Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net> Wednesday, December 10, 2014 1:14 PM

Sent: To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: 'fruhmenschen@yahoo.com' Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Sue:

We brought Leonard Gates to speak at our conference dealing with crimes committed by FBI agents.Reporter Greg Flannery accompanied him.

Joe Baltar

pass on to the City Council

Being the smart criminal justice consumer you already know FBI Voter Fraud Whistleblower Leonard Gates who was committing voter fraud for the FBI

two stories about voter fraud and media spin. Did I mention political malpractice?

1.

http://m.lakenewsonline.com/article/20141210/NEWS/141219836

ensure Missouri elections remain fair, secure and accessible.

Missouri Elections Integrity Task Force meets for the first time Posted Dec. 10, 2014 @ 1:28 pm

A new Elections Integrity Task Force convened Tuesday in Jefferson City. Organized by Missouri Secretary of State Jason Kander, the task force aims to bring together local, state and federal law enforcement and election authorities to open new lines of communication and establish best practices for responding to alleged violations in the elections process. "[The] meeting was the first time these agencies met at the same table to coordinate efforts that will protect the integrity of Missouri's elections," Kander said. "Together we've proactively defined clear roles for addressing elections-related issues, which will ensure a rapid and collaborative response to any future alleged violations."

The task force discussed the 2014 primary and general elections, and will meet each election year going forward to

The Lake of the Ozarks area has a representative on this committee - Chief Laura Wright of the Camdenton Police Department.

Other members of the task force include:

- Secretary of State Jason Kander
- Daniel M. Nelson, Assistant United States Attorney, Western District of Missouri John Bodenhausen, Assistant United States Attorney, Eastern District of Missouri Special Agent in Charge William Woods, FBI St. Louis Office Special Agent in Charge Michael Kaste, FBI Kansas City Office Chief Darryl Forté, Kansas City Police Department Platte County Prosecuting Attorney Eric Zahnd Boone County Prosecuting Attorney Dan Knight Carroll County Clerk Peggy McGaugh Cape Girardeau County Clerk Kara Clark Summers Shelby County Clerk Tracy Smith

2.

Privacy Died Long Ago In Uncategorized on 06/03/2013 at 9:12 pm Image

U.S. Supreme Court Justice Potter Stewart of Cincinnati swears in George H. W. Bush as director of the CIA as President Gerald Ford watches. REUTERS/George Bush Presidential Library and Museum.

The great forgotten Cincinnati wiretap scandal

By Gregory Flannery

Americans no longer assume their communications are free from government spying. Many believe widespread monitoring is a recent change, a response to terrorism. They are wrong. Fair warning came in 1988 in Cincinnati, Ohio, when evidence showed that wiretapping was already both common and easy.

Twenty-five years ago state and federal courtrooms in Cincinnati were abuzz with allegations of illegal wiretaps on federal judges, members of Cincinnati City Council, local congressional representatives, political dissidents and business leaders.

Two federal judges in Cincinnati told 60 Minutes they believed there was strong evidence that they had been wiretapped. Retired Cincinnati Police officers, including a former chief, admitted to illegal wiretapping.

Even some of the most outrageous claims – for example, that the president of the United States was wiretapped while staying in a Cincinnati hotel – were supported by independent witnesses.

National media coverage of the lawsuits, grand jury hearings and investigations by city council and the FBI attracted the attention of U.S. Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-Vermont) and the late U.S. Sen. Paul Simon (D-III.).

As Americans wonder about the extent to which their e-mails, cell-phones and text messages are being monitored, they would do well to look back at a time before any of those existed. Judging by what was revealed in Cincinnati, privacy died long before anyone had ever heard of Osama bin Laden or al Q'aeda.

Turbulence

In 1988 Leonard Gates, a former installer for Cincinnati Bell, told the Mount Washington Press, a small independent weekly, that he had performed illegal wiretaps for the Cincinnati Police Department, the FBI and the phone company itself.

A week after the paper published his allegations, a federal grand jury began hearing testimony.

Gates claimed to have performed an estimated 1,200 wiretaps, which he believed illegal. His list of targets included former Mayor Jerry Springer, the late tycoon Carl Lindner Jr., U.S. District Judge Carl Rubin, U.S. Magistrate J. Vincent Aug, the late U.S. Sen. Howard Metzenbaum (D-Ohio), the Students for a Democratic Society (an anti-war group during the Vietnam War), then-U.S. Rep. Tom Luken (D-Cincinnati) and then-President Gerald Ford.

A second former Cincinnati Bell installer, Robert Draise, joined Gates, saying he, too had performed illegal wiretaps for the police.

His alleged targets included the Black Muslim mosque in Finneytown and the General Electric plant in Evendale. Draise's portfolio was much smaller than Gates's, an estimated 100 taps, because he was caught freelancing – performing an illegal wiretap for a friend.

Charged by the FBI, Draise claimed he had gone to his "controller" at Cincinnati Bell, the person who directed his wiretaps, and asked for help. If he didn't get it, he said, he'd tell all. When the case went to federal court, Draise didn't bother to hire an attorney. He didn't need one. In a plea deal, federal prosecutors dropped the charge to a misdemeanor. Found guilty of illegal wiretapping, his sentence was a \$200 fine. The judge? Magistrate J. Vincent Aug.

If Gates and Draise had been the only people to come forward, they could easily be dismissed as cranks – disgruntled former employees, as Cincinnati Bell claimed. But some police office officers named by Gates and Draise confirmed parts of their allegations, insisting, however, that there were only 12 illegal wiretaps. Other officers not known to Gates and Draise also admitted to illegal wiretaps. Some of the officers received immunity from prosecution in exchange for their testimony. Others invoked their Fifth Amendment right not to incriminate themselves.

"Due to the turbulent nature of the late '60s and early '70s, wiretaps were conducted to gather information," said a press release signed by six retired officers. "This use began in approximately 1968 and ended completely during the Watergate investigation."

The press release, whose signers included former Police Chief Myron Leistler, listed 12 wiretaps, among them "a black militant in the Bond Hill area" and a house on either Ravine or Strait streets rented by "the SDS or some other radical group."

The retired cops' lawyer said there were actually three Cincinnati Bell installers doing illegal wiretaps, but declined to identify the third.

The retired officers denied knowledge of "any wiretaps involving judges, local politicians, prominent citizens and fellow law enforcement officers or city employees."

Getting rid of Aug

Others had that knowledge, however.

Howard Lucas, former security chief at the Stouffer Hotel downtown, said he caught Gates and three cops trying to break into a telephone switching room shortly before President Gerald Ford stayed at the hotel.

"I said, 'Do you have a court order?' and they all laughed," Lucas told the Mount Washington Press.

The four men left. But they returned.

"A couple days later, in the back of the room, I found a setup, a reel-to-reel recorder concealed under some boxes," Lucas said.

Ford stayed at the Stouffer Hotel in July 1975 and June 1976 – two years after the Watergate scandal, when Cincinnati Police officers claimed the bugging ended.

Then there was the matter of a former guard at the U.S. Courthouse downtown. He said he had found wiretap equipment there in 1986 and 1987, just a year before the wiretap scandal broke.

"I heard conversations you wouldn't believe," he said. "I heard a conversation one time. they were talking about getting rid of U.S.

Magistrate Aug."

37113

The wiretapping started with drug dealers and expanded to political and business figures, according to Gates. In 1979, he testified, he was ordered to wiretap the Hamilton County Regional Computer Center, which handled vote tabulations. His handler at the phone company allegedly told Gates the wiretap was intended to manipulate election results.

"They had the ability to actually alter what was being done with the votes. ... He was very upset through some of the elections with a gentleman named Blackwell," Gates testified.

J. Kenneth Blackwell is a former member of Cincinnati Council, and 1979 was an election year for council.

Something went wrong on Election Night, Gates testified. His handler at the phone company called him.

"He was panicking," Gates testified. "He said we had done something to screw up the voting processor down there, or the voting computer."

News reports at the time noted an unexpected delay in counting votes for city council because of a computer malfunction.

Cincinnati Bell denied any involvement in illegal wiretapping by police or its own personnel. Yet police officers, like Gates, testified the police received equipment – even a truck – and information necessary to effectuate the wiretaps. The owners of a greenhouse in Westwood even came forward, saying the police stored the Cincinnati Bell truck on their property.

'Say it louder'

Gates claimed that his handler at Cincinnati Bell repeatedly told him the wiretaps were at the behest of the FBI. He named an FBI agent who, he said, let him into the federal courthouse to wiretap federal judges.

Investigations followed – a federal grand jury, which indicted no one; a special investigator hired by city council, the former head of the Cincinnati FBI office; the U.S. Justice Department, sort of.

U.S. Sen. Paul Simon asked then-Attorney General Richard Thornburgh to look into the Cincinnati wiretap scandal. Federal judges, members of Congress and even the president of the United States had allegedly been wiretapped. Simon's effort went nowhere. His press secretary told the Mount Washington Press that it took three months for the Attorney General to respond.

"The senator's not pleased with the response," Simon's press secretary said. "It didn't have the attorney general's personal attention, and it said Justice (Department) was aware of the situation, but isn't going to do anything."

The city of Cincinnati settled a class-action lawsuit accusing it of illegal wiretapping, paying \$85,000 to 17 defendants. It paid \$12,000 to settle a second lawsuit by former staffers of The Independent Eye, an underground newspaper allegedly wiretapped and torched by Cincinnati Police officers in 1970.

Cincinnati Bell sued Leonard Gates and Robert Draise, accusing them of defamation. The two men had no attorneys and represented themselves at trial. Hamilton County Common Pleas Judge Fred Cartolano refused to let the jury hear testimony by former police officers who had admitted using Gates and Draise and Cincinnati Bell equipment. In a 4-2 vote, the jury ruled in the phone company's favor, officially adjudging the two whistleblowers liars.

During one of the many hearings associated with the wiretap scandal, an FBI agent was asked what the agency would do if someone accused the phone company of placing illegal wiretaps. He testified the FBI would be powerless; it needed the phone company to check for a wiretap.

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"It would go back to Bell," the agent testified. "We would have no way of determining if there was any illegal wiretapping going on."

The FBI agent was the person Gates had accused of opening the federal courthouse at night so he could wiretap federal judges.

One police sergeant offered no excuses for the illegal wiretapping.

Asked why he didn't bother with the legal niceties, such as getting a warrant, as required then by federal law, he said, "I didn't deem it was necessary. We wanted the information, and went out and got it."

At one point, covering the scandal for the Mount Washington Press, I received a phone call from a sergeant in the Cincinnati Police Department. He invited me to the station at Mount Airy Forest, where he proceeded to wiretap a fellow police officer's phone call. I listened as the other officer talked to his wife.

"Say hello," the sergeant told me.

I did. There was no response.

"Say it louder," the sergeant said.

I did. No response.

"You can hear them, but they can't hear you," the sergeant said. "Any idiot can do a wiretap. You know that's true because you just saw a policeman do it."

Privacy is dead. Its corpse has long been moldering in the grave.

DOJ and FBI - The Landes Report.com

www.thelandesreport.com/donsanto.htm

Why won't the Department of Justice (DOJ) investigate electronic vote fraud? ... The Cincinnati Bell-FBI scandal: Leonard Gates, a Cincinnati Bell employee for 23 Another Cincinnati Bell employee, named Bob Draise, admitted to being ...

election wire-tap alleged - Vote Fraud

www.votefraud.org/Archive/Write/wiretap.htm

Leonard Gates, a 23-year Cincinnati Bell employee until he was fired in 1986, ... computer program through the FBI that gave it access to the county computer used ... The commercial also features former Bell employee Robert Draise, who was ...

On Mon, Dec 8, 2014 3:05 PM EST Parsons, Susan wrote:

>Joe,

>Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City Council.

>

>Susan Parsons

>Assistant Council Clerk

>City of Portland

>susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.go

>v>

>503.823.4085

On Mon, 8 Dec 2014 20:05:10 +0000

"Parsons, Susan" <Susan.Parsons@portlandoregon.gov> wrote:

- > Joe,
- > Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City
- >Council.
- >
- > Susan Parsons
- > Assistant Council Clerk
- > City of Portland
- > susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.g
- > ov>
- > 503.823.4085

Parsons, Susan

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com>

Sent: To: Tuesday, December 09, 2014 3:03 PM Parsons, Susan; joebmereel@fairpoint.net

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Susan:

From 1989-2002 we held a annual conference in New England looking at crimes committed by FBI agents.

It was held at Bates College for 11 years.

The City Council should know that FBI informants created the 1993 1st World Trade Center bombing; the Oklahoma City bombing; Mumbai Attack in India; Omargh bombing in Ireland.

These is enough evidence to now convict FBI Director Hoover of helping assassinate President Kennedy and Martin Luther King.

For 13 years we brought a honor roll list of speakers including FBI agents; a Pulitzer winning reporter; Lawyers; Professors; and other experts dealing with crimes committed by FBI agents.

Here are some links to sites dealing with these issues.

http://www.ldsfreedomforum.com/viewforum.php?f=20

http://rigorousintuition.ca/board2/viewtopic.php?f=33&t=29177

http://whosarat.websitetoolbox.com

http://www.campusactivism.org/phpBB3/viewforum.php?f=29

http://www.stopfbi.net/events/10-26-14/public-forum-palestine-ut-dallas

I can be reached at 207 293 3479 if you

have any questions.

note I have had ongoing problems receiving and sending emails as well as receiving and sending phone calls. see below

Joseph Baltar

MA Criminology

FBI's Alleged Crimes are Conference Topic | News | Bates College www.bates.edu/news/1996/03/07/fbi-conference/Mar 7, 1996 - Several prominent speakers will highlight the ninth annual Maine Conference ... is available from organizer Joseph Baltar at 207-293-3479.

37113

Suggested Reading List on the topic of FBI crime - Deep Politics Forum deeppoliticsforum.com > Forum > Books Jan 2, 2011 - 2 posts - 2 authors Monroe, Maine: Common Courage Press, 1994. ... Mr. Baltar has run successive conferences at Bates College on FBI crimes. Sharkey, Joe.

Antonio Silva Condolences | El Paso Times - Legacy.com

www.legacy.com/guestbooks/elpasotimes/antonio-v-silva.../133008243

landmark lawsuit against the FBI we arranged to have him speak at Harvard Law School and Bates College in Lewiston Maine. It was an honor meet this legal warrior. ... Joseph Baltar, Augusta, ME. Contact Me. October 19, 2012. At work ... [DOC]9/11 Monthly Teleconference Call Teleconference # 1-218-895 ...

houston911truth.net/28December2012.doc

Ben Collet, 9/11 Truth Seattle. Joe Baltar, FBI-watch from Maine. Don Meserlian, AE9/11 Truth. Shelton Lankford, spokesman of Military Officers for 9/11 Truth.

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>v>

>503.823.4085

Dec 10, 2012 37113

BUFFALO, NY - A Special Agent working in the Buffalo office of the FBI is due in Eden Town Court later this month, after being arrested by New York State Police last Friday night, charged with exposing himself to a fellow motorist on the New York State Thruway.

State Police Lt. David Denz confirmed for WGRZ-TV that John A.

Yervelli

Jr., 48, of Lakeview, was charged with Public Lewdness, a class B misdemeanor, punishable by up to 90 days in jail.

According to Denz, a truck driver from central New York was traveling in the right lane while east bound on the Thruway near mile marker 442, between Exits 57 and 57A, when he noticed a grey minivan pull alongside him in the passing lane.

The trucker told police that when he looked down, he noticed the driver of the other vehicle (who had turned his dome light on) was not wearing pants.

"At that point the complainant stated that the driver of the minivan was exposing himself and making lewd gestures," Denz told 2 On Your Side.

Denz says the trucker called police, who then intercepted the minivan at the Hamburg toll plaza, where the trucker also went to identify Yervelli.

Denz said it appeared Yervelli was wearing pants when he was pulled over.

"He denied exposing himself," Denz told Channel 2, but added that "inconsistencies" in the account given by Agent Yervelli lead State Police to file charges.

A source says Yervelli insisted to the trooper who pulled him over that he was attempting to relieve himself into a bottle while he was driving.

However, the location where he said that occurred was within a few miles (or minutes) of the exit he was headed to, and even closer to a Thruway rest stop.

"I don't want to give you too many specifics as far as what he stated, but he made statements that would lead you to believe that the truck driver's story was credible," Denz said.

Child Porn Probe Leads To FBI Headquarters Target claims inquiry is just a "misunderstanding" http://www.thesmokinggun.com/documents/investigation/child-porn-probe-leads-fbi-headquarters JANUARY 5 2011--The government's pursuit of suspects trafficking in child pornography recently led federal agents to a familiar address--the FBI's Washington, D.C. headquarters, where a bureau official is the subject of an ongoing criminal probe, The Smoking Gun has learned.

The investigation by the Department of Justice's inspector general is focusing on FBI employee Joseph Bonsuk's receipt of nearly 80 illicit images that were e-mailed to him by an Illinois sex offender whose rap sheet includes felony convictions for bank robbery and solicitation of a minor.

Prosecutors move to dismiss charges against former Scout leader

January 3, 2007

NEW HAVEN, Conn. --Federal prosecutors have moved to dismiss charges against a retired FBI agent who was indicted on child sex charges dating back more than a decade when he was a Boy Scout leader, in response to the death of his accuser.

William Hutton, 63, of Killingworth, was arrested in February on charges he enticed a member of his Scout troop to Maine for the purpose of sexual activity in 1994 and 1995.

http://www.ctpost.com/news/article/Former-Scout-leader-FBI-agent-indicted-on-child-86217.php

Former Scout leader, FBI agent indicted on child sex charges News-Times, The (Danbury, CT) Saturday, February 4, 2006

NEW HAVEN (AP) - A retired FBI agent was indicted Friday on federal child

sex charges dating back more than a decade when he was a Boy Scout leader.

William Hutton, 63, of Killingworth, was arrested Friday. The federal grand jury indictment accuses Hutton of enticing a member of his Scout troop to Maine for the purpose of sexual activity in 1994 and 1995.

"It's obviously devastating. He was an FBI agent in this district and was reputed in this district," defense attorney Hugh Keefe said.

"The people who worked with him in the U.S. attorney's office and FBI respected him."

Keefe said the investigation has been going on for years. He would not discuss the details of the case or how the allegations surfaced.

Investigators asked anyone who knows anything about the case to call the

FBI. U.S. Attorney Kevin O'Connor said that's standard practice whenever

there might be more victims.

"In any case that's a concern," O'Connor said. "Whether that's the situation here I can't say."

If convicted on all four charges, Hutton faces up to 30 years in prison and up to \$250,000 in fines.

Hutton was released on a \$200,00 bond. He may not own any firearms or have any unsupervised contact with children. He was also ordered to stay away from playgrounds, schools, arcades or anywhere children congregate.

http://www.headwatersproductions.com/press/article5.html
Edward Rodgers was in charge of investigating cases of Child Abuse at
the
FBI

THE DENVER POST - Voice of the Rocky Mountain Empire
May 17, 1990
Sisters win sex lawsuit vs. dad \$2.3 million given for years of abuse
By Howard Prankratz
Denver Post Legal Affairs Writer

Two daughters of former state and federal law enforcement official Edward

Rodgers were awarded \$2.319,400 yesterday, after a Denver judge and jury

found that the women suffered years of abuse at the hands of their father.

The award to Sharon Simone, 45, and Susan Hammond, 44, followed testimony

of Rodgers' four daughters in person or through depositions, describing

repeated physical abuse and sexual assaults by their father from 1944 through 1965.

Rodgers, 72, who became a child abuse expert after retiring from the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{FBI}}$

and joining the colorado Springs DA's office, failed to appear for the trial. But in a deposition taken in March, Rodgers denied ever hitting or

sexually abusing his children.

http://www.fox10tv.com/dpp/news/FormerLocalFBIAgentArrested Local attorney arrested On child indecency accusations

Updated: Wednesday, 22 Apr 2009, 1:33 PM CDT

Published: Monday, 20 Apr 2009,

MOBILE, Ala. - Mobile Police arrested 52-year-old Phillip Kent Baxley

child indecency charges. Baxley is a local attorney in Mobile, but he's

also a former coach and acting president for the Mobile Soccer Club.

"I'm surprised to hear it," said Mobile Soccer Club Director, Mohammed Elzare. "He's a former FBI agent and attorney. So we're definitely saddened to hear this."

Baxley was arrested at his Dauphin Street office on a fugitive felony warrant out of Harris County, Texas.

Texas police officers say Baxley was involved in an incident with a nine-year-old girl in 2004.

Investigators say it happened at a family member's house in a Houston suburb, but the girl waited some time before saying anything.

"When the victim, the nine-year-old made the outcry she was interviewed

in another county and all of the information was forwarded to us and the

investigation went from there," said Lt. Wade Conner with the Deer Park,

Texas Police Department.

Mobile Soccer Club Board Members say they were blind-sided by the news on

Monday. For now, the board likely plans to distance itself from Baxley.

"Stopping ties until this situation is resolved and hopefully it comes out to a good outcome," said Elzare.

But Texas investigators are confident the charges will stick, despite Baxley's background. "If they're a pedophile then we deal with them all

the same," said Wade. "It doesn't matter what they do for a living."

Baxley is locked up in the Mobile County Jail. That's where he'll stay until he's extradited to Texas.

FBI Agent Pleads Guilty to Child Abuse

http://usatoday30.usatoday.com/news/washington/2004-02-17-ex-fbi-ia-chief x.htm

Tuesday February 17, 2004 11:46 PM

By JOHN SOLOMON

Associated Press Writer

https://antipolygraph.org/cgi-bin/forums/YaBB.pl?num=1077052156 WASHINGTON (AP) - The former chief internal watchdog at the FBI has pleaded guilty to sexually assaulting a 6-year-old girl and has admitted

he had a history of molesting other children before he joined the bureau

for what became a two-decade career.

John H. Conditt Jr., 53, who retired in 2001, was sentenced last week

to

12 years in prison in Tarrant County court in Fort Worth, Texas, after he admitted he molested the daughter of two FBI agents after he retired. He acknowledged molesting at least two other girls before he began his law enforcement career, his lawyer said.

Monday August 8, 2005 Longtime FBI agent sentenced to prison on child porn count

also see

http://www.policeone.com/news/113935-Longtime-Idaho-FBI-Agent-Sentenced-for-Possessing-Child-Porn/BOISE, Idaho- A longtime FBI agent who helped arrest infamous outlaw Claude Dallas has been sentenced to a year in prison for possessing child pornography.

William Buie, 64, was sentenced Monday after pleading guilty in March. Buie told authorities that he learned to access child pornography Web sites while attending a seminar on preventing child exploitation in 2000 or 2001.

February 22, 2007 http://fredericksburg.com/News/FLS/2007/022007/02232007/262383 Ex-FBI man gets 7 years for child sex Former FBI analyst sentenced in child sex case

A 17-year veteran of the FBI will serve seven years in prison for having sexual relations with a young girl in Spotsylvania County, a judge ruled yesterday.

Anthony John Lesko, 44, entered an Alford plea yesterday in Spotsylvania Circuit Court to nine counts of felony indecent liberties upon a child.

Lesko, who later moved to Jacksonville, Fla., worked as an intelligence analyst at the FBI for 17 years, according to his attorney, James A. Carter II. He is a major in the U.S. Army Reserves and has received numerous military awards.

An Alford plea means Lesko doesn't admit guilt but believes there is enough evidence for a conviction. Under the terms of the plea, he was sentenced to seven years in prison with another 15 years suspended.

Lesko engaged in a sex act with a girl, 9 and 10 at the time, at least nine times in 2003-2004, according to evidence put forth by Spotsylvania

Commonwealth's Attorney William Neely.

The girl told a member of the Spotsylvania Department of Social Services about the activity in February 2004, according to the evidence. Lesko at first denied the allegations, but later spoke with a U.S. Navy counselor about them.

Lesko told the counselor that he was the victim of the sexual assault; he said the girl initiated the contact, according to the plea. Lesko entered the plea partly to spare the girl the pain of a trial, his attorney said. on for 12 months after pleading guilty to possession of child pornography.

William Buie, 64, of Boise, most recently worked as an investigator for the Idaho attorney general's office.

FBI Agent Accused Of Masturbating In Public http://www.pennlive.com/midstate/index.ssf/2010/12/ex-fbi_agent_sentenced_to_pris.html May 25, 2007
FBI Agent Accused Of Masturbating In Public

Posted by, Marissa Pasquet KOLD News 13 News Editor

FBI Special Agent Ryan Seese, 34, is facing sex offense charges after a cleaning woman said she found him masturbating in a women's lavatory on campus, according to a University of Arizona police spokesman.

FBI Workers Suspected of Secretly Taping Teens in Dressing Room

April 20, 2009

http://www.foxnews.com/story/0,2933,517222,00.html

Two FBI workers are accused of using surveillance equipment to spy on teenage girls as they undressed and tried on prom gowns at a charity event at a West Virginia mall.

The FBI employees have been charged with conspiracy and committing criminal invasion of privacy. They were working in an FBI satellite control room at the mall when they positioned a camera on temporary changing rooms and zoomed in for at least 90 minutes on girls dressing for the Cinderella Project fashion show, Marion County Prosecutor Pat Wilson said Monday.

see link for full story http://fox59.com/2013/04/10/former-fbi-agent-from-carmel-pleads-guilty-to-child-pornography-charges/

April 9, 2013 Former FBI agent files petition to enter guilty plea for child pornography charges

A local former Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agent arrested on child pornography charges filed a petition to enter a guilty plea.

Donald Sachtleben was arrested in May 2012, following an investigation into the distribution of child pornography. Authorities said they were able to trace online activity back to Sachtleben's Carmel home.

According to court documents, Sachtleben hid behind the email 'pedodave69@yahoo.com' and openly traded child porn. In one email he attached nine images of child pornography and child erotica and wrote:

"Saw your profile... Hope you like these and can send me some of (y)ours. I have even better ones if you like."

Police obtained a search warrant on May 3. During an initial forensic examination of Sachtleben's laptop computer, approximately 30 images and video files containing child pornography were reportedly discovered.

Former top FBI agent charged with child porn distribution
By Bill Mears, CNN
May 15, 2012
http://www.cnn.com/2012/05/15/justice/ex-fbi-agent-pornography/index.html

(CNN) -- A former supervisory FBI agent has been arrested and jailed on child pornography charges.

Donald Sachtleben was taken into custody and charged Monday after a nationwide undercover investigation of illegal child porn images traded over the Internet.

A federal complaint alleges 30 graphic images and video were found on Sachtleben's laptop computer late last week when FBI agents searched his

home, about 23 miles north of Indianapolis.

Sachtleben is currently an Oklahoma State University visiting professor,

according to his online resume. He is director of training at the school's Center for Improvised Explosives, but all references to his work

have now been removed from the university's website. There was no indication from the school as to whether it had suspended him. Calls to

the university and his Indianapolis attorneys were not immediately returned.

He had been an FBI special agent from 1983 to 2008, serving as a bomb technician. He worked on the Oklahoma City bombing and Unabomber investigations, according to his university biography.

A separate LinkedIn profile filled out by Sachtleben says he is an "accomplished investigator with more than 25 years of experience in FBI

major case management, counter terrorism investigations, bombing prevention, post blast investigations and public speaking."

FBI agent arrested on child sexual assault charge

Associated Press - January 15, 2008 6:14 PM ET http://www.denverpost.com/news/ci_7978377 PUEBLO, Colo. (AP) - An FBI agent is under arrest in Pueblo for investigation of sexual assault on a child by someone in a position of trust.

Authorities say 53-year-old David Allan Johnson is being held in the

Former Great Falls FBI agent sentenced on child sex charges

Jan 23, 2008

A man from Great Falls who's accused of sexually assaulting five underage girls will be spending the next 10 years behind bars.

Stanley Perkins, 64, changed his plea to guilty after police began investigating him for child molestation in August 2006.

The former educator, who also served two years as an FBI agent, was sentenced on one count of felony sexual assault.

see link for full story http://voices.washingtonpost.com/crime-scene/paul-duggan/46-months-in-prison-for-former.html Jail for former FBI worker from Va. Washington Post Editors

A 65-year-old former FBI employee from Prince William County was sentenced to nearly four years in prison Friday for possessing child pornography.

Samuel I. Kaplan, of Gainesville, who pleaded guilty June 2 in U.S. District Court in Alexandria, was sentenced to 46 months behind bars.

Kaplan was an information technology program manager at an FBI facility

in Chantilly when authorities discovered that he had used the FBI's computer network to "facilitate sexually explict communications," the Justice Department said.

Investigators said they later found 10 to 20 images on Kaplan's home computer showing juveniles involved in sex acts.

http://franklincoverup.com/index.php?option=com_frontpage&Itemid=26

Ex-FBI agent gets 2 1/2 years for assault on marshal A federal judge today sentenced retired FBI special agent Gary L. John to 2 ½ years in prison for assaulting a U.S. marshal trying to place him

under arrest.

John, formerly of 110 Post Rd., Westerly, had been on the lam for two months, when U.S. marshals working with Rhode Island Sheriffs Department, tracked him to Stratford, Conn., in December 2005. He was wanted in Rhode Island at the time for allegedly violating orders

see link for full story http://articles.baltimoresun.com/1993-07-11/news/1993192055_1_abuse-flynn-fbi-agent FBI agent convicted of daughters' abuse July 11, 1993 By Traci A. Johnson | Traci A. Johnson, Staff Writer

An FBI agent who lives in Carroll County has been convicted of sexually abusing his daughters over a 14-year period.

The agent, as part of an agreement with prosecutors, pleaded guilty Friday before Circuit Judge Francis M. Arnold to two counts of second-degree sexual offense and two counts of child abuse.

The agent's name is being withheld to protect the privacy of the victims.

In exchange for the agent's plea, the state dropped 18 other counts against him, ordered a presentence investigation and agreed to let him remain free on \$125,000 bond pending sentencing Sept. 10.

The agent was suspended from the FBI's Baltimore field office when he was arrested in December.

The original indictment also charged the man with fondling his oldest daughter's friend several years ago when the girl had slept over at the agent's home.

An investigation began after one of the man's daughters told a county child-abuse investigator of at least five incidents of molestation from 1980 to 1987, court documents said.

The victims said their father performed sexual acts ranging from fondling

to intercourse beginning when each was preschool age. The abuse lasted until the girls were in their early teens, said Assistant State's Attorney Kathi Hill in a statement of facts presented in court.

In February, defense attorney John E. Harris Sr. tried unsuccessfully to

have the case moved out of Carroll on the grounds that pretrial publicity

had damaged the defendant's chance for a fair trial.

Ms. Hill said the state will recommend a sentence of 35 years in state prison, with 15 years suspended.

Although Ms. Hill said she once argued that the agent should be incarcerated until his trial, she said Friday she was not worried about

whether he will return for his sentencing.

"Even if he'd take a walk, when he eventually comes back he wouldn't have

to be tried again. He'd just be sentenced," Ms. Hill said. "There's not

so much fear on our part, because we don't have to prove the case again."

The state will ask the court, as part of the agent's sentence, to impose

five years of supervised probation and order him to have no contact with

females under 18 and to undergo psychological therapy.

Judge Arnold also accepted a plea agreement Friday in which a Mount Airy

hairdresser admitted sexually abusing a teen-age boy he befriended in 1990.

David Curtis Flynn of Grimes Court in Mount Airy was immediately sentenced to four years in prison for a second-degree sexual offense.

>From January 1991 to November 1992, Flynn had a sexual relationship with the boy, whose family knew and trusted the man, according to a statement of facts that Ms. Hill read in court.

The victim told authorities that Flynn talked to him before the incidents, saying he had been abused as a child, Ms. Hill said.

"I am deeply sorry . . . in my soul," Flynn said. "None of my attentions were meant as wrongdoing. I showed [the victim] the kind of love and affection I was brought up with. I'm deeply sorry for upsetting his childhood."

Judge Arnold sentenced Flynn to 10 years in state prison, then suspended six years of the term.

The judge also ordered five years of supervised probation for the defendant after the prison term and ordered him to participate in all recommended treatment programs.

Mystery Over FBI Agent's Firing Government shrouds details of why top child porn prober got canned http://www.thesmokinggun.com/documents/crime/mystery-over-fbi-agents-firing

Mystery Over FBI Agent's Firing

AUGUST 20--The lead FBI investigator on several of the government's highest profile child porn prosecutions has recently been fired in connection with her work on those cases, though details of why the agent

was terminated have been sealed by a federal judge.

The canning of Monique Winkis, 40, was just disclosed by federal prosecutors to a Tennessee defense lawyer who represents Timothy Richards, who was convicted in a case in which Winkis was the lead FBI agent. In an August 8 U.S. District Court filing, defense lawyer Kimberly

Hodde stated that prosecutors had informed her that Winkis was canned due

to her 'conduct in the investigation of cases related to Defendant Richards' prosecution.'

Specific details of Winkis's firing are contained in a court filing made

by Department of Justice officials, a submission that was ordered sealed

last week by Judge Aleta Trauger. In her court filing, Hodde argues that

Richards, pictured at left, is entitled to details about the Winkis firing since the ex-prober was the FBI case agent assigned to his prosecution.

The Winkis firing was apparently first disclosed by government lawyers during a late-June status conference, at which Trauger set dates for court pleadings 're: FBI Wincus,' according to a court filing. Winkis did

not respond to a detailed message left with her mother, and the federal

prosecutor handling the Richards case did not return a message left at her office. An FBI spokesperson declined comment, noting that the agency

is prohibited from discussing personnel matters.

According to court records, Winkis worked for the FBI for about 13 years,

most recently from the bureau's Washington, D.C. headquarters where she

was a supervisor in the Innocent Images Unit. In that capacity, Winkis developed cases based on information provided by Justin Berry, who began

operating an X-rated Webcam business while still a teenager. Berry's

cooperation was, in large part, arranged in late-2005 by Kurt Eichenwald, then a New York Times reporter investigating online child porn

then a New York Times reporter investigating online child porn businesses.

According to a December 2005 Eichenwald story, the Times 'persuaded Justin to abandon his business and, to protect other children at risk, assisted him in contacting the Justice Department.' That Times report also quoted Winkis commenting on the breadth of potential targets identified as a result of Berry's cooperation and how 'hundreds of other kids that we are not aware of yet' could be saved from sexual abuse

EX-FBI AGENT JOHN LANDS IN JAIL - AGAIN

By Ryan McBride - The Sun Staff

exploitation.

WAKEFIELD - A former FBI agent from Westerly has returned to prison after a series of recent arrests for violating a court order to stay away from his ex-wife.

John served 15 months at the ACI for a criminal conviction of violating a restraining order in March 2002. His suspended sentence and probation from the conviction end in 2012.

According to court records, state police arrested John in February 2002 on a disorderly conduct charge for exposing himself in public.

