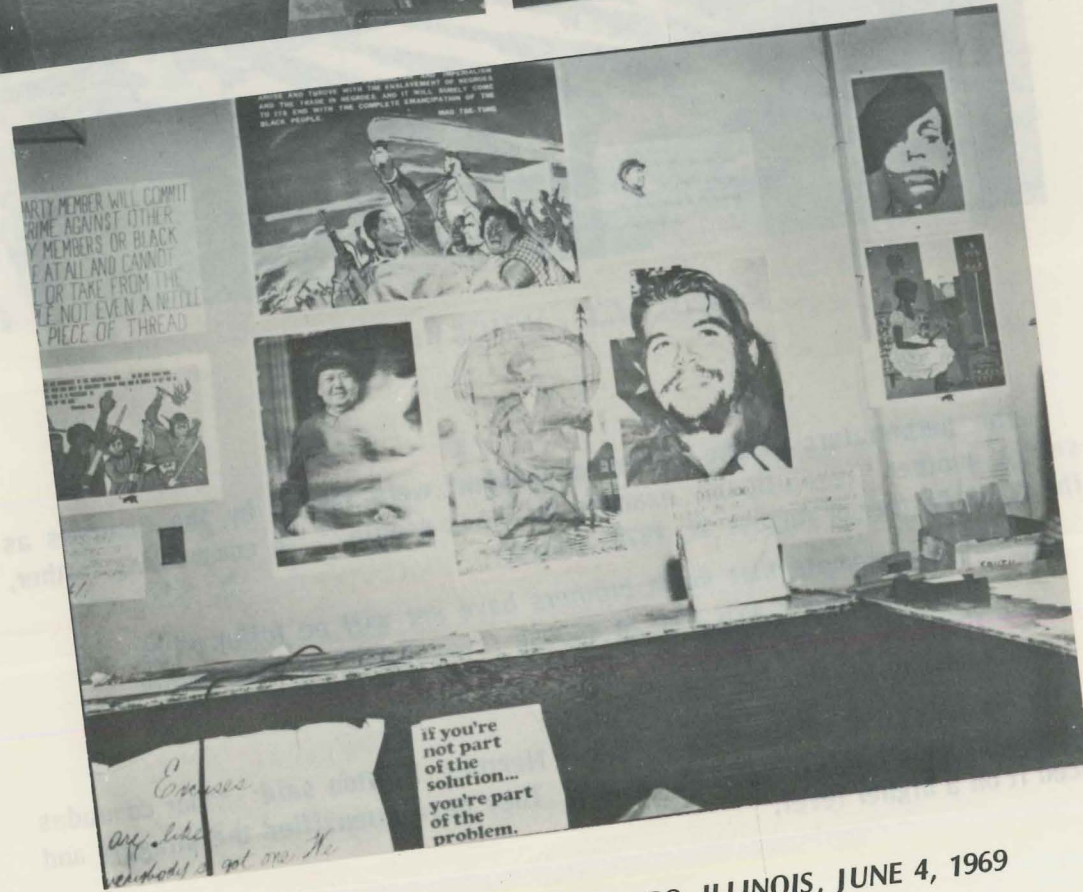
In his eulogy at services for the slain Negroes, Newton said: "Our comrades have taught us all a revolutionary lesson. They have intensified the struggle and placed it on a higher level."



## Panther "Justice"

Recalcitrant members of the Black Panther Party are sometimes victims of Panther "justice." As one example, Panther Chairman Bobby Seale was brought to trial in New Haven, Connecticut, for the torture-murder of Panther Alex Rackley. Rackley, a Panther suspected of being an informant, was scalded, murdered, and dumped in a swamp.

For a variety of reasons, many members have been purged from the Party. These incidents are usually written up in *The Black Panther* in special articles accompanied by photographs.



PANTHER HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, JUNE 4, 1969

## EXPELLED

So let this be heard throughout the black community, of Atlantic City, New Jersey. That Leonard Weeks is no longer a servant of the people. That he is no longer the breakfast coordinator for this community



WEEKS, EXPELLED ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

center, or for that matter no center ran by the Black Panther Party. He has become slip-shod in his duties as a servant to the people, Black Panther Party N.C.C.F. Community Center Atlantic City,

many times he has been warned by his comrades, about his work, and about his duty to the people's children. He deserted the children of the black community, there were days he would not attend the breakfast program, because he said that he was tired or that he overslept. Well we cannot adhere to this because as revolutionaries we must prepare ourselves to be a match for a hundred. We must prepare to run ourselves to death if need be, so that the people shall be served, and to see to it that they truly have a right to the best. And we have no time for slip-shod niggers. We must hold ourselves responsible to the people. Every word, every act, and every policy must confirm to the people's interest, and if mistakes occur, they must be corrected, that is what being responsible to the people means.

## FOOLS RUSH IN

Harold Wright, number one fool in Pittsburgh, rushed out of here and into Baltimore.



HAROLD WRIGHT, FOOL

The National Committee to Combat Fascism has no time for crazy dumb fools who run around pimping off the people's just struggle for freedom and self-determination. This modern day mad man can't seem to find himself or anything else for that matter. He started

out, helping to put this office together and after a long train of was put out. Harold didn't like this and started to hang around our office trying to give the community the impression that he was still a member of the revolutionary ranks of Babylon.

After a few days of the breakfast program, his wife Michelle decided that she loved Harold more than the people and went with him.

We say goodbye to the Wright family and other love birds (like the Johnson's) who can't deal for the people.

So let this be heard, Harold and Michelle Wright are not members of the National Committee to Combat Fascism nor will these fools ever be.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
National Committee to Combat Fascism  
574 Brushton Ave.  
Pittsburgh, Penn.  
(412) 242-4728

The Black Panther, June 20, 1970, p. 8.





BLACK PANTHER PARTY

## VIII. PROPAGANDA

Although posters, pamphlets, recordings, and a singing group called "The Lumpen" are among propaganda vehicles used by the Black Panther Party, the main channel to the public is through their official organ, *The Black Panther*. Funds permitting, it is published weekly in Oakland, California. It includes editorials by Party leaders and spokesmen; provocative slogans; inflammatory articles; revolutionary art," comprising cartoons; and an international news section.

Excerpts from Article carrying  
Typed Signature of Eldridge Cleaver.

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1970 PAGE 4

### TO MY BLACK BROTHERS IN VIET NAM

I'm writing this on January 4, 1970. We are starting out a new year. On August 31, I'll be 35 years old. I'm married, and I have one child with another one on the way. I am in love with my wife and I would like to enjoy a happy life raising a family. But I am not free to live the type of life that I would like. Pigs--the racist fascist rulers of the United States--won't let me....

We appeal to you Brothers to come to the aid of your people. Either quit the army, now, or start destroying it from the inside. Anything else is a compromise and a form of treason

against your own people. Stop killing the Vietnamese people. You need to start killing the racist pigs who are over there with you giving you orders. Kill General Abrahms and his staff, all his officers. Sabotage supplies and equipment, or turn them over to the Vietnamese people. Talk to the other Brothers and wake them up. You should start now weeding out the traitors amongst you. It is better to do it now than to allow them to return home to help the pigs wipe us out. Especially the Uncle Tom officers should be dealt with now, because the pigs will use them as effective tools against our peo-

ple. When you can no longer take care of business inside the army, then turn yourself over to the Vietnamese people and tell them you want to join the freedom Panther Party to fight for the freedom and liberation of your own people. If you do cross over, you don't have to worry about the Vietnamese people abusing you. They will be glad to see you drop out of the army because what they want most in life is to stop the fighting in their land. You have a duty to humanity as well as to your own people not to be used as murderous tools by racist pigs to oppress the people.

### "IF YOU WANT PEACE YOU GOT TO FIGHT FOR IT"

There's too many American flags out here, and our Minister of Information, Eldridge Cleaver, says that the American flag and the American eagle are the true symbols of fascism. ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE. Black power to Black people, Brown power to Brown people, Red power to Red people, and Yellow power to Ho Chi Minh, and Comrade Kim Il Sung the courageous leader of the 40,000,000 Korean people....

We say down with the American fascist society. Later for Richard Millhouse Nixon, the Later for all the pigs of the power

structure. Later for all the people out here that don't want to hear me curse because that's all that I know how to do. That's all that I'm going to do. I'm not going to ever stop cursing, not only are we going to curse, we're going to put into practice some of the that we talk about. Because Richard Nixon is an evil man. This is the unleashed the counter-insurgent teams upon the BPP. This is the man that's responsible for all the attacks on the Black Panther Party nationally. This is the man that sends his vicious murderous dogs out into the Black

community and invade upon our Black Panther Party Breakfast Programs. Destroy food that we have for hungry kids and expect us to accept like that idly. We will kill any man. We will kill Richard Nixon. We will kill any man that stands in the way of our freedom. We ain't here for no goddamned peace, because we know that we can't have no peace because this country was built on war. And if you want peace you got to fight for it.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

Photograph accompanying Article indicated these are the Words of Chief of Staff, David Hilliard. THE BLACK PANTHER, November 22, 1969, p. 10.

## Editorials

Through editorials, readers are advised of Party positions on national and international issues and are presented with the opinions of the hierarchy on inter-Party matters.

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1971 PAGE 2

### STATEMENT BY HUEY P. NEWTON, MINISTER OF DEFENSE OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY AND SUPREME SERVANT OF THE PEOPLE, ON THE OCCASION OF REVOLUTIONARY INTERCOMMUNAL DAY OF SOLIDARITY- MARCH 5, 1971

Power to the People, Brothers and Sisters,

First of all I would like to thank all of you for my very presence here, because if it weren't for the Power of the People, I wouldn't be here tonight. I'm not here because of the Black Panther Party; I'm not here because of any group, I'm not here because of a group of kamakazis. I'm here because of the Power of the People.

We must remember that Revolution is a process. It's not a conclusion; because once we conclude, then we become counter-revolutionary. And that means even with the gun in our hands, because fascism also has a gun. And I would like to say tonight that the Black Panther Party stands against all forms of fascism, including sexual fascism. That we are against all kinds of chauvinism, including racial chauvinism; we're against sexual chauvinism, national chauvinism. We're intercommunalists. Before I went to prison, most of you know, you are aware, that I never made any speeches, you see, because I'm not a very eloquent man. I'm better known by the actions. And the Party was built upon the actions. And the action itself is a process. And we're not ever fixated. We haven't accepted any dogma. And we will not.

And I would like to say this, that from now on the Party itself will be better known by its contributions to the People, for the simple reason that some people around us seem to want to be known through the Media. But the Party can only judge itself through establishing certain survival programs, pending Revolution. Because remember, you make the Revolution. We can't free political prisoners, only the people can free political prisoners. And a people who are not free cannot free their prisoners, cannot free the prisoners that fascism makes. So I would like to say that we must work very hard in order to lift the consciousness of the people. We must free our Chairman Bobby Seale, Angela Davis, Ruchell Magee, the Soledad Brothers, the seven and the three, and all other political prisoners. Randy. We have to free all of them.

But we must remember that we must exhaust every possible tactic. And we must let it be known that never broad-

cast military tactics for military reasons. It's perfectly correct to broadcast military tactics for political reasons. That's what Uncle Ho said, and I agree with him. So we would like for the people to know that there are many things that we will not discuss in public. But what you can do is watch the fruits of our work. And we would like to say that our Party became an intercommunal Party upon its actions. And I think that's very good. So I'm asking you in order to free all political prisoners, free the people, free the woman and also the man, that we have to get together in unity by substituting verbal expressions for action. The final test of the pie is the action. We'll stand on the Black Panther Party. The Black Panther Party from 1966 when it was formed will stand on its record, will stand on the action. We won't claim to be ultra-leftists; we won't claim to be infantile leftists. What we'll do is act in accordance with the particular set of conditions and the particular problem that we have at a time. So please judge us upon our actions and we will develop like that. We will not develop with tip service coming from anyone. And sometimes I'm very thankful that I don't talk too well, because that's only one way of communication. We say that a picture is worth a thousand words, but action is supreme.

But what kind of action you take will depend upon the particular set of conditions. And I say all of this, because you know the Party and the world today is under turmoil. And this is very good. We always have welcomed all forms of contradictions. Because without the contradiction there is no transformation. So from the contradiction that has developed now in the world and in the Party, we hope to have a qualitative leap. If this leap eliminates some of us, then, of course, we'll weep for that. But we must not stop the Revolution. I will not stop the Revolution. You should not stop it. And, for all that it's worth, we know that words will never stop it. Words will not start the Revolution either. Only action. 'Sixty-six kicked off the armed manifestation of Revolution in this country, because it focused upon the need for the People not only to defend themselves, but also to develop a consciousness necessary to perform and to act

to be able to fight in a protracted war. And that is why it is necessary for us to develop the correct ideology, which is a system of thinking. And we must not rely upon and conclude with the philosophy, which isn't necessarily a conclusion.

So we're ideologically revolutionists. We're in a constant state of change. And we fight with all people who want to change, because we know change will offer our hope. So after all of this, we must pay more attention to what is happening. The news media has attempted to discredit the Party by saying that it's over, because they don't see anyone. I think our programs are better than the Party. The communities are involved in forty-four cities. We must support these; we must expand them. Because I read an article, recently, a few months ago, where Che had some problems in Bolivia, because the peasants were so unconscious until he could not rally them even with the "focos". They did not understand why the military, the regular military was dropping. So what did he do. He attempted to form certain programs that he called survival programs. He attempted to form a free health program in order to get the peasants inside, to help them, and also to provide things for his focos. He also took to form a free breakfast program, a free shoe factory, and a sporting good store (for obvious reasons). So programs are good. Because an act that might be revolutionary might be counter-revolutionary, if the correct preparations are not made. So to be a serious revolutionist, we must know that we are involved in a process, and not a set of principles or conclusions that are of face-value revolutionary. I do not know one thing that is revolutionary in itself. And all things might be revolutionary in context. In other words, capitalism was revolutionary when it kicked out feudalism. And now we have a situation where the capitalists have become the imperialists, and the people of the world, of the communities of the world will have to kick them out. So in order to free Angela, Bobby, Ruchell Magee and all other political prisoners, we must kick the fascists out. And we cannot do it with tip service.

POWER TO THE PEOPLE!



# BOBBY SEALE: "I AM THE CHAIRMAN OF ONLY ONE PARTY."

March, 1971

This is Brother Bobby Seale, from the New Haven Courthouse, back in jail, back here. And I just wanted to say to the people, the masses of people, to all the brothers and sisters, Women's Liberation Movement, Black brothers and sisters, Chicano brothers, the Puerto Rican brothers, the young revolutionary White youth in America, and especially, all the Black brothers and sisters in the Black community, that I've seen a lot of things happening; and I've took time to analyse what's happening. And I see presently that there're some divisionary, counter-revolutionary actions going on. Now the Party accepts constructive criticism. Constructive criticism! But the divisionary, counter-revolutionary actions and jive tactics of Eldridge Cleaver is doing nothing but aiding the pig power structure. Aiding the pig power structure in their attempt to put in gas chambers and jails over 130 political prisoners, who are presently, like myself and Ericka, caught up in these jails, and are being railroaded to the gas chamber, where we're fighting for our lives in these trials. And this is the only thing that Eldridge's actions are doing. This is the only thing that I can see that is going on. And my analysis shows this.

There is no split in the Black Panther Party, at all. But the main thing that we want to get across, I want to get across, to the people is that the Party is based on Survival Programs to serve the people, and these survival programs - from Breakfast for Children to the recent programs that I'm designing right here in jail, in my time that I'm not in court, which is a decent housing fit for shelter of human beings program - these are survival programs - and this program and all other programs that all other revolutionary organizations have are survival programs, that must sustain the people so the people can wage a revolutionary struggle.

And Eldridge Cleaver, who's denouncing these types of programs and carrying on with all those other divi-

sionary jive tactics, is negating the real meaning of a People's revolutionary struggle. That's why the Black Panther Party belongs to the people, because the survival programs come forth, and we set up the survival programs to sustain the people's revolutionary struggle. Even the Vietnamese people, if one would check it out, have their survival programs; they have their cooperative, functional survival programs throughout their land, amongst their people. The people just don't have guns alone fighting their battle. The people over there have actual everyday, functional, constructive survival programs. In their countries, in their lands, and in their everyday operations in fighting the capitalist pigs who occupy their country, they have survival programs. And those survival programs sustain the revolutionary struggle there. Of course, our survival programs will be directly related to here in America. But I, myself, send solidarity and support to all the socialistic, revolutionary peoples of the world, and the different war zones, where the people, the masses in those lands, are fighting against the capitalistic, imperialistic ruling class circles.

And Eldridge Cleaver - who negates the very survival programs that the Party is trying to set forth, that the Central Committee is trying to set forth, and all the real dedicated, hard-working brothers in the Party are trying to set forth to educate the people and serve the people, these survival programs ( that) sustain the people's



to the gas chambers. He's aiding the power structure and causing us to be in the prisons, because the political prisoners are the ones who really initiate and work hard to maintain the survival programs for the revolution, the people's revolutionary struggle, the people's masses of the people can really free political prisoners. And the people must see the value and the validity of the survival programs. And get on down to it, so the people can understand where it's at, so that the people, even the supporters that we have all over Europe, all the solidarity committees that are in Europe, and other countries over there, who support the freedom of political prisoners in this country, who support the survival programs of the poor oppressed people in this country, and the revolutionary movement ( who are initiating these programs), I am trying myself to get people to understand, that we are faithfully behind them and we are proudly send greetings to them and praise the people who are in the solidarity committees in other countries, and in fact here in America, here in America, KKK-a. I think that the people really have to understand who and what the Black Panther Party is, so that these revolutionary, counter-revolutionary, divisionary tactics will not be misunderstood. The Party is not falling apart. It's just that Eldridge Cleaver has personally defected his own self from the Party. He defected from the Party, and I, Bobby Seale, am the Chairman of only one Party. And that Party is the Party that Brother Huey P. Newton is the Minister of Defense of and one of the supreme, top servants of the people; that Brother David Hilliard is the Chief of Staff of; that Brother June Hilliard is the Assistant Chief of Staff of; that Bobby Ilutton was a member of, before the pigs murdered him, I am the Chairman of only one Party, that Brother Fred Hampton, who loved the survival programs for the people, was Deputy Chairman of, I'm the Chairman of only one Party, who Brothers Jonathan Jackson and George Jackson are members of, I'm the Chairman of only one Party, of the Central Committee of the Black Panther Party, with Huey, David, and the rest of the brothers and sisters on the Central Committee, where the Central Headquarters happens to be located on Peralta Street in Oakland, (California). So All Power to the People, Right On. And we're going to stick together. We ain't coming up with no jive. We have to free Brothers Russell Magee, George Jackson; we have to free Sister Angela Davis; we have to free these brothers and sisters, I am the Chairman of only one Party, the Party that Brother Huey is the Minister of Defense, with David Hilliard, June Hilliard, etc. And we're going to free political prisoners; and, we're going to keep these survival programs going; and, we're going to wage a People's revolutionary struggle, and not no jive, individualistic, defecting actions, by some individual who wants to play power games. I am the Chairman of the Party of which the San Quentin of the The San Quentin Cadre of the same Party, Panther Party.

So all I have to say to the people is that you know where it's at. We're going to stick in solidarity. There're a bunch of jive renegades and jack-anapes around. But later for that. Just later for that. Let that ride, cause we got survival to get on with, and a People's revolution to mobilize. And we got political prisoners to free all over this land.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!  
RIGHT ON!



## Inflammatory Articles

Many of the articles in *The Black Panther* are written by local Party members and concern regional incidents and issues. They are aimed at provoking national black sympathy and joint retaliation for magnified grievances against the authorities.

### RACIST-MAD PIGS SIC K9 POLICE DOG ON BROTHER

On Friday night, March 27, 1970, 14 yr. old Brother John (Little Hot-Rod) Hargrove became the victim of a brutal attack inflicted by a K9 Police dog. This brother along with two other bloods were playfully chasing each other along the sidewalk in the area of Sixth and Snyder Streets. When the brothers approached the corner, one brother ran past brushing against a lady standing at the corner. When this happened the lady immediately grabbed the brother. The two other bloods kept running. Soon after the pig grabbed the brother, a light colored station wagon appeared, in the station wagon were two plain clothes pigs. These pigs immediately proceeded to hand-cuff the blood, beat him in the face, and unleash a vicious police dog that ripped the flesh off the brother's body. As the brother tried to escape the blows of the pig beating him in the face, the K9 proceeded to bite him all over his body. While the brother was being beaten by the pig, and attacked by the dog, the other pigs who came along proceeded to chase the other two bloods. The pigs fired a shot barely missing the forehead of one of the brothers.

Little Hot-Rod, handcuffed, face badly beaten and suffering from dog bites all over his body, was taken to the local police station where he was booked on suspicion of pick-pocketing. He did not receive any medical attention until several hours later at the Philadelphia General Hospital; there they gave him one tetanus shot and put a bandage on each leg. The pig who

created the vicious attack was later identified as one of Rizzo's faggot law and order boys of the GRANNY PATROL. The Granny Patrol is a special segment of piggery which employs pigs to dress up as women so that they can arrest suspected pick-pockets.

The party conducted an interview with the bloods who were fortunate enough to get away, we also spoke with the brother's parents, and were able to visit the brother at the Youth Study Center. We also spoke with the people in the community who witnessed the horrid incident. Following are excerpts from the tapes which describe the incident. We cannot use names here of the bloods because it has been passed down that the pigs are trying to round up the other brothers.

The racist pigs approached the brothers by shouting "Get them niggers, get them niggers!" They chased the bloods with butcher knives, and what appeared to be an ax. One brother was hit with a pipe in the stomach.

People in the community responded to the arrest and attack angrily. When several people in the community demanded that the pigs call off the dog, they were met with racist remarks from the pigs.

The attack was so vicious, the dog ate the underwear on the brother's body. In addition to bites on the brother's hands, legs and waist the dog also bit the brother in the back and rectum. The brother suffered from severe beatings by the pigs, in the face.

When Little Hot-Rod was visited on Sunday at the Youth Study Center, his body was not healing properly. He related that the nurse only applies mercurochrome on the bites. He is suffering from soreness. He is sleeping on hard cots in the over-crowded center. The bites on his body are swollen and inflamed. The brother's first remarks to his family were, "Tell my probation officer to get me out of here, this place is like Byberry".

Just less than two weeks ago, the brother was beaten in a cell Division. This pig beat him so bad that Methodist Hospital complained to the Police Department. His eyes were badly damaged. The pig's name who inflicted that beating was Juvenile Aid Officer, Charles Kora. Hot-Rod identified Kora as his assailant and since then, he has been harassed in his neighborhood by every pig who comes through.

At 14, John Hargrove is a marked victim of Frank Rizzo's fascists, like so many other Black youths in this city. Pigs are on the loose to inflict more physical harm to our people. It is high time that we escalate our war on the pigs and drive them out of our communities.

Seize The Time people of Philadelphia, Rizzo and all of his racist paper tigers can be rightfully blown away.

Rosemary Mealy  
Philadelphia Branch  
Black Panther Party

THE BLACK PANTHER, APRIL 18, 1970, P. 9.

### NATIONAL GUARD ARMORY BOMBED, HEROES SUCCESSFULLY ESCAPE

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1970 PAGE 9



the weapons of the pig army, M-1 rifles, .45 caliber pistols and .30 caliber sniper carbines, but were not able to do so. The act was accomplished in one fast motion, and the heroes escaped capture and one week later, "law enforcement officials" are still scrutching their heads in wonderment.

And although the weapons, themselves, tools of our liberation were not liberated from the oppressor, the success of this action cannot be denied.

Newburyport, Mass. is a small residential New England town basically composed of people from the White working class. Until last Saturday, September 19, Newburyport's only claim to fame was that it is one of the many small towns surrounding Boston which are strongholds for right-wing fascist reactionaries. Last Saturday, however, at 6:00 a.m. in the morning a National Guard Armory was bombed, hundreds of rounds of ammunition ripped off, military personnel records taken and to top it off, they left the scene in a one ton army pick-up truck. They (the bombers) attempted to open the vault holding

As for the military personnel records, they can obviously be put to good use. Our oppressors must be harassed and intimidated day and night. They must not sleep, nor rest, these are the devils who plot the genocide of Black people. The National Guard Armory in the small town of Newburyport, like other small time towns surrounding the Black colony in Boston is designed to be used against us by the fascist genocidal plot devised by the treacherous minds of the Nixon-Agnew-Mitchell clique. It is to be carried out by those men whose names and addresses are now in the hands of the fascist majority now appear before the people's tribunal and will be judged according to their actions.

This action is just one of many blows which will be dealt out to the oppressor. If this action was intended to help and serve the people, we welcome their help to our just liberation struggle against the Babylonian Empire.

ARM YOURSELF  
Michael Fullz  
Boston Chapter  
Black Panther Party

SISTER MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD BY RENT-A-PIG

FIVE SERVANTS OF THE PEOPLE RAILROADED BY TUCSON GRAND JURY

STORM TROOPERS INVADE COMMUNITY

THREE PIGS BEAT FIFTEEN YEAR OLD BLACK YOUTH

ENTIRE FAMILY BEATEN AND JAILED



Another regular feature in *The Black Panther* is a weekly article giving detailed instructions for the handling of firearms, or setting forth department for urban guerrilla warfare.

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1970 PAGE 16

## ORGANIZING SELF-DEFENSE GROUPS HOW TO COMBAT C.M.I.

### Part 5

The principal of Juche (Self-Reliance) clarified by Eldridge Cleaver, the Minister of Information of the Black Panther Party, is "Use what you got to get what you need." To answer the question of how do you combat the pigs' C.M.I. (communication, mobility and information), we must first determine what we have going for ourselves. Checking out the prac-

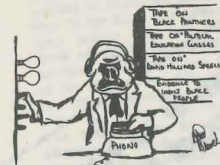
slogan must be Maximum Damage to the Enemy, Minimum Damage to Us. Practice has shown that when planning W.W.H. if it is done with knowledge and an understanding of C.M.I. casualties will be kept within an acceptable minimum. Too often, much attention is given to a plan up to the point of execution without giving the same attention to evasion and escape, that phase of the operation that determines success. This is a subjective approach, a one-sided approach. W.W.H. is only one side of the coin, C.M.I. is the other side. Because self-defense groups use W.W.H., the pigs' C.M.I. does not go into operation until a self-defense group commits itself by actually executing some type of self-defense activity.



COMMUNICATION



MOBILITY



INFORMATION

tics of self-defense groups, we see that we have the power to determine what is to happen, when it is to happen and how it is supposed to go down. What, When and How (W.W.H.)—the element of surprise. The pigs have C.M.I. and self-defense groups have W.W.H.

To consider a self-defense operation successful is not to just plan and execute but to plan, execute and escape. There have been too many instances where members of self-defense groups have planned and executed righteous blows against this racist system only to be captured, wounded or killed. These are the consequences for revolutionary activity, however we must keep casualties within an acceptable minimum. The

All of us should be aware that once C.M.I. is activated pigs start showing on the set from 30 seconds to 1 minute maximum in every major city in Babylon, therefore the success or failure of a defense operation is dependent upon the attention given to C.M.I. and the planning of evasion and escape. As I see it, learning to deal with the pigs' C.M.I. is the number one military problem facing revolutionary forces in Babylon today. It is time for all who have something to teach, by example, to step forward. And remember, to die honorably, one does not need company.

USE WHAT YOU GOT TO GET WHAT YOU NEED  
D.C.

## ORGANIZING SELF-DEFENSE GROUPS

### Part 6 ON REVOLVERS

Parts 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 have been in previous issues of the Black Community News Service. This article is on revolvers, it gives a basic run down on the use of revolvers. Check out all of the photographs and notes to help you understand better the functioning of a revolver.

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

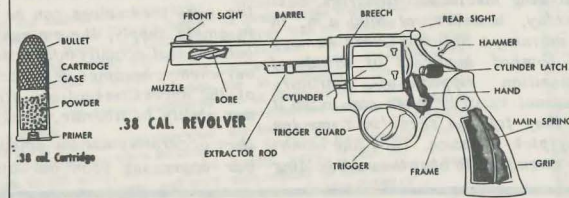
1. Check to see if gun is loaded. You do this on a revolver by swinging out the cylinder. Pull back on the cylinder latch and gently push out on the cylinder. (See unloading a revolver photo #2)

#### KINDS OF REVOLVERS:

.38 Snubnose - This gun has only a 2" barrel and shoots 38's. It is very easy to conceal.

#### PARTS OF A REVOLVER:

PHOTO # 1



#### UNLOADING:

Holding gun in left hand (pointed in safe direction) release cylinder latch with right hand. (#1) Push out cylinder with the fingers of left hand (#2). Now that you have swung out the cylinder and the bullets are visible you gently push down on the extractor and let bullets drop out into your right hand (#4).

#### LOADING:

To load, simply follow the same steps in unlatching the cylinder. Then drop bullets into the chambers of your cylinder. Gently push cylinder closed, and you are ready to fire. DO NOT SLAM CYLINDER CLOSED, this causes extra wear on your gun.

#### COCKING A REVOLVER:

Put the tip of your thumb on the hammer holding revolver steady in the palm of your hand. Do not put your finger in the trigger. Pull straight back steadily on your hammer spur until your hammer locks back. You gun is ready to fire, do not put your finger in the trigger until you are ready to fire. After cocking hammer, place your thumb directly on the frame beside the hammer, resting the tip of your thumb on the cylinder latch. (Photo #4)

Your forefinger should be placed on the other side of the gun straight out just above the trigger guard until ready to fire. Everytime you cock the hammer before firing, this is called single action firing.

UNCOCKING A REVOLVER (LOADED): hand, pointed in a safe direction, Keep your finger off the trigger! With gun already cocked, place your thumb on the hammer firmly, Now with the gun firmly in your



PHOTO # 2



LOADING A REVOLVER PHOTO # 3



COCKING A REVOLVER PHOTO # 4

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1970 PAGE 5

# URBAN GUERRILLAS

America's complexity will be her downfall, for complex power, communications and transportation networks are unprotected. These systems are the life lines of the industrial and military might of U.S.A. fascism. The source of America's strength is its vulnerable Achilles heel—therefore urban guerrillas, utilizing and relying on information divulged by sympathetic workers, can halt or severely cripple every industry in the nation, and bring fascism crashing to its knees. The dams, power lines are vulnerable. Highly sophisticated communications networks are used by our enemies and are an extremely important factor, in the fascist reaction to guerrilla strikes. The neutralization of the fascist communications lies within the capabilities of urban guerrillas.

The disruption of this system would hamper and cripple not only the fascist military but would also effect all industrial output. The fascist ruling clique realizes the vulnerability of their transportation networks, yet all fascist military forces and industry utilize the railways, the state and interstate highway systems and the airports. Urban guerrillas can cut and constantly harass these important links.

Urban guerrilla teams highly motivated have already begun to put their theory into practice. Lists are being compiled and are constantly updated on fascist and all enemies of our people, because the location and identification of the enemy is an extremely vital task of urban guerrillas. This basic intelligence is necessary for planning retaliatory strikes against our enemies. Where their killer groups, for the most, will be unable to locate guerrillas, urban guerrillas will, in every attack hit the fascist squarely on the chin. Urban guerrillas, being one with the people, must attack like skilled brain surgeons—cutting out the diseased tissue while perserving the good.

Their dual purpose is that of destroying all fascist forces and their lackeys, while protecting and serving our people. The fascist ruling clique fears this. They know the Party is preparing to fight until the last of our enemies bites the dust. The Party has dared to take the vanguard role in the struggle and will surely defeat U.S.A. fascism no matter what the odds, no matter how great the sacrifice. The Party is aware that the fascists will never lay down their arms of their own accord. And U.S.A. fascism is taking in order to survive as long as possible.

In Brazil, the guerrilla forces found through social practice that they could best achieve the goal of liberating their people from the

strong-hold imposed by the fascist Brazilian oligarchy by waging urban guerrilla warfare. Brazil's development as an industrial fascist nation and the economic and social backwardness of the indigent peasants made the revolutionary forces adapt the strategy of urban guerrilla warfare. The urban guerrillas moved to mobilize the workers, and implement urban guerrilla warfare within the context of their historical experiences with the working class and the fascist ruling class oligarchy. The revolutionary forces have implemented this type of struggle which invariably catches the fascists with their pants down. The type of warfare which turns the asphalt concrete and steel of cities into jungles; miles of cities for the fascist highly mechanized units and turns his weapons of mass slaughter into paper tigers; into urban jungles where the revolutionary forces can plunge the blade into the hill in the vulnerable life lines of even fascist U.S.A. In this country as well as in Brazil the fascists tremble with dread at the thought of nationwide attacks by urban guerrilla forces.

In the Pentagon and select centers scattered throughout the U.S.A., gigantic multimillion dollar computers are manned by hoards of the military. Technicians wrestle with fascism's nightmare—the problem of dealing with urban guerrillas. These machines can only reach an hypothesis drawn from information fed into them. In order for the fascists to test the solutions offered by the computer, they must first circumvent

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!



the frail facade of the constitution and the bill of rights. The fascists realize that if these two pieces of paper were implemented they would be in their graves tonight because the constitution and the bill of rights contain the moral impetus necessary to bring this foul evil economic and social system to its doom.

U.S.A. fascists have compiled and are still evaluating information received from South American satellite states who are being beset by courageous urban guerrillas waging relentless struggle with amazing (to fascists) and stunning success. Eldridge Cleaver, Minister of Information of the Black Panther Party, has said that we still have a little time left because the U.S.A. fascist ruling clique hasn't programmed all of the people to accept the genocide of the Party and our people yet. For at least a year now, there have appeared in every major newspaper, seemingly innocent space fillers. Articles from UPI-API dealing with the deployment of fascist death squads against the revolutionary forces in South America.

These fillers had the sinister purpose of preparing America for the advent of death squads now in operation in every major urban center. These articles were to prepare the people to accept the first overt actions of the Chicago foul fascist gestapo killer unit. Their

objective was to evaluate the response of the people to above ground counter-insurgency killer groups--to see if the people were conditioned to accept the outright fascist terror tactics directed officially by the fascist ruling clique.

Our Party has been and is still the main target of a national dehumanizing campaign. The fascist controlled news media has consistently maligned, viciously attacked and branded our Party as a racist band of blood-thirsty murderers out for their own personal gain. The fascist news media seeks to justify the fascist's program of destroying our people's first line of defense, the Party, and all other organizations which refuse to be either bought off with blood money or intimidated by the repressive fascist forces. The fascist attempts to isolate our Party from the people has been a dismal failure. The liquidation of Deputy Chairman Fred Hampton and Mark Clark had top priority on the fascist's pig list. However, neither the people nor our Party were cowed or intimidated by the bestial slaying of these two revolutionaries. The fascist ruling clique made a grave error in underestimating the will of the people and our Party. People from all walks of life and every progressive organization saw through the fascist attempts to isolate and destroy their Party. The people mo-

Angeles, Southern California Chapter of our Party, came under attack by fascist killer groups. Although outnumbered and using inferior weapons, our Party repelled and held at bay the fascist shock troops and sounded the end of Chicago type operations in a fuselage of bullets. We learned valuable lessons paid for with the blood of our revolutionary comrades. The fascist ruling clique has seen the support, that their homicidal raids have generated for the Party. They now know that if conditions are favorable, they will receive tit for tat and then some. They now know that Black and all progressive people will not sit idly by and pacify the action of above ground killer groups. Fascists have tried to rally the support of the American people to their avowed aims and failed.

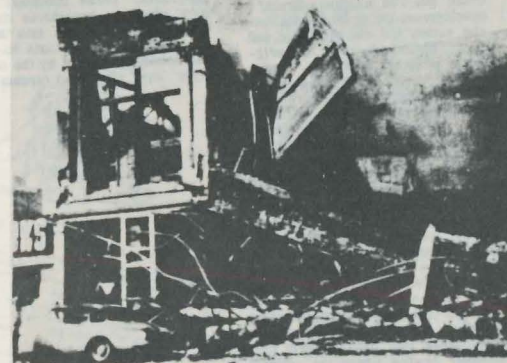
Now begins the phase of underground, clandestine operation of fascist directed killer groups. This is all part of the nature of the fascist ruling clique. The fascists will no doubt expand the techniques of their South American lackeys who operate unrestricted, unswayed by either democratic institutions or public opinion. As the tempo of the struggle increases so will the fascist acts of reactionary terror and violence increase. The primary target of forming clandestine kill groups will be both our people and our Party. If we are to survive as a people, this next phase of attacks, and pave the way to victory, it is imperative that our people be armed with the ideology of the Party. For only then will our people be able to cope with, both, ideological and physical attacks initiated by the insane fascist ruling clique. Huey P. Newton, Minister of Defense, said that our Party must be a living shield that stands between our people and the fascist pigs and that our paper should serve to educate our people so that they will survive.

As the attacks against the Party escalate, so must the awareness of our people be channelled toward acceptance and even more, active participation in urban guerrilla warfare. Phase two of the fascist plans will surely and soundly be defeated. The fascists will awake to find themselves bogged down on that last front. They will be swallowed up in the morass of a people's war. Their graves will be dug by revolutionary urban guerrilla forces amidst the asphalt, concrete and steel of the cities.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
DEFEAT U.S.A. FASCISM ON EVERY FRONT

WE'LL ALL BE TOGETHER ON THE DAY OF VICTORY

Randy Williams,  
Political Prisoner



REVOLUTIONARY HANDIWORK OF THE URBAN GUERRILLA

predawn kill all--destroy all mission was launched as a pilot, an experimental operation with a two fold objective. One was to put counter-revolutionary theory into practice in America --to bring into the streets the fascist ruling clique's solution to the Party--to test and evaluate the techniques of counter-insurgency urban warfare. The second important

bilized and rallied mass support for the Party and soundly condemned the actions of Chicago's fascist killer groups.

Make trouble, fail, make trouble, fall again until their doom. This is the logic of fascists the world over. In Chicago, they refused to acknowledge the bankruptcy of their counter-insurgency campaign. In December, in Los

## Provocative Slogans

FREE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

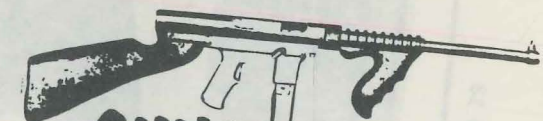
SEIZE THE TIME, BEFORE TIME SEIZES YOU!

AN ATTACK AGAINST ONE IS AN ATTACK AGAINST ALL

BLOOD TO THE HORSES BROW AND WOE TO THOSE WHO CAN NOT SWIM!

DARE TO STRUGGLE...DARE TO WIN!

DEATH TO THE FASCIST PIGS



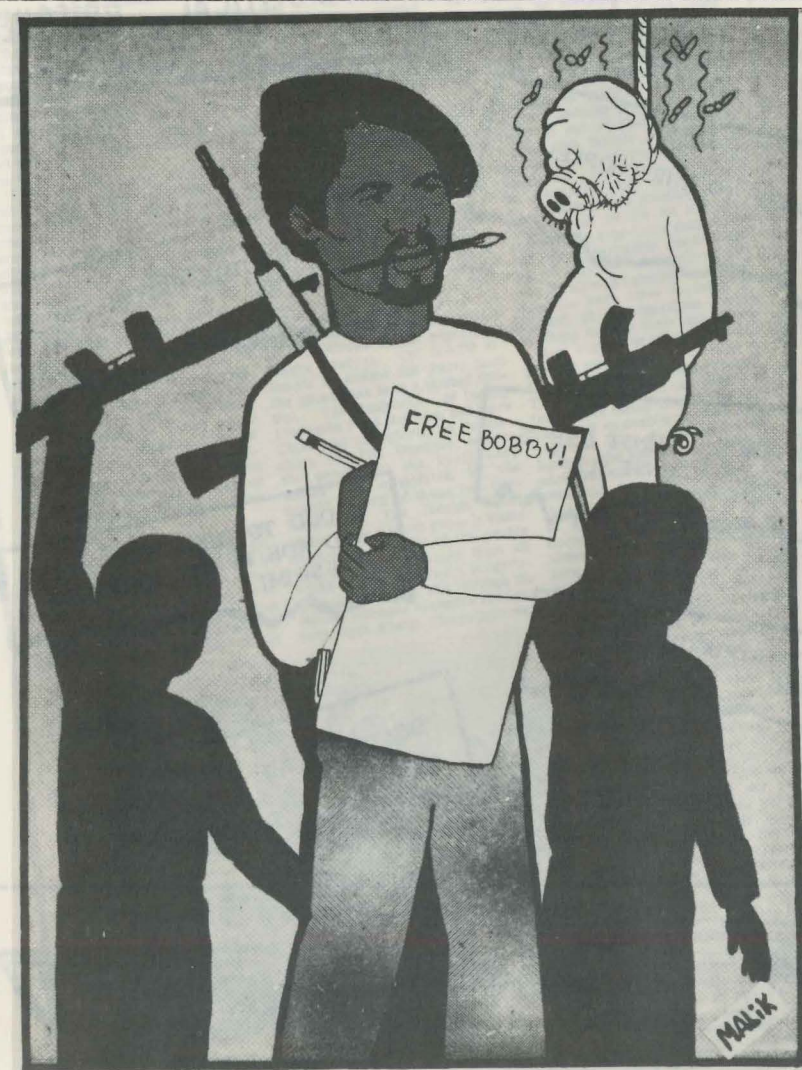
GUNS  
BABY GUNS

FOR EVERY PORK CHOP THERE IS A FRYING PAN!



## "Revolutionary Art"

The most prominent artist on *The Black Panther* staff is Minister of Culture Emory Douglas. Although he prepares a large number of cartoons, other Panther artists are also represented. These cartoons characterize the Government and local law enforcement as "pigs" and call for the overthrow of the Government and the killing of Government officials, as well as police officers.



### THE REVOLUTIONARY ARTIST

When the Black revolutionary artist starts a still life painting, he doesn't see a beautiful vase, or a dish of tasty fruit, against a soft velvet backdrop...he sees only a tattered curtain, rusty cans, a broken dish--empty.

As he seeks out a beautiful landscape to paint, he sees not fertile fields with dancing flowers, and lovely maidens bathing in the sun, but decaying houses, and streets covered with debris, and a Black woman in ragged clothes with tear-stained cheeks.

The Black revolutionary artist

knows only oppression, and that his art must relate to his surroundings, and his people, and most of all, his art cannot be abstract and unrelated to his revolutionary people. So he seeks, and finds what our Minister of Defense Huey P. Newton calls "the spirit of the people." As he moves on that, he shows what Revolutionary Artist and Minister of Culture, Emory Douglas shows--"the oppressor hanging by his heels."

The revolutionary artist gives his art to his oppressed people. So with his gun and his brush he

shows the spirit of the people moving to crush the oppressor, and this is the essence of revolutionary art. His art then becomes part of the people's revolution.

He knows that only because of the urine covered walls and trash-littered alleys the people's desire for freedom will be replaced with the BLOOD OF THE OPPRESSOR.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
Malik Barafu  
N.C.G.F.,  
Washington, D.C.

### TO ALL REVOLUTIONARY ARTISTS

I would like to take this time to express on behalf of the Black Panther Party our warmest thanks to all revolutionary artists who have given their talents and thoughts to the people through revolutionary art. We would like to say that every artist's work that has appeared in the Black Panther Newspaper this past year has been a great contribution of visual interpretation of the ideology of the Black Panther Party and of the oppressed people of the world.

