Thank you for this opportunity to address the Council. My name is Sandy Carter. As board member of Willamette Falls Heritage Foundation—a small nonprofit based in West Linn—and more recently as coordinator for the One Willamette River Coalition, I've been focused on keeping Willamette Falls Navigation Canal and Locks funded and operating for about a dozen years.

Our 1873 locks, bought by the Corps of Engineers in 1915, did yeoman's work for mid-and-upper Willamette River marine traffic for more than a century. Shrinkage of the logging industry in the '80s and a shift from barging to trucking and rail models dealt them a deep blow in the 1990s, because they are funded based on a decades-old navigation authorization from Congress that allocates based on commercial tonnage. In addition to their intrinsic value as an amazing historic resource, their presence at Willamette Falls, epitomizing early industry and commerce, provides an iconic river gateway for recreation, heritage and eco-tourism, and marine businesses, simultaneously beckoning both paddlers on the Willamette River Water Trail and gravel barges.

In 2005 Gov. Kulongoski made the Locks funding issue an OS Project, with Verne Duncan convening. Over the next four years, pulling together to keep the Locks maintained and operating, the OS stakeholders chipped in to fund:

- an INCA engineering study of the locks;
- a study by Travel Oregon on their heritage tourism Return on Investment,
- a study of other cases where US locks were transferred from Corps ownership,
- an update of the Locks nomination to the National Register
- federal Stimulus dollars to complete needed gate inspections and repairs
- a federal Transportation grant for seasonal operations for two years.

Since 2011, the job of ensuring that the locks have a future has belonged to the One Willamette River Coalition. 2011 saw many milestones, as Peggy Sigler, Oregon Field Officer for the National Trust for Historic Preservation, got involved; the Trust selected the Locks as one of their "National Treasures"; Restore Oregon named them one of that year's Endangered Places; and Peggy and I staged a large public meeting on the future of the locks. The 60 people crowded in that room reached a clear consensus. We should work towards a transfer out of federal ownership. Then, in November, the Corps unexpectedly closed the locks, abdicating on its navigational function and dividing the Willamette River. Before we could identify a new owner for the Locks, they would need to be repaired and reopened.

You have in your materials an EcoNorthwest report on the status of the locks and their economic potential to the area, the region, and the state. Through one-on-one interviews with affected stakeholders and data mining, the study concluded:

- there is pent-up regional recreational and tourism demand for the reopening of the locks.
- there will likely be a return to barging past Willamette Falls after a few years of predictable operations.

At the same time that ECONW was mining Corps data and interviewing upriver stakeholders, our coalition was aggressively pushing other, equally important strategic goals, which Andy and Lisa will tell you about.

Sandy Carter, One Willamette River Coalition

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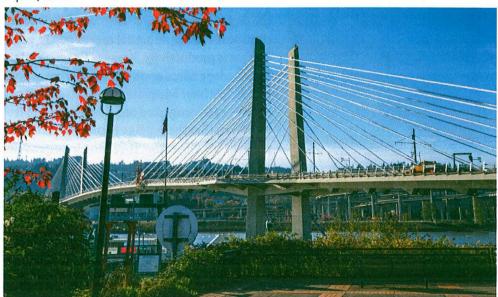
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PORTLAND METROPOLITAN REGION

POSITION ON FEDERAL TRANSPORTATION POLICY AND FUNDING

Investment in a multi-modal transportation system is important for the region, the state and the nation to reach their goals for economic growth and prosperity, community livability and environmental sustainability and to improve equitable access to opportunity for all members of the community. In addition, investment in the active transportation elements of the system also produces significant health benefits, providing savings to individuals and businesses on both transportation and health care. A well-funded federal transportation program plays an important role in taking care of aging infrastructure, increasing global competitiveness and addressing sustainability, health and resilience to earthquakes and extreme weather events.

Federal investment in a multi-modal transportation system is essential. State and local governments have stepped up to increase their contribution towards transportation.

The federal government has not.





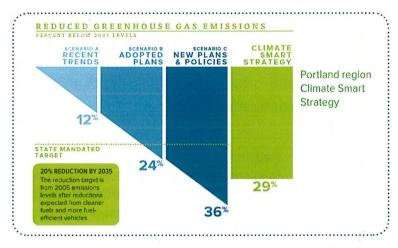
A recent report, "2014 Economic Impacts of Congestion," documents the dependence of the economy of Oregon and the Portland region on a transportation system that moves goods, provides access to labor and increases productivity. Because Oregon and the Portland region are heavily dependent upon trade, growing congestion poses a significant threat. Without adequate investment in all modes, the share of daily travel operating in congested conditions will rise from 5% to 15% by 2040 with the result that the average household will experience 69 hours of travel per year in congestion. Investing in improvements to reduce congestion

will provide \$1.1 billion in economic benefits and provide \$2.40 in return on investment for every \$1 of expenditure on improvements. The region's investment in the transit, bike and pedestrian systems has also proven to be an important asset for attracting talent and creative businesses.