Calif. FBI agent accused of paying for prostitutes http://www.huffingtonpost.com/huff-wires/20120924/us-weapons-indictment-fbi-agent/

GREG RISLING | September 24, 2012
LOS ANGELES — An undercover FBI agent has been accused in court documents
of spending U.S. taxpayer dollars on prostitutes in the Philippines for
himself and others during an international weapons trafficking probe last
year.

Deputy Federal Public Defender John Littrell filed a motion last week asking a judge to toss an indictment against his client, Sergio Santiago

Syjuco, for "outrageous government misconduct." Syjuco, 25, and two other

Philippine nationals have been charged with conspiracy and face up to 20

years in prison.

The agent, who wasn't identified in court documents, paid up to \$2,400 each time he went to brothels with Syjuco and others to reward them for

their work to secure weapons to ship to the U.S. without a license, court

documents show.

"I have never seen anything like this during my career as a criminal defense lawyer," Littrell told The Associated Press on Monday. "I hope that the Department of Justice takes these allegations seriously, does a complete investigation, and ensures that whoever authorized this outrageous misconduct is held accountable."

FBI spokeswoman Laura Eimiller declined comment Monday, but federal prosecutors acknowledged in court documents that the agent sought nearly

\$15,000 in reimbursements for "entertainment" and other expenses related

to the investigation. The prosecutors said they don't have any receipts

from the clubs, but two of them listed in the filing, "Air Force One" and

"Area 51," are suspected brothels.

No charges have been filed against the agent.

Syjuco, Cesar Ubaldo and Arjyl Revereza, a Philippines customs official,

were charged earlier this year with violating arms import laws by selling

a grenade launcher, a mortar launcher and other weapons to the undercover

agent who said he was interested in buying high-powered weapons that could be used by drug cartels in the U.S. and Mexico.

The case was part of a federal investigation of Asian organized crime groups involved in the illicit trafficking of firearms.

The weapons were eventually loaded onto a ship that arrived at the Port

of Long Beach in June 2011 and the items were seized by authorities.

37113

Littrell argues that the agent – and none of the three defendants – arranged importing the weapons to the U.S. He also questioned why the weapons were first shipped from the Philippines to China, where it wasn't known whether officials there checked the container, before arriving in

Littrell and an investigator recently visited the Philippines and interviewed several people who claim the agent, using an alias "Richard

Han," paid for himself and others to have sex with prostitutes. Alex Escosio, who worked at Area 51, told defense attorneys that Han "always

paid for everything, including alcohol, private rooms, food and girls for

the entire group of people he brought in," court documents show.

"Although the government represents that these expenditures were for `entertainment and cocktail (tips included),' it is impossible that the agent could not have known that they money went toward prostitutes," Littrell wrote in court documents.

Area 51 was raided in May by Philippine authorities where 60 victims of sex trafficking were rescued, some of whom were underage girls, Littrell said. At least seven people were arrested.

see link for full story

the U.S.

http://www.wjla.com/articles/2012/12/keith-dietterle-fbi-analyst-accused-of-distributing-child-pornography-82698.html

Keith Dietterle, FBI analyst, accused of distributing child pornography By Jennifer Donelan December 3, 2012 - 05:37 pm

An FBI analyst has been accused of distributing child pornography in a disturbing case that's left his neighbors wanting answers.

A task force made up of FBI agents and D.C. police officers busted

Keith

Dietterle. The 28-year-old will appear for a preliminary hearing Tuesday.

Dietterle is accused of sending child pornography to another man he met

in a chat room frequented by individuals who have a sexual interest children. But the person Dietterle was allegedly speaking with was a D.C.

police detective.

According to court documents, agents say Dietterle thought he was communicating with a man who claimed to be sexually abusing a 3-year-old

nephew and 12-year-old daughter. The detective wrote he and Dietterle discussed a possible meeting with the "children" for sex. Over a two week

period, Dietterle sent three images via Yahoo instant messenger depicting

child pornography, court documents state.

Dietterle is accused of later sending multiple links, including a 13-minute video, images and six separate videos of underage children all being sexually abused.

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Monday, December 15, 2014 5:55 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; joebmereel@fairpoint.net; Parsons, Susan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

please pass on to city council FBI Watch

Now you know why they are called very special agents.

Creating terror one person at a time or a couple thousand 911 style.

Are you becoming a smart criminal justice consumer?

4 stories, plus a bonus here

Murder trial delayed for FBI agent Arthur Gonzales , former Las Crucen, charged with ... www.lcsun-news.com/.../murder-trial-delayed-fbi-agent-former-las-crucen
Oct 14, 2013 - LAS CRUCES >> The murder trial for an FBI agent and former Las Cruces ... delayed for FBI agent, former Las Crucen, charged with killing wife.

1.

Utah FBI agent charged with allegedly choking girlfriend

December 15, 2014 see link for full story

http://www.sltrib.com/news/1952256-155/utah-fbi-agent-charged-with-allegedly

Crime » Police say the woman, who lives with the FBI agent in his Avenues home, had marks on her neck and a bump on her head.

A Utah FBI agent has been charged for allegedly throwing a woman he lives with to the ground and choking her.

Special Agent Adam Grant Quirk was charged Monday in 3rd District Court with aggravated assault, a third-degree felony.

Quirk, 36, also was charged with criminal mischief and damaging or interrupting a communication device, which are class-B misdemeanors.

No court dates have been set.

On Saturday, the woman Quirk lives with locked herself in the bathroom after he began drinking at his Avenues are home and became belligerent, according to the charges. She also took and hid Quirk's phone "to keep him from doing hurtful things on it while being intoxicated," the charges add.

Quirk demanded that she unlock the door, and when she didn't, he allegedly started throwing her things out the back door, according to the charges. When she opened the door, Quirk allegedly threw her to the floor by her hair and neck and then choked her, the charges add.

2. http://behindthebluewall.blogspot.com/2011/02/us-ex-fbi-agent-precidado-nuno.html

Thursday, July 28, 2011

Case Update: FBI Agent Edward Preciado Convicted for Murdering Kimberly Long Hammered in Vegas

Detectives followed a trail that traversed the kitchen, then continued across the dining room and through the hallway. The bloody footprints faded noticeably with each step up the staircase. More bloody footprints led to the outside of the garage. These trails would later lead the detectives to hidden evidence.

The rising garage door revealed Jeffrey Preciado's father, covered in his victim's blood. Former FBI agent Edward Preciado-Nuño stood over the lifeless body of Kimberly Ann Long. The 31-year-old mother lay in a pool of blood on the cold garage floor. Two bloody claw hammers were on the floor nearby. Staring at the detectives, Preciado-Nuño said, "She hit me with a hammer, so I hit her back." The smaller hammer allegedly used by Kimberly was found beside her left hand. She was right-handed.

Click on the link to continue reading:

http://www.sandiegoreader.com/news/2010/aug/25/feature-las-vegas-murder/

Preciado-Nuño has been sentenced to 8 to 20 years in prison for slaying Kimberly Long. Outrageously, his attorney, Tom Pitaro, asked the judge to sentence Preciado-Nuño to probation, because of his career in the FBI.

3.

http://articles.latimes.com/1991-07-07/news/mn-2951 1 unwanted-pregnancy

Victim's Sister Haunted by Slaying a Year After FBI Agent Confessed:

Crime: Susan Smith's family, believing her death was motivated by more than an unwanted pregnancy, is pursuing further investigation.

July 07, 1991

PIKEVILLE, Ky. — One year into his 16-year sentence, the only FBI agent ever charged with a homicide is coming to grips with life in prison.

Mark Putnam reads, exercises, works in the prison hospice and chapel, and is talkative during calls to his family. He is adjusting.

But the sister of Susan Daniels Smith--the woman Putnam strangled, the woman whose body he hid for 12 months while her family agonized over her disappearance--is not.

37113

Because of Shelby Ward's persistence--and the wrongful-death suit the family has filed against Putnam--Susan Daniels Smith's body was exhumed in May and the autopsy on her resumed, two years after she was killed.

"It seems like it won't go away," Ward said of the case.

The 28-year-old woman, Putnam's informant and lover, was reported to have been four months pregnant when she was strangled on June 8, 1989, but medical examiner's officials say they have yet to find any trace of a fetus.

In his written confession, Putnam said he strangled Smith in a fit of rage because she was threatening to tell his wife and superiors that she was carrying his child. Putnam, who already had been transferred to Miami, dumped the body off a coal mine road in the eastern Kentucky hills and returned to his wife and two children.

A year later, apparently racked by guilt, he offered to lead authorities to her body. In exchange, he was allowed to plead guilty to a lesser charge of first-degree manslaughter.

Ward, whose clamorings about her sister's disappearance first brought the case to light, still insists that there was more than an unwanted pregnancy behind the killing--and she believes that the autopsy, halted two years ago at the request of the family, might prove that.

Ward said FBI Agent Ron Poole, who was Putnam's superior and knew about the pregnancy, had talked with her about Putnam.

"He said he knew some things on Mark Putnam that was awful... furnishing informants with guns and drugs--Susan, too," she said.
"There's a lot of things I've not told the press... things that my sister told me."

4.

http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2008/03/12/AR2008031203783.html

FBI Official Gets Six Years

Thursday, March 13, 2008
In a courtroom crowded with his friends from law enforcement, a former FBI official was sentenced yesterday to six years in prison for torturing his girlfriend at knifepoint and gunpoint during a six-hour ordeal in her Crystal City high-rise apartment.

Carl L. Spicocchi, 55, a 19-year FBI veteran who had run the Toledo office and was on temporary assignment in Washington, pleaded guilty in Arlington County Circuit Court last year to two felony counts of abduction and using a firearm in the Aug. 23 attack.

"This obviously was a horrific crime," Circuit Court Judge James F. Almand said. "It requires a substantial sentence and a substantial amount of time."

Spicocchi, who is married, believed his girlfriend was dating another man and attacked her in a jealous rage, according to court records. But the girlfriend, who said she was too fearful of Spicocchi to appear in court yesterday, said in a statement that she was not unfaithful.

"He thought she was cheating on him, but she wasn't," said Assistant Commonwealth's Attorney Lisa Bergman. The attack "came completely out of the blue," Bergman said.

In the statement, read by Bergman, the woman gave this account: When she came home that day, she found Spicocchi hiding in a closet, armed with a gun and a 10-inch knife. He stripped her and wrapped her in tape, then dragged her around the apartment by her hair. He forced the gun into her mouth and held the knife to her throat. He beat her repeatedly. He told her that he would cut open her veins and that, because of his training, he knew how long it would take the blood to drain from her body.

"He said I had met my match," she said in the statement.

He told her that he planned to kill her and that she would soon join her father, who had died 10 months earlier. He said that he would write a check for \$100,000 from her account and flee to South America after she was dead and that he had a plane ticket for a 6 a.m. flight.

Finally, the woman said, she escaped by running into the hall and screaming for help. "The attack on me was unprovoked," she said in her statement. "I feel lucky to have escaped the monster."

She said Spicocchi had told her he had been divorced for four years.

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent: Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net> Sunday, December 14, 2014 3:07 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; joe baltar

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com; joebmereel@fairpoint.net

Subject:

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

From: "Joseph Baltar" < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Subject:

FBI WATCH Partial list of FBI agents arrested for

pedophilia]

Date: December 14 2014

TO Susan Parsons

Please pass on to Portland City Council

Joseph Baltar M.A. Criminology

see link for full story

CNN exclusive: FBI misconduct reveals sex, lies and videotape

By Scott Zamost and Kyra Phillips, CNN Special Investigations Unit January 27, 2011

Washington (CNN) -- An FBI employee shared confidential information with his girlfriend, who was a news reporter, then later threatened to release a sex tape the two had made.

A supervisor watched pornographic videos in his office during work hours while "satisfying himself."

And an employee in a "leadership position" misused a government database to check on two friends who were exotic dancers and allowed them into an FBI office after hours.

These are among confidential summaries of FBI disciplinary reports obtained by CNN, which describe misconduct by agency supervisors, agents and other employees over the last three years

http://www.cnn.com/2011/US/01/27/siu.fbi.internal.documents/index.html

- -- An employee had "a sexual relationship with a source" over seven months. The punishment was a 40-day suspension.
- -- The supervisor who viewed "pornographic movies in the office while sexually satisfying himself" during work hours received a 35-day suspension.
- -- The employee in a "leadership position" who misused a "government database to conduct name checks on two friends who were foreign nationals employed as exotic dancers" and "brought the two friends into FBI space after-hours without proper authorization" received a 23-day suspension.

The same employee had been previously suspended for misusing a government database.

-- An employee who was drunk "exploited his FBI employment at a strip club," falsely claiming he was "conducting an official investigation."

His punishment was a 30-day suspension.

-- And an employee conducted "unauthorized searches on FBI databases" for

"information on public celebrities the employee thought were 'hot'" received a 30-day suspension.

see link for full story

http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/worldnews/northamerica/usa/9887270/FBI-agents-caught-sexting-and-dating-drug-dealers.html

February 22, 2013

FBI agents caught sexting and dating drug dealers Dating drug dealers, harassing ex-boyfriends with naked pictures, and pointing guns at pet dogs: these were just a few of the offences committed recently by serving FBI agents, according to internal documents.

The US provided officers from the Egyptian secret police with training at the FBI, despite allegations that they routinely tortured detainees and suppressed political opposition.

Disciplinary files from the Bureau's Office of Professional Responsibility record an extraordinary range of transgressions that reveal the chaotic personal lives of some of America's top law enforcers.

One male agent was sacked after police were called to his mistress's house following reports of domestic incident. When officers arrived they found the agent "drunk and uncooperative" and eventually had to physically subdue him and wrestle away his loaded gun.

A woman e-mailed a "nude photograph of herself to her ex-boyfriend's wife" and then continued to harass the couple despite two warnings from senior officials. The Bureau concluded she was suffering from depression related to the break-up and allowed her to return to work after 10 days.

see link for full story

http://www.wgrz.com/news/article/192104/37/Buffalo-FBI-Agent-Busted

Buffalo FBI Agent Busted

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

To:

Tuesday, December 16, 2014 1:23 PM

Parsons, Susan; Karla.Moore-Love@portland.oregov fruhmenschen@yahoo.com; joebmereel@fairpoint.net

Cc: Subject:

books and films dealing with crimes committed by FBI agents

Here is a partial list of books, links and documentary videos detailing crimes committed by FBI agents.

If link fails google title

READING LIST annotated bibliography

Aaronson, Trevor. The Terror Factory: Inside the FBI's Manufactured War on Terrorism Ig Publishing Brooklyn New York 2013 Exposes how the FBI has, under the guise of engaging in counterterrorism since 9/11, built a network of more than 15,000 informants whose primary purpose is to infiltrate Muslim communities to create and facilitate phony terrorist plots so that the Bureau can then claim it is winning the war on terror.

Bari, Judi. TIMBER WARS. Monroe, Maine: Common Courage Press, 1994.

The F.B.I. attempted to stop the political activity of Judi Bari and Daryl Cherney by exploding a bomb under their car. Daryl Cherney and Judi Bari filed a Civil lawsuit against the FBI and Oakland police. A jury awarded them \$4.4 million dollars in 2003. see http://www.judibari.org

Bowen Roger, INNOCENCE IS NOT ENOUGH: The Life and Death of Herbert Norman New York USA M.E. Sharpe Inc 1988 Looks at FBI assassination of Herbert Norman, Canadian Ambassador to Egypt.

Buitrago, Ann Mari. F.B.I. FILES. Grove Press, 1981.

Covers the procedures for obtaining and interpreting your F.B.I. file.

Burnham, David. ABOVE THE LAW. Scribner, 1996.

Looks at secret deals and fixing of cases by the Justice Department for corporations.

Burnham was the New York Times reporter who broke the story about New York City cop Serpico and Police corruption. He was the reporter on route to meet Karen Silkwood when she was found murdered. Read his other book A LAW UNTO ITSELF.

It details how FBI agents collaborate with the IRS to target political activists.

see his important website about the FBI

here http://trac.syr.edu/

Burnham, David A LAW UNTO ITSELF Vintage January 30, 1991 ISBN-10:

0679732837

Exposes FBI agents using the IRS to cripple political activists.

Buttino, Frank. A SPECIAL AGENT. William Morrow, 1993.

Investigates F.B.I. attacks on gay FBI agents.

This book is written by a FBI agent who is gay. It details how other FBI agents tormented him.

Carson, Clayborne. MALCOLM X: THE F.B.I. FILE. Carroll & Graf, 1991. Looks at the evidence for the F.B.I. assassination of Malcolm X.

Cashill, Jack, Sanders, James. FIRST STRIKE Thomas Nelson Press, 2003 Overwhelming evidence presented by Dr. Cashill on the downing of TWA Flight 800 by a missle over Long Island and the ensuing cover-up by FBI agents. One of my favorite books. see their documentary about the same subject called SILENCED here http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=44uu4zWQEEs

Charns, Alexander. CLOAK AND GAVEL. University of Illinois Press. 1992.

After reviewing thousands of pages of FBI documents the attorney author exposes the FBI illegal phone tapping of the Supreme Court and how the FBI fix court cases and work behind the scenes to get "their man" appointed to the Supreme Court. Written by a lawyer active in Human Rights.

Churchill, Ward. AGENTS OF REPRESSION. South End Press, 1988.

Professor Churchill gives first hand accounts of F.B.I. death squad activities. This book is a classic and is a must read along with THE COINTELPRO PAPERS

Churchill, Ward. THE COINTELPRO PAPERS. South End Press, 1990.

Explores how the F.B.I. disrupts legitimate political activities and engage in Death Squad activities.

Criley, Richard. THE F.B.I. VS. THE FIRST AMENDMENT. First Amendment Foundation, 1990. Looks at the destruction of the First Amendment by the F.B.I.

Davis, John. MAFIA KINGFISH: CARLOS MARCELLO AND THE ASSASSINATION OF JOHN F. KENNEDY. McGraw-Hill, 1989.

A must read book in understanding how the FBI has used the Mafia to carry out the assassination of President Kennedy.

De Camp, John. THE FRANKLIN COVERUP. AWT Publishers, 1992.

A former Republican state senator from Nebraska writes about a pedophile ring involved in the kidnaping, sexual torture and murder of children that went all the way to the Bush White House.

Attorney DeCamp discusses the FBI role in the coverup of this case and the murder of a special prosecutor appointed to investigate the pedophile ring. This book will keep you awake at night and is an active barometer for evil indexing how the FBI crime family operates.

Dempsey, James X. and David Cole. TERRORISM AND THE CONSTITUTION:

SACRIFICING CIVIL

LIBERTIES IN THE NAME OF NATIONAL SECURITY. Los Angeles, CA: First Amendment Foundation, 1999. Examines FBI campaign of terror to undermine civil liberties. Attorney Dempsey worked for Congressman Don Edwards who was a former FBI agent.

Diamond, Sigmund. COMPROMISED CAMPUS. Oxford University Press, 1992.

Professor Diamond attempts to get F.B.I. files showing collaboration between F.B.I. agents and professors at universities from 1945-1955.

The FBI created the Patriot Act, in part, because of this book.

Donner, Frank. PROTECTORS OF PRIVILEGE. University of California Press, 1990. Looks at the death squad collaboration between local police and F.B.I. agents to stifle the Bill of Rights.

Dwyer, James. TWO SECONDS UNDER THE WORLD. Diane publishers 1997.

The most important book you will read on understanding FBI agents Floyd and Anticev creating the 1993 terrorist act at the World Trade Center.

This book lays out in detail how the FBI engineered the 1993 World Trade Center explosion.

Edmonds, Sibel D Classified Woman-The Sibel Edmonds Story: A Memoir 2012 Sibel D Edmonds publisher

In this startling new memoir, former FBI agent/analyst Sibel Edmonds—the most classified woman in U.S. history—takes us on a surreal journey that begins with the secretive FBI and down the dark halls of a feckless Congress to a stonewalling judiciary and finally, to the national security whistleblowers movement she spearheaded.

Emerson, Steven and Brian Duffy. THE FALL OF PAN AM 103. G.B. Putnam's Sons, 1990.

Oliver Revell was the number 2 man at the F.B.I. until he was demoted by F.B.I. Director William Sessions to the Dallas Field Office. His son Chris Revell had tickets for Pan Am 103, but he changed his flight two days before the plane exploded over Lockerbie, Scotland. See Ross Gelbspan's book, BREAK-INS, DEATH THREATS AND THE FBI to get a fuller picture of Oliver Revell.

Flannery, Greg . REACH OUT AND TAPE SOMEONE . In These Times Magazine March 1989 issue This article appeared in the March issue of the national publication IN THESE TIMES.

It details the massive illegal FBI wiretap program placed on US Presidents, members of Congress, Judges, people of color, local politicians during the 1970's thru the 1980's. This was before the Patriot Act.

More important it details how FBI agents working with local police were committing voter fraud and arson. see https://docs.google.com/viewer?url=http ... r22/12-14/

Foerstel, Herbert. SURVEILLANCE IN THE STACKS. Greenwood Press, 1991.

Looks at attempts by the F.B.I. to get librarians to spy on the American public .The FBI created the Library Clauses in the Patriot Act because of this book.

Gallagher, Dorothy. ALL THE RIGHT ENEMIES. Penguin Books, 1988.

The F.B.I. utilized the Mafia to carry out its executions against Presidents and political activists from 1930 through 2000. Carlos Tresca was one of their victims.

Gelbspan, Ross. BREAK- INS, DEATH THREATS, AND THE F.B.I. South End Press, 1991.

This Pulitzer Prize winning reporter formerly with the Boston Globe, details the F.B.I. death squad collaboration with the death squads in El Salvador and their attacks upon American groups opposed to those death squads.

Glick, Brian. WAR AT HOME. South End Press, 1989.

Attorney Glick details the F.B.I.'s covert war against political activists.

Goulet, Donald Chesuncook Author House 2008 Autobiography of a FBI agent plagued by mental illness.

Hoffman, David. THE OKLAHOMA CITY BOMBING AND THE POLITICS OF TERROR.

Feral

House, 1998.

Contains detailed evidence about the FBI alliance with the terrorist underworld, and how FBI agent provocateurs are behind many of the current bombings that have plagued the United States since the fall of the Berlin Wall. Some current thinking has FBI agents creating these acts to fill the void caused by the downfall of communism and replacing communism with the new boogeyman Islam.

Holland, Max . Leak: Why Mark Felt Became Deep Throat Deep Throat FBI Supervisor Mark Felt, the number two guy in the FBI during Watergate, was leaking, not out of concern for public good but rather because he was angry he was not getting the top spot in the bureau University Press Kansas 2012

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Hougan, Jim. SPOOKS. William Morrow, 1978.

Important book detailing the life of former F.B.I. agent Robert Maheux and his relationship with the Mafia. Groundbreaking book in understanding FBI collaboration with the Mafia, using it to carry out assassinations on President Kennedy, Martin Luther King and others.

Maheux was the liason between the Mafia and the FBI when the FBI assassinated President Kennedy and Martin Luther King.

Kaiser, Marty . Odyssey of an Eavesdropper(My Life in electronic countermeasures and my battle against the FBI) W Carroll & Graf 2005 Author exposes wiretapping crimes committed by FBI agents as well as Business Fraud. He built the wiretapping devices for FBI agents that were later used in crimes committed against people like Martin Luther King and public officials. After exposing FBI agents kickback schemes to

Congress the author became a target of retaliation by tax payer funded FBI agents. see http://www.martykaiser.com/odyssey2.htm

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see

http://www.whistleblowers.org/index.php ... Itemid=108

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between 1960 and 2001 in which they collaborated in the murder of 21 women, children and men. Important book showing how the FBI uses the Mafia to commit political and other assassinations .see http://www.thebrothersbulger.com/

Lindauer, Susan Extreme Prejudice: The Terrifying Story of the Patriot Act and the Cover Ups of 9/11 and Iraq 2010 Susan Lindauer publisher More evidence showing the FBI, CIA and other government agencies created 911.

What if the government decided to invent a great lie to justify a disastrous war and a questionable anti-terrorism policy? What would happen to the people who know the truth? EXTREME PREJUDICE delivers an explosive, high tension expose of the real facts surrounding the CIA's advance warnings of 9/11 and an insider's look at Pre-War Intelligence, told by one of the very few U.S. Assets covering Iraq

before the War.

McGhee , Millie WHAT'S DONE IN THE DARK Allen Morris 2005 The author is a afro american relative of FBI Director J Edgar Hoover who is successful in presenting evidence that FBI Director Hoover is part African-American and related to her.

The book details the research conducted by Ms McGhee and how FBI agents tried to stop her from writing the book. Photographs show reunion of white and black relatives united by the research in this book. FBI Director J Edgar Hoover was the descendant of Mississippi slaves.

Melanson, Phillip. THE MURKIN CONSPIRACY. Praeger, 1989. Professor Melanson looks at the F.B.I.'s role in the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Melanson, Phillip. THE ROBERT KENNEDY ASSASSINATION. Shapolsky, 1991. Professor Melanson was in charge of the Robert Kennedy archives at the University of Massachusetts.

He detailed the F.B.I.'s role as one of the principal architects in the assassination of Robert Kennedy.

Messerschmidt, Jim. THE TRIAL OF LEONARD PELTIER. South End Press, 1983.

Looks at the miscarriage of justice in the F.B.I.'s handling of the Leonard Peltier case.

Morrow, Robert First Hand Knowledge: How I Participated in the CIA-Mafia Murder of President Kennedy (New York: S.P.I. Books, 1992)

Oklahoma City Bombing Investigative Committee. THE FINAL REPORT.2001. The book providing evidence of FBI involvement in the Oklahoma City Bombing.

Navasky, Victor. INVESTIGATING THE F.B.I. Doubleday, 1973. Contains material presented at a major conference at Princeton University in 1971 investigating crimes committed by the FBI.

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Looks at F.B.I. death squad directed against Nobel Peace Prize nominee Phil Berrigan and his brother, Jesuit priest Daniel Berrigan. Olsen, Jack. LAST MAN STANDING: THE TRAGEDY AND TRIUMPH OF GERONIMO PRATT.

Doubleday, 2000.

Provides supporting evidence for the idea of the F.B.I. as a death squad. Examines the F.B.I. acts of genocide against Afro-Americans . Looks at how FBI agents framed Geronimo Pratt, a Afro American Viet-nam

vet who spent over 25 years in prison before a judge released him saying he was innocent and framed by FBI agents.

Vermont filmaker has issued a 4 DVD collection of her films about the Black Panthers. She interviews retired FBI agent

Wesley Swearingen who was part of the FBI Racial Squad in San Fransisco that put Pratt in prison see http://www.newsreel.us/

O'Reilly, Kenneth. RACIAL MATTERS. Free Press, 1989. Professor O'Reilly looks at a file called Racial Matters that the F.B.I. is keeping on Black America.

Parenti, Michael. DIRTY TRUTHS. City Lights Books, 1996. Dr. Parenti looks at the evidence for F.B.I. involvement in the assassination of labor leader Walter Reuther while he was organizing protests against the Vietnam War. It includes the essay "Why the Left is Afraid to look at the Assassination of JFK".

Pepper, William. ORDERS TO KILL. Carroll and Graf, 1995.
Attorney Pepper represented James Earl Ray in his bid for a new trial and won a landmark case in civil court in December 1999 for the Martin Luther King Jr. family. The jury in the case concluded hat the F.B.I. was involved in the assassination of King. His book details our government's involvement and provides photographic evidence of the F.B.I.'s role in this assassination.

Pepper, William. ACT OF STATE: THE EXECUTION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING Verso Press, 2003

The evidence from the 1999 Civil Trial in Memphis brought by the King family in which the jury concluded FBI agents were principal architects

in the assassination of Martin Luther King. Written by the trial attorney William Pepper.

Powers, Richard Gid. SECRECY AND POWER. Free Press, 1987. A biography of FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover and his quest for power.

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blacks are incpable of governing. White agents tried to kill him when he was writing this book by blowing up his FBI issued car with him in it..

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asserted Executive Privilege in 2002 preventing Congress from seeing the Federal Prosecutor's Investigative files on this case.

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Rosenfeld, Seth, The FBI's War on Student Radicals, and Reagan's Rise to (Farrar, Straus and Giroux, Hardcover August 21, 2012

Schultz, Bud and Ruth. IT DID HAPPEN HERE. University of California Press, 1989.

Contains interviews with human rights activists who survived F.B.I. assassination attempts.

Schultz, Bud and Ruth. THE PRICE OF DISSENT. University of California Press, 2001

The sequel to IT DID HAPPEN HERE with more interviews with civil rights activists, union organizers and anti-war protestors who survived FBI assassination attempts and with family members of people who were murdered.

Seymour, Sheri. COMMITTEE OF THE STATES. Self-published, 1989. The F.B.I. infiltrated the California Militia 10 years before the Oklahoma City bombing. The book illustrates how easy it was for the F.B.I. to infiltrate the group and get it to make bombs. Shows how easy it was for FBI agent provocteur to get Timothy McVeigh to make bomb and drive the truck. The exact same scenario occured in the 1993 World Trade Center bombing. google floyd anticev salem

Sharkey, Joe. ABOVE SUSPICION. Simon & Schuster, 1993.
Looks at the F.B.I. coverup involving one of its own agents Mark
Putnam, who murdered his informant after he got her pregnant.
FBI agent Putnam was eventually sentenced to prison for their murder
thanks to the dogged work of the Kentucky State Police.
click link and scroll down to obituary of his wife.
http://betrayedbylovemovie.blogspot.com/

Sherill, Robert First Amendment Felon Nation Books, 10/2005 The Story of Frank Wilkinson, His 132,000 Page FBI File and His Epic Suarez, Manuel. REQUIEM ON CERRO MARAVILLA. Waterfront Press, 1987. Looks at F.B.I. collaboration with local police in the arrest, handcuffing, and death squad execution of two teenagers in Puerto Rico.

Summers, Anthony. OFFICIAL AND CONFIDENTIAL. G.B. Putnam and Sons, 1993.

This is the book on which the PBS Frontline documentary on J. Edgar Hoover and his friendship with the Mafia is based. In my eyes, this PBS program was the turning point in the good fortune the FBI has enjoyed for over 80 years.

Swearingen, Wesley. F.B.I. Secrets: An Agents Expose South End Press 1994

Swearingen is a retired FBI agent currently living in the San Diego area who was a member

of the FBI San Fransisco Office racial Squad.

The FBI has Racial Squads in every major American City. The function of the FBI Racial Squad is to assassinate or neutralize black politicians and black activists who do not reflect the philosophy of American Corporations. Vermont filmaker Roz Payne has interviewed Swearingen and he is on her recently released 4 DVD about the Black Panthers see http://www.newsreel.us/

Swearingen, Wesley, To Kill a President: Finally — an Ex-FBI Agent Rips Aside the Veil of Secrecy that Killed JFK 2006

According to Swearingen, Lee Harvey Oswald did not act alone in assassinating Kennedy as was claimed by the FBI, the Warren Commission and other investigating bodies. Instead, he argues that rogue CIA agents acting in concert with the mafia and certain Cuban exiles plotted to kill Kennedy. Swearingen contends that the conspiracy was covered up by the FBI, an effort that continues to this day through the agency's unwillingness to disclose key details about the events surrounding Kennedy's death. see http://www.lewrockwell.com/pr/new-book- ... lling.html

Theoharis, Athan. THE F.B.I. Garland Publishers, 1994. Professor Theoharis has compiled a comprehensive listing of books and articles about the F.B.I. up to 1994.

Thomas, Kenn. THE OCTOPUS. Feral House, 1996. Investigates the F.B.I.'s role in the killing of investigative reporter Danny Casolero while he was investigating the October Surprise.

Turner, William. THE ASSASSINATION OF ROBERT KENNEDY. Thunder Mouth Press, 1993.

Written by a former F.B.I. agent, it looks at the F.B.I.'s involvement

Turner, William. REARVIEW MIRROR foreword by Oliver Stone. Penmarin Books CA 2001.

More updated information on FBI involvement in President Kennedy, Robert Kennedy and Martin Luther King Assassination written by a former FBI agent.

U.S. Commission on Civil Rights. WHO IS GUARDING THE GUARDIANS? A Report on Police Death Squad activities. 1981.

Williams, Dennis O. Fidelity Bravery Integrity No Way! Dorrance Publishing Company 2009

In 1979 FBI Supervisory Special Agent Dennis O. Williams moved across the country when he was promoted from the FBI's Los Angeles Division to a supervisory position at FBI Headquarters. Soon after his arrival, Williams discovered that the mover had defrauded the FBI by billing for a higher weight of his household goods than actually existed. As Williams pursued the matter, he discovered a cover-up at FBI HQ; his attempts to expose this conspiracy resulted in his receiving threats and becoming the subject of retaliation. Though an investigation by the FBI Washington Field Office demonstrated that Williams was correct in his suspicions, the cover-ups continued for decades, eventually leading to a conspiracy to deceive the Senate Judiciary Committee regarding an inquiry into the involvement of Thomas J. Pickard.

Pickard was the acting director of the FBI when 9/11 occurred, despite Williams' repeated warnings to the White House that Pickard did not have the integrity for such a position. The 9/11 Commission report reflects that the Phoenix Division of the FBI produced a memorandum dated July 10, 2001, advising FBI HQ that an inordinate number of supporters of Osama Bin Laden had attended civil aviation universities and colleges and would be in a position to conduct terror activity against civil aviation targets. Williams believes that Pickard's testimony that no managers at FBI headquarters saw the Phoenix memo before September 11 constitutes a red flag indicating a conspiracy to defraud the 9/11 Commission.

Williams , Kristian
Our Enemies in Blue Police and Power in America (Revised Edition)
South End Press 2007

Wiener, Jon. GIMME SOME TRUTH. University of California Press, 1999. Professor Wiener looks at the 14 year battle with the F.B.I. to get them to release their files on John Lennon. How many rock stars has the FBI assassinated?

Wise, David TIGER TRAP America's Secret Spy War With China Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.2011 Looks at how FBI agents were manipulated by Chinese spies after FBI agents started having sex with their Chinese informants

SUGGESTED WEB SITES AND VIDEOS

http://www.madcowprod.com/

http://www.moldea.com/

http://www.fromthewilderness.com/

http://www.mikeruppert.blogspot.com/

http://www.narconews.com

http://911pressfortruth.net/

http://www.ae911truth.org/

http://www.heatisonline.org

http://www.whistleblowers.org

http://www.zpub.com/notes/fbi-shame.html

http://www.google.com/search?q=fbi%20co ... en&tbm=vid

VIDEOS:

CONSPIRACY OF SILENCE: The Franklin Cover Up

http://topdocumentaryfilms.com/the-franklin-cover-up/

Conspiracy of Silence: The Franklin Cover UpConspiracy of Silence, a documentary listed for viewing in TV Guide Magazine was to be aired on the Discovery Channel, on May 3 1994. This documentary exposed a network of religious leaders and Washington politicians who flew children to Washington D.C. for sex orgies. Many children suffered the indignity of wearing nothing but their underwear and a number displayed on a piece of cardboard hanging from their necks when being auctioned off to foreigners in Las Vegas, Nevada, and Toronto, Canada.