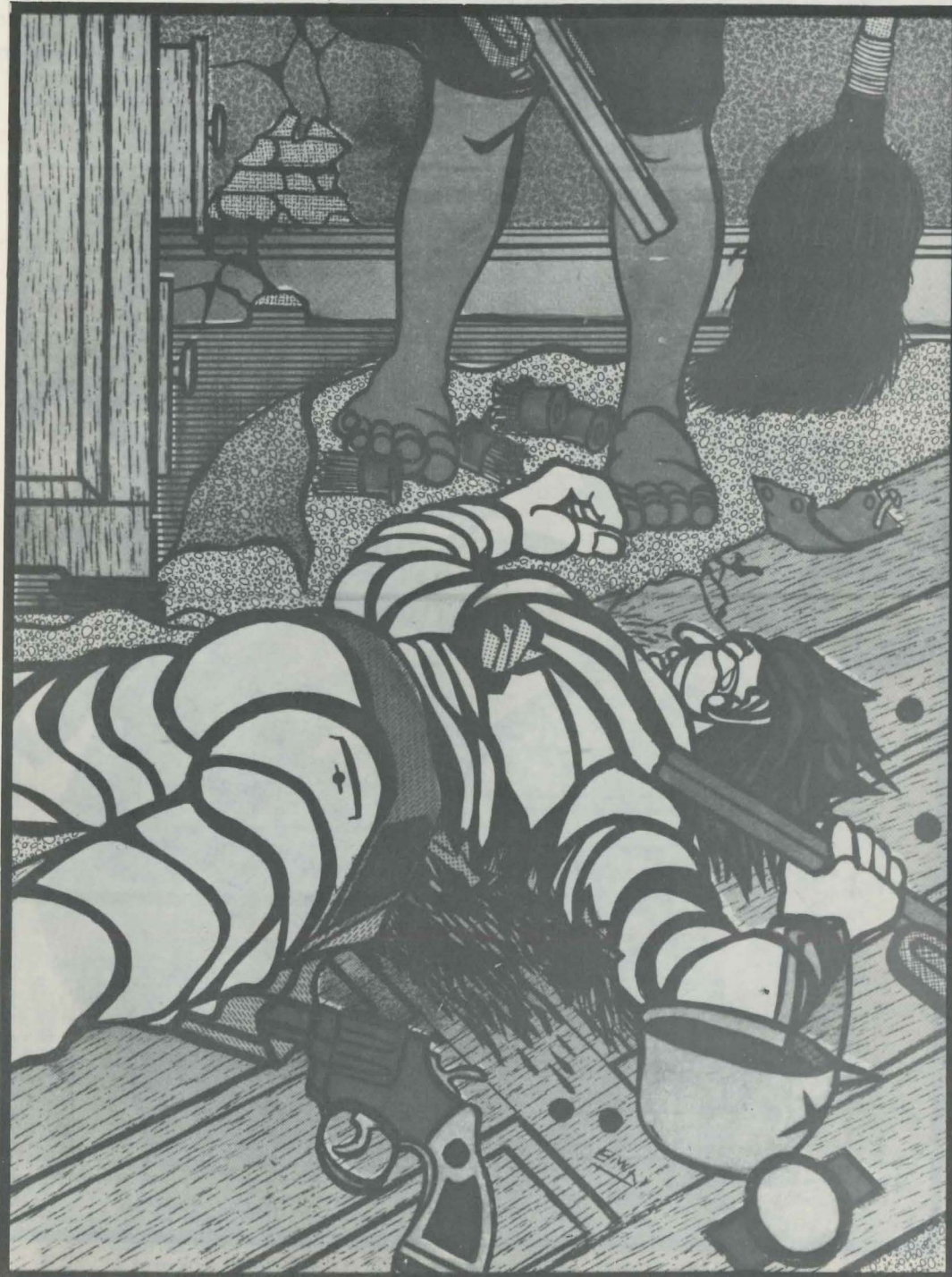
ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
DEATH TO THE FASCIST PIGS  
Emory Douglas  
Minister of Culture  
Black Panther Party

### 1971 YEAR OF THE YOUTH YOUTH MAKES THE REVOLUTION





EVERY DOOR THAT THE FASCISTS ATTEMPT TO KICK  
DOWN WILL PUT THEM DEEPER INTO THE PIT OF DEATH



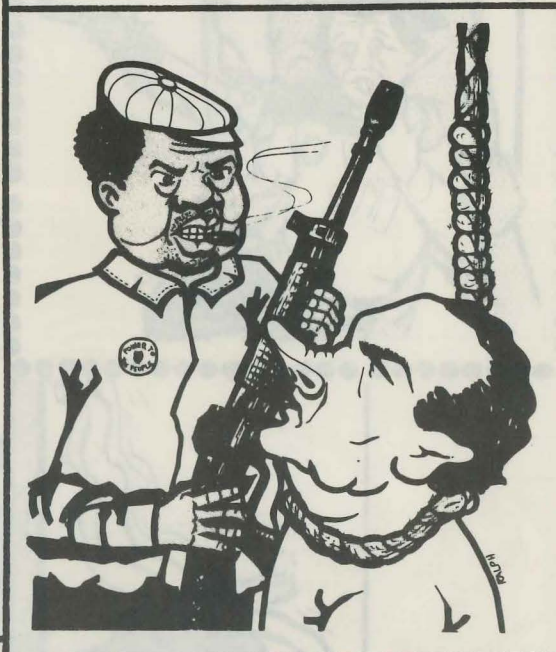
SHOOT TO KILL

DEATH TO THE  
FASCIST PIG

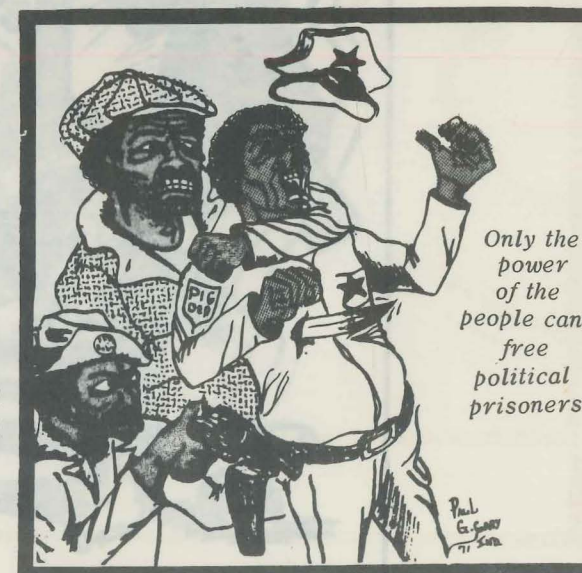


THE BLACK PANTHER  
OCTOBER 3, 1970, P. 9.

THE BLACK PANTHER  
OCTOBER 17, 1970, P. 16



THE BLACK PANTHER  
MARCH 20, 1971, P. 4



Only the  
power  
of the  
people can  
free  
political  
prisoners



We will not hesitate to kill  
or die for our freedom.

THE BLACK PANTHER  
FEBRUARY 6, 1971, P. 5



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## International News

Panthers profess to believe that American Negroes comprise isolated "colonies" in the heart of the "mother" country, and are part of the Third World, defined as the nonwhite, undeveloped, and underdeveloped countries of the world. The 10-Point Program of the Black Panther Party includes, as a major political objective, a United-Nations-supervised plebiscite to be held throughout the black colony to determine the national destiny of American Negroes.

To internationalize their Party and enlarge their importance, Panther leaders have sought acceptance, support, and funds from sources abroad. They have made numerous trips to foreign countries, including Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Palestine, Germany, France, England, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Soviet Union, North Korea, North Vietnam, and the Chinese Mainland.

Both at home and abroad, Panther leaders loudly proclaim anti-American sentiments and align themselves politically with the aims and tactics of enemy lands. The international contacts most important to the Panthers are made with revolutionary groups and communist countries, especially those that more closely follow Maoist thinking. The international news section of *The Black Panther* reflects attempts by the Black Panther Party to attract such attention, support, and aid.

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1970 PAGE 8

## TELEGRAM TO COMRADE KIM IL SUNG

KIM IL SUNG  
PREMIER OF THE CABINET  
DEMOCRATIC PEOPLES RE-  
PUBLIC OF KOREA  
June 25th marks the 20th anniversary  
of the U.S. imperialist ag-  
gressive invasion of the DPRK in  
1950.

The Black Panther Party takes  
this occasion to salute the DPRK  
and the wise and brave leader of the  
40 million Korean people, Com-  
rade Kim Il Sung.

We recognize and respect the  
long history of resistance and vic-  
tory that Comrade Kim Il Sung  
and the 40 million Korean people  
have contributed to the world wide  
struggle against imperialism and  
fascism; the shining examples of  
socialist construction while under  
severe conditions of U.S. pro-  
vocation and aggression, the many  
brilliant ideological contributions  
you have made to the socialist  
camp and in particular the con-  
cept of "Juche".

Because of our historical ex-  
perience in America; because we  
are faced with no alternatives but  
genocide or liberation we under-  
stand the criminal nature and  
gangster logic of the U.S. ruling

class. Black people are increas-  
ingly the victims of overt military  
aggression and U.S. plots to sub-  
vert our struggle for national sal-  
vation. Under these conditions we  
have an increasing awareness that  
the expulsion of the U.S. imper-  
ialist burglars from Korean soil  
and the reunification of Korea will  
be a victory for the Korean peo-  
ple and a victory for oppressed  
people the world over.

We see clearly that the reuni-  
fication of Korea is not separate  
from the salvation of Black and  
other oppressed people in fascist  
America. As gang boss Nixon and  
his mob of criminals intensify  
their attempts to loot Asia they  
are intensifying their murderous  
repression of Black people in  
America. These attacks will be  
met with revolutionary solidarity  
manifested in action, both around  
the world and in the gangsters  
lair, and with one-beat-a-hundred  
fighters in Africa, Asia, Latin  
America, and North America; the  
U.S.A. will surely be brought to the  
peoples JUSTICE.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE  
CENTRAL COMMITTEE  
BLACK PANTHER PARTY  
U.S.A.



INTERCOMMUNAL NEWS



MEMORANDUM OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE LAO PATRIOTIC FRONT ON THE ESCALATION OF THE U.S. WAR OF AGGRESSION IN LAOS AND THE SETTLEMENT OF THE LAO PROBLEM

PART II

Application of The Nixon Doctrine and Escalation of The War of Aggression in Laos by The Nixon Administration

UNDER PRESSURE FROM PUBLIC OPINION, NIXON ON MARCH 6, 1970 HAD TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE PRESENCE OF U.S. MILITARY PERSONNEL, THE LOGISTIC AND AIR SUPPORT AND "OTHER ACTIVITIES" OF THE U.S. IN LAOS. He also admitted an increase in the U.S. military activities in Laos. But he tried to argue that those activities were "limited" and of a purely "defensive" character aimed at protecting American lives in South Viet Nam.

That public opinion in the United States and in the world immediately pointed out that that was the first time the highest executive in the United States made an open acknowledgement of the violation of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos by the U.S. On March 7, Senator Albert Gore declared that Nixon in fact had conceded that "we (the U.S.) have violated the Geneva Agreements". Public opinion has condemned Nixon's allegations as "queer" and "selfcontradictory". The Japanese paper "Asahi Shimbun" (March 9), "Nixon's allegations were misleading. They mentioned only some facts and not everything and showed no sign of any change of policy." (Senators Scrantom and Fulbright, March 6 and 9, 1970).

Obviously, Nixon cannot dare public opinion which bases its judgement not merely on the words but also on the deeds of the Nixon administration during the recent past.

After Nixon came to power, the so-called "Nixon doctrine on Asia" saw the light which consists in providing more U.S. advisers, weapons and firepower to the Asians, while the latter contribute more mercenaries for the U.S. The formula of this doctrine is "native soldiers plus U.S. advisers and maximum logistic and air support". This is in fact a more elaborate and more refined form of U.S. neo-colonialism's wicked policy of making Asians fight Asians, and natives fight natives. The active application of that



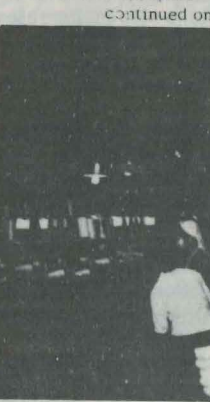
The Resistance government formed in 1950 against the French Colonialists.

doctrine in Laos finds a concrete expression in the steps of escalation taken by the Nixon administration in its aggressive war in Laos during the past 18 months, escalation in the logistic supply, in the supply of U.S. military personnel and in the use of U.S. combat troops in the "special war".

Under the Nixon administration, the amount of U.S. aid to Laos and military personnel introduced into this country have increased at almost the same rate. Compared with the 140 million dollars in 1967, U.S. aid in 1969 rose to 250 million dollars of which only the economic and technical aid accounting for less than 60 million was announced, while the rest was almost exclusively used for military purposes. Thus, military aid - about 190 million dollars a year, - is more than treble the economic aid and makes up 80 per cent of the total aid. This figure is approximately the same as estimated by Senator A.J. Albeniz in a censured report on the scale of American involvement in the war in Laos (AF, Jan. 22 1970). It is necessary to note that what is described as "economic and technical" aid has also been used for secret activities of a military character. On June 7, 1970, J.A. Hanna, Director of the U.S. Agency for International Development, disclosed that the U.S.

about 1,200 men. Thus there is one U.S. military adviser for every six Laos puppet soldiers (compared to the 70,000 men of the Vietnamese army). In addition according to a statement of Senator K. Uttiger on April 24, 1970, at least half of the 48,000 U.S. air force personnel in Thailand (i.e. 24,000) are now directly participating in air activities in Laos. All told, the number of U.S. military men now taking part in military activities in Laos on the ground and in the air has run into tens of thousands at least equal to half of the total effectiveness of the Laos puppet army.

The running of the U.S. colossal war machine in Laos remains an affair of the U.S. embassy. Nixon's ambassador to Vietnam remains a military professional. The paper "France Soir", on March 3, 1970 said everything in Laos is controlled from the building of the U.S. embassy which houses the brain of the war machine. The number of army and air force military activities of the U.S. embassy exceeds 200, an unusual figure for a foreign diplomatic mission in a country like Laos. The USAID agency in Laos is also operating within the framework of the U.S. diploma-



New textile factory at Sam-Neua

tic mission in Vietnam and is working for the CIA. On June 7, 1970, J.A. Hanna acknowledged that Laos is the only place where such things happened and said he did not approve it.

Of late some 1,200 U.S. "green berets" were introduced into Laos, whose command is in Udorn (Thailand). U.S. Senator McGowan on February 27, 1970 said the number of U.S. "green berets" in Laos had exceeded that of U.S. military advisers in South Viet Nam in the past. In late 1969 and early 1970, U.S. combat troops took part in ground attacks on the Plain of Jars area, Xiang Khong province. The U.S. magazine "Newsweek" on April 6, 1970 affirmed that the CIA office in Saigon was recruiting GIs who had once fought in South Viet Nam as mercenaries in Laos with a weekly salary of some 1,000 dollars.

Without any doubt, there have been more and more GIs participating in the fighting in Laos. On March 6, 1970 U.S. Senator Alon Cranston pointed out that "Americans are fighting in Laos. The fact that some of them do not wear uniforms does not change this one bit. The fact is that American combat troops in uniform have been fighting in Laos."

continued on next page

ON CHAIRMAN MAO TSE TUNG'S DECLARATION OF 20 MAY, 1970

In this declaration, Chairman Mao Tse Tung has set forth a brilliant and timely analysis of the qualitatively new situation that exists in the world as a result of the treacherous new acts of aggression launched by the fascist, imperialist Nixon-

Chinese peoples.

This declaration pulls together into clear focus the revolutionary struggles and the liberation struggles of the people of the whole world, including the revolutionary struggle of the American people themselves.

Speaking specifically for the Black Panther Party, but reflecting the sentiments of millions of oppressed people inside the United States, it has become crystal clear to us that rampant imperialist aggression on the international scale and vicious fascist repression on the domestic scale are the two faces of the criminal government of the United States and the calculated policy of the American ruling circles. For 400 years now, Black people inside the United States have been the long-suffering victims of fascist violence and repression. But under the Nixon-Pentagon clique, this reactionary violence and repression has been escalated to new heights of barbaric cruelty. At the same time, in order to put down the already gigantic and still growing mass movement among White Americans against the wreckless and sanguinary policies and imperialist adventures of the U.S. government, the cowardly Nixon-Pentagon clique has unleashed a bloodbath against the American people as a whole, creating for itself new enemies who have joined hands with those who were already determined to carry out a struggle to the bitter end against an economic, political, and social system that is dominated by the madmen in the

Pentagon and that is responsible for the misery and bloodshed all over the world today.

Chairman Mao Tse Tung captures the truth of the situation when he points out the unprecedented isola-

tion of the Nixon-Pentagon clique. Never before have these criminals been so exposed and isolated as they are today. And never before has it been so clear that this criminality can only be ended by the people rising up to seize their own destiny from the handfull of willful exploiters and murderers that now have the power in their hands.

Coupling a revolutionary call to arms with revolutionary optimism in the assurance of victory, Chairman Mao Tse Tung, the great leader of the Chinese Revolution, hero and teacher of the revolutionary people of the world, has performed an invaluable service to all mankind by stepping forward at this time to renew the people's indictment of the common enemy of us all--U.S. Fascism and Imperialist Aggression. These courageous words of Chairman Mao Tse Tung will give new heart to the peoples in their lonely and difficult struggles to throw off the shackles and chains of oppression now being held in place by U.S. Fascism and Imperialism.

Lastly, we wish to point out that only the enemies of the people and those who shirk their revolutionary duties and who are afraid of their own shadows will find fault with Chairman Mao Tse Tung's declaration. For our part, we welcome it, because we have learned, by shedding our blood, that only through relentless struggle, by resorting to arms inside the very house of U.S. Fascism and Imperialism itself, can we gain our freedom and liberation. This is what our experience has taught us and this is the faith that will sustain us as we push forward our struggle..

LONG LIVE CHAIRMAN MAO TSE TUNG!  
LONG LIVE THE VICTORY OF THE PEOPLES' WAR!  
DEATH TO THE U.S. FASCISM AND IMPERIALIST AGGRESSION!  
ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!  
Eldridge Cleaver,  
Minister of Information  
Black Panther Party, U.S.A.

The Black Panther, June 20, 1970, page 16



THE TERROR, BRUTALITY AND MURDER OF MY BROTHERS  
AND SISTERS IS THE SUFFERING OF BLACK PEOPLE.  
THEREFORE, NOT TO LET SUCH EVENTS CONTINUE I  
MUST MERCILESSLY DO AWAY WITH THE LOW -  
NATURED BEAST THAT BITES THE HAND THAT FEEDS IT.



WE HAVE NO HANG UPS ABOUT REVOLUTIONARY VIOLENCE



C-29 6/26/70  
6:45 p.m.

CC: Intelligence Division  
CC: Fire Marshall office  
CC: Chief's office  
CC: Arson Detail of Det Div

50.03NO370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70-49626

TIME 6:45 p.m.

CAPTAIN Lt. Phillip Smith

6/26/70, 19

re: a Arson Threat

compl: FRANK, DONALD H.  
1850 SW High  
phone 222-5866  
dob 6/18/22

business involved: FRANK CHEVROLET COMPANY  
5131 NE Union Ave

witness: WORLEY, ARTHUR  
4929 NE 35th  
phone 288-3685

suspect: JOHNSON, BLAKE nm  
last known address 1145 NE Winona

and I'm going to burn FRANK CHEVROLET down". This statement was overheard to be repeated several times. MR. FRANK states that the WORLEY subject reported the incident to him whereupon MR. FRANK ordered WORLEY to return to the SILK HAT to try and obtain a name of the subject. Apparently WORLEY contacted one of the employees of the Silk Hat who gave the name. It was also related that the JOHNSON subject appeared to be quite intoxicated.

MR. FRANK states this incident occurred approx 3:30 p.m. this date.

MR. FRANK states that in 1967 the BLAKE JOHNSON subject brought a vehicle to the body shop for repairs. And 9/25/67 an unpaid bill of \$27.65 was turned over to a collection agency. It is MR. FRANK's guess that the JOHNSON subject is still holding a grudge re this incident.

MR. FRANK states that his purpose in calling was that if anything should happen to the building that the JOHNSON subject should be considered a prime suspect.

No further information.

RESP:

ROBERT B. ANDREWS #8  
GORDON H. BLUME #285  
North Prec / Afternoon Shift / Dist 73 / Unf Div

11:05 p.m. 6/26/70 sld

*LT. STILLE*



50.03N0370

NO SPLIT

CONFIDENTIAL

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 9:40 pm

CAPTAIN LT SMITH

6/24/70

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

INCIDENT AT UNTHANK PARK  
6/23/70 at approx. 5 PM

Sir: While on routine patrol, heard via radio the request for a cover car in the vicinity of N. Kerby and Shaver Sts. Working District 73, located at N. Alberta and Gantenbein Sts. my partner, Officer Wickwire and I responded to the call for cover. Coming to the area by the route of N. Kerby to Shaver St. and east on Shaver to the park. Parked my vehicle approx. 100 feet from the park itself and knowing Sgt. Davis and other officers who were at this time in the park and was attempting to arrest one subject, writers made an attempt to assist in the arrest by keeping the people in the crowd that was yelling and trying to interfere in the arrest from interfering.

Shortly after writers arrival, writers started receiving miscellaneous missiles being broken glass and cold pop bottles, being thrown in the direction of the officers however, after the arrest was made, writers were given the orders to assemble at N. Missouri and N. Fremont St. to meet car 80, being Sgt. Davis. Writers proceeded to the stated point and remained there until the word came approx. a half an hour later to resume normal patrol.

No further information at this time.

Resp.

N. Griffin, Jr., #287  
A Rel. D-73, North, Unif.

mk 10:05 pm 6/24/70



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORTNo. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Still, Detectives \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

SIR: At approx 2:05 A.M. dated 6/20/70 made a routine traffic stop at the location of NE Union Ave and NE Dekum in front of BILLY'S TAVERN. The car was occupied by 3 colored subjects and had been stopped for the reason that the driver had run the red light at NE Union and Portland Blvd. As we were talking to the subjects, the owner of BILLY'S TAVERN came out of it as he was closing and approached me and immediately wanted to know what had been going on. At this time I told him that this was just a routine traffic stop and that there was no problem. He told me that he was very nervous about the officers stopping any cars ~~in~~ in front of his place and that it was his understanding that no traffic stops would be made on Union Ave in front of his business. He seemed very nervous and upset about the whole incident and gave me the impression that possibly he had been under pressure from an outside group re fire bombings to his business. He stated that he was considering staying at that location throughout the night for fear that something might happen to his business and then later on stated that possibly it would be best if he even left town until things had cooled down. At this time his wife stepped in and stated that he was being ridiculous and they left at that time for home.

Upon arriving at work at 7:30 p.m. this date talked to Sgt. Fortner ~~who~~ ~~stated~~ in regards to the statement the subject had ~~made~~ made where it was his understanding that no traffic stops were ~~to~~ to be made in front of his place of ~~business~~ business. Sgt. Fortner told me that he had no knowledge of anyone making such a statement to this subject and felt that possibly the person may be in the position where he is received threatening phone calls from outside parties re extortion. Upon talking to Officer Dailey and Kopach who are working special detail the past week, they stated that ~~ix~~ they had talked to the owner of the BILLY'S TAVERN and ~~at~~ at that time he stated he had not been contacted; however he had heard that a few taverns had been. ~~He~~ They stated that he seemed quite relaxed and threatened that he would kick anyone out that even came to talk to him, that he was not worried. Possibly this person has been contacted since the 2 officers spoke to him and is now being put under pressure. This report was made at the request of Sgt. Fortner. No other information at this time.

RESP:

J. W. BARE #354  
North Prec / E Relief / Unf Div

9:47 p.m. 6/20/70 sld



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORTNo. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

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RESP:

J. W. BARE #354  
North Prec / E Relief / Unf Div

9:47 p.m. 6/20/70 sld



B-11 6/16/70 10:58pm

50.03N0370

SUBJECT

Assigned to

Hof

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

only to  
N splits: Albin Capt  
Bullion, East Prec. Lt. Smith,  
North Intelligence, Rom/Rob  
Fire Bur No. 70-  
arson squad. 50404

TIME

by tk

CAPTAIN Lt. Smith, North prec

6/18/70 3:30pm-11:30pm, 10

Sir: Detailed special duty assignment re surveillance of specified locations and general area in the Albina District re possible arson.

On this date maintained the surveillance and patrol of these locations as well as the general area to no avail, however writers were advised by dist car 73 that there had been an attempt arson or a fire at a vacant house on the NE corner of NE 9/Skidmore. This fire was started in apparently a field against one wall of the house, did some damage, however this house was vacant for a considerable length of time and it is not secured, due to the fact there is no means of securing it.

Writers, just prior to this fire having been lit, before leaving the area on another call, observed subjs NORMAN BRANCH, SANFORD BRANCH, TONY WILSON, real name ANTHONY WILSON and a GARY JORDAN all in the area of this location, walking away on 9th.

Also on going back to the location after receiving information that a fire had been lit at that location, writers observed a veh used in previous arsons in the Albina area, this veh being a 56 Ford # 2P6289 parked at the curb just east of 11th on NE Skidmore. This is a black over red Ford with blue paint splotches. Also the veh is missing a hood. The veh was parked bet a garbage truck and another veh and no one was moving around the location.

Surveillance was kept on this veh for a perios of time, however no subja came to the veh and the writers left the area.

Nothing further at this time.

Resp: L.R.Kanzler 676  
R.A.Larson 538  
special dist 74,  
North.  
ac 6/16 11:50pm



C-39 6-16-70

Form 1.5

CC: CAPT SULLIVAN, East; FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE;  
CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON H. DE & ROBBERY; LT SMITH,  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY NORTH  
BUREAU OF POLICE

No. 50404

OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 11:35pm

CAPTAIN TAYLOR

6-16-70, 19

POSSIBLE SUSPS:

BRANCH, SANFORD  
BRANCH, NORMAN  
3950 NE Garfield

Assigned to H & R.

WILSON, ANTHONY  
4044 NE Brand

JORDAN, GARY  
add unk

POSSIBLE SUSP CAR: Oregon 2P 6289, 56 Ford, Convertible, blk over red

SIR:

By radio at 9:34pm to NE 9th and Skidmore regarding a fire in a vacant lot. Arrived at 9:37pm and was immediately contacted by a McKinley BROWN who resides at 902 NE Skidmore, phone 284-0117. Mr. Brown stated that approx 9:30pm, he had been standing in front of his home and noticed that 3 young Negro Juvs all dressed in dk jackets had attempted to start a fire in the brush on the North curblin on Skidmore in the 900 block. He stated that this fire had gone out and then he noticed that approx 2 or 3 minutes later that there was a fire burning on the NW conner of this intersection. He stated that the fire at this time had consumed approx 3 sq feet and for this reason he took his garden hose out and extinguished the fire. He stated that he had called the Police as he was very concerned over the circumstnaces due to the fact that this ~~is~~ vacant lot also is occuppied by a vacant home which has been gutted by vandals previous to this. The aside listed ~~MURKIN~~ susps were provided by Officer Kanzler, Car 74, who stated that these subjs had been seen loitering around another vacant house at ~~4009~~ 4009 NE Grand Avenue. He stated that the aside listed susp auto had been parked at NE 11th and Skidmore vacant at the time that this arson attempt was made. After checking the location where the fires had been on this lot I proceeded inside the vacant home here and found evidence of individuals having been inside the basement area of the home in the past day or so. Then went back in service at 9:46pm.

Resp,

P. C. Bates, #488  
C. A. Lore, #239  
North/A rel/Car 73

5:31am 6-17-70 dw



SUBJECT CONFIDENTIAL REPORT  
POSSIBLE EXTORTION  
CONTACTS

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 6/10/70

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_

THOMPSON METAL FAB  
2054 N. Vancouver  
WAGSTAFF BATTERY  
2124 N. Williams  
SMALL PARTS MANUFACTURING  
2219 N. Vancouver  
GRANDMA'S COOKIES  
1806 N. Williams  
COAST MIRROR CO.  
1732 NE 2  
NESTELLE'S INC.  
1800 NE 2  
McPHERSONS XX FURNACE & SUPPLY CO.  
HALSEY 88¢ STORE 1805 NE 2  
5302 NE 33  
B & R SHOE STORE  
2940 NE Alberta  
WHITE MANN CO.  
5001 NE Union

RUNYONS 88¢ STORE  
3716 NE Union  
ALBERTA TAVERN  
417 NE Alberta  
GRENFELL'S GROCERY  
4239 NE Union  
ARROW AUTOMOBILE SALES  
4611 NE Union  
ELECTRO-MATIC INC.  
6110 NE Union  
POLLOCKX MOTORS  
4206 NE Union

VALLEY DECORATING CO  
2030 N. Williams

A. L. TUDOR CO.  
14 NE Tillamook  
ALBINA TRANSMISSION CO  
4545 NE Union  
C & C MOTORS  
4747 NE Union  
KING FORD TRACTOR CO  
1931 N. Williams

XX SALTZMAN MOTORS  
88 NE Union & Shaver

KIENOWS FOOD STORE  
3038 NE Union

DEMME BROS.  
35 N. Russell

GARY WORTH PLYMOUTH  
4411 NE Union

KIENOWS FOOD STORE  
NE 33 & Schuyler

HELEN BERNHARD BAKERY  
1717 NE Broadway

CYCLE HUB MOTORCYCLE SHOP  
3602 NE Sandy

SPEAR BEVERAGE CO  
3808 N. Williams  
NICK'S FLOWER SHOP  
4040 NE Union  
BILLY'S TAVERN  
N 6811 NE Union  
LEONARD'S MARKET  
3965 N. Mississippi  
FLOYD CENTER AUTO SALES  
4511 NE Union  
NATIONWIDE FINANCE  
4008 NE Union  
J. C. PENNEY CO.  
1100 Lloyd Center  
SAFEWAY STORE  
NE 10 & Broadway  
FOREMAN & CLARK  
Lloyd Center  
SIMMONS CREDIT CO  
1023 NE Union  
GOLDHAMMER CUSTOMS SLIP COVERS  
839 N. Killingsworth  
PIEDMONT FLOOR COVERINGS  
3525 NE Union  
PIEDMONT PHARMACY  
3837 NE Union  
REPP'S MARKET  
3904 NE Union

✓BLACK PANTHERS  
✓KENT FORD

✓BROWN BERETS  
✓MUSLIMS

(Above names carded 7/1/70)

rec Shiffitts 2-1-71 PM



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Tebo

June 10, 1970, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Businesses Solicited by Black Panthers:

- / Coast Mirror ..... N.E. 2nd and Schuyler
- / Mcpherson Furnace ... N.E. 2nd and Schuyler
- / Nestells INC. .... N.E. 2nd and schuyler
- / Wagstaff Battery .... 2124 N. Williams
- / Kienow's ..... N.E. Union and Morris ( Security Officer-  
Zimmerman )

Resp.  
R.E. HEGGE #601  
T.M. MARLEY #70  
J.A. HURLEY #5



B3 6-9-70

12:55 am

CONFIDENTIAL

CC: CAPT SULLIVAN  
FIRE INVESTIGATOR  
LARC DETAIL  
INTELL.

03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN LT TEBO

LARC 6-9-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: FIRE ARSON  
At 3328 N. Gantenbein

BY \_\_\_\_\_

Sir:  
Working special duty on 6-8-70, 10:19 pm, we monitored a call of a box alarm at 3328 N. Gantenbein. Upon arriving at the scene, we were the first car on the scene, observed flames rising from inside of a vacant house. Immediately called for fire department as we did have a working fire. Upon their arrival, the flames were immediately extinguished. Upon investigating inside, we found that there were two broken bottles that were obviously fire bombs in the northern portion of the house. On the southern portion laying by a window was a large half gallon bottle, containing what appeared to be toilet paper and obviously a burned out fire bomb. Upon the arrival of the fire investigator, the fire investigator did conduct the investigation, however, prior to his arrival, we had contacted Identification division, Officer Munson responding from that division. Upon talking to witnesses prior to the arrival of the fire investigator, a Mr. Edward Caldwell, Rte 1, Box 134, Troutdale, Oregon, was contacted. Mr Caldwell had been staying at 260 N. Ivy. He had been in the back portion of this house which is the south portion, taking a bath when he had heard a loud crash, heard a subject say "Let's get out of here." He at this time jumped out of the bath tub and upon observing in a westerly direction on Gantenbein street, observed a veh speeding westbound on Gantenbein. The witness stated that he believed this car to be a Ford. Stated that the year was somewhere around a 58, an older model of Ford.

Upon arrival of the Fire Investigator, this information was given to him. Further witnesses were contacted at the addresses of 3316 and 3320 N. Gantenbein. Information obtained from these witnesses included in investigator's report.

The suspect auto was obtained from these witnesses, also a description being make and model unknown, having a black top and an orange or reddish colored bottom. These two witnesses were females and are not familiar with make and models of cars, however, the gentleman listed above did seem very certain that the car was a Ford and an older model. This information was broadcast to the Dist. cars.

The dictating officers are aware of a car that does match this description. This vehicle stays at 3016 N. Kerby, the office of R.L. Anderson. This veh was observed at approximately 9:15 pm, date, by the dictating officers at



the Chevron Station, NE Union and Cook street. At that time it appeared to be occupied by one person, the operator of the veh. This subj was viewed from a distance, however, appeared to be about 6-1, fairly thin build, approx 18 to 20 yrs of age.

The lic. number on this vehicle is Oregon 2P-6289. It is a black top convertible, however, the convertible top is extremely shiny, hard finished and could be mistaken for a hardtop. The bottom is a very oxidized red, having a very orange appearance. This veh is a 56 Ford. ~~Open/Close~~

Upon clearing the scene of the fire, we contacted #30, giving him this information and after contacting him, immediately went by the address of 3016 N. Kerby to ascertain if car was at that location. At approximately 10:40 pm, when we did drive by 3016 N. Kerby, the car was not present, however there were one to two persons inside of the resid who became quite excited in our passing, peering out through the windows and watching us as we went on up the street. We were in a private vehicle at the time.

We continued to look for this vehicle with negative results until at approx 12:30 am, 6-9-70, we observed the veh parked in front of 3016 N. Kerby and observed the figures of a number of persons inside of that address. One of the persons standing by the window was recognized as R. L. Anderson.

Due to the past record of this subject and the very close location of the office at 3016 N. Kerby to the scene at 3328 N. Gantenbein, we feel that this vehicle should be considered a very strong suspect vehicle. At this time we are unable to give the names of the operator or all of the persons staying in this resid, however, we do know that Irvin Tillus spends considerable amount of time at this resid, possibly further information could be gained from community relations officer or Intell. division for detail.

Prior to leaving shift, we notified the dist. car 61 of this vehicle. Requested that if they see the vehicle on the street, they attempt to identify the driver and/or passengers of the vehicle.

Resp  
T. Marley #70  
R. E. Hegge #601  
East, A relf, dist. 65, Unif

~~RECEIVED~~

6-9-70 2:58 am mfh



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORTNo. 70-*m*

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 12 PM \_\_\_\_\_

1 CC Fraud Detail

CAPTAIN Lt. Tebo \_\_\_\_\_

6-9-70 \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_

## RE: SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES

COMPL. MC CUEN, KENNETH CLIFFORD  
Safeway Store Mgr.  
11 NE Broadway Ave.  
287-9011Assigned to *HEK*

Susp: N M 29 to 30 Yrs., 6'1, 165#, fairly short neatly trimmed hair, wearing a green blazer type jacket, brown trousers, gold velvet type pull over shirt, black long sox, over the calf, and light brown loafer shoes.

Times: 10:17 PM; 10:20 PM; 10:30 PM.

Lt. Tebo, Sir: By radio to the Safeway Store at Lloyd Center regarding suspicious circumstances.

On arrival, contacted MR MC CUEN assistang mgr. of the Lloyd Center Safeway Store, who related the following:

At approx. 9:40 PM, this date, the above described NM, came to the cashiers cage, and was standing around. After standing around for approx. 1 min or 2 min., MR MC CUEN states that when all the customers had left, the above described NM asked MR MC CUEN if he was the Mgr of the Store. Mr. MC CUEN stated, "No, I'm not the Mgr., I'm the Asst. Mgr." The above described susp. asked if there was anyone in the store who was higher in rank than the compl. and he stated, "No." and the susp. asked Mr. MC CUEN if he could talk to him, in private. MR MC CUEN stated that "Yes, there is a place where we can talk in private," But due to the fact that ~~M/~~ the safe was open in the cashier's cage and there was a considerable amount of money in that area, MR MC CUEN refused to allow the above individual to come into that area. He chose to go to the alternate place which is located in the back of the store. MR MC CUEN and the above descr. individual subsequently went to the back room, where the following was explained to MR MC CUEN by the above described individual.

He stated that he was an undercover agent for the Better Bureau of Investigation, and he was working with the Black Panthers. The NM stated to the compl. that he wished him to cooperate in effort to buy the Better Bureau of Investigation to apprehend some of the PANTHERS who were apparently waiting him outside the store in an automobile. MR MC CUEN ~~xx~~ states that the above described individual requested MR MC CUEN to give him \$2500 in cash, for the purchase of some guns which were to be purchased by the BLACK PANTHERS and if the plan worked out were to be confiscated by the PPD and the money returned to the compl. The plan involved the susp. going out to ~~the~~ an area in Sauvier Island, where the above described ~~ix~~ NM alleges an shipment of arms was supposed to be due the



**BLACK PANTHERS.**

Upon denial of the above described mans request of \$2500 in cash, money, he ~~was~~ continued to talk and finally asked the compl. if he could slip out a back door. The compl. was then took the susp. to the basement where he was allowed to exit through the rear basement exit.

MR MC CUEN stated that he could definitely recognize the susp. if he came into the store again, and that he was a very neatly dressed individual and that he appeared to have been shaven and a razor line around the outline of the hair line area. He stated the susp. had no watch and that he appeared very calm and convincing in x his story. The compl. also states that the aboveindividual has come into the store on previous occasions and it was requested by the writers that in the event that he returned to make an attempt to identify this subj. for future information.

Resp. M G Chase #475  
T W Newman #272  
East Unif. A Rel. Dist. Car 63  
DP 6-9-70 5:14 AM



*To: Lt. Schwartz*  
**BP**

6-7-70 7:15 PM

CONFIDENTIAL

cc to Intelligence

cc to East

50-03NO 370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

cc to Capt. John Farber, Fire Dept.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

SUBJECT POSS. ARSON INFO.

BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70 38150

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

Lt. Tebo

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_

6-7-70

, 18

COMPL: JACOBSEN, A. A. MRS. dob 3-21-09  
4331 N.E. Davis  
Ph. 236 7248

Times on the call: 6:18, 6:19 and 6:26 PM

Sir: By radio received a call on arson info. to 4331 N.E. Davis.

On our arrival, we contacted a MRS. A.A. JACOBSEN who stated to the writers that she had some info. on the recent fire at the GRANDMA COOKIE CO.

She stated that her sister's family, the family of MELVIN LEE address of 7005 N.E. Alberta, ph. 284 5882, have a daughter whose boyfriend works at the GRANDMA COOKIE CO. The name of this boyfriend is unk and writers tried to contact the LEE resid. at 284 5882, but got no answer.

According to the MELVIN LEE's daughter's boyfriend, it was common knowledge around the GRANDMA COOKIE CO. that their bldg. was one of 10 bldgs. that was going to be burned by the BLACK PANTHER PARTY this summer. It is unk. by the writer what the other companies are and as was stated when the MELVIN LEE family was tried to be contacted with there was no answer.

The compl. MRS. JACOBSEN stated to the writers that this info. was probably known by the fire dept. and the police dept. but she stated that she wanted to make sure that this info. was known by the dept. and so she decided to call it in.

Resp.

M.R. Wherity #519  
W.M. Turay #406  
East, aft, car 57, unif.

6-7-70 mb 7:55 PM

*cc Black Panther file  
cc Arson file*



50.03N0370

SUBJECT INFO ARSONNo. 70-38225TIME 11:30AMCAPTAIN LT. WIGGINSJune 6, 1970, 19

## REGARDING INFORMATION FROM ANONYMOUS INFORMANT.

Sir: At 11:10PM this evening a phone call was received in the Larceny Detail Office from a subject who stated he had knowledge and information that the 'Black Panthers' are responsible for the fires in the Albina area. He states it is their plan to burn buildings and businesses without openly attracting attention to them or the Black people as they did last year by rioting.

The informant is employed in the area and says he is concerned about his place of employment as he feels it will eventually be burned also. He claims to have heard some talking that they are responsible for the fire last Monday and he feels that they are also responsible for the Grandma's Cookie Company which is currently burning and prompted him to call.

He states that the Wonder Bread Bakery located at N. Fremont and Vancouver is supposed to be the next fire. He had not heard when it is to be other than it is supposed to be soon. He states if he learns any additional information he will call tomorrow night at the same time - approximately 11PM. He was instructed to ask for the Larceny Detail.

He refused to identify himself. The sound of his voice and speech indicate he would be a Negro male.

Resp:  
J. O. Schmitt, Det.  
D. R. Maunu, Det.  
Larceny, 1st Night

6-7-70 8:40am mlt

cc. North  
cc. East  
cc. Intell.  
cc. Five invest. office

Sgt. Howard E. Wold



Classification

## INTELLIGENCE REPORT

TO: Deputy Chief Robert Steele

DATE: August 8, 1970

FROM: Winfield Falk

SUBJECT: Movement of militants

BLACK RIGHTS  
PANTHERS

I contacted an informant in the northeast 15th and Going area in regard to THOMAS MILLS known negro militant. MILLS was living at 1483 NE Going in the upstairs apartments. To the knowledge of my informant he has recently moved from that address. They will attempt to secure his new address for me. They stated that while he was living there he was visited frequently by people who were driving a blue automobile with Minnesota plates. All they could give me as to type of car was that it was a two door sedan.

This informant also observed at 1465 NE Going two subjects, one white male and one negro male, carrying several shotguns into the house. This happened about a week ago. The white male's name is KELLEHER, Daniel Joseph. His dob is 8-29-33, he is described as 6'1½", 185 pounds, brown eyes, brown hair, medium build, light complexion. The informant says that Mr. KELLEHER is a notorious liar and has in the past passed himself off as a secret service man. The informant also states that it seems like he is not really quite all there in the head. The house at that address is listed as belonging to a BRUNNER HURST. There is no record in files on this subject. Mr. KELLEHER has one FIR card in files which states that hee was supposed to be in a group that threatened to rough up members of the band at the Riptide Club. He claimed his occupation at this time was private investigator. This happened April 17, 1967.

WF:ak



A-1 7-7-69 12:15am

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

cc Intelligence  
cc Vice  
Sgt Miller-East

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt Still

19

*Copy to Capt. Moran*

**POSSIBLE BLACK PANTHER ACTIVITY**

Re:

ANDERSON, ROBERT @TYLER, ROBERT  
dob 12-20-47 or 12-20-48, nbc

MCCLELLAN, CLARENCE  
dob 7-7-41, nbc

FULLER, BENJAMINE  
dob 1-16-44, nbc

Poss Vehicle: 1961 Buick 4dr sgn  
V Ore 3V 7038  
Reg to: BROWN, JESSIE MAE  
204 NE Thompson

and are driving the abv vehicle which belongs to JESSIE BROWN who does live at 204 NE Thompson.

Apparently, Robert FULLER, the subj who was taken into custody, 7-6-69, for pointing a firearm at another, also lives at 204 NE Thompson with his wife.

Resp

J. W. Swetman 497  
M. E. Moist 212  
A/Dist 51/East/Unif

lb 7-7-69 6:10am

Sir:

The reporting officers through an arrested subj by the name of ROBERT FULLER were informed that his wife was prostituting at Providence Hospital where she is an employee. He also informed us that she is living with ROBERT ANDERSON @TYLER.

The reporting officers were also able to obtain from an anonymous source that the aside subjs are members of the Black Panthers and are from California and have been sent up to the Portland area to assist in militant activities. Their main specialty, according to the informant, is fire bombs.