At the same time, the region has adopted a Climate Smart Strategy to meet state targets for reducing greenhouse gases, serving as a model for the country. Improvement in fuel efficiency and increased use of electric vehicles will help meet the state targets. However, the region's integrated land use and transportation plans with the support of increased investment in transportation facilities and operations are essential to reach the desired 29 percent reduction in per capita greenhouse emissions. Key investments include building new sidewalks and bike connections, increasing transit service and using technology and other strategies to improve safety, reduce traffic delay and make the most of adopted land use plans and leverage investments we have already made in our transportation system.

Finally, failure to begin systematically strengthening the state's transportation infrastructure to withstand the impact of a Cascadia subduction zone earthquake would lead to catastrophic impact on the economy and a very long period of recovery.

Accomplishing these goals requires commitment at the federal, state and local levels. The state and local governments have stepped up substantially to increase their level of investment and are aggressively pursuing further increases. However, the federal government has not stepped up and the overall share of investment by the federal government is shrinking as a percent of the total.



With this in mind, presented here are the key policy messages from the Portland region to our Congressional delegation.

INCREASE FEDERAL INVESTMENT ON TRANSPORTATION

- ➤ Substantially increase the level of federal investment in all parts of the multimodal surface transportation system, preferably with some form of highway user fees and with a renewed expression of commitment through increased revenues to the Highway Trust Fund. This is the foundation of the federal transportation program, providing the certainty and stability of formula funds for highways, roads, streets and transit to each state and metropolitan area.
- ➤ The region specifically supports the proposal by Congressman Blumenauer to increase and index the gas tax and the proposal by Congressman DeFazio to adopt a tax on each barrel of crude oil. Both approaches continue the longstanding federal practice of funding transportation through user fees in recognition of the fact that those who pay the fees also benefit. The region further supports Congressman Blumenauer's proposal to sunset the gas tax to encourage conversion to a mileage based fee and to expand the application of Road User Charge pilot projects to more states to increase the understanding and awareness of this approach.
- With an increased commitment of funding resources, adopt a 6-year authorization bill to provide certainty and stability to the planning, engineering and programming process.
- ➤ If there is not an increased funding commitment, maintain status quo funding levels (with a modest allowance for inflation) and limit the authorization bill to a two-year period to allow the next Congress to consider the future of transportation.

The federal government needs to increase its level of funding commitment to transportation and provide the certainty of a 6-year bill to allow for projects to be developed efficiently.

If the federal government is not prepared to increase funding, don't lock in a 6-year bill. Just extend the bill for the next Congress to consider.









If there is an increase in federal funding level, we care about how it is used:

- Make TIGER permanent
- Increase funding for Major Transit Capital Investments
- · Allow wider use of tolls
- Expand the focus on freight including Projects of National and Regional Significance
- Provide certainty for Intercity Passenger Rail improvement
- Restore the bridge repair and replacement program
- Renew the Commuter Parity Act

REGIONAL PRIORITIES FOR INCREASED INVESTMENT

With an increase in funding and 6-year certainty, it is feasible to expand the scope of the federal transportation program and invest in matters that need increased attention.

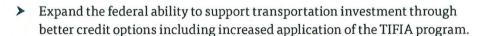
MAP-21 Framework – MAP-21, adopted in 2012, restructured the federal highway and transit programs and provides an effective platform to build upon.

➤ Continue the TIGER program at the \$500-600 million per year level and incorporate it into the Highway Trust Fund as an on-going part of the transportation program. The TIGER program has provided an important competitive funding source for innovative highway, transit, bike and pedestrian projects and should be established on a reliable continuing basis.





Consistent with the policy direction established through MAP-21, implement performance based planning and programming of funds to improve the transparency and accountability of decision-making. However, avoid a "one size fits all" approach and ensure performance metrics are comprehensive in nature covering not only measures of the condition and operation of the transportation facilities themselves but the community benefits that result such as safety, economic prosperity, affordability for the user, health, climate change and equity.



➤ Consistent with MAP-21, continue the federal transportation investment in university research centers and programs.