MALTESE DOUBLE CROSS

Incontrovertible evidence showing FBI coverup of LOCKERBIE TWA Flight 800

explosion coverup.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0B5hv6scbBo

WACO:RULES OF ENGAGEMENT

One of the best documentaries ever made, period. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uCfzLFIT5QM

A NOBLE LIE 2012 Convicts the FBI of creating the Oklahoma City bombing http://anoblelie.com/

SILENCED Jack Cashill

Convicts the FBI of the coverup of TWA downing over Long Island by a missile

http://topdocumentaryfilms.com/silenced/

also see

THE GREAT DECEPTION Barry Zwicker
Convicts the US Government of creating 911
In 6 parts see all six
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q20jaExIHdw

TRUTH&LIES 911 Mike Ruppert best evidence linking US Government to creating 911 http://www.youtuberepeater.com/watch?v= ... ull+length

AFTERMATH: UNANSWEREDQUESTIONS http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9EfDnN8NImM

then watch http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nk2xaFy--d4

FBI LIED in their JFK Assassination Reports http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODXoISgU-0M

WHAT WE WANT WHAT WE BELIEVE a 4 DVD set about the Black Panthers with an interview with FBI agent
Wesley Swearingen discussing the FBI Racial Squad and their policy to assassinate black leaders
http://www.newsreel.us/DVD/information.htm

911 PRESS FOR TRUTH details the evidence for the FBI creating 911 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jgUFkVG_78g

also see 2012 film INFORMANT https://www.google.com/#q=film+fbi+informant+darby+youtube

Moore-Love, Karla

From:

Reyes, Cindy

Sent:

Wednesday, December 17, 2014 1:03 PM

To:

Moore-Love, Karla

Subject:

FW: Written testimony: On the need for "Secret" security clearance for our police

commissioner as a condition of Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force

Attachments:

jttf128d.pdf

For council record, thank you.

Cindy Reyes

Constituent Services Specialist
Office of Mayor Charlie Hales | City of Portland
1221 SW 4th Ave., Suite 340 | Portland, OR 97204
E: cindy.reyes@portlandoregon.gov
P: 503-823-4120
www.portlandoregon.gov/mayor

From: Herman M. Frankel, M.D. [mailto:frankelh@comcast.net]

Sent: Friday, December 12, 2014 8:22 PM

To: Hales, Mayor; Commissioner Fish; Commissioner Fritz; Commissioner Novick; Commissioner Saltzman

Subject: Written testimony: On the need for "Secret" security clearance for our police commissioner as a condition of

Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force

12/12/14 8:21pm PST

From: "Herman M. Frankel, M.D." < frankelh@comcast.net>

To: mayorcharliehales@portlandoregon.gov; nick@portlandoregon.gov; Amanda@portlandoregon.gov;

novick@portlandoregon.gov; dan@portlandoregon.gov

Attachment: <jttf128d.pdf>

Subject: Written testimony: On the need for "Secret" security clearance for our police commissioner as a condition of Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force

Dear Mayor Hales and Commissioners Fish, Fritz, Novick, and Saltzman:

Grateful for your commitment to knowing the thinking and conclusions of your constituents, I have prepared and I am sending my one-page written testimony (with three appendices) on the need for "secret" security clearance for our police commissioner as a condition of Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force, accompanied by three appendices.

Let's keep working together to protect our planet and our democracy, and to make life better, safer, healthier, and more beautiful for all who live here, one interaction at a time!

Warmly,

Herman M. Frankel, M.D. (503-227-1860)
Director, Portland Health Institute Center for Building Caring Relationships
Member, Multnomah County Family Violence Coordinating Council
Member, Communities of Color Task Force of the Oregon Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence
Member, Oregon Domestic Violence Fatality Review Team

Written Testimony to Portland City Council (prepared December 12, 2014):

On the need for "Secret" security clearance for our police commissioner as a condition of Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force

Herman M. Frankel, M.D., 3310 NW Savier Street, Portland, OR 97210

Mayor Hales and Commissioners Fish, Fritz, Novick, and Saltzman:

On December 3, 2014, the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence released its long-awaited "Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program." The study's findings and conclusions (Appendix A, attached) add strength and urgency to the appeals that people of Portland have made again and again for our City Council to require security clearance for our police commissioner equal to that of any police officers as a precondition of any discussion of Portland's participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force (JTTF).

The Senate report reveals that the actions of CIA investigators were ineffective in "acquiring intelligence or gaining cooperation from detainees" (Item #1) and were "brutal and far worse than the CIA represented to policymakers and others" (Item #3); that the CIA failed to adequately evaluate the effectiveness" of the program (Item #16); and that the CIA impeded oversight of the program by Congress, by the White House, and by the CIA's Office of Inspector General (Items #6, #7, and #9).

Why is oversight by elected officials so important?

Like others, I have testified in the past that in order to safeguard individual rights protected by the US Constitution and by Oregon law (ORS181.575), it is essential to maintain local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel, rather than assigning such oversight of personnel to any federal agency. With regard to Portland employees in the Portland Police Bureau being granted "Secret" security clearance in order to work with the Joint Terrorism Task Force (or any other federal task force), it is essential that whichever local civilian personnel are responsible for oversight be granted the same level of "Secret" security clearance. If Mayor Hales, our Police Commissioner, has not received security clearance because the FBI Special Agent in Charge considered that such clearance was to be granted only on a "need to know" basis and that the Mayor "didn't need to know," then that alone calls for a City Council decision to refrain from considering membership in the JTTF.

Of course there is more. Appendix B, attached to this statement, includes a brief review of the legal basis for requiring local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel; and the historical background, dating as far back as 1789 and including actions by the Portland City Council in 2003 and the Multnomah County Board of Commissioners in 2004. Appendix C recounts the experience of Oregon attorney Brandon Mayfield in 2004, quoting in detail from the 331-page document titled, "A Review of the FBI's Handling of the Brandon Mayfield Case," released in March 2006 by the Oversight and Review Division of the US Department of Justice Office of the Inspector General. (I was numbed by the Review's 52 pages of chilling analysis of the FBI's technical errors that led to fingerprint misidentification, to the flawed affidavit, and to Mr. Mayfield's arrest and imprisonment [Review pages 127 – 179]. Worse, I was stunned – and terrified – to learn of the human mistakes that that any caring observer with access to all the facts could have identified. How could they have been prevented or detected early? By making sure that responsible, caring, and independent observers with access to all the facts were overseeing the process. (documents.theblackvault.com/documents/terrorism/MayfieldFBIOIG.pdf.)

He who passively accepts evil is as much involved in it as he who helps to perpetrate it. He who accepts evil without protesting against it is really cooperating with it. – Martin Luther King, *Stride Toward Freedom: The Montgomery Story* (1958)

If, through lack of will on our part, we were to fail to protect our people, our constitution, and our democracy, how would we explain our failure to our children?

Appendix A (Page 1 of 2 pages)

Summary of Findings and Conclusions of the Senate Committee's 12/09/14 Report on the CIA'a Use of Torture

Note: This material appears on Pages 2 - 16 of the "Findings and Conclusions" section of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program.

http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2014/12/09/world/cia-torture-report-document.html

- #1: The CIA's use of its enhanced interrogation techniques was not an effective means of acquiring intelligence or gaining cooperation from detainees.
- #2: The CIA's justification for the use of its enhanced interrogation techniques rested on inaccurate claims of their effectiveness.
- #3: The interrogations of CIA detainees were brutal and far worse than the CIA represented to policymakers and others.
- #4: The conditions of confinement for CIA detainees were harsher than the CIA had represented to policymakers and others.
- #5: The CIA repeatedly provided inaccurate information to the Department of Justice, impeding a proper legal analysis of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program.
- #6: The CIA has actively avoided or impeded congressional oversight of the program.
- #7: The CIA impeded effective White House oversight and decision-making.
- #8: The CIA's operation and management of the program complicated, and in some cases impeded, the national security missions of other Executive Branch agencies.
- #9: The CIA impeded oversight by the CIA's Office of Inspector General.
- #10: The CIA coordinated the release of classified information to the media, including inaccurate information concerning the effectiveness of the CIA's enhanced interrogation techniques.
- #11: The CIA was unprepared as it began operating its Detention and Interrogation Program more than six months after being granted detention authorities.
- #12: The CIA's management and operation of its Detention and Interrogation Program was deeply flawed throughout the program's duration, particularly so in 2002 and early 2003.
- #13: Two contract psychologists devised the CIA's enhanced interrogation techniques and played a central role in the operation, assessments, and management of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program. By 2005, the CIA had overwhelmingly outsourced operations related to the program.

Appendix A (Page 2 of 2 pages)

#14: CIA detainees were subjected to coercive interrogation techniques that had not been approved by the Department of Justice or had not been authorized by CIA Headquarters.

#15: The CIA did not conduct a comprehensive or accurate accounting of the number of individuals it detained, and held individuals who did not meet the legal standard for detention. The CIA's claims about the number of detainees held and subjected to its enhanced interrogation techniques were inaccurate.

#16: The CIA failed to adequately evaluate the effectiveness of its enhanced interrogation techniques.

#17: The CIA rarely reprimanded or held personnel accountable for serious and significant violations, inappropriate activities, and systemic and individual management failures.

#18: The CIA marginalized and ignored numerous internal critiques, criticisms, and objections concerning the operation and management of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program.

#19: The CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program was inherently unsustainable and had effectively ended by 2006 due to unauthorized press disclosures, reduced cooperation from other nations, and legal and oversight concerns.

#20: The CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program damaged the United States' standing in the world, and resulted in other significant monetary and non-monetary costs.

This material appears on Pages 2-16 of the "Findings and Conclusions" section of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program.

http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2014/12/09/world/cia-torture-report-document.html

Appendix B (Page 1 of 2 pages)

Written Testimony to Portland City Council (prepared December 17, 2010): Protecting civil rights by maintaining local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel

Herman M. Frankel, M.D., 3310 NW Savier Street, Portland, OR 97210

Mayor Adams and Commissioners Fritz, Fish, Leonard, and Saltzman:

Thank you for inviting public comment about the City of Portland's "Draft JTTF (Joint Terrorism Task Force) Review Work Plan, Revised 12/10/2010."

Civilian oversight

ORS181.575 reads as follows:

181.575 Specific information not to be collected or maintained. No law enforcement agency, as defined in ORS 181.010, may collect or maintain information about the political, religious or social views, associations or activities of any individual, group, association, organization, corporation, business or partnership unless such information directly relates to an investigation of criminal activities, and there are reasonable grounds to suspect the subject of the information is or may be involved in criminal conduct. [1981 c.905 §8]

It is my understanding that in order to protect the rights of individuals under United States and Oregon law, it is essential to maintain local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel, rather than assigning such oversight of personnel to any federal agency. With regard to Portland employees in the Portland Police Bureau being granted "Top Secret" security clearance in order to work with the Joint Terrorism Task Force (or any other federal task force), it is essential that whichever local civilian personnel are responsible for oversight – Police Commissioner, Mayor, City Attorney – be granted the same level of "Top Secret" security clearance.

Background

In 1789, before agreeing to sign the Constitution, the representatives of our thirteen colonies created our Bill of Rights, to protect the rights of the people from assault by a powerful central government.

This stands at the heart of our democracy.

On October 29, 2003, the Portland City Council unanimously passed a resolution "Expressing concern about the USA P.A.T.R.I.O.T. Act." On December 9, 2004, the Multnomah County Board of Commissioners passed a similar resolution, expressing explicit commitment to protect civil rights in the era of the U SA PATRIOT Act.

As I understand it, the issue currently under consideration is that of protecting civil rights by maintaining local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel, rather than assigning such oversight of personnel to any federal agency.

If we, our civil rights, and our Constitution are to be protected from the actions of federal agencies, our local elected officials must maintain civilian oversight over the activities of all city employees, including our law enforcement professionals. This is a matter of priority and principle, not a matter of yielding to threats of punishment or offers of payment.

Appendix B (Page 2 of 2 pages)

"First they came for the Communists, but I was not a Communist so I did not speak out. Then they came for the Socialists and the Trade Unionists, but I was neither, so I did not speak out. Then they came for the Jews, but I was not a Jew so I did not speak out. And when they came for me, there was no one left to speak out for me." (Pastor Martin Niemoeller) http://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/jsource/Holocaust/Niemoller_quote.html

"... If they take you in the morning, they will be coming for us that night." (James Baldwin to Angela Davis, 1971) http://www.nybooks.com/articles/10695.

Reaffirmation of commitment to democracy

I'm grateful to you, our Mayor and City Commissioners, for repeatedly appealing for active public participation – in this case, input and testimony – in the making of decisions that affect the lives of all of us who live, work, study, travel, and worship here. Thank you.

Warmly,

Herman M. Frankel, M.D.

Appendix C (Page 1 of 7 pages)

Excerpts from written testimony to Portland City Council (prepared December 17, 2011):

Protecting civil rights by maintaining local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel:

Lessons from "A Review of the FBI's Handling of the Brandon Mayfield Case," released in

March 2006 by the Oversight and Review Division of the US Department of Justice Office of the

Inspector General.

Herman M. Frankel, M.D., 3310 NW Savier Street, Portland, OR 97210

Mayor Adams, Commissioner Fish, Commissioner Fritz, Commissioner Leonard, and Commissioner Saltzman:

Thank you yet again for your courage and integrity in repeatedly inviting and considering public comment about the possibility of Portland participation in the proposed FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force.

I join with others in calling upon you to protect us, and our civil rights, by maintaining local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel, rather than assigning such oversight to any federal agency; and to insist that as a condition of any formal discussion about Portland's participation in any proposed FBI joint terrorism task force, top secret security clearance be granted to our Mayor, our Police Commissioner, and our City Attorney.

In recent weeks, as was the case when this matter was considered in 2005, a great many Portlanders have called upon you to protect civil rights and Oregon law by maintaining local civilian oversight of local law enforcement personnel, rather than assigning such oversight to any federal agency. My intent now is to add to this call the reminder that everyone – including every employee of the FBI – is capable of making mistakes, and that it is your responsibility and ours to protect all Portlanders from harm caused by failure to prevent or deal promptly with such mistakes.

Please let me remind you one set of such mistakes.

On May 6, 2004, the US Attorney for the District of Oregon asked the United States District Court for the District of Oregon to authorize the arrest and detention of 37-year-old Portland area lawyer and Muslim convert Brandon Mayfield as a material witness in a case involving coordinated commuter train bombings in Madrid on March 11.

In a nine-page affidavit (filed on May 6, 2004), FBI Agent Richard Werder outlined how a single fingerprint led to Mayfield's arrest. The affidavit was filed by prosecutors (the US Attorney for the District of Oregon and Assistant US Attorneys) to obtain the warrant to arrest Mayfield as a material witness.

Shortly after explosions in Madrid, investigators found the fingerprint on a plastic bag containing detonators in a van nearby. The attack left 191 dead and more than 2,000 wounded.

Besides the fingerprint, Werder's affidavit also cited as justification: Mayfield handled the child custody case involving one of the defendants in the Portland Seven federal jihad case. A phone call was made two years ago on the anniversary of the Sept. 11 attacks between Mayfield's residence and an Ashland man who runs an Islamic charity. That man, Pete Seda, now is on a federal terror watch list.

Appendix C (Page 2 of 7 pages)

Mayfield's law firm was listed in a business directory run by a Portland man who was a business associate of Wadih El-Hage, Osama bin Laden's personal secretary. El-Hage was convicted in the 1998 bombing of two U.S. embassies in Africa. Mayfield was observed driving to the Bilal mosque in Beaverton "on several different occasions."

The federal investigation showed that Mayfield had not traveled out of the country and that his passport expired last year. But authorities were concerned that Mayfield may have traveled to Spain under an assumed name or knew people associated with the Madrid attack, the documents show.

. . .

"This is a cautionary tale of how the fear of terror can lead even well-meaning individuals to take precipitous action that can have a devastating impact on an innocent individual, eroding civil liberties and traumatizing a community," said Steven Wax, the federal public defender for Oregon and Mayfield's lawyer. (Noelle Crombie and Les Zaitz, The Oregonian, Tu 05/25/04) http://www.oregonlive.com/search/index.ssf?/base/front_page/10854861643540.xml?oregonian?fpfp

So much of the federal investigation into possible links between Brandon Mayfield and the deadly Madrid terror bombings was cloaked in secrecy.

You name it: Secret search warrants. Sealed court documents. And, of course, the gag order that kept the Beaverton attorney from uttering a word about his captivity until the case was dismissed Monday morning (May 24, 2004).

But amazingly, the fact that he was being watched by the FBI starting in March was never much of a secret to Mayfield.

. .

The Mayfields would arrive home to find window blinds adjusted much higher than any one could reach. Footprints left in the living room's plush white carpet were larger than any of those belonging to Mayfield, his wife, Mona, and his two sons.

. . .

"This is the state of affairs we find ourselves in today," he said. "We find ourselves living in a climate of fear."

Once, a deadbolt that the Mayfields never used was found locked. Another time, the family came home and discovered digital clocks and the VCR blinking, as if someone had tripped the breaker.

"Mona is very observant," Mayfield's brother, Kent Mayfield, who is visiting from Halstead, Kan. "She noticed."

Because no money or valuables were missing, Mayfield figured someone other than a burglar was repeatedly breaking in.

• •

Mayfield said the Constitution guarantees "that we are safe and secure in our home" without the fear of being subjected to unreasonable searches and seizures. "That is not happening," he said.

Appendix C (Page 3 of 7 pages)

Unbeknown to anyone, he warned, "FBI agents will go into your home. They will fiddle around with your possessions. They can walk in and out of your bedrooms and your homes, and will maybe take things and bring them back, and you won't know."

(Joseph Rose, The Oregonian, Tu 05/25/04) http://www.oregonlive.com/search/index.ssf?/base/front_page/10854867513540.xml?oregonian?fpfp

May 6, 2004: Mayfield is arrested and imprisoned.

May 24, 2004: The government announces that the FBI has erred in its identification of Mayfield and moves to dismiss the material witness proceeding.

Over the course of some 19 days, Brandon Mayfield experienced the nightmare of an innocent man connected to a capital offense by seemingly conclusive evidence. At the end of those 19 days, he was exonerated. But his life has not gone on as it did before. This has been a life-changing experience for all who were involved. Anyone who reads and reflects upon his story must likewise realize that, in these troubled and troubling times, the conditions formerly underlying one's confidence in the stability of civil society, and trust in governmental authority, have been undermined. Without any forewarning, terrorist acts can destroy the lives of innocent people. In the climate of fear that terrorism engenders, the response of government to perceived terrorist threats can just as swiftly and surely wreak havoc on individuals who mistakenly become targets of its suspicion and victims of its counter-terrorism tactics. (These quotations are drawn from "A Multitude of Errors: The Brandon Mayfield Case," by Steven T. Wax and Christopher J. Schatz, which appeared in the September/October 2004 issue of Champion Magazine, a publication of the National Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers.)

http://www.nacdl.org/public.nsf/0/9090373de4fa9c7d85256f3300551e42?OpenD ocument

People make mistakes.

Exactly what mistakes led to the arrest and imprisonment of innocent 37-year-old Portland-area attorney and Muslim convert Brandon Mayfield on May 6, 2004? How could these mistakes have been prevented or detected early?

Seeking answers to these questions, I examined the 331-page document titled, "A Review of the FBI's Handling of the Brandon Mayfield Case," released in March 2006 by the Oversight and Review Division of the US Department of Justice Office of the Inspector General. (documents.theblackvault.com/documents/terrorism/MayfieldFBI0IG.pdf.)

On pages 29-32, the Review identifies three FBI latent fingerprint experts who concluded, on March 19, 2004, that the image of the fingerprint found by the Spanish National Police (SNP) on the plastic bag in Madrid matched those of Brandon Mayfield: a Unit Chief in the FBI Laboratory Latent Prints Unit (LPU), a Supervisor in the LPU, and a retired FBI latent fingerprint examiner with 35 years of experience who was providing services to the LPU on a contract basis. (The term "latent" refers to fingerprints left on evidence, as distinguished from "inked" or "known" fingerprints collected intentionally.) The degree of confidence in the certainty of their conclusion was asserted, in documents subsequently provided to the Court (Review page 80), to be "100 percent identification."

The following events are among those presented on a "Timeline of Major Events" on page 28 of the Review:

Mar 11, 2004: Explosions on commuter train in Madrid kill nearly 200 people.

Mar 19, 2004: The FBI LPU identifies Mayfield as the source of a fingerprint (LFP 17) recovered by the SNP (Spanish National Police). The FBI opens an investigation of Mayfield, including 24-hour surveillance.

Apr 13, 2004: The SNP issues report concluding that its comparison of Mayfield's prints was "negative."

Apr 21, 2004: FBI LPU Init Chief meets with SNP representatives in Madrid to discuss the FBI's identification of Mayfield.

May 4, 2004: Media inquiries begin regarding a possible American suspect in the Madrid train bombings.

May 6, 2004: The US Attorney's office seeks a material witness warrant and search warrants based on the LPU's identification of Mayfield as the source of LFP 17. Judge Jones issues the warrants and Mayfield is arrested and his home and office are searched.

May 19, 2004: The SNP informs the FBI that that it has identified (an Algerian named Ouhnane) Daoud as the source of LFP 17 and of another fingerprint (LFP 20).

May 20, 2004: Judge Jones releases Mayfield to home detention.

May 22, 2004: FBI LPU representatives meet with the SNP in Madrid to obtain high quality copies of Daoud's known fingerprints.

May 24, 2004: After an overnight re-examination, the FBI LPU declares LFP 17 to be "of no value" for identification.

May 24, 2004: Judge Jones dismisses the material witness proceeding. The FBI apologizes to Mayfield.

I was numbed by the Review's 52 pages (Review pages 127 – 79) of chilling analysis of the FBI's technical errors that led to the fingerprint misidentification, to the affidavit, and to Mr. Mayfield's arrest and imprisonment. Worse, I was stunned – and terrified – to learn of the human mistakes that that any caring observer with access to all the facts could have identified. How could they have been prevented or detected early? By making sure that responsible, caring, and independent observers with access to all the facts were overseeing the process.

Here are three examples:

1. On March 19, 2004, the FBI Latent Print Unit (LPU) identified Mr. Mayfield as the source of a fingerprint recovered by the Spanish National Police, and the FBI opened an investigation of Mr. Mayfield, including 24-hour surveillance (Review page 28); BUT: Although the LPU Quality Assurance Manual requires that a Peer Review be conducted before a Report of Examination is issued to ensure "that appropriate examinations had been performed and that any identifications had been verified and documented" and that "conclusions are supported in the examination documentation and are within the limitations of the discipline," in this case, "the LPU examiners interviewed by the OIG confirmed, however, that in practice the Peer Review did not involve a substantive review of the basis of the examiner's conclusion and did not constitute a separate examination of the relevant fingerprints. In the absence of any requirement that the basis of the examiner's conclusions be described or recorded in the Report of Examination, in practice the Peer Review (in this case) could not actually involve a determination of whether an identification was "within the limitations of the discipline." (Review pages 122-3). The verifier "declined to be interviewed for this investigation," and "he created no documentation reflecting the mental processes that led to his conclusion of individualization (i.e., identification) (Review page 175).

In short, THE OIG CONCLUDED THAT THE FBI SIMPLY DID NOT FOLLOW THE PROCEDURE MANDATED IN ITS OWN QUALITY ASSURANCE MANUAL "TO ENSURE THAT APPROPRIATE EXAMINATIONS HAD BEEN PERFORMED AND THAT ANY IDENTIFICATIONS HAD BEEN VERIFIED AND DOCUMENTED."

2. On April 13, 2004, the Spanish National Police (SNP) issued a report concluding that its comparison of Mayfield's prints was "negative" (Review pages 51-52). Here is the OIG assessment of the FBI's responses:

The April 13 Negativo Report provided an early warning to the FBI Laboratory that it had erred in identifying Mayfield and a corresponding opportunity to take a fresh look at the Mayfield identification. Although the meaning of the term "negativo" in the report was unclear to the FBI Laboratory, it was clear that the SNP Forensic Laboratory had at least preliminarily disagreed with the FBI's conclusions. The OIG found no evidence, however, that the FBI Laboratory adequately explored the possibility that it had erred in identifying Mayfield. Although (one of the examiners and the Unit Chief in this case) stated they took another look at the identification, they did not attempt to find out the basis of the SNP's doubts before reiterating their conclusions. Instead, Laboratory personnel told the Counterterrorism Division (CTD) on April 15 that they were "absolutely confident" in the identification. . . (The Unit Chief) told the OIG that his purpose in making the trip to Madrid was to explain the FBI's position, and he did not expect the SNP to make its own presentation. If so, it appears that (the Unit Chief) did not view the meeting as an opportunity to learn more about the SNP's position in order to inform the Laboratory's own reconsideration of the identification. The OIG believes that the Laboratory's overconfidence in the skill and superiority of its examiners prevented it from taking the April 13 Negativo Report as seriously as it should have. A better response to a conflicting determination by another forensic laboratory would have been, first, to determine the complete basis for the other laboratory's disagreement before committing anew to the validity of the original determination and, second, to arrange for a fresh examination of the relevant prints by a new examiner who had not previously committed himself to a particular conclusion. The FBI failed to take both these steps. (Review page 172) In short, THE OIG CONCLUDED THAT HAVING RECEIVED THE SPANISH NATIONAL POLICE REPORT CONCLUDING THAT ITS COMPARISON OF MAYFIELD'S PRINTS WAS "NEGATIVE," THE FBI LABORATORY FAILED TO ADEQUATELY EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITY THAT IT HAD ERRED IN IDENTIFYING MAYFIELD.

3. The degree to which the (Federal) Bureau (of Investigation) went to try to tag (Mr. Mayfield) as a participant in the Madrid bombings is indicated by the contentions in (the FBI agent's) affidavit. To establish that Mayfield could have personally handled the bag in Madrid, the affidavit states, "Since no record of travel or travel documents have been found in the name of BRANDON BIERI MAYFIELD, it is believed that MAYFIELD may have traveled under a false or fictitious name, with false or fictitious documents." (Affidavit, ¶ 23. See also, Spain Bombing Glance, Associated Press, Seattle Post-Intelligencer, May 24, 2004.) To infer Mayfield's possible allegiance to militant Islamic groups such as the one suspected of masterminding the Madrid bombings, the affidavit alleges: that he had represented a Portland man in a child custody case who was later convicted of conspiring to help al-Qaida and the Taliban in Afghanistan; that he regularly attended a Mosque in the Portland area that was his place of worship; that he advertised his legal practice in a business publication described as a "Muslim yellow page directory"; and that one phone call in September 2002 was made from Mayfield's home telephone to the phone of a man in Ashland, Oregon who at the time was the U.S. director of a Saudi Arabian based Islamic Foundation, that among other things "was involved in prison ministry throughout the United States, attempting to educate prisoners about the religion of Islam... This included distributing reading material to prisoners." (Affidavit ¶¶ 13, 16, 18, 19. See also, Spain Bombing Glance, *supra*).

Glaring by its omission is any allegation in (the) affidavit that Mayfield had been observed or was otherwise known by anyone, whether a government agent or informant, of being involved in any illegal activity whatsoever, much less the four March 2004 bombings in Madrid, Spain. Quite to the contrary, the affidavit paints the picture of a devotedly religious family man, who as a sole practitioner lawyer represents people in civil cases such as child custody disputes and advertises his business to reach potential clients, and who may have talked once with a man involved in providing religious (Muslim) educational materials to prisoners in this country.

http://forejustice.org/wc/mayfield/jd/brandon_mayfield_jd_issue25.htm

Here are the final sentences of the OIG assessment of the likely effect of Mr. Mayfield's Muslim religion, activities, and acquaintances on the actions of the FBI LPU:

(The LPU Unit Chief in this case) candidly admitted that if the person identified had been someone without these circumstances, like the "Maytag Repairman," the Laboratory might have revisited the identification with more skepticism and caught the error.

The OIG concluded that Mayfield's religion was not the sole or primary cause of the FBI's failure to question the original misidentification and catch its error. We concluded that the primary factors in the FBI's failure to revisit the identification before the SNP identified Daoud were the unusual similarity between LFP 17 and Mayfield's prints and the FBI Laboratory's faith in the expertise and infallibility of its examiners and methods. However, we believe that Mayfield's representation of a convicted terrorist and other facts developed during the field investigation, including his Muslim religion, also likely contributed to the examiners' failure to sufficiently reconsider the identification after legitimate questions about it were raised. (Review page 178-9)

In short, THE OIG CONCLUDED THAT MR. MAYFIELD'S MUSLIM RELIGION, ACTIVITIES, AND ACQUAINTANCES "LIKELY CONTRIBUTED TO THE EXAMINERS' FAILURE TO SUFFICIENTLY RECONSIDER THE IDENTIFICATION AFTER LEGITIMATE QUESTIONS ABOUT IT WERE RAISED."

Reaffirmation of commitment to democracy

In 1789, before agreeing to sign the Constitution, the representatives of our thirteen colonies created our Bill of Rights, to protect the rights of the people from assault by a powerful central government.

This stands at the heart of our democracy.

On October 29, 2003, the Portland City Council unanimously passed a resolution "Expressing concern about the USA P.A.T.R.I.O.T. Act." On December 9, 2004, the Multnomah County Board of Commissioners passed a similar resolution, expressing explicit commitment to protect civil rights in the era of the USA PATRIOT Act. Council Resolutions – 36179 USA PATRIOT Act resolution.pdf http://www2.co.multnomah.or.us/cfm/boardclerk/uploadedfiles/04-1831.pdf

If we, our civil rights, and our Constitution are to be protected from the actions of federal law enforcement and criminal investigation agencies, and the mistakes of their personnel, our Mayor, Police Commissioner, and City Attorney must maintain civilian oversight — with top secret security clearance — over the activities of all city employees, including our law enforcement professionals. This is a matter of priority and principle, not a matter of yielding to threats of punishment or promises of payment.

As in the past, I continue to be grateful to you, our Mayor and City Commissioners, for repeatedly appealing for active public participation — in this case, input and testimony—in the making of decisions that affect the lives of all of us who live, work, study, travel, and worship here. Thank you.

And a special thank you to you, Commissioner Saltzman. I hope that I'll remember, as long as I live, your deeply moving talk at the dedication of the Portland Holocaust Memorial on August 29, 2004. Your remarks brought to mind the words of Pastor Martin Niemoeller:

"First they came for the Communists, but I was not a Communist so I did not speak out. Then they came for the Socialists and the Trade Unionists, but I was neither, so I did not speak out. Then they came for the Jews, but I was not a Jew so I did not speak out. And when they came for me, there was no one left to speak out for me." (Pastor Martin Niemoeller, German anti-Nazi theologian and Lutheran pastor, imprisoned in Sachsenhausen and Dachau concentration camps from 1937 to1945.) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Martin_Niem%C3%B6ller

I hope that all of us will commit ourselves to remembering the experience of **Brandon Mayfield**, and the words of James Baldwin to Angela Davis:

"... If they take you in the morning, they will be coming for us that night." (James Baldwin to Angela Davis, 1971) http://www.nybooks.com/articles/10695.

Warmly,

Herman M. Frankel, M.D.

Parsons, Susan 37113

From: Sent:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com> Wednesday, December 17, 2014 9:15 PM

To:

michaelkuzmaesq@gmail.com; jesse32@sautah.com; sara@pier5law.com

Cc:

Parsons, Susan

Subject:

FBI Watch

https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/20140904190742-29817943-doj-complicity-and-cover-up-of-murders-involving-boston-fbi-agents?_mSplash=1

DOJ Cover-Up of Murders Involving Boston FBI Agents

For years, several CIA assets had given me the names of FBI agents involved in assassinations. I could never get myself to write about what they were telling me. It was too bizarre to comprehend that FBI agents, entrusted with protecting people, would be engaged in murdering them. And that higher FBI and DOJ officials were protecting the murders.

However, criminal proceedings and civil lawsuits filed in the Boston area in the 1990s provided proof that some FBI agents secretly worked with crime figures in murders and other crimes. Investigative newspaper reports and criminal proceedings provided the details of these happenings in the Boston FBI offices, and implicated high FBI and DOJ officials in Washington.

FBI Corruption and Murders in Boston Office Indicated Deep-Seated Culture Throughout FBI and DOJ

Over the years the instances of corruption involving FBI personnel had been kept off the public radar, but this would change in the 1990s when decades of FBI involvement in murders and other criminal acts were exposed by courageous media people in the Boston area. Media outlets elsewhere kept the lid on this scandal. This attention was brought about by the large number of murdered victims in the Boston area associated with the FBI-criminal relationship.

If it weren't for determined investigative reporters at the Boston Globe and the Hartford Courant, the murderous conduct would probably still be functioning as it had for the past 20 years. Helping to expose these matters were two reporters for the Boston Globe, Dick Lehr and Gerard O'Neill. They authored the book, Black Mass: The Irish Mob, the FBI and a Devil's Deal. The following was revealed by affidavits, testimony, court proceedings, and government records.

FBI Boston Office a Criminal Enterprise — Sanctioned by Washington FBI and DOJ Officials

The courageous media reporting and court proceedings revealed decades of FBI agents misusing their FBI positions to protect the murderous Boston-based crime group known as the Winter Hill gang headed by James "Whitey" Bulger and his partner, Steven "The Rifleman" Flemmi. Under the pretext of using Bulger and Flemmi as confidential informants, FBI agents, and particularly FBI Agent John Connolly, protected the crime group against state and federal prosecution and provided them insider information about wiretaps and pending indictments so they could protect themselves.

FBI agent Connolly's corruption began in 1976 when he accepted gifts from Bulger and returned the favors by giving Bulger inside information. FBI agents provided Bulger and Flemmi with information about wiretaps placed upon their phones by state and federal agencies, and with information on pending indictments.

FBI agents knew that Bulger and Flemmi were committing murders, some of which occurred after FBI agents leaked information about FBI confidential informants to Bulger. Bulger was involved in numerous criminal activities and needed the FBI to protect him whenever a state or federal agency threatened him.

The alleged purpose for this cozy arrangement was for the FBI to receive information from the Winter Hill gang on the activities of rival gangs. However, the information provided to the FBI by this relationship was relatively minor, while the benefits to the Bulger group were of immense value. By providing information to the FBI about Winter Hill's competitors in criminal activities, the gang was able to not only murder their competition in other criminal groups but also to take over their racketeering activities.

Another valuable benefit to the Winter Hill gang was that the FBI agents provided information about FBI informants, who were then tortured and murdered. This information permitted the Winter Hill gang to murder many government informants—with the full knowledge of the FBI agents and the Justice Department official in Washington—including FBI director J. Edgar Hoover.