The subjs are living at 204 NE Thompson

*FILED DD*

*707 1 1 00 VM .83*



cc: Det. Caldwell

Form #1.5

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

*ES Panther*  
*General File*

INFORMATION  
SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_  
TIME 11:05 p.m.  
CAPTAIN LT. JAMES WIGGINS

~~TO RECORD BUREAU~~

*File*

Tues. 6-24-69

, 19

INFORMATION RE: POSSIBLE ARMS FOR CIVIL DISORDERS

NARRATIVE

SIR: This date Det. Caldwell of the Auto Theft Detail received information from an informant that several nbc subjects were unloading rifles and ammunition from a white Cadillac into a house on Northeast Ainsworth near 7th. This informant stated one of the colored subjects dropped one of the guns; being an AK47. This particular gun is unfamiliar to the writing detective. This informant described this house as being on Ainsworth and if a person drove north on 7th would run directly into the house at Ainsworth and the house was green in color.

In checking this area it was determined that 7th street does not junction into Ainsworth coming from the south. However, 8th St. does and would run into a bluish-green well kept residence at 741 N.E. Ainsworth. In checking on 2 cars parked in front of this residence it was determined that this house in all probability is occupied by white residents. One of the cars observed in front of this residence was a '63 Cad. registered to a CLARENCE T. WOLF and a ROBERT A. and JOAN M. DELKER. In checking thru Records it was determined that these subjects are white.

If a person came from the north on N.E. 7th and continued across Ainsworth there is a house on the southside of Ainsworth where a person would run into; this being 710 N.E. Ainsworth. The possibility of this being the house was discussed with Det. Caldwell and he thought that possibly the informant was mixed as to his directions.

While checking this area the writers observed a 1960 white Cadillac convertible come to that address and a colored subject, unknown to the writers go into the address. This car is registered to a ROY M. DANIELS, Rt. 1, Box 281, Aurora. This name was checked thru Records with negative results. This house at 710 is a plate green color.

*LCM 577*

There is a green composition shaked house on the northwest corner of 7th and Ainsworth, this being 649 NE Ainsworth. This house is in rather bad state of disrepair and is directly to the east of 637 NE Ainsworth, which <sup>was</sup> at one and thought to still be the residence of former police officer JERNIGAN. It is thought possibly it would be advisable to check with the utilities companies to determine the occupants at 710 and 649 NE Aonsworth. Also to check thru the State Police and determine who now has possession of the 1960 Cadillac Convertible registered to ROY M. DANIELS in Aurora.



It should have been mentioned earlier in this report that this informant informed Det. Caldwell that this house had at one time been a house of prostitution. In checking thru the Vice Detail we find that there were several cards for 710 NE Ainsworth; the latest being June 17, 1969 when a PATRICIA ANN THOMAS nbc, DOB 10-8-50 was taken to Bess Kaiser Hosp. after jumping from the second floor window of this home while under the influence of narcotics.

There is also a card dated March 12th, 1969, listing the arrest of 2 juveniles near Jefferson Highschool in possession of marijuana; one of these being a ROBERT <sup>✓</sup>FORD 14 years with the address of 710 NE Ainsworth, DOB 5-20-57. It is not known by the writers if this ROBERT FORD is any relation to the militant KENT FORD. *NOT.*

RESP.,  
W. RENOUD,  
JOHN KIRKLAND, DET's.  
1ST NIGHT BURGLARY

bt, 6-25-69 8:25 a.m.



MILITANT FILE

Form#1.5

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT Information

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 3:30 PM

CAPTAIN Sgt. Schwartz

June 20, 19 69

Black Panthers

Info: Not disclosed

Sir: Information received that the Black Panthers are using the residence of 1483 N. E. Going as a Headquarters. The informate has seen 6 or more subjects with black berets & Goatees come & Go. They use late model cars & have 4 or more in the auto. There has been quite a bit of activity at this location and new faces continually. This house is grey in color 7& has white trim.

The service station on N. E. 15th & Killingsworth employs a Negro at night and he is selling gasoline to militants. Plans are to take ~~off~~ over the Lloyd Center and hold it by force.

RES OF THOMAS J MILLS JR  
GOOD INFO - MORE TO COME *DS*

Resp  
D. J. Schmitt  
Larc Days

*File this  
now*

*2*

CC INTELLIGENCE VIA CHIEF STEELE ✓



Classification

No. \_\_\_\_\_

INTELLIGENCE REPORT

TO: Chief Donald I. McNamara DATE: June 12, 1969  
FROM: C.F. Trimble  
SUBJECT: Black extremist activities - gunfire practice.

Details:

Information was received from Kenneth Theis, security guard with the Commission of Public Docks, who relayed the information that on June 11, 1969 at approximately 8 P.M. at Terminal #4, Berth #5, security guard Beardsley had observed five to seven Negro, males firing guns into the river just north of Terminal #4. He continued his rounds and then used a pick-up and drove to the vicinity and obtained a motor vehicle license number. The number, LDL 453, is registered to a '67 Chev, 2-door, Thomas J. Mills, Jr., 1483 N.E. Going St.

Subsequent information on this incident disclosed that there were in fact seven Negro males involved in this possible target practice and included Thomas Mills, Kent Ford, Thomas Johnson, Percy Hampton, Ralph Salazar and two unknown Negro males. The afore-mentioned have been associated with the Black Panther Party and other militant, extremist, black elements in the Portland area.

Security guard Beardsley contacted Multnomah County Sheriff's office to make a report, but there is no knowledge as to the report made.

It is requested that in the future, if this element is observed in the vicinity, to call Radio and dispatch a district officer immediately.

*cc - nwb  
East*

*ALL ID'd & FILED  
EXCEPT JOHNSON  
DD*

INFO *mn*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*Quil*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
FILE



B-1 6-11-70 12:18 AM

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

Assigned to *H&R*

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70- *MISC*

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 12:18 AM

1 CC N Prec. Lt. Smith  
1 CC E Prec. Capt. Sullivan

CAPTAIN Lt. Smith North

1 CC Hom & Rob 6-11-70, 19  
1 CC Fire Marshalls- Arson

Sir: While being assigned to Spec. Detail at the Albina Area attempting to locate suspicious autos occupants traveling about the same area, we directed most of our attention to the area of GARY-WORTH PLYMOUTH DLRS on Union Ave. and Fred Meyers Inc. On Union Ave. and Killingsworth, and the area of the earlier fire bombings.

While checking for followups on previous Arson susp. ROBERT ERIC ANDERSON NM, 20 Yrs., we located his address at 4713 NE 50th Ave., and the fact that he operates a 1956 white over blue Olds, 2 Dr. Ore. Lic. 4M7920. This auto was parked in front of the address of 4713 NE 50th Ave., and these officers observed it being operated by ROBERT ERIC ANDERSON.

We also received information, through reliable sources that ANDERSONS younger brother RONNIE ANDERSON, who is 16 or 17 Yrs. of age, also lives at that location with him.

On several occasions we spent upwards to 30 to 45 min. parked in localles Iso that we could observe the back entry way of GARY WORTH PLYMOUTH DEALER\_ SHIP and also the back lot area of Fred Meyers Inc. on Union Ave. & Killingsworth Ave. On both locations, we did not observe any extra heavy traffic of vehs nor a repeat of vehs into the area. The only activity in the area was that of norma and routine travel or that is all that we could determine from the vehs which went by. No further action at this time.

Resp. R A Larson #53  
L R Kanzler #676  
A Rel. North Dist. 74 Unif. Spec. Detail  
DP 6-11-70 1:55 AM



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Smith

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Sir:

During the working hours, special detail on this date, observed at approx 7:50 PM, the black top, red bottom, '56 Fd, ORE 2P6289, stopped at the intersection of NE Schaver At Union. One of the occupants of that automobile, the driver, was using the telephone and at that time he was accompanied in the phone booth by one white female.

After making the phone call the subj. and female companion returned to the ~~XXXXXX~~ automobile where they met with at least two other nbc male subj. and waited in the automobile on the parking lot of the old Lidio's Rest., now known as Davis's Rest. After approx 3 to 5 minutes a '60 Pont, ORE 2U6193, gold in color, registered to a Shirley Thompson, 1818 NE Victoria, pulled into the parking lot, 1 nbc male & 1 nbc female stepped from the Pont and traded places with 2 nbc male subj. who stepped from the ~~XX~~ '56 blk top, red bottom Fd, and got into the Pont. The subjs. who stepped from the Fd & got into the Pont. were carrying some unk material or object in their hands. It appeared to be a can type or overnight bag. They stepped into the Pont & drove Southbound on NE Union from Schaver and at that time Dist Car #62 was advised their location and type of vehicle and at that time they got on the vehicle and followed it. These officers ~~fake~~ followed the blk top, red bodied Fd west on Schaver from Union to NE Rodney where X it turned N. on Rodney & went to the address of 4068 NE Rodney where two of the occupants got out of the automobile. These occupants walked to the vacant house at that address & due to the fact that we had to drive by their location & that they observed the writer & knowing him by name & knowing that I'm a police officer, abandoned whatever project they were about to do & stood by the ~~XXXXXX~~ automobile. After approx 15 minutes the automobile in unk direction from that location. We lost visual contact with it, never seeing it again this date.

At approx 12:20AM, while travelling past the area of N. Morris & Kirby, observed a green '55 Chev, ORE ECQ010, with two negro male occupants. This automobile was registered to a Bruce ~~XXXXXX~~ WILHELMENSON, address of 1960 Oleson Rd, expired May of 1970. This automobile was parked in front of the location of N. Kirby & Morris for approx 20 minutes.

Resp.

J.R. Greisen, 679

L.R. Kanzler, 676

A, North, Dist 74, Unif., Spec Detail

6/12/70 2:17AM mmm



## INTELLIGENCE REPORT

TO: Deputy Chief Robert Steele DATE: October 9, 1970

FROM: C.F. Trimble

SUBJECT: Demonstration at Multnomah County Courthouse (Black Panther Party).

Details:

The following is a list of individuals who participated in a demonstration at the Multnomah County Courthouse on October 7, 1970 at which signs and handbills were passed out in reference to the upcoming trial of ALBERT WILLIAMS—as identified in earlier reports. Persons involved in the demonstration of this date include PETER TUNO, ROBERT WOLHEIM, JEFFERY BAKELY, ALICE HEDGEPEETH, ROGER SUTTON SMITH, a Negro woman identified as ALBERT WILLIAMS mother and approximately five other we were unable to identify.

On October 8, 1970 information was received that the White Panther Party members would demonstrate in the vicinity of the Multnomah County Courthouse and at a given time (approximately 11:30 A.M.) would burn a United States flag in the Park Blocks east of the County Courthouse.

Upon arrival at 11 A.M. observed no one demonstrating. at approximately 11:30 A.M. a small group started arriving to demonstrate. These included MICHAEL SLATER, ERIC DILLMAN, BABETTE JACOBSON, MICHAEL A. JEFFERY of the White Panther Party and JEFFERY BAKELY, PETER TUNO AND SHEILA LEA, who are associated with other leftist groups, demonstrating. There were approximately six others who were unidentified. They were selling the SUNDANCE White Panther newspaper and demonstrating around the block. This demonstration was conducted without incident and there was no evidence of flag burning.

CFT:h

CC FBI

Security File Oct 70



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT

Lt. Crawford

No.

69- MISC #1

TIME

2/25/69

CONNECT - 69-11499  
" - 69-11572

CAPTAIN

LT. STILL

, 19

RE: UNWANTED DISTURBING  
Washington High School  
Gymnasium

RE:

DENDE, FRED  
DENTON, CHUCK  
COLLINS, JR., EDDIE  
JOE, ROBERT LEE  
JOE, RAYMOND

Sir: By Rad90 at 7:54pm. arriving 7:54pm, clearing at 8:40pm. to Washington High School gymnasium, regarding several unwanted. On arrival at the W. end of the gymnasium, in the box office area, we observed several young nbc subjects including the above five, participating in an argument with special officer Davidson, and vice principal, Jones. Apparently a group of young black males, none of whom are students at Washington High School, crashed the front door and entered without paying the admission fee. Subjects were stopped, and requested to leave, and from there it was nothing but utter confusion.

Several of the subjects sated that they had paid their admission, but apparently no one could prove it as ticket stubs were not given.

We were covered on this call by Car 59, Morrissey/Snyder, and car 51, ~~FERR~~ Ferreira/Moist, as well as 55 Sgt. Dimick. We did not know exactly what was going on through out the entire ~~part~~ course of events, except that special officer Davidson was doing his best to get the subjects, including the above 5, out of the building. However, each time he attempted to do so, they voiced their disapproval only, demanded their money back, which is doubtful that they paid in the first place. The school officials at Washington High School were absolutely passive during this entire situation. They seemed fearful of offending anyone, even though they were severely taken advantage of by this small group. Jones had no control over the group, whatsoever, and Davidson was most successful, although he did not really know what to do with them either. The subjects never did leave until the ball game was over.

It seems to me that an understanding should be reached between the Portland Bureau of Police, and school officials, regarding this type of incident. Obviously the subjects were doing nothing but taking advantage very skillfully of the Washington school officials, and Officer Davidson. Not only did they take physical and verbal advantage of the officials, but also took some of their money, and refunds that they probably did not deserve. I would suggest that more decisive action be taken in the future by the school officials. The police present were hesitant about handling the situation as it should have been handled, on initiative, as the passive mood of the school officials would probably ~~have~~ resulted in non support of any police action at the time.

Although there were no ~~serious~~ incidents of any serious consequences at the time the disturbance was in progress, there were assaults approx. one half hour after the ballgame let out.



2/25/69

All the subjects involved were young nbc males, wearing black panther and "Free Huey" buttons on their jackets and hats.

Resp.

G. L.Griffitts, 442

E. M Ashton, 655

East, Unif,A shift, 41

2/26/69

6am rw



9:32 p.m.

2/25/69

E-28

REPORT OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON  
BUREAU OF POLICE, PORTLAND, OREGON  
222 S.W. PINE ST.

**BULLETIN**  
FEB 26 1969

11499

cc: Homicide and Robbery  
Capt. Sullivan of East precinct

1. SPECIFIC CRIME ASSAULT - AGGR.		2. PLACE OF OCCURRENCE S. E. 14th just south of S. E. Stark		CASE NO. 69-							
3. DATE AND TIME CRIME OCCURRED 2/25/69 8:50 p.m.			4. DATE AND TIME CRIME REPORTED 2/25/69 9 p.m.								
5. VICTIM'S NAME ANDERSON, JAMES R.		6. RESIDENCE ADDRESS 24 3621 S. E. Ankeny		7. RES. PHONE 232-7940	8A. BUS. PHONE						
9. FIRM NAME IF BUSINESS		10. BUSINESS ADDRESS		8B. BUS. PHONE							
11. PERSON REPORTING CRIME victim		12. RESIDENCE ADDRESS		13. RES. PHONE	14. BUS. PHONE						
19. WITNESSES' NAMES 1. 2. 3.		20. RESIDENCE ADDRESS		21. RES. PHONE	22. BUS. PHONE						
23. VICTIM'S OCC. RACE SEX D.O.B. student W M 4/12/52		25B. EXACT LOCATION OF VICTIM AT TIME OF CRIME S. E. 14th just south of Stark									
26C. VICTIM'S ACTIVITY AT TIME waiting for ride home		24B. WEAPON OR FORCE USED (DESCRIBE) fists and feet		29. TYPE OF PROPERTY TAKEN							
24A. TYPE OF PREMISES street		31. TRADE MARK OF SUSPECT(S): ACTIONS OR CONVERSATION - EXACT WORDS Racial assault.									
32. SUSPECT(S) NAME 1. see body of report 2. 3.		ADDRESS	RACE	SEX	AGE	HT.	WT.	HAIR	EYES	COMPL	CLOTHING
33. VEHICLE USED BY SUSPECT(S) tan 1960 Oldsmobile balance unknown		LICENSE NO.	COLOR	YEAR	MAKE	BODY TYPE	IDENTIFYING MARKS				
34. VALUE: 1-CURRENCY VALUE: 4-CLOTHING		VALUE: 2-JEWELRY & PRECIOUS METALS VALUE: 5-MISCELLANEOUS			VALUE: 3-FURS VALUE: 6-AUTO ACCESS.						
35. SURNAME	FIRST	INIT.	PERSONS ARRESTED ADDRESS		RACE	SEX	D.O.B.	WHERE EMPLOYED			
SURNAME	FIRST	INIT.	ADDRESS								

36. DETAILS: NARRATIVE OF CRIME, DESCRIBE EVIDENCE: SUMMARIZE DETAILS NOT GIVEN ABOVE: ITEMIZE AND DESCRIBE ANY PROPERTY OBTAINED, INCLUDING SERIAL NUMBERS AND VALUE.

Possible suspects: DANDE, FRED; DENTON, CHUCK; COLLINS, JR., EDDIE LEE; JOE, RAYMOND; JOE, ROBERT LEE

Sir: While on routine patrol at 9 p.m. while proceeding south on 14th from Stark we were stopped by 28W who had in his vehicle the assault victim JAMES ANDERSON. ANDERSON was bleeding from the mouth and appeared to have been assaulted rather viciously. At this time it was also learned that car 59 Officers Morrissey and Snyder had an assault victim with them stemming from the same place at the same time involving the same suspects.

ANDERSON states that he was waiting for a ride home with a couple of girlfriends on the west side of 14th just south of Stark street next to Washington High School. A basketball game had ~~concluded~~ concluded approximately 30 minutes prior. At this time a vehicle proceeded southbound on 14th from Stark containing several ~~young~~ young nbc subjects. This vehicle stopped opposite ANDERSON and one of the subjects inside the vehicle began asking ANDERSON for money. ANDERSON kept stating that he did not have any but the nbc subjects insisted and became very obnoxious in language towards the victim and the girls present. (continued on next page)

LIST ANY OTHER CRIME(S) CLEARED OR CONNECTED WITH THIS REPORT. USE SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT IF NECESSARY.

37. APP NO. AND DATE		38. NAME, SIGNATURE, BADGE NO. REPORTING OFFICER(S)		39. RELIEF: DAY 1 2 DIST. PREC. CO DIV.	
Form 1.2				DATE AND TIME REPORT WRITTEN	



Page 2

Finally the several nbc subjects got out of the car and began striking the victim. ANDERSON states there were four or five that were actually involved in striking him with their fists and kicking him with their feet. After being knocked down several times the subjects kept insisting that the complainant give them his money. They then reached into his back pocket and removed his wallet, opened it and found that there was no money there and threw it into the bushes. The victim did have a quarter in his hand which he gave to the subjects at this time.

At this point another male subject (the one car 59 had) began to ~~interject~~ interject into the fight and was subsequently assaulted by the same subjects.

~~Shortly after~~ It was shortly after the subjects left that we arrived to investigate the situation.

At 7:54 p.m. date we had received a call to Washington High School regarding several unwantededs. At that time there was a basketball game in progress. The above named suspects were some of the unwantededs involved. None of them are from Washington High School and all were causing trouble and apparently had no interest in the basketball game. They were all wearing black power symbols and had crashed the gate without paying admission fee. The incident is covered under a separate miscellaneous report. The very brief description given by ~~RS~~ ANDERSON fit several of the subjects who were involved in the earlier disturbance. The names that we obtained initially are the ones listed above. It is not known for sure whether or not any of these subjects were involved in the assault on the victim but there is a good possibility that they were.

Since the victim stated that he would be able to positively identify the subjects arrangements were made with Homicide and Robbery Detective Johnson to have the victim view mugs at approx. 10 p.m. date. The victim will be transported to detective division by his father for that purpose.

Respectfully,

G. L. Griffitts, #442  
E. M. Ashton, #655  
East, A Relief, Dist. 41  
fjp 10:44 p.m.



REPORT OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON  
BUREAU OF POLICE, PORTLAND, OREGON  
222 S.W. PINE ST.

1. SPECIFIC CRIME <b>ASSAULT - OTHER</b>		2. PLACE OF OCCURRENCE <b>SE 14/Stark</b>				CASE NO. <b>69 11572</b>					
3. DATE AND TIME CRIME OCCURRED <b>2/25/69 8:50 pm</b>				4. DATE AND TIME CRIME REPORTED <b>2/25/69 8:55pm</b>							
5. VICTIM'S NAME <b>CHRISTY, Douglas Lee</b>		6. RESIDENCE ADDRESS <b>5905 NE Everett</b>		7. RES. PHONE <b>234/4475</b>		8A. BUS. PHONE					
9. FIRM NAME IF BUSINESS		10. BUSINESS ADDRESS		8B. BUS. PHONE							
11. PERSON REPORTING CRIME <b>compl</b>		12. RESIDENCE ADDRESS		13. RES. PHONE		14. BUS. PHONE					
19. WITNESSES' NAMES 1. 2. 3.		20. RESIDENCE ADDRESS		21. RES. PHONE		22. BUS. PHONE					
23. VICTIM'S OCC. RACE SEX D.O.B. <b>US AF W M 2/29/48</b>		25B. EXACT LOCATION OF VICTIM AT TIME OF CRIME <b>sw corner of SE Stark/14th</b>									
26C. VICTIM'S ACTIVITY AT TIME <b>waiting for bus</b>		24B. WEAPON OR FORCE USED (DESCRIBE) <b>hands to strike</b>			29. TYPE OF PROPERTY TAKEN <b>none</b>						
24A. TYPE OF PREMISES <b>street</b>		31. TRADE MARK OF SUSPECT(S): ACTIONS OR CONVERSATION - EXACT WORDS									
32. SUSPECT(S) NAME		ADDRESS	RACE	SEX	AGE	HT.	WT.	HAIR	EYES	COMPL	CLOTHING
33. VEHICLE USED BY SUSPECT(S)		LICENSE NO.	COLOR	YEAR	MAKE	BODY TYPE	IDENTIFYING MARKS				

34. VALUE: 1-CURRENCY VALUE: 4-CLOTHING		VALUE: 2-JEWELRY & PRECIOUS METALS VALUE: 5-MISCELLANEOUS			VALUE: 3-FURS VALUE: 6-AUTO ACCESS.						
35. SURNAME	FIRST	INIT.	PERSONS ARRESTED ADDRESS		RACE	SEX	D.O.B.	WHERE EMPLOYED			
SURNAME	FIRST	INIT.	ADDRESS								

36. DETAILS: NARRATIVE OF CRIME, DESCRIBE EVIDENCE! SUMMARIZE DETAILS NOT GIVEN ABOVE! ITEMIZE AND DESCRIBE ANY PROPERTY OBTAINED, INCLUDING SERIAL NUMBERS AND VALUE.

**Lt Still**  
 Sir: Radio call at 8:55pm, arrived 8:55pm and 10/8 at 9:14pm. At the intersection of NE Union/Burnside, contacted by the high school teacher of Washington High who stated a subj he had a passenger he had saved from being severely beaten by a group of nbc subjs at SE 14/Stark. The compl got in the back of our patrol car and stated he is an airman in the USAF, and is currently home on leave and will be going back to his base approx the middle of March. He is currently based at the Foocha Air Station in Japan. HE stated he had been watching the basketball game at Washington High and when he went to the corner of SE 14/Stark to catch a ride, on the bus, approx 5 nbc walked up to him. He was approached by one subj approx 140, 5/7, who asked for a dime for a phone call. At that time the compl stated he did not have a dime, just some pennies, and the subj then struck him in the jaw. He was then jumped by another nbc subj approx 6ft, wearing dk purple sun glasses and along with these 2 sujs approx 3 or 4 nbc subjs knocked him to the ground, hitting him and kicked him.

He finally broke loose and ran and was tripped and beaten again. He was saved by the high school teacher. He stated he could identify some of the subjs again as they were the same ones that had been causing a disturbance in the high school along with other officers, including ourselves, we had been dispatched to

LIST ANY OTHER CRIME(S) CLEARED OR CONNECTED WITH THIS REPORT. USE SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT IF NECESSARY.

37. APB NO. AND DATE		38. NAME, SIGNATURE, BADGE NO. REPORTING OFFICER(S)			39. RELIEF: DAY <u>1</u> <u>2</u> DIST. <u>PREC.</u> OR DIV. <u></u>	
For info. 2		DATE AND TIME REPORT WRITTEN				



this location earlier on the Black Panthers causing a disturbance there.

At that particular time, Off Ferriera, Ashton, Griffith, Snyder, Morrissey, and Sgt Dimick were at the scene. These officers along with Spl Off Davidson observed the 6 or 7 Black Panthers that were there.

For futher info on the names, of the subjs, read Off Ashton's report re another asslt which occurred at the same time under the same circumstances.

Along with our compl, Off Ashøons compl, were to go to the Det office to view mugs of the Black Panthers in Portland and it is unk at this time whether any developed from this viewing.

Resp:

R D Snyder f# 463

R Morrissey # 514

e shift east 51 uniform

2/26/69

6:40ammd



*CC. Intell.**07.0*CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORTSUBJECT Info-Panthers

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Sullivan8-18-69

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

re: Richmond, Ralph Dewitt (NBC) 12-14-50  
4612 NE Rodney  
PPD# 53899Sir: At aprox. 12:30pm today  
we were contacted by Joe Bowman of  
the School Inv. Office.re: Collins, Eddie Ray (NBC) 2-21-47  
4532 NE Mallory  
PPD# 48188Joe stated that at aprox.  
12 noon the aside two subjects along  
with two other panthers were at the  
Boise school. This was during the free  
lunch period.After the four subjects  
left he was informed by many of the  
smaller children of the fact that the aside Ralph D. Richmond had been  
showing a gun to the smaller children while they were in the lunch room  
of the school.One of the men assisting  
in the lunch program then went outside and questioned the aside subject  
Richmond. He did not deny having the revolver (38 cal), but he stated he  
did not have it on him at this time. He had apparently passed the gun to  
one of his associates. A short time after Richmond was confronted by the  
incident involving the gun, he came back by the school and at this time  
had what appeared to be a 38 cal revolver in his belt on the left side.  
Richmond showed the revolver to the helper at the school and told him  
he had purchased it at G.I. Joes. Richmond was at this time or at the time  
the gun was witnessed, in a blue 60 chev, lic. unk. Subjects then left the  
scene.Resp,  
G.J. Dunn #507  
Harold W. Freshour #520  
M-62-E-Uniform*58*



# COME SEE ABOUT ALBERT

Multnomah Courthouse

SW 4th & Main

Monday, October 12th

8:30 a m

*5/2*  
*18th October 11*  
*658279*

Why did it take 2 hours to get Albert to the hospital?

Why wasn't the 2 month old misdemeanor warrant served at  
Albert's house?

Why is Harmon still in our community?

Why has Harmon been given a promotion?

Why is Adolf Van Hoomisen trying to make an example of Albert?



Albert has been shot by Harmon

Notice Larsen grinning in the background



9. We want all black people when brought to trial to be tried in court by a jury of their peer group or people from their black communities, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.

We believe that the courts should follow the United States Constitution so that black people will receive fair trials. The 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a similar economic, social, religious, geographical, environmental, historical and racial background. To do this the court will be forced to select a jury from the black community from which the black defendant came. We have been, and are being tried by all-white juries that have no understanding of the "average reasoning man" of the black community.





## BLACK PANTHER PARTY

The Black Panther Party within the California prisons is practically non-existent at this time. Since the release from prison of Huey Newton, the organization has gradually fallen apart. This was partially caused because of the new way of life Newton pursued, and the high cost involved drawn from party funds.

They also came out with a new non-violent policy, choosing to work within the system instead. They felt that through their involvement in politics they could have a type of government they wanted. They ran several members for public office in Oakland, California, but were defeated at the polls.

Because of the non-violent policy they lost most of their prison following, who being more violent by nature, have since joined forces with the Black Guerrilla Family.

The Black Panther Party is still headquartered at 8501 East 14th Street, Oakland, California. Elaine Brown is trying to pull the party back together but is not having too much success. All indication at present are that the Black Panther Party is practically non-existent at this time in the California Prison System.



SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Title JONES, KATHY A.  
Last First Middle

Alias  
or Nickname \_\_\_\_\_

Birth Date 6-15-51 Ht. 5'11" Wt. 145

Hair Black Eyes Brown

FBI# \_\_\_\_\_ CII # \_\_\_\_\_

Address 1409 20th Ave

Seattle Local # \_\_\_\_\_

M.O. \_\_\_\_\_  
(Specialty, crime)

Misc. Info. Black power leader in Garfield  
(vehicles, associates, hangouts,  
highschool



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
**OFFICER'S REPORT**

No. \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_

19 \_\_\_\_\_

Title RONEY HENRY VESIER  
Last First Middle

Alias "HANK"  
or Nickname

Birth Date \_\_\_\_\_ Ht. \_\_\_\_\_ Wt. \_\_\_\_\_

Hair \_\_\_\_\_ Eyes \_\_\_\_\_

FBI# \_\_\_\_\_ CII # \_\_\_\_\_

Address 3013 65th Pl. S.E.

Seattle Local # \_\_\_\_\_

M.O. Black Power advocate  
(Specialty, crime)

Misc. Info Building Contractor  
(Vehicles, associates, hangouts,  
assoc. Harris, Dixon, Phillips, etc.)



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Title GARRETT, JAMES CORDELL  
 Last First Middle

Alias CORDELL GARRETT  
 or Nickname

Birth Date 5-4-46 Ht. \_\_\_\_\_ Wt. \_\_\_\_\_

Hair Black Eyes Brown

FBI# \_\_\_\_\_ CII # \_\_\_\_\_

Address 1106 16th Ave. #7

Seattle Local # \_\_\_\_\_

M.O. Militant in belief/ writes for  
 (Specialty, crime)  
the Afro Journal - Seattle

Misc. Info. Teaching assist in Afro  
studies.  
 (Vehicles, associates, hangouts)



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Title ROSS, MICHAEL KEENE  
Last First Middle

Alias \_\_\_\_\_  
or Nickname \_\_\_\_\_

Birth Date 7-14-41 Ht. 5'8" Wt. 165

Hair Black Eyes Hazel

FBI# \_\_\_\_\_ CII # \_\_\_\_\_

Address 1808 E. John #6

Seattle Local # \_\_\_\_\_

M.O. Black Power militant- spokesman  
(Specialty, crime)

for Black Power, SOC-100- Central area

Misc. Info. V/L, red, Un7080525 as oc.  
(Vehicles, associates, hangouts,

Miller, Norhtington,



7-26-70

CAC-002	-----	GRN 63 CAD	-----	ANDERSON, ROBERT ERIC
CDX 044	-----	WHI/BLU 58 BUICK	-----	DUEHART, LUCIOUS
9H 8095	-----	PINK 57 BUICK 4 DR.	-----	TILLIS, KIRVIN
2A 4100	-----	BLU/DK BLUE 56 OLDS	-----	GOLDEN, HENRY LEDELL
9J 5132	-----	BLUE 59 CHEV. 2DR.	-----	MCKINNEY, MARVIN
GDD 165	-----	WHITE 64 CHRYSLER CONV.	-----	GILL, JAMES LEE
FDS 209	-----	BLK/ BLUE 68 BUICK	-----	JENKINS, ERNEST L.
CDY 269	-----	BLK/WHI 65 CAD	-----	PHILLIPS, CLYDE ALLEN
HDK 282	-----	BLK 65 CHEV. CONV.	-----	HAMPTON, PERCY JR.
7J 8319	-----	BLUE 57 OLDS	-----	BURRELL, NORMAN
DDX 350	-----	WHI/BLK 64 GTO	-----	SCRUGGS, DARYL
BDL 401	-----	GOLD 62 CHEV. S/W	-----	ALLEN, MONROE JR.
9J 6406	-----	BROWN 62 COMET	-----	WILLIAMS, ROY
3S 8440	-----	BLK/RED 60 T-BIRD	-----	LESTER, FLOYD
HRQ 444	-----	TAN 66 FORD FAIRLANE	-----	DENNIS, LESLIE
FDD-482	-----	WHI/GRN 59 PLYMOUTH S/W	-----	JOHNSON, ALBERT
FDX 592	-----	BLUE 65 CAD.	-----	BRANCH, MARCUS
2Y 7607	-----	WHITE 61 JAG.	-----	TAYLOR, LEON
JBF 614	-----	BLK/YELLOW 59 PONT. G.P.	-----	SMITH, CHARLES EDWARD
GBH 615	-----	BLK/ RED 69 PONT. G.P.	-----	ANDERSON, L.B. JR.
FDD 702	-----	WHI/GREY 55 BUICK	-----	LEWIS, ALONZO
FER 729	-----	BLUE 70 T-BIRD	-----	FAIR, DAVID WENDELL
EEQ 768	-----	BLK/WHI 66 FORD	-----	MONGOMERY, MILTON CHARLES
DBN 797	-----	MAROON 62 CHEV.	-----	CRAWFORD, JERRY
2Q 2802	-----	WHITE 60 MERC.	-----	MITCHELL, BILLY EDWARD
4N 6854	-----	WHITE 60 OLDS	-----	SHEARS, ROBERT/BLACK, CHARLES
5U 8858	-----	RED 63 CHEV.	-----	CARTER, VERNELL
LAG 957	-----	WHITE 62 CHEV.	-----	IRVING, LEONARD
ADJ 995	-----	LT/DK GRN 56 CHEV. S/W	-----	MENEFE, RAYMOND



BLACK PANTHER MEMBERS

SEATTLE, WN.

• Aaron Dixon ✓	Black Panther Captain
• Elmer Dixon ✓	Brother of Aaron
• Garner Earl Brooks ✓	Shot Police Officer
• Robert White ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 66790
• Steve Phillips	
• Robert O. Henderson	Seattle Police Dept. 66679 →
• Lewis Thomas Jackson ✓	
• Earl Byrd Nelson ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 66728 →
• <i>WARREN MYERS</i>	Minister of Fire
• Chester Nordington ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 59346
• Curtis Ray Harris ✓	Seattle Police Dept 66304
• <i>CLARK WILLIAMSON</i>	Frequents Portland
• Anthony Frank Ware ✓	
• Willie Brazier ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 60857
• Buddy Yates ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 66499
• Robert Davis, Jr.	Black Student Union
• Steven Acrey ✓	Black Student Union
• Harrison Allen III ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 66341
• Larry Gossett ✓	
• Rafael Cook	Seattle Police Dept. 66326 →
• Marshal Buford	Seattle Police Dept. 65684 →
• William Billy Jackson	
• Carl Miller ✓	Seattle Police Dept. 65670
• <i>KATHLEEN HALLEY aka NAJASI</i>	Black Student Union
• E. J. Brisker ✓	
• @ Trollis Travers	Seattle Police Dept. 65669 →
• <i>Trolice Flavors</i>	
• <i>William Richardson</i>	<i>Un classified</i>
• <i>Samuel C. Kline</i>	<i>Sea # 65906</i>
• <i>Bruce Gordon Hayes</i>	<i>Sea # 19379</i>
• <i>DeWayne M. HALL</i>	<i>Sea # 66097</i>



I. <sup>A</sup> ~~I~~ law officer making application is Robert A Schwartz, Sgt, Detective Division, Portland Police Bureau. Authorizing the application are Capt John E Nolan, Chief of Detectives, and Donald I Mc Namara, Chief of Police.

B. REASONABLE GROUND TO BELIEVE A CRIME DIRECTLY OR IMMEDIATELY EFFECTING THE SAFTY OF HUMAN LIFE HAS BEEN COMMITTED OR IS ABOUT TO BE COMMITTED.

~~I~~ During the past several <sup>u</sup> months, evidence has been collected that points out that certain hiearchial members of the local black panther parties have been involved in a program of collection of funds from local businessmen for a breakfast program in the black communittee. Police reports indicate that KENT FORD, FREDDIE WHITLOW, SANDRA BRITT, LINDA THORNTON, JEFFERY FIKES and PERCY HAMPTON, as well as other unknown negro males, have by intimidation, been obtaining money from the Albina business <sup>Community</sup> for the black panther breakfast program. The business people in the area that have given to the program, largely ~~do so~~, because of fear of retaliation from this group, either in the form of vandalism, fire bombings, or bombings by explosive devices, \_\_\_\_\_ of violence in this area two explosions have caused property damage and danger to life within the recent months, in this area. On 8/22/70, Mc Donald's Drive-in Restaurant, located at NEUnion and Fremont, suffered a loss, due to explosion, probably by dynamite, at the hands of unknown persons. Reliable informants indicate that thex afore mentioned people had direct knowledge of this explosion and they have also been directly involved in the conspiracy to commit the explosive act. Sometime later, on \_\_\_\_\_, Lampus Co, located at NE Union, also suffered damage in the middle of the



night, due to explosive devices. This considerable damage, although restricted to property, could well have injured anybody passing by.

- III. Within the same time frame, several arson fires have occurred in this section of town, one of which was Grandma Cookie Co, on \_\_\_\_\_. In this arson fire, where one arrest was made, there was a severe loss of property and danger to the firefighters and residence living in the area. The top shop solicited by the black panther organization, their breakfast program, were refused and, approx two months later, suffered loss by fire under mysterious circumstances. Most recently, an elderly woman died in an arson fire in the NE section of town (date \_\_\_\_\_, case # \_\_\_\_\_). A reliable informant has named the perpetrators of this fire; these are to be known associates of the black panthers.
- IV. Police report 70-50404 indicates that MR RUNIAN, who operates an 88¢ store, located at 3716 NE Union Ave, reported that he had been solicited by KENT FORD, a leader of a local black panther chapter, and asked to contribute to the breakfast program. When refused, seven or eight pickets began picketing in front of his business, among the pickets, MR PERCY HAMPTON, JR was identified as carrying a sign and blocking traffic, both incoming and outgoing, from the business establishment. At one point, MR HAMPTON publicly advocated burning the business down. These utterances by HAMPTON are almost identical to those chanted by the pickets at Mc Donald's Drive-in, prior to the Mc Donald's bombing.
- V. Over the period of the past several months, specifically and generally past 14 months, the city of Portland, in the Albina area, has suffered several million dollars loss, due to fires of arson origin. In the spring and summer of 1969, black panther associates



were convicted of at least 10 fires with the loss of approx 2½ million dollars and the attendant threat to life. During that time, several juvenile suspects were taken into custody, many of whom are now associated with the black panther organization. In the last few months, there has been a series of residential and dwelling house fires, also of arson origin, and at least one occasion, an automobile frequently seen at the black panther headquarters was a suspect car in one of these first degree arson cases.

VI. Recent months, many anonymous phone threats have been made to businesses in the Albina area and these threats generally involved the intended commission of arson by fire bombing or the use of explosives to destroy businesses. <sup>In</sup> Many of these case, the businesses threatened are those that have been solicited by the black panther breakfast program committee (those persons originally named in this section) and have refused to participate in the program. Threats have been made to the following companies: MC DONALDS Restaurant, NE Union and Fremont; FRITOLAY INC, 2045 NE Union Ave, EARL MARK'S MOTOR CO, 2021 NE Union Ave and TRADEWELL STORES, 3535 NE 15th Ave.

VII. On very recent occasion, the special police officer at Fred Meyer Store NE Union and Killingsworth had occasion to cause the head of the black panthers, MR KENT FORD, to be arrested and, shortly thereafter, police reports reflect that reliable information was received through anonymous informant that this special officer's property and life were in danger from the black panthers by use of explosives. The informant reported conversations which involved direct threats against the man's life and property. This information, from the same informant, also, personally had knowledge of dynamite available for the avowed purposes. A second reliable informant from a



different source stated that the black panther organization hierarchy ~~group~~ were in possession of dynamite, which had been obtained from the ~~city~~ state of Washington. He described this as a large quantity. A third reliable source verified this information. The second indicated informant further stated that the Leu Williams Cadillac Agency was to be dynamited with the consent of black panther organization and by one of their members over an alleged grievance that had occurred earlier. Of police reports, informants, occurrences of violence, we believe there are reasonable grounds that a crime directly or immediately effecting the safety of human life has been or is about to be committed.



(II) REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT EVIDENCE WILL BE OBTAINED.

When soliciting by the Black Panthers, they often demand the businessman to call 282-5115 with his decision as to how much money is to be contributed. This number is listed to ~~SANDRA BRITT~~, a known ~~member of the Black Panther Party and the wife of Black Panther leader KENT FORD~~. <sup>Lead</sup> ~~Kent Ford~~ the ~~known~~ member of the Black Panther Party and the wife of Black Panther leader ~~KENT FORD~~. This address is also known to be the regional office for the Portland Chapter of the Black Panther Party and a base of operations for their program. Many threats of injury to life and property have been made by telephone to businessmen not participating in the breakfast program. The threats have been very brief and normal channels open for tracing and recording are impossible to initiate.

(III) NO OTHER MEANS READILY AVAILABLE FOR OBTAINING SUCH INFORMATION.

Intensive investigating techniques have been unsuccessful in securing sufficient evidence to support an indictment. A number of businessmen are reluctant to discuss the problem with the police out of fear of retaliation by the Black Panther Party. Although some information has been obtained through confidential informants, these informants will not testify, due to fear of retaliation.



Requirements for application:

- (1) Reasonable grounds to believe a crime directly or immediately affecting the safety of human life has been committed or is about to be committed.

Must identify the law officer making application and the officer authorizing the application.

- (2) Reasonable grounds to believe that evidence will be obtained.

Include probable cause that defendant will use the line re the commission of a crime, or that the line is listed in the name of defendant, or commonly used by him.



(3) No other means readily available for obtaining such information.

(4) Set out precise sources of information as to all facts.

(5) Prior applications?



(6) Identify fully the particular telephone line from which the information is to be obtained, the type of communication to be intercepted, the location where the interception will be made, the I.D. of person, if known, whose communications are to be intercepted.

(7) (Court order effective 30 days maximum) Statement of the period of time for which the interception is required, including a statement as to whether or not the interception shall automatically terminate when the described communication has been first obtained.

(8) Statement describing other investigative techniques used and that they failed.



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

5255 N. Vancouver

Sandra Britt

Kent's Girl

Panther HQ

---

Ronald Symons  
~~Wanted~~



HSK

1 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON

2 FOR THE COUNTY OF MULTNOMAH

3 HAMBURGER ENTERPRISES -- )  
4 UNION, INC., an Oregon )  
5 corporation, dba McDonald's, )  
6 Plaintiff, )

7 vs. )

8 KENT FORD, LINDA THORNTON, )  
9 SHELLY BATTLES, CLYDE HAWKINS, )  
10 PATTY HAMPTON, MAE HAMPTON, )  
11 DICK ROLLAND, RICHARD FAITH, )  
12 ALI BATTLES and JEFF FEILT, )  
Defendants. )

NO. 361 385

FINDINGS OF FACT AND  
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW ON  
MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY  
INJUNCTION

13 The above-entitled matter having come on for hearing on  
14 plaintiff's motion for a preliminary injunction, on August 15,  
15 1970, at 9:30 a.m., plaintiff appearing by Hugh L. Biggs, Cleveland  
16 C. Cory and Garry R. Bullard, of its attorneys; and defendants Kent  
17 Ford and Linda Thornton appearing by their attorneys, L. A.  
18 Aschenbrenner, Charles J. Merten, James Morehead and Nick Chaivoe,  
19 and the parties having introduced testimony and evidence in support  
20 of their respective contentions; and it appearing to the court that  
21 John Doe, Jane Doe, Richard Roe and Jane Roe are fictitious names  
22 used to identify all picketers whose real names were not known at  
23 the time the case was filed but were established by sworn testimony  
24 on the hearing to be Shelly Battles, Clyde Hawkins, Patty Hampton,  
25 Mae Hampton, Dick Rolland, Richard Faith, Ali Battles and Jeff Feilt.