- Consistent with the GROW America Act introduced by USDOT, consider establishing additional categories of competitive grants. Competition reinforces local innovation leading to better transportation investments nationwide.
- ➤ In recognition of the increased competition and expansion into Core Capacity projects, increase the funding commitment for the Fixed Guideway Capital Investment Grant Program (New Starts and Small Starts programs).
- Relax limitations on the use of tolls for both raising revenue to fund maintenance and improvement of the transportation system and peak period demand management.
- Continue to expand the focus on freight by establishing funding for formula and competitive grant programs as well as funding for Projects of National and Regional Significance, but ensure freight is addressed in a multi-modal manner including urban and intercity trucking, rail, marine, air cargo and intermodal connections.
- ➤ Increase the level of investment in and the certainty of funds for passenger rail service through inclusion of the program in the Trust Fund.
- There is a proposal in the DOT bill to revise the criteria for US Coast Guard permitting of a new bridge over navigable waters to also take into consideration the needs of rail, aviation, transit and highway traffic. This may be important for any possible future replacement for the Interstate Bridge.









But further enhancements to the program should be considered.

- ➤ Restore the Highway Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation Program which was eliminated through MAP-21 and ensure the program eligibility includes seismic retrofits.
- ➤ Clarify language for FTA sponsored joint development projects directing that they are intended to both provide for an economic return on the transit investment and produce more economically and socially successful communities as a result of the transit investment.
- Add an emphasis on improved access to employers and funding for "last mile" access.
- ➤ Increase the suballocation of funds to metropolitan planning organizations.
- Continue to pursue methods of streamlining federal requirements to speed up project delivery while maintaining the requirements for intergovernmental cooperation, community involvement, inclusion and equity and environmental impact.
- > Renew the Commuter Parity Act providing comparable tax benefits to transit users as auto commuters.
- > Expand the emphasis on safety including reduced serious injuries and deaths across all modes and on all parts of the transportation system. Establish separate safety targets for bike and pedestrian modes.



The region is working on projects that may need Congressional assistance periodically:

- The Southwest Corridor and Powell-Division transit corridors
- Passenger rail improvements between Eugene, Portland and Vancouver, B.C.
- Projects of National and Regional Significance
- Joint development around transit that helps create strong transit supportive communities
- Support of the Army Corps of Engineers to address the repair and reopening of the Willamette Locks





PROJECT ACTIVITIES – Certain projects are significantly impacted by the administrative practices of the federal agencies. Although Congress has eliminated the option of Congressional directive through earmarks, intervention to provide support from the delegation may be needed on certain projects.

- ➤ The Southwest Corridor and the Powell Division Corridors are progressing through the federal New Starts/Small Starts process with considerable FTA oversight.
- ➤ Passenger rail improvement between Eugene, Portland, Seattle and Vancouver BC is being pursued by Oregon, Washington and the Province of British Columbia. The scope of upgrade in Oregon is now under consideration in a Draft Environmental Impact Statement with considerable oversight by FRA.
- > The region is targeting significant redevelopment around light rail and street cars stations which often involves significant FTA oversight. It is important to the region that investing in these sites be for the community goals of the area not just to capture the increased property value from the transit investment.
- ➤ There is currently a process underway with the US Army Corps of Engineers to consider alternative approaches for rehabilitation of the Locks at Willamette Falls and the reopening to public commercial and recreation service. This would enable the full length of the Willamette River to resume its historic function as an important route. Ensuring that the appropriation for the Army Corps of Engineers includes this effort is essential to successfully accomplishing the repair and reopening.







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- ➤ FHWA has solicited from each state nominations for projects that might be eligible for a new "Projects of National and Regional Significance" funding category. Candidate projects submitted by jurisdictions in this region that FHWA might consider are as follows:
 - I-5/Rose Quarter
 - · I-205 from the Abernathy Bridge to the Stafford interchange
 - Phase 2 of the Sunrise Corridor from 122nd to 172nd
 - Hwy 217 and I-5 from Beaverton-Hillsdale Highway to Lower Boones Ferry Road

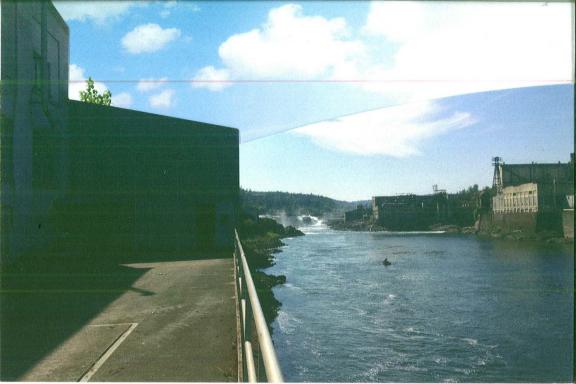
As the authorization bill evolves through the Congress, it will be important to engage on the further definition of this new program to be sure it provides eligibility for projects such as these. While this source of funding will not be sufficient to complete these projects, it could provide a vital contribution.



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