Bulger was not only a living legend in Boston, but also had strong political connections in Massachusetts. His younger brother, William "Bill" Bulger, was powerful in the Massachusetts Senate, and later became president of the University of Massachusetts. While president of the University of Massachusetts, William Bulger refused to testify in December 2002 before a congressional committee investigating the FBI's conduct associated with the Winter Hill gang and William Bulger's brother. Referring to William Bulger, a New York Times article (April 10, 2003) stated:

In December, Mr. Bulger refused to testify at a hearing of the committee [House Government Reform Committee], in Boston, pleading his Fifth Amendment right against compelled self-incrimination. In December it was revealed that Mr. Bulger had told a federal grand jury looking into misconduct by F.B.I. agents in Boston, "I had an honest loyalty to my brother. I don't feel an obligation to help everyone to catch him." Mr. Bulger also disclosed that he had spoken with Whitey Bulger by telephone shortly after he went into hiding and had not advised him to give himself up.

Who Was Using Whom?

The FBI-Bulger connection made Bulger the undisputed crime king in New England, without any significant competition, and using the FBI for protection against prosecution for the dozens of murders committed. It was not the FBI using Bulger but rather Bulger using the FBI. The FBI was Bulger's enabler, paving the way for an already powerful murderous organized crime group to become even more powerful.

The incestuous relationship between the biggest crime group in New England and the FBI started in the 1960s for Flemmi, and 1975 for Bulger. This relationship continued until the turn of the century. During this period, FBI agents socialized with Bulger and Flemmi, having dinner at each other's homes, exchanging gifts, and in several cases, the FBI agents received cash from the crime group.

FBI Blocking State Police Investigations

When the Massachusetts state police sought to indict Bulger and other members of his criminal organization for murders and other crimes, FBI agents provided protection. The FBI informed Bulger of investigations, removing their names from indictments, disclosing wiretaps, and refusing to cooperate in joint task force investigations. This made possible the continuation of the murders, drug smuggling, and other racketeering activities that could have otherwise been prevented.

One Agent Exposed the Links, and High Level Cover-Up

FBI Special Agent Robert Fitzpatrick repeatedly told his superiors that Bulger was committing murders and other crimes and should be terminated as an FBI informant. He also advised his bosses that FBI Special Agent John Connolly was passing confidential FBI information to Bulger, and that this information assisted Bulger to avoid certain areas where

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telephone and other taps were in place. The decision was made at high FBI levels, including Washington, to continue this relationship with Bulger, knowing that people were being murdered and that racketeering activities were continuing to flourish.

Two of the many murders perpetrated by Bulger and Flemmi involved young women, Deborah Hussey and Debra Davis. Flemmi was living with his common-law wife, Marion Hussey, starting this relationship when Deborah, her daughter, was only five years old. As Deborah grew older, Flemmi started a sexual relationship with her, in addition to what he had with her mother.

When Deborah decided to end the sexual relationship, Flemmi and Bulger strangled her. Before disposing of the body, to prevent identification, they cut off Deborah's fingers and toes and knocked out all of her teeth.

While Flemmi had sexual relations with Marion Hussey and her daughter, he also had a sexual relationship with Debra Davis. She had foolishly entered a relationship with Flemmi at the age of 18, lured partly by the gifts lavished upon her. Several years later, when she announced an intention to end the relationship, Bulger and Flemmi strangled her in a house owned by Flemmi's mother. Flemmi and Bulger feared she would reveal what she learned about the criminal activities during her relationship with Flemmi. She was buried under a railroad trestle in Quincy, Massachusetts.

As the information became known about how Bulger and Flemmi had murdered their daughters, the girls' mothers filed civil actions against Flemmi and several FBI informants and agents. On February 26, 2001, Deborah's mother, Marion Hussey, filed a lawsuit and on March 7, 2001, Olga Davis filed hers.

Protection from Other Government Offices

While the FBI protected Bulger and Flemmi, protection came also from other DOJ offices—which would be ordered at the Washington level. Although it was common knowledge in the community that Flemmi and Bulger were murderers and protected by the FBI, William F. Weld, the U.S. Attorney in Boston from 1981 to 1986, did nothing to interfere. Nor did he do anything when he subsequently became governor of Massachusetts. And this protective stance continued after Weld left the governorship and became Assistant Attorney General in Washington, D.C.

In 1984, while Weld was U.S. Attorney, the DEA planned to use wiretaps against Flemmi and Bulger to obtain additional evidence of their drug crimes. The DEA asked Weld if the FBI wanted to get involved in a joint operation. Weld asked the head of the FBI Boston office, James Greenleaf, if he wanted to cooperate. Greenleaf refused. The DEA then proceeded without FBI assistance, but their subsequent wiretaps were rendered useless when FBI agents tipped off Bulger and Flemmi about the location of the wiretaps and bugs.

When U.S. Attorney Robert Mueller was responsible for the Boston office, he also covered up for the relationship. He later became director of the FBI to defend the United States against crime in the presidency of George H.Bush (Jr.). While Mueller was U.S. attorney in San Francisco, I made his office aware of considerable corruption that I and a group of other former federal agents had uncovered, much of it in Mueller's immediate jurisdiction. Mueller and his office chose to cover up for the criminal activities.

This entire FBI-Winter Hill gang partner-in-crime relationship was known to FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover for many years, and nothing was done to halt the incestuous and criminal relationship. Hoover, the FBI, and the Justice Department became complicit in the murders made possible by FBI misconduct. In my book, History of Aviation Disasters: 1950 to 9/11, I described writing to FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover—while I was a federal agent for the Federal Aviation Administration—accusing him of criminal cover-ups. A federal agent does not get away with such accusations unless they are true.

When a secret federal indictment against Bugler occurred in 1994, FBI agent Connolly immediately informed Bugler, enabling him to flee. He is still on-the-run. Senator Bugler stated he was unaware of his brother's criminal career, which no one, of course, believed.

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Local Media Exposure Finally Forced Justice Department Action

The Hartford Courant and the Boston Globe ran a series of articles on the sordid relationship between FBI agents and the Bulger gang, while most of the national media kept the lid on the scandals. One such article was the following:

As the State of Massachusetts was about to hand down indictments against Bulger, Flemmi, and other members of the Winter Hill gang, FBI Agent Connolly alerted Bugler, who then fled, along with a female companion.

James Bulger was shown on the Internet web site of the Massachusetts State Police as being wanted by the State of Massachusetts and the DEA, offering one million dollars reward for information leading to the arrest of Bulger. The Internet site listed Bulger under Most Wanted, and "Wanted for 19 counts of murder." The Internet site lists his female companion for harboring a fugitive: Catherine Elizabeth Greig (aka Helen Marshall and Carol Shapeton).

Defense Argument: Murders Perpetrated with FBI Permission

Defense lawyers for defendants Bulger and Flemmi argued before U.S. District Judge Mark L. Wolf that the charges should be dismissed because the government tacitly gave Flemmi and Bulger permission to commit the crimes they committed while they were acting as FBI informants. They also argued that the FBI knew of the crimes being committed and looked the other way.

FBI Aiding and Abetting Revealed in Testimony

In one of Flemmi's affidavits, he stated that FBI agents had a practice of alerting him to avoid certain places where the FBI had placed bugs; that FBI agents told him of impending indictments, and gave him the names of government informants, who were then murdered.

Those statements were supported by John Morris, former supervisor of Boston's Organized Crime Squad, who testified that he told FBI Agent Connolly about an informant who would be testifying against Bulger in the murder of a New England Jai Alai operator, Roger Wheeler. A short time later, the informant was killed.

The informant, Edward Brian Halloran, had information showing that Bulger killed Wheeler, and asked the Boston FBI office to allow him to testify and to put him in the government's witness protection program. Despite the fact that this information could solve one or more murders, the FBI refused. Halloran's name was given to Bulger, knowing that Holloran would be killed shortly thereafter.

Another FBI Agent Exposed in the Murderous Boston Office

According to testimony by a Mafia boss and a government informant, Boston FBI Special Agent H. Paul Rico was also heavily involved with criminal elements. He reportedly helped kill a gangster, and framed others for murders that they did not commit.

FBI Agent Taking Cash from Murderous Crime Group

Former FBI agent John Morris, testifying under a grant of immunity, admitted taking cash on several occasions from two informants, totaling \$7000, and that the money came from Bulger and Flemmi. FBI Agent Connolly, who was Bulger's handler—or the other way around—repeatedly refused to answer questions, invoking his Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination.

Thirty Years in Prison For Crime the FBI Knew He Didn't Do

A May 4, 2001, Boston Globe headline read, "Man Imprisoned 30 Years for Crime FBI Knew He Didn't Commit:"

Due to the withholding of evidence, Salvati was sent to prison in 1967. A Massachusetts father of four, Joe Salvati, was convicted of murder and served 30 years in prison—while the FBI, including Washington headquarters, knew he was innocent and knew the murder was committed by one of their paid informants. The known perjured testimony of an FBI informant led to his conviction and imprisonment.

Foreign News Service Reporting FBI Corruption

A June 20, 2001, Reuter's article, titled, "FBI Agent Accused In Corruption Inquiry," referred to an FBI agent in nearby Providence, Rhode Island, accepting expensive gifts from criminal elements. The article stated:

An F.B.I. agent has been suspended over accusations that he accepted gifts from a mob associate's former wife ... the Providence Journal reported today. The newspaper said the Federal Bureau of Investigation confirmed that the special agent, David DiLustro, has been suspended with pay.

The gifts Mr. DiLustro received included a bath house at an exclusive beach resort ... The F.B.I. is investigating Mr. DiLustro's relationship with Gail-Ann Calenda, who bribed city officials to get property-tax reductions in 1998. Two tax officers and a lawyer were convicted in the case. Mayor Vincent Cianci and five others have been indicted on corruption charges as a result of the inquiry.

Dying in Prison for Crimes They Didn't Commit: |Courtesy of Justice Department Personnel

Two of the men convicted with Salvati died in prison for a murder they did not commit and which the FBI knew they didn't commit. Salvati remained in prison for 30 years until a rare lawyer's persistence produced documents withheld by the FBI and Boston police. It took years for Salvati's lawyer, Victor Garo, to obtain documents proving FBI agents and Boston police prosecuted Salvati to protect the identities of several FBI informants who would possibly be exposed if the real murderer were identified.

Congressional Hearings—and Then the Usual Cover-Up

A hearing was held on May 4, 2001 before the House Government Reform Committee concerning the FBI's involvement in covering up for several of their informants who were involved in a Boston murder and how the FBI withheld information so as to convict an innocent man and father of four of murder. After listening to what occurred, Representative Christopher Shays tearfully told Joe Salvati:

Your story of faith, your story of family, your story of courage and perseverance is a gift to your nation. And we cherish it. Your testimony will insure on one else has to endure the outrageous indignities and injustices you, Mr. Salvati, Marie, and your family, have suffered." [Don't count on this PR statement!]

"Truth be dammed."

Testifying before the committee, Victor J. Garo, a lawyer, said: "It was more important to the FBI that they protected their prized informants than it was for innocent people [to be sent to prison]. The truth be dammed. It didn't matter about the truth."

FBI Agent's Arrogance

In response to a question from a committee member whether FBI Special Agent H. Paul Rico felt any remorse for his role in the case, he defiantly shouted, "What do you want, Tears? It'll be probably a nice movie or something."

Documents Showed FBI Director Implicated in Crimes

Documents presented during the criminal trial proved that FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover knew of the criminal misconduct, false testimony, murders perpetrated by protected FBI informants, sending innocent people to prison, and did nothing to stop it.

Connolly's tip to Bulger of his indictment occurred in 1994 and enabled Bulger to flee. Many people connected to the case believe that the FBI does not want to capture Bulger so as to cover up its own decades of criminal involvement. Burger was finally discovered on a tip from a neighbor in June 2011, living in Santa Monica with his companion, Catherine Greig.

Long Overdue Federal Indictments

Federal indictments were also finally handed down against FBI agent John Connolly, who was arrested on Christmas Eve, 1999, and charged with racketeering. The trial of John Connolly took place in an atmosphere that implied his innocence. Connolly was permitted to sit in the audience with his family rather than at the defense table. U.S. District Judge Joseph A. Tauro saw no problem in that arrangement.

Sitting in the courtroom was the new FBI director, Robert Mueller, who many believe was appointed FBI director because of his capacity to cover up governmental scandals. He followed the profile of many past FBI Directors, including former FBI Director William Sessions who rose from a lowly federal district court Judge in Texas to the FBI Directorship after he cooperated with President Reagan and his Attorney-General Dick Thornburgh in the 1980's.

In politics, rewards are handed out to those that cooperate. During the 1980s AUSA, Robert Mueller in Boston kept the lid on the FBI scandal involving the criminal group headed by Bulger. He was appointed United States Attorney in Boston, insuring that information was kept from the Boston Police Department about the crimes perpetrated by the Bulger group and by FBI agents.

Boston Police Department complained bitterly that both the Justice Department and the FBI interfered or prevented their investigations into known mob operations. Watching Connolly's trial in May and June of 2002 was Massachusetts State Senator William Bugler, who was also the president of the Massachusetts senate. William Bulger was the younger brother of mobster James "Whitey" Bulger, who headed a powerful organized crime group in Boston, in which FBI Special Agent Connolly was involved.

Media Publicity Forced Prosecution of FBI Agents

On May 23, 2002, Assistant U.S. Attorney John Durham filed charges against Connolly, who at that time was retired from the FBI. The charges stated that Connolly "functioned as a member of a criminal enterprise;" racketeering and obstruction of justice; leaking confidential information to people in the Bulger organized crime group that resulted in the killing of three witnesses; taking bribes; active participation in sending innocent men to prison; role in murdering witnesses against the mob; covering up crimes committed by the criminal elements; and tipping off James "Whitey" Bulger, the powerful head of a Boston crime group.

Jury Finds Connolly Guilty of Lesser Charges, With Federal Judge Proposing Leniency

The jury found Connolly guilty of racketeering, obstructing justice, and lying to an FBI agent, and innocent on the conspiracy to murder charges. Following this verdict, senior U.S. District Judge Edward F. Harrington wrote a letter to the sentencing judge requesting leniency for Connolly.

In 2002, Connolly was sentenced to ten years in prison for his conduct that resulted in FBI informants being murdered, in conduct converting the FBI offices into a racketeering enterprise, and other crimes. The sentence was less than countless numbers of men and women received for peanut quantities of drugs or no-drug conspiracies in which government agents and government informants falsely testify about drug evidence. The system protects their own!

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In criminal trials against the non-government criminal defendants, one of Bulger's brothers pleaded guilty (April 15, 2003) in U.S. district court at Boston for perjury and obstruction of justice arising from lying to federal grand juries.

Rico was charged with the 1965 murder of Tulsa businessman Roger Wheeler, a murder that Rico committed after retiring from the FBI and working for Wheeler as a security consultant. Rico murdered Wheeler at a Tulsa country club because Wheeler had discovered Rico had embezzled funds from Wheeler's company, World Jai Alai. It could be assumed that the FBI's tolerance of Rico's criminal conduct while in the Boston office emboldened Rico to kill Wheeler, thinking he was immune from prosecution. While waiting to go to trial, Rico died in January 2004 at an Oklahoma state prison in Tulsa. His death prevented further information about FBI misconduct from being revealed during trial.

Subsequent Trial Nets FBI Agent Connolly 40 Years in Prison

A Miami jury convicted former FBI agent John Connolly of second-degree murder in the 1982 shooting death of World Jai-Alai president John Callahan and a judge sentenced him to 40 years in prison. Six civil lawsuits were filed, with another ten expected, from family members of people who were murdered due to Connolly's actions.

Media Blackout Despite the Grave National Implications

The evidence showed a major scandal with national implications, but national media exposure was limited, and only a few local newspapers provided the public with details on this sordid FBI drama. These were the Boston Globe and Hartford Courant, running a series of articles that commenced in 1988. The rest of the nation's media covered up for the sordid and widespread misconduct in the FBI. This is the FBI that would be counted upon to detect terrorists and other threats to national interests!

A CBS "60-Minutes" broadcast in April 2001, provided an abbreviated account, showing mob boss James J. "Whitey" Bulger, as being a paid FBI informant for over 20 years and protected against investigation and prosecution while he and his gang engaged in murders, drug dealings, and other crimes.

An April 6, 2001, Dateline program revealed that Robert Fitzpatrick, who was an Assistant Special Agent in charge of the FBI's Boston Field Office in the 1980s repeatedly told his superiors that Bulger should be terminated as an FBI informant after learning of the numerous murders he committed. Fitzpatrick also said he warned top FBI officials that former FBI Agent John Connolly was leaking confidential information to Bulger. So successful was the media cover-up that I could not find a single person, including talk show hosts, who knew about the Boston FBI scandal.

Many More Involved at State and Federal Levels

Many more people in state and federal government positions were involved, either directly or through cover-ups, who escaped prosecution. One name that wasn't mentioned in this scenario was former Massachusetts Governor Bill Weld.

Weld headed the Boston U.S. Attorney's office during much of the time Bulger & Flemmi were engaging with the FBI in a racketeering enterprise. Nor was any mention made of U.S. Attorney Robert Mueller, who was responsible for prosecutions in the Boston FBI office during part of the time these FBI crimes were ongoing.

High FBI Officials Implicated, Making Cover-Up Urgent

Among the high-ranking figures that surfaced at Connolly's trial were Robert S. Mueller, III; former FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, and the former president of the Massachusetts senate, William Bulger. FBI Director Mueller was an assistant U.S. attorney in Boston, in charge of the Criminal Division, and for a period of time was the acting U.S. attorney, while Connolly was involved in murderous misconduct with a criminal group headed by James Bulger. Mueller never acted to halt Connolly's misconduct.

Mueller covered up for numerous criminal activities[1] that I reported to him while he was with the FBI office in San Francisco.

Diverted Congressional Hearings

The publicity forced the U.S. House of Representatives' Committee on Government Reform to conduct hearings. But not to address the corruption within the FBI that went to Washington and included DOJ officials. The hearings were primarily on the advisability of using government informants!

"An institution in dire need of reform."

An outspoken member of the committee was Congressman Bill Delahunt of Massachusetts. He said, "What happened in Boston is not just a John Connolly rogue street agent problem. What we have revealed here is an institution in dire need of reform, with no accountability, no transparency, and a total lack of controls." Representative Delahunt spent 20-years as a local district attorney and claimed his own investigations of Whitey Bugler were undermined by FBI protection of the mobster.

As far back as 1965, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover was told that four innocent men had been sent to prison for life for a murder which the FBI knew was committed by one of the FBI's informants. The murder of Edward Deegan in 1965 was committed by FBI informant Vincent Flemmi. The U.S. Attorney Boston investigated whether other FBI agents were involved. In an attempt to cover its own involvement in the murders and other crimes committed by Connolly, officials in FBI Washington headquarters sent a team to investigate some of these accusations back in 1997. FBI Agent Charles Prouty and a team from the FBI and Justice Department looked into the situation discovered by U.S. District Court Judge Mark L. Wolf.

Standard Government Whitewash

Within five weeks, Prouty and his team released their report, which found no wrongdoing within a five-year statute of limitations period. Further hearing by Judge Wolf unearthed the misconduct that was eventually cited in the Connolly trial. For protecting the FBI's role in the crimes, Prouty was promoted to the head of the FBI Boston Field Office as its new Special Agent-In-Charge.

While the Justice Department's Criminal Division prosecuted Connolly, the civil law suits against him were being vigorously defended by the Justice Department's Civil Division. The U.S. Department of Justice was willing to defend Connolly in these civil lawsuits because the FBI was also being sued. The standard of proof in a civil suit is much lower than in a criminal case. Here jurors base their findings on only a preponderance of evidence, not proof beyond a reasonable doubt.

Huge Civil Judgments Resulting From FBI-DOJ Criminal Conduct

Referring to the victims of the FBI corruption in Boston, an Op-Ed article in the Wall Street Journal ((August 2, 2007) by Richard Moran addressed the problem of prosecutors knowingly filing false charges against innocent people:

Last week, Judge Nancy Gertner of the Federal District Court in Boston awarded more than \$100 million to four men whom the F.B.I. framed for the 1965 murder of Edward Deegan, a local gangster. It was compensation for the 30 years the men spent behind bars while agents withheld evidence that would have cleared them and put the real killer—a valuable F.B.I. informant, by the name of Vincent Flemmi—in prison.

Most coverage of the story described it as a bizarre exception in the history of law enforcement. Unfortunately, this kind of behavior by those whose sworn duty is to uphold the law is all too common. In state courts, where most death sentences are handed down, it occurs regularly.

My recently completed study of the 124 exonerations of death row inmates in America from 1973 to 2007 indicated that 80, or about two-thirds of their so-called wrongful convictions resulted not from good-faith mistakes or errors but from intentional, willful, malicious prosecutions by criminal justice personnel.

Yet too often this behavior is not singled out and identified for what it is. When a prosecutor puts a witness on the stand that he knows to be lying, or fails to turn over evidence favorable to the defense, or when a police officer manufactures or destroys evidence to further the likelihood of a conviction, then it is deceptive to term these conscious violations of the law as merely mistakes or errors.

Mistakes are good-faith errors—like taking the wrong exit off the highway, or dialing the wrong telephone number. There is no malice behind them. However, when officers of the court conspire to convict a defendant of first-degree murder and send him to death row, they are doing much more than making an innocent mistake or error. They are breaking the law.

Since so many wrongful convictions result from official malicious behavior, prosecutors, policemen, witnesses or even jurors and judges could themselves face jail time for breaking the law in obtaining an unlawful conviction.

The term "wrongfully convicted" is technically correct, and also has the potential to be misleading. It leads to the false impression that most inmates ended up on death row because of good-faith mistakes or errors committed by an imperfect criminal justice system—not by malicious or unlawful behavior.

Falsified FBI Forensic Evidence Reports

Referring to forensic evidence, the article stated that "The best trained and most honest forensic scientists can only examine the evidence presented to them; they cannot be expected to determine if that evidence has been planted, switched or withheld from the defense." The article referred to FBI laboratory technicians making positive reports of crime evidence that they falsified, sending many innocent people to prison.

Another article referring to the FBI corruption in those Boston cases (New York Times, Aug. 5, 2007) described the harm suffered by the families of those men wrongly convicted. Louis Greco, Sr. died in prison. His wife, depressed, started drinking heavily and abandoned the children. A son, Louis Greco, Jr., depressed, committed suicide. Others suffered personal and financial tragedies due to the corruption in the FBI and Department of Justice.

FBI Agent's Involvement in Murder of Telex Corporation CEO

Appearing on CBS's 60-Minutes show (January 6, 2008), one of the mass killers for the Winter Hill gang, John Martorano, admitted to murdering over 18 people, and was a government witness. He admitted killing the CEO of Telex Corporation, who also owned World Jai Alai, Roger Wheeler. Martorano stated, as he had previously testified, that Boston FBI Special Agent Paul Rico provided the logistical information to carry out the murder.

In another murder, Martorano stated that FBI Special Agent John Connolly advised him and Bulger that one of their associates, John Callahan, was about to expose him for murdering Wheeler. With this information Martorano then murdered Callahan.

When asked on the show, "Do you think that John Connolly knew that you were gonna kill Callahan?" Martorano replied, "Sure. He said it. 'We're all going to go to jail the rest of our life if this guy doesn't get killed."

[1] I offered to provide evidence to Mueller while he was in the FBI San Francisco office, and the criminal activities that I offered to report were those that I described in my book Defrauding America. They consisted of drug smuggling by

people in the FBI, rampant corruption of federal judges and others in the bankruptcy courts; and others, all of which involved people in government positions. He never responded.

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com> Wednesday, December 17, 2014 3:37 PM

To:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com; rowley-on-merrimack@comcast.net; uncleed33@hotmail.com; cfwhiteh@aol.com; watermelonslim@sbcglobal.net; barrmcclellan@att.net; bwz@rogers.com;

billayers123@gmail.com; billslavick@myfairpoint.net; gbedding@myfairpoint.net; decamplegal@inebraska.com; danny@mediachannel.org; daviddiamond42@me.com; robert.shetterly@gmail.com; rowleyclan@earthlink.net; santrea_143@hotmail.com;

sibeldeniz@aol.com; matthew.cecil@wichita.edu; m.dukakis@neu.edu;

merylnass@gmail.com; treefrog@ix.netcom.com

Cc: Subject: sara@pier5law.com; Parsons, Susan; michael.kuzmaesq@gmail.com; jesse32@sautah.com

FBI agents who like to torture Americans

see link for full story

http://dissenter.firedoglake.com/2014/12/17/aclu-appeals-decision-which-created-immunity-for-fbi-agents-involved-intorturing-us-citizens-abroad/

ACLU Appeals Decision Which Created Immunity for FBI Agents Involved in Torturing US Citizens Abroad

Wednesday December 17, 2014 11:18 am

The American Civil Liberties Union has appealed a federal district court's decision to dismiss a lawsuit brought by an American citizen who alleges he was detained and tortured by FBI agents in Kenya, Somalia and Ethiopia in violation of his constitutional rights.

Judge Emmet G. Sullivan, who was appointed by President Bill Clinton, ruled in June, "The facts alleged in this case and the legal questions presented are deeply troubling." But, he added, "Although Congress has legislated with respect to detainee rights, it has provided no civil remedies for US citizens subject to the appalling mistreatment [Amir] Meshal has alleged against officials of his own government."

Sullivan essentially decided the courts are powerless when it comes to protecting US citizens from being tortured by US government officials while they are abroad.

In the organization's appeal [PDF], the ACLU argues the district court erred in deciding that Meshal had no remedy available to him after FBI agents were directly involved in unlawfully detaining and torturing him during an investigation that took place outside the United States.

The district court correctly recognized that Meshal did not "forefeit the protection" of the US Constitution by "traveling abroad and that US law enforcement agents may not subject a US citizen to months of near-incommunicado detention without access to counsel or any kind of hearing before a judicial officer." It also understood he had a constitutional right not to be coercively interrogated as a captured US citizen who was threatened with "disappearance, torture and death."

But the ACLU contends the district court committed errors in judgment when it ignored the fact that the Supreme Court has rejected a "national security" exception.

The district court also inappropriately overlooked Meshal's citizenship, how Congress has wanted a remedy available to US citizens wrongly imprisoned and tortured by law enforcement officials, how the judiciary has experience handling these exact types of cases and the danger of immunizing law enforcement officials from being held accountable for abuses.

"No US citizen would have the opportunity to bring suit if the case in some way involves national security unless and until Congress enacts a statute providing a remedy," if the district court's decision is allowed to stand, the ACLU added.

Meshal was in the Horn of Africa when, on January 24, 2007, Kenyan soldiers captured and interrogated him. He was "hooded, handcuffed and flown to Nairobi, where he was taken to the Ruai Police Station and questioned by an officer of Kenya's Criminal Investigation Department."

The police informed him they had to "find out what the United States wanted to do with him before he could send him back to the United States." He remained in detention without access to a telephone or his attorney for a week.

On February 3, "three Americans," who turned out to be FBI agents, interrogated Meshal and told him he would be handed over to the Kenyans and remain stuck in a "lawless country" if he did not cooperate. The agents also accused him of "having received weapons and interrogation resistance training in an al Qaeda camp."

Supervising Special Agent Chris Higgenbotham, one of the officials sued, allegedly threatened Meshal with transfer to Israel where the Israelis would "make him disappear." Meshal was informed that another US citizen he had met in Kenya, Daniel Maldonado, who was also seized by Kenyan soldiers, "had a lot to say about" him and his story "would have to match."

Another agent, Supervising Special Agent Steve Hersem, allegedly told Meshal "Egyptian authorities were very interested in speaking with him and 'had ways of making [him] talk." He threatened to subject Meshal to the same torture that the protagonist in Midnight Express experiences if he did not "cooperate and admit his connection with al Qaeda." Hersem also informed Meshal, "You made it so that even your grandkids are going to be affected by what you did."

On February 9, Meshal was flown by Kenyan officials to Somalia with twelve others. He was "detained in handcuffs in an underground room with no windows or toilets," which was referred to as "the cave." This was allegedly to prevent pressure from Kenyan courts to halt his detention and interrogation by FBI agents.

About a week later, Meshal was transported in handcuffs and a blindfold to Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. He was held there in incommunicado detention for a week before Ethiopian officials started to regularly transport him to a villa with other prisoners where he would be interrogated by FBI agents on a daily basis.

While in Ethiopia, an unidentified FBI agent said he would only be sent home if he was "truthful." Meshal repeatedly asked to speak to his lawyer but agents denied his requests.

Meshal remained in detention for three months and was moved into solitary confinement twice. Then, on May 24, he was taken to the US Embassy in Addis Ababa and flown back to the US.

He was detained for four months and lost eighty pounds. While allegations against him were certainly made, US officials never charged him with a crime.

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The ruling in June provides "absolute immunity" for this type of law enforcement abuse creating what the ACLU calls an "unprecedented and unbounded 'national security' and 'foreign relations' exception."

From the district court's decision:

...As the government points out, these claims have the potential to implicate 'national security threats in the Horn of Africa region; substance and sources of intelligence; the extent to which each government in the region participates in or cooperates with US operations to identify, apprehend, detain, and question suspected terrorists on their soil; [and] the actions taken by each government as part of any participation or cooperation with US operations.'...

In other words, Sullivan agreed with the government that permitting Meshal to sue officials would interfere with affairs that were entirely in the control of the Executive Branch and violate separation of powers. It also may jeopardize close cooperation between the US and other country—perhaps, even an ongoing arrangement to operate a secret detention facility where the US was providing security officers support.

Whether a US citizen is imprisoned and tortured for four years or even forty years, whether they are strangled in a cell, there is now a precedent where a measure of recourse for such rights violations has been foreclosed.

The appeal brought on behalf of Meshal will be important in trying to regain a means for victims to win some level of justice after they are tortured by US law enforcement officials abroad.

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Parsons, Susan

From: Sent:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net> Friday, December 19, 2014 1:36 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com; jesse32@sautah.com

pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council

It is a common mistake for criminal justice consumers to forget the FBI crime family is an integral part of the US Military.

When taxpayer funded FBI agents needed satchel charges to collapse the columns on the Oklahoma City bombing Murragh building they turned to their serial killing partners at Quantico Marine Base where the FBI Training Academy is located.

Yes Timothy McVeigh's truck bomb was used to misdirect your attention. see below

Of course the FBI is an equal opportunity serial killing organization.

The FBI turned to Fort Dederick for the Anthrax used in 911.

As a FBI agent was once heard to remark while participating in the President Kennedy assassination....

"When you are the law enforcement agency investigating the crime you just committed......"

1.

see link for full story

http://www.seattlepi.com/news/crime/article/GAO-says-FBI-s-anthrax-investigation-was-flawed-5968390.php

Report: FBI's anthrax investigation was flawed

December 19, 2014

The Government Accountability Office says the science the FBI used to investigate the 2001 anthrax attacks was flawed.

The GAO released a report Friday on its findings. The agency didn't take a position on the FBI's conclusion that Army biodefense researcher Bruce Ivins acted alone in making and sending the powdered spores that killed five people and sickened 17 others.

The report adds fuel to the debate among experts, including many of Ivins' co-workers at Fort Detrick in Frederick, Maryland, over whether Ivins could have made and mailed the anthrax-filled envelopes.

The GAO said the FBI's research did not provide a full understanding of the methods and conditions that give rise to genetic mutations used to differentiate between samples of anthrax bacteria. The report calls this a "key scientific gap."

2.

https://caseclosedbylewweinstein.wordpress.com

GAO Report Reviewing Amerithrax Investigation Expected Friday, December

Posted by Lew Weinstein on December 14, 2014

IT WASN'T IVINS !!!

IT WASN'T IVINS!!!

Posted in Uncategorized | Tagged: *** 2001 anthrax attacks, *** Amerithrax, *** Dr. Bruce Ivins, *** FBI anthrax investigation, GAO anthrax investigation report | 35 Comments »

* Head Of CIA's Interrogation Program Jose Rodriguez Points To Al Qaeda Anthrax Program and Fall 2001 Mailings In Disputing Senate Torture Report

Posted by Lew Weinstein on December 12, 2014

Source:

http://www.foxnews.com/transcript/2014/12/11/jose-rodriguez-disputes-claims-in-senate-cia-interrogation-report/

Screen shot 2014-12-12 at 8.50.18 AM

Screen shot 2014-12-12 at 8.48.43 AM

Posted in Uncategorized | Tagged: *** 2001 anthrax attacks, Al Qaeda & anthrax, CIA's Interrogation Program, Jose Rodriguez | 8 Comments »

* Senate Minority (Republican) Pushback on Senate Torture Report

Posted by Lew Weinstein on December 11, 2014

yazid

Yazid Suffat

unnamed (4)

Posted in Uncategorized | Tagged: *** 2001 anthrax attacks, *** FBI anthrax investigation, Al Qaeda & anthrax, Senate Torture Report, Yazid Sufaat | 1 Comment »

* CIA pushback: Senate Torture Report selectively omits that CIA learned "important information about al-Qa'ida's anthrax plotting and the role of Yazid Sufaat"

Posted by Lew Weinstein on December 11, 2014

unnamed (2) unnamed (3)

Posted in Uncategorized | Tagged: Al Qaeda & anthrax, Senate Torture Report, Yazid Sufaat | 2-Comments »

* Senate Torture Report: Yazid Sufaat's assistant Al-Barq alternately would say "I made the anthrax" or "I lied"

Posted by Lew Weinstein on December 10, 2014

unnamed (2)

Posted in Uncategorized | Tagged: Senate Torture Report, Yazid Sufaat's assistant Al-Barq | 2 Comments »

* Senate Torture Report: KSM wrote bin al-Shibh a letter referencing "Jafar the Pilot" and indicating that "Jafar" "ought to prepare himself" to smuggle himself from Mexico; the letter was seized in September 2002

3.

THE EXECUTION OF A GOVERNMENT PATSY

www.apfn.org/apfn/mcveigh_patsy.htm

into the Highway patrol and OKC police as a possible bombing suspect BEFORE the Murrah Building MULTIPLE EXPLOSIONS that occurred in the basement of the building where satchel type charges of possibly fulminated mercury or C-4 McVeigh Another 'Lone Nut'? - Not A Chance - Rense www.rense.com/general11/bot.htm When the Feds tore that building down and buried the evidence of internal ... Oklahoma City Bombing Cover-Up

http://www.apfn.org/apfn/okc_coverup. ... survivor of the Oklahoma City Murrah Building MULTIPLE EXPLOSIONS that occurred in the basement of the building where satchel-type charges of possibly fulminated ...

I am concerned that vital evidence will soon be destroyed with the ...

thebirdman.org/...OklahomaCityBombing/GenPartonDemolishesTheFeds'O...