26 It further appearing to the court that these persons were  
27 present in court and were represented by the attorneys for the other  
28 named defendants and that the defense attorneys stipulated that the  
29 named persons should be impleaded by their true names and made  
30 subject to all orders of the court in these proceedings, and the court

Page



1 having heard arguments of counsel on the merits and having  
2 indicated orally its findings and opinion at the conclusion of the  
3 evidence and arguments adopts those preliminary findings and now  
4 makes the following special  
5

6 FINDINGS OF FACT

7 I

8 Plaintiff is an Oregon corporation engaged as an independent  
9 local franchise dealer, commonly known as "McDonald's Hamburgers,"  
10 in the business of preparing and retailing food for take-out and  
11 on-premises consumption at its restaurant located at 3510 N. E. Union  
12 Avenue, Portland, Multnomah County, Oregon. Plaintiff's franchise  
13 was issued by McDonald's Corporation, an Illinois corporation, which  
14 has franchise outlets in other parts of the United States. McDonald's  
15 Corporation has no control over plaintiff's operation except to  
16 establish minimum quality standards of the food purchased by plaintiff  
17 to be processed and sold at its retail outlets. In all other  
18 respects plaintiff operates completely independently of McDonald's  
19 Corporation.  
20  
21

22 II

23 On August 1, 1970 defendants Kent Ford and Linda Thornton, acting  
24 in cooperation and concert with the other named defendants, established  
25 a picket line at plaintiff's restaurant located at the premises above  
26 described. The picket line was established without prior notice by  
27 the defendants to plaintiff of any grievances that defendants had or  
28 might claim to have against plaintiff.  
29

30 III

31 On the 1st day of August and after the picket line had been  
32 established and active picketing was being conducted by defendants,



1 Kent Ford and Linda Thornton met with "McDonald's" general manager,  
2 Irving C. Laviske, to inform him the purpose of the picketing.  
3 Defendants Kent Ford and Linda Thornton demanded that the plaintiff  
4 contribute \$100 a month to three alleged charities in the Albina  
5 area -- the Childrens' Breakfast Food Program, Fred Hampton's Peoples  
6 Clinic, and the Malcolm X Dental Clinic, for a total of \$300 a month  
7 and defendants informed plaintiff that if it did not make the demanded  
8 contributions defendants would continue picketing and boycotting  
9 for the purpose of compelling plaintiff to contribute as requested,  
10 or in the alternative to drive McDonald's out of business. During  
11 the course of the conversation plaintiff offered to contribute  
12 foodstuffs and beverages to the Childrens' Breakfast Program, as  
13 had been done by plaintiff to other organizations in the community  
14 from time to time in the past. The defendants thereupon stated an  
15 alternative demand of one cent of each dollar of gross sales per  
16 month at plaintiff's location described above. Upon Laviske's state-  
17 ment that he would have to consult other officers and stockholders of  
18 plaintiff before making any commitment for financial contributions  
19 in any form, picketing was discontinued on orders of defendants Ford  
20 and Thornton. The defendants thereupon set a time, 11:00 a.m.,  
21 August 4, 1970, by which plaintiff must agree to defendants' demand  
22 for monthly financial contributions or picketing would be resumed.  
23 On August 4, 1970, Laviske requested further time to consult with  
24 other stockholders and officers of plaintiff concerning defendant's  
25 demands. A further meeting was scheduled for Thursday, August 6, 1970  
26 with defendant Ford, but he proved unavailable on that date. On  
27 Tuesday, August 11, 1970, at approximately 10:30 a.m. Laviske  
28 informed Ford that the plaintiff would not make a contribution of  
29  
30  
31  
32



1 money as demanded. Thereupon picketing was resumed by defendants  
2 at approximately 11:30 a.m., August 11, 1970, and continued until  
3 the restaurant was forced to close for repairs on the 22nd day  
4 of August, 1970 because of damage resulting to its building from  
5 an explosive device placed in close proximity to said building  
6 by persons presently unknown. At this time there is no evidence  
7 directly linking the defendants to this explosion.  
8

9  
10 IV

11 During the course of picketing on the 1st day of August and  
12 between the 11th day of August and the 14th day of August, 1970  
13 when this court issued a temporary restraining order, the defendants  
14 carried placards and signs reading: "Picket McDonald's," "McDonald's  
15 Exploits Black People," "McDonald's is Used as a Base Area for Pig  
16 Attacks on the Black Community - Boycott!" and up to and including  
17 August 11, 1970 from time to time chanted "Burn it down. Burn it  
18 down. Burn McDonald's to the Ground." The picketing during these  
19 days occurred both on plaintiff's premises and on the public side-  
20 walks adjacent thereto. On one occasion, one of the children  
21 picketing used obscene language toward a patron of plaintiff who  
22 went through the picket line. On a number of occasions, one or  
23 more of the picketers grabbed onto the sides of automobiles as they  
24 drove into plaintiff's lot. Several times a ten-year old girl  
25 associated with the picketers tossed mud at cars as they drove on  
26 to plaintiff's lot, and once tossed a bottle after a car leaving  
27 plaintiff's lot. On another occasion, this ten-year old girl and  
28 an eighteen-year old shoved a patron of plaintiff in the back. On  
29 two occasions, defendant Ford had words with plaintiff's employees,  
30 and on one of these occasions said to Billy Ray Davis, a black  
31  
32



1 employee of McDonald's as Davis was taking down the American flag  
2 at sundown "Get your hands off the white man's flag, nigger . . .  
3 If I catch you touching the white man's flag again, I'm going to  
4 kick the shit out of you". In other instances defendants used  
5 vile, obscene, revolting and insulting epithets against McDonald's  
6 customers. During the course of the picketing one of the pickets  
7 said to an assistant manager of plaintiff, "You know if you would  
8 just contribute \$350 to the fund then this would all come to an end.  
9 However, if you don't, it may get worse." This picketer did not  
10 identify himself by name, but had been active in the picketing  
11 procedures.  
12

13 No fights occurred during the course of the picketing, no  
14 arrests were attempted, and when Mr. Laviske requested aid of the  
15 police he was advised that the picketers had a right to use the  
16 sidewalks in a peaceful manner, and that if any trespasses occurred  
17 to his property he could swear out a Complaint against the offenders.  
18 Mr. Laviske chose to seek legal advice and to proceed with this suit  
19 for injunction.  
20

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V

23 The only demand ever made upon plaintiffs by defendants Ford  
24 and Thornton before the commencement of the picketing was for the  
25 contribution of money to the three specified alleged charities.  
26 Neither the defendants purporting to act on behalf of the Black  
27 Panthers, or any other associations, committee, group or organization  
28 representing or purporting to represent the black citizens of  
29 Albina community ever gave notice to plaintiff prior to the actual  
30 commencement of picketing of any grievance asserted by them, or by  
31 the community as a whole against the plaintiff. During the trial  
32



1 Kent Ford who proclaimed himself as the head of the Black Panthers  
2 in the Portland area and the "strike leader" stated his avowed  
3 purpose of picketing McDonald's was to exercise free speech in  
4 advising the public

- 5 1) McDonald's has a national policy of practicing racism in  
6 awarding franchises to minority people;
- 7 2) To demand the number of black employees of McDonald's  
8 to be in proportion to the number of black people that  
9 trade there;
- 10 3) That McDonald's systematically excludes black employees  
11 from supervisory managerial positions;
- 12 4) That McDonald's refuses to aid the community in self-help  
13 programs;
- 14 5) That McDonald's is one of the businesses responsible for  
15 police harrassment and brutality in the community;
- 16 6) That since McDonald's is deriving a profit from its  
17 business in the community, that its profits should be cut  
18 unless it agrees to better the community;
- 19
- 20
- 21

## 22 VI

23 This court finds that the Black Panther party has picked out  
24 McDonald's as a target for national harrassment and boycotting, this  
25 action being based on the theme that white merchants should not make  
26 profit from black people in a black community and that to exist in the  
27 community these merchants are to be coerced into payments to black  
28 community programs sponsored by the Black Panthers or suffer  
29 elimination by legal or illegal means.

## 31 VII

32 Plaintiff at all times has been, and until closure of its

Page



1 restaurant because of explosion damage, was operating its business  
2 at the Union Avenue location in a peaceful and lawful manner. No  
3 evidence was produced of McDonald's engaging in any discriminatory  
4 practices against any persons on account of race, color, sex or  
5 religion. In fact, the evidence was that McDonald's at this  
6 location employed at the time of the picketing 8 blacks out of 20  
7 employees. At previous times the ratio was reversed.

9 McDonald's is under no legal or other obligation to contribute  
10 money to any enterprise in the Albina area or elsewhere for which  
11 the defendants have demanded a contribution, nor is it under any  
12 legal or other obligation to withhold the use of its premises at  
13 any time from policemen or any other duly authorized officers of  
14 the City, County or State who may wish to make use of its parking  
15 areas during periods of rioting, violence or other emergencies  
16 and in fact has no control over such use by the enforcement  
17 authorities in a time of emergency. For practical reasons, plaintiff  
18 has requested that the police not use the premises as a gathering  
19 point in the event of any future emergencies.

21 Plaintiff has no control over the issuances of franchises by  
22 the out-of-state McDonald Corporation. No evidence exists in the  
23 record of these proceedings that McDonald Corporation has practiced  
24 racial discrimination on a national basis in the issuance of its  
25 franchises.  
26  
27  
28

29 From the foregoing Findings of Fact, and based upon the opinion  
30 of the court attached, the court draws the following

31 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW  
32



1 cannot be carried out.

2 Because of the physical coerciveness of picketing a court  
3 has the right to limit the number of picketers in a public area  
4 including sidewalks adjoining or surrounding a private business  
5 subject to the picketing. The defendants and anyone acting under  
6 their direction or control are enjoined from engaging themselves  
7 or directing any other person to engage in

9 1) Any picketing based upon a failure of the plaintiff to  
10 make contributions to any charity, whether existing in the  
11 black community or not, sponsored by the Black Panthers  
12 or not, for the reason that donation to charities and  
13 other similar activities is a personal right or privilege  
14 of any individual or company in our society and is not  
15 the subject of an important public interest or right.  
16 There exists no public or private right to compel  
17 contributions from anyone to any charity or community  
18 activity.

20 2). The defendants are also enjoined from

21 (a) intimidating, obstructing, molesting, harassing,  
22 or threatening bodily harm or injury to any of plaintiff's  
23 employees or customers or prospective customers;

25 (b) in any way blocking, discouraging or limiting the  
26 free flow of pedestrians or automobile traffic from  
27 entering or leaving plaintiff's premises;

28 (c) picketing on plaintiff's premises or handing out  
29 leaflets on plaintiff's premises or allowing others who  
30 have been attracted by their picketing, particularly young  
31 children, to carry on the above acts and conduct, from  
32



1 which said defendants Kent Ford and Linda Thornton are  
2 enjoined from carrying on themselves.

3 3) The defendants may:

4 (a) engage in any lawful expression in the exercise  
5 of free speech so long as it is done in a peaceful and  
6 orderly fashion. If the expression of free speech is  
7 to be undertaken in the form of picketing, they may  
8 picket in numbers not to exceed 5 at any one time. This  
9 court has reduced the number of allowable picketers from  
10 10 to 5 because of the limited sidewalk area adjoining  
11 the McDonald's property. The defendants can exercise  
12 their right to free speech as effectively with 5 people  
13 as they can with 10. The greater numbers tend to produce  
14 physical coercion. The picketing may be done only on the  
15 public sidewalk and may not interfere with the ingress  
16 or egress of the customers or employees of McDonald's.  
17 Meetings organizing the picketing may not be held in the  
18 area surrounding the McDonald's premises. No picketing  
19 or distribution of leaflets may be carried out on the  
20 McDonald's premises. No shouting at customers will be  
21 allowed as this is not only coercive but disruptive of  
22 the customers' or employees' right of privacy and may  
23 create a public disturbance.

24 4) Any violation of this court's injunction by the defendants  
25 shall subject the violator to the contempt powers of this  
26 court. Upon a finding of violation, the punishment for  
27 contempt is 6 months in the County Jail per violation,  
28 and confinement can be ordered to run consecutively for  
29  
30  
31  
32

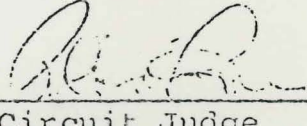


1 each violation. Each violation is also subject to a fine  
2 of up to \$300.

3 This injunction shall remain in effect until further order  
4 of this court.

5 No bond is required.

6 Dated this 16th day of September, 1970.  
7  
8

9  
10   
11 \_\_\_\_\_  
12 Circuit Judge  
13  
14

15 STATE OF OREGON )  
16 County of Multnomah ) ss

17 Due service of the within Findings of Fact and Conclusions  
18 of Law on Motion for Preliminary Injunction is hereby accepted in  
19 Multnomah County, Oregon, this 16th day of September, 1970, by  
20 receiving a copy thereof, duly certified to as such.  
21  
22  
23

24 \_\_\_\_\_  
25 Attorney for defendants.  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32



1 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON

2 FOR THE COUNTY OF MULTNOMAH

3 HAMBURGER ENTERPRISES -- )  
4 UNION, INC., an Oregon )  
5 corporation, dba McDonald's, )  
6 Plaintiff, )

NO. 361-385

7 vs. )

O P I N I O N

8 KENT FORD, LINDA THORNTON, )  
9 SHELLY BATTLES, CLYDE HAWKINS, )  
10 PATTY HAMPTON, MAE HAMPTON, )  
11 DICK ROLLAND, RICHARD FAITH, )  
12 ALI BATTLES and JEFF FEILT, )  
Defendants. )

13  
14 Defendants Kent Ford and Linda Thornton originally induced  
15 picketing of McDonald's in an effort to coerce monetary contributions  
16 from McDonald's. The contributions were to go to selected black  
17 community projects sponsored by the Black Panther Party. Picketing  
18 to coerce contributions to any form of charity is not in the public  
19 interest and is unlawful. International Brotherhood of Teamsters,  
20 Local 695, A.F.L., et al v. Vogt, Inc., 354 US 284, 77 S Ct 1166,  
21 1 L Ed 2d 1347.  
22

23 If the picketing were limited to this one claim -- that McDonald's  
24 refuses to contribute to Black Panther charities -- all such picketing  
25 could be enjoined. But the defendants wish to engage in picketing  
26 for additional reasons not originally expressed to McDonald's. This  
27 raises a question -- are the defendants to be restricted forever from  
28 picketing McDonald's on any basis, in other words, a blanket injunction  
29 as sought by the plaintiff? Is this court to say to the defendants,  
30 your original motive was wrong (as it was); therefore, you will not  
31 picket for a purgatory period of two years, one year, six months,  
32



1 90 days, 30 days on any basis? Are the defendants to be allowed  
2 to make any allegations against McDonald's even though there is no  
3 truth in fact to the allegations? This proceeding raises these  
4 most difficult questions and must provide the answer by carefully  
5 fitting together the pieces after a collision of co-existing  
6 rights -- the right of McDonald's to be left alone, and the right  
7 of the defendants to exercise free speech.  
8

9 It is clear that picketing involves more than free speech. As  
10 was stated in Amal Food Emp U Local 590 v. Logan Valley Plaza,  
11 391 US 308, 88 S Ct 1601, picketing involves elements of both  
12 speech and conduct (patrolling), and because of its devastating  
13 economic results picketing can and should be "...subjected to  
14 controls that would not be permissible in a case of free speech."  
15 (391 US at 313).  
16

17 In Machesky v. Bizzell, 414 F2d 283 (CCA 5 1966), the United  
18 States Court of Appeals, Fifth Circuit, through the words of  
19 Circuit Judge Bell stated at page 289:

20 "Numerous Supreme Court opinions attest to the fact that  
21 First Amendment rights are not private rights of the  
22 appellants so much as they are the rights of the general  
23 public."

24 and went on to quote from the Amal Food Emp U Local 590 v. Logan  
25 Valley Plaza, supra,

26 "We start from the premise that peaceful picketing carried  
27 on in a location open generally to the public is, absent  
28 other factors involving the purpose or manner of the picketing,  
29 protected by the First Amendment... (Page 290) The right to  
30 picket is not absolute. It must be 'asserted within the limits  
31 of not unreasonably interfering with the rights of others to  
32 use the sidewalks and streets, to have access to store  
entrances, and where conducted in such manner as not to  
deprive the public of police and fire protection' Kelly v.  
Page, 5 Cir., 1964, 335 F2d 114, 119. These interests can,  
of course, be protected by state injunctions narrowly drawn  
(emphasis added). The injunction here, however, has not  
struck such a balance. It prohibits all picketing in the



1 designated business areas of Greenwood, for whatever purpose  
2 and in whatever manner carried out. This overshoots the  
3 mark . . . ."

4 The court, in further criticism of blanket injunctions, stated

5 (Page 291):

6 "The injunction here in question goes even further than  
7 prohibiting protected picketing. It enjoins 'loitering  
8 or congregating \* \* \* to induce, persuade, or coerce any  
9 person or persons not to trade or to do other business  
10 with \* \* \* complainants \* \* \*'. This, for aught else appearing,  
11 prohibits the distribution of leaflets and even speech directed  
12 toward the boycott effort."

13 The court in Machesky struck down the state injunction as  
14 unconstitutionally overbroad in that it lumped the protected with  
15 the unprotected rights.

16 The composite answer from these decisions is that state  
17 injunctions involving First Amendment rights may not be blanket,  
18 but must be carefully and narrowly drawn.

19 Turning to the proposed subject matter for future picketing  
20 of McDonald's as expressed by the alleged head of the Black Panther  
21 Party in this area:

22 "1) McDonald's has a national policy of practicing racism in  
23 awarding franchises to minority people;"

24 This court has received no evidence to prove or disprove this  
25 allegation. This allegation is an expression of opinion and, of  
26 course, as such, subjects the person making such a claim to the  
27 laws of defamation in the event the allegation is false. Such an  
28 expression will not be enjoined.

29 "2) To demand the number of black employees of McDonald's  
30 to be in proportion to the number of black people that  
31 trade there;"

32 McDonald's is located in the City of Portland, County of  
33 Multnomah, State of Oregon at the intersection of N. E. Union and  
34 Fremont. The court takes judicial notice that this restaurant



1 adjoins the so-called black community area and that the percentage  
2 of black citizens in the 8 tracts surrounding the McDonald's  
3 restaurant ranges from 8.4% to 66.6%. The testimony during the  
4 proceedings revealed that at the time of the picketing in August,  
5 1970, McDonald's employed 8 black people and 12 white people, and  
6 there was credible testimony that at other times the black employees  
7 had exceeded the white employees in number.  
8

9 In the case of Hughes, et al v. Superior Court of California  
10 for Contra Costa County, 339 US 460 (1950), Justice Frankfurter  
11 approved a preliminary injunction restraining citizens from picketing  
12 a store to compel "the selective hiring of negro clerks, such hiring  
13 to be based on the proportion of white and negro customers who  
14 patronized plaintiffs' stores". Interestingly, attorneys supporting  
15 the petitioners' position included Arthur J. Goldberg and Thurgood  
16 Marshall. The court reasoned that if the pickets were upheld in  
17 their demand for proportionate hiring then other races, white, yellow,  
18 brown and red, would have equal rights to demand discriminatory  
19 hiring on a racial basis. Justice Frankfurter went on to say (Page 464):  
20

21 "To deny to California the right to ban picketing in the  
22 circumstances of this case would mean that there could be  
23 no prohibition of the pressure of picketing to secure  
24 proportional employment on ancestral grounds of  
25 Hungarians in Cleveland, of Poles in Buffalo, of Germans  
26 in Milwaukee, of Portuguese in New Bedford, of Mexicans  
27 in San Antonio, of the numerous minority groups in New York,  
28 and so on through the whole gamut of racial and religious  
concentrations in various cities.... The differences in  
cultural traditions instead of adding flavor and variety  
to our common citizenry might well be hardened into  
hostilities by leave of law."

29 In this important case, Justice Frankfurter quoted from  
30 Palko v. Connecticut, 302 US 319, 327:

31 "Industrial picketing is more than free speech, since it  
32 involves patrol of a particular locality and since the very



1 presence of a picket line may induce action of one kind  
2 or another, quite irrespective of the nature of the ideas  
3 which are being disseminated."

4 Certainly the subsequent explosion at the McDonald's premises  
5 and the assaulting of a customer by those not named as defendants  
6 is proof of this point.

7 Picketing to demand proportional hiring on the basis of race  
8 is unlawful and under the authority of Vogt, supra, may be and is  
9 in this case enjoined.

10 "3) That McDonald's systematically excludes black employees  
11 from supervisory managerial positions;"

12 This is an allegation that may be expressed by the defendants.

13 "4) That McDonald's refuses to aid the community in self-help  
14 programs;"

15 On its surface, contribution to a Children's Breakfast Program  
16 savors up foremost the flavor of Christmas giving and the feeling  
17 that if a business is making a substantial profit in a neighborhood  
18 it should contribute to such well-meaning enterprises.

19 First, no law compels anyone to give to any particular charity  
20 or community enterprise. Further, there may be good reason for  
21 not contributing to a Black Panther sponsored breakfast for youngsters.  
22 Recently Columnist Jack Anderson had this to say about the Children's  
23 Breakfast Program:  
24

25 "... the Panthers attend white fund-raising parties and  
26 titillate the drawing-room gatherings with the Panther strut  
27 and ghetto slang. They bait the white liberals mildly by  
28 calling them 'honkies' to their faces. But behind their  
29 backs, the Panthers preach raw racism.

30 "They happily accept liberal money to feed hungry ghetto  
31 children and, indeed, they serve free breakfast to an  
32 estimated 10,000 youngsters each month. But the free food  
is merely an enticement to attract the children to  
revolutionary kindergartens where they are taught to hate  
whites, to commit crimes and to fight the police.



1 "The Panthers publish a children's coloring book, for  
2 example, which features drawings of policemen being killed.  
3 The pictures were drawn by Jack Arthur Strivers, one of six  
4 blacks arrested in connection with the sniper shooting of a  
5 Sacramento, Calif., patrolman, Bernard Bennett, on May 9."

6 Perhaps Mr. Laviske had good reason not to wish to contribute  
7 to a Panther operation subject to the all too well remembered  
8 analogy of the Hitler Youth Movement. He may be justified in  
9 feeling that while the children are having their stomachs filled  
10 with food they are having their minds filled with hate. The  
11 defendants are enjoined from picketing on the basis that McDonald's  
12 refuses to contribute to community programs.

13 "5) That McDonald's is one of the businesses responsible  
14 for police harrassment and brutality in the community;"

15 This is an absurd allegation. How can McDonald's be  
16 culpable of police harrassment or brutality. This allegation stems  
17 from the isolated instance when McDonald's parking lot was used  
18 by the police as a gathering point during riots over a year ago.  
19 Many expressions of free speech are absurd and are not enjoined.  
20 This expression will not be enjoined.

21 "6) Since McDonald's is deriving a profit from its  
22 business in the community, that its profits should be  
23 cut unless it agrees to better the community".

24 Again this is a general expression of free speech and if this  
25 is the feeling of the defendants, they legally can express it.

26 Going beyond the proposed subjects for future picketing is  
27 the anticipated expression "boycott McDonald's". It is impossible  
28 to segregate the lawful and unlawful reasons for anyone to boycott  
29 McDonald's. If people want to say "Boycott grapes" or "Boycott  
30 McDonald's" and that boycott is based in substantial part in  
31 feelings which can be legally expressed, this court rules that  
32 such an expression is lawful.



1 It is interesting that the leader of the Black Panther  
2 Party sells a newspaper on the sidewalk adjoining McDonald's  
3 during his picketing endeavor which professes to be the official  
4 Black Panther News Service. This defendant, seeking the protection  
5 of the United States Constitution, has avowed to overthrow that  
6 same Constitution and the government behind it by violent,  
7 revolutionary means. This newspaper has contained such expressions  
8 as  
9

10 "Black men. Black people, colored persons of America,  
11 revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture  
12 worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change.  
13 Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the  
14 gun. Kill the pigs everywhere.

15 "... we will not dissent from American Government.  
16 We will overthrow it. "

17 Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations  
18 from the writings of Chairman Mao Tse-Tung of the People's Republic  
19 of China and feature Mao's statement that "political power grows out  
20 of the barrel of a gun."

21 Most shocking is the memorializing of John Jackson, James  
22 McClain, William Christmas and Ruchell McGee as great heroes  
23 for precipitating the killing of a Superior Court Judge and the  
24 paralyzing of a Deputy District Attorney in San Rafael, California.

25 The Black Panthers are currently launched on a campaign to  
26 "free all political prisoners" and "death to the Fascist pigs".  
27 Political prisoners are those legally incarcerated or imprisoned  
28 for violations of our criminal laws. Fascist pigs include police  
29 officers, prosecutors, judges, businessmen, and so on. The  
30 papers are filled with statements of hate for all white people  
31 and blacks they call "Uncle Tom's", filled with articles on how  
32 to use every form of weapon and explosive. Anyone who does not

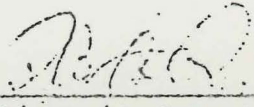


1 recognize the terrible violence being conjured up by the Black  
2 Panther Party has been deluded.

3 It has always been the heritage of our country, and one of its  
4 greatest strengths, to provide free expression for all citizens,  
5 even those dedicated to the destruction of the same government  
6 guaranteeing that right.  
7

8 The court has issued its injunction on that basis.

9 Dated at Portland, Oregon this 16th day of September, 1970.

10  
11  
12  
13   
14 \_\_\_\_\_  
15 Circuit Court Judge  
16  
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1. ~~Business~~ ~~peop~~

Companies currently doing that have donated under the above circumstances are:

ALBINA Transmission Co.  
4545 NE Union

C & C Motors  
4747 NE Union

Piedmont Floor Coverings  
3525 NE Union

2. In addition, companies that have been approached, but have declined to donate, but feel threatened are:

Peppi Market  
3904 NE Union

AL Tudor Co  
14 NE Tielman

Piedmont Pharmacy  
3837 NE Union

King Ford Tractor  
1931 Al Williams

Thompson Metal Fab  
2054 Al Vancouver

Floyd Center Automobile Sales  
4511 NE Union



2

Nationwide Finance \* burned  
4511 NE Union

Picki Flower Shop - suffering broken  
4040 NE Union windows

~~Kienows Food store~~ fire bomb on  
~~3038 NE Union~~ roof prior to  
destroying

Kienows Food Store  
NE 33rd Shuyler

Valley Decorating Co.  
2030 N Williams



1. Cont.

Salzman Motors  
NE Union & Shaver

Kenous Food store  
3038 NE Union

~~Kenous~~  
Fire bomb  
from the doorway

DEMME Bros  
35 N. Russell

GARY Worth Ply  
formerly 4411 NE Union

Fire bombed

Rungoni 88<sup>th</sup> STORE  
3716 NE Union

ALBERTA TAVERN  
417 NE Alberta

GREENFELLS Grocery  
4239 NE Union

ARROW Automobile Sales  
4411 NE Union

POLLOCK Motors  
4206 NE Union



560225

EX - BP

CRME

A. Case Number 8012004

B. Classification **ASSAULT-OTHER**

C. Type Offense 0429

D. Accompanying Reports  
 SPECIAL VEHICLE  CUSTODY PROP/REC.

E. Evidence \_\_\_\_\_ F. Type Clr. \_\_\_\_\_

**CRIME REPORT**

City of Portland, Bureau of Police

*coded 10636*

COMPUTER ENTRY

PERSONS  *SM*

VEHICLE  *3212*

CRIME

PROPERTY

BOOKING

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Opr \_\_\_\_\_

REFER CASE # \_\_\_\_\_

DISTRIBUTION

Central  Dets  DA

East  Youth  Ident

North  SID  Prop Room

Traffic  SFO/SST  Crime Prev.

\_\_\_\_\_

**3**

1. Reported Date 10-07-80 2. Time 2258 3. Occurred Date 10-07-80 4. Time 2100-2130 5. Location of Occurrence 1809 SW 11th<sup>th</sup> (Lobby) 6. Computer Entry 540725

7. Last Name CLARK First ARLENE Middle T 8. Res. Address 1104 SW Columbia #204 ZIP CODE \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Res. Phone NONE

10. Sex F 11. Race W 12. D.O.B. 8-23-54 13. Occupation \_\_\_\_\_ 14. Work Hours \_\_\_\_\_ 15. Business Address \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP CODE \_\_\_\_\_ 16. Bus. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

17. Firm Name (If Involved) Kings Albert OptS 18. Address #5 ZIP CODE \_\_\_\_\_ 19. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

20. Reported By #7 a. Sex \_\_\_\_\_ b. Race \_\_\_\_\_ c. D.O.B. \_\_\_\_\_ 21. Res. Address \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP CODE \_\_\_\_\_ 22. Res. Phone \_\_\_\_\_ 23. Bus. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

24. Last Name \_\_\_\_\_ First N/A Middle \_\_\_\_\_ 25. Res. Address \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP CODE \_\_\_\_\_ 26. Res. Phone \_\_\_\_\_ 27. Bus. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

28. Type Premises Where Crime Committed opt lobby 29. Method & Point of Entry visiting friends - Lobby 30. Instrument & Force Used hands

31. Location of Victim at Time of Crime talking to suspect 32. Victim's Activity at Time of Crime talking 33. Location of Property When Stolen N/A

34. Unusual Actions, Methods, Speech of Suspect:  
By hand - was found problem

35. Detailed Description of Property

Quantity	Item	Brand	Model/Style	Serial #	Predom. Color	Engraving/Inscription	Size	Peculiarities	Value
(A)	<b>N/A</b>								
(B)									
(C)									
(D)									
(E)									
(F)									

Reporting Officer(s) PAHLKE, D #4334 Off. B.P.S.T. No. S/m Prec/Div CPU Cent Relief/Shift A Assn/Dist 831/871

Radio Call Times: REC 2258 ARR 2201 2245 Approved By \_\_\_\_\_



80-72524

ARRESTED

## SUSPECT INFORMATION

36. Yes No

Name, Address, Sex, Race, Age or D.O.B., Ht., Wt., Hair, Eyes, Complx., Clothing

Holms, Harold M/M 1809 SW 11th #106

37. Susp. Auto Lic. #

N/A

38. Lic. State

39. Year

40. Make

41. Model

42. Style

43. Color(s)

44. Details: List Add'l. Witnesses

Summary: NONENARRATIVE: By radio on an assault. (1717 SW Parte)

Topl. states that she has been slapped in the face 3 times tonight by the above suspect and told not to come into his building. She states she has friends in the building, and has to go to this building to visit them. She states that she is afraid that he will harm, or kill her. (Boy friend - Girl friend problem)

PSU security talked to writer and stated that this topl. has been battering the suspect, and will not leave him alone.

Writer went to talk to the suspect, but he was not home.

His room-mate also states this topl. has been battering the suspect and will not leave him alone

Contacts: NONELEADS: NONE

OCT 8 12:17

Ry  
Puhh



# OK ARREST

CRIME

10262 03

A. Case Number **80-78751**

B. Classification **TRESPASS**

C. Type Offense

D. Accompanying Reports  
 SPECIAL VEHICLE  CUSTODY PROP/REC.

E. Evidence

F. Type Cr. **041,041**

## 2622 CRIME REPORT

City of Portland, Bureau of Police

COMPUTER ENTRY

PERSONS

VEHICLE

CRIME

PROPERTY

BOOKING

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Opr \_\_\_\_\_

REFER CASE #

DISTRICT

Central  East  North  Traffic

Det.  You  SID  SFO

1. Reported Date **10-31-80** 2. Time **0159** 3. Occurred Date **10-31-80** 4. Time **0159** 5. Location of Occurrence **MEDICAL EMERG HOSPITAL**

6.

7. Last Name **SHUM, ROBERT D.** 8. Res. Address **609 SE Taylor # 410** 9. ZIP CODE **2**

10. Sex **M** 11. Race **W** 12. D.O.B. **05-12-59** 13. Occupation **SECURITY GUARD** 14. Work Hours **2300-0700** 15. Business Address **# 5** 16. ZIP CODE **2**

17. Firm Name (If Involved)

18. Address ZIP CODE 19.

20. Reported By **VICTIM** a. Sex b. Race c. D.O.B. 21. Res. Address ZIP CODE 22. Res. Phone 23.

24. Last Name First Middle 25. Res. Address ZIP CODE 26. Res. Phone 27.

28. Type Premises Where Crime Committed **UOFO EMERG. HOSP. WAITING ROOM** 29. Method & Point of Entry **OPEN HOSPITAL** 30. Instrument & Force Used **SKIF**

31. Location of Victim at Time of Crime **#28** 32. Victim's Activity at Time of Crime 33. Location of Property When Stolen

34. Unusual Actions, Methods, Speech of Suspect:  
**SEE BODY OF REPORT**

35. Detailed Description of Property

Quantity	Item	Brand	Model/Style	Serial #	Predom. Color	Engraving/Inscription	Size	Peculiarities
(A)								
(B)								
(C)								
(D)								
(E)								
(F)								

Reporting Officer(s) **W. Wold # 2641** Off. B.P.S.T. No. **SFS** Prec/Div **C** Relief/Shift **N** Assn. **8**

Radio Call Times: REC: **0152** ARR: **0159** CLR: **0307** Approved

PPB



CSTD  
A. Case Number 80-78751  
B. Classification  
C. Booking Number  
D.  Juvenile  Adult  
E. Accompanying Reports  
Veh.  Prop.  Special   
Crime  W. Doc.

# CUSTODY REPORT

City of Portland, Bureau of Police

### COMPUTER ENTRY

PERSONS   
VEHICLE   
CRIME   
PROPERTY   
BOOKING

### DISTRIBUTION

Central  Dets  DA  
 East  Youth  Ident  
 North  SID  Prop Room  
 Traffic  SFO/SST  Crime Prev.

5

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Opr. \_\_\_\_\_

1. Reported Date 10-31-80 2. Time 0159 3. Arrested/Referred Date 10-31-80 4. Time 0159 5. Location of Occurrence MEDICAL EMERG UNIV. OF OREG. HOSP. 6. Computer Entry # 560225  
7. Last Name CLARK, ARIENE THERESA 8. Res. Address  
10. True Name (If Different) CLARK, ARIENE THERESA 11. Moniker/Nickname  
12. Sex F 13. Race N 14. D.O.B. 08-23-51

15. Ht. 5'3" 16. Wt. 94 17. Hair BLACK 18. Eyes BRN 19. Physical Identifiers  
20. Occupation  
22. FBI # 23. Social Security # [REDACTED] 24. Local I.D. # 25. Operators License # State  
26. State I.D. # 27. State 28. Signs of Illness/Injury NONE 29. Examined By

30. Charge #1 (Include Warrant or Citation #) TRESPASS II 164.245 Code ( )  Local  State  
31. Charge #2 (Include Warrant or Citation #) Code ( )  Local  State  
32. Bail \$150 33. Court Appearance: CT. 10-31-80 1400 Date Time  
34. Bail 35. Court Appearance: Date Time

36. Arrest/Referral Reviewed By SGT. JACOBS 37. In Custody of/Referred To M/C BOOKING FACILITY 38. Lieu of Custody Citation #  
39. Father's Name 40. Residence Address 41. Res. Phone 42. Notified Date and Time  
43. Mother's Name 44. Residence Address 45. Res. Phone 46. Notified By  
47. Signature of Private Complainant Robert Shum 48. Residence Address 49. Res. Phone 50. Sex 51. Race 52. D.O.B.

53. Details:  
SEE CRIME REPORT  
COMPI-SHUM, ROBERT D, WPA 5.12.59 6095K TAYLOR # 410 238-0115

Reporting Officer(s) D.W. Wold # 2641 Off. I.D. Number 585 Prec/Div C Relief/Shift N Assn/Dist 870/892  
PPB-277a Radio Call Times REC: 0152 ARR: 0159 CLR: 0307 Approved By [Signature]



80 7875!

T8E9FA NO

ARRESTED

SUSPECT INFORMATION

P-2 OF 2 PAGES

Name, Address, Sex, Race, Age or D.O.B., Ht., Wt., Hair, Eyes, Complx., Clothing

36. Yes No

CLARK, ARIENE THERESA FEMALE M 08-23-54 1225 SW 12<sup>TH</sup> ST # [REDACTED]

5'3" 94 LBS. BLACK & BRN

37. Susp. Auto Lic. #

38. Lic. State

39. Year

40. Make

41. Model

42. Style

43. Color(s)

44. Details: List Add'l. Witnesses

NARRATIVE.

SIR, RADIO CALL ONE REFUSING TO LEAVE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF OREGON EMERG HOSPITAL SW SAM JACKSON RD. CONTACTED THE SECURITY GUARD ON DUTY.

ACCORDING TO THE GUARD, ARIENE CLARK HAD COME TO THE HOSPITAL EARLIER TO TALK TO THE PSYCHIATRIST ABOUT HER MENTAL PROBLEMS.

DOCTOR BENSON H. M'FARLAND HAD TALKED TO HER. IT WAS HIS BELIEF THAT THIS SUBJECT IN QUESTION, WAS ONLY LOOKING FOR A PLACE TO STAY TONIGHT,

SHE HAD TOLD THE SECURITY GUARD, THAT SHE WOULD NOT LEAVE THE HOSPITAL AND THAT IF NEEDED, SHE WOULD COMMIT A CRIME SO SHE COULD GO TO JAIL,

SHE REFUSED TO LEAVE IN MY PRESENCE, ARRESTED BY THE GUARD FOR TRESPASS II 150<sup>00</sup> BAIL, TRANSPORTED TO JAIL VIA MY POLICE CAR WITH A TIME CHECK, CT 1400 HRS 10-31-80, THE GUARD WILL CALL IN THE MORNING FOR AN APPOINTMENT TO SIGN A COMPLAINT.

SUBJECT CLEAR W/ FILES, CAR 891 COVERED ME ON THIS CALL,

CONTACTS - IN THIS REPORT.

UNIF FOLLOW UP - NONE

OCT 31 10 15 AM '80

RESB



\*UP/N PAGE 001 OF 003

QN. 505225

/ 505225

\*HIT\* TRUE NAME

ORI

\*CLARK, ARLENE T

OR0260200

CRS=NO S R NT

DOB HGT WGT HR EYE

00560225 F W

082354 503 094 BK BRO

SOC

OLN

OLS OLY DOE STE

100880

\*UP/N PAGE 002 OF 003

ADDRESS RECORD(S)

ADR/ DATE 1080 ORI OR0260200 APT

1104 SW COLUMBIA ST 204

PORTLAND OR

ARREST RECORD(S)

ARR/ DATE ORI CASE

103180 OR0260200 8078751

ARREST NUMBER 8078751A

CHG TRESPASS2

VARIABLE RECORD(S)

VAR/ DATE ORI PUR CLR

\*UP/N PAGE 003 OF 003

001 100780 OR0260200 05 U

VICT. ASSAULT/OTHER. 80-72624, 1809 SW

11



4-13-17



Guardianphoto by Robert Joyce

Shirley Graham DuBois with husband.

# Shirley Graham dies in Peking

Shirley Graham DuBois, Black activist, Pan-Africanist and writer, died of cancer in Peking, China, March 27. She was 69 years old.

Born in Evansville, Ind., in 1907, she was a musician and biographer of noted Blacks from the U.S. Among her works was a biography of Frederick Douglass, "There Once Was a Slave."

The widow of the late Black scholar W.E.B. DuBois, she and her husband were both involved in extensive research of African history, politics and culture. In 1961, the two became citizens of Ghana when that nation was under the leadership of Kwame Nkrumah. They left the U.S. because of its racism and anticomunism, to show their solidarity with African people on the continent and to write an encyclopedia on Africa.

W.E.B. DuBois died in 1963 and Shirley Graham DuBois was forced to leave Ghana when Nkrumah was overthrown in 1967. Since then she has lived largely in Cairo, Egypt and Peking.

Graham was eulogized by Wang Pingnan, president of China's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries, as "a close friend" who "did a lot of work in enhancing the friendship and understanding between the Chinese people and the people of the U.S. and third world."

She is survived by a son, David Graham DuBois.

0-6/23/81  
**Panther chief to serve time**

OAKLAND, Calif. (AP) — Black Panther Party leader Huey Newton was ordered Monday to surrender July 9 to begin serving a prison term for his conviction on charges of being an ex-felon in possession of a handgun.

Alameda County Superior Court Judge Joseph Karesh rejected a bid by Newton's lawyers to keep their client free on \$50,000 bail while the conviction is appealed.

After the hearing, Newton, who faces up to three years behind bars for the 1978 conviction, told reporters, "I feel he (Karesh) is under pressure and doesn't have the fortitude to be a man of his own ... I am surprised at the judge for not having any spine."

"He knows that nothing has changed; there are still many questions left to be answered in the appellate court."

Deputy District Attorney Tom Orloff, who strongly urged that Newton be ordered to prison, told Karesh, "There comes a time when the law must put a period after a sentence."

0-1-15-77  
**Activist to speak**

Harry Edwards, an activist in the black power movement in the 1960s, will open a four-part lecture series on the roles of blacks in the United States at Portland State University at 4 p.m. Wednesday, Jan. 19. The address will be in the Smith Memorial Center and there is no admission charge.

RN ~~XXXX~~

2-23-77

# An Intelligence Report

Frank A. Capell evaluates intelligence from both private and official sources in Washington and around the world.

■ WHEN U.S. District Court Judge Lewis Smith Jr. ordered the Federal Bureau of Investigation to file with the National Archives all of its tapes, documents, and transcripts concerning the late Martin Luther King Jr., to be sealed for 50 years, he was aware that the F.B.I. documents include information about King's meeting with identified Communists and a Soviet agent, as well as telephone calls of an immoral nature indicating infidelity.



• He indefinitely postponed a regulation for 90 days.

OJ 2/12/81

## Ex-Black Panther takes lessons in Mormon faith

SALT LAKE CITY (UPI) — Former Black Panther Eldridge Cleaver says he hasn't yet joined the Mormon Church, but he is "extremely interested" in the religion.

"I have been studying the teachings and doctrines of the church and getting to know the people, and I am really enthusiastic about what I have been learning," Cleaver told reporters Wednesday.

"I am extremely interested in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints," he said. "I find appealing the (Mormons') serious approach to holy scripture. This is the thing that grabs hold of me. There are many religious people today who pay little attention to holy scripture."

The 45-year-old ex-convict and author of *Soul on Ice* has been in Salt Lake City for several days meeting with church leaders and attending seminars on constitutional government at the Freeman Institute.

The institute is a conservative anti-communist organization founded by former Salt Lake Police Chief Cleon Skousen, now a professor of religion at Mormon-owned Brigham Young University. Skousen's organization recently developed close ties with the Rev. Jerry Falwell and his Moral Majority.



Cleaver

Mormon Church leaders acknowledged two weeks ago that its missionaries had been giving lessons to Cleaver, who once was an avowed Marxist and information director for the Panthers.

Cleaver fled the United States after a 1968 shootout with Oakland, Calif., police. He lived for eight years in France, Algeria and Cuba and made trips to North Korea and North Vietnam. He returned to the U.S. five years ago to face attempted murder charges stemming from the shootout. But he was placed on probation after pleading guilty to a reduced charge of assaulting police officers.

Cleaver told reporters he has been studying many religions since his return from exile. He said his interest in the Mormon Church is "strictly for religious value."

"I feel that my spiritual journey in the past five years has led me to this point," he said. But he added that he will not make any plans to join the Mormons until he has completed his study.

Blacks were denied full participation in the Mormon Church until 1978, when President Spencer Kimball received a "revelation" opening the faith's priesthood to all worthy males, regardless of race.

Cleaver said he was impressed that the church could change its policies, and does not consider it a racist organization.

He praised both Skousen and Falwell as great teachers dedicated to saving the country and said he can see nothing wrong with religious leaders participating in politics.

"I think that one of the things that caused this country to get into some of the messy problems we have is because for a long time a lot of religious people checked out of politics and left it to the atheists," said Cleaver.

"And the atheists screwed the whole thing up."

But Cleaver said that when he goes to church, "I leave my political beliefs outside the door. I go into a church for spiritual nourishment."



## Geronimo Pratt

# Black Panther's Fight For Freedom Exposes Government Cover-up

Like so many Black people, Pratt's roots are in the deep South. He grew up "separate and unequal" in rural Morgan City, Louisiana, the youngest of eight children in a close-knit, hard-working religious family. Determined to see their children educated, his parents managed to put all his brothers and sisters through college.

When his father became too sick to work, Pratt, then 17, enlisted in the Army to earn money to support his family. He did two battle tours in Viet Nam, rising to the rank of Staff Sergeant. His ability as a scout and his mix of American Indian and Afro-Haitian ancestry led to a nickname that stuck — "Geronimo."

Along with two purple hearts, two air medals and many other decorations, Geronimo returned in 1968 with serious criticism of U.S. treatment of Third World people. He started UCLA, where he met Bunchy Carter, a leader of the Black Panther Party. Geronimo studied Black history, joined the Party, and determined to dedicate his life to our continuing struggle for freedom.

These were the years when Black people were increasingly active in fighting their oppression. Throughout the country programs emerged to combat the wretched conditions people are forced to live under, programs ranging from free breakfasts and health care to new educational and cultural activities.

From the community, from the prisons, from the campus... came the demand for the right of Black people to determine our own destiny. A movement grew for Black pride, Black power and Black liberation.

Because of the Black Panther Party's role in this struggle, J. Edgar Hoover named it "The greatest threat to the internal security of the country" and the main target of the FBI's Counterintelligence Program — COINTELPRO. The stated purpose of this infamous program was to stop the Black movement by "discrediting" and neutralizing" its leaders. Previous Black targets of the FBI included Martin Luther King, Malcolm X, Andrew Young and Dick Gregory.

Hoover had his FBI agents come up with "hard-hitting proposals aimed at crippling the BPP." They forged letters and used other dirty tricks to turn local Black groups against the party, until their rivalry exploded into violent conflict that cost many Panthers' lives, including Bunchy Carter's. After Bunchy was killed in January, 1969, Geronimo took his close friend's place as head of the party in Los Angeles.

In 1969, police raided and wrecked Panther offices across the country.

On Dec. 4, 1969, Chicago police murdered Panther leader Fred Hampton in his sleep. An FBI informer who had been head of security for the Chicago Panthers provided a floor plan of Hampton's apartment, showing where he slept.

In the pre-dawn hours of Dec. 8, 1969, 350 heavily armed police attacked three Panther offices in Los Angeles. At one location the Panthers held the police

off for five hours until people from the community came forward to protect them. At another, Geronimo narrowly escaped death.

Following the raid, Geronimo and 17 others were charged with conspiracy to murder the police. But when the case came to trial, the jury found that the Panthers had acted in self-defense and acquitted them of all major charges.

Alarmed by the massive public outcry against the murder of Fred Hampton and other police attacks on the Panthers, government officials feared that another attempt to kill Geronimo or jail him on political charges would only create one more revolutionary martyr. So they moved against him in a way which would thoroughly discredit him as a leader of his people.

In fall of 1970, they suddenly brought forth an informer who claimed that two years earlier Geronimo had confessed to a senseless murder committed in the course of a \$30 robbery on a Santa Monica tennis court. This agent was a former L.A. deputy sheriff, now believed to have had ties with the FBI.

The FBI and police knew through informers and wiretaps that Geronimo had actually been in Oakland at Panther meetings at the time of the murder. But they hid the evidence.

They also concealed the documents which show that Geronimo was a target of COINTELPRO and the coordinated covert operations which all levels of government mounted against the Panthers. These programs did not become public knowledge until Congress investigated the FBI and CIA several years later in the aftermath of Watergate. The jury in Geronimo's case, which took 11 days to reach its verdict, might well have acquitted him had it known the truth about COINTELPRO.

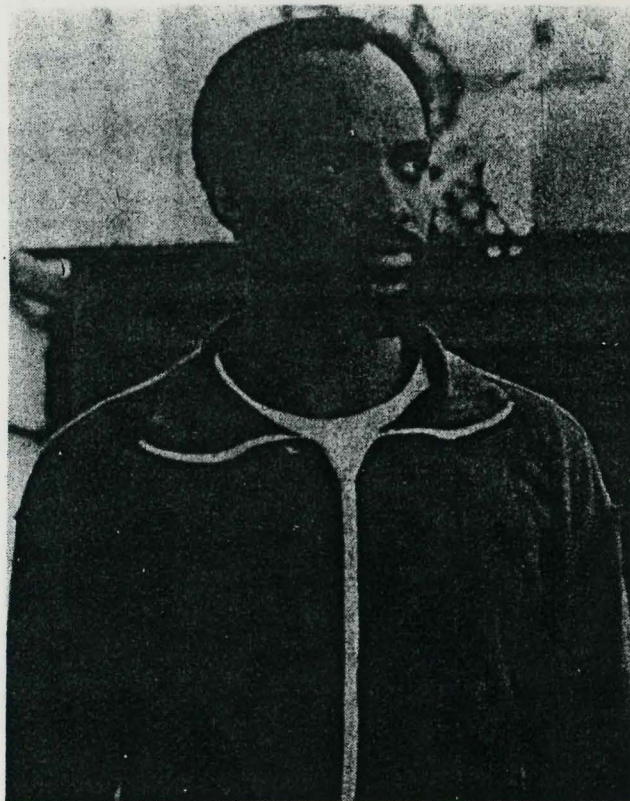
The lawsuits which Geronimo initiated from the hole at San Quentin have started to expose a massive official attempt to hide the truth about how these programs were used against him. In one suit of U.S. District Judge Samuel Conti held a California Deputy Attorney General in contempt of court for lying about the existence of the state's political intelligence files on Geronimo. The judge called it "a scenario of deceit, deception and cover-up."

Geronimo has been joined in his legal battles by a team of lawyers from the National Conference of Black Lawyers, the National Lawyers Guild, and the National Task Force on COINTELPRO Litigation and Research. They are preparing to petition the state court in Los Angeles for a writ which would overturn Geronimo's murder conviction. The lawyers work for free, but need money for expenses to keep going.

Geronimo and his wife Ashaki are the proud parents of a baby girl, Shona Pratt, born Aug. 12, 1979. Geronimo is making bold plans now for the future of his family and his people.

Geronimo is a strong leader of a strong people. We need him beside us in the 1980s as we renew our struggle for full liberation.





**By U.S. Congressman Ronald V. Dellums**

Geronimo Pratt is a political prisoner fighting for his freedom. His story shows how far government agencies have been willing to go to stop movements for social change, particularly the Black struggle. The campaign to free him is an example of our ability to fight back and win.

The full weight of my office is behind Geronimo's struggle. I call on all of you to join us.

In 1969, Geronimo Pratt, a UCLA law student, rose to national prominence as a leader of the Black Panther Party. Documents recently uncovered by his lawyers show that FBI gave "constant consideration" during those years to "counterintelligence measures toward neutralizing Pratt as an effective BPP functionary." After failing several times to stop his work and discredit him, the FBI and police finally framed Geronimo for a crime that they knew he did not commit.

Not content with imprisoning Geronimo, these same agencies worked with the California Department of Corrections to keep him in solitary confinement. For seven straight years Geronimo was locked in a dingy 4' x 8' cell 23½ hours a day. He was forced to visit his family and friends in handcuffs and shackles; his contact with the outside world was from behind a glass screen. But Geronimo fought back with a federal lawsuit which forced his release into the general population at San Quentin.

In February, 1978, a board headed by Ray Brown, who worked against the Panthers as head of the Oakland Police red squad, refused to set any parole date for Geronimo. This flagrant abuse only strengthened Geronimo's determination and built broader support for the fight to vindicate him through unconditional release.

Geronimo and his lawyers and supporters are now winning this fight. If public support continues to grow, Geronimo will be free this year.



# Black Panthers prowl the city's streets no more

By DOLORES BARCLAY

PHILADELPHIA (AP) — More than a decade ago, they prowled the streets of Oakland, Calif., in shiny black shoes and black leather jackets, berets perched jauntily on their heads, starched blue shirts tucked into pressed black slacks.

They said their purpose was to try to prevent police brutality. J. Edgar Hoover, then director of the FBI, branded the Black Panthers "the most violence-prone of all the extremist groups" and declared a sort of secret war.

Today, the Panthers roam no more. The men and women who used the credo, "Political power grows out of the barrel of a gun," have filtered into every pore of American society.

Former Panthers work in congressional offices in Washington, D.C. An ex-party member is running for mayor in a North Carolina city and another ran for the state legislature in Massachusetts. Eldridge Cleaver, the former Panther minister of information, has said he wants to run for mayor of Oakland.

There are ex-Panther postal workers, school teachers and legislative assistants. One former Panther is a troubleshooter for a computer firm. Another owns a plumbing company.

Bobby Seale, who helped organize the black power group in 1966, lectures to college groups and lives in Philadelphia, where he is finishing a barbecue cookbook and is about to start a novel, a thriller about a black activist and some other '60s types. He also frets about

ills and sending his three children to college.

"As a functional organization, the Black Panther Party is non-existent," Seale says in the midst of a weightlifting workout at a Germantown YMCA. "I spent eight years in the Black Panthers and I've had my fill of that. But I haven't given up the struggle."

In the 1960s and '70s, the struggle began with law books and tape recorders, as the Panthers sought to record how police were doing their jobs. In little time, the Panthers' practice of patrolling the Oakland community to guard against purported incidents of police brutality led to bloody shootouts. Lawbooks were put aside for pistols and shotguns.

The FBI launched a secret campaign of "dirty tricks" involving fake Panther documents and letters, infiltrators and informants. The campaign, part of the FBI's COINTELPRO operation to disrupt and discredit civil rights and anti-war organizations and their leaders in the 1960s and '70s, was disclosed by a Senate investigating committee in 1976.

In 1969, Black Panthers Mark Clark and Fred Hampton were killed in a pre-dawn police raid in Chicago. Police said they were searching for weapons.

Clark's and Hampton's relatives and survivors of the raid sued city, state and federal officials and were awarded \$1.85 million last March.

Seale claims law officers killed 26 Panthers and that the Panthers killed their share of police and FBI agents.

"They wounded 60-odd of us, we wounded 32 of them," he asserted. "I think the reason we killed less and wounded less was because they had ... more equipment."

Bobby Rush, one-time Panther deputy minister of defense and former leader of the Chicago chapter, is an alderman in Chicago.

"The Panthers created an image of defiance and organized defiance and resistance to police forces that did not take into consideration the rights and basic human dignities of the black community," Rush said in a telephone interview. "A lot of the reform in police departments across the country today is directly related to the heated controversy of Panthers vs. police."

Over the years, the Black Panthers switched from bullets to ballots, seeking elective office and supporting others.

"They canvassed the community where they felt they could be most effective and helped in getting the vote out and generally supported my candidacy," Oakland Mayor Lionel Wilson said, recalling his 1977 campaign.

"I think that the Panthers, as leaders in an activist program, brought to the attention of many people many of the inadequacies and inequities in terms of race relations and how minorities had been treated," he said. "That's the real legacy they left."

For some, the legacy was jail.

Elmo "Geronimo" Pratt, who once headed the Los Angeles Panther chapter, is trying to have his 1969 murder conviction overturned, arguing that he was framed by the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department. He is serving a life sentence at San Quentin prison.

Huey P. Newton, who helped Seale found the party, is appealing a 1978 gun possession conviction. He was released from prison in 1970 after serving almost three years for the murder of an Oakland police officer in 1967. The verdict later was overturned because of errors by the trial judge.

He also was tried twice for the 1974 slaying of a young prostitute. The charges were dropped after both trials ended in hung juries.

Newton went into self-exile in Cuba shortly thereafter. He returned to the United States in 1977.

Cleaver, author of "Soul on Ice," was charged with assaulting a police officer in an Oakland gun battle in 1968. He jumped his \$50,000 bail and fled to Algeria.

He returned in 1975, saying he'd had a "religious conversion." He pleaded guilty to the charges and was given probation and ordered to do 2,000 hours of community service.

OR 10/11/83



# Black Panthers launch national comeback

by Jeff Gottlieb and Jon Stewart/  
Pacific News Service

After more than six years of retrenchment, costly legal battles, dwindling membership and often divisive leadership struggles, the Black Panther Party—the self-styled “Vanguard Party of the Revolution”—is reemerging from its Oakland, California, stronghold.

In a largely unheralded move, the party recently took over a large storefront office here. Situated between two ramshackle Baptist churches in the middle of Watts, this city's black ghetto, it is the first Panther chapter to be organized outside Oakland since the turbulence of the late 1960's.

Other chapters have opened more recently, notably in Las Vegas, which has a large black population, and in Chicago. Party officials say more chapters will be formed as resources become available.

But the opening of the Los Angeles chapter on January 17 was particularly symbolic of the new phase in the party's growth.

It was on that date in 1969 that Bunchy Carter and John Huggins, leaders of the local Panther organization, were murdered at UCLA by members of Ron Karenga's “U.S.” black nationalist group. Just two months earlier, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover had ordered his Los Angeles agents to use the “U.S.” group in “hard-hitting counter-intelligence measures aimed at crippling the BPP (Panthers).”

In the ensuing violent history of the Los Angeles chapter, 11 Panthers were slain, more than in any other chapter.

The climax came in a December 1969 shoot-out with the Los Angeles police that lasted five-and-a-half hours. In the end, 18 Panthers were arrested and more than \$172 million in bail money was paid out over the next two years.

By 1972 the Los Angeles office was closed and two years later all Panther activity in Southern California—and most of

the rest of the nation—had ceased.

The highly successful Cointelpro (counter-intelligence program) of the FBI had resulted in the deaths or exile of many Panther leaders and members. What few chapters remained outside Oakland were later closed due to real or suspected infiltration by police and an almost total breakdown in communications and control from the party's Oakland headquarters.

While the party refuses to divulge membership numbers, the FBI claimed that the party rolls had shrunk from some 1,500 to a core of just 200 by 1975.

Some former leaders, such as Eldridge Cleaver and David Hilliard, were expelled. Co-founder Bobby Seale left the party under strange circumstances and Huey Newton, the still-acknowledged leader and chief party theoretician, jumped bail in 1974 and went into exile in Cuba.

Since then, the day-to-day leadership has fallen to Elaine Brown, a dynamic and articulate woman in her mid-30's.

According to Brown, the long period of retrenchment was necessary to cut losses and “secure our base area—secure in the sense of being entrenched in the community. Now we've done that and we can afford to think about something else.”

In fact, the Panthers have become a potent political force in Oakland, a city roughly 50 percent black and 70 percent minority.

Brown won 41 percent of the vote in a 1975 race for city council and was recently named to the executive committee of the Oakland Council for Economic Development, an influential, corporate-dominated group charting the rebuilding of the city's downtown center. She claims to have a close working relationship with Gov. Jerry Brown, whom she supported in his presidential bid.

John George, a black attorney long active in Oakland politics and now a member of the Alameda County Board of Supervisors, says the Panthers have survived in Oakland because they continue to “express the needs of the most exploited sections of the population. The conditions they were speaking for in the beginning remain the same, in fact worse,” he

says, including unemployment, inflation and housing.

“The leadership of the Panthers, from Newton to Elaine Brown,” says George, “recognized that to survive they had to



keep in touch with people's needs.”

To do so, the Oakland Panthers launched a series of ambitious community projects, including a highly successful alternative school, free food programs for the poor, free transportation for the elderly, an ambulance and para-medical service and medical and dental clinics.

They also entered the local electoral arena by running their own candidates and supporting others. “Voting is the most fundamental conscious political statement a person can make,” Brown says. “If I can get you to walk out of your house to vote, I can get you out of your house for something else.”

Today, claims Brown, “there is not a black who can get elected to office in Oakland without us.”

She predicts the Panthers and their sympathizers will “take control of Oakland in five years,” including the management of the city's lucrative port, the second largest containerized port in the world.

New chapters, she says, will focus on the peculiar needs of each city, and local leaders and members will be carefully screened. In the past, she says, “it was too easy for reactionary elements and police and FBI infiltrators to enter the party.”

Bob Duran, an organizer of the new Los Angeles chapter, says his office has “a lot of discretion because the conditions are so much different in Southern than in Northern California.” Panthers from the Oakland office have been sent to Los Angeles and other new chapters to assist with organizing and administration.

The first project of the Los Angeles office was to give away 500 bags of groceries as a “gesture of our understanding of what the people's needs are,” says Duran. Such gestures, say the Panthers, also demonstrate the inability of the government to serve such needs.

Other projects in the planning stage include programs modeled after the Oakland chapter's medical and dental clinics, martial arts and tutorial programs and alternative school. “It all depends on the resources we can develop,” says Duran.

Since the opening, hundreds of curious young people have passed through the office seeking information. Letters of support have arrived from numerous community groups, including a food cooperative, the Watts Summer Festival and even a credit union.

A church next door has given the Panthers a key and carte blanche use of their facilities whenever they are available.

Spokesmen for the Los Angeles Police Department and the local FBI claim not to have been aware that the Panthers have returned, despite allegations by Panthers that the office has been under close surveillance.

Elaine Brown confidently predicts that this time around the Panthers will take hold wherever they set up chapters and come to represent “a concrete alternative” to the problems of the crime-and-poverty-infested ghettos. She views the community self-help programs as the key to entrenchment.

“We don't get the ear of our people by walking down the street with our gun operation and scaring half of them to death,” she says.

“The party believes in mass participation, not dead heroes.”

“The Vanguard Party,” she proclaimed recently in the Black Panther newspaper, “still lives to fight another day. It's building a base in Oakland, by any means necessary, a base for revolution. The Black Panther Party is alive and well and living all over America.”

scribes 5 (5-11) 77



### Black Separatists Led By Felon

■ Ron Karenga is a black revolutionary who some years ago founded US, a Los Angeles-based organization whose purpose was to promote black nationalism and a black nation within the United States and to train blacks for revolution. In the early Seventies, Karenga was convicted and sent to prison on charges of torturing two of his women followers whom he suspected of plotting to poison him. In July 1973, the Second District Court of Appeals upheld the conviction of Karenga on "charges of assault with a deadly weapon." At that time he was already in prison for the torture of Deborah Jones as a "disciplinary measure."

Currently Ron Karenga is a history professor at San Diego State University and is busy promoting something called "Kwanzaa." It is a term that Karenga coined from the Swahili word *kwanza*, meaning "first fruits," conceived by him in 1965 as a celebration in which blacks could express themselves "politically and culturally." Kwanzaa has acquired its own symbols and 7 guiding principles, prominent among which are *ujima* ("collective

## Aid sent to Zimbabwe refugees

Loading contributions to clothing drive for Zimbabwe refugees at ILWU hall.



Connie Field

San Francisco

Containers filled with clothing and medicine left the Bay Area last week en route to Zimbabwean refugee camps in Mozambique and Zambia.

Raised through an effort of the Zimbabwe Relief Coalition, the clothing will be distributed by the Mozambique government in conjunction with the Zimbabwe Welfare Relief Fund (ZWRF), affiliated with the ZIPA guerrilla forces now challenging the fascist Ian Smith regime.

The coalition represents a broad range of forces—from the New Progress Baptist Church, to the Black Panther Party, the Zimbabwe Support Committee and the Southern Africa Solidarity Committee. The Southern Africa Liberation Support Committee (SALSC) of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union Local 10 has played a particularly important role and provided the containers and arranged for free shipment to Tanzania.

work and responsibility") and *ujamaa* ("cooperative economics").

Nokukhanja, a young black woman who has celebrated Kwanzaa since 1970, explains of this business that it is "individual blacks coming together with a larger group of black people to build a black nation . . . ." In other words, Kwanzaa is less a "celebration" and more a push for black "collective work," socialism, and the old Stalinist con about creating a separatist black nation.

RAN 2-2-77



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# THE LEFT

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## Red Agitation In Hawaii

■ Angela Davis, a member of the Communist Party, U.S.A., recently addressed two large audiences at the University of Hawaii, trying as always to foment trouble. She told the gatherings, each reportedly attended by some 2,500 people, that the "problem of housing and land was perhaps one of the most explosive questions confronting the Hawaiian people." According to the Communist *People's World*, this problem comes from the land-tenure system in Hawaii where "you can only rent land for fixed periods of time — twenty-five or thirty years. At the end of the term the owner may raise the rent and rents have been raised astronomically."

Comrade Angela sought new members for the National Alliance Against Racist and Political Repression, a Communist Front which she serves as a "co-chairperson." There is "great enthusiasm" for the work of this Front, boasted Davis. "After I spoke at the University a meeting was called by interested people to organize a chapter of the Alliance. Thirty people showed up, joined the Alliance and formed a new chapter."

Members of the Revolutionary Communist Party (formerly the Revolutionary Union) and its student arm, the Revolutionary Student Brigade, have also been agitating in

Hawaii. *Revolution*, a monthly publication of the R.C.P., reported in the issue for April 1977 that hundreds of residents of Hawaii had demonstrated in support of an anti-eviction struggle and "against the efforts of wealthy landowners and developers to drive them from their homes and farms."

The Waiahole-Waikane Community Association (W.W.C.A.), aided by the Communists, has been spearheading demonstrations, occupations of



**Comrade Angela starts Red Front in Hawaii.**

the Waiahole-Waikane Valley, and has held a benefit concert. The concert was attended by about 5,000 people who "came from all over the islands to express their solidarity." Afterward a demonstration was scheduled at the governor's office. *Revolution* reported that more than 300 persons appeared but the governor refused to see them. Two days later he capitulated and "announced that the state would buy six hundred acres in Waiahole Valley from the landlord for \$6 million in order to stop the eviction . . ."

The Communists hailed this as a victory for the "people" but the mayor of Honolulu called the governor's proposal a "payoff to the threat of violence." One state senator asked, "Is this how the state deals with the threat of armed revolution?"

The Review Of The NEWS, May 18, 1977

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*Revolution* reported that "Anti-eviction struggles are jumping off all over the state . . ." As one W.W.C.A. member boasted, "For over one hundred years the landlords and the rich have run this island . . . Now we're saying . . . no more!"



# Serious Ideological Disputes Threaten

(c) 1971, New York Times News Service  
 OAKLAND, Calif. — They are seldom seen out there in the streets now, passing out their leaflets, soliciting bail money and hustling the party newspaper.

There is not much talk any more about free breakfasts for children and free medical clinics and community control of the police.

News conferences are rarely called. Interviews are seldom granted, and there are virtually no more of those fiery speeches that were so familiar

back during the old "Free Huey" rallies.

There is little doubt that the Black Panther party has changed. The Panthers themselves concede that they are "up-tight." But now the future of the party itself is being challenged for the first time.

"The Panthers are practically finished," Stokely Carmichael said in a recent interview.

Coming from him, the statement was not entirely unexpected. For some time, Carmichael has been involved in a running dispute with the Pan-

thers. But what was surprising was the number of people who agreed with his analysis.

Is the Black Panther party dying? Or are the Panthers merely staying out of sight and regrouping as police pressure mounts and internal divisions widen? Is the decline of the Panthers real or is it an illusion produced by overblown publicity.

A check of the party's chapters across the country suggests that the operation is now only a skeleton of what it was just a year ago.

### Numbers Decline

In Los Angeles, for example, the Panthers - recently had three offices. But today they are not even listed in the telephone directory.

In Seattle, police sources estimate Panther strength at fewer than a dozen persons.

In New Orleans, the Panther office has been closed, the breakfast-for-children program has been ended, and the chapter is all but nonexistent.

In Washington, the telephones at Panther headquarters have also been disconnected. In New York City, where several Panthers are being tried for allegedly having conspired to bomb public buildings, sources report that the party's chapter has virtually ceased to exist.

There are similar reports from Boston, Denver, Chicago and other major cities. And even here in the San Francisco Bay area, where the Panthers have been a major force since they were organized nearly five years ago, their degree of visibility has dropped remarkably.

### Members Unknown

A spokesman for the Justice Department said that current membership was estimated at under 1,000. He said that this compared with a peak strength of 1,500 to 2,000, but he did not say when he thought the peak had been reached.

The Panthers themselves never discuss membership figures. But in 1967 and 1968 they did estimate that some 35 Panther chapters had been formed across the country, and their comments about the chapters indicated a total membership of about 5,000.

There is evidence that membership in the organization's predominantly white support



STOKELY CARMICHAEL

groups — the National Committees to Combat Fascism — is growing. Without doubt, overall membership in the party has been declining.

In his argument Stokely Car-



# Future Of Black Panther Party

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HUEY NEWTON

michael contends that the Panthers are victims of their rhetoric, which he says, forced them into positions that they could not defend. Others agree. "The man (government)

came down on them and they lost," these people argue. "They've been wiped out, it's as simple as that."

Others, while not ready to admit that the Panthers are dead, say that the party is in the midst of a serious ideological dispute that threatens to tear it apart.

They point to the recent expulsion from the New York City chapter of two Panthers who jumped bail and apparently fled the country along with the private secretary of Huey P. Newton, the party's highest ranking officer and one of its cofounders.

Not only was there the embarrassment of having Newton's secretary run off, but she also has supposedly took with her many of Newton's valued private papers.

The New York Panthers who were expelled were guilty among other things of having criticized the party's leadership in an open letter written to the Weathermen, an organization of white radicals, now known as the Weatherpeople.

Panther leadership, once quite talkative, refuses now to make itself available to discuss the party's status or the rumors that it is all but defunct.

### Trials Upcoming

Some say that at this point Panther leaders are attempting to keep out of the news because most of them face criminal trials and are attempting to win delays from the court in order to be defended by Charles R. Garry.

Garry, chief counsel for the party, is currently defending Bobby Seale, its national chairman, who is on trial in New Haven, Conn., on charges of murder and conspiracy.

Newton, recently designated supreme commander of the Black Panther party, is charged with manslaughter in connection with the 1967 shooting of an Oakland policeman. He was convicted in a previous trial and served time but the conviction was later reversed because of various errors by the trial judge.

While in city after city the police place Panther membership at a low level, such figures do not accurately reflect the party's influence and support in the black community.

In Detroit, a quiet, middle-aged black grocer summed up the feeling of many blacks toward the Panthers: "I'm more afraid of the police than I am of the Panthers. I don't ap-

prove of calling police 'pigs,' but most people in the black community feel police built this reputation themselves.

"Panthers are saying a lot of things that need to be said. I

don't go along with it, but I can see why they have these confrontations with police. People who join the Panthers have a lot of courage and must be very dedicated."

DATE AND TIME OF ORIGINAL REPORT

Change Classification



There are now two Black Panther Parties. The chronology of the events of the last two months printed below reports the facts. As usual in such open breaks, the hostilities and denunciations back and forth have clouded rather than revealed the political reasons for the split.

From the material I have read on both sides, this much is clear: Eldridge Cleaver, speaking for the Algiers and New York faction, has accused the Panther National Office in general and Huey Newton and David Hilliard in particular of "abandoning Party principles" by carrying on Panther affairs undemocratically, squandering party funds on personal luxuries, and most importantly, reducing the Panther revolutionary strategy to one of legal support rallies and court battles, thus discarding the development of an armed urban guerilla movement.

The Oakland faction so far has limited its comments to personal attacks on Cleaver and his followers, though the content of the attacks, if true would make Cleaver a murderer and his supporters conscious agents of the FBI out to destroy the Black Panther Party.

## CHRONOLOGY

In mid-January of this year, Elmer "Geronimo" Pratt was expelled from the Panthers. Geronimo was a leading member of the Los Angeles chapter. He was one of the Panthers who successfully held off a police attack on the chapter office in December, 1969.

January 19, the East Village Other, an underground paper in New York City, printed a letter addressed to the Weathermen, written by members of the Panther 21 still in jail. Though the letter was a response to what they considered to be the Weathermen's loss of militancy in the "New Morning, Changing Weather" statement, it also included some criticism of the Panther leadership -- "self-proclaimed vanguard parties".

February 8, Michael Tabor and Richard "Dharuba" Moore, two of the four members of the Panther 21 out on bail, didn't show up in court. The judge immediately severed their cases and threw Afeni Shakur and Joan Bird, the two other Panthers out on bail, back into jail.

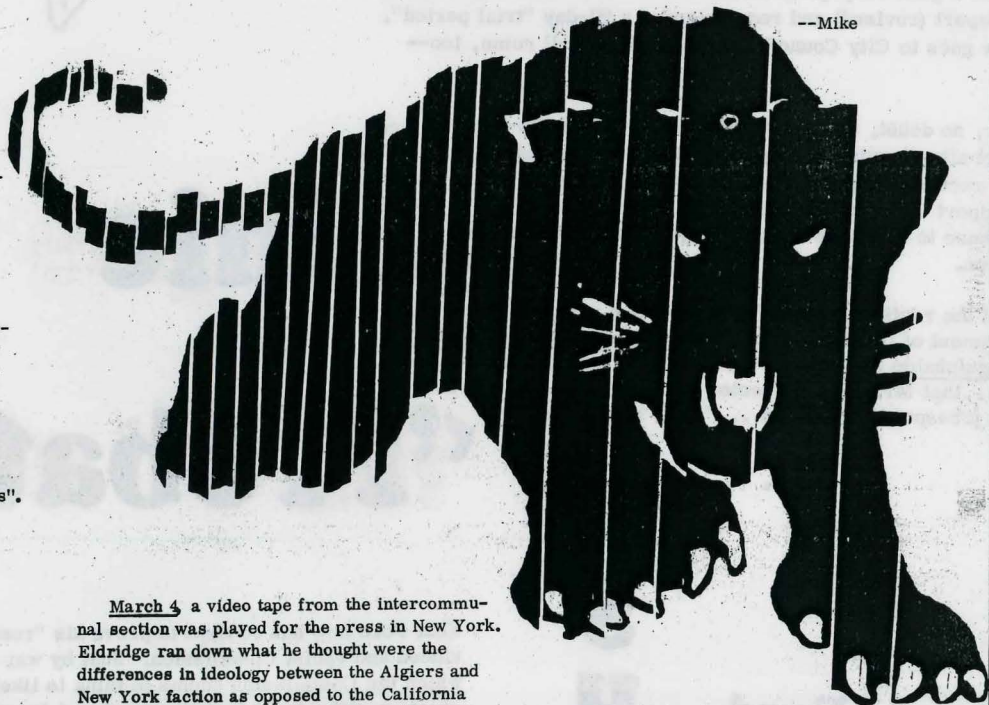
February 13, the Panther paper came out, condemning Tabor, Moore, and Connie Matthews (who married Tabor 2 months earlier) as enemies of the people for splitting and causing Joan Bird and Afeni Shakur to be thrown back into jail.

February 26, Huey Newton appeared on a morning TV show in California. It was arranged that the show (a call-in type) would have Eldridge call up from Algiers. Eldridge started talking about the deep divisions in the Party and how people were being lauded one week and expelled for no rational reason the next. Eldridge placed the blame for this on David Hilliard and demanded his removal as Chief of Staff.

Later that night, Huey called up Eldridge in Algeria. Huey said that he was upset at the way Eldridge had bared internal party disagreements on public TV and expelled the whole intercommunal section. Eldridge taped the conversation and released it with the video tape that was played on March 4.

March 1, the New York Panthers issued a statement expelling David Hilliard, Panther Chief of Staff. They accuse him of corruption and totalitarian leadership. They say that Huey Newton and the other members of the Central Committee in California - Emory Douglas, Minister of Culture and Ray "Masai" Hewitt, Minister of Education, will be put on trial before the people to judge their revolutionary commitment.

# Panthers Split in Two



--Mike

March 4, a video tape from the intercommunal section was played for the press in New York. Eldridge ran down what he thought were the differences in ideology between the Algiers and New York faction as opposed to the California faction. He felt that the California faction was too much into mass organizing and not enough into the military aspect of guerilla warfare. Don Cox said that David Hilliard and Charles Garry, chief Panther lawyer, knew that the Baltimore Panther conspiracy bust was going to happen and didn't do anything to warn the people involved. Pete O'Neil, a Panther from Missouri, pointed out that even though the Panthers have become a national organization, everyone on the Central Committee was from California.

March 5, the Panther paper printed an article which was headlined "Free Kathleen Cleaver". A story inside by Elaine Brown said that Kathleen was being kept hostage by Eldridge who had murdered her lover. It also said that Eldridge had taken and discarded many mistresses.

March 8, a New York Panther, Robert Webb was found dead on 125th St. in Harlem. Webb was a Panther since 1967 and he had left California to work in New York. He was one of the organizers of the press conference at which the video tape was played. He was murdered after getting into a fight with some people who were selling the Panther paper. The New York Panthers accused "dope fiend" Huey Newton of sending "robots" from the West Coast to murder Webb. The California Panthers accused the New York Panthers of setting up Huey and Hilliard for a conspiracy to murder Robert Webb.

The majority of the 40-odd Panther chapters around the country including the one in Portland seem to be supporting Huey Newton and the National Office. This is not surprising since most Panthers have never met the principal members of the opposing group. Eldridge has been in Algiers for two years, and the New York Panther leadership has been either in jail or tied up in court since April, 1969. In addition, Cleaver's program of immediate armed actions must seem premature in black communities where the need to survive in the face of rising unemployment, inflation, housing shortages, and tremendously inadequate social services comes first at this point.

A newspaper like the Bridge which is put out by an all-white staff and read by a mostly white audience can do little about the Panther split but report that it has happened. We can only hope that both groups now claiming to be the Black Panther Party turn as quickly as possible to the mammoth task of building an America fit for human beings to live in.

On March 11, a second video tape from Algiers with Kathleen Cleaver, Michael Tabor, and Connie Matthews was shown to a New York audience. Connie Matthews mentioned that there was a lack of democratic centralism in the Party and that criticism led to suspension. Michael Tabor complained that the Party measured revolutionary commitment by how many papers a Panther could sell. He said that the East Coast started formulating these criticisms after Geronimo was expelled.

On March 20, the latest Panther paper comes out. Its front page article and centerfold are devoted to a scathing denunciation of "Eldridge Cleaver and his conspirators" from the San Quentin prison branch of the Black Panther Party. The statement which warns Cleaver that "death is the only solution to the problem you pose" is endorsed by all members of the Panther Central Committee with the exception of the three (Kathleen, Eldridge, and Don Cox) in Algiers. The paper also reports that the Intercommunal Section of the BPP has "defected" from the Party.

Mostly from LNS

We have most of the documents mentioned in the chronology down at the Bridge office. Come in and see them if you want to find out more details on the split.



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Willamette Bridge

Feb. 25 - March 3

← 1971



Remember the Solicitations Commission and their denial of a permit to the People's Health Clinic? Well, now you can hear public service announcements on KINK, get mail and go to benefit dances to raise money for the Clinic. All this and more thanks to the beneficence of the watchdog of the public's gullibility quotient. The Commission finally got through writing their report (revised) and recommended a 90-day "trial period". The report now goes to City Council for approval. (Y'all come, too-- on Thursday.)

You remember, no doubt, that the Council had returned the Commission's previous report after issuing a temporary 30-day permit against the Commission's recommendation, telling the Commission to produce more evidence to support their permit denial. Failing to do this, the Commission chose to insinuate unreliability by putting the Clinic on 90-day probation.

In the words of the revised report, "It has become apparent that a substantial segment of the community, which segment is clearly not a racially distinguishable one, would not necessarily conclude from the above recited... that Mr. Ford (Director of the Clinic) is in fact an unreliable and irresponsible person...." (our italics.)

# Clinic

# "Probation"

## Kent Ford

Charges against Kent Ford for trespassing in a Fred Meyer shopping center were dropped Tuesday, 'cause they had no authority to charge him in the first place!

# REPORTS

# SHORTS

Kent Ford now has 90 days to prove his "responsibility" to the unconvinced and racist Commission. Just by way of reminder to the Clinic, which the Commission seems to think is likely to respond with too great an enthusiasm to their new-found freedom, the report concludes with the warning "that any threat expressed or implied, that failure to respond to the solicitation will result in bodily harm to anyone or loss of or damage... (etc., etc.) will be cause for revocation of the permit. Any person or business who feels so threatened should report that fact (sic) to the Portland Police Bureau."

The permit not only allows solicitations for the medical programs but for the Breakfast Program as well. As the report clearly shows, the issue at point is that the programs are run by black people and in the racist eyes of the Commission black people use threats and violence to get what they want. In recommending only a 90-day permit, and by including the warning against coercion, the Commission apparently hopes for or plans entrapment as a means of settling the question permanently.

Well, the decision is now in the hands of the City Council which meets on Thursdays and if everyone who reads this article calls the Auditor's office to find out which Thursday the Council plans to consider the Commission's proposal we might prove again that the will of the people is greater than the man's bureaucracy.

Ian

Will. Bridge  
March 25-31, 1971



SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

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Black Panther Gen. Info  
~~Group letter~~ file



# the Friday vanguard

Vol. 26, No. 32

Portland State University, Portland, Oregon

January 8, 1971

## Dean stalls Panther breakfast donation

PSU administrators are trying to put the brakes on student senate executive committee proposal to donate \$300 to the Black Panther breakfast program.

The committee voted last week to donate the money, allocated from incidental fees, to the breakfast program. However administrators are questioning the legality of the plan.

Attorney for the State Board of Higher Education, Ray Underwood, advised PSU's Dean for Students, William Williams to deny the committee request. Underwood said the fees should be used for the educational benefit of students of the institution where they are collected.

Williams said this donation would be an inappropriate use of student funds. He added, "if the committee shows that students at this institution are involved in the program and receiving educational benefit I will take a second look at this proposal."

Williams believes the money is to be merely a gift from PSU. He was informed of the committee's plans by Rude Batties, chairman of the committee.

The Free Breakfast Program was started by Black Panthers to feed children in poor areas each weekday.

The program which depends on donations of time and food to

operate, worked well in other large cities and is being tried in Portland. Most of the food comes from merchants in the area.

Kevin Mulligan of the executive committee proposed the donation. Five of nine members were present and accepted the proposal unanimously.

Joe Bernt, executive committee member said they would get the money for the program somehow, "legally or illegally."

He said the committee should have final say on how the money allotted them is used. The committee will look for some way to get the money out of Williams control, he said.



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day, Gaston restaurant and passenger buses.

# 19 Go Before Court In 'Panther' Theft Case

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ONTARIO (UPI) — Nineteen persons, some of them claiming to be members of the Black Panther party, appeared in justice court here Friday on charges of grand larceny.

The suspects — most of them from Seattle and Portland — were arrested by Oregon State Police Thursday near Baker, Ore.

**THEY ARE CHARGED** in connection with recent thefts at a gasoline station 25 miles north of here on Interstate 80-N, where they allegedly took shotgun shells, tire chains and an auto battery.

The 19 were transported to Vale, Ore., Thursday night where they were held at the Malheur County Jail before being taken to Ontario Friday for arraignment.

Bails of \$1,500 each were levied against the group during the court proceedings before Ontario Justice Court Judge Nita Bellows. The proceedings were continued until Saturday while the defendants obtain legal counsel.

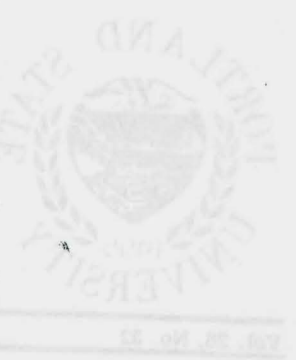
State police said the group

included eight women and 11 men — some of them claimed to be members of the Black Panther party. The group was travelling in two station wagons, one of which was pulling a trailer. Police are attempting to obtain a search warrant that would allow them to check the trailer.

**THE SUSPECTS** told police they were on their way home after travelling through the eastern part of the United States.

Arrested were: Mary Campbell, 20, Joyce Marie Radford, 20, Susan Jane Beckard, 24, all from Portland; Marjorie J. Warren, 21, Vanetta L. Molson, 21, Gayle M. Dickson, 22, Valvetta Goodman 25, Sarah McCay, 26, Jake Fiddler, 19, James Gordon Barker, 19, Reginald Waynes, 22, Melvin Dickson, 30, De Wayne M. William Hall, 21, Lyonel Dennis Day, 21, all of Seattle; and Tom Ed Mack, 23, Marcus G. Butler, 22, Kenneth Ray Harden, 22, Keith A. Williams, 19, and Owen Satterwhite, 22, all from Tacoma.

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# Veil Of Secrecy Shrouds Attorney General Mitchell's Visit To Portland

By HARRY BODINE  
Staff Writer, The Oregonian

U.S. Attorney General John N. Mitchell paid his first visit to Portland Saturday since taking office in 1969 as the Nixon administration's top legal officer.

A veil of secrecy was maintained over the public official's schedule as police and FBI officers all but sealed the Hilton Hotel where he spoke to the National District Attorneys Association.

The 53-year-old attorney general with whom President Nixon practiced law prior to the 1968 campaign arrived punctually for a hurriedly scheduled 5:15 p.m. press conference at the Hilton.

He fielded questions effortlessly and without a trace of humor. It was business all the way.

## Enforcement Backed

Questions centered on pornography (the topic of Mitchell's talk to the district attorneys Saturday night,) civil rights, crime in the nation's capital and steps to control it, and pollution.

On pornography the attorney general made it clear he did not favor fewer restrictions, but more with much stronger enforcement.

The Danish experience in which sex crimes declined markedly after restrictions



CROWD of young protesters leaves Broadway Theater after briefly invading the lobby Saturday in support of projectionists in a labor dispute with the movie house.

The crowd also picketed the Hilton Hotel where U.S. Attorney General John N. Mitchell spoke. No police showed up to evict protestors from theater.

were removed did not impress him.

"I believe that society has the right — and the responsibility — to encourage the best and discourage the worst. If it does not, then it is powerless to influence its own character and, ultimately, its own destiny," Mitchell stated.

An atmosphere of permissiveness in the nation is related to an increasing tide of pornographic materials, drug abuse and sexual promiscuity, Mitchell said.

The attorney general noted difficulties that court interpretations have caused in controlling pornography.

But, he said, the Nixon Administration is confident additional laws "within the constitution" can crack down on pornographers.

## Education Favored

Mitchell also said he favors sex education in the home. If it is taught in the schools, he added, "I don't want to see the federal government get involved in it."

On other topics the attorney general said:

—The firearms registration required by 1968 "shoul



Staff Photos by Dale Swanson

PROTESTORS carrying banner urging freedom for Bobby Seale, Black Panther leader charged with murder in New Haven, Conn., and jail for U.S. Attorney John N. Mitchell, parade around Hilton Hotel here Saturday as Mitchell

spoke to the National District Attorney's Conference. The demonstrators, numbering about 200 at peak strength, quit about 9 p.m.

be given a chance to work." State and local governments have responsibilities in this field. No additional laws will be pushed by the administration at this time.

—The downtown streets of Washington, D.C., are more crowded with visitors today than they were a year ago. Crime rates have leveled and are dropping after a 146 per cent rise in the 1960s.

—Preventive detention for 60 days in the categories covered by statutes is now in effect.

Together with speedier justice, it should keep criminals off the streets.

—The Nixon Administration has done more to end tax exemptions for segregated schools and block public funds going to them than any administration so far.

—On pollution laws, the Justice Department (Mitchell's) is the legal counsel for the Interior Department. Cooperation, not confrontation, is the approach that will be used when differences arise on federal and state levels field.

1A Convention

4176



# DA Convention Hears U.S. Attorney Gen. Mitchell Attack Pornography Peddlers

By JAMES LONG  
Journal Staff Writer

A throng of 150 young persons, some of them shouting "death to the pigs" and waving Viet Cong flags, marched around the Hilton Hotel Saturday night as U.S. Atty. Gen. John Mitchell delivered a speech inside denouncing por-

nography.