Oklahoma City Bombing: Expert Analysis ... done to Oklahoma City's Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in the April 19th bombing were overwhelming. "If a satchel charge or linear cavity cutting charge or other explosive were used on the

Conspiracy Nation -- Vol. 7 Num. 46 ...

www.textfiles.com/conspiracy/CN/cn07-46.txt

SUBJECT: RECENT OKC BOMBING SPECULATION ... Jim also mentioned that there were at least 3 satchel charges placed on ... He also said that there were few agents in the Murrah building at the time of the bombing only because of the ... Oklahoma City bombing case

www.riflewarrior.com/okc.html

THE BOMBING OF THE ALFRED P. MURRAH FEDERAL BUILDING ... seemingly "escaping" from the area through rural Oklahoma, law enforcement agencies pulled to Oklahoma City with a satchel full of cash to help finance the bombing.

MCVEIGH -THE PATSY - Dreams of the Great Earth Changes www.greatdreams.com/mcveigh-patsy.htm for the bombing of the Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City, OK in 1995. that occurred in the basement of the building where satchel type charges of ...

Moore-Love, Karla

From:

Moore-Love, Karla

Sent:

Tuesday, December 23, 2014 10:53 AM

To:

'mayorhales@portlandoregon.gov'; Commissioner Fritz; Commissioner Fish; Commissioner

Saltzman; Commissioner Novick

Cc:

Wesson-Mitchell, Deanna; Wiggins, Rachael

Subject:

FW: for city council JTTF re: FBI

Testimony from Joseph Baltar.

Karla Moore-Love | Council Clerk Office of the City Auditor 503.823.4086

----Original Message----

From: Joseph Baltar [mailto:joebmereel@fairpoint.net]

Sent: Monday, December 22, 2014 8:22 PM To: Parsons, Susan; jesse32@sautah.com

Cc: Moore-Love, Karla; joebmereel@fairpoint.net

Subject: for city council JTTF re: FBI

Please pass on to the City Council

re: JTTF

Foul-Mouthed Police Chief: I Was An FBI Informant

see link for full story

http://www.nbcphiladelphia.com/news/local/Foul-Mouth-Police-Chief-Mark-Kessler-Video-Rants-Snare-Threats-Gilberton-Pennsylvania-286605701.html

Monday, Dec 22, 2014 • Updated at 5:22 PM EST A former Pennsylvania police chief who posted online videos of himself ranting obscenely about liberals and the Second Amendment while shooting automatic weapons secretly fed information on people he considered militia members, anti-government extremists and so-called "sovereign citizens" to the FBI and state police, according to documents he showed to The Associated Press. The extent of former Gilberton Chief Mark Kessler's relationship with state and federal law enforcement, whether they asked for the information, what they did with it, and how they viewed him all remain unclear. Foul-Mouthed Police Chief Sues

FBI spokesman J.J. Klaver said the agency does not comment on people who claim to be informants. State police also declined to comment.

The ex-lawman attracted attention last year after posting incendiary videos of himself spraying machine-gun fire and cursing liberals and others. The videos got hundreds of thousands of views online.

Militia for Foul-Mouthed Ex-Chief's Reality Show?

Kessler said that individuals advocating insurrection and violence contacted him as a result of the videos, and he saw them as a threat and had a responsibility to report them to federal and state authorities.

He said he's going public now because he wants to reclaim his reputation. Kessler retired from the police department last February in a settlement with borough officials, who intended to fire him after the videos emerged.

Town Abolishing Foul-Mouthed Chief's Police Dept.

The ex-lawman had private Facebook communications that he shared via email with the state and the FBI, according to documents viewed by AP.

The agents' names were redacted by Kessler.

In one message, an individual advocates shooting the president. In another, someone talks about targeting mosques.

"Any normal person who was contacted by these twisted individuals has a duty to report what they were planning," Kessler said.

Kessler's attorney, Joseph Nahas, said his client reached out to law enforcement about his contacts with radical groups.

Extremists "looked at Mark to be some sort of leader and further their cause of governmental destruction," Nahas said, and Kessler gathered intelligence about "who they were, what their plans were, what their targets were."

Nahas said a state trooper told him this fall that he had been receiving information from Kessler.

Kessler claims his first contact with individuals he termed extremists came nearly two years ago, after he pushed Gilberton's council to adopt a resolution nullifying certain gun laws.

Kessler says he met with an FBI agent and a state trooper and continued to pass on information, but received contact from fewer people as months wore on. That's when he said he ramped up his rhetoric by posting incendiary videos in the summer of 2013.

At the time, Kessler said the videos were designed to draw attention to an out-of-control federal government and the erosion of Second Amendment and other constitutional rights. He now asserts his public persona was an act meant to lure would-be domestic terrorists.

No law enforcement agency put him up to the videos; in fact, they were upset with him for posting them, he said.

"I wasn't portraying me. I was basically acting to attract these sickos and it worked," said Kessler. Kessler first said he had reached out to law enforcement agencies on Alan Colmes' Fox News Radio show earlier this month, but included few details and did not reveal the names of the agencies to whom he was supplying information.

"I thought I was doing good for myself, my country, my fellow Americans, by trapping these radicals a

Moore-Love, Karla

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Tuesday, December 23, 2014 2:22 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

FBI Watches Frank Serpico

I interviewed Serpico the NYPD cop who was shot in the face after he exposed NYPD officers dealing heroin and cocaine in NY City

Call NY Mayor DiBlasio and tell him to watch the movie Serpico

http://www1.nyc.gov/office-of-the-mayor/contact-the-mayor.page

also see

Serpico: Incidents like Eric Garner's death drive wedge between police and society Cowardly cops living by the 'shoot first, ask questions later' mantra put the good guys in a bad light and threaten the public's right to justice.

BY FRANK SERPICO SPECIAL TO THE NEWS Friday,

http://www.nydailynews.com/new-york/serpico-wedge-driven-police-society-article-1.2034651

December 5, 2014,

Cowardly cops 'don't belong in the uniform', according to retired NYPD Officer Frank Serpico.

Was I surprised by the Staten Island grand jury? Of course not. When was the last time a police officer was indicted?

This is the use of excessive force for no apparent reason on a guy who is selling loosie cigarettes; what is the threat to your well-being?

If a police officer's life is in danger, he has every right to use every force in his means to defend himself.

In the old days, they used to put a gun or a knife on somebody after a shooting. Now they don't even bother.

But today, we have cops crying wolf all the time. They testify "I was in fear of my life," the grand jury buys it, the DA winks and nods, and there's no indictment.

I remember a guy I worked with back in the 81st Precinct, an ex-Marine named Murphy. He would not turn out for roll call until his shoes were spit-shined, and his uniform was creased.

One night, he was called to a family dispute. There was a man waiting behind the door, and he came out with a butcher knife and slashed Murphy's face.

Murphy could have emptied his gun in him. Instead, he disarmed the man and put him in cuffs. What's happening today in the performance of some officers can only be described as sheer cowardice. They don't belong in the uniform, and they shouldn't have weapons — whether they're cops or not.

I hear cops saying all the time — and they're proud of it — "shoot first, ask questions later."

They say, "It's my job to get home safe." Yes, but not at the cost of a human being who never posed a threat to you in the first place.

I called for, way back when before the Knapp Commission, for an independent investigative body. When I was testifying about police corruption, I saw very clearly how the DA can lead the grand jury in any direction they so desire.

Why would a kid in the inner city call a cop? When I was growing up, my mother would say "Any problem, call a cop." He would show up and assess the problem, and you wouldn't become the victim.

I want to be clear. I'm not talking about all police. There are plenty of good police, and I hear from them on a daily basis.

Eric Garner lost his life on July 17, when a cop caught him in a deadly chokehold.

Eric Garner lost his life on July 17, when a cop caught him in a deadly chokehold. But the police are becoming our enemy, and society is becoming the enemy of the police.

Somebody with clear, objective and impartial thinking needs to come to their senses and find a solution.

Corruption-busting former NYPD Detective Frank Serpico, whose exploits were made into a best-selling book and a movie with Al Pacino, retired from the force in 1972.

Moore-Love, Karla

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Wednesday, December 24, 2014 12:14 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc: Subject: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com local police copy FBI playbook

see link for full story

http://www.latimes.com/local/lanow/la-me-In-lapd-investigation-michael-brown-song-20141223-story.html

LAPD investigates Michael Brown parody at retired cop's party Michael Brown -- LAPD Launches Investigation Over Parody Song The LAPD is conducting an investigation to determine if cops currently on the force attended a dinner at the Glendale Elks Lodge that featured a parody of "Bad, Bad Leroy Brown," making fun of Michael Brown's death.

LAPD opens preliminary investigation after video emerges of Michael Brown parody song The Los Angeles Police Department has launched a preliminary investigation into a video that has emerged of a song that plays on the shooting death of Michael Brown. It was sung at a party thrown by a retired LAPD officer. Police confirmed to the Los Angeles Times the investigation into the video, on which can be heard a parody of "Bad, Bad Leroy Brown" that refers to the Ferguson, Mo., 18-year-old and includes lines such as, "His brain was splatter on the floor."

AT 9:58 AM DECEMBER 24, 2014

The song was sung during a recent party hosted at the Glendale Elks Lodge by a retired LAPD officer, police said.

"I am aware of the video released via TMZ. Like many of you, I find it offensive & absurd. It does not reflect the values of the #LAPD,"

Chief Charlie Beck tweeted. "I have directed our Professional Standards Bureau to look into this & determine if any active department employees were involved."

Video of the party and singing was first sent to TMZ.

If investigators find that any current officers attended "and misconduct took place, a formal investigation will be opened," said Jane Kim, a spokeswoman for the LAPD.

Some of the changed lyrics to the song released by Jim Croce in 1973 include:

"Michael Brown learned a lesson about a messin' with a bad ... police man And he's, bad, bad Michael Brown Baddest thug in the whole darn town Badder than an ol' King Kong Meaner than a junkyard dog Two men took to fightin' And Michael punched in through the door and Michael looked like some old Swiss cheese His brain was splatter on the floor."

The preliminary investigation will begin as soon as Tuesday, police said.

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Sunday, January 04, 2015 10:59 PM

Sem To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

ioebmereel@fairpoint.net

Subject:

pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council

see http://www.americanswhotellthetruth.org/portraits/tim-dechristopher

then see

FBI agents the Real Ecoterrorists

http://www.thewildlifenews.com/2015/01/04/ranchers-the-real-ecoterrorists/JANUARY 4, 2015 \cdot

In 2008 at a Bureau of Land Management Oil and Gas lease auction Tim DeChristopher bid on 14 parcels of land (totaling 22,500 acres) for \$1.8 million that he had no intention of buying. The FBI arrested him and charged him with a two-count felony indictment. DeChristopher was branded an "eco-terroist." Even though the very leases he bid upon were later canceled because of their inadequate environmental review of impacts, DeChristopher nevertheless served 21 months in prison for his act of "terrorism".

Of course DeChristopher's motivation was to protect the land from violation by oil companies not his own financial gain. He should have been hailed as a hero. But in America people acting on principle to protect wildlands are often seen as a greater threat than those whose motivation is their personal financial gain.

A good example of the opposite federal government reaction is how the BLM and FBI responded to Nevada rancher Cliven Bundy. Bundy has repeatedly thumbed his nose at the federal government by refusing to pay minimal grazing fees for more than 20 years (he now owes more than a million dollars), and his failure to remove his cattle from federal property (our property). Instead of being arrested and taken off to jail as DeChristopher was, Bundy is still living free in Nevada, enjoying life as a celebrity.

As a reminder Bundy's ranch was surrounded by gun toting anti-government militants who threatened to kill federal agents if they attempted to remove Bundy's cattle from our property. I guess that sends a message that if you want to continue to thwart government action just surround yourself with militia.

One doesn't have to instigate an armed insurrection to do damage to our patrimony and many acts of eco terrorism are not illegal, yet that doesn't make them acceptable. Rancher Bill Hoppe, who lives outside of Gardiner Montana, began to run sheep on his ranch in retaliation for wolf reintroduction in Yellowstone which he has vocally opposed. Hoppe is President of the "Friends of the Northern Elk Herd" an anti-wolf organization that has resisted wolf recovery.

Hoppe openly admitted that his domestic animals might jeopardize nearby wild bighorns. As Hoppe is well aware domestic sheep can transmit pneumonia-like disease to their wild cousins causing many to die. Bighorn die-offs linked to domestic sheep have been documented across the West, including in Montana, Colorado, Wyoming, Washington and

Idaho. Studies of sheep in captivity have proved transmission. Yet in a blatant disregard for the potential transfer of disease, Hoppe pastured his sheep immediately adjacent to a wild bighorn herd. Bighorns in the area subsequently contracted pneumonia which most observers believe is a result of the presences of Hoppe's sheep.

Is this an act of "eco terrorism?" It is my book.

Hoppe is not alone in acting with malice towards public wildlife. Rancher Frank Robbins of Wyoming who had his federal grazing leases canceled a number of years ago after more than a dozen violations including overgrazing the public's grazing lands as well as trespass grazing of other people's federal leases. Robbins is threating one of Wyoming's largest wild bighorn sheep herds by purposely running domestic sheep on his property adjacent to occupied wild sheep herds.

Thus Robbin's threat to mix his domestic sheep in proximity to wild bighorns is analogous to giving small pox infected blankets to Native Americans as a way to reduce their resistance to American settlement and occupation.

Some forms of "eco terrorism" are more subtle and more wide-spread—and unfortunately quite legal. When a rancher's livestock overgrazes the range, it harms many other creatures dependent on that grass. The grass going into the belly of someone's cow, means there is that much less grass available for elk, bighorn or even desert tortoises which may depend on the same forage. With less grass, sage grouse may not be able to hide from predators. Yet no one will suffer FBI investigations, much less jail time for starving public wildlife.

Trampling of biocrust by the hooves of livestock damages soil, and permits the establishment of cheatgrass, an exotic alien weed. The spread of cheatgrass has serious consequences for entire ecosystems in part because the plant is highly flammable and increases the likelihood and occurrence of fire, burning out perennial plants like sagebrush. Again destroying biocrusts and spreading cheatgrass while clearly an act of eco-terrorism is not against the law.

How about the draining of our rivers and streams for irrigated hay and alfalfa production? Countless streams around the West are regularly dewatered to grow water loving plants like alfalfa for livestock forage. The removal of water from streams harms ...

From:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Monday, January 05, 2015 3:45 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dar

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

FBI Watch

see link for full story

http://www.bostonmagazine.com/news/article/2015/01/05/dire-questions-dzhokhar-tsarnaev-trial/

The Truth Is Out There

Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's trial is scheduled to begin in January in federal court—and could end with him being sentenced to death. Though Russ Baker believes the Tsarnaevs were involved in the marathon bombings, he has dire questions about the official narrative. Here are three of his toughest questions.

| January 2015

Did the FBI recruit or attempt to recruit Tamerlan as an informant or agent?

Baker's evidence is far from conclusive, but he points out several suspicious and unexplained oddities. Officially, the FBI claims that it first investigated Tamerlan Tsarnaev after getting a tip from Russian intelligence that he was becoming radicalized. Yet, Baker notes, the New York Times has reported that Russian intelligence agents first contacted the U.S. government about Tamerlan in March 2011—and also that the FBI met with Tamerlan two months earlier, in January 2011. The reporter, veteran Times correspondent Eric Schmitt, told me he stands by the story and the timeline. Baker's website asks:

How did the FBI originally learn about the Tsarnaevs, if not from the Russians?

Baker also points out that, even though the FBI put Tamerlan on a watch list in 2011, he was allowed to travel to Dagestan and freely return to the United States in 2012. A flag placed on Tamerlan's name by a U.S. customs official had expired by the time Tamerlan reentered the country.

Of course, Baker isn't the only one asking the question. In October 2013, Senator Charles Grassley, an Iowa Republican, wrote a letter to FBI Director James Comey—widely reported in the mainstream media—asking, "Other than Tamerlan Tsarnaev's interview by [FBI] agents following the warning from Russia, has the FBI had any other contact with either of the brothers?" Comey's response did not provide an answer. Grassley also asked Comey, "Did the FBI attempt to use the tactic of 'recruitment' or a sting operation with Tamerlan Tsarnaev?

If not, why not?" Comey denied that the FBI had attempted to recruit Tamerlan, but did not elaborate.

Who killed MIT police officer Sean Collier?

A month after the bombings, under the headline "Boston MIT Cop Cover-up," Baker compared Collier to J. D. Tippit, the Dallas police officer whose murder, just after the assassination of JFK, led to the arrest of Lee Harvey Oswald. "In both cases," Baker wrote, "it was the killing of a police officer that turbocharged the police pursuit—and that, once the suspect was apprehended, convinced the public quickly that the police had their man." Beyond that, similarities evaporate—yet the memory of Tippit haunts Baker's theories on the Collier murder. Baker says the official motive given for the Tsarnaevs' alleged killing of Collier—that they wanted his gun—doesn't make sense, because no one took

Collier's gun. (The government claims the brothers tried to get the gun out of its holster but failed.) And Baker ascribes an ominous weight to evidence that the FBI was active around MIT's campus before the chase for the Tsarnaev brothers began—including an October 2013 admission by the Massachusetts State Police and the Boston Police Department that "The Joint Terrorism Task Force was at M.I.T., located in Cambridge, MA, on April 18, 2013, on a matter unrelated to the Tsarnaev brothers." Baker also cites three unnamed law enforcement officials who told the New York Times in April 2013 that surveillance-camera footage showed two people approaching Collier's car from behind but did not show their faces. For Baker, these unexplained facts are enough to cast doubt on the official story that the Tsarnaevs killed Collier.

Why is the alleged carjacking victim, "Danny," still anonymous?

"Danny" is the alias given to the anonymous Chinese immigrant who said the Tsarnaevs carjacked him. He also claimed that Tamerlan confessed to detonating the bombs and killing Collier.

Baker is critical of Danny's anonymity and his relationship to Northeastern University criminologist James Alan Fox, who has acted as an intermediary between Danny and the press. Baker calls Fox, who has publicly condemned the Tsarnaevs, "the least curious criminologist I remember encountering in a long time." Fox, who regularly gives media interviews, tells me that he was asked to assume this role by Danny's former academic adviser, a fellow Northeastern professor, who knew Fox by reputation. "It wasn't because I was a criminologist," he says. "It was because I have a good deal of experience dealing with the media."

Fox concedes that he is unaware of any other sensational case in which a key witness has remained anonymous, but says that question falls outside the scope of his expertise. He likens his role as Danny's media gatekeeper to one that family members play in high-profile cases, adding that in this case, Danny's family is in China. Throu

From: Sent:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net> Monday, January 12, 2015 12:41 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: joebmereel@fairpoint.net

pass on to JTTF /city council FBI committing voter fraud

ARTICLE 25 article25news

Privacy Died Long Ago

06/03/2013

By Gregory Flannery

Americans no longer assume their communications are free from government spying. Many believe widespread monitoring is a recent change, a response to terrorism. They are wrong. Fair warning came in 1988 in Cincinnati, Ohio, when evidence showed that wiretapping was already both common and easy. Twenty-five years ago state and federal courtrooms in Cincinnati were abuzz with allegations of illegal wiretaps on federal judges, members of Cincinnati City Council, local congressional representatives, political dissidents and business leaders.

Two federal judges in Cincinnati told 60 Minutes they believed there was strong evidence that they had been wiretapped. Retired Cincinnati Police officers, including a former chief, admitted to illegal wiretapping. Even some of the most outrageous claims – for example, that the president of the United States was wiretapped while staying in a Cincinnati hotel – were supported by independent witnesses.

National media coverage of the lawsuits, grand jury hearings and investigations by city council and the FBI attracted the attention of U.S. Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-Vermont) and the late U.S. Sen. Paul Simon (D-III.).

As Americans wonder about the extent to which their e-mails, cell-phones and text messages are being monitored, they would do well to look back at a time before any of those existed. Judging by what was revealed in Cincinnati, privacy died long before anyone had ever heard of Osama bin Laden or al Q'aeda.

Turbulence

In 1988 Leonard Gates, a former installer for Cincinnati Bell, told the Mount Washington Press, a small independent weekly, that he had performed illegal wiretaps for the Cincinnati Police Department, the FBI and the phone company itself.

A week after the paper published his allegations, a federal grand jury began hearing testimony.

Gates claimed to have performed an estimated 1,200 wiretaps, which he believed illegal. His list of targets included former Mayor Jerry Springer, the late tycoon Carl Lindner Jr., U.S. District Judge Carl Rubin, U.S. Magistrate J. Vincent Aug, the late U.S. Sen. Howard Metzenbaum (D-Ohio), the Students for a Democratic Society (an anti-war group during the Vietnam War), then-U.S. Rep. Tom Luken

(D-Cincinnati) and then-President Gerald Ford.

A second former Cincinnati Bell installer, Robert Draise, joined Gates, saying he, too had performed illegal wiretaps for the police.

His alleged targets included the Black Muslim mosque in Finneytown and the General Electric plant in Evendale. Draise's portfolio was much smaller than Gates's, an estimated 100 taps, because he was caught freelancing - performing an illegal wiretap for a friend.

Charged by the FBI, Draise claimed he had gone to his "controller" at Cincinnati Bell, the person who directed his wiretaps, and asked for help. If he didn't get it, he said, he'd tell all. When the case went to federal court, Draise didn't bother to hire an attorney. He didn't need one. In a plea deal, federal prosecutors dropped the charge to a misdemeanor. Found guilty of illegal wiretapping, his sentence was a

\$200 fine. The judge? Magistrate J. Vincent Aug.

If Gates and Draise had been the only people to come forward, they could easily be dismissed as cranks – disgruntled former employees, as Cincinnati Bell claimed. But some police office officers named by Gates and Draise confirmed parts of their allegations, insisting, however, that there were only 12 illegal wiretaps. Other officers not known to Gates and Draise also admitted to illegal wiretaps. Some of the officers received immunity from prosecution in exchange for their testimony. Others invoked their Fifth Amendment right not to incriminate themselves.

"Due to the turbulent nature of the late '60s and early '70s, wiretaps were conducted to gather information," said a press release signed by six retired officers. "This use began in approximately 1968 and ended completely during the Watergate investigation."

The press release, whose signers included former Police Chief Myron Leistler, listed 12 wiretaps, among them "a black militant in the Bond Hill area" and a house on either Ravine or Strait streets rented by "the SDS or some other radical group."

The retired cops' lawyer said there were actually three Cincinnati Bell installers doing illegal wiretaps, but declined to identify the third.

The retired officers denied knowledge of "any wiretaps involving judges, local politicians, prominent citizens and fellow law enforcement officers or city employees."

Getting rid of Aug

Others had that knowledge, however.

Howard Lucas, former security chief at the Stouffer Hotel downtown, said he caught Gates and three cops trying to break into a telephone switching room shortly before President Gerald Ford stayed at the hotel.

"I said, 'Do you have a court order?' and they all laughed," Lucas told the Mount Washington Press.

The four men left. But they returned.

"A couple days later, in the back of the room, I found a setup, a reel-to-reel recorder concealed under some boxes," Lucas said.

Ford stayed at the Stouffer Hotel in July 1975 and June 1976 – two years after the Watergate scandal, when Cincinnati Police officers claimed the bugging ended.

Then there was the matter of a former guard at the U.S. Courthouse downtown. He said he had found wiretap equipment there in 1986 and 1987, just a year before the wiretap scandal broke.

"I heard conversations you wouldn't believe," he said. "I heard a conversation one time. they were talking about getting rid of U.S.

Magistrate Aug."

The wiretapping started with drug dealers and expanded to political and business figures, according to Gates. In 1979, he testified, he was ordered to wiretap the Hamilton County Regional Computer Center, which handled vote tabulations. His handler at the phone company allegedly told Gates the wiretap was intended to manipulate election results.

"They had the ability to actually alter what was being done with the votes. ... He was very upset through some of the elections with a gentleman named Blackwell," Gates testified.

J. Kenneth Blackwell is a former member of Cincinnati Council, and

1979 was an election year for council.

Something went wrong on Election Night, Gates testified. His handler at the phone company called him.

"He was panicking," Gates testified. "He said we had done something to screw up the voting processor down there, or the voting computer."

News reports at the time noted an unexpected delay in counting votes for city council because of a computer malfunction.

Cincinnati Bell denied any involvement in illegal wiretapping by police or its own personnel. Yet police officers, like Gates, testified the police received equipment — even a truck — and information necessary to effectuate the wiretaps. The owners of a greenhouse in Westwood even came forward, saying the police stored the Cincinnati Bell truck on their property.

'Say it louder'

37113

Gates claimed that his handler at Cincinnati Bell repeatedly told him the wiretaps were at the behest of the FBI. He named an FBI agent who, he said, let him into the federal courthouse to wiretap federal judges.

Investigations followed – a federal grand jury, which indicted no one; a special investigator hired by city council, the former head of the Cincinnati FBI office; the U.S. Justice Department, sort of.

U.S. Sen. Paul Simon asked then-Attorney General Richard Thornburgh to look into the Cincinnati wiretap scandal. Federal judges, members of Congress and even the president of the United States had allegedly been wiretapped. Simon's effort went nowhere. His press secretary told the Mount Washington Press that it took three months for the Attorney General to respond.

"The senator's not pleased with the response," Simon's press secretary said. "It didn't have the attorney general's personal attention, and it said Justice (Department) was aware of the situation, but isn't going to do anything." The city of Cincinnati settled a class-action lawsuit accusing it of illegal wiretapping, paying \$85,000 to 17 defendants. It paid \$12,000 to settle a second lawsuit by former staffers of The Independent Eye, an underground newspaper allegedly wiretapped and torched by Cincinnati Police officers in 1970.

Cincinnati Bell sued Leonard Gates and Robert Draise, accusing them of defamation. The two men had no attorneys and represented themselves at trial. Hamilton County Common Pleas Judge Fred Cartolano refused to let the jury hear testimony by former police officers who had admitted using Gates and Draise and Cincinnati Bell equipment. In a 4-2 vote, the jury ruled in the phone company's favor, officially adjudging the two whistleblowers liars.

During one of the many hearings associated with the wiretap scandal, an FBI agent was asked what the agency would do if someone accused the phone company of placing illegal wiretaps. He testified the FBI would be powerless; it needed the phone company to check for a wiretap.

"It would go back to Bell," the agent testified. "We would have no way of determining if there was any illegal wiretapping going on."

The FBI agent was the person Gates had accused of opening the federal courthouse at night so he could wiretap federal judges.

One police sergeant offered no excuses for the illegal wiretapping.

Asked why he didn't bother with the legal niceties, such as getting a warrant, as required then by federal law, he said, "I didn't deem it was necessary. We wanted the information, and went out and got it."

At one point, covering the scandal for the Mount Washington Press, I received a phone call from a sergeant in the Cincinnati Police Department. He invited me to the station at Mount Airy Forest, where he proceeded to wiretap a fellow police officer's phone call. I listened as the other officer talked to his wife.

"Say hello," the sergeant told me.

I did. There was no response.

"Say it louder," the sergeant said.

I did. No response.

"You can hear them, but they can't hear you," the sergeant said. "Any idiot can do a wiretap. You know that's true because you just saw a policeman do it."

Privacy is dead. Its corpse has long been moldering in the grave.

Article 25 is a street newspaper based in Cincinnati; street papers are non-profit, grassroots newspapers with a distribution model specifically designed to offer a creative solution to those suffering from unemployment, homelessness, or poverty. Distributors, who are financially struggling, homeless, or formerly homeless individuals or families, go through training and ... Continue reading

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Sunday, January 18, 2015 3:47 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Cc: Subject: joebmereel@fairpoint.net pass on re:FBI JTTF to Portland City Council

It is crystal clear that

FBI agents collaborated with CIA agents, the US Military politicians and corporate leaders in creating 911.

two reads

1.

see link for full story

Business Insider

A Former FBI Special Agent Says The CIA Kept Him From Helping To Stop 9/11

http://www.businessinsider.com/former-fbi-agent-mark-rossini-says-cia-kept-him-from-helping-stop-911-2015-1

JAN. 18, 2015

An FBI special agent who lost his job in 2008 told Newsweek columnist Jeff Stein his story about how the 9/11 hijackers slipped through the cracks at the FBI and CIA more than a decade ago.

Mark Rossini said the CIA prevented him from going to FBI headquarters with the information that two known terrorists, who later went on to carry out the 9/11 attacks on the World Trade Center, had entered the US.

Government reports on 9/11 blame a vague "intelligence failure" for the terrorist attack that killed about 3,000 people in 2001 and provide little clarity on why the CIA didn't communicate crucial information about the hijackers to the FBI. This information, in theory, could have helped the US to prevent the attacks.

Rossini said that after 9/11, when congressional investigators started asking him questions about his work with the CIA's Osama bin Laden unit, he and another FBI agent stayed quiet at the direction of CIA officers.

2.

http://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Architects %26 Engineers for 9/11 Truth

Architects & Engineers for 9/11 Truth - Wikipedia, the free ...
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Architects_%26_Engineers_for_9/11_Truth
... France defaced Eugène Delacroix's painting "Liberty Leading the People" by writing "AE911" in indelible marker. The unidentified woman, who was reportedly ...

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Monday, January 19, 2015 4:24 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

joebmereel@fairpoint.net; fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

pass on to FBI JTTF city council

The Necessary Embrace of Conspiracy

by

Robert Shetterly

Several years ago I gave a talk on Martha's Vineyard about many of the people whose portraits I've painted in the Americans Who Tell the Truth series. I spent some time talking about the legacy of Martin Luther King, Jr. When I talk about King, I like to focus on his last year --- the period when, defying the advice of many of his advisors in the civil rights movement, he spoke against the Vietnam War, equating racism with imperialism. King felt bound to make the point that the forces of capitalism, materialism, and militarism that were driving segregation were also driving the war, and until we confronted the source of the problem, the abuses would continue. It was April 4, 1967, in Riverside Church in New York, that he made that declaration.

A year to the day before his assassination.

It has always confounded me every year when we celebrate Dr. King's life that no mention is made of that Riverside Church speech in the major media. We are always treated to sound bites of the 1963 I Have a Dream speech. That speech's oratory is as powerful as it is non-confrontational. Which is why it is re-played for modern audiences. Dr. King was about confrontation. Non-violence and confrontation, each ennobling and making the other effective. In 1967 he said, "... my country is the greatest purveyor of violence in the world today." And he explained how our economic system thrived on exploitation and violence, or, as Emma Goldman put it, "The greatest bulwark of capitalism is militarism." This was probably the most important speech King ever gave and not playing it when we ostensibly honor him, is tantamount to castrating him morally and intellectually.

Just as there is a long history of White America castrating black men, there is an equal legacy of Elite America cutting the most important truths of our social prophets out of the history books. We pay homage to King's icon, the cardboard cutout, but not to his strongest beliefs and his most cogent analysis of our problems --- to what vision called forth his courage. And, if we think that he spoke the truth, to censor that truth is to promote a curious kind of segregation. He is segregated, not for the color of his skin, but for the accuracy of his perception, how close to the bone his words cut. We can't bear to hear the sound of truth's knife scraping on hypocrisy's bone. Only people who actually want to change the system dance to that music or want it to be heard.

Equally important, and part of the same neglect, is the intentional ignoring of the facts of his death. In my talk on Martha's Vineyard I spoke about William Pepper's book, An Act of State: The Execution of Martin Luther King, Jr. Pepper had been James Earl Ray's lawyer. Ray was the man convicted of killing King. But both Pepper and the King family were convinced that Ray was innocent. The King family hired Pepper to represent them in a suit; they asked only \$100.00 in damages to clear Ray's name. Before the trial came to court in 1999, Ray had died in prison. The jury determined that King had been assassinated by a conspiracy involving the Memphis police, the Mafia, the FBI, and the Special Forces of the U.S. Army. Ray, the patsy, had left town before the shot was fired. Pepper had confessions from people involved from each of the organizations named. The verdict was barely mentioned in the U.S. media then and is not mentioned every year on the anniversary of his death. Why?

After my talk on Martha's Vineyard a man came up to me and said, "I enjoyed your speech and was with you until you started that conspiracy stuff about MLK, Jr." I said, "That's not conspiracy. What I told you are facts." End of conversation.

I think we're confronted with two conspiracies here: one to commit the crime, the other to ignore it even when the facts are known. (Two sides of the same coin.) The man who accused me of slipping into the neurotic, aliens-are-among-us land of conspiracy nuts was unable to hear the evidence, perhaps because he was so utterly convinced by our government and media that conspiracies don't exist, people who espouse them are dangerous fruitcakes, and if you begin to think like that, your whole house of cards wobbles then topples. Who wants that? Better a standing tower of marked cards, than having to admit the game is rigged and the ground is shaking.

America is steeped in conspiracy, and even more steeped in propaganda that discredits those who try to expose the conspiracies. Whether we're talking about MLK, Jr., JFK, RFK, Iran-Contra, 9/11, or, most importantly, the status quo, anyone who works to uncover the truth is branded a "conspiracy nut" and discredited before any evidence has a fair hearing. The government/corporate/media version is THE VERSION.

Anything else is illusory.

In fact, the cultural success of labeling investigative reporters and forensic historians, and, simply, anyone who tries to name reality, "conspiracy nuts" is perhaps the most successful conspiracy of our time. Well, not the most successful. That prize goes to the conspiracy to give corporations all the rights of individual persons under our Constitution. That conspiracy has codified and consolidated corporate power so that it controls our lives in almost every meaningful way. It controls the election funds of our candidates, and them once they are in office. It controls our major media including public broadcasting.

It controls the content of our television programming. It controls how are tax dollars are spent making sure that the richest get the most welfare. It controls the laws, the courts, the prison system and the mind numbing propaganda that we are the greatest democracy on earth.

It controls the values with which we raise our children. It controls our ability to dispense justice. It controls how we treat nature, how we deface our land with strip malls, and blow the tops off our mountains --- a form of corporate free speech. It dictates our modes of transportation. It controls our inability to respond to true crises like climate change. It attempts to create a spiritual deficiency in every person that can be filled and healed only with stuff --- and no stuff is ever enough.

As Richard Grossman puts it, "Isn't it an old story? People create what looks to be a nifty machine, a robot, called the corporation.

Over time, the robots get together and overpower the people. ... For a century, the robots propagandize and indoctrinate each generation of people so they grow up believing that robots are people too, gifts from God and Mother Nature; that they are inevitable and the source of all that is good. How odd that we have been so gullible, so docile, obedient."

It is obvious to say that we have been engineered into a culture that values competitive consumption and consumers instead of community cooperation and citizenship. Capitalism with its obsessive and necessary appetite for consumption, expanding markets, resource depletion, and increasing profits has consumed democracy. Have you ever watched a small snake swallow a large frog? The snake's hinged jaw stretches wider and wider, squeezing the frog millimeter by millimeter into its gullet until finally the snake looks like the Holland Tunnel might if it had devoured the Titanic. Then the acids and enzymes do their corrosive work. The frog becomes the snake. And the snake claims it is the frog. Capitalism has gulped down democracy and claimed it is democracy. When, immediately after 9/11, President Bush advised Americans to demonstrate their love of freedom and their resistance to terrorism by courageously, selflessly, hurrying to the mall to buy something, he was speaking as the snake that identifies itself as a frog. He was asking us to play a little game with our brains' synapses, replace the snake icon with the frog's. Sadly, he may also have been speaking about democracy in the only way that he can understand or recognize it. And, for him, Christianity has been another tidy meal for the snake.