Mitchell addressed the national convention of the National District Attorneys Association and seemed unaware of the street demonstration.

One person, Eric M. Dillman, 18, wearing a White Panther badge, was arrested on SW 6th Avenue on charges of



JOHN N. MITCHELL

disorderly conduct, resisting arrest, and on two warrants charging trespass and jaywalking. Later he was released on bail totaling \$610.

ABOUT 50 Portland policemen ringed the Hilton, watching the marchers with expressions of bored indifference.

The demonstration broke up about two hours after it started. There was no violence, although several leaders of the march encouraged activities which seemed likely to bring police intervention.

At one point, the protesters were led into the street for a traffic-stopping march up the

middle of Broadway to the Broadway Theater at the corner of SW Salmon Street. Several youths pushed their way into the theater's lobby, shouting protest slogans.

(The Broadway has been a focal point of protest because the new management allegedly replaced a union projectionist only a few months before he was due to receive his 30-year pension.)

SOME OF the marchers seemed to disapprove the invasion of the theater lobby, and as many as one-third drifted away as leaders talked of a police confrontation and tried to get the march going again.

The remaining youths milled uncertainly as the police showed no interest in their maneuver, and "straight" passers-by stopped to gawk.

Among those in the march area were Kevin Mulligan and Mike Sheppard of People's Army Jamboree, and an assortment of "panthers" and SDS adherents.

One young man ran out of the crowd clutching a rolled-up Viet Cong flag, asking a Journal newsman for a match. "I'm gonna burn it," he announced.

RECEIVING no match, he trotted across the street and apparently tried to hand the flag to a plainclothes policeman. Two other demonstrators headed him off and took back the flag.

Inside the hotel, federal agents checked and rechecked newsmen's credentials, poking into camera and recorder bags. Security was perhaps the highest ever seen for a VIP visit here.

Meanwhile, at the Broadway, what was left of the demonstration trailed a bedsheet banner ("Free Bobby (Seale) — Jail Mitchell") back to the Hilton where a few more slogans and epithets were tried on the police.

The police, commanded by Capt. Norman Reiter, just listened.

Ed Westerdahl, administrative assistant to Gov. Tom McCall, also stood unblinking as several tie-dyed protesters gave him a verbal working-over. Later, this became conversation.

BEFORE THE Mitchell dinner was adjourned in the hotel ballroom, the demonstration had more or less disappeared.

The attorney general told some 300 prosecutors that action can be taken against smut peddlers on the local level by investigating unlawful employment of juveniles in the making of sex photographs and films.

"As a practical matter," said the slow-speaking, pipe-smoking Mitchell, "individual states have little power to stem the flow of offensive material mailed to their residents from other states."

But Mitchell said the administration is moving on two bills which would limit the distribution of obscene materials to juveniles, and make it a federal crime to mail "offensive" material to householders who object, whether or not the material is legally pornographic.

MITCHELL also hinted that the administration will not give a friendly reception to an upcoming report of a Presidential Commission on Obscenity and Pornography which is expected to recommend relaxation of pornography statutes.

"The commission has been criticized on the ground that its chairman and its chief counsel have been members of the American Civil Liberties Union, whose opposition to anti-obscenity laws is well known.

"But whatever the validity of this criticism, I want to emphasize that the administration's bills are not based on any assumed connection between obscenity and antisocial behavior.

"THEY ARE BASED on two cherished values of our society — the right of parents to supervise the upbringing of their own children, and the right of the homeowner to be free in his own home from a barrage of pornography that is both offensive and unwanted."

Response to Mitchell's talk, from observation of applause, fell mostly in the "polite" range.

Soon after the dinner the attorney general left Portland for the California White House at San Clemente.



# Mitchell Urges Pornography War While Protesters Chant Outside

## Crowd Asks U.S. To Free Black Panther

U.S. Attorney General John N. Mitchell called for a stepped up war on pornography Saturday while 200 protesters chanted outside the heavily guarded Portland Hilton Hotel.

Mitchell spoke before the 1970 National District Attorneys Convention and left immediately for Portland International Airport after his speech.

His movements into Portland and back to the airport were shrouded in secrecy.

As protesters shouted "Free Bobby" Seale (a Black Panther leader on trial for murder in New Haven, Conn.) and "Kill Mitchell" outside the hotel, the attorney general sipped scotch, ate steak and verbally blasted pornography inside.

### Aims Outlined

Mitchell spelled out the Nixon Administration's determination to halt the rising tide of obscenity in a speech to 250 district attorneys and their convention guests.

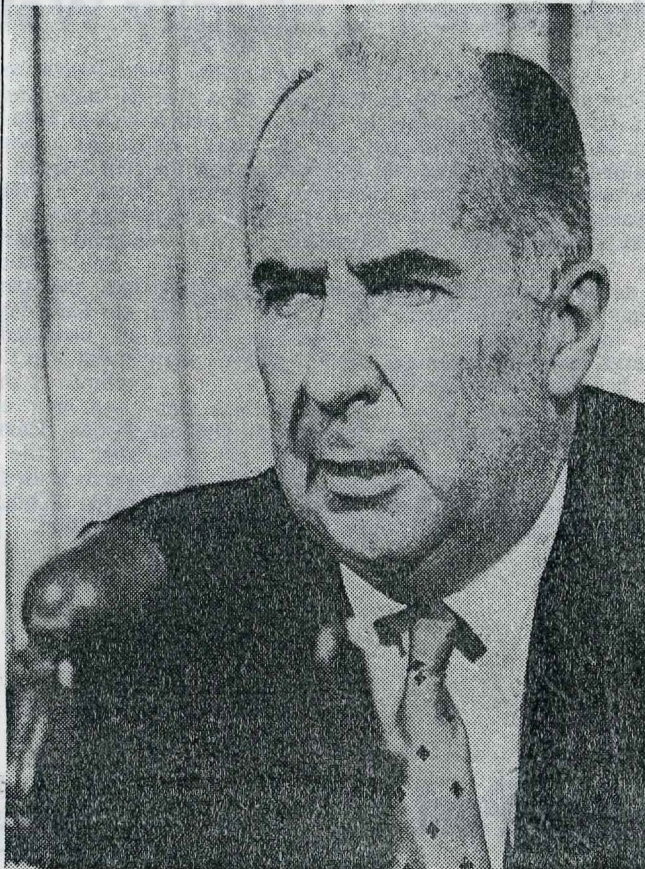
He said new legislation, some of it already law, is not based on any assumed connection between obscenity and social behavior.

It is based, he said, "on two cherished values of our society — the right of parents to supervise the upbringing of their own children, and the right of the homeowner to be free in his own home from a barrage of pornography which is both offensive and unwanted."

Also, he added, the new laws had been drafted with recent court decisions in mind.

Mitchell emphasized he did not share the views on pornography reportedly endorsed by the President's Commission on Obscenity and Pornography which allegedly seek fewer restrictions on erotic films, books and magazines.

The report has not been released officially.



ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL

Had more than one of the 18 commission members been appointed after Nixon took office, he indicated, the commission's findings might have been quite different.

He also reminded the district attorneys that the chairman and chief legal counsel of the commission were both members of the American Civil Liberties Union, a group which has opposed anti-obscenity laws.

### Theater Crowded

The 200 protesters who marched outside the sealed hotel eventually turned their attention to the Broadway Theater across the street where members of International Association of Theater and Stage Employees Local 159 were picketing in a labor dispute.

Urged on by a small cadre of dissenters, the demonstrators briefly invaded the theater but soon retired to the sidewalk in front.

Some tried to block SW Broadway in front of the theater. Two leaped on the hood of a passing car, but were dumped by the frightened driver who sped away. Others in the crowd urged marcher's to "cool it."

Police made one arrest.

DA Convention 417



## Near Philadelphia Park

# Two Policemen Critically Wounded

PHILADELPHIA (AP) — Two policemen were shot Sunday night about five blocks from Cobbs Creek Park where an officer was killed and another wounded Saturday night.

Police Commissioner Frank L. Rizzo, at a hospital where the two officers were taken, said, "Both men are in critical condition." Earlier police reports indicated the officers had not been injured seriously. One person believed involved in the attack was shot in the leg, Rizzo said, and was reported in satisfactory condition.

Rizzo said the Saturday shooting in which a policeman

was killed in a guard station in the park, was part of a five man plot to "blow up a police installation and kill pigs." He would not comment on how the Sunday shootings occurred.

No charges were filed in any of the shootings.

Rizzo said police were still unraveling details of the latest incident and it was "still too early" to determine if the shootings both nights were connected.

One of the officers was identified as Thomas J. Gibbons Jr., son of a former city police commissioner, and the other as John Nolan.

Meanwhile in New York City

the Police Department ordered all patrolmen on duty after dark to keep in sight of a partner as a result of several recent attacks on officers — the latest a shotgun blast that wounded a Bronx patrolman Sunday morning.

Police said a man walked into the park police station late Saturday and fatally shot an unarmed desk sergeant, Frank Van Collin, 43, a 17-year veteran of the force.

An hour earlier, Patrolman James Harrington, 39, was shot in the mouth about 100 yards from the station. He was listed Sunday in satisfactory condition.

## Blast Rakes Police Post

DES MOINES, Iowa (AP) — The Des Moines police station was heavily damaged early Wednesday by an explosion that punched out windows in the three-story building and destroyed several cars on an adjacent parking lot.

Des Moines Police Chief Wendell Nichols said damage would probably run about a half million dollars.

Investigating officers said it was believed dynamite had been placed on an electrical transformer near the southwest corner of the block-long stone structure.

The explosion, which occur-

ed shortly after 4:30 a.m., tore a three-foot hole in the side of the building and knocked out all communications facilities.

There was only one reported injury. Willie Wells, 63, a janitor who was working in the building, was cut in the back by flying glass. He was treated at a hospital.

Chief Nichols, who declined to speculate on a motive for the bombing, said 16 prisoners inside the building were transferred to the Polk County Jail.

Army demolition experts were called in to aid in the investigation.

## Snipers Hit Police Cars

LIMA, Ohio (AP) — Police exchanged shots with snipers on the near South Side Wednesday night during racial disturbances triggered by the slaying of a Negro woman.

One deputy sheriff, Charles Martin, and an unidentified civilian were wounded during the disorders.

Other injuries reported were to three policemen during an incident in which Christine Rick, a resident of the predominantly Negro area, was shot to death by a policeman, police said.

ATTACKS ON POLICE

4111



# Egypt Steals a March



Nasser speaking in Cairo: For the Israelis, a painful dilemma

"If Nasser is smart, he will accept the U.S. peace proposal," a Western diplomat in Cairo noted last week. "That will put the Americans right on the spot, because then they will have to get the Israelis to fall into line." Apparently Gamal Abdel Nasser had the same idea, for a few days later the Egyptian President announced his country's willingness to go along with the peace initiative made last June 19 by Secretary of State William Rogers. It was an exquisitely deft gambit. By accepting the U.S. proposal, Nasser was forcing Israel to make the next move. And as the Israelis saw it, they would be damned if they didn't follow suit—and damned if they did.

From the Egyptian point of view, the beauty of Nasser's ploy was that he gave away virtually nothing. Although he declared that he "unconditionally" accepted the U.S. plan for a Mideast cease-fire, it appeared that, in fact, Nasser had carefully hedged his position to rule out any concessions to Israel. His announcement came near the end of a long, rambling and appropriately militant speech in Cairo marking the eighteenth anniversary of the revolution that overthrew King Farouk. And even as he embraced the Rogers proposal, Nasser added a vital *quid pro quo*: that United Nations mediator Gunnar Jarring should obtain "his instructions and guidelines from the Big Four powers." Some observers interpreted this to mean that Nasser was insisting on the sort of dictated settlement that the Israelis have rejected all along.

**Changes:** Other smokescreens had been laid down for Nasser by his close confidante, Mohammed Hassanein Heikal, Egypt's Minister of National Guidance and the editor of the authoritative newspaper *Al Ahrām*. In publishing a previously secret letter from Rogers to Egyptian Foreign Minister Mahmoud Riad, *Al Ahrām* made a few small but crucial changes in the wording of the U.S. peace initiative. Secretary Rogers had referred to eventual "Israeli withdrawal from territories occupied in the 1967 conflict." In *Al Ahrām*, this came out as "the occupied territories"—indicating that Egypt still insisted that Israel would have to give up all of its wartime gains. In addition, the Rogers letter had suggested that Israel and the Arabs "will find it necessary" to hold face-to-face negotiations at some future point; Heikal's newspaper replaced "will" with "may" in deference to Egypt's distaste for a direct meeting. And in printing Rogers's proposal of a cease-fire "for at least a limited period," the newspaper inserted the parenthetical phrase "three months," thus potentially allowing Egypt time to build up its military strength along the Suez Canal

without fear of reprisals by the Israelis.

Some U.S. diplomats believed that these semantic changes were not very important. They argued that the alterations could have cropped up in the translation from English to Arabic, or that they may have been designed merely to placate Arab firebrands. Still, Heikal's rewrite raised doubts about just how unconditional Nasser's acceptance had been, and the revisions were substantial enough to persuade the State Department to release, for the first time, its own text of the letter from Rogers to Riad.

**Uncertainty:** If Nasser's intentions remained somewhat obscure, there was no question about the negative stance of the more militant Arabs, particularly the Palestinian commandos, who stoked the Mideast fires again last week by hijacking a Greek airliner (box). The position of the Soviet Union was still hard to pin down. Nasser recently returned from three weeks of medical treatment and strategy sessions in Moscow, and there was speculation that his patrons in the Kremlin had prevailed upon him to adopt a somewhat more flexible attitude toward Israel. "My feeling," said one U.S. official, "is that Moscow is ready to reduce the fighting and perhaps encourage negotiations." Russia's reply to the U.S. peace initiative was handed to Secretary Rogers last week by ambassador to Washington Anatoly Dobrynin, and the message was said to be more or less "positive." But there was no indication of just how far the Russians would go in supporting the U.S. peacemaking effort.

For the moment, Russia and the Arabs could afford to sit back and wait, for with Washington pressing Jerusalem for its response, Israel had been placed in a painful dilemma. The Israelis did not want to shoot down the U.S. peace move, but they were equally reluctant to go along with it—least of all on Nasser's terms. The government of Prime Minister Golda Meir has consistently refused to accept any territorial preconditions, and it has always insisted on face-to-face negotiations. Any major role for the Big Four is also unacceptable to Israel. "In that forum, what do we have?" asked a top-ranking Israeli diplomat. "Russia will support Nasser 100 per cent; France, 80 per cent, and Britain 60 per cent. And America?" He wagged his palm back and forth. "America is uncertain. So where the hell does that leave us?"

The strongest Israeli fire was reserved for the limited cease-fire proposal. "A cease-fire with a terminal date," declared Foreign Minister Abba Eban, "is a period of feverish activity with a determination to derive maximum military advantage from every day." Instead, Eban repeat-



Black Panther

NEWSWEEK

8-3-70

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

hurt is deep, but theirs must be even deeper." For some, it was. A spray of flowers came down from the project. The card on it read: "The Cabrini-Green Baseball Team."

TRIALS:

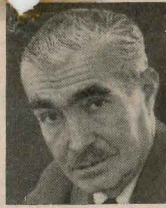
'Ice Him'

It was as eerie a piece of testimony as anyone ever put before a jury. Midway through the second week of testimony in the New Haven Panther murder trial, the state won permission to play two twenty-minute tape recordings, and suddenly the courtroom was filled with a gasping, whimpering voice—the voice, so the prosecution said, of the victim in the last tormented hours of his life.

The defendant in the case is a 24-year-old New Haven Panther leader named Lonnie McLucas, the first of eight party members to go on trial in the torture-murder of Alex Rackley, a Panther underling suspected of having been a police informer. The tape recordings were made, according to the prosecution, while Rackley was tied to a chair in New Haven Panther headquarters. They opened (NEWSWEEK, March 30) with a Panther woman describing his interrogation by party brethren: "[Rackley] got some discipline in the areas of the nose and the mouth . . . Answers to their questions came after a few buckets of hot water." And later came the voice identified as Rackley's own, broken and sobbing, ticking off the names of some suspected informers in the New York party. Another voice asked why he hadn't reported them earlier. "I was scared, brother," came the reply. ". . . The brothers were talking about shooting me."

**Swamp:** The week's star witness, Warren Kimbro, 36, a Panther who has pleaded guilty to second-degree murder in the Rackley case and turned state's evidence, said he, McLucas and George Sams Jr. (who has also pleaded guilty) took Rackley to a swamp 25 miles from New Haven and led him to the edge of a river. Sams handed Kimbro a gun and told him: "Ice him—this is from national [headquarters]."

Kimbro got no more specific than that about where the execution order originated. Sams, a man once declared a "dangerous mental defective," says it issued from the party's national chairman, Bobby Seale, but Kimbro said he had slept through Seale's supposed visit to the party's New Haven headquarters. That, however, was small comfort to McLucas. In the swamp, Kimbro said, "we walked a little way, and George said 'now' and I pulled the trigger." He winced at the telling. Afterward, he went on, McLucas was sent back to make sure Rackley was dead. And, as Kimbro told the tale, McLucas did precisely that: there was a report; then McLucas came back to the car and said he had shot Alex Rackley "right in the chest" to finish the job.



WASHINGTON

THURMOND THREATENS

BY KENNETH CRAWFORD

It is an arguable question whether Sen. Strom Thurmond of South Carolina did President Nixon a service or a disservice by characterizing the Administration's school-desegregating policies as "arbitrary, vindictive and anti-South" and predicting the President's defeat in 1972 unless these policies are reversed.

Since a President needs enemies as well as friends to balance his total image, the question boils down to this: is Thurmond more decorative as enemy or as friend? In the Deep South, of course, he is a useful friend, as he demonstrated at the Miami convention in 1968 and with less authority in the subsequent election. But in most of the country, Thurmond's enmity is a badge a Presidential candidate should wear with pride and profit.

For Thurmond is an unreconstructed, unapologetic paladin to a fractious minority determined to keep the schools forever segregated. If alliance with this minority is the price of a political Southern strategy, it is a price the President could not afford to pay even if he wanted to. He can try, as he has, to soothe the South by slow enforcement of court orders, by nominating Southerners for the Supreme Court and by indicating that he understands a sectional attitude rooted in history, but further than this he cannot go. The objective of desegregation, if not always the practice, is fixed national policy in the year 1970.

GOAL

An electoral majority is committed at least to the goal. In the North the commitment is hypocritical to a degree because black and white housing patterns permit most big-city schools to remain more or less segregated. But the voting booth is not a confessional for hypocrites. Many parents who oppose busing for their own children still consider themselves integrationists in principle, the principle applying to others.

Given the delicacy of the problem, Mr. Nixon's ambiguous handling of it has been politically, perhaps even socially, effective. There has been some progress and not much violence. The groundwork may have been laid for quickening the tempo of progress.

Until recently, it appeared that the President was doing as much as the courts would let him do in pursuit of a Southern strategy and trying to remake the Supreme Court in such a

way that he could do more. Thus the Justice Department's tolerance of delays in school integration, Vice President Agnew's Waspish criticism of colleges with open-admissions policies and the Administration's anti-inflationary cutback of programs benefiting the Negro poor.

For some time the Philadelphia Plan to open the building trades to minority workers was the Administration's most notable contribution to Negro welfare. But now the Justice Department is pressing suits against Southern school districts; the Treasury has ruled that private schools cropping up all over the South as havens for all-white classes are not entitled to tax exemption; and Attorney General Mitchell is saying that the integration problem will be "behind us" by 1972, put there, presumably, by strict enforcement of court orders.

ANGER

What seemed to set Thurmond off was a report, later denied by Mr. Nixon, that 100 Justice Department lawyers would invade the South in the fall to supervise the reopening of schools. The denial calmed the senator down a little. But Southern Republican state chairmen and congressmen, gathered in Washington, refused to be calmed. They were particularly angry about the loss of tax exemption for private academies. Some of them predicted that the Administration would suffer for its "desertion" of the South in upcoming Congressional, state and local elections.

Perhaps so. As for 1972, it is difficult to see what the President has to lose by displeasing Thurmond. George Wallace is reinstated in the Alabama governorship, his poll ratings are about as high as they have ever been, and there is no good reason to believe that he won't carry again the same five Old South states he carried in 1968. To compete for them would hurt the President too much in other areas. Whether Wallace can extend his turf into other Southern and border states, even with Thurmond's help, will depend upon events neither he nor Mr. Nixon can control.

Granted that the tide of national opinion is running in a conservative direction, it seems unlikely that Thurmond is the man to ride it. He is too anachronistic to threaten persuasively. On balance, the President should be better off without him.



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

70-  
No. 50 677

SUBJECT THREAT

TIME 3:40 PM

CAPTAIN LT. STILL

7/3/70, 19

RE: POSSIBLE FIRE BOMBING PAINT STORE  
NORTH VANCOUVER & RUSSELL  
TRUE LOCATION  
DEMME BROS  
35 N. RUSSELL  
HOME PHONE  
282 3213

NARRATIVE:

Contacted Officer Patrick H. Nelson #306 this date in regards to the possibility of a fire bombing. He stated that his informant is a reliable informant and informed him/a very short space of a minute or a minute and a half that a paint store which he

thought the name was Demme or Davis was to be fire bombed. He explained that there was a group of subjects who were going to crawl over the back fence and throw fire bombs at this paint store as they wanted a big hot fire.

The group as it was called was not named, nor were any of the subjects. The informant told Officer Nelson that it was in the vicinity of Vanc. & Russell. In checking through the names, found the name of DEMME BROS, Paint Store 35 N. Russell, 282 3213. There is also a Demme Bros located on 40th & Hawthorne, but this is not the ~~paint~~ paint store to be fire bombed.

Further interviewing Officer Nelson, he had checked the paint store and found that it matched the description as described by the informant as having a fence in the back which would have to be crawled over.

Please return this report.

The Fire Bureau has been notified.

Resp.

D.J. Schmitt, Det.  
Larc/ days

mt  
7/3/70 7:50 PM

*AS*



5:40 p.m. 7/1/70

E-22

*Handwritten initials*

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

50677

Form #11-5  
SUBJECT

*Threat*

No.

TIME

cc: Intelligence

North prec.

CAPTAIN

Pittenger

East prec.

July 1,

1970

Chief's Office

Lt. Stillm of Detective Division

Re: POSSIBLE FIRE BOMBING  
Paint Store at N. Vancouver and Russell

Sir: This date received fairly reliable information from a subject that the paint store at Vancouver and Russell or possibly the paint store west of Vancouver on Russell would be the next business to be burned down.

I have had ~~many~~ occasions in the past to receive information from the same subject. It has been reliable before. I feel that this is fairly reliable information. The subject stated he did not know when the fire bombing would take place however did know that it was due relatively soon.

Contacted Sgt. Davis this date and gave him the information and was informed to dictate this information report with the above distribution to be made as rapidly as possible.

Respectfully,

Patrick H. Nelson, - #306-  
Traffic, Dist. 380, A Relief  
fjp 6:02 pm.

*Handwritten numbers: 235-2419*



Subject

**THREAT**

Captain

Lt Kuntz

**SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT**

BUREAU OF POLICE, PORTLAND, OREGON

REPORT NO. **70-50677****7-1-70 9:00pm**

Date of report

Time

Complainant: Surname	First name	Initial	Home address	Res. Phone
NELSON, PATRICK H	#306		Business address <b>Portland Police Bureau, Traffic Div.</b>	Bus. Phone
DATE AND TIME CRIME OCCURRED			PLACE OF OCCURRENCE	DATE AND TIME OF ORIGINAL REPORT
				<b>7-1-70, 5:40pm</b>

Check One Case; Continued XX Closed \_\_\_\_\_ Unfounded \_\_\_\_\_ Change Classification \_\_\_\_\_

Re: **SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS**  
**510 N Russell**

Re: **DEMME'S PAINTS SHOP**  
**2609 N Vancouver**

Sir:

Received confidential report of Officer Nelson, relevant to arson threats against two paint stores in the vicinity of N Vancouver and Russell Streets, to complete necessary processing prior to placing the report in file.

Since no names were given in the original report, I contacted Officer Nelson and obtained the above names and addresses. Index cards have been prepared under these names, and this report is being written to furnish the essential information to all on the original distribution list.

Respectfully,

Kathleen Swanson, PRC III  
Records Division/1st Night

## DISTRIBUTION:

- 1- Records Division
- 1- Intelligence Division
- 1- North Precinct
- 1- East Precinct
- 1- Chief's Office
- 1- Lt. Still, Detective Division ✓
- 1- Officer Patrick Nelson, #306

DIVISION 11  
 7-1-70  
 12:00



Subject

**SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT**

REPORT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Captain

BUREAU OF POLICE, PORTLAND, OREGON

Date of report \_\_\_\_\_

Time \_\_\_\_\_

Complainant: Surname \_\_\_\_\_

First name \_\_\_\_\_

Initial \_\_\_\_\_

Home address \_\_\_\_\_

Res. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business address \_\_\_\_\_

Bus. Phone \_\_\_\_\_

DATE AND TIME CRIME OCCURRED \_\_\_\_\_

PLACE OF OCCURRENCE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE AND TIME OF ORIGINAL REPORT \_\_\_\_\_

Check One Case; Continued \_\_\_\_\_ Closed \_\_\_\_\_ Unfounded \_\_\_\_\_ Change Classification \_\_\_\_\_

*Pat Nelson*

*Hemmes 40+ Hawthorne  
or 35 N. Russell  
Havis Not one on Haw.  
one on Russell*

*a group Over the back fence*

*L-16  
"Florence"*



AMX A16

6-28-70

8:40 pm

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

Assigned to LARC  
By MLT No. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN SGT ROE

6-28-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: FIRE BOMBINGS

Sir:

Received information this date from an anonymous informant re possible future fire bombings. This man refused to give his name, so it is difficult to tell how reliable the information is. He did say, however, that he overheard Kent Ford, Black Panther Leader, say that any business in the Albina area that did not have at least 7 employees would be destroyed. I do not know if the fire bombings to date would qualify under this statement, nor when the statement is alledged to have been made. I was under the impression, however, that the statement was made recently.

Resp  
W. E. Osborne #107  
PCR Unit

6-29-70 ; 2:35 am mfh



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

ORIGINAL TO RECORDS

SUBJECT INFO-POSSIBLE ARSON

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 2:45 pm

CAPTAIN SGT. SCHWARTZ

6/23/70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

COMPLAINANT:

INGLE, RONALD  
2847 NE Williams  
284-9309  
Co-Owner business -  
MANNING BROS.  
2847 N. Williams

Sir: This date approx. 2:35 pm received a phone call from RONALD INGLE co-owner of Manning Bros. located at Williams and Stanton or 2847 N. Williams. He stated that he has numerous young people who are friends in the area and that three long haired negro subjects had been talking in the park about a fire bombing ~~XXXX~~ his place of business. He was asked if he was approached or had seen the three subjects and he stated that he had not seen the three subjects and the information that he had that these three Negro subjects were young, long hair and from out of State. He stated none of his local friends or young people knew the names of these people. They did not give him a date of when to expect a problem but it was indicated to him that it possibly would be ~~XXXX~~ tonight.

East Prec. and North Prec. ~~XXXX~~ will be notified along with the Fire Bureau.

Resp.

D.J. Schmitt  
Dets/Larc/Days

mk 7:40 pm 6/23/70



A-10 6-22-70 9:44 AM

cc: Dets, Burglary

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70- M

SUBJECT SUSP. SUBJECT

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN LT. GROGAN

6-22, 19 70

COMPLT: THOMPSON, BETTY M JO  
7003 NE 15th, 285 2320  
dob 7-25-41

RADIO CALL: 8:47 AM, arrived 8:53 AM,  
cleared 9:04 AM

SUSPECT: nbcm, 12 to 14 yrs, 5'2 to 5'3, get  
med build, med complexion, short blk hair,  
wearing yellow wind breaker, blue turtle  
neck zip front sweater and suntan trousers

SIR: Radio call to 7003 NE  
15th regarding a ~~th~~ threat. Upon  
arrival found out the threat was an  
actual suspicious person being the  
described aside mentioned suspect.  
Suspect had started off her conver-  
sation with MRS. THOMPSON trying to

get into her house to obtain a drink  
of water, supposedly. He was  
talking about the Black Panther  
Party ~~being~~ (corr) and several  
houses on ~~S~~ NE 15th Street that  
~~was~~ (corr) were going to be burned down. She stated that this subject con-  
tinually kept asking her if he could come in and get a drink of water or if  
she could go get him one, and that his big brother would help her ~~avoid~~  
avoid being burned down by the Black Panther's. She stated that she thought  
this was highly suspicious and she was concerned for the safety of ~~the~~  
neighborhood, not due to the threat but ~~is~~ due to the subject's ac tivity  
of trying to gain entrance into the house. She was advised by these officers  
not to allow anyone such as this into her house and inform of the operation  
of these subjects coming into the house and stealing anything they can get  
their hands on.

Description was put out over the air of the subject with the hopes of obtaining  
a name and address. Searched the area although could find no one ~~fit~~ fitting  
that description.

RESPECTFULLY,

R. E. GLISAN #121  
R. E. SOTHERN #391  
North Prec, Morning Relief, Dist 76  
ce 6-22-70 11:55 AM



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70-

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Still, Detectives, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

SIR: At approx 2:05 A.M. dated 6/20/70 made a routine traffic stop at the location of NE Union Ave and NE Dekum in front of BILLY's TAVERN. The car was occupied by 3 colored subjects and had been stopped for the reason that the driver had run the red light at NE Union and Portland Blvd. As we were talking to the subjects, the owner of BILLY's TAVERN came out of it as he was closing and approached me and immediately wanted to know what had been going on. At this time I told him that this was just a routine traffic stop and that there was no problem. He told me that he was very nervous about the officers stopping any cars ~~xx~~ in front of his place and that it was his understanding that no traffic stops would be made on Union Ave in front of his business. He seemed very nervous and upset about the whole incident and gave me the impression that possibly he had been under pressure from an outside group re fire bombings to his business. He stated that he was considering staying at that location throughout the night for fear that something might happen to his business and then later on stated that possibly it would be best if he even left town until things had cooled down. At this time his wife stepped in and stated that he was being ridiculous and they left at that time for home.

Upon arriving at work at 7:30 p.m. this date talked to Sgt. Fortner ~~W/S~~ ~~W/S~~ in regards to the statement the subject had ~~h~~ made where it was his understanding that no traffic stops were ~~h~~ to be made in front of his place of ~~h~~ business. Sgt. Fortner told me that he had no knowledge of anyone making such a statement to this subject and felt that possibly the person may be in the position where he is received threatening phone calls from outside parties re extortion. Upon talking to Officer Dailey and Kopach who are working special detail the past week, they stated that ~~ix~~ they had talked to the owner of the BILLY's TAVERN and ~~x~~ at that time he stated he had not been contacted; however he had heard that a few taverns had been. ~~h~~ They stated that he seemed quite relaxed and threatened that he would kick anyone out that even came to talk to him, that he was not worried. Possibly this person has been contacted since the 2 officers spoke to him and is now being put under pressure. This report was made at the request of Sgt. Fortner. No other information at this time.

RESP:

J. W. BARE #354  
North Prec / E Relief / Unf Div

9:47 p.m. 6/20/70 sld



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

ORIGINAL TO RECORDS

SUBJECT THREAT

No. MISC./70

TIME 5:30 p.m.

CAPTAIN sgt schwartz

June 18, 1970, 19     

COMPLAINANT

HOGAN, Robert  
2003 SE Hawthorne  
PH 235-8346

CREDIT THRIFT OF AMERICA

SUBJ INVOLVED

ROACH, Clemon A.  
PPD #49288  
DOB 5-27-47  
home add/1533 NE Holman  
AUTOMOBILE/ 1969 Dodge 2dr  
bright red w/blk vinyl top  
Ore Lic. EDW-687 or  
EDV-299

NARRATIVE

Sir: Received a call from ROBERT HOGAN, Mgr of Credit thrift of America, 2003 SE Hawthorne, ph 235-8346. He stated that they had garnisheed the wages of one CLEMON A. ROACH, 1533 NE Holman, and that he had threatened to burn them out. MR HOGAN recieved three phone calls himself from the subject ROACH, the last one 15 minutes prior to him calling this detective, this would be at approx 5:00 p.m. The last phone call the subject ROACH stated that, "We will burn you out at 5." ROACH is mostly angry with the Credit Thrift of America for garnisheeing his wages, and may be just harassing the Credit Thrift of America. However, MR HOGAN felt that it should be reported to the police.

A check was made on CLEMON A. ROACH, find him to be PPD #49288, DOB 5-27-47, and that he does own a 1969 Dodge 2dr, Ore EDW-687 or EDV-299. According to the Dept of Motor Vehicles, there is something that could possibly be wrong as far as the plates and transfer of title is concerned. The true plate that is supposed to be on the car is EDW-687.

Lt. Tebo of East Prec. was notified by this Det. and he obtained all the pertinent info regarding this incident and will alert 2nd nite to possibility of problems at 20th & SE Hawthorne this evening, or possibly tomorrow morning.

PLEASE RETURN.

Respectfully, D. J. Schmitt, Det.

LARC DETAIL/days

/wr 6-19-70  
5 a.m./

*Sgt. Robert A. Schmitt*



Form#1.5

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70- 48088

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN TAYLOR

6-20-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: POSSIBLE ARSON ATTEMPT

Comp: EDWARD HALL  
5339 NE Garfield  
PPD # 2301

Assigned to LARC  
By MLT

SIR: on routine patrol Silk Hat located at NE Union, talked to the abv listed comp who is a security guard at the Silk Hat, Multnomah Security guard at Fred Meyers located at Union and Killingsworth during the day. MR HALL stated that some time this afternoon his wife was on the way home from the hair dressers on the bus when she heard 4 Negro subjects in their late teens talking at the rear of the bus of burning down their home and also the home of OFF STAN HARMON. MRS HALL further stated to her husband that she heard the subjects talking over diff incidents that had occurred in the Fred Meyer Store. In leaving the Silk Hat the undersigned officers contacted all adjoining dists notifying them of the poss and also notified 85 SGT PORTER who stated that he would get in touch with OFF HARMON. Then returned to service. Giving special attn to the abv address at 5339 NE Garfield and requesting all of the districts do the same. Returned to service.

Resp:  
T F Bracey 214  
J R Schreck 680  
north night dist 73 unif

11a: 12:noon



E 24 6-19-70 11:25 PM  
cc to Lt. Smith, N. Pre  
50.03N0370

cc to Homicide & Robbery  
cc to Fire Marshalls office  
cc to Capt. Sullivan, East  
CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70 *Mess*

SUBJECT Arson Detail

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Smith

6-19-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

*RE*

Sir: While assigned special duty in the area of N.E. Portland, received info. that the STACEY's CLEANERS STORE at N.E. 20th & Alberta, was to be fire bombed this weekend. I went to that location and checked with the manager MR. STACEY, and time of arrival, these people were gone from that location. No contact was made with these ~~per~~ people during the working shift. It was noted that the area is easily accessible from both 20th St. and from N.E. Alberta. Large plate glass windows in the front of the bldg. and doors on the side of the bldg. which can be pried open, being a wood frame bldg. would be easily ignitable.

No further action at this time.

Resp.

L.P. Nelson #24B

L.R. Kanzler ~~#677~~#676

Aft, N, dist. 74, special detail

6-19-70 mb 11:45 PM



E-2 6-19-70 1:32am

CC: CAPT SULLIVAN, East; LT SMITH, North;  
**HOMICIDE & ROBBERY**; FIRE MARSHALL's Office  
CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

50.03N0370

SUBJECT ARSON DETAIL

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN LT SMITH, North Prec

6-19-70, 19 \_\_\_\_

**SUSPICIOUS AUTO:** Oregon JBJ 301  
White over white or white over light blue, 60 T Bird  
Convertible

**COMPL:** Radio cab #29

**SIR:**

Advised this date approx 6:30pm via driver of Radio cab #29 that he observed the aside mentioned automobile pull up alongside the power ~~XXXX~~ sub-station at N Lombard and Carney Avenue. He stated that he observed 3 young nbc subjs step from the automobile, walk over to the fence, climb partially up the fence, looking into the ~~XXXX~~ sub-station yard and then jump down off the fence, get into the auto and then drive off.

Advised Lt. Smith, North Prec, of this information and he established us into a special detail to maintain a watch and surveillance on the power sub-station. We complied with his order and found no susp activity during the surveillance.

Resp,

L. T. Potter #563

R. L. Kanzler #676

A rel/North/Dist 73/Uniform

3:21am 6-19-70 dw



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT POSSIBLE EXTORTION

No. Misc

TIME 5:30 PM

CAPTAIN NOBAN Sgt. SCHWARTZ

8/20/70, 19     

RE: EARL MARKS CO.  
2021 NE UNION  
INFORMANT  
MR. MARKS

Sir: Contacted by phone by  
MR. MARKS today who advised me  
that about 3PM date, LINDA THORNTON  
came into his place of business with  
about 8 NBC subjects 20-22 yrs.

MISS THORNTON requested a donation  
for the Panther Breakfast Program, and was informed by MR. MARKS that  
he would not be able to make a decision on this matter, but would have  
to contact his associates.

THORNTON left a phone number for MARKS to call her, and informed her  
the call should be made tomorrow 8/21/70 before 11AM.

MARKS advised there were no threats made, however, he did feel intimidated  
due to the fact that the NBC subjects with THORNTON walked about the  
store picking up objects and acting in a threatening manner.

Resp.

Jim Davis, Det.  
Days/ H&R/

mt  
8/20/70 11:10 PM



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

SUBJECT BLK PANTHER ACTIVITIES

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 3:45 PM

CONFIDENTIAL

CAPTAIN LT. STILL

8/20/70, 19\_\_

RE: BLACK PANTHER BREAKFAST PROGRAM  
SOLICITATIONS  
COMPLAINANT  
MARTEN, BILL  
Industrial Upholstery  
2017 N. WILLIAMS AVE.  
288 7406

NARRATIVE:

Sir: 3PM date I received a call from Mr. Marten who states he had just been approached by seven or eight young blacks between the ages of 15 & 24 yrs.

The Spokesman appeared to be a 19-20 yr. old girl. She had brochures concerning Black Panther Breakfast program and asked if he would care to give. He told her that he was familiar with the Black Panther Program, and that he gave to other charities, and did not care to give to her. She replied, "Tell me if you want to give or not." He said he told her he didn't think he would give, and as they left, one of the boys said, "We'll be back."

MR. MARTEN states that he will relay any info relative to future contacts with the Panthers to us as soon as the incidents occur.

Resp.

Glen L. Griffitts, Det.  
Larc/ days

mt  
8/20/70 10:30 PM

*Sgt. Robert A. Schwartz*



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

47035

SUBJECT THREAT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 4:30 PMCAPTAIN SGT. CLARK6/15/70

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: ATLAS HOTEL SUPPLY COMPANY  
4215 N. WILLIAMS AVE.  
288 6081

COMPANY OFFICIAL  
JAMES T. SHEPLAR

SUBJECT INVOLVED  
NATHAN J. PROBY

## NARRATIVE:

Sir: Several weeks ago, received info from Mr. Keith Jones of the Mayor's Office, that Mr. Sheplar of the Atlas Hotel Supply Co. would be in contact with the Fraud Office regarding restaurant equipment that had been sold to the 7 of Diamonds Teen Club approx. 18 mos. ago

at which time NATHAN PROBY was the director of the club.

Further info that after the club had folded, the Atlas people had gone to the vacant club to repossess their restaurant equipment and at this time found that the bulk of the equipment was gone from the building. Among other things, these included tables, chairs, and an expensive automatic ice making machine.

Approx. 1 week ago an appt. was made with MR. SHEPLAR of the Atlas Co. and he did come to the front office and discuss this matter with Sgt. Clark and writer. It was learned that they had sold numerous restaurant supplies to the Teen club, and the purchase was covered under a standard contractual agreement which was signed by NATHAN PROBY. Mr. SHEPLAR stated that the terms of the contract were never fulfilled, and in fact very little money was received on the purchase of these items. Further stated that several months ago, the Atlas People went to the club with Proby who unlocked the door and then left, and at this time the Atlas people did remove from the building the remainder of the items that were there, however they discovered at this time that many of the items which were sold to the club were not on the premises.

SHEPLAR stated that they had been in contact with PROBY who stated that someone must have broken in and stolen the remainder of the items. SHEPLAR then stated that several days after PROBY had been arrested by this dept. for obtaining property by false pretenses, he did drive by their firm and at this time lean out his car window and tell one of the company employees to report to MR. SHEPLAR that he, NATE PROBY thought he knew where some of these items were from the Teen Club and would contact SHEPLAR the next day to see about recovering these items. SHEPLAR reports that PROBY never did contact him regarding this.

A discussion of this info followed, and it was determined that a possible course of action would be to confront PROBY with the fact that he had admitted knowing where some of the items were, and asked him to see that these items were returned to the Atlas Co. , thus ~~preventing~~ another possible court situation.

This AM, SHEPLAR did come to the Fraud Detail Office, and at this time



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORTNo. 47035

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE 2 CONT.

did accompany writer to the home of Nathan Proby, where it was discovered that he was not at home so a message was left with the subject at the house for him to call the writer at the earliest convenience. Writer was in the office later in the AM, and did receive a phone call from PROBY wanting to know what the situation was and at this time I informed him that he should attempt to recover the items that were missing from the closed Teen Club that belonged to the Atlas Supply Co. At this time, he stated that he thought he knew where the chairs were, and that the chairs would be in the Black Panther Headquarters, and that he would further contact Kent Ford alleged Black Panther leader and see about recovering these items. A short time later, he called back stating that the chairs were in fact in the Panther Club as he saw them there, and that I should go and recover them. I at this time told MR. PROBY that I didn't feel that this would be a proper course of action, and suggested that he again attempt to handle this on his own.

A short time later, PROBY called again and reported that he did recover 5 chrome dinette type chairs from the Black Panther Headquarters, and at this time he was going to return the chairs to MR. SHEPLAR. Further stated this was all the equipment he could recover as he had info that the ice machine in question had been taken to Seattle along with some speakers.

It should be noted that it is believed by this writer that there was another Portland firm in the same position of the Atlas Co. in that they had sold the club some stereo and amplification equipment which later seemingly disappeared, and this could be possibly the speakers that PROBY referred to. At the time of this last conversation by phone, PROBY indicated to writer that he was rather upset as he didn't like to be pushed around, and if it continued he was going to get mad.

Approx. 3PM this date, did by phone contact MR. SHEPLAR at the Atlas Co. and at this time learned that the chairs in fact had been returned. At this time SHEPLAR requested a private meeting with me and he sounded quite upset. At this time, I drove to his place of business on N. Williams Ave. and met with him and he stated that when PROBY did return the chairs to the company, all the leatherette seats had been freshly slashed with a sharp instrument, and further PROBY was very loud, obnoxious and threatening. PROBY went on to state that he got into quite a conversation with PROBY, and PROBY indicated that the Panthers were very unhappy about these chairs being removed from their headquarters. Further info is that the woman, name unknown, who runs the company was also approached in her office by PROBY and at this time he indicated that there should be no further pushing to recover the rest of this property, as the Panthers were very upset and he indicated in conversation to this woman that they could possibly suffer damage to their place of



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
 BUREAU OF POLICE  
 OFFICER'S REPORT

47035

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE 2 CONT.

business and lots of problems from the Panther element. At this time he reportedly made reference to groups of negro militants in this city at this time from the LA area who were well armed and well equipped with bombs and dynamite and fire bombs, etc. At all times, PROBY indicated that he was just passing on info and feelings that he felt at the Black Panther Headquarters and at no time did directly personally threaten anyone at the Hotel Supply Co.

After relaying this info to MR. SHEPLAR, requested that for the time being we back off immediately on any other attempts to recover any of the rest of the items still missing from the Teen Club. This was readily agreed to by the writer. SHEPLAR assured me he would be in contact if any unusual events occurred around their place of business.

Upon returning to the Det. Office in the absence of Sgt. Clark and Lt. Still, this info was given to Capt. Nolan and Deputy Chief Steele, and Deputy Chief Steele said that he would be in contact with the North Prec. Commanders who are responsible for the patrol of this particular area where the Atlas Co. is and see that these people are aware of the info received by writer this date.

No further info at this time.

Resp.

Gary Fantz, Det.  
 Fraud/ days

mt

6/15/70 5:35 PM

CC: Intelligence

CC: Capt. Nolan

6/15/70 5:40 PM

*Sgt. E. H. Clark*



McPHERSON FURNACE & SUPPLY CO.



Area Code 503

1805 N. E. Second Avenue • P. O. Box 12006 • Portland, Oregon 97212

287-1281

28 April 1970

Office of the District Attorney  
Multnomah County Courthouse  
1021 S.W. 4th Avenue  
Portland, Oregon 97204

Gentlemen:

We had representatives of the "National Committee to Combat Fascism" in our office today requesting (almost demanding) a contribution.

As this would be nothing more than a donation to the Communist Black Panther organization, we declined.

We were subjected to demands that we explain exactly why we couldn't or would not make a donation. I told them exactly why. They left with the parting under-voice observation "we'll be back".

We imagine that this will be followed by broken windows and fire-bombs on the roof. We are not filing a complaint because we have no basis on which to file one. However, it seems that if there is an authority concerned with maintaining some degree of order - and protection for the civilized law-abiding segment of society --- that the office of the District Attorney should be advised of what is happening.

Very truly yours,

McPHERSON FURNACE & SUPPLY CO.

Donald M. Keefer, President

RECEIVED  
APR 30 1970

GEORGE VAN HOOMISSEN  
DISTRICT ATTORNEY  
MULTNOMAH COUNTY





McPHERSON FURNACE & SUPPLY CO.



Area Code 503

1905 N. E. Second Avenue • P. O. Box 12006 • Portland, Oregon 97212

287-1281

Possible Firebomb target  
1805 N.E. 2nd

28 April 1970

Office of the District Attorney  
Multnomah County Courthouse  
1021 S.W. 4th Avenue  
Portland, Oregon 97204

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Very truly yours,

McPHERSON FURNACE & SUPPLY CO.

*Donald M. Keifer*

Donald M. Keifer, President

*Notify Dist Atty for attn.*

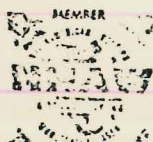
ALL SUPERIOR OFFICERS

Read, Initial, Return *WJL*

Rel	M	A	E	N
Lt.	#	W		
Sgt.	WJL	WJL	WJL	WJL
Sgt.		WJL		
Sgt.				

RECEIVED  
APR 30 1970

GEORGE VAN ROOISSSEN  
DISTRICT ATTORNEY  
MULTNOMAH COUNTY





CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETYSUBJECT POSSIBLEE EXTORTION

BUREAU OF POLICE

## OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME 3:30PMCAPTAIN LT. STILLJUNE 11, 1970, 19 \_\_\_\_NARRATIVE

SIR: We talked to DONALD M. KEEFER, of McPherson's Furnace & Supply co. 1805 NE Second, phone: 287-1281. MR. KEEFER stated that on the 28th of April, 1970; he was contacted at his office by two colored subjects. One male and one female. The female described as 5'1" or 5'2", slender build, fine features; the male described as about 5'9"-5'10", very large, maybe 220 to 230#. He said these subjects were there requesting a contribution which after a lengthy discussion, he refused. He said that they did not outspokenly threaten either he or the business, however, upon being denied the contribution and departing the office, the colored male was heard to say "We'll be back". MR. KEEFER advised us that he immediately dictated a letter to the District Attorney's Office, copy of which is attached. MR. KEEFER stated he would be willing to cooperate in any way to combat this situation and would notify this office of any future contacts. Photographs of current known Panthers and associates were shown to MR. KEEFER, however, he was unable to make a positive pick. These photos did include that of KENT FORD and SANDRA BRITT.

Respectfully,

James Davis, Det.  
James F. Smith, Det.  
Homicide & Robbery Detail  
Day Relief

6-12-70 11:22AM elj



**OFFICE of FIRE MARSHAL**FIRE PREVENTION DIVISION  
CITY OF PORTLAND

70-49299

**From:** Donald R. Murphy**Date:** June 11, 1970**To:** Captain John Farber**Subject:** Suspicious Subject  
30 N. E. Broadway  
HOME DECORATING CENTER

Received a call from MR. RICHARD D. MORGAN, Manager of the HOME DECORATING CENTER. MORGAN resides at 4744 S. E. 49th, telephone 775-4876. He is in a partnership at this location with his brother, GLEN.

According to MORGAN, this date, one NBC subject, age 35 years to 36 years, 5' 9 1/2", 145 to 155 pounds, wearing a Naval yacht cap and a blue shirt upon the back of which there were the letters "E S": The letter "E" was dark blue and the letter "S" was white; gray trousers. This subject ordered one gallon of bulk paint thinner which was placed in a 1-gallon metal paint can. The man also asked for paint strainers. MORGAN thought this to be quite strange because no one wants paint strainers anymore, and for that reason they were given to him instead of charging him.

The subject paid for the \$.45 worth of thinner with a \$1 bill.

After leaving the store, he appeared to stand for several seconds and scrutinize the front of the building.

The subject got into a vehicle, OREGON #CDU 747, and drove away.

MORGAN'S brother also got the same license number.

This vehicle is a 1966 Rambler, 2-door hardtop, registered to: JUANITA WRIGHT, 332 N. E. Stanton Street.

DONALD R. MURPHY  
Investigating Officer



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT ARSON / POSSIBLE EXTORT

No. Misc

TIME 9 AM

CAPTAIN Lt. Still

6/10, 19 70

RE GRANDMA'S COOKIE  
1806 N Williams Avenue  
282-7782

NARRATIVE

Sir: Writers were directed by Lt. Still to investigate the manner in which donations were being solicited from businesses in the Williams Avenue area by NM's for the childrens' breakfast program.

We contacted the manager of Grandma's Cookies, BILL WITTENBERG, of 7715 SW North Vale Way, 246-5236. MR WITTENBERG informed us that a couple of months ago, a young female Negro, he descs as approximately 20 yrs, 5-2, 110 lbs, dark long hair, attractive, came into his office with a subj he later identified from photographs as KENT FORD. The girl did all the talking and asked for help for the breakfast program for the Highland Center. The girl had a flyer-type pamphlet with crude printing on it, about 8 x 11 printed on newspaper-type paper. MR WITTENBERG took the girl's name and telephone number, wrote it on the flyer and told her that he would investigate and call her back regarding the donation. MR WITTENBERG stated there were no threats made; however, he did feel very uncomfortable while the people were in the office and was glad when they left. MR WITTENBERG has not heard from these people since that time.

We then talked to a RONALD J. HENNE, 4618 NE 30th Ave, 282-5806, White, 30 yrs, employed at Grandma's Cookies. MR HENNE advises that about two days prior to the fire at Grandma's Cookies, he (HENNE), and DEBBIE WRIGHT, WF, of 605 S. Tampa Way, Vancouver, Wash, were in the Grandma's Cookie lunchroom. Reference was made to the recent fire at Allied Plating by MR HENNE, and at that time, DEBBIE WRIGHT said the fact remains that Grandma's Cookies are still on the list. HENNE did not question WRIGHT regarding her statement. He stated she did not appear to be mad, she only made the statement as a matter of fact. WRIGHT is employed at Grandma's Cookies on the evening shift and is of often observed being picked up by colored subjs and receives several telephone calls from people with a Negro accent.

While at the Grandma's Cookies, we received information from MR WITTENBERG regarding a underground newspaper from Seattle, Wash. This paper is published by the University of Washington and in the editorial last Thursday, made reference to the Grandma Cookie sign in Seattle. This is a large sign about 50' long and 20' high. The editorial in the paper stated Who cares about Grandma and her fucking cookies? If



GRANDMA'S COOKIES.....

they don't take that sign down, we will blow it down.

A copy of this paper is being sent to MR WITTENBERG in Portland, and he will turn it over to this department when it arrives. The name of the editor was not available at this time.

Respec.

Frank Smith,  
Jim Davis, Dets.  
H&R/days

mp  
6/10/70 10:28 AM



A-12 6-7-70

CC: Detectives

50.03N0370 CC: Arson

CC: Fire Marshall's office  
Arson detail

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

OFFICER'S REPORT

*Assigned to Larc*

*By to*

No. ~~70-38315~~

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAP ~~XXX~~ TO LT. BAKER: \_\_\_\_\_

6-7-70

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

RE: Possible info on an arsonist

Information from Anonymous informant

Subj involved:

PETERSON, STEVEN CRAIG

8242 SE 39th Ave, dob 3-3-52

Possibly involved:

ROBERT J. PETERSON,

8242 SE 39th Ave, dob 2-1-55, NBW

SIR: Received information that STEVE PETERSON was talking to an adult, and was informing him of different situations that were happening in the neighborhood. One of the situations in question was that the REDMOND (sp?) k boys, (known to PPD one under indictment on a charge now ) had a stolen motor in his veh, and that the serial number and etc was eradicated to prevent identification. He also went into some of the ~~xxx~~ other activities of REDIMANS (?) and himself.

Some of these are known to the writing officer to ~~x~~ be true, and it ~~x~~ is unknown how the informant would receive this information unless STEVEN or one of his friends had told him. It seemed a little too factual for someone else to mention it rather than STEVEN, so naturally formed the opinion that the informant is reliable in this situation, but on prior occasions has shown that he has a semi-radical type nature.

The informant stated that STEVEN was at his house, and informed him of some of the activities that he had been involved in, including BID, and some of the activities of other youngsters in the neighborhood. It ~~xx~~ could not be substantiated whether his younger brother ROBERT was with him on the arson situations or not, but the following story was related to the writing officer.

STEVEN PETERSON was at the anonymous informants house approx 1 wk ago, and he did inform the informant during casual conversation that he was paid to set fire to two businesses by the owners of those businesses. He did set another fire, but that was for fun, and he related the story to Reed College. He did not frown? on this and ??? commit himself to the informant that he was the one that set fires at Reed College that he leaned in that direction.

cont.....



38315

The informant also told me that the PETERSON boy explained how he was setting the fires, and he told him that he was using ~~th~~ a quick fuse and some newspaper and other waste type materials. He did not use a highly inflammable material, due to the fact that he thought that the investigators could spot this.

The PETERSON boys have been known to the writing officer for a considerable length of time now, and have suspicioned that they have been involved in considerable amount of activity, including the activity around Reed College. It is unkn though, whether they have been involved in any arson there.

The ~~RESX~~ Record~~EX~~ for the STEVEN PETERSON, the older of the two boys, stands as the following: 12-8-69 trespass, 12-2-69 Protective custody, trespass, 8-16-68 BID, 3-11-68 BNID, 10-2-67 BNID, 12-31-66 vandalism.

The younger brother ROBERT's Record stands as 8-16-68 BID, 4-16-~~68~~ 69 Assault, 5-16-69 assault, ~~12x2x~~ 10-12-67 BNID, 7-12-67 disorderly conduct.

Undeveloped leads: Check to ascertain if there could be any possible contact betw any of the arson cases on file of recent history that would have some contact ~~XXX~~ by the owner through Reed College Association or E Upper Eastmoreland Association where this boy would be in contact with these persons to obtain a ~~EX~~ contract for the arson.

RESP.,

A.P. ROGERS, #71,  
Day relief, Car 32, East Prec

6-7-70 6:30PM og

07-11-70 11:11 AM



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

ORIGINAL TO RECORDS

SUBJECT INFO ARSON

No. 70-38281

TIME 6:15pm

CAPTAIN LT. WIGGINS

June 7, 19 70

**RE INFORMATION FROM ANONYMOUS INFORMANT**

**MUTUAL WHOLESALE DRUG  
240 N Broadway**

**NARRATIVE**

Sir: At approx. 6:10pm date, 6/7/70, I received a phone call from FBI Agent RALPH DOGGETT and he informed me that he had received an anonymous phone call, which he believes was a white subject who informed him that the next place that was going to be burned was the Mutual Wholesale Drug Company, 240 N Broadway. He stated that the informant refused to give his name, but would call him back if he learned anything further.

I contacted Sgt. Bill Johnson, East Precinct, by phone and passed this information on to him.

Resp.,

R.L. Westlund, Dets.  
Larceny/First Night

*Labbe Called  
FBI*

cc: EAST PRECINCT  
cc: NORTH PRECINCT  
cc: INTELLIGENCE DIVISION  
cc: FIRE INVESTIGATOR'S OFFICE

to  
6/7/70 - BPM



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. 70-37992

SUBJECT POSS. EXTORTION

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Lt. Smith

6-5-70

, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

re: GOODWIN, RAYMOND, dob 11-10-28  
7125 N. Lancaster  
283-2685

bus: 8419 N. ~~Berkex~~ Denver  
289-9388

Sir: On 6-4-70, reporting officer contacted Mr. GOODWIN, who runs the payless station on the corner of Argyle and Denver. Mr. GOODWIN stated that on the 1st of June, aprox. 2pm, he observed 3-nbc males and 2-nbc females being picked up

in a faded-green-CHEVY 11-4-dr. sta wgn. All of the nbc subjs. were in their 20's, the veh. was operated by a WMA subj. very well dressed, who appeared to be in his 40's. Mr. GOODWIN stated that he had been contacted by one of these subjs. at his place of business and asked about his opinion concerning the riots and racial ~~xxxxxxx~~ tensions in the United States. The subj. asked him if he would be willing to help with the riots, and help them by taking out an ad in their paper. Mr. GOODWIN stated that he really didn't pay too much attention to the person because the station was rather busy at the time and he largely ignored the person, who apparently became disgruntled and left.

The next subj. that I contacted was a MRS. DOROTHY J. WEAVER, residence 6415 NE 39th, phone 284-2644, the operator of the Beauty Salon at 8326 N. Denver. On 5-28-70, at 7pm, she reported Case #70-36047 concerning a threat to her place of business. Reporting officer talked to her for an extended period of time, but could obtain no further information.

The next subj. I contacted was a Mr. EARL H. NYGARD, dob 1-11-23, a clerk at the Kenton Hotel, phone ~~2899~~ 289-9004, who could give no information concerning anything to do with the black and white unity firm.

On ~~5-28-70~~ 6-5-70, I contacted a Mrs. DOROTHY L. EASTMAN, 284-0776, add. 5818 NE 35th Place, the proprietress of TINY'S RESTAURANT in Kenton, phone 289-2957. Mrs. EASTMAN was not aware of any activities on the part of the solicitors, but stated she would obtain any and all information from any one approaching her that she possibly could.

The next subj. contacted was a Mr. PAUL H. CONNER, dob 12-15-45, home phone 282-4255, add. 5300 NE Culley, he is the assistant manager of the KENTON CLUB at 285-3718. Mr. CONNER could add nothing to the information reporting officer has already obtain, however, he and all the other people that I have contacted within the last 2-days have stated that they will make note of any license plates, physical desc. and ~~xxxx~~ sex as well as race of any ~~plx~~ person or person who contact them in re to taking an ad in the paper. Also they will attempt to find out where the paper is allegedly distributed, how often it will be published and how often their ad will appear for the given price.



Reporting officer obtained the telephone number of the BLACK & WHITE UNITY OFFICE, which was reported in Report #70-36929. This number was given as "228-0230", which turned out to be an address at 927 SW Oak St. known as the PRINT SHOP. The PRINT SHOP is the name of a legitimate business, and the man at the other end of the phone informed me that the BLACK & WHITE UNITY OFFICE is upstairs over his print shop. Their telephone number is "224-0534." The man stated that he does print the ~~xxx~~ paper for them and it is ~~xxxxxxx~~ assembled upstairs. No further information or action taken at this time.

Resp.

L. T. Potter #563

A. Rel.

Dist. 83

North Prec.

Uniform Div.

rb:6-6-270 10f11am

07 MAR 11 3 10 PM '70



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
 BUREAU OF POLICE  
 OFFICER'S REPORT

SUBJECT Arsons

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN Sullivan3 June 1970

, 19 \_\_\_\_

RE: Arson cases  
 American Sheet Metals  
 N Williams and Graham

~~Warehouse~~

Warehouse  
 Ne Russell East of  
 Williams

Sir,

In the last two days we have had the aside two fires. The warehouse is definite arson and the one at American sheet metals is thought to be. Our trouble is this: the detectives do not make any investigation, fire inspector sends copies of his reports to detectives. We at the Precinct do not know what is going on and we do the work. Detectives never send us any copy of what the fire investigator says.

With these last two fires in two days the thought has arisen that maybe these places had refused the Panther donations, maybe we will see some trend starting. Could you jack up the detective and have them contact the owners of the two fires and see if they had been approached. If they have been then we can probably expect our next fire at NE 2 and Hancock the furnace co. that refused to give any money. Another place may be the Kienow store on Union.

Respectfully,

Sgt. *W.J.* Johnson



F-240,20

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE  
OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT PANTHER ACTIVITY

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CONFIDENTIAL

CAPTAIN SULLIVAN, \_\_\_\_\_ 5-3-70, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Lt. Tebo,  
Sir,  
CONTACTS,

Wagstaff Battery  
Charles C Hindman  
212 1/2 N. Williams  
282-5531

Coast Mirror  
James F. Roughton  
1732 N.E. 2  
287-1236

McPherson Furnace  
1803 N.E. 2  
Donald Keefer  
287-1281

Nestelle Inc.  
1800 N.E. 2  
Bert Nestelle  
287-1273

All of the above businesses have been contacted recently by either Kent Ford personally or some of his cohorts. Ford was observed by writing officers at Wagstaff Battery today at app. 4:15 PM. On each visit money (no set amount) has been requested for the breakfast program of the Panthers. The propaganda attached was left at each place. No actual threats have been made except through ~~insinuation~~ insinuation.

Reference is made that donations go to the United Church of Christ however Mr. Hindman contacted them and the Panthers are ~~not~~ not authorized to solicit through them. apparently

These men state every business in the area has been contacted and all are very willing to cooperate with us in any way possible.

Respectfully,  
Joe Hurley #5  
R.E. Hegge #60h  
East Prec.

*Wes*



50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

No. \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

CAPTAIN LT SMITHBy du

Wednesday, June 3, 19 70

**SIR:**

Sgt Davis, North Prec, contacted the writer and asked that the writer check all the businesses that were open and see what threats had been made to any of the places of business in the Kenton Area.

7:20pm, the writer contacted Tiny's Cafe at 8131 N Denver, phone 289-2957. Bartender on duty was Barker, Beverly, A., 6348 NE 33rd, phone 284-7333, dob 8--29-40. She works the shift from 7:00 in the evening to 3:00am in the morning and she said that she has not received any threats or any calls that would be of any extortion type. She answers the phone whenever anybody calls.

7:35pm, 8119 N Denver, Tom and Susie's, phone 289-9362. Contacted a temporary Bartender, Briggs, Carol J., 8950 N Kellogg, phone 286-4641, dob 1-22-43. She said that she had received no threats and had heard of no one else receiving threats at this place and that there had been no attempt of extortion.

7:40pm to 8112 N Denver, the Tea Garden Cafe, phone 289-9073. Talked to the owner whose name is CHIN, Bill with nmi, 2443 NE 38th, phone 282-6014, dob 3-4-13. He said that he had received no threats and no extortion.

8:43pm to 8124 N Denver, Keith's Market, phone 289-9202, talked to Smith, Katherine nmi, she is the Checker on duty. Her home address is 2843 N EK Terry. Telephone 289-7666, dob 12-12-19. She has received no threats and no extortion threats.

8:45 to 8128 N Denver, Flo's Cafe, talked to the owner Culver, Milan D., 2339 N Lombard, 289-7839, dob 4-25-14. He said that he had received no threats.

8:20 went to 8207 N Denver, The EK Pine Room Tavern, phone 289-9284 and talked to the owner Musgrave, Ralph, B., 609 SE Taylor, #309, phone 232-9468, dob 2-3-13. He said he had received no threats.

8:25 went to 82117-N Denver, the Fort Kenton Tavern, phone 289-9212. Talked to a Gutheridge, James R., 8217 N Denver. He is the owner, dob 6-1-40. He said that he is planning on making sleeping accommodations in the back of the place. He gave the following information. That a Negro woman called at 10:30am, Saturday, and asked if compl would like to take out a small ad in an Afro paper, at \$35.00 an ad. He replied that he didn't



PAGE 2.

want to take out the ad. He said that he only advertised in the Oregonian, to which this woman said "Why won't you take it out". "I don't want it" he replied. She replied "What do you think if we burn you out". He said "Go ahead". and this was the end of the conversation. The man said that he was not worried about this.

8:40 writer went to 8237 N Denver, The White House Ice Cream Store. Telephone 289-9192. Talked to a part-time clerk, ~~XXXX~~ Hollamon, Joyce, A., 8254 N Dana, phone 285-7602, dob 5-20-33. She reports that the owner had received a telephone call from a Negro woman asking him to take out an ad in the paper and to which the owner said that she didn't have time to talk to her as she had customers. She had told that the party calling had said "They would send someone out". This occurred in the earlier part of last week.

8:45pm, 8319 N Denver, The Kenton Hotel, to a Clerk on Duty, Allen, Robert L., 8319 N Denver, Room 4, phone 289-9004, dob 3-25-34. He said that he had received no threats.

9:00pm, writer was at 8234 N Denver, the Denver Tavern, phone 289-9221, the owner was on duty. Yabuki, Dick S., Rt 1 Box 346-A, Clackamas Oregon, phone Olive 8-3915, dob 4-24-28. This man said that a man called asking them to take out an ad in the paper, to ~~WHICH~~ which this man replied "I don't advertise in anything I don't see". He said send me a copy and if I like it I'll place an ad in the paper. That was all that was said and he said this man's conduct was good and that he made no threats and that it was good telephone solicitation to him.  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~

Concluded the interviews with people in the Kenton Area at 9:10pm

Resp,

C. A. Sundquist #41  
Dist 83, Car 83, North, A rel

4:55am 6-4-70 dw



7:21 p.m. 6/3/70

E-23

50.03N0370

CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY  
BUREAU OF POLICE

No. 37365

SUBJECT \_\_\_\_\_

OFFICER'S REPORT

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

cc: North precinct

CAPTAIN Pittenger

June 3, \_\_\_\_\_, 19 70

*assigned to [signature]*

Re: BOMB THREAT

Sir: While at the scene of an accident was contacted by a person who stated in substance that the bartender at the Kenton Club, 2025 N. Kilpatrick, wished to see me when I finished. Upon finishing with the accident however I was contacted by another subject who lived at 2035 N. Kilpatrick stating that there were two dogs chained up behind that building and he was unable to get in to his apartment. After completing this call I went to the Kenton Club and made contact with Mr. ED MEADOR, dob 4/1/02, 6034 N. E. 17th, AT 2-3795. Made contact with him at 5:55 p.m. date.

Mr. MEADOR informed me that he had received a telephone call at approx. 4:45 pm. from a woman who appeared to be negro who asked for a JOHN MARS. Mr. MEADOR said that there was no one there by that name and then the woman said that this man was a "nigger" and x "you would have to see him there". Mr. MEADOR said no again and she stated in substance to Mr. MEADOR "we'll get you you white mother fuckers". Mr. MEADOR stated that he told her that he was a negro too and she said "That's all right we'll get you too you mother fucker".

Mr. MEADOR stated that approximately five minutes earlier at 4:50 p.m. a man called and said he was a Black Panther from the Black Panther headquarters and further stated "We're going to blow you out of there you mother ~~xx~~ fuckers" and then hung up.

The officer taking the information cleared from radio and was given a 12-2 auto accident at N. Fessenden and N. Oswego and ~~xx~~ at that time I requested to meet a North precinct sergeant at that location.

Upon arrival at the location of the accident I contacted Sgt. James T. Davis of A Relief North precinct and relayed the information to him that I had obtained. Sgt. Davis then took the investigation of this complaint and made contact with the proper authorities regarding the threat.

Respectfully,

George L. Gould, #323  
A Relief, Dist. 381, Traffic  
fjp 9:39 p.m.



Nixon doesn't give a damn about you. Neither does George Meany. They bigmouth about how we elected them, but we know we didn't. We didn't have any choice.

If we get mad about this, their cops come in and beat our heads for objecting to the laws that give them the "right" to come in and beat our heads. Nixon and Schrank don't carry guns to enforce their political power. They got the money to buy cops to do that. Their political power grows out of the barrels of their cops' guns.



Behind every cop is a millionaire, and the chairman of the board of every corporation, of every corporation you can name. They make a profit off of working people of all races. They make bigger profits by keeping some races--black and brown--poorer and less privileged than whites. Black and brown people won't put up with this anymore.

If the millionaires had no police, black and brown people would take the freedom, property and power that are rightfully theirs. They would not take it away from white working people, they would take it away from the millionaires. That's why the rich buy politicians to hire cops (with our tax money) to ride four-deep in squad cars through the black and brown communities.

We cannot let the police turn us around. We can't let ourselves be turned into police to turn the people of Latin America, Africa and Asia around.

All over the world the barricades are going up. If you've ever seen a barricade or a police line you know that you have to be on one side or the other. The people who want freedom are all on one side of the barricades. The cops of the world are on the other.



If you're interested in the things we're talking about in this leaflet, contact:

Portland Revolutionary Youth  
Movement, 236-3698

A PRYM PUBLICATION



# cops



# ARE HIRED TO ENFORCE THE LAW



Cops are hired to enforce the laws.  
Some laws.  
Cops are hired to prevent crimes.  
Some crimes.

You never saw a cop run into a store and arrest the owner for charging high prices. You never saw a cop beat landlord over the head for raising your rent \$20.



The same people who make the laws, hire the cops. The last time you hired a cop was the last time you made a law. And that was never. If you made the laws, you'd obey them. And you wouldn't worry about the cops.



But you are worried about the cops. They stand around your school, if you go to school, or on the block, if you don't. If you work and go on strike, they hang around the picket line as guards for the management. If you don't like the war in Vietnam and demonstrate against it, they often beat your head.

Hardly any of us like cops. They enforce laws we don't like, which were made by rich people who don't like us, because we don't think that some people should be rich off the sweat of other people's backs.

One of the laws we don't like is the law that turns us into cops--the draft law. As far as the Vietnamese are concerned that's just what American GI's are--cops. The Vietnamese have been fighting for hundreds of years, against the Chinese, the French, the Japanese, and the Americans, for one basic thing--the right to make their own laws.



The rich people in America--the same fat dudes who make the laws about what goes on in school and where you can picket or strike and how and when, don't want the Vietnamese to make up their own laws. They know that the Vietnamese would pass laws saying that American businessmen and their armies had to get the hell out of Vietnam and stop trying to turn their country into a little American suburb.



And when they do kick America out, Vietnamese cops will be a lot different from ours. Maybe the Vietnamese won't have any cops. They won't have a small bunch of armed men messing over a lot of others. The people's police force will be the whole Vietnamese people.

There is a saying that "Political power grows out of the barrel of a gun." Think about it and you'll see that it's true. The only thing that's allowed American businessmen to mess over the Vietnamese for so long is the U.S. Army with all its guns.

It's the same back home. Rich people run this country. They buy politicians and cops. Their politicians pass laws that run our lives and their cops make sure we obey them.

You can't get into office if you don't have millions of dollars or the backing of people with millions of dollars. The people who get elected don't owe a thing to ordinary people. The political debts they owe are debts to the businessmen who paid for their newspaper ads and TV time and the plane trips around the country--the \$1000-a-plate people.





# FREE ALBERT WILLIAMS

LAST FEBRUARY, SGT. STANLEY HARMON SHOT AND SERIOUSLY WOUNDED ALBERT WILLIAMS, 19 YEARS OLD, at BLACK PANTHER HEADQUARTERS, 3619 N.E. UNION. HARMON WAS SEEKING WILLIAMS ON A TWO-MONTH OLD WARRANT FOR PETTY LARCENY.

THESE ARE THE DETAILS:

WHEN WILLIAMS ENTERED BLACK PANTHER HEADQUARTERS, POLICE REINFORCEMENTS WERE CALLED TO SURROUND THE BUILDING. WILLIAMS WAS INSIDE ON A BALCONY WITH A RIFLE. HE WAS PERSUADED BY FRIENDS TO PUT IT DOWN. AFTER THAT, EYEWITNESSES HAVE TESTIFIED THAT SGT. HARMON JUMPED UP ON A DESK AND SHOT WILLIAMS AS HE WAS PUTTING THE RIFLE DOWN.

WILLIAMS WAS SHOT THROUGH THE ARM AND LIVER. WHEN HE WAS HIT, THE RIFLE FIRED, AND THE BULLET RICOCHETED OFF THE CEILING. WITNESSES HEARD HARMON SHOUT, "I GOT HIM! I FINALLY GOT HIM!"

INSTEAD OF BEING TAKEN TO EMANUEL HOSPITAL, A FEW BLOCKS AWAY, WILLIAMS WAS DRIVEN IN THE BACK SEAT OF THE SQUAD CAR TO PORTLAND ADVENTIST HOSPITAL ON 60th AND BELMONT, ~~WHERE HE WAS TREATED~~. HE WAS FINALLY TAKEN TO MULTNOMAH COUNTY HOSPITAL. WILLIAMS WAS ON THE CRITICAL LIST FOR FOUR DAYS, AFTER WHICH HE WAS CHARGED WITH ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL HARMON!

FOR YEARS, THE BLACK COMMUNITY HAS SOUGHT TO HAVE HARMON TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER PRECINCT, BECAUSE OF HIS PERSISTENT BRUTALITY TOWARD BLACK PEOPLE. INSTEAD, HE HAS BEEN PROMOTED TO DETECTIVE DUTY IN THE BLACK COMMUNITY.

THE EVIDENCE INDICATES THAT ALBERT WILLIAMS IS INNOCENT OF THE CHARGE AGAINST HIM. THIS CHARGE SHOULD BE DROPPED AND PUNITIVE ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN AGAINST HARMON.

CONCERNED CITIZENS CAN PROTEST TO CITY, COUNTY AND STATE OFFICIALS ABOUT THIS INJUSTICE. TELL THEM TO DROP THE CHARGES AGAINST WILLIAMS, WHO IS GOING ON TRIAL NEXT MONDAY, OCT. 12th, 9:30 AM, MULTNOMAH COUNTY COURT HOUSE.

## JOIN THE PROTEST

ISSUED BY NORTHWEST FEDERATION FOR SOCIAL ACTION

BOX 327, GRESHAM, OREGON 97030

PLEASE SENT FUNDS TO AID IN THIS CASE TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS

LABOR DONATED



# COME SEE ABOUT ALBERT

Multnomah Courthouse

SW 4th & Main

Monday, October 12th

8:30 a m

Why did it take 2 hours to get Albert to the hospital?

Why wasn't the 2 month old misdemeanor warrant served at  
Albert's house?

Why is Harmon still in our community?

Why has Harmon been given a promotion?

Why is Adolf Van Hoomisen trying to make an example of Albert?



Albert has been shot by Harmon

Notice Larsen grinning in the background





**9. We want all black people when brought to trial to be tried in court by a jury of their peer group or people from their black communities, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.**

We believe that the courts should follow the United States Constitution so that black people will receive fair trials. The 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a similar economic, social, religious, geographical, environmental, historical and racial background. To do this the court will be forced to select a jury from the black community from which the black defendant came. We have been, and are being tried by all-white juries that have no understanding of the "average reasoning man" of the black community.





# Panther fund-raising methods reflect a split personality

BY ROWLAND EVANS AND ROBERT NOVAK

WASHINGTON — The Black Panther party, its treasury no longer filled by conscience-stricken white liberals, is now turning to two dramatically different fund-raising techniques, the big-time college lecture circuit and a swelling campaign of burglaries by the party's new underground organization.

Although Black Panther leaders have publicly denounced criminal activity, Panther-Watchers are convinced of the party's recidivism toward its former policy of "expropriating" funds through burglary in the old Bolshevik tradition. The new Panther underground, not regular party chapters, has been given this task.

While in overall command of these underground activities, Panther leader Huey P. Newton is also launching a new lecture tour aimed at radical white students at prestigious colleges and universities. The Panthers, not very impressive in organizing such activities, have taken on an old-line Communist with experience in student-organizing to run Newton's tour.

These two wildly opposed methods of fund-raising reflect the two faces of Black Pantherism. Although at heart a revolutionary organization of 1,000 armed black militants with tremendous appeal among jobless and nihilistic Negro slum youth, the Panthers have always relied for support from well-meaning but gullible white liberals, a trend that reached its peak late in 1969 in the ludicrous session with Black Pan-

thers in Leonard Bernstein's Manhattan apartment.

In fact, the decline in white liberal support that followed the Bernstein fiasco has coincided with the party's return to violent rhetoric. "We have to begin to draw pictures that will make people go out and kill pigs (police)," says Emory Douglas, Panther minister of culture, in a recent edition of the party newspaper.

Nor is this mere rhetoric. Panther lawlessness has been rising, both in attacks on police and with the Panther underground resorting to crime to support its financial requirements. In the past four months, party members have been arrested and charged with 15 separate robberies and burglaries across the country—in Charlotte, N.C., Cleveland, Memphis, Buffalo, Winston-Salem, N.C., Dallas, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle and Toledo.

But those 15 occasions may only be the tip of the iceberg. Nobody knows how many Panther crimes in the same period have not resulted in arrests or how many other arrested suspects are in fact convert Panthers. That's because the Panthers, since Newton's release from prison six months ago, have been perfecting an underground organization functioning in isolated units of two's and three's.

In sharp counterpoint to this is Newton's new plan to cash in on the lucrative college lecture circuit after an unsuccessful tour last fall. Arrangements for the new tour are being handled by a new Back Panther Front, incorporated under New York law in September as Stronghold Consolidated Productions, Inc. Thus, a university can write a check for a Newton lecture to a seemingly respectable front without the onus of a cancelled check transferring student activity funds to the Black Panthers.



NOVAK

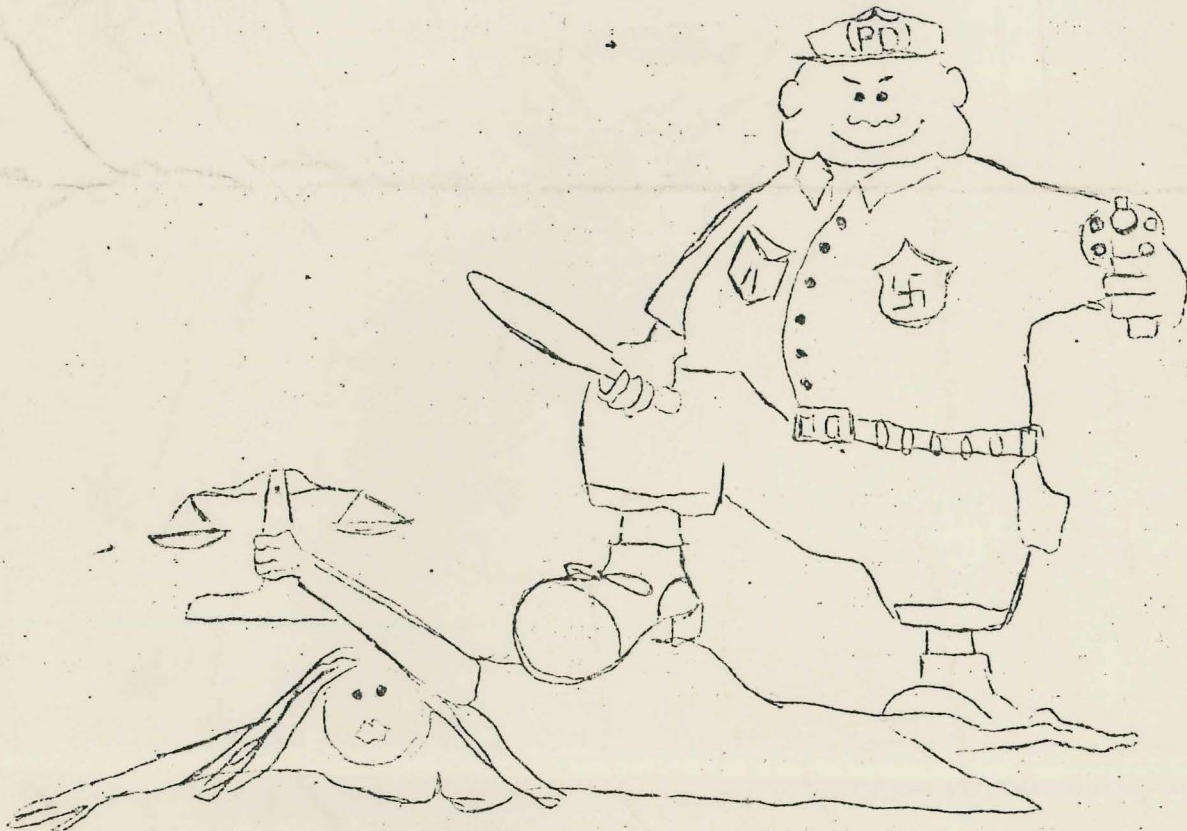






# Come See About Albert

Albert Williams is Black - a 19 year old man charged with "Assault with Intent to Kill". His trial starts Tuesday, June 30, 1970 at 9:30 a.m. in the Multnomah County Courthouse. Albert Williams' plight and the events leading up to it, are the most recent in the on-going, ever escalating crisis between the Black community and the police force of Portland.



Last Feb. 18, Mr. Williams was standing outside the Black Panther Party headquarters in Albina when a police cruiser pulled up. The police, Stan Harmon and another officer, claim they recognized Mr. Williams and knew that a warrent was out for his arrest on a charge of "petty larceny" (the only warrent ever produced by the police was dated after Feb. 18th.) Mr. Williams went into the office and the police followed. What then happened is unclear. The police claim Mr. Williams fired at them with a rifle. Other witnesses claim his hands were in the air (in a sign of surrender) and he had no weapon when Officer Harmon shot him twice.

Why did this happen? Why does the Black Panther Party exist? Why is there greater and greater hostility between every police force and every Black community in this nation?

In the City of Portland, 5% of the population is Black, while only .8% (6 out of more than 700) of the police are Black. There are even fewer people of other racial origins. Who says racism isn't a problem in Portland?



*Egt Schwert*

COME SEE ABOUT ALBERT....

For white kids, police hassles are a drag. They search our cars without a warrant on Friday and Saturday nights if it looks like we're having fun. They "clean-up" the parks for Ivancic, the guy who makes it happen--to us! Sometimes, when we actually disturb the machinery that they use to keep us in line, like we did at FSU and at the Induction Center, they come down harder and smash our heads.

For blacks, the police are a much more serious problem. When the police are patrolling Albina, they are an occupying army and behave as such. There is very little love lost between City Hall and the black community. The police in Albina know that they have the support of Schrunk and Ivancic when they behave like racist animals. Last summer, at the start of the Rose Festival the higher ups in the city decided that a show of force was necessary in the ghetto. And there was a riot, a police riot.

The police drove around Albina, arresting hundreds of young blacks. They brandished shotguns, called blacks by racist slurs that don't bear repetition, and tried to frame Black Panther Kent Ford on a charge of "riot."

The trial took place in February. The police, among them Clyde Harmon, lied blatantly, contradicting themselves so often that even an all-white jury couldn't bring down a conviction. The police were enraged at this failure of "law and order." They immediately stepped up harassment of the black community. A week later, Stan Harmon, brother of Clyde, broke into the Panther office and shot 19 year old Albert Williams twice, and seriously endangered his life by delaying his medical treatment.

In typical police style, they turned the truth around and charged Albert with assault with intent to kill. The actual facts will come out at the trial. Come and hear the story for yourself, see what kind of "justice" is dispensed to blacks and young people in Portland courts. There will be a demonstration on the day Albert's trial opens, Tuesday June 30th. People are gathering at noon in the park across from the Multnomah County Courthouse (SW 4th & Main). People should also try to go to the sessions of Albert's trial, every day starting at about 9:30 am. When the police come down on any of us, Black or white, we have to react as if they had attacked us all. Demand freedom for Albert Williams and for all political prisoners!!

TUESDAY, JUNE 30      NOON      MULTNOMAH COUNTY COURTHOUSE (SW 4th & SALMON)



It is well known that because of employment and housing discrimination, and racism in education, Black people are poorer, have fewer jobs, worse jobs, lower paying jobs, own less property and are concentrated in one section of the city - Albina. In Albina, the property - both residential and commercial - is mostly owned by whites who don't live there. This property is maintained to extract the greatest profit at the lowest cost.

In this property oriented society, one of the prime functions of the police is to protect property - even over life. During civil disorders, police are authorized to shoot people for stealing 6 packs of beer and cartons of cigarettes.

Finally every survey of police attitudes indicates a high degree of prejudice, fear, and hostility towards people of color.

The reasons are obvious - incidents such as the one involving Albert Williams and the police occur because white police with racist attitudes have been brutalizing Black people in defense of white property, white laws and white values all his life and long before. He has no reason to believe "the policeman is his friend". He has no reason to believe he would be treated fairly by white courts with juries made up of white people who have never been to Albina. Black people are more likely to be convicted, more likely to receive prison sentences, and receive longer sentences than Whites charged with the same crime. The poorer White people are, the more they get treated like Black people.

White America (White Portland) cannot expect to use white police with racist attitudes to enforce White laws and protect White property against Black people without causing trouble and violence. Slavery, lynchings, Medgar Evers, Martin Luther King, Fred Hampton, the 2 students in Jackson, the 6 people in Augusta, and Albert Williams are part of our history and society. How much longer will Whites be foolish enough to allow this dehumanization and violence against people of color to continue?

Much of what is true for Blacks is true in less degree for White youth and women. They are not respected, believed not capable of making decisions for themselves and powerless. The Chicago Conspiracy Trial, the Kent State 4 and the police riot at the Park Blocks indicate that White power and police will lash out just as violently to any threat or attempt at change. The history of workers being brutalized in strikes also indicates this. (The police said after the Park Blocks brutality, "It's an unpleasant part of my duty, but I just follow orders." That's what the Nazis said at Nuremburg.)

Violence against Black people, young people, working men and women can only lead to greater resistance and rebellion.

WHITE POWER - YOUR DAYS ARE NUMBERED.

COME TO THE COURTHOUSE - SEE AMERICAN JUSTICE IN ACTION. COURT WATCHING AND DISCUSSIONS ALL WEEK WHILE THE TRIAL IS IN PROGRESS.



# PANTHER PROGRAMS

The Black Panther Party has a very active program going in Portland to serve the needs of the Black community.

The Fred Hampton People's Health Clinic is a neighborhood free clinic for residents of North and Northeast Portland. All ages, including pediatrics. Call to find out when particular specialities will be in, or come in. Monday-Friday 7-10p.m., 109 N Russel, 288-7279

The Malcolm X People's Dental Clinic does free routine and emergency work. Preventative care(exam) and cleaning. Open Monday-Wednesday 7-10p.m., Thursday 9-noon, and Friday 7-10p.m. 2341 N Williams, 287-6513.

The Black Panther Party conducts Political Education classes.

The Black Panther Party conducts a free breakfast program for children at the Highland Community Center, 9 and Going NE. The children are given a good hot meal every day before going to school. The Panthers recently conducted a successful boycott at MacDonald's, forcing MacDonald's to contribute to the Breakfast program and to employ more blacks. Now there is a boycott against Tradewell, this will continue until Tradewell's starts to serve the needs of the community.