Perhaps this switcheroo is nowhere more obvious than in the military /industrial complex. We are told that the vulnerable frog needs protecting. The threats are grave. So we fork over our money and children's lives for war and weapons. We are told that we are building security and peace. More lives. More weapons. What we aren't told is that

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the largest US export to the world is weapons. What we aren't told is that enormous fortunes are being made from the arms trade.

What we aren't told is that the more precarious and unstable the world is, the better the business for the arms dealers -- that the real promotion is not for security and peace but insecurity and war, that the lives of our children are the
necessary collateral damage for this monster. What we aren't told is that the only real security is in cooperation,
conservation, and fairness, not imperialism. The frog, who is a snake, wrapped in a flag, pleads for patriotism and counts
the cash. The snake's forked tongue is a barbeque fork on which we've all been roasted.

I'd call that conspiracy.

The neocons have claimed, with some accuracy, that they can create reality faster than we can react: the deed is done, now deal with it.

The troops have invaded, Halliburton, Blackwater, and Lockheed signed their contracts, the prisoners are tortured, your email is bugged, the resources for social programs are gone, the laws are changed, the Wal-Mart is built, the sludge dump has already polluted the aquifer, truth is hollowed out ---- catch me if you can! How is that not conspiracy?

The cooks & the crooks create a new status quo, legalize it, propagandize it, mythologize it, fundamentalize it, slather it with fear and patriotism, and force feed it to the complacent, sedated cow we call America. How is that not conspiracy?

Of course, ever since the Constitution was signed and didn't free the slaves or give the vote to women, poor folks, Native Americans and freed blacks so that people with power and money could continue to profit, America has been a conspiracy against itself. It's been cowboy grilling his own heart over a smoke & mirrors campfire, a CEO with inherited wealth and three hundred years of patrician, affirmative action crooning "Only in America."

The reason we can't talk about conspiracy is because it is the modus operandi. It isn't the elephant in the room, it is the room itself. We all live there. We can impeach a few elephants, and we should, but the architecture is in place. And they control it.

When I was in school, I was reminded - repeatedly --- to avoid using an indefinite pronoun without identifying whom it refers to, as in, "They are coming to get us," ... or, "They control everything." Who are They? It's bad practice to think and write like that. Without reference it just sounds like paranoia. But the hell of it is that it's damned hard to say who the They are that are in conspiracy to destroy democracy and, by exploitation, nature. Did They do it on purpose or merely discover by serendipity, like cavemen seeing copper ooze out of a rock by a fire, the wondrous possibility and power of what they had found. For instance, the invention of the TV was not a conspiracy. But once the realization of how TV could be used to submerge the public in a lobotomizing swamp of advertising, sound bites, inactivity, community destruction, titillation, false history, empty myth, consumption, and complicity in making fortunes for the sponsors, the program was clear. Conspiracy was the silent partner in the euphemism good business practice. And, once they saw the implications of giving corporations First Amendment rights, they were home free.

Time to re-think conspiracy.

We need to embrace conspiracy in two ways. One, admit that it's real, its quotidian, it's the fabric of our lives, the mercury in the air, the dioxin in the water, it's filling the airwaves and the marketplace and the courts and the halls of Congress before we even get out of bed every morning. Two, counter it with a conspiracy of our own. On our side we have the fundamental fact that although the corporate They can alter many of our realities, they can't alter Reality. They can't change the behavior of Nature. They can sell off the rain forest, but they can't leverage the effect of cutting it. They can keep the mileage of cars poor so we'll buy more gas, but they can't alter the amount of oil in the ground or the damage to the atmosphere. They can privatize every human interaction and every natural resource, but they can't privatize the laws of nature. They have conspired to change reality. We must conspire to live in harmony with Reality.

In the same way, they can conspire to kill Martin Luther King, Jr., but they can't totally eradicate the truth of who did it and why.

Con + spirare, from the Latin. To breathe together. Those are the roots of conspiracy. Breathing together doesn't sound like an activity of the ideologically deracinated whispering seditiously in a dank cellar or a board room, foul breaths denting a weak flame flickering over a candle nub, gunpowder or greed blackened fingers setting a timer, the whites of creased eyes glinting like knives with treason, murder, power, and deceit. Con + spirare sounds like healthy men and women standing in the sun figuring out how in the hell they are going to take care of each other and their aging mother Earth and love life while doing it. Breathing together, sharing the same air, plotting to make sure that what's mine is yours, conspiring to save their self-respect, their ideals, the future for their children.

I want to be part of a conspiracy. Pervasive, populist, revolutionary, and totally transparent. Grassroots. Idealistic. Simplistic.

Life-affirming. Community building

A conspiracy to make the common good and the love of nature the common denominator of every economic transaction.

And the simple truth is either we start breathing together, conspiring big time, right out in the open, nakedly, unashamedly, or we will have conspired in secret, by default, in our own demise.

We have let them breathe for us, and they have stolen our breath, our air, our spirit.

Secret con + spirare is death. Open con + spirare is life.

Conspiracy is dead. Long live conspiracy!

Robert Shetterly lives in Brooksville, Maine www.americanswhotellthetruth.org

Share This Article

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Saturday, January 24, 2015 2:50 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

ioebmereel@fairpoint.net

Subject:

Re: FW: pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council

** Draft Agenda for 1/24/14 Teleconference

8pm

(EST)/5pm (PST) Teleconference # 1-218-895-6835 Access code: 9112001#

Greetings all,

On our first teleconference of the year, we'll consider the progress of the 9/11 truth movement and the role of the Teleconference within it. A proposal is on the table to widen the scope of our teleconference to include related issues, such as past, present and future false flag operations by the Deep State. We hope you'll be on deck Wednesday night to help us steer our future course!

Peace, Ken Freeland, facilitator

I Roll call of participants and affiliations (5 minutes)

II Approval of previous teleconference minutes (copied below)

III Approval of agenda

IVa Focused discussion: 9/11 Truth in historical context (20-30 min) [Ken Freeland] IVb Proposal to change name and expand focus of the Teleconference (20+ min) [Ken Freeland]

Proposed: that the 9/11 Truth Teleconference revert to its original name of the "Truth Teleconference," and widen the ambit of its concerns to include any matter relating to the supranational Deep State, which is held to have been ultimately responsible for 9/11, for the JFK I assassination and other past and current false flag operations.

Background: While the Deep State remains a somewhat nebulous phenomenon, it has been clearly implicated in a number of colossal crimes, including the JFK assassination and the events of 9/11. It has been recently adumbrated considerably in popular books published by Peter Dale Scott (The American Deep State) and, somewhat less directly, by Kevin Ryan (Another 19). Whilst the Deep State, by definition, is not synonymous with the public state, it frequently operates THROUGH the public state and maintains a gridlock over its judicial, legislative and executive branches, which serves to explain the futility of seeking solutions to the 9/11 problem within any branch of the public state (at least on the federal level). The 9/11 Truth Movement has made what progress it can in terms of a merely forensic approach, and will be best served by consistently construing the events of 9/11 not as some anamolous, isolated phenomenon, but as symptomatic of a problem that is larger both in historic and geopolitical breadth, and therefore requires a metapolitical

solution. This will enable us to reach out to members of other movements who, whether they realize it or not, are opposing the same enemy (JFK assassination/antiwar movement/etc).

V Available updates on any of these topics of current interest previously identified by the Teleconference (any remaining time):

- * New articles, books, and films
- * The 9/11 Crash Test
- * The 9/11 Commission 28-page un-redaction campaign
- * Cass Sunstein and cognitive infiltration, official statements on "conspiracy theorists"
- * The MSM treatment of 9/11 Truth
- * The 9/11 Consensus Panel
- * The High-Rise Safety Initiative
- * The 9/11 Memorial and Museum/Virtual Walking Tour
- * Efforts to form a 9/11 Truth party in Canada
- * William Pepper's efforts with AE911Truth against NIST and the Dept. of Commerce

VI Adjournment (no later than 9:30 p EST)

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Sunday, January 25, 2015 6:04 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

[User Approved] Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

http://digwithin.net

Barry McDaniel and 15 Reasons to Investigate Stratesec Posted on January 25, 2015 by Kevin Ryan One of the men who led Stratesec, the World Trade Center (WTC) security company, has recently resurfaced on some small business websites. This is Barry McDaniel, the U.S. military executive who served as Chief Operating Officer (COO) for Stratesec from 1996 until

2002 and then briefly became the company's CEO. The new websites provide rare photos of McDaniel and an opportunity to review some of the many reasons why he and his Stratesec partner Wirt D. Walker should be investigated for the crimes of 9/11.

Barry2Although McDaniel has been largely overlooked by investigators, Walker has been the focus of much investigation due to inquiries into his familial relationship to George W. Bush. The familial relationship is distant, unlike for Stratesec director Marvin Bush—brother to George W. and Jeb, but Walker's background reveals many deep state connections.

Despite playing a central role in security for 9/11-related facilities, Stratesec was not investigated at all by U.S. authorities after 9/11. The company was a subsidiary of the Kuwait-American Company (KuwAm), foreign-owned and led by Walker and a young member of the Kuwaiti royal family. As described in my book Another Nineteen, there are many reasons to consider Stratesec, KuwAm, and their leaders as suspects in the crimes of 9/11. Here are a few.

Stratesec had unparalleled access to several of the facilities that were central to the events of 9/11. The company had pre-9/11 security contracts with the WTC complex, United Airlines, which owned two of the planes that were destroyed on 9/11, and Dulles Airport where American Airlines Flight 77 took off.

KuwAm was linked through its directors to the terrorist network BCCI.

One of KuwAm's principal directors, Hamzah Behbehani, came to the company after working for a BCCI partner bank from the 1986 until BCCI was shut down. Furthermore, KuwAm was ostensibly funded by Kuwaiti royalty, which had significant BCCI connections. The Chairman of Kuwaiti Airways, for example, was Faisal al-Fulaij, BCCI's principal nominee. Al-Fulaij was deeply involved in the operations of BCCI and its U.S. subsidiaries. Kuwait's Finance and Oil minister was Abdul Rahman Al-Atiqi, a major investor in BCCI.

Stratesec held its annual company meetings in office space leased by the governments of Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, both of which benefited from the response to 9/11. The offices were at the infamous Watergate Hotel in Washington, DC. Wirt Walker's activities ran parallel to those of two known CIA operatives—Ted Shackley and Robert Sensi. All three men had unusual business relationships with Kuwaiti royalty and were involved in aviation and security operations. Like Walker, Sensi had an address in Oklahoma City.

McDaniel had expertise in the acquisition and distribution of military ordnance. He had worked for the D.O.D. as the Deputy Director for Readiness at the U.S. Army Material Command where he was responsible for procuring and fielding all of the weapons systems for the Army.

This background made him well suited to the job of acquiring and distributing explosive materials.

McDaniel had links to the Iran-Contra crimes and to companies that conducted covert operations, like Sears World Trade and The Vinnell Corporation.

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The timing of McDaniel's unusual career move to become COO at Stratesec matched the timing of work at the WTC that provided opportunities to plant demolition-related devices. The fireproofing upgrade project began in 1996, when McDaniel arrived, and was ongoing at the time of the 9/11 attacks. The floors of impact had just been completed shortly before the attacks.

At the WTC, Stratesec focused on electronic badging, security gates, and the closed circuit video systems (CCTV). These security controls could therefore have been set-up to be bypassed as needed.

At Dulles Airport, Stratesec had managed airfield access and electronic badging, as well as the security video system that later provided unique and critical evidence implicating the alleged hijackers. The 9/11 Commission Report referenced the security videotape from Dulles in three separate footnotes. The Dulles video was used to implicate all of the accused Flight 77 hijackers. Neither Logan nor Newark airports had such security videotape evidence to provide— only Dulles. KuwAm and Stratesec were led by directors and investors who were linked to deep state entities and who benefited from the response to the 9/11 crimes.

After Kuwait stopped funding Stratesec, the company's primary stockholder was a shell company whose principals were convicted of money laundering and conspiracy. This was the company called ES Bankest that illegally transferred nearly 200 million dollars from a Portugese bank to various operations like Stratesec. ES Bankest's owners, brothers Eduardo and Hector Orlansky, and their partners, were indicted shortly after Stratesec closed.

A stock purchase made by Walker and his wife, the week of 9/11, was flagged by the SEC as suspected 9/11 insider trading. Walker and his wife were never investigated, or even questioned.

KuwAm's subsidiaries, including all three aviation companies and Stratesec, went bankrupt shortly after 9/11 and there are reasons to believe that they were fronts for covert operations. These reasons include some of the facts described above and that these companies were always able to maintain strong cash flow despite dismal business performance. They appeared to close only because Kuwaiti government funding dried up after 9/11.

KuwAm's three aviation companies were operationally located in the same Oklahoma City offices—in the same isolated airport hangar—that have since been occupied by Zacarias Moussaoui's flight trainer.

After 9/11, McDaniel started a "defense solutions" and police state equipment company with Dick Cheney's old partner Bruce Bradley. When independent investigators revealed that remarkable association, the company's website was taken down.

Considering these things, it's a good idea for investigators to remain alert to the activities of Walker, McDaniel, and their associates.

Photos of the elusive men are not really necessary and there are still no public photos available for Walker. But McDaniel's face has finally made an appearance on the web, along with a few other details about his activities and associations.

McDaniel's current colleagues are a noteworthy bunch with experience in hotspots around the world. They include Kallyan Chakravorty, a former officer in the Indian Army who lists Skylink Aviation on his resume. Skylink is a Canadian company that provides aviation services in Afghanistan, Iraq, Libya, and Pakistan. It looks a like a CIA airline but is owned by a Libyan-Israeli named Walter Arbib.

The internet resume McDaniel uses today says that he has been "providing logistical service and construction solutions on most post conflict areas of the world including Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan and Kazakhstan." He's just a guy who happened to be the right person to put the security system together for the WTC before it came crashing to the ground, and just happened to have expertise in explosive ordnance. He also happens to be linked to the Iran-Contra crimes, and happened to be business partners with a close colleague of Dick Cheney. Or maybe there's more to it than that.

From:

Parsons, Susan

Sent:

Thursday, January 29, 2015 8:35 AM

To:

Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan

Cc:

'Joseph Baltar'

Subject:

FW: [User Approved] Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Susan Parsons
Assistant Council Clerk
City of Portland
susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov
503.823.4085

----Original Message----

From: Joseph Baltar [mailto:joebmereel@fairpoint.net]

Sent: Wednesday, January 28, 2015 7:18 PM

To: Parsons, Susan

Subject: [User Approved] Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

After assassinating Martin Luther King Huffington Post wants to remove Hoovers name for him committing murder.

go figure eh?

2 stories

1

http://www.huffingtonpost.com/byron-williams/isnt-it-time-to-take-hoov_b_6558004.html

see link for full story

Isn't It Time to Take Hoover's Name Down From FBI Headquarters?

Posted: 01/27/2015 4:36 pm EST

Why does the headquarters of the Federal Bureau of Investigation still bear the name of J. Edgar Hoover?

Those who continue to hold Hoover in high esteem are a diminishing lot of so-called "true believers." Any merits of his more than 40 years of service are outweighed by a legacy marred by power run amok.

Hoover amassed power that extended well beyond presidential authority.

In his position as FBI Director, he was allowed to place a premium on his personal feelings to, at times, circumvent the Constitution.

There are many examples of why Hoover deserves persona non grata status in the annals of American history; perhaps the most egregious was his treatment of Martin Luther King Jr.

The FBI file on King exceeds 17,000 pages. Numerous documents have been censored, with many pages redacted. Moreover, because of a court order, any information resulting from FBI wiretaps has been removed and will not be released until 2027, and that information comprises an extensive record of King's day-to-day activities.

Hoover's obsessive resentment toward the civil-rights movement in general, and King in particular, made President Richard Nixon's infamous "dirty tricks" look like child's play.

As the life of King and others in the movement became increasingly in danger, Hoover maintained that the Bureau was "not a protection agency." He ordered agents to avoid direct intervention, limiting their activities to observation at any civil-rights demonstrations.

During the Freedom Riders campaign in 1961, Hoover did not pass along intelligence received from a Klansman informant to Attorney General Robert Kennedy about the planned May 14 riot at the bus-station terminal in Birmingham. The result? A Klan-led mob brutally attacked unarmed civil-rights protesters unfettered.

Though Bureau surveillance of King began in 1958, it intensified on Aug. 28, 1963, when he was the keynote speaker at the March on Washington. As King was telling the nation about his "dream," top Hoover aide William Sullivan sent a memo stating:

[I]n the light of King's powerful demagogic speech ... [w]e must mark him now, if we have not done so before, as the most dangerous Negro of the future in this Nation from the standpoint of communism, the Negro and national security. In October, Attorney General Robert Kennedy approved Hoover's request granting him carte blanche surveillance on King that lasted until his assassination on April 4, 1968.

In June 1963, after President John F. Kennedy called for civil-rights legislation, operating on information provided by Hoover, he was concerned about communist infiltration within King's organization.

Kennedy took King into the Rose Garden and demanded that he fire suspected communists Stanley Levison and Jack O'Dell before Kennedy would send any civil-rights legislation to Congress.

Though the threat of communism during the height of the Cold War justified Hoover's actions, no evidence was ever found to substantiate such charges against King. What Hoover did uncover was King's extramarital affairs, which the FBI, under Hoover's leadership, graciously sent to King's wife, Coretta.

Yale professor Beverly Gage, who is writing a book on Hoover, recently stumbled across a letter in Hoover's confidential files. It was the unredacted version of a 1964 letter sent to King, calling him an "evil, abnormal beast," suggesting that the civil-rights leader should commit suicide before receiving his Nobel Prize for Peace.

It is a macabre and paradoxical narrative, where the civil-rights movement, endowed by the 14th Amendment, was forced to confront local municipalities that had the support of state governments, while receiving tepid support from the Kennedy administration and more support from the Johnson administration, all while garnering ongoing hostility from the Hoover-led FBI.

In 1956 in a closed session of the Communist Party, Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev denounced former dictator Joseph Stalin. Among other charges, Khrushchev accused Stalin of executing, torturing and imprisoning loyal party members on false charges.

Is it not time for America to follow Khrushchev's example? Doesn't Hoover's legacy deserve a proper burial? He remains the embodimen

2.

Assassination of Martin Luther King, Jr. - Wikipedia, the free ...

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Assassination_of_Martin_Luther_King,_Jr.

Jump to FBI investigation - [edit]. The Federal Bureau of Investigation took responsibility for investigating King's death. J. Edgar Hoover, who had ...

James Earl Ray - Loyd Jowers - Model 760 - Robert F. Kennedy's speech Findings on MLK Assassination www.archives.gov > ... > House Select Committee on Assassinations Report The question of FBI complicity lingered, nonetheless, and alleged deficiencies in the FBI assassination investigation raised the possibility of a coverup after the ...

US Gov't Found Guilty In Conspiracy To Assassinate MLK | News One newsone.com > Nation Jan 20, 2014 - Those who are responsible for the assassination were not held to account for their J. Edgar Hoover, the head of the FBI, hated Dr. King.

Martin Luther King Assassination Conspiracy Exposed in Memphis ...

www.ratical.org/ratville/JFK/Unspeakable/MLKconExp.html

There Police and Fire Director Frank Holloman (formerly an FBI agent for 25 years, ... Philip Melanson, author of The Martin Luther King Assassination (1991), ...

The F.B.I.'s Role — James Earl Ray: The Man Who Killed Dr. Martin ...

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www.crimelibrary.com/terrorists_spies/assassins/ray/4.html

James Earl Ray Assassinated Dr. Martin Luther King on April 4, 1968 in Memphis, Tennessee, but many believe that he did not act alone.

James Earl Ray: The Man Who Killed Dr. Martin Luther King ...

www.crimelibrary.com/terrorists_spies/assassins/ray/1.html

James Earl Ray Assassinated Dr. Martin Luther King on April 4, 1968 in Memphis, ... "I've always thought the FBI might be involved in some way," he said.

How the Government Killed Martin Luther King, Jr.

readersupportednews.org/.../16784-how-the-government-killed-martin-luth...

Apr 3, 2013 - At the time of his death, he was gearing up for the Poor People's Campaign, Memphis PD and the FBI also suppressed the statements of Ray ...

On Mon, 8 Dec 2014 20:05:10 +0000

"Parsons, Susan" <Susan.Parsons@portlandoregon.gov> wrote:

- > Joe.
- > Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City
- >Council.
- >
- > Susan Parsons
- > Assistant Council Clerk
- > City of Portland
- > susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.g
- > ov>
- > 503.823.4085

From:

Joseph Baltar <ioebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Thursday, January 29, 2015 11:22 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Cc: Subject: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

CIA and FBI part of same death squad entity

see link for full storystory

http://www.madcowprod.com/2015/01/28/former-top-cia-official-lied-in-boston-bombing-cover-up/#more-9564

CIA Plane in Big Aussie-American Heroin Bust Former CIA Official Lied in Boston Bombing Cover-Up Posted on January 28, 2015 by

Boston Marathon bombingFormer top CIA official Graham Fuller lied in a press interview about his former son-in-law, Ruslan Tsarni, the uncle of "The Brothers Tsarnaev," Tamerlan, now dead, and Dzhokhar, soon to go on trial in Boston for allegedly planting a homemade pressure-cooker bomb packed with shrapnel near the finish line of the Boston Marathon.

"A story on the Internet implying possible connections between Ruslan (Tsarni) and the Agency through me is absurd," Fuller said in an Apr 27 2013 story headlined "Former CIA officer: 'Absurd' to link uncle of Boston suspects, Agency," in Washington-D.C.based Al-Monitor, which bills itself as the "Pulse of the Middle East."

fuller (3)Fuller was responding to an exclusive report published here headlined "Was Boston Bombers 'Uncle Ruslan' with the CIA?", which he and reporter Laura Rosen churlishly refused to credit, calling it merely a "story on the Internet" even as they labored to debunk it.

Yet it was reported and re-published so widely in the aftermath of the Boston Marathon terror attack that Fuller felt compelled to respond.

Well, compelled to respond may be a little strong. Still, respond he did, in an interview which marshalled arguments to indicate questioning whether Ruslan Tsarni's connection with the CIA had been through his famous former father-in-law were not just an exercise in futility. They were absurd.

tsarni (7)Just to be clear, there is zero evidence to indicate either Uncle Ruslan Tsarni or the CIA hired the Tsarnaev Brothers to blow up Boston. There is, however, abundant evidence that elements of the U.S. Government have been playing footsie with Chechen terrorists, presumably to divert Russia from committing the kind of rash Neo-Communist Gangster stuff they'd be doing already unless we're very very careful.

Here's a troubling question: If it was blow-back from that campaign which blew up in Boston—throwing covert U.S. support at Chechen terrorists—do you think anyone in the U.S. Government is eager to let the American people in on that no-doubt classified-for-reasons-of-national-security secret?

Why, the very idea seems—to use Mr. Fuller's word—absurd. Uncle Ruslan meets 'the boys'

bcIn his interview, Graham Fuller admitted that a second bombshell disclosure in an exclusive Apr 26, 2013, report headlined Boston bombers' uncle married daughter of top CIA official, also was true:

The Tsarnaev Brothers' uncle, Ruslan Tsarni, was his former son-in-law.

Tsarni was married to Graham Fuller's daughter Samantha between 1994 and sometime near the dawn of the millenium, Fuller grudgingly admitted. Still, he insisted, without explanation, that suggestions that law enforcement should be checking to see if Ruslan Tsarni had "hooked up" with the CIA through Fuller were "absurd."

It was an odd assertion. At the very moment he was making it, investigators with the FBI—who remained convinced the Tsarnaev Brothers had outside help and support—were in an intensive manhunt to find foreign connections to the case. Asking questions about links between Ruslan, the CIA, and the bombers would not be seen as out of bounds. Or would they?

Of course, statements by former top CIA officials should be taken with a large grain of salt. Double the salt allowance if the "former"

official is still engaged in intrigue in Central Asia.

Hannibal crosses the Alps; Fuller fords his Rubicon

imagesAnd that's before discounting fstill further for being widely and infamously known as the man who convinced the Reagan Administration that it would be a neat idea to send a callow Marine Lt. Col. named Oliver North with a cake under one arm and some TOW missiles under the other to a meet-and-greet in Tehran with the Ayatollah.

But back to the body blows being thrown against the credibility of anyone with the temerity of reporting the obvious...

"Fuller retired from the agency almost a decade before the brief marriage," sniffed Laura Rosen, the reporter selected to give him a sympathetic hearing.

YFASHION1-popup"I, of course, retired from CIA in 1987," Fuller offered helpfully, suggesting his Agency past had receded into the far reaches of recorded history, a dimly-remembered time located somewhere just this side of Hannibal crossing the Alps.

If Fuller retired, moved to Florida, and taken up golf while decked out in the vibrant hues of lime-green and canary-yellow sweater-slack combinations favored in the Florida golfing fraternity, he might have a point.

That was not, alas, how Fuller chose to spend his dwindling years.

Even today he keeps stirring the pot in Central Asia, a long-time player in what previous generations called the Great Game.

He's a consultant at Rand Corp; and he's written a prodigious number of books with Great-Game-y titles: "Turkey & the Arab Spring;" "The Arab Shia'a;" "The Future of Political Islam;" "Turkey's Kurdish Question;" "The Geopolitics of Islam & the West. "Kazakh-style crony capitalism, illustrated

maxresdefaultRuslan Tsarni's former father-in-law isn't his only link to the CIA. There's also his decades-long work history, discovered in a press release from a dodgy oil-related company with no assets and a ridiculous name whose President had been somehow lured away from a life-long career with Halliburton.

It reveals that Tsarni had worked in Central Asia for the Agency for International Development (USAID)—a U.S. Government Agency often used for cover by the CIA, including a two-year stint in the former Soviet Republic of

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Kazakhstan during the "Wild West" days of the early 1990's, when anything that wasn't nailed down in that country was up for grabs.

379-cia-usaid-1At a time when vast natural resources and enormous fortunes were 'in play' during the economic free-for-all in the "Stans" after the collapse of the Soviet Union, 24-year old Ruslan Tsarni was already a 'player.'

Ruslan Tsarni is once again working (since 2010) working for USAID.

Oddly enough, Russia, the country competing with the US for influence in the region, unceremoniously kicked USAID out of the country just months before the Boston Bombing terror attack, for, according to a Putin spokesmen, encouraging his political opposition.

Ruslan Tsarni & the Congress of Chechen International Organizations

tsarni (1)In his interview with Laura Rosen, Fuller uncorked a whopper. Said Fuller, "Like all Chechens, Ruslan was very concerned about his native land, but I saw no particular involvement in politics [although] he did try to contact other Chechens around."

Perhaps Fuller felt that no one would notice. Perhaps he felt immune to fact-checking, a sentiment common among Reagan-era CIA officials.

But whatever his motivation, he has been caught in a provable lie.

Ruslan Tsarni, as Fuller well knows, has been up to his neck in Central Asian political intrigue for decades.

An undated still image taken from video shows the address of Chechen rebels, led by Emir of the Caucasus Doku Umarov

On August 17,1995, while Ruslan Tsarni and Graham Fuller's daughter Samantha were still virtual newlyweds, Tsarni incorporated a company in Maryland called the "Congress of Chechen International Organizations."

Ruslan Tsarni was listed as the company's resident agent. The group sent aid to Islamic terrorists in Chechnya, including thousands of pairs of combat boots, coordinating its efforts with another so-called "charity," Benevolence International, designated "financiers of terrorism" by the Treasury Department before being shut down by US Attorney Patrick Fitzgerald.

home

The company's listed address, 11114 Whisperwood Ln. Rockville MD., was the home address of former top CIA official s Graham Fuller.

Today, the home remains listed in his wife's name. "An impromptu press conference aired live on network television"

bost (2)With worldwide attention on the upcoming trial of Boston Marathon bombing suspect Dzhokhar Tsarnaev, what facts could possibly be being deliberately de-selected and hidden from view?

In "Long Mile Home" a book about the Boston Marathon Bombing by two Boston Globe reporters, everything they have to say about Ruslan Tsarni isn't much:

"On the Friday morning after Tamerlan was killed, with police still hunting for Dzhokhar, investigators and reporters found their uncle, Ruslan Tsarni, a corporate attorney living outside Washington D.C. When he emerged after speaking to FBI agents inside his home, he walked up to television cameras and reporters gathered outside looking for the latest in what had become the biggest story in the world. In an impromptu press conference aired live on network television, Tsarni offered condolences to the bombing victims, denounced his nephews, and ordered Dzhokhar to turn himself in.

Asked to explain what provoked the brothers to attack, Tsarni said, "Being losers. Hatred for those who were able to settles themselves. These are the only reasons I can imagine. Anything else—anything to do with religion, with Islam—that's a fraud. It's a fake."

Asked how he felt about the United States, Tsarni said, "I respect this country. I love this country."

An opinion writer for the Washington Post called his words "inspiring," and said his press conference was "a moment we all needed."

The New Yorker said he "looked like he might hunt his nephew down himself."

That's it. That's everything they wrote about Ruslan Tsarni. Nothing about his work overseas for USAID. Nothing about being the former son-in-law of a top CIA official, or about running an organization out of his house that was sending aid to Chechen terrorists. Most of all nothing about his being—at the same time he was calling his nephews "losers"— a guy involved, according to the London Telegraph, in the biggest bank fraud in history.

By anyone's standards, that's a lot not to report. The authors must be proud.

"Uncle" Ruslan Tsarni is the elephant in the living room

download (1)"News," someone once wrote, "is selection."

And selection is always based on an ideology and an agenda. Just something to remember the next time you're reading, or watching, the 'news.'

As jury selection proceeds in Boston in the upcoming trial of Dzhokhar Tsarnaev, the most pressing question about the attack remains one which is so obvious even Time Magazine is asking it: Did They Really Act On Their Own?

The logical place to start would be with Uncle Ruslan, who's been married to the daughter of a former top CIA official who remains a"player" in Central Asia's Great Game. But, of course, it ain't gonna happen.

hittersWhether by accident or design, Ruslan Tsarni played the same

role in the aftermath of the Boston terror attack played after the 9/11 terror attack by Rudi Dekkers, manager of Mohamed Atta's flight school in Venice. And just like Rudi Dekkers before him, his pronouncements were received uncritically.

The mainstream media fawned all over him. He was soon being called "Uncle Ruslan. He became the primary go-to source on the suspects, peddling his brief about the perfidy and all-around loser nature of his two nephews, one of whom, who he'd helped raise and bring to America, had just been killed in a hail of gunfire with police.

There were no tears for Uncle Ruslan. He was "protected," and no doubt glad for it.

tsarni (7)When Graham Fuller fibbed about Ruslan's political activities, was it out of personal loyalty, or in support of a larger operation which had Ruslan Tsarni leading every 24-hour news cycle for more than a week during the biggest story of the year? Is there anyone in America who still thinks this happens by accident?

What does this say about the CIA

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Sunday, February 01, 2015 3:51 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

On Monday: Why Russia Matters to the Boston Bombing Suspect's Defense

(http://whowhatwhy.org/2015/01/26/russia-matters-boston-bombing-suspects-defense/)

by James Henry (http://whowhatwhy.org/author/james-henry/)

One unanswered question about the Boston Marathon bombing persists:

What did Russia tell the U.S. about the Tsarnaev brothers, and when?

Here's why Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's defense team is chipping away at the secrecy surrounding that story.

On Tuesday: How New York Corruption Damages Democracy in America and the World

(http://whowhatwhy.org/2015/01/28/damaging-democracy-one-bribe-time/)

by Bob Hennelly (http://whowhatwhy.org/author/bob-hennelly/)

The arrest of New York Assembly Leader Sheldon Silver on bribery charges would be easy to dismiss as just another local corruption case. Bob Hennelly explains why it's a much bigger risk to democracy than it appears.

On Wednesday: BOSTON WRONG: Marathon Bombing Evidence "As Seen on TV"

(http://whowhatwhy.org/2015/01/29/boston-wrong-marathon-bombing-evidence-seen-tv/)

by Lara Turner (http://whowhatwhy.org/author/lara-turner/)

Potential jurors in the Boston Marathon Bombing trial have said they've seen a video of Dzhokhar

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Sunday, February 01, 2015 1:54 AM

To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: 'fruhmenschen@yahoo.com'

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Top News

Exclusive: FBI says it had no prior knowledge of deadly Philippine raid targeting militants By Julia Edwards WASHINGTON | Sat Jan 31, 2015 4:08pm EST Email Facebook Twitter Photo By Julia Edwards

WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The FBI had no prior knowledge of a police raid in the Philippines last Sunday to arrest wanted militants that went awry and left 44 police dead, an FBI spokesman told Reuters on Saturday.

Philippine media had reported that the FBI helped orchestrate the raid, which targeted Zulkifli bin Hir, an Islamic militant on the U.S.

law enforcement agency's list of "most wanted terrorists."

"The FBI was not involved in the planning or execution of the operation. We do express our deepest condolences to the brave officers of the Philippine National Police who lost their lives in the line of duty," FBI spokesman Josh Campbell said.

On Mon, 8 Dec 2014 20:05:10 +0000

"Parsons, Susan" <Susan.Parsons@portlandoregon.gov> wrote:

- > Joe.
- > Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City
- >Council.

>

- > Susan Parsons
- > Assistant Council Clerk
- > City of Portland
- > susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.g
- > ov>
- > 503.823.4085

From:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Monday, February 02, 2015 6:54 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

FBI agents can now solve 6 out of 10 crimes they create

2 stories

1.

Defense says undercover FBI agent induced man accused of plotting airport bomb to commit crime

http://www.foxnews.com/us/2015/02/02/defense-says-undercover-fbi-agent-induced-man-accused-plotting-airport-bomb-to/

February 2 2015

An FBI agent who befriended a man now accused of plotting a suicide bomb attack at a Wichita airport radicalized him and induced him to

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discuss new evidence ...

From: Sent:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Monday, February 02, 2015 7:14 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc:

'fruhmenschen@yahoo.com'

Subject:

[Approved Sender] Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

On Mon, 8 Dec 2014 20:05:10 +0000

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- > Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City
- >Council.

In fracking hot spots, police and gas industry share intelligence on activists

FEBRUARY 2, 2015 | 5:44 PM BY MARIE CUSICK

http://stateimpact.npr.org/pennsylvania/2015/02/02/in-fracking-hot-spots-police-and-gas-industry-share-intelligenceon-activists/

Police monitor an anti-fracking protest at Gov. Wolf's inauguration in January.