The Black Panther programs need the support and contributions of the entire city. If you wish to help contact the Black Panther Party at:

Fred Hampton People's Health Clinic  
109 N Russell  
Portland, Oregon

POWER TO THE PEOPLE POWER TO THE PEOPLE

# RAILROAD



## FREE ALBERT WILLIAMS!

# DEMONSTRATE!

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY October 8 & 9 11:30 - 1:30

OCTOBER 12 thru 17 from 9 til 5  
attend the trial - special civics lesson!

Courthouse • 4th & Main (DOWN TOWN)



## THE CASE

Last February, Sgt. Stanley Harmon shot and seriously 19 year old Albert Williams at the Black Panther Party Headquarters, 3619 N. E. Union. Harmon was officially seeking Williams on a two-month old warrant for petty larceny.

These are the details:

When Williams entered Black Panther Headquarters, Police reinforcements were called to surround the building. Williams was inside on a balcony with a rifle. Friends persuaded him to put the rifle down. Eyewitnesses have testified that Sgt. Harmon jumped up on a desk and shot Williams as Williams set the rifle down. Williams was shot through the arm and liver. When he was hit, the rifle discharged and the bullet hit the ceiling. Witnesses heard Harmon shout, "I got him! I finally got him!"

Instead of being taken to Emmanuel Hospital, a few blocks away, Williams was driven in the backseat of the squad car to Portland Adventist Hospital on 60th at Belmont. They refused to treat him and he was eventually taken to Multnomah County Hospital where he remained on the critical list for four days. He was charged with assault with intent to kill Harmon!

Years the black community has attempted to have Harmon transferred to another precinct because of his persistent brutality towards black people. Instead, Harmon has been promoted to detective duty in the black community.

The evidence clearly shows that Albert Williams is innocent of the charge. The charges should be dropped and punitive action taken against Harmon. The evidence also clearly shows that the attack on Albert Williams in the Panther Office is not just an isolated incident

## INTIMIDATION

When United States Attorney Poole of San Francisco was fired, he observed that a national conspiracy does exist - a systematic program to "get" the Black Panther Party and its supporters.

National leaders of the BPP have been murdered (Fred Hampton in Chicago, Carl Hampton in Houston), held a year without trial (New York 21), railroaded into prison (Bobby Seale, Huey Newton), and driven into exile (Eldridge Cleaver). Party offices throughout the nation have been shot-up, children attending the breakfast program have been arrested, medical clinics have been attacked.

Why is there a systematic attack on the Black Panther Party? The Panthers have been a leading force in the black community for economic, political and social change. Through boycotts and education, they have shown the black community that the wealth it creates leaves the black community in the hands of white business. They have shown by example how black people can begin to build institutions that serve people rather than exploit them. They are pointing the way to freedom and they are pointing out those who stand in the way. The Black Panther Party is intolerable to those who have an interest in keeping the black community oppressed. The centers of economic power are also the centers of political decision making. And this is where the police and the courts come in: their version of "justice" means intimidation and oppression. Even if Albert Williams is acquitted, he has already spent eight months in prison. This mockery of law won't end until blacks and whites insist that they won't sit back and watch it happen.



P.C.C. "Bridge" 12-9-71

## Panther Leader Tells of Group Goals

By Bill Hedlund

The following is an edited and much shortened transcription from a tape recorded interview with Kent Ford, chairman of the Portland chapter of the Black Panther Party.

The Bridge: What position do the Panthers take in regard to black studies in the universities?

Ford: Black studies? It is a bourgeois cop out, its just what you said, black "studies." It doesn't integrate you into the world at all. You can know all the facts and all the history about the people but that still does not do you any good because you still don't have your freedom.

The Bridge: What lines of education do you feel are more relevant?

Ford: Education along the Marxism-Leninism line of socialism. In other words, teach people to be individuals, to live together, work together to build for the betterment of humanity;

not the advancement of some corporation.

The Bridge: Is a coalition between students and the black community desirable to you?

Ford: Of course not. The students from the black community go to the white middle class universities, bourgeois universities, to get integrated with the system. We look at them as foreign exchange students. They go there and learn skills, then go back into the white community to work for corporations and never come back to serve their own community.

The Bridge: How about a coalition with students in general?

Ford: I would agree to a coalition between students to a coalition between students and the Black Panther Party. If they really want to come into the community and do something meaningful, learn how to get down and work with the people, come to us and we'll show them. You see the thing is they go down there and theorize about what's going on in the black community.

This is what black studies teaches them; when in reality they come from bourgeois families in the first place and go to school to stay in the bourgeois class.

The Bridge: Do you anticipate any involvement on the part of the Panthers at either the convention in San Diego or Miami?

Ford: Not at this time. In the first place the Republican and Democratic parties are just a matter of the most racist and least racist, and that's what your voting for.

The Bridge: What is the single most important problem facing the Black Panther Party?

Ford: Well the single most important problem facing us is in reality the problem facing black people. The problem of sickle cell anemia. How to treat this disease. We have the problem of income; jobs, unemployment. Political problems. You see you cannot really isolate these things. You cannot deal with them separately. Another thing is the poverty program. The people don't really get a chance to run these programs. These are problems facing the grass roots people too. You see these poverty programs, all they do is create jobs for good-will Negroes, and that's all they do. And Nixon knows this! The people he puts in charge of these programs, all they do is hire their friends. It's the black bourgeois that administer these programs, not those who are closest to the problems.

The Bridge: What problems do you encounter recruiting members into the Panthers, from the black community?

Ford: That segment of the black community turned off by the Panthers are really those who want to integrate into the white community. The ruling class is never really going to let them integrate at all, they are going to use them against us. In reality we are not a mass membership organization. We are a small elite group. We don't go around looking for members, or go around handing out membership cards.

The Bridge: What do you feel whites can do to genuinely help the social-economic situation in the black community?

Ford: Until capitalism is ended, white people cannot really do very much for us. That is the white ruling class.

The Bridge: What are your feelings regarding the hostilities shown Penny Jackson when she spoke at the Sylvania campus?

Ford: Well that's a long story, but I figure this way; Penny was invited out there she didn't ask to come. She was a guestspeaker and those dudes should not have tried to change her while she was speaking. She is a sister who has lost two brothers to the revolution, I think she is entitled to respect for that aside from being invited there in the first place.

The Bridge: There was a much different reception for her at the Cascade campus. Do you feel PCC is a segregated school?

Ford: Of course. In the first place do you see where they built that college? What they did in our community was convert an old gymnasium for us to go to school in. Why I know dudes who run out of gas trying to get to that Sylvania campus. A black man is nothing but a

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Thursday, December 9, 1971

## Panther Tells Goals

*Continued From Page 2*

foreign exchange student anyway, trying to come out with white middle class values, that's all.

The Bridge: What are some specific proposals the Panthers have to improve relations between the black and white communities here in Portland.

Ford: I would like to see the people downtown stop trying to make a political thing out of everything. I'd like to see them really come down to the community level, let those people that are really in tune with the needs of the people run the poverty programs so that they are meaningful for the people they should be serving. So we won't have winoes walking the streets and brothers going to jail because they ripped something off just in order to live because they could not get a job. That Metropolitan Steering Committee, I'd like to see closed down. I'd like to see everybody over their fired, and kicked out. They've turned into what you would call a clan, into a "god-father" type thing. Everybody's looking out for PSMSC's own interests, that's all it is, it's just like on big syndicate over there. Same way with model cities, you have the major and his Negroes getting together, I'd like to see this investigated. I'd like to see this money put into the community. I would like to see the police disarm themselves in the black community. We should have our own precinct. I am not saying we should run it but it should be in our own area. I'd like to see better judges downtown, judges that really understand the black community and

our socio-economic problems, judges that stick a black person with the same sentence they would a white person instead of twice the amount of time. Where were the people from police community relations when Cheryl James was taken in? At nearly any given time you can go to the pool hall and see two or three of them in there shooting pool.

We'd like to have adequate medical facilities, aligned with the needs of the people. Ones that treat you like...human beings. We'd like a hospital over here that would treat you because you were sick, not because you could pay for it.

The Bridge: The Panthers sponsor a free medical and free dental clinic in addition to a free breakfast program. Have you received any hassles from the city over these programs?

Ford: Yes, they tried to close us down, on the matter of collecting donations. The first time we applied for a permit they sent back word that I was untrustworthy and not of good character, so they denied the permit. We took it to court and finally got the permit. You see, they thought we wanted these donations to buy guns and ammunition to wage war. In reality all we want are facilities that serve poor people, black and white facilities as adequate as those the white ruling class has made for themselves. When they start closing down our clinics, that's when we make our move.

The Bridge: What is your average in donations per month?

Ford: Just enough to pay the utilities. Some times the lights get turned off. Man, we're just trying to survive, that's all.



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# ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

THE BLACK PANTHER, SATURDAY, JULY 5, 1969

We got to talk first of all about the main man. The main man in the Black Panther Party, the main man in the struggle today--in the United States, in Chicago, in Cuba and anywhere else--the main man in the liberation struggle is our Minister of Defense, and yours too, Huey P. Newton. He's the main man because the head of the imperialist octopus lies right in this country and whoever is dealing with the head of the octopus in this country is the main man. He's in jail now. We must tell the world that Huey P. Newton was tried by the pigs and they found him guilty. He was tried by the people, who found him not guilty, and we say let him go, let him free, because we find him not guilty. This is our relentless demand. We will not let up one day, we will not give up the struggle to liberate our Minister of Defense, Huey P. Newton and we will continue to exert pressure on the power structure and constantly bombard them with the people's demand that Huey P. Newton be set free.

It was Huey P. Newton who taught us how the people learn. You learn by participation. When Huey P. Newton started out what did he do? He got a gun and he got Bobby and Bobby got a gun. They had problems in the community because people was being run over--kids were being run over--at a certain intersection. What did the people do? The people went down to the government to redress their grievances and the government told them to go to hell: "We are not going to put no stoplights down there UNTIL WE SEE FIT." What did Huey P. Newton do? Did he go out and tell the people about the laws and write letters and try to propagandize em all the time? NO! Some of that's good, but the masses of the people don't read--that's what I heard Huey say--they learn through observation and participation. Did he just say this? NO! So what did he do? He got him a shotgun, he got Bobby and Bobby got a shotgun, the shotgun and told him if any pig motherfuckers come by blow his mother fuckin brains out. What did he do? He went to the corner and nailed up a stop sign. No more accidents, no more trouble. And then he went back--another situation like that. What'd the people do? They looked at it, they observed; they didn't get a chance to participate in it. Next time what'd they do? Same kind of problem came up. The PEOPLE got THEIR shotguns, got THEIR nine millimeters, got THEIR hammers. How'd they learn? They learned by observation and participation. They learned one thing. When there is a fire you gather round the fire. Huey got a shotgun and everybody gathered round him and Bobby. They saw what was going on and they had a chance to participate in it. As the vanguard leader, he taught the people about the power structure; he led the people down the correct road of revolution. What are we doing?

## BREAKFAST FOR CHILDREN

Our Breakfast for Children program is feeding a lot of children and the people understand our Breakfast for Children program. We sayin' something like this--we saying that theory's cool, but theory with no practice ain't shit. You got to have both of them--the two go together. We have a theory about feeding kids free. What'd we do? We put it into practice. That's how people learn. A lot of people don't know how serious the thing is. They think the children we feed ain't really hungry. I don't know five year old kids that can act well, but I know that if they not hungry we sure got some actors. We got five year old actors that could take the academy award. Last week they had a whole week dedicated to the hungry in Chicago. Talking 'bout the starvation rate here that went up 15%. Over here where everybody should be eating. Why? Because of capitalism.

What are we doing? The Breakfast for Children program. We are running it in a socialistic manner. People came and took our program, saw it in a socialistic fashion not even knowing it was socialism. People are gonna take our program and tell us to go on to a higher level. They gonna take that program and work it in a socialistic manner. What'd the pig say? He say, "nigger--you like communism?" "no sir, I'm scared of it." "You like socialism?" "No Sir, I'm scared of it." "You like the breakfast for children program?" "Yes sir, I'd die for it!" Pig said, "Nigger, that program is a

socialistic program." "I don't give a fuck if it's Communism, you put your hands on that program motherfucker and I'll blow your motherfucking brains out." And he knew it. We been educating him, not by reading matter, but through observation and participation. By letting him come in and work our program. Not theory and theory alone, but theory and practice. The two go together. We not only thought about the Marxist Leninist theory--we put it into practice. This is what the Black Panther Party is about.

## SUBVERSIVES

Some people talk a lot about communism, but the people can't understand and progress to the stage of communists right away because of abstract arguments. They say you got to crawl before you can walk. And the Black Panther Party as the vanguard party thought that the Breakfast for Children Program was the best technique of crawling that any vanguard party could follow. And we got a whole lot of folks that's going to be walking. And then a whole lot of folks that's gonna be running. And when you got that, what you got? You got a whole lot of PIGS that's gonna be running. That's what our program's about.

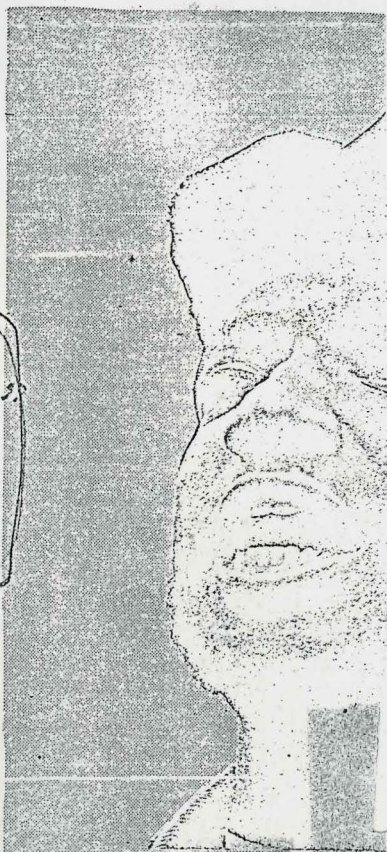
The Black Panther Party is about the complete revolution. We not gonna go out there and half do a thing. And you can let the pigs know it. They come here and hide--they so uncomfortable they sitting on a taperecorder, they got their gun in their hair--they got to hide all this shit and they come here and do all this wierd action. All they got to do is come up to 2350 West Madison any day of the week and anybody up there'll let them know, let the motherfucker know: Yes, we subversive. Yes, we subversive with the bullshit we are confronted with today. Just as subversive as any motherfuckers is the criminals. They the ones always hiding. We the ones up in front. We're out in the open, these motherfuckers should stop wearing uniforms. They want to know if the Panthers are goin' underground--these motherfuckers IS underground. You can't find em. People calls the pigs but nobody knows where they at. They're out chasing us. They hiding--can't nobody even see em.

When people got a problem they come to the Black Panther Party for help and that's good. Because, like Mao says we are supposed to be ridden by the people and Huey says we're going to be ridden down the path of social revolution and that's for the people. The people ought to know that the Black Panther Party is one thousand percent for the People. They write a lot of articles, you know, niggers'll run up to you in a minute--when I say niggers I mean white niggers and black niggers alike--niggers'll run up to you and talk that shit about, Man, I read in the Tribune today. Well you say, Man, fuck it right there. If you can't read it in the BLACK PANTHER paper, if you didn't read it in the MOVEMENT--then you ain't read s.t.

## MICKY WHITE

We in the Black Panther Party have another brother I want to take some time to rap about. This brother is constantly on our mind. This brother's name is Michael White--Mickey White. This brother is beautiful. He's being held now in jail for one hundred thousand dollars bail. Some of you who listen to the radio might have heard about brothers in the state chapter, our field Secretary of Defense Captain brother Nathaniel Junior and brother Merrill Harvey being laid up on some phony gun charge. We don't say the Panthers don't want guns, but we already got guns and we don't have to go and try and steal or connive to buy any guns from anybody. What they are trying to do is to squash out the Black Panther Party--they're trying to squash out the leadership. Trying to squash out Bobby Rush. Deputy Minister of Defense, Trying to squash out Chaka and Shey, Deputy Minister of Education.

Mickey White was in that bullshit with Nathaniel Junior and Merrill Harvey. Last week when they went to court even the judge in court said, you all gonna get a fair trial whether you deserve it or not. These are the types of actions we are confronted with. Mickey White is in solitary confinement and doesn't get to come



DEPUTY CHAIRMAN  
MURDERED--

out of his cell for anything at any time. And he might be in that cell for the rest of his life. His bond is \$100,000. That's \$10,000 cash.

Mickey White is a proven revolutionary. He's not nobody we THINK is going to be a revolutionary. He's not nobody we trying to make a revolutionary. He's a proven revolutionary. All of you have to understand that Micky White is a Panther in ideology, he's a Panther in word and he's a Panther in deed. He's a Panther that understands its a class struggle--not a race question. You have to understand the pressures the Black Panther Party goes through by making a coalition with whites.

You can see that we had a group in California who committed their first acts of violence on the Black Panther Party. Ron Karenga and US never shot nothing but dope until they shot them brothers. They been an organization longer than the Black Panther Party. When the Black Panther Party stood up and said we not going to fight racism with racism US said "NO, we can't do that because it's a race question and if you make it a class question then the revolution might come sooner. We in US ain't prepared for no revolution because we think that "power grows from the sleeve of a Dashiki." They are armed with rhetoric and rhetoric one. And we found that when you're armed with rhetoric and rhetoric alone a lot of times you get yourself hurt. Eldridge Cleaver told them even though you say you fight fire with fire best, we think you fight fire with water. You can do either one, but we choose to fight with water. He said, we're not going to fight racism with racism, we're going to fight racism with solidarity. Even though you think you ought to fight capitalism with black capitalism, we're going to fight capitalism with socialism.

We got a whole lot of people being busted and you don't even know about all these people. There's one here you definitely have to know about and that's our Minister of Defense--Bobby Rush. Our Minister Bobby Rush was busted on some bullshit with a gun thing. He's got three gun charges. He's been convicted of one with a six month lead. He's out on appeal now. I know a lot of you people say, well goddam, you got a Mickey White defense fund, an Eldridge Cleaver defense fund, a Merrill Harvey defense fund, a Nathaniel Junior defense fund, a Hey Newton defense fund, a Fred Hampton, Jule, Shay and Chaka defense fund--and I just can't keep up with all these defense funds. But since we're the vanguard party we try to do things right, so we got one defense fund so you don't get mixed up on what name to send it to. We'll decide who it goes to. You can just send it to Political Defense Fund, 2350 West Madison. If you want to send something to Breakfast for Children, you can send it to 2350 West Madison also, and you can earmark that money to go to the Breakfast for Children program.

We got Mickey on our mind tonight--and everybody knows we got Huey P. Newton on our mind tonight. We got every political prisoner in jail on our



RECEIPT NUMBER 141466	DATE 080181	TIME 7:05 <sup>AM</sup> <del>PM</del>	CASE NO. 81-61744
CHECK ONE TYPE ONLY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EVIDENCE <input type="checkbox"/> FOUND PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> SAFE KEEPING			
OWNER (LAST NAME) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) WILSON Thomas		ADDRESS 5314 NE 13	
COMPL. FINDER		CITY STATE ZIP PHJ.	PHONE
DOB 080117	RACE -N	SEX M	LOCATION (WHERE SEIZED, FOUND, SURRENDERED) Good SAM. CR. 1015 NW 22d
DEFENDANT SUSPECT (LAST NAME) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) FORD Kent		DOB 060243	RACE N
OFFENSE Assault I		OFFICER K. Little	BPST NO. + ASSN. 9600 c/c
<input type="checkbox"/> FINDER'S CLAIM PENDING	<input type="checkbox"/> PRIOR TO PICKING UP PROPERTY, YOU MUST CALL POLICE PROPERTY ROOM 248-5677 FOR RELEASE INFORMATION.		

ITEMIZED DETAILED DESCRIPTION INCLUDING MAKE, MODEL, COLOR, SERIAL NUMBER AND CONTENTS

ITEM 1	1, expended slug, in plastic container, marked for I.D. ELL 080181, Add J.D. <sup>2</sup> <i>[Signature]</i>	SPACE
ITEM 2		THIS
ITEM 3		IN
ITEM 4		WRITE
ITEM 5		DO NOT
ITEM 6		SPACE
ITEM 7		THIS
ITEM 8		IN
ITEM 9		WRITE
ITEM 10		DO NOT

DELIVERED TO PROPERTY ROOM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	STATE CRIME LAB <input type="checkbox"/>	LOCKER NO. OR LOCATION #57	DATE 080181	RECEIVED BY <i>[Signature]</i> 12045
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THIS RECEIPT MUST BE COVERED BY AN OFFENSE REPORT, SUPPLEMENTAL, FOUND PROPERTY OR OTHER REPORT

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACE BELOW - FOR PROPERTY ROOM USE ONLY

INVENTORIED AND ACCEPTED IN PROPERTY ROOM	DATE: _____ TIME: _____ AM/PM BY: _____	CONTROL COPY
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Case Number **81 33796**

Classification **MALICIOUS MISCH**

Type Offense

Accompanying Reports  
 SPECIAL VEHICLE  CUSTODY PROP/REC.

Evidence F. Type Cr.

**CRIME REPORT**

City of Portland, Bureau of Police

143

(560)

COMPUTER ENTRY

PERSONS

VEHICLE

CRIME

PROPERTY

BOOKING

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Opr \_\_\_\_\_

REFER CASE #

DISTRIBUTION

Central  Dets  DA

East  Youth  Ident

North  SID  Prop Room

Traffic  SFO/SST  Crime Prev.

(3)

1. Reported Date **4/28/81** 2. Time **1135** 3. Occurred Date **4/27-28/81** 4. Time **2000-0900** 5. Location of Occurrence **3500 Block N.E. Cleveland** 6. Computer Entry **1103A**

7. Last Name **FORD, Kent WMI** 8. Res. Address **44 N. Emerson** 9. Res. Phone **None**

10. Sex **M** 11. Race **N** 12. D.O.B. **6/2/43** 13. Occupation 14. Work Hours 15. Business Address 16. Bus. Phone

17. Firm Name (If Involved) **N/A** 18. Address 19. Phone

20. Reported By **SP7 J** a. Sex b. Race c. D.O.B. 21. Res. Address ZIP CODE 22. Res. Phone 23. Bus. Phone

24. Last Name **None** 25. Res. Address ZIP CODE 26. Res. Phone 27. Bus. Phone

28. Type Premises Where Crime Committed **public street** 29. Method & Point of Entry **N/A** 30. Instrument & Force Used **Knife & Tire IRON**

31. Location of Victim at Time of Crime 32. Victim's Activity at Time of Crime 33. Location of Property When Stolen **N/A**

34. Unusual Actions, Methods, Speech of Suspect:  
**subject(s) vandalized vehicles Flat tires broken windshield**

35. Detailed Description of Property

Quantity	Item	Brand	Model/Style	Serial #	Predom. Color	Engraving/Inscription	Size	Peculiarities	Value
(A) 1	Tire		Mud/snow		Black				\$75.00
(B) 1	windshield		Front		Clear				200.00
(C)									
(D)									
(E)									

Reporting Officer(s) **Cl. Ault #64** Off. B.P.S.T. No. Prec/Div **North/uni** Relief/Shift **Morning** Assn/Dist **CP/560/560**

Approved By **ER**



81-33796

## SUSPECT INFORMATION

ARRESTED

36. Yes No

37. Susp. Auto Lic. #

38. Lic. State

39. Year

40. Make

41. Model

42. Style

43. Color(s)

44. Details: List Add'l. Witnesses

Vehicle:

Summary: None

1966 Ford P/U

Narrative: Received a call to 69 NE Fremont regarding

OR FBH 861 OR,

Vandalism to vehicles.

upon my arrival I talked to Mr. Ford who stated that he left his vehicle in the 3500 Block of NE Cleveland at about 2000 hr. on 4/27/81 and when he returned he found the right rear tire flat, knife slit in sidewall and the windshield broke, appeared as if a tire iron was used.

No one was seen or heard by neighbors.

Other victims: West, Robert NM NM 9/6/20 -  
Stevenson, Johnnie B. NF 1/22/39 + Colbert, Sam B. NM 3/31/24

Contacts: only victims

unif follow #18: ~~201~~ 6211118



# CONNECT ENTRY

A. Case Number  
81-61744

B. Classification  
Assault (Aggravated)

C. Type Report  
Supplemental   
Information   
Clearance   
D. Case Status  
1. Cir. By Arrest   
2. Referred   
3. Suspended   
4. Unfounded   
5. Pending   
6. Exceptional

## SPECIAL REPORT

City of Portland, Bureau of Police

### COMPUTER ENTRY

PERSONS   
VEHICLE   
CRIME   
PROPERTY   
BOOKING

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Opr. \_\_\_\_\_

REFER CASE #

### DISTRIBUTION

Central  Dets  DA  
 East  Youth  Ident  
 North  SID  Prop Room  
 Traffic  SFO/SST  Crime Prev.  
 Intelligence

1. Original Report Date 08-01-81	2. Time 1230	3. This Report Date 08-01-81	4. Time 1542	5. Location of Occurrence Good Sam. Emergency Room	6. Computer Entry #
7. Victim or Complainant Wilson, Thomas NMI	8. Residence Address 5314 NE 13		9. Res. Phone 288-7803	10. Sex M	11. Race N
13. Subject of This Report				12. D.O.B. 0801-17	
14. Total Value of Recovered Prop. (Itemize Below) N/A					

15. Details:

Suspect: Siri Radio to Good Sam. emergency room regarding a gunshot victim. Radio further advised the victim's name was Kent Ford and that 570 days had probable cause for West, Robert NMI harassment / theft on Ford. Upon arrival at the hospital, Officer was contacted by Officer Goldberg who related that he had advised Ford of his Miranda Rights. Goldberg related that Ford told him that the shooting was

Ford, Kent NMI  
MN 06-02-43

West, Robert NMI  
MN 09-06-20  
113 NE Freemont  
287-0955

Vehicle:  
66 Ford PU  
JBH 861

(over)

Reporting Officer(s) S. Strohker	Off. B.P.S.T. No. 7752	Prec/Div CIU	Relief/Shift A	Assn/Dist 8701820
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PPB 11A	Radio Call Times REC: 1535	ARR: 1542	CLR: 1825	Approved By Kalin
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accidental and happened while he was cleaning the gun.

Officer next spoke with Robert West who identified himself as a friend of Ford's. West said that he and Ford drove to the Sunshine Shoe Parlor in Ford's pickup truck (listed vehicle). West said that Ford went into the establishment and that he (West) waited in the pickup truck. West said he became concerned because Ford was inside for about 30-40 minutes. When Ford emerged, West could see that his leg was bleeding.

West encouraged Ford to go to a hospital but Ford continued to drive past all the east side hospitals, saying he wanted to go to one on the west side of the river. Ford then went to E.R. at Good Sam. Hospital.

West said that they drove from the Sunshine Shoe Parlor directly to the hospital w/o making any stops. West also said that there was no one in the pickup truck besides himself and Ford. West added that Ford does not carry a gun and that to his knowledge Ford did not return to the pickup truck with a gun.  
(CONT)



A. Case Number  
81-61744  
B. Classification

# CONTINUATION REPORT

Special Report: 08-01-81  
Compl: Wilson, Thomas NMI  
MN 0801-17

Officer next spoke briefly with Kent Ford. Officer Stroheker asked Ford if he had been advised of his rights by the other officer. Ford replied that he had. Officer asked Ford if he understood those rights and Ford replied "yes." Ford then told officer that he was shot accidentally in the backyard.

Officer learned from Dr. Michael Peetz that Ford was on his way to surgery. Ford suffered wounds in his left knee area; the bullet apparently was lodged in Ford's right hand. Ford will require hospitalization for 45 days.

Officer next spoke with Dist car 570 days, Officer Bell #4576. Officer Bell indicated that compl. Wilson reported a harassment and theft of his .22 cal revolver; Ford is the suspect. Officer Bell relayed suspect vehicle info as a Ford or Chev PU white and blue with the front fender and bumper pulled away on the left side.

(over)

Reporting Officer(s) S.J. Stroheker	Off. I.D. Number 7752	Prec/Div C10	Relief/Shift A	Assn/Dist 870/820
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partial plate was PH 861.

Officer Bell further stated that since Ford was to be hospitalized 4-5 days that no arrest should be made at this time. Officer Bell indicated that compl. Wilson would contact the DA. Officer Bell further indicated that a consent search of the vehicle for the gun or a tow would be in order.

Officer Strohecker again spoke briefly with Ford and obtained his permission to search the pick up for a .22 cal. revolver. Arand Arupo, a friend of Ford's who took control of the vehicle with Ford's ok, also agreed to the search. Officer proceeded to NW 21 / Lovejoy where the truck was parked. Officer searched the truck with negative results and turned the truck over to Arupo. It should be noted that the truck was unlocked with both windows down when Officer arrived at it.

Officer advised Acting Sgt. Kalmanek and Det. Keptee of the above. Officer telephoned Good Sam E.R. and requested that they retain the slug removed from Ford for evidence. E.R. personnel related that Dr. Peetz intended to send the recovered slug to Pathology "like he always does."

(CONTINUED)

Resp.



A. Case Number  
81-61744

B. Classification

# CONTINUATION REPORT

Special Report: 08-01-81  
Compl: Wilson, Thomas NMI  
MN 08-01-17

Sir: Officer Little # 9600 was dispatched to Good Sam E.R. to pick up the slug removed from Kent Ford.

Officer Little received the slug from:

Julie A. Scholl, RN

Good Sam E.R.

1015 NW 22, 229-7260 1100-2100.

Scholl obtained the slug from unnamed surgery personnel.

The slug was listed on prop receipt # 141466 and placed in the prop. room as evidence.

Reporting Officer(s)  
S.J. Stroheker  
TF

Off. I.D. Number  
7752

Prec/Div  
C/U

Relief/Shift  
A

Assn/Dist  
870/820





## Black Community News Service

# PIGS RUN AMUCK IN MALCOLM X PARK PIGS BEAT TWO BROTHERS TWO ARRESTED

-IN REGARD TO THE ATTACK ON THE PEOPLE TUESDAY, JUNE 23rd, AT MALCOLM X PARK, AND THE CONTINUING BEEFED UP PATROLS IN THE COMMUNITY-----THIS IS ONLY THE WAY THE PIGS ARE SUPPOSED TO ACT AGAINST AN UNARMED PEOPLE!!

THE PIGS CAME INTO THE PARK AND VIOLATED THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE TO PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY.

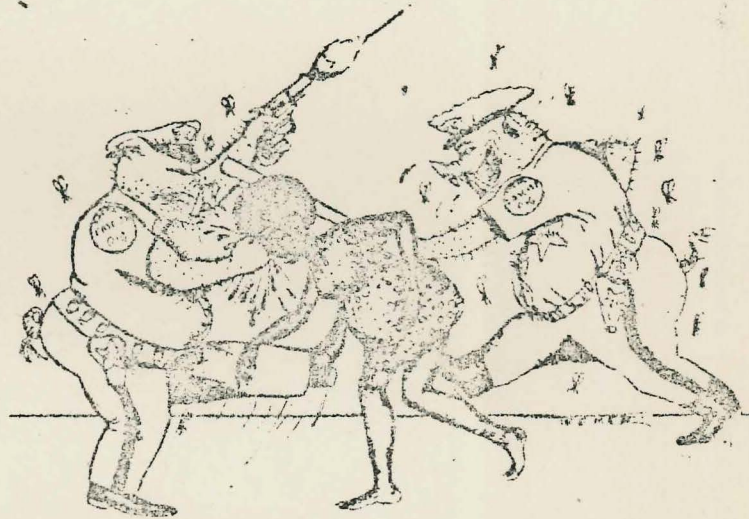
THE PIGS BEAT AND KIDNAPPED BROTHER BILL GRANDY, WHO WAS ACTING WITH SELFLESSNESS, IN THE DEFENSE OF BROTHER "CHOPPER".

THESE BROTHERS WERE EXERCISING THEIR RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE. SO, WE SAY,  
RIGHT ON, GRANDY  
RIGHT ON, "CHOPPER"

BUT, THERE IS ONE LESSON THE PEOPLE MUST LEARN FROM THIS RACIST PIG ATTACK THAT THE PIGS HAVE ONE THING, THE POWER OF THE GUN. SO, BROTHERS AND SISTERS----ARM YOURSELVES!!!!!!

**ARM YOURSELF OR HARM YOURSELF**

BLACK PANTHER PARTY INFORMATION CENTER



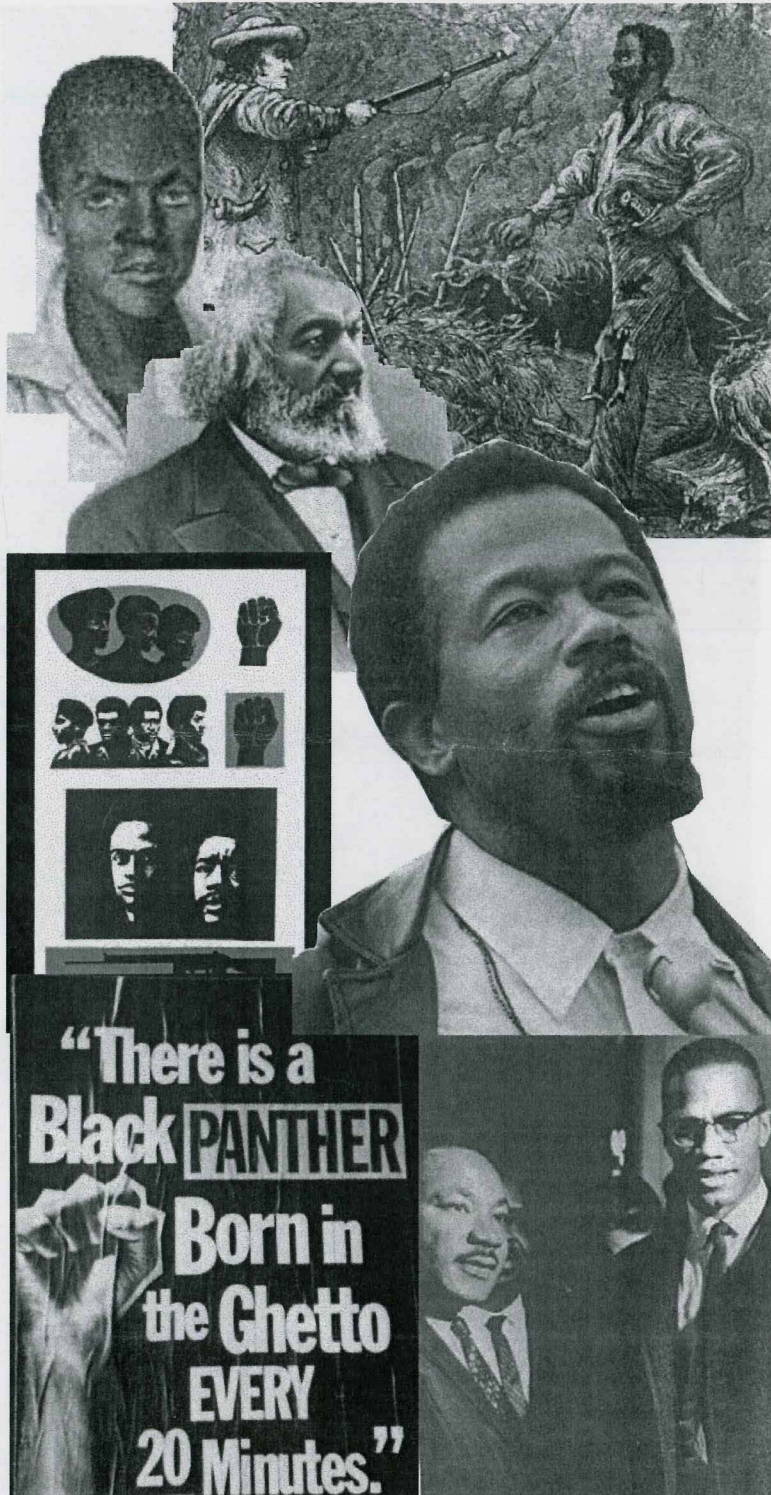
7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and MURDER of black people.



"THE TIME WHEN PEOPLE CAN  
SIT BACK AND VIEW PROCESSES  
OF INJUSTICE AND INEQUALITY  
HAS COME TO AN END"

**"SEIZE THE TIME"**





## Greetings Comrades, Friends and Supporters

The "It's About Time Committee" began in Sacramento CA in 1995, when former Black Panther Party (BPP) members got together to plan the 30<sup>th</sup> year reunion of the BPP which took place in Oakland, CA in Oct. 1996. Over 400 BPP members, community workers and youth from around the country attended the three-day event.

The "It's About Time Newsletter" began publication after the reunion and has developed into a viable communication source of progressive news and commentary. The Newsletter began with a circulation of 300 and has grown to over 10,000. We have a demand for even more.

The Newsletter is distributed free throughout the world and is provided free to prisoners around the country. We have distributors in Seattle, New Orleans, Houston, Los Angeles, Atlanta, New York, Chicago, Baltimore, San Francisco Bay Area, Sacramento, Paris, Cuba and Africa. Our circulation continues to increase along with production costs. We have grown with the support of the Vanguard and LEF Foundations but our needs are greater now and we are in need of additional funding.

"It's About Time" also hosts a website with the newsletter, memorabilia, photos, links to related websites and community events. Visit us at: [www.itsabouttimebpp.com](http://www.itsabouttimebpp.com)

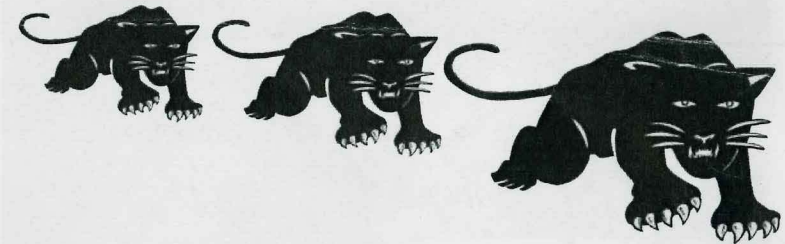
"Its About Time" sponsors a "Books Behind Bars" program which sends reading materials to prisoners across the U.S. We also have an extensive archive that includes BPP newspapers, photos, buttons, posters, videos and other materials. The committee also sponsors community video and film showings and other public events and is part of the National Coalition to Free the Angola 3.

"It's About Time" hosted the 35<sup>th</sup> year Anniversary and Reunion of the BPP, a conference on political prisoners, in Washington DC in April, 2002.

Send your tax-deductible contribution by check or money order to:

**It's About Time**  
 PO Box 221100  
 Sacramento, CA 95822  
 website: [itsabouttimebpp.com](http://itsabouttimebpp.com)  
 (916) 455-0908

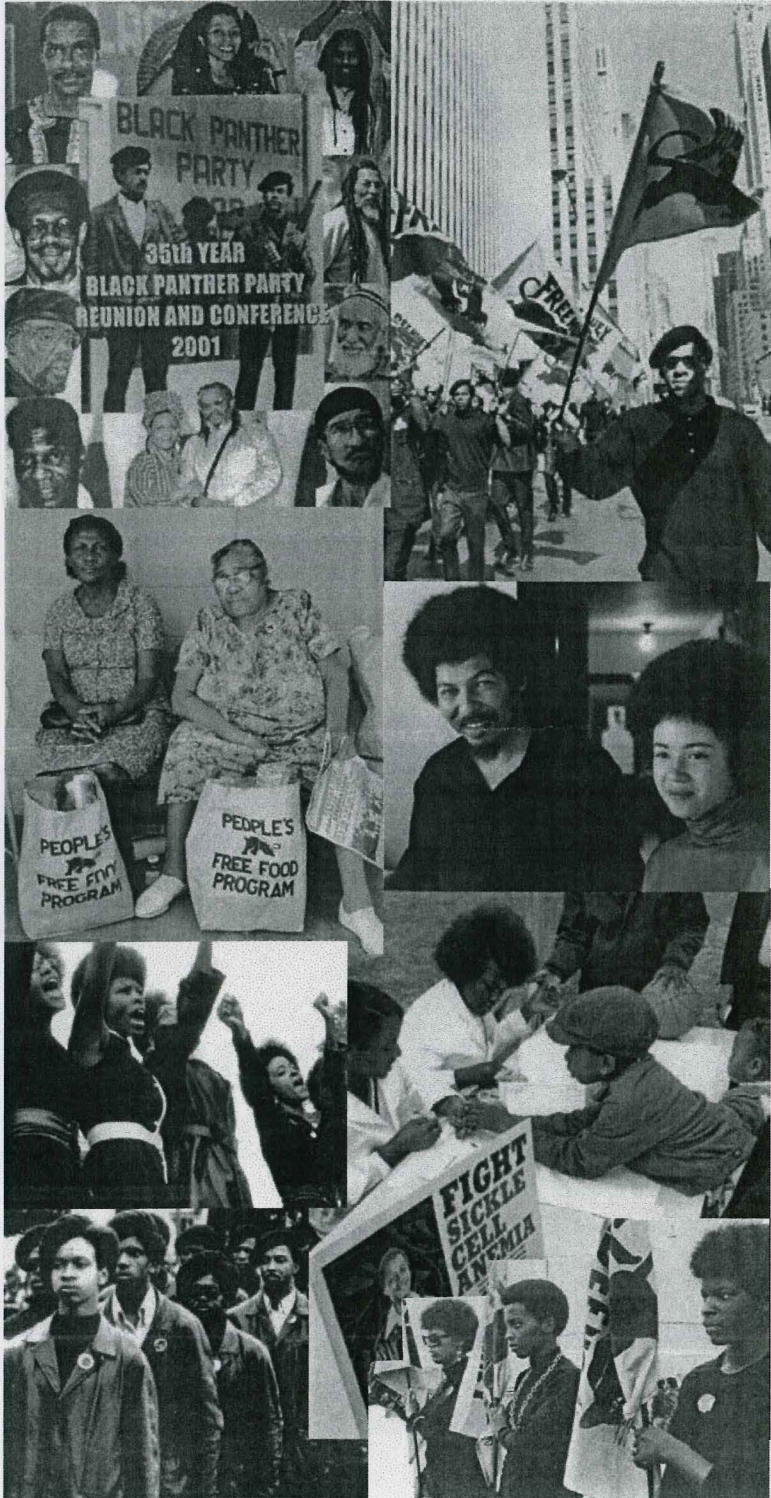
# ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE



1966 > 2003  
and  
Beyond

**It's About Time...**





It's About Time  
Presents

## “LOUDER THAN WORDS” The Black Panther Party Photo Exhibit

The Black Panther Party (BPP) captured the imagination of the Oppressed people throughout the world. Its life span lasted from 1966-1982.

Although the focus of the organization changed through-out the years, the BPP produced a rich and multifaceted legacy that significantly impacted the Black Liberation struggle.

“Louder than Words” - Come view this rare and historical photo exhibit depicting the growth and development of the BPP in America. More than 40 pictures show BPP members and community workers doing daily fieldwork; as well as photos of Huey P. Newton, Bobby Seale, Angela Davis, George Jackson, Stokey Carmichael and H. Rap. Brown—leaders of the Black liberation Movement of the 1960's and 1970's.

BPP members and supporters implemented a variety of survival programs to meet the needs of the community. Survival programs served as an organizing tool in which to expose the inequities and contradictions within the United States.

The photo exhibit is part of our ongoing educational programs about the Black Panther Party and its historical legacy. Through this exhibit you will see the programs in action and see the faces of the people whom the party served.

These photos were taken by Stephen Shames, Jahti Jackson, Jeffrey Blankfort and Ducho who was a BPP member.

The Louder than Words exhibit is a traveling exhibit. Help educate the people by bringing the exhibit to your school, college, church, or community center.

For further information call (916) 455-0908 or  
e-mail: [itsabouttime3@juno.com](mailto:itsabouttime3@juno.com)