MARIE CUSICK/ STATEIMPACT PENNSYLVANIA

Police monitoring an anti-fracking protest outside the state capitol during Gov. Wolf's inauguration in January.

Last month an anti-fracking group settled a lawsuit against Pennsylvania, after it was erroneously labeled a potential terrorist threat. The case dates back to 2010 and was an embarrassment for then-Governor Ed Rendell.

But documents obtained by StateImpact Pennsylvania show law enforcement here and in other parts of the country continue to conduct surveillance on anti-fracking activists, leading some to claim their Constitutional rights are being violated.

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It's not hard to tell Wendy Lee is an animal lover. When I arrived at her home in Bloomsburg, I was greeted by several dogs, an iguana the size of a cat, and three birds. With her cockatiel, Quantum, by her side, she showed me her blog. Lee is a 55-year-old philosophy professor at Bloomsburg University and proud anti-fracking activist.

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Still, she was surprised last February when a Pennsylvania State Trooper came to her house to ask her about a visit she'd made to a gas compressor station.

On that trip, she was joined by two other activists and took some photos of the compressor. It wasn't long before security guards told them all to leave.

"When they tell us to leave, we left," she recalls. "There was no altercation. There was nothing."

As the trooper stood inside her door, he questioned her about the incident. After a while, he brought up eco-terrorism.

Lee was stunned when he asked her if she knew anything about pipe bombs.

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When Alderson got a knock at his home in Hector, a New York trooper was there too.

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MATT RICHMOND/ WSKG

Activist Jeremy Alderson outside his home in Hector, N.Y. A Pennsylvania state trooper came to his home to question him about visiting a gas site in Pa., "What possible reason do they have to come here but to intimidate me?" says Alderson.

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"A history of suppressing dissent"

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Walczack has represented fracking opponents as clients. He says a small percentage of activists resort to crime.

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"But the vast majority of people who are involved today in the anti-fracking movement are law-abiding citizens."

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"We believe that collecting and disseminating information about groups engaged in lawful activities ... can and does have a chilling effect upon freedom of speech," says Gas Drilling Awareness Coalition vice president Diane Dreier

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"The FBI is not in the business of investigating or tracking groups for having specific beliefs," he says. "That's not within our jurisdiction or within the law."

The documents obtained by StateImpact Pennsylvania show the intelligence-sharing between police and the oil and gas industry goes on in other parts of the country too.

Surveillance in other shale plays

A man named Jim Hansel sends out many of the updates to the Marcellus Shale Operators' Crime Committee. He's based in Williamsport and manages security for the Texas-based gas driller, Anadarko Petroleum.

Neither Hansel nor Anadakro responded to requests to comment for this story.

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Documents obtained by StateImpact Pennsylvania show the gas industry and law enforcement have similar intelligence-sharing partnerships in other parts of the U.S., including Texas and the Rockies.

AP PHOTO/DAVID ZALUBOWSKI, FILE

37113

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Cliff Willmeng is not surprised to hear about the surveillance. He's a nurse and anti-fracking activist who lives near Boulder, Colorado.

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Why was this happening?

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Two departments showed up at Willmeng's home. In their report, the officers said he was uncooperative. They charged him with four misdemeanors: harassment, criminal trespassing, obstruction, and resisting arrest.

All the activists in this story say they feel like they've been targeted for their viewpoints.

It's not clear to what extent the surveillance will continue under Governor Wolf's new administration. His pick to head the state police, Col. Marcus Brown says he's not familiar with the Marcellus Shale Operators Crime Committee.

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Lee thinks the visit was simply to intimidate her.

"While we get to believe we have the free exercise of our First Amendment rights, we're not actually supposed to use them."

She still hopes to get the police records and is appealing the decision.

This story has been updated to reflect the following correction: An earlier version of this article misstated the location of Wendy Lee's home. It is in Bloomsburg, not Lewisburg.

- >
- > Susan Parsons
- > Assistant Council Clerk
- > City of Portland
- > susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov>
- > 503.823.4085

Parsons, Susan

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Monday, February 02, 2015 7:18 PM

To:

joebmereel@fairpoint.net; Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales,

Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan

Subject:

FBI Watch making cruelty visible

In fracking hot spots, police and gas industry share intelligence on activists

FEBRUARY 2, 2015 | 5:44 PM BY MARIE CUSICK

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"While we get to believe we have the free exercise of our First Amendment rights, we're not actually supposed to use them."

She still hopes to get the police records and is appealing the decision.

This story has been updated to reflect the following correction: An earlier version of this article misstated the location of Wendy Lee's home. It is in Bloomsburg, not Lewisburg.

37118

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent: joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com> Tuesday, February 03, 2015 4:59 PM

То:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: ross.gelbapan@gmail.com; joebmereel@fairpoint.net FBI WATCH QUIRK DOCKET REPORT pass on to JTTF

Attachments:

0796_001.pdf

FBI agent Quirk threatened witness

to not show up and testify in civil trial against the FBI.

Trial case is brought against the FBI by attorney Jesse Trentadue who wants FBI to release Oklahoma City bombing surveillance videotapes FBI refuses to release all the videotapes.

PDF attachment sent to me by attorney Jesse Trentadue is enclosed in this email.

PDF is court record of recent criminal charges brought against FBI agent Quirk for Domestic Violence

I am also enclosing material Ed Tatro just sent me regarding JFK assassination

HISTORY DEPT.

What the Warren Commission Didn't Know

A member of the panel that investigated JFK's death now worries he was a victim of a "massive cover-up." By PHILIP SHENON February 02, 2015

1778 Shares145 Shares18 SharesEmailCommentOne PagePrint Half a century after the Warren Commission concluded there was no conspiracy in John F. Kennedy's assassination, the commission's chief conspiracy hunter believes the investigation was the victim of a "massive cover-up" to hide evidence that might have shown that Lee Harvey Oswald was in fact part of a conspiracy. In new, exclusive material published today in the paperback edition of a bestselling history of the investigation, retired law professor David Slawson tells how he came to the conclusion, on the basis of long-secret documents and witness statements, that the commission might have gotten it wrong.

Read more: http://www.politico.com/magazine/story/2015/02/warren-commission-jfk-investigators-114812.html#ixzz3QjPDSNRS

----Forwarded message---From: jesse32@sautah.com
To: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com
Sent: Tue, Feb 3, 2015 1:40 PM EST
Subject: FW: QUIRK DOCKET REPORT

http://kfor.com/2014/11/13/judge-more-details-needed-to-determine-if-fbi-tampered-with-witness-in-oklahoma-city-bombing-case/

http://www.deseretnews.com/article/865617775/FBI-agent-arrested-following-alleged-fight-with-girlfriend.html?pg=all

jesse c. trentadue Suitter Axland, PLLC 8 East Broadway #200 Salt Lake City, UT 84111 Telephone: 801 532 7300 jesse32@sautah.com<mailto:jesse32@sautah.com>

"This transmission (including any attachments) may contain confidential information, privileged material (including material protected by the attorney-client or other applicable privilege), or constitute non-public information. Any use of this information by anyone other than the intended recipient is prohibited. If you have received this transmission in error, please immediately reply to the sender and delete this information from your system. Use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of this transmission by unintended recipients is not authorized and may be unlawful."

From: Jesse Trentadue

Sent: Tuesday, February 03, 2015 11:37 AM

To: Jesse Trentadue

Subject: QUIRK DOCKET REPORT

3RD DISTRICT COURT - SALT LAKE SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

STATE OF UTAH VS. ADAM GRANT QUIRK

CASE NUMBER 141914121 State Felony

CHARGES

Charge 1 - 76-5-103(1) - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT 3rd Degree Felony

Offense Date: December 13, 2014

Mandatory Appearance

Charge 2 - 76-6-106(2)(C) - CRIMINAL MISCHIEF: INTENTIONAL

DAMAGE, DEFACE, DESTROY PROPERTY Class B Misdemeanor

Offense Date: December 13, 2014

Mandatory Appearance

Charge 3 - 76-6-108 - DAMAGE / INTERRUPT COMMUNICATION DEVICE

Class B Misdemeanor

Offense Date: December 13, 2014

Mandatory Appearance

This case involves domestic violence.

CURRENT ASSIGNED JUDGE

VERNICE TREASE

PARTIES

Bondsman - A SPORTSMANS BAIL BOND

Defendant - ADAM GRANT QUIRK

Represented by: TARA L ISAACSON

Plaintiff - STATE OF UTAH

Represented by: ROGER S BLAYLOCK Represented by: SIMARJIT S GILL

DEFENDANT INFORMATION

Defendant Name: ADAM GRANT QUIRK

Offense tracking number: 43570381

Date of Birth: November 08, 1978 Jail Booking Number: 14067373

Law Enforcement Agency: SALT LAKE POLICE

LEA Case Number: 14-216634

Prosecuting Agency: SALT LAKE COUNTY

CASE NUMBER 141914121 State Felony

Agency Case Number: 14029508 Sheriff Office Number: 381378

ACCOUNT SUMMARY

PAPER BOND TOTALS Posted:

25,000.00

Forfeited:

0.00

Exonerated:

0.00

Balance:

25,000.00

NONMONETARY BOND DETAIL - TYPE: Surety

Posted By: A SPORTSMANS BAIL BOND (#034908)

Posted:

25,000.00

Forfeited:

0.00

Exonerated:

0.00

Balance: 25,000.00

CASE NOTE

DAO# 14029508 Non Ecr

PROCEEDINGS

12-15-14 Case filed

12-15-14 Filed: From an Information

12-15-14 Filed: Information

12-15-14 Notice - WARRANT for Case 141914121 ID 16365725

12-15-14 Warrant ordered on: December 15, 2014 Warrant Num: 985371480 Bail Allowed

Ball amount:

25000.00

12-15-14 Warrant issued on: December 15, 2014 Warrant Num: 985371480

Bail Allowed

Bail amount:

25000.00

Judge: PAUL B PARKER

Issue reason: Based on the probable cause statement.

12-15-14 Note: Filed by det Jared Naegle SLC PD/Def in jail emailed the jail the warrant and issued a warrant

12-16-14 Warrant recalled on: December 16, 2014 Warrant num: 985371480 Recall reason: Defendant bonded out of jail - Warrant recalled

12-16-14 Filed order: DECLARATION OF INDIGENCY - HIRE OWN ATTORNEY Judge JUDGE ECR

Signed December 16, 2014

12-16-14 Filed: notice of court date and promise to appear

- 12-16-14 INITIAL APPEAR/SPORTSMANS/NTA scheduled on January 22, 2015 at 08:30 AM in ECR - S31 with Judge ECR.
- 12-16-14 Judge JUDGE ECR assigned.
- 12-16-14 Note: A Sportsmans Bail Bonds \$25,000.00 #034908 posted on 12/15/14 NTA date set
- 12-16-14 Filed: A SPORTSMANS BAIL BOND 25000.00
- 12-16-14 Bond Account created

Total Due:

25000.00

12-16-14 Bond Posted

Non-Monetary Bond:

25,000.00

12-17-14 Filed: Appearance of Counsel/Notice of Limited Appearance

12-17-14 Filed: Motion for Discovery Filed by: QUIRK, ADAM GRANT

12-17-14 Filed: Return of Electronic Notification

12-17-14 Note: Notified Melody at Sportsmans Bail Bonds of the court date

12-18-14 INITIAL APPEAR/SPORTSMANS/NTA scheduled on January 15, 2015 at 08:30 AM in ECR - S31 with Judge ECR.

12-18-14 Note: Attorney's office called and requesting an earlier court date. Tara Isaacson is counsel.

12-23-14 Filed: Response to Request for Discovery

12-23-14 Filed: Return of Electronic Notification

01-15-15 Minute Entry - Minutes for Initial Appearance

Judge: JUDGE ECR

PRESENT

kylal Clerk:

Prosecutor: TURNER, VICTORIA A

Defendant

Defendant's Attorney(s): ISAACSON, TARA L

Sheriff Office#: 381378

Audio

Tape Number: S31

Tape Count: 8:44-8:48

INITIAL APPEARANCE

A copy of the Information is given to the defendant.

Defendant waives reading of Information.

Advised of charges and penalties.

This is a NON ECR case. Case is assigned to Judge Trease and is set for a scheduling conference on 01-30-15 at 9:00 AM. Ms. Isaacson

requests the defendant be excused from the scheduling conference. The Court and the State does not feel comfortable imposing orders on another court. Ms. Isaacson is to file a motion with the assigned Judge if that is her request. The defendant is ordered to have no contact with any witnesses in this case but the Court will allow contact with the victim.

SCHEDULING CONF 1 is scheduled.

Date: 01/30/2015 Time: 09:00 a.m.

Location: FOURTH FLOOR-W45

THIRD DISTRICT COURT
450 SOUTH STATE STREET

SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84114-1860

Before Judge: VERNICE TREASE

01-15-15 SCHEDULING CONF 1 scheduled on January 30, 2015 at 09:00 AM in FOURTH FLOOR-W45 with Judge TREASE.

01-15-15 Judge VERNICE TREASE assigned.

01-15-15 Note: Jail Release Agreement Expired

01-16-15 Filed: Appearance of Counsel/Notice of Limited Appearance

01-16-15 Filed: Return of Electronic Notification

01-22-15 Filed: Motion and Stipulation to Waive Defendants Appearance Filed by: QUIRK, ADAM GRANT

01-22-15 Filed: Order (Proposed) Waiving Defendants Appearance

01-22-15 Filed: Return of Electronic Notification

01-30-15 Preliminary Hearing scheduled on February 24, 2015 at 09:00 AM in THIRD FLOOR - S32 with Judge PARKER.

01-30-15 Minute Entry - Minutes for INCOURT NOTE

Judge: VERNICE TREASE

PRESENT

Clerk: jennifew

Prosecutor: BLAYLOCK, ROGER S

Defendant

Defendant's Attorney(s): ISAACSON, TARA L

Sheriff Office#: 381378

Audio

Tape Number: W45 Tape Count: 9:02-9:03

Defendant is to be present for the preliminary hearing. His appearance for today's hearing was waived.

PRELIMINARY HEARING is scheduled.

Date: 02/24/2015
Time: 09:00 a.m.

Location: THIRD FLOOR - S32
Before Judge: PARKER, PAUL B

02-02-15 Filed order: Order Waiving Defendants Appearance

Judge VERNICE TREASE

Signed February 02, 2015

02-02-15 Filed: Return of Electronic Notification

Moore-Love, Karla

From:

Bob Horenstein <Bob@jewishportland.org>

Sent:

Tuesday, February 03, 2015 3:47 PM

To:

Moore-Love, Karla

Subject: Attachments: FW: letters re Joint Terrorism Task Force Joint Terrorism Task Force Letter.pdf

To: Portland City Council Clerk,

Please see attached -thank you.

Bob Horenstein

Community Relations/Allocations Director Jewish Federation of Greater Portland 6680 SW Capitol Highway, Portland, OR 97219

Direct: 503-245-6496 www.jewishportland.org Follow us on facebook



THE STRENGTH OF A PEOPLE.
THE POWER OF COMMUNITY.

TOGETHER **WE** DO EXTRAORDINARY THINGS



THE STRENGTH OF A PEOPLE. THE POWER OF COMMUNITY.

February 3, 2015

Mayor Charlie Hales 1221 SW Fourth Ave, Room 340 Portland, OR, 97204

Dear Mayor Hales:

On behalf of the Jewish Federation of Greater Portland and its Jewish Community Relations Council (JCRC), the voice of the local Jewish community on important public affairs issues, we urge you to decide in favor of assigning two Portland Police officers to become fulltime members of the local Joint Terrorism Task Force in partnership with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. As a minority community that has been a target of hatred and attacks over the last several years both in the U.S. and in Europe, we recognize the need to support all reasonable security measures to root out terrorism. At the same time, we recognize that the maintenance of sound oversight over the exercise of governmental power is essential to the preservation of our freedoms.

All Americans have a profound and direct stake in the war on terrorism. Events in recent years, including the attempted bombing of the Christmas tree lighting ceremony in our very own Pioneer Courthouse Square in 2010, have demonstrated the need to combat terrorism aggressively and to provide law enforcement with the tools to tackle this complex threat. Because of their respective missions, the FBI and Portland Police have distinct advantages when it comes to counterterrorism. The FBI has greater access to secret or classified information and is better positioned to investigate national or international terrorist networks because of the federal government's national and international reach and its plentiful resources. The Portland Police Bureau, on the other hand, likely has greater contacts in and ties to the local community and thus a greater understanding of local sensitivities, making it better positioned to gain the cooperation of local residents.

We understand well the debate surrounding the war on terrorism and how it potentially impacts individual liberties. Security and the protection of civil liberties, however, are not mutually exclusive; it is reasonable for Americans to expect to be secure from both physical harm and violations of their individual liberties, which means that strong legal checks must be maintained and that counterterrorism measures be carried out in secrecy only when necessary and subject to prompt judicial review. Indeed, based on the experience of other cities, we are confident that JTTFs are subject

CHAIR David Forman

CAMPAIGN CHAIR Lauren Goldstein

ALLOCATIONS CHAIR Simon Gottheiner

TREASURER Josh Blank

GOVERNING BOARD
Andrew Berlinberg
Shelly Klapper
Shawn Menashe
Joyce Mendelsohn
Jim Meyer
Jordan Plawner
Marshal Spector
Ed Tonkin
Michael D. Weiner
Mindy Zeitzer
Charlene Zideli

PRESIDENT AND CEO Marc N. Blattner

THE FEDERATION'S COMMUNITY PARTNERS UNITED IN BUILDING OUR COMMUNITY American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee Birthright Israel Brial Brith Camp Association Cedar Sinal Park Greater Portland Hillel Hesed Shel Ernet Jewish Agency for Israel Jewish Agency for Israel Jewish Agency for Israel Jewish Family & Child Service Maeyan Torah Day School Malmonides Jewish Day School Melton Adult Mini School Mittleman Jewish Community Center One Happy Camper Oregon Board of Rabbis Oregon Hillet Oregon Jewish Museum and Center for Holocaust Education Portland Jewish Academy

Member of: Jewish Federations of North America Jewish Council for Public Atlairs

The Jewish Federation of Greater Portland is a 501 (c)3 organization



to considerable oversight by the Department of Justice and Office of the Inspector General among others, thereby safeguarding civil liberties and providing sufficient remedies when mistakes are made.

We believe that information sharing through a formalized relationship ultimately makes our community safer. We therefore urge you to permit the Portland Police Bureau to fully rejoin the JTTF. Thank you for your attention on this very important matter.

Sincerely,

Marc Blattner

CEO and President

Box Hount

Community Relations Director

Written Testimony to Portland City Council (prepared February 3, 2015):

Why Portland law enforcement personnel must not become members
of the FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force

02/03/15 PM 2:21

Herman M. Frankel, M.D., 3310 NW Savier Street, Portland, OR 97210

Mayor Hales and Commissioners Fish, Fritz, Novick, and Saltzman:

New revelations of unlawful surveillance, deceit, mistakes, and cover-ups by federal intelligence agencies make it clearer than ever before: If Portland law enforcement personnel are to comply with Oregon law (ORS181.575) and the US Constitution, they must not become members of the FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force.

We already know that "A Review of the FBI's Handling of the Brandon Mayfield Case," released in March 2006 by the Oversight and Review Division of the US Department of Justice Office of the Inspector General, documented an array of serious technical errors, as well as unlawful surveillance and deceptive testimony in the affidavit leading to the wrongful arrest and detention of Brandon Mayfield in 2004. We know, too, of the findings contained in the "Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program" released December 3, 2014 by the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence documenting ineffectiveness, brutality, misrepresentation, failure to evaluate, and impeding of oversight by Congress, the White House, and the CIA's Office of Inspector General.

"A Review of the FBI's Handling of the Brandon Mayfield Case":

http://documents.theblackvault.com/documents/terrorism/MayfieldFBIOIG.pdf

"Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program" (Full Report):

http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2014/12/09/world/cia-torture-report-document.html

"Study of the CIA's Detention and Interrogation Program" (Seven Key Points):

http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2014/12/09/world/cia-torture-report-key-points.html

Now, in just the past two months, we've learned that "FBI agents in every region of the country have mishandled, mislabeled and lost evidence, according to a highly critical internal investigation that discovered errors with nearly half the pieces of evidence it reviewed. . . A majority of the errors identified were due in large part to human error, attributable to a lack of training and program management oversight"

Matt Apuzzo and Michael F. Schmidt. F.B.I. Evidence Is Often Mishandled, an Internal Inquiry Finds. NY Times. December 19, 2014 (online), Dec. 20, 2014, Page A11 (print), http://www.nytimes.com/2014/12/20/us/politics/fbi-evidence-keeping-criticized.html

We've also learned this: "Years before the release in December (2014) of a Senate Intelligence Committee report detailing the <u>C.I.A.</u>'s use of torture and deceit in its detention program, an internal review by the agency found that the C.I.A. had repeatedly overstated the value of intelligence gained during the brutal interrogations of some of its detainees."

Mark Mazzetti. C.I.A. Report Found Value of Brutal Interrogation Was Inflated. NY Times. January 20, 2015 (online), January 21, 2015 Page A7 (print). http://www.nytimes.com/2015/01/21/world/cia-report-found-value-of-brutal-interrogation-was-inflated.html

And this: Two newly declassified documents regarding the N.S.A.'s warrantless surveillance program "show the agency's secret moves in the months before Congress authorized the spying by enacting the Protect America Act in August 2007."

Charlie Savage. Documents show N.S.A.'s Wiretap Moves Before Congress's Approval. NY Times. January 27, 2015 (online), January 28, 2015, Page A13 (print).

 $\frac{http://www.nytimes.com/2015/01/28/us/documents-show-nsas-wiretap-moves-before-congresss-approval.html}{}$

Let's keep working together to protect our people, our democracy, and our Constitution! <jtfl30c.docx>

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Tuesday, February 03, 2015 5:19 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Subject:

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

In 199 a Memphis jury declared FBI agents had assassinated Martin Luther King google. mlk Rockwell Douglass

What the Warren Commission Didn't Know
A member of the panel that investigated JFK's death now worries he was a victim of a "massive cover-up."
By PHILIP SHENON February 02, 2015
1778 Shares145 Shares18 SharesEmailCommentOne PagePrint
Half a century after the Warren Commission concluded there was no conspiracy in John F. Kennedy's assassination, the commission's chief conspiracy hunter believes the investigation was the victim of a "massive cover-up" to hide evidence that might have shown that Lee Harvey Oswald was in fact part of a conspiracy. In new, exclusive material published today in the paperback edition of a bestselling history of the investigation, retired law professor David Slawson tells how he came to the conclusion, on the basis of long-secret documents and witness statements, that the commission might have gotten it wrong.

Read more:

http://www.politico.com/magazine/story/2015/02/warren-commission-jfk-investigators-114812.html#ixzz3QjchyEjP

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Wednesday, February 04, 2015 8:24 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

no protection for FBI whistleblowers re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Obama Administration Hinders FBI Whistleblower Protections & Inspector General Oversight By: Kevin Gosztola Wednesday February 4, 2015

http://dissenter.firedoglake.com/2015/02/04/obama-administration-hinders-fbi-whistleblower-protections-inspector-general-oversight/

Michael Horowitz, Justice Department Inspector General testifying before House Oversight & Government Reform Committee

The FBI withholds records the inspector general for the Justice Department should legally be able to access, and, in the process, has impacted the ability of the office to review whistleblower allegations and claims of retaliation. President Barack Obama's administration has apparently supported this position, which hinders an office that is supposed to provide independent oversight.

Justice Department Inspector General (IG) Michael Horowitz testified at a House Oversight & Government Reform Committee hearing on February 3. He expressed concern, along with IGs from the Environmental Protection Agency and the Peace Corps, that agencies are improperly withholding documents from their offices.

The IG Act, passed by Congress in 1978, states clearly that IGs are "authorized to have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations or other materials." They are to be given access without any exception so they can conduct oversight. Yet, in August 2014, forty-seven of the 72 IGs in government signed a letter urging Congress to reaffirm the intent of the law, which is that offices are to have "timely and unimpeded access to all records available to an agency that relate to that Inspector General's oversight activities." [PDF] Horowitz explained during the committee hearing that the FBI general counsel adopted a legal position in 2010, where the IG for the Justice Department could no longer have access to "grand jury, Title III electronic surveillance, and Fair Credit Reporting Act information, because of disclosure limitations in statutes other than the IG Act."

But the IG had been able to access these records before 2010 without any issues whatsoever. What changed? The new posture by the FBI (and allowed by the wider Justice

Department) means the IG office is wasting time and resources negotiating with FBI officials for access to records. There are further delays because the IG employees have to go to the Deputy Attorney General or Attorney General for permission to access materials. The Deputy Attorney General or Attorney General then makes a decision to allow access when they decide the oversight will be helpful to their management. It effectively transforms the choice to conduct a review into their decision instead of the IG office's decision.

"If we have to go through the agency leadership to decide whether we get records, that's a serious problem undermining our independence,"

Horowitz stated.

Horowitz claimed his office has been working to "move forward on a whistleblower retaliation allegation involving an FBI employee and the FBI wants to first review the documents to see if we're legally entitled" to access. That is a cause of "great concern." Prompt access to records is necessary for there to be whistleblower protections.

He indicated that an issue has been access to records related to programs, which fall under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act

(FISA) and PATRIOT Act. The FBI has challenged whether the IG should be able to review "raw data" from FISA. "So, what Congress has asked us to do is oversee the FBI's authorities in those areas to make sure they're exercised appropriately. To do that we have to know that we're getting everything and we're getting everything promptly." Congress took action in December 2014 and included a provision in the budget that prohibits the Justice Department from "using appropriated funds to deny, prevent or impede the DOJ OIG's timely access to records, documents and other materials in the Department's possession." It has helped, but President Barack Obama would like to have the provision repealed.

Obama's new budget suggests, "The Department is unaware of any specific materials the OIG believed necessary to its reviews but to which the OIG has not been granted access."

This is deceptive, as Horowitz explained, because it "glosses over"

how the IG's office ultimately obtains documents at issue. The FBI seeks permission from the Deputy Attorney General or Attorney General.

They are not just handed over as the records should be when requested.

As these offices review allegations of waste, fraud, abuse and/or misconduct to determine if they are accurate, they are impeded when documents are not provided quickly. It makes it difficult to fix and address corruption. It reinforces a culture that encourages clampdowns on employees who challenge conduct or policies within the agency.

The Justice Department rejected a number of key reforms "whistleblower advocates" urged the agency to adopt last year. The Office of Attorney Recruitment and Management (OARM), which handles claims of whistleblower retaliation under FBI whistleblower regulations, decided it would make it possible for "compensatory damages" to be awarded. There are now more people an FBI employee can go to and make a protected whistleblower disclosure. However, it did not adopt "judicial review, the incorporation of administrative law judges, time limits for decisions on cases, hearings upon request and a requirement that federal government employees be produced to provide testimony if it would be relevant to resolving a case.

Justice Department whistleblower and director of National Security & Human Rights division at the Government Accountability Project (GAP), Jesselyn Radack, told Firedoglake these are "hallmarks of due process," and, "as long as the Justice Department is the prosecutor, judge and jury, whistleblowers, who challenge the most politically sensitive wrongdoing, will have a hard time finding justice."

The Whistleblower Protection Act (WPA), passed in 1989, was long ignored by the FBI and Justice Department, even though it required the Attorney General to regulate FBI whistleblowers in a manner consistent with the WPA. Not until 1997 was any action taken to implement some kind of whistleblower protections.

An FBI legislative affairs official in 2014 suggested to Senator Chuck Grassley—when he raised concerns about the Insider Threat Program intercepting whistleblower communications—that whistleblowers should register with the Program in order to be protected. This just shows how the FBI is not open to accountability whether it come from whistleblowing or oversight by an IG.

Finally, the Obama administration has branded itself the "Most Transparent Administration Ever" yet time and time again there are examples such as this that show how transparent it is that the administration is not really in favor of transparency. Instead, the administration endorses a position that promotes violations of an unambiguous law intended to enhance a system of checks and balances in government. By doing so, entire Executive Branch agencies are able to escape accountability. It also becomes harder for whistleblowers to find protection if they take their claims to an inspector general's office.

*Horowitz's full submitted testimony can be found here.

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Wednesday, February 04, 2015 4:52 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

FBI does not need Patriot Act forward to JTTF/ FBI

couple of stories

FBI did the same criminal activities in 1980 without the Patriot Act.

1.

FBI Fears Loss of Surveillance Tools in Patriot Act Expiring Section of Law, Targeted by Critics of NSA Phone Program, Underpins Requests for Hotel, Credit-Card Bills Updated Feb. 4, 2015 7:18 p.m. ET

WASHINGTON—U.S. officials and some lawmakers are worried that key tools used to hunt down terrorists and spies could fall victim to the fight over the government's controversial phone-surveillance program.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation, using authority conveyed by a soon-to-expire section of the 2001 Patriot Act, is currently allowed to seek "tangible things" to aid in terrorism or intelligence probes, such as hotel bills, credit-card slips and other documents. Section

215 of the Patriot Act allows the FBI, with a court order, to take "books, records, papers, documents, and other items."

The authority is often used as a way to secretly collect evidence on suspected foreign spies operating in the U.S., according to current and former officials. Unlike a grand-jury subpoena, a person or company receiving a Section 215 order to provide documents is barred from revealing to anyone that they received such a request, these people said.

But Section 215, which is set to expire in June, also provides the legal basis for the National Security Agency's controversial collection of phone records. That program has come under intense scrutiny from lawmakers, civil-liberties groups and

2.

https://article25news.wordpress.com/2013/06/03/privacy-died-long-ago/

Privacy Died Long Ago In 06/03/2013

The great forgotten Cincinnati wiretap scandal

By Gregory Flannery

Americans no longer assume their communications are free from government spying. Many believe widespread monitoring is a recent change, a response to terrorism. They are wrong. Fair warning came in 1988 in Cincinnati, Ohio, when evidence showed that wiretapping was already both common and easy.

Twenty-five years ago state and federal courtrooms in Cincinnati were abuzz with allegations of illegal wiretaps on federal judges, members of Cincinnati City Council, local congressional representatives, political dissidents and business leaders.

Two federal judges in Cincinnati told 60 Minutes they believed there was strong evidence that they had been wiretapped. Retired Cincinnati Police officers, including a former chief, admitted to illegal wiretapping.

Even some of the most outrageous claims – for example, that the president of the United States was wiretapped while staying in a Cincinnati hotel – were supported by independent witnesses.

National media coverage of the lawsuits, grand jury hearings and investigations by city council and the FBI attracted the attention of U.S. Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-Vermont) and the late U.S. Sen. Paul Simon (D-III.).

As Americans wonder about the extent to which their e-mails, cell-phones and text messages are being monitored, they would do well to look back at a time before any of those existed. Judging by what was revealed in Cincinnati, privacy died long before anyone had ever heard of Osama bin Laden or al Q'aeda.

Turbulence

In 1988 Leonard Gates, a former installer for Cincinnati Bell, told the Mount Washington Press, a small independent weekly, that he had performed illegal wiretaps for the Cincinnati Police Department, the FBI and the phone company itself.

A week after the paper published his allegations, a federal grand jury began hearing testimony.

Gates claimed to have performed an estimated 1,200 wiretaps, which he believed illegal. His list of targets included former Mayor Jerry Springer, the late tycoon Carl Lindner Jr., U.S. District Judge Carl Rubin, U.S. Magistrate J. Vincent Aug, the late U.S. Sen. Howard Metzenbaum (D-Ohio), the Students for a Democratic Society (an anti-war group during the Vietnam War), then-U.S. Rep. Tom Luken

(D-Cincinnati) and then-President Gerald Ford.

A second former Cincinnati Bell installer, Robert Draise, joined Gates, saying he, too had performed illegal wiretaps for the police.

His alleged targets included the Black Muslim mosque in Finneytown and the General Electric plant in Evendale. Draise's portfolio was much smaller than Gates's, an estimated 100 taps, because he was caught freelancing – performing an illegal wiretap for a friend.

Charged by the FBI, Draise claimed he had gone to his "controller" at Cincinnati Bell, the person who directed his wiretaps, and asked for help. If he didn't get it, he said, he'd tell all. When the case went to federal court, Draise didn't bother to hire an attorney. He didn't need one. In a plea deal, federal prosecutors dropped the charge to a misdemeanor. Found guilty of illegal wiretapping, his sentence was a

\$200 fine. The judge? Magistrate J. Vincent Aug.

If Gates and Draise had been the only people to come forward, they could easily be dismissed as cranks – disgruntled former employees, as Cincinnati Bell claimed. But some police office officers named by Gates and Draise confirmed parts of their allegations, insisting, however, that there were only 12 illegal wiretaps. Other officers not known to Gates and Draise also admitted to illegal wiretaps. Some of the officers received immunity from prosecution in exchange for their testimony. Others invoked their Fifth Amendment right not to incriminate themselves.

"Due to the turbulent nature of the late '60s and early '70s, wiretaps were conducted to gather information," said a press release signed by six retired officers. "This use began in approximately 1968 and ended completely during the Watergate investigation."

The press release, whose signers included former Police Chief Myron Leistler, listed 12 wiretaps, among them "a black militant in the Bond Hill area" and a house on either Ravine or Strait streets rented by "the SDS or some other radical group."

The retired cops' lawyer said there were actually three Cincinnati Bell installers doing illegal wiretaps, but declined to identify the third.

The retired officers denied knowledge of "any wiretaps involving judges, local politicians, prominent citizens and fellow law enforcement officers or city employees."

Getting rid of Aug

Others had that knowledge, however.

37118

Howard Lucas, former-security chief at the Stouffer Hotel downtown, said he caught Gates and three cops trying to break into a telephone switching room shortly before President Gerald Ford stayed at the hotel.

"I said, 'Do you have a court order?' and they all laughed," Lucas told the Mount Washington Press.

The four men left. But they returned.

"A couple days later, in the back of the room, I found a setup, a reel-to-reel recorder concealed under some boxes," Lucas said.

Ford stayed at the Stouffer Hotel in July 1975 and June 1976 – two years after the Watergate scandal, when Cincinnati Police officers claimed the bugging ended.

Then there was the matter of a former guard at the U.S. Courthouse downtown. He said he had found wiretap equipment there in 1986 and 1987, just a year before the wiretap scandal broke.

"I heard conversations you wouldn't believe," he said. "I heard a conversation one time. they were talking about getting rid of U.S.

Magistrate Aug."

The wiretapping started with drug dealers and expanded to political and business figures, according to Gates. In 1979, he testified, he was ordered to wiretap the Hamilton County Regional Computer Center, which handled vote tabulations. His handler at the phone company allegedly told Gates the wiretap was intended to manipulate election results. "They had the ability to actually alter what was being done with the votes. ... He was very upset through some of the

elections with a gentleman named Blackwell," Gates testified.

J. Kenneth Blackwell is a former member of Cincinnati Council, and

1979 was an election year for council.

Something went wrong on Election Night, Gates testified. His handler at the phone company called him.

"He was panicking," Gates testified. "He said we had done something to screw up the voting processor down there, or the voting computer."

News reports at the time noted an unexpected delay in counting votes for city council because of a computer malfunction.

Cincinnati Bell denied any involvement in illegal wiretapping by police or its own personnel. Yet police officers, like Gates, testified the police received equipment – even a truck – and information necessary to effectuate the wiretaps. The owners of a greenhouse in Westwood even came forward, saying the police stored the Cincinnati Bell truck on their property.

'Say it louder'

Gates claimed that his handler at Cincinnati Bell repeatedly told him the wiretaps were at the behest of the FBI. He named an FBI agent who, he said, let him into the federal courthouse to wiretap federal judges.

Investigations followed – a federal grand jury, which indicted no one; a special investigator hired by city council, the former head of the Cincinnati FBI office; the U.S. Justice Department, sort of.

U.S. Sen. Paul Simon asked then-Attorney General Richard Thornburgh to look into the Cincinnati wiretap scandal. Federal judges, members of Congress and even the president of the United States had allegedly been wiretapped. Simon's effort went nowhere. His press secretary told the Mount Washington Press that it took three months for the Attorney General to respond.

"The senator's not pleased with the response," Simon's press secretary said. "It didn't have the attorney general's personal attention, and it said Justice (Department) was aware of the situation, but isn't going to do anything." The city of Cincinnati settled a class-action lawsuit accusing it of illegal wiretapping, paying \$85,000 to 17 defendants. It paid \$12,000 to settle a second lawsuit by former staffers of The Independent Eye, an underground newspaper allegedly wiretapped and torched by Cincinnati Police officers in 1970.

Cincinnati Bell sued Leonard Gates and Robert Draise, accusing them of defamation. The two men had no attorneys and represented themselves at trial. Hamilton County Common Pleas Judge Fred Cartolano refused to let the jury hear testimony by former police officers who had admitted using Gates and Draise and Cincinnati Bell equipment. In a 4-2 vote, the jury ruled in the phone company's favor, officially adjudging the two whistleblowers liars.

During one of the many hearings associated with the wiretap scandal, an FBI agent was asked what the agency would do if someone accused the phone company of placing illegal wiretaps. He testified the FBI would be powerless; it needed the phone company to check for a wiretap.

"It would go back to Bell," the agent testified. "We would have no way of determining if there was any illegal wiretapping going on."

The FBI agent was the person Gates had accused of opening the federal courthouse at night so he could wiretap federal judges.

One police sergeant offered no excuses for the illegal wiretapping.

Asked why he didn't bother with the legal niceties, such as getting a warrant, as required then by federal law, he said, "I didn't deem it was necessary. We wanted the information, and went out and got it."

At one point, covering the scandal for the Mount Washington Press, I received a phone call from a sergeant in the Cincinnati Police Department. He invited me to the station at Mount Airy Forest, where he proceeded to wiretap a fellow police officer's phone call. I listened as the other officer talked to his wife.

"Say hello," the sergeant told me.

I did. There was no response.

"Say it louder," the sergeant said.

I did. No response.

"You can hear them, but they can't hear you," the sergeant said. "Any idiot can do a wiretap. You know that's true because you just saw a policeman do it."

Privacy is dead. Its corpse has long been moldering in the grave.

Share this:

February 4, 2015

Portland City Council Attn: Council Clerk 1221 SW Fourth Avenue, Room 140 Portland, OR 97204

Submitted via email to: <u>Karla.Moore-Love@portlandoregon.gov</u>

Re: Testimony in support of City Council adopting the West Quadrant Plan

Dear Mayor Hales and City Council Commissioners:

My name is Jim Moore and I am a Goose Hollow Resident living at 2327 SW Market Street Drive. I have owned and lived in my home since 1999. I am also a practicing architect.

I would like to express my support in the adoption of the West Quadrant Plan before you today. The draft plan dated December 2014 is the result of thorough and community oriented efforts by many committed Goose Hollow volunteers. The draft plan in my opinion expresses the potential of the Goose Hollow community very well. The diligent, collaborative, and open approach that went into the creation of this plan should serve to represent to the City Council the broad support it deserves. I am proud to live in a thriving community with such great potential. I am also very appreciative of the efforts that so many of volunteers have given and the care, excitement and hope in the future they have captured in the plan.

Thank you,

James Moore, AIA

James Moore, AIA 2327 SW Market Street Drive, B Portland, OR 97201 jim@moorearchdesign.com

TESTIMONY

5:00 PM TIME CERTAIN

FBI JOINT TERRORISM TASK FORCE

IF YOU WISH TO SPEAK TO CITY COUNCIL, PRINT YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, AND EMAIL.

	NAME (print)	ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE	Email
V	Jamie Partride	ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE PORTLAND JOBS WITH JUSTICE 5831 NE 10th the. Portland 91211	jantep 7206 aul-con
	Michael Meo	2925 NE Weidler town 97232	meoforcongress@gmail.com
V	JEAN YAMAMOTO	JAPMEJE AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE	
	REV De LONG FLAYNES	AMA COALITION FOR JUSTICE AND PONCER REFORM	
	BRANDON MAYFIELD	PORTZONO ARON ATTORNEY	
	MALCOLM CHAPPOCK	VOTERANS FOR PEACE CHAP 72	
	Debbie Aiona	League of Women Voters	
	Dan Havorman	PURRAND COPWATER	
	Jo Ann Hardesty	NAACE Portland chapter	
	David Hess	for Greg Kafoury, Katoury & Mc Douga	
	Jason Katoury	Oregon Progressive Party	

Date <u>02-05-15</u>

Page _____ of _____

TESTIMONY

5:00 PM TIME CERTAIN

FBI JOINT TERRORISM TASK FORCE

IF YOU WISH TO SPEAK TO CITY COUNCIL, PRINT YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, AND EMAIL.

	NAME (print)	ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE	Email
5	Tom Nelson	National Lawyers Guild	
~	Maxine Fookson	,	
	Rod Such	Jewish Voice for Peace-Port	and
~	MARION SZAPIKOS	PORTURD, OR 97232	SIAPIKAS MOGMAIL.COM
~	Bill Michton	731 Sw Selnar 97205	wdiniditon aquail.com
	Teressa Rafere	7515 N. Westannet 2 PHld	Don't short portlandos
~	Sharon Maxwell	POBOX 11115 POK 9724	Shamaxhende conincios
~	LOS WALL		
12	Boothy Fairfuld		7
`	Light No.		
12	Sophia Kinnovath	700 N Killingsworth 97217	
10	Basaria Omar Hashi	,1	

TESTIMONY

5:00 PM TIME CERTAIN

FBI JOINT TERRORISM TASK FORCE

IF YOU WISH TO SPEAK TO CITY COUNCIL, PRINT YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, AND EMAIL.

NAME (print)	ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE	Email
- Zackaria Mohamed	700 N Killings worth	
Charles JOHNSON		
+ Frudy Cooper	214 NE Thompson Portland	Teyunasechotmai
1et Tara Anderson	4540 NE 18th Ave portland,	tara-andersonegmiston
- Nancy Newell	3917 N.E. Shi DMORE S. Prus 97211	Ogec 2 Rhotmail.com
Michael Withey	214 NEThompson Portland 97212	Mchoeler Wey TR @gmal
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Judith Boothby	7715 SE market St PHG 97215	boothby j@ yahar, can

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North, Iran-Contra, and the Doomsday Project: The Original Congressional Cover Up of Continuityof-Government Planning

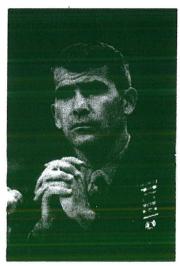
by <u>Peter Dale Scott</u>

<u>The Asia-Pacific Journal</u> Vol 9, Issue 8 No 1
21 February 2011

If ever the constitutional democracy of the United States is overthrown, we now have a better idea of how this is likely to be done. That may be the most important contribution of the recent Iran-contra congressional hearings.

—Theodore Draper, "The Rise of the American Junta," New York Review of Books, October 8, 1987.

In 1989 I published the following article, "Northwards without North: Bush, Counterterrorism, and the Continuation of Secret Power." It is of interest today because of its description of how the Congressional Iran-Contra Committees, in their investigation of Iran-Contra, assembled documentation on what we now know as Continuity of Government (COG) planning, only to suppress or misrepresent this important information in their Report. I was concerned about the committees' decision to sidestep the larger issues of secret powers and secret wars, little knowing that these secret COG powers, or "Doomsday Project," would in fact be secretly implemented on September 11, 2011. (One of the two Committee Chairs was Lee Hamilton, later co-chair of the similarly evasive 9/11 Commission Report).



Oliver North at Iran-Contra Hearings

Recently I have written about the extraordinary power of the COG network Doomsday planners, or what CNN in 1991 described as a "shadow government...about which you know nothing."[1] Returning to my 1989 essay, I see the essential but complex overlap between this Doomsday Committee and the Iran-Contra secret "junta" or cabal described by Theodore Draper and Senator Paul Sarbanes within the Reagan-Bush administration.

The original article provides detailed information that draws attention to what we have since come to know as COG planning or the Doomsday project, and documents the use of "terrorism" as a pretext to justify it and other abuses of constitutional government.

Specifically, the article demonstrates how North and George H.W. Bush (a far more central figure) used the rubric of "counterterrorism" to

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February 5, 2015

Mayor Charles Hales 1221 SW 4th Ave Room 110 Portland OR 97204

Portland OR 97204

Portland OR 97204

Commissioner Nick Fish 1221 SW 4th Ave Room 110

Commissioner Amanda Fritz 1221 SW 4th Ave Room 110 Commissioner Steve Novick 1221 SW 4th Ave Room 110 Portland OR 97204

Commissioner Dan Saltzman 1221 SW 4th Ave Room 110 Portland OR 97204

Dear Mayor Hales and Members of the City Council:

Should the City of Portland continue its relationship with the FBI? This is at its core a symbolic vote – the FBI does what it wants. Should one city say "No?"

In the mid-1960's, after the tyrannical purges of the McCarthy Era, J. Edgar Hoover felt it was his prerogative to select America's great black leader. First, he had to take out the formidable indigenous black leadership. His efforts to destroy the lives of Martin and Malcolm are well known. After that, he turned local police units into virtual death squads, targeting Black Panther Party headquarters from coast to coast, until the Mayor of Seattle disclosed the FBI's role in these attacks.

We all know these headline stories, but let's consider the small stories.

In 1970, I was in a graduate school class at the University of Oregon where we sought to discover what had happened to those U of O kids who had gone to the South as civil rights workers in 1964's "Mississippi Summer." I found a young woman at the end of the earth, teaching at a Job Corps center in Astoria. She told me that she had had a number of jobs since college, but that each time the FBI would visit her boss, and she would be fired.

Mayor Charles Hales February 5, 2015 Page 2 of 2

In 1977, under President Carter, I was able to get my FBI file. The first item was a letter saying that it was nice that two Whitman College students were going to the South "to register Negroes to vote." I was named. That letter was published in the Spring of 1965 in the Walla Walla Union Bulletin. This was not in the Age of Computers, but the Age of Scissors.

Beyond the headlines, the daily work of the FBI has gone on, goes on. One commentator suggests that we think of the FBI as a domestic political secret police, with its law enforcement function serving largely as a front. Over time, the political targets have evolved from civil rights workers, black activists, Vietnam War opponents, anti-nuclear groups, to peace activists.

Now it is the Muslims' turn, as their mosques are infiltrated and their children solicited by skilled *agents provocateur*.

Looking back, how successful was Hoover's plan to supplant the many strong black leaders with a satrap? Do you recall who President Obama sent to Ferguson? It was not a modern Martin or Malcolm or Brother Stokely: It was Al Sharpton, the FBI informant.

Not to resist is to collaborate. Someone, some city, should say "No." Let it begin here.

Sincerely,

/s/ Gregory Kafoury

Gregory Kafoury

GK:dh

LAW OFFICES OF

THOMAS H. NELSON

Post Office Box 1211 Welches, OR 97067-1211 Telephone: 503.622.3262 FAX: 503.622.3562

Thor as H. Nelson E-Mail: nelson@thnelson.com Mobile: 503,709,6397 Oregon State Bar # 78315 EIN # 93-1215520

Via Hand Delivery

February 5, 2015

Portland Mayor Charlie Hales Portland City Commissioner Amanda Fritz Portland City Commissioner Nick Fish Portland City Commissioner Dan Saltzman Portland City Commissioner Steve Novick

Re: Portland Police Bureau Participation in Joint Terrorism Task Force

Dear Mayor Hales and Commissioners:

I am appearing today on behalf of the Portland Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild, the association of progressive American attorneys formed in 1937 as a counterweight to the American Bar Association, which was staunch in its opposition to the New Deal. The NLG, unlike the ABA, has never barred persons from membership based on race. Throughout its history the NLG has been the leading national legal organization supporting progressive causes. I am also appearing on behalf of Yonas Fikre, a Portland resident who is a victim of the FBI's anti-terrorism crusade.

In previous appearances before this body I have detailed the circumstances of Mr. Fikre's abuse at the hands of the Portland office of the FBI. Briefly, Mr. Fikre's ordeal started in April 2010 when he was in Sudan attempting to start a consumer electronic business. He was contacted by a man named David Noordeloos, who claimed to be with the U.S. Embassy and wanted to meet with Mr. Fikre in order to tell him how to remain safe in Sudan during a time of political turmoil. On that basis Mr. Fikre agreed to go to the Embassy to meet with Mr. Noordeloos. However, when Mr. Fikre arrived at the Embassy, Mr. Noordeloos said he was actually an FBI agent and wanted to ask Mr. Fikre some questions. When Mr. Fikre responded that he wanted his attorney, Brandon Mayfield, to be present for the interrogation, FBI agent Noordeloos said he could not have his attorney because Mr. Fikre had been placed on the no-fly list and thus could not be represented by Mr. Mayfield. FBI agent Noordeloos thus questioned Mr. Fikre for several hours, and during that interrogation repeatedly requested Mr. Fikre to become an informant to help the FBI with "a case" that was developing in Portland. In retrospect, that "case" appears to that Mr. Fikre would act as an agent provocateur in the pursuit of Mohamed Mohamud, who has since been convicted of attempting to detonate an FBI-supplied bomb during the Christmas Tree lighting ceremony at Pioneer Courthouse Square in 2010. (Mr. Fikre had a passing acquaintanceship with Mr. Mohamud.) Not wanting to become an informant - even

though Agent Noordeloos offered in return that Mr. Fikre could live "the good life" with much money and other benefits, Mr. Fikre refused. In any event, Mr. Fikre left the Embassy and later Sudan without agreeing to become an agent provocateur or spy for the FBI.

Why is this important? Because the same David Noordeloos who met with Mr. Fikre in Sudan met with Portland Police Bureau Chief Rosanne Sizer in Chief Sizer's office on Tuesday, April 6, 2010 - only two weeks before Agent Noordeloos' meeting with Mr. Fikre in Sudan. Attached is a copy of Chief Sizer's Calendar for April 5 through 11, 2010 (obtained from website https://www.portlandoregon.gov/police/article/296214). It appears that Chief Sizer was involved in Mr. Fikre's ordeal even before it began - even though at that time - April 2010 - the Portland Police Bureau was not then part of the JTTF.

What happened to Mr. Fikre after he left Sudan? He went to the United Arab Emirates where he continued his efforts to start a consumer electronics business. However, on June 1, 2011, he was arrested by secret police there and detained for 106 days, during which time he was tortured and interrogated repeatedly. During those interrogations Mr. Fikre was again urged to become an FBI informant, which demands he continued to refuse. Finally, in mid-September 2011 the UAE released Mr. Fikre without charge and required that he be deported. Because Mr. Fikre was still on the nofly list he could not be sent back to his home in Portland, and thus he chose to be sent to Sweden, where he sought political asylum. Recently Mr. Fikre's request for asylum as denied, and again Mr. Fikre faces deportation. He is still on the no-fly list and thus it would be difficult for him to return to his home in Portland; moreover, he knows that even if he is allowed to return home he will never again be free to travel internationally, see his family members overseas, or enjoy other full rights of American citizenship. Consequently, Mr. Fikre is now seeking a country that is willing to offer him protection and shelter; frankly, he fears for his safety because of the past mistreatment by the FBI and is doing whatever he can to avoid any contact with the FBI.

I suppose a fundamental question this body should face is whether what it does even matters. Notwithstanding that the City voted itself out of the JTTF in 2005, the cooperation between the Portland Police Bureau on counter-terrorism issues persisted, as evidenced by Chief Sizer's April 6, 2010, meeting with FBI Special Agent Noordeloos.

There is a still larger issue this body should consider: How effective have America's counter-terrorism efforts been? By any standard, I think that they have been an abject failure, both at home and abroad. The best example is Al Qaida's recent replacement by the much more sinister, and much more effective and bloodthirsty, ISIS. Why did this happen? Frankly, I think ISIS has been empowered because many, many young men and women became radicalized. And why did they become radicalized? I think because collectively those young men and women felt that they had been abused and oppressed by the current power structures both in their home countries and by America. The Portland FBI's creating of the "terrorist" plot involving Mr. Mohamud is but

a small example of this abuse, but a significant one. As a result of that invention, the Muslim community in Portland has a profound distrust of law enforcement, unfortunately now including the Portland Police Bureau because of its present link to the JTTF.

It is an extreme irony that the FBI's notion of "counter-terrorism" has morphed into actual promotion of terrorism on a large scale.

Thank you.

Thomas H. Nelson Appearing on behalf of NLG and Yonas Fikre

Framas & Nelson

Attachment: Chief Sizer's Calendar, April 6-11, 2010

Chief Rosanne Sizer

Calendar

37113 April 5 – 11, 2010

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
4/5/10	4/6/10	4/7/10	4/8/10	4/9/10	4/10/10	4/11/10
8:00 AM - 9:00 AM Training Chief's Hour, In- Service 10:00 AM - 11:30 AM Meeting Maggie Bennington- Davis, Cascadia Behavioral Health 1:00 PM - 3:00 PM Meeting Police Commissioner and Staff	7:30 AM - 9:00 AM Meeting Public Safety Coordinating Council 9:00 AM - 10:00 AM Meeting Regional Chiefs and Sheriffs 10:15 AM - 11:15 AM Visit Dan Rather, HD Net 11:45 AM - 2:00 PM Event Global Business Awards Luncheon 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM Meeting Director Leslie Stevens 3:15 PM - 3:30 PM Meeting Assistant Chief John Eckhart 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM Meeting SAC Patrick Durkin, Special Agent Dave Noordeloos, FBI	8:00 AM - 9:00 AM Training Chief's Hour, In- Service 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM Meeting Paul Van Orden, Noise Control 1:00 PM - 2:00 PM Meeting Auditor LaVonne Griffin-Valade 1:45 PM - 2:15 PM Interviews KGW and KOIN 2:30 PM - 3:30 PM Meeting Commissioner Dan Saltzman	7:45 AM – 8:15 AM Meeting Leiutenant Kelli Sheffer 9:00 AM – 10:00 AM Meeting Director Yvonne Deckard 10:30 AM – 12:00 PM Meeting Thompson Morrison, i-OP 1:30 PM – 2:00 PM Meeting Commissioner Amanda Fritz 2:00 PM – 3:00 PM Media Event Release of Saltzman Mental Health Report 3:30 PM – 4:30 PM Meeting Assistant Chief John Eckhart	9:30 AM – 11:00 AM Meeting Budget 12:00 PM – 1:30 PM Meeting Mayor Sam Adams, Commissioner Dan Saltzman, OMF representatives 1:30 PM – 3:30 PM Meeting Budget	11:00 AM - 12:00 PM Event Sunnyside Masonic Lodge 163 Brunch	No Public Calendar



Portland Should Get Out of Terrorism Task Force, or Demand Stronger Oversight of "Case by Case" Involvement

comments by Dan Handelman, Portland Copwatch for City Council items 146, 147 and 148 February 5, 2015

Mayor Hales and Commissioners Fish, Fritz, Novick and Saltzman:

At last year's reading of the (weak) annual report, Commissioners Fish, Novick and Fritz indicated they would back the Mayor for pulling out of the Joint Terrorism Task Force (JTTF) if he were not given security clearance. Now it seems the Council may be OK with the Mayor merely receiving briefings from the FBI. The issue with the JTTF has always been that our Mayor is the Police Commissioner, and it's his responsibility to be sure our officers are conducting themselves consistent with the US Constitution, Oregon law, and local policies. If he cannot review the daily work of these officers, we can't hold them accountable. Having more insight is not the same as having oversight.

Resolution 1 calls to repeal the existing resolution but retains the requirement for the Chief to have security clearance and allows participation when there is "specific knowledge of an immediate threat of harm." This is really the same as the "case by case basis" established in the 2011 resolution. The Mayor continues to have at least two briefings a year from the FBI. The resolution doesn't call to remove the officers' security clearance who are already available to work with the FBI, but it removes the annual reporting requirement.

Resolution 2 calls for Portland to assign two full time officers to be part of the JTTF. The Mayor will get quarterly or more frequent debriefs from the FBI. There is no reporting requirement. The attached contract with the FBI requires officers participating in the JTTF to follow the FBI's rules, which are far more relaxed than Oregon's.

It's a mistake to assume that the FBI's Terrorism Task Forces are designed to make the community safer, when the FBI has created as many or more fake terrorism scenarios than the suspects they are tracking and often entrapping. The FBI has a history of investigating people for their political beliefs, and after 9/11 for their religious beliefs. Their investigations lead to mistrust in the community so that even if people had been willing to come forward with information about suspicious activity, now they likely are afraid of the consequences. The prime example is Mohamed Mohamud's father calling the FBI for help and his 20-something son ending up being set up and convicted for a fake plot created and funded by the FBI, and now facing 30 years in prison.

Portland needs to keep being the leader on this issue. When Portland Copwatch first brought the JTTF to Council's attention in 2000, then-Commissioner Hales remarked the Task Force's mission statement "sounded like something out of the Nixon era." The next year, shortly after 9/11, Hales voted against participation in the JTTF. At the same time, under Mark Kroeker, the most militaristic

Chief we've seen in our 23 years as an organization, the Portland Police refused to participate in broad interrogations of our Arab and Muslim community conducted by the FBI. In 2005 Mayor Tom Potter, a former Police Chief, took Portland out of the JTTF because as Commissioner, he could not supervise the JTTF officers without security clearance. That situation has not changed, despite the proposed contract stating that "appropriate supervisory personnel responsible for [police officers involved in the JTTF] must apply for and receive a Top Secret Security Clearance."

There seems to be a trend going on in City Hall: When there's a controversy, don't raise the bridge, lower the river. When we have too few affordable housing units in South Waterfront, the solution is to lower the goal rather than increase the number of units. When no solution to a street fee is clear, force the public to vote on one of many options. When the annual reports on the Terrorism Task Force are inadequate, don't demand more information, just get rid of the reports.

We've always said that if there's a real threat to public safety (not one manufactured by the FBI), the police obviously should work with the FBI to investigate and prevent harm, but there's no real mechanism to ensure that's the only situation they will work together. Unless there's fundamental reform on the federal level, including an end to restrictions on saying, for instance, how many times they've opened up investigations, there is no way Portland can be an active part of the JTTF.

From the point of view of our parent group, Peace and Justice Works: If the US would end its foreign policy that generates militant violence against the US and its allies, we would not even be having this conversation.



The League of Women Voters of Portland

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Joint Terrorism Task Force Portland City Council February 5, 2015

Over its 95-year history, the League of Women Voters has developed a set of fundamental principles upon which we act. Two of those principles directly relate to the city's relationship to the Joint Terrorism Task Force (JTTF). The League "promotes an open governmental system that is representative, accountable, and responsive ... and that protects individual liberties established by the Constitution." Furthermore, "it promotes political responsibility through informed and active participation in government."

The League cannot support rejoining the JTTF. If the city assigns its officers to the task force, Portland residents will have no guarantee that the protections offered us by Oregon law will be honored. As an organization that promotes political involvement, we value prohibitions on the collection and unlimited retention of police files on those engaging in political and other non-criminal first amendment activities. Without local oversight of our Portland police officers it is impossible to know if individuals participating in lawful First Amendment activities are benefiting from those protections. The FBI is not responsible for ensuring our local officers comply with state law and asking our officers to monitor their own behavior is impractical and lacks accountability.

By deputizing our Portland police officers as federal agents, the city will give up the right to scrutinize our officers' day-to-day activities and recordkeeping practices. This lack of oversight only invites potential abuse. Furthermore, our local police officers would be placed in an untenable position - they would be expected to follow the Oregon law that protects our residents from such abuse yet must work side by side with agents governed by much less stringent rules.

The League also advocates for governmental transparency. If City Council should decide to adopt the proposal for a more limited role in the JTTF or rejoin the task force, we recommend rigorous oversight and regular public reporting. This should include periodic review of all critical incident and intelligence related files by the City Attorney and the Independent Police Review Division director for cases in which local officers participate. These reviews should be summarized in written reports presented to City Council and available to the public.

The League of Women Voters believes that our democracy is strengthened and sustained by the community's active participation in government. Participation can take many forms from casting a ballot, to delivering testimony before a decisionmaking body, or joining in a peaceful demonstration. Involvement of that nature is threatened when individuals feel they have to look over their shoulder because they fear they are targets of government surveillance and file keeping. Again, we do not support rejoining the JTTF and any involvement of our officers with the task force should be carefully reviewed and reported to the public.

[&]quot;To promote political responsibility through informed and active participation in government."

Michael Meo

2925 N.E. Weidler St. Portland OR 97232

meoforcongress@gmail.com

https://cascadiachapterpgp.wordpress.com

Historian

- Helped develop, as recipient (2001-02) of Partners in Science grant, quantummèchanical description of nanoparticles
- Translated a history of differential calculus from German to English
- Oversaw construction, at Smithsonian Institution of first national exhibit of highenergy accelerators

EDUCATION

California Inst. of Technology	B.S., Astronomy	1969
University of Calif., Berkeley	M.A., History of Science	1970
Laney College	A.A., Electronics	1981
California State Univ., Hayward	teaching credential	1986
Portland State University	M.S., Mathematics	1999

TEACHING POSITIONS (last 20 years)

Oct Jan	02 11	Benson Polytechnic High School, Portland OR English, physical science, history, and mathematics chair of Math dept; adjunct professor of math, PSU
Sept Oct	97 02	Teacher Grant High School, Portland OR taught mathematics, AP physics
Sept Jun	90 97	ESL Building Liaison Teacher Roosevelt High School, Portland OR taught English, history, math, physical science
Nov Jun	89 90	substitute teacher Lincoln High School, Portland OR taught calculus
Oct Jun	88 89	Business Instructor CareerCom College of Business, Oakland CA taught English, math, job skills to postsecondary adults

PUBLICATIONS

20 biographical articles on prominent physicists in <u>American Academic</u> Encyclopedia, various volumes, 1980

Translation of A.D. Aleksandrov, "Mathematics: Its Essential Nature and Objective Laws," <u>Science and Nature</u>, 1980 (3): 22-40

Translation of Karl Marx, <u>Mathematical Manuscripts</u>, (London: New Park) 1983, 283 pp.

Book review of Marx's math, <u>Ganita Bharati</u> [Bulletin of the Indian Society for History of Mathematics], 1987, <u>9</u> (1-4): 78-80

moved from Oakland CA to Portland OR, mid-1989

Book review of G. E. Christianson, "Isaac Newton and the Scientific Revolution," <u>Isis</u>, 1999, <u>90</u>(4): 807-808.

"The Mathematical Life of Cauchy's Group Theorem," <u>Historia Mathematica</u>, 2004, <u>31</u> (3): 196-225

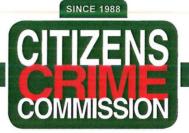
Eight biographies in Thomas Hockey, ed., <u>Biographical Encyclopedia of Astronomers</u>, New York, Springer, 2007 [3 in vol. I, 5 in vol. II]

Five biographies in <u>Supplement to Modern Encyclopedia of Russian</u>, <u>Soviet and Eurasian History</u>, volumes 8, 9, 10, 2007 – 2009

"The Invariant Twins," essay review of biographies of Arthur Cayley and J. J. Sylvester, Metascience, 2008, <u>17</u>: 27-32.

Izucheniya dlya istorii astronomii v Rossii v pervoi polovine devyatnatsatogo veka, Portland, Ore: Selbstgedruckt, 2014 [1st ed 81pp.; 2nd ed 82 pp., 3rd ed (1st to have included Sokolovskaia) 165 pp.]

(in preparation): translation, with commentary, of Zinaida Sokolovskaia-Novokshanova, <u>Vasilii Yakovlevich Struve</u> [biography of Friedrich Georg Wilhelm Struve (1793-1864)] 200 SW Market St., Suite 150, Portland, Oregon 97201



Ph: 503-552-6773 • Fax: 503-323-9186 • www.pdxccc.org

Testimony before the Portland City Council
Thursday, February 5, 2015 5:00 p.m. City Council Chambers
Bill Barr, Chair of the Citizens Crime Commission

Good evening Mayor Hales, and Commissioners. I am Bill Barr, Chair of the Citizens Crime Commission. Thank you for this opportunity to share our view about the City's role and responsibility in combatting terrorism. I am testifying today on behalf of the Citizens Crime Commission members and the Portland Business Alliance. We support the City having two Portland police officers assigned to the local Joint Terrorism Task Force as prescribed in Resolutions 147 and 148 and urge you to vote yes. We do not support Resolution 146 preventing the city from entering into an Memorandum of Understanding with the FBI and preventing Portland Police Bureau officers from being part of the JTTF, and urge you to vote no.

All of us have a vested interest in combatting terrorism. Acts of terrorism threaten our security and our liberty. Several events in recent years, including the attempted bombing of the Christmas tree lighting ceremony in Pioneer Courthouse Square, demonstrate that Oregon and Portland are not immune. We need only mention Boston and Paris to instantly recall the terror experienced recently in those cities. Members of the Citizens Crime Commission and the Portland Business Alliance are concerned. Both boards have examined this issue and taken a position supporting the City's full participation in the Joint Terrorism Task Force. Companies including Greenbrier, Northwest Natural, FLIR, and the Portland Trail Blazers, to name a few, have a vested interest in safety and security for their product distribution, their employees and the public they rely on. Acts of terrorism threaten that safety and threaten the foundation of a prosperous business climate. That is why they support collaborative law enforcement teams who share information on potential threats to community safety and leverage resources to respond to those threats.

We have taken time to speak with leaders in several cities in our region and around the country about their experience in working with the Joint Terrorism Task Force. Uniformly they have spoken to the value created, the time saved and the increased security experienced in working together.

Joint Terrorism Task Forces are part of our national security. Local, state, and federal law enforcement officers and agencies share information, leverage their relationships and coordinate efforts on the focused goal of detecting, deterring and vigorously responding to

terrorist threats. The FBI and Portland Police have separate unique strengths and advantages when it comes to counterterrorism. The FBI has greater resources and access to secret or classified information necessary to investigate national and international terrorist networks. The importance of local police to this collaboration cannot be overstated. More than 900 Portland police officers with close to 400,000 contacts with community members every year, know the community and the community values they are entrusted to protect and serve. Local officers bring that network of expertise and knowledge often not possessed by federal JTTF partners. That knowledge of the local community and a greater awareness of local sensitivities and values are critical to enlist the community's help in combatting terrorism.

Community security and protection of civil liberties are not mutually exclusive. We are confident law enforcement working together with the community is the best way to accomplish these objectives. We are safer when Portland police officers have more information about threats in our community. Having Portland Police Bureau officers on the task force makes it stronger and ensures Portland values are represented and protected.

We are the only city of our size not part of this national security effort. We should join other cities in our state and across the nation, united against terrorism with the goal of doing everything possible to increase safety of our community.

Thank you for inviting this testimony from the Citizen Crime Commission.

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Thursday, February 05, 2015 10:48 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc: Subject: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com FBI Watch pass on to JTTF

F.B. Eyes,' by William J. Maxwell

By Glenn C. Altschuler Published 10:27 am, Thursday, February 5, 2015

see link for full story

http://www.sfgate.com/books/article/F-B-Eyes-by-William-J-Maxwell-6064643.php

In "The FB Eye Blues" (1949), Richard Wright, a renowned black writer and a frequent target of J. Edgar Hoover's G-men, satirized the agency he deemed the most invasive, pervasive and powerful arm of the American surveillance state: "Woke up this morning/ FB eye under my bed/ Said I woke up this morning/ FB eye under my bed/ Told me all I dreamed last night, every word I said."

According to William Maxwell, an associate professor of English and African American studies at Washington University in St. Louis, African American writers were high on Hoover's most-wanted list. In "F.B. Eyes," Maxwell draws on the bureau's files of dozens of them (obtained through the Freedom of Information Act), its publications and its covert activities to argue that the FBI became a purveyor of "lit.-cop federalism," crossing the line between state power and civil society to insert itself in as a shaping presence in the nation's print public sphere, and producing a "counter-literature" designed to "police black writing with some of its imaginative medicine."

Maxwell makes the provocative (and counterintuitive) claim that by maintaining an uneasy — and perverse — obsession with African American letters, the bureau became "the most dedicated and influential forgotten critic of African American literature."

Maxwell demonstrates that the FBI paid considerable attention to the poems, plays, essays and novels of African American writers. Released in 1919, "Radicalism and Sedition Among the Negroes as Reflected in Their Publications" was the bureau's "first major work of book-talk"

and an early survey of the Harlem Renaissance.

Aspiring to total literary awareness, the FBI amassed one of the world's largest libraries of radical writing. In 1943, the FBI's Internal Security Division completed a 730-page Survey of Racial Conditions, compiled from 77,000 pages of raw data. During World War II, the bureau designated many black writers as candidates for "Custodial Detention." A year before the Broadway premier of Lorraine Hansberry's "A Raisin in

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent: Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

To

Wednesday, February 04, 2015 4:52 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

FBI does not need Patriot Act forward to JTTF/ FBI

couple of stories

FBI did the same criminal activities in 1980 without the Patriot Act.

1.

FBI Fears Loss of Surveillance Tools in Patriot Act Expiring Section of Law, Targeted by Critics of NSA Phone Program, Underpins Requests for Hotel, Credit-Card Bills Updated Feb. 4, 2015 7:18 p.m. ET

WASHINGTON—U.S. officials and some lawmakers are worried that key tools used to hunt down terrorists and spies could fall victim to the fight over the government's controversial phone-surveillance program.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation, using authority conveyed by a soon-to-expire section of the 2001 Patriot Act, is currently allowed to seek "tangible things" to aid in terrorism or intelligence probes, such as hotel bills, credit-card slips and other documents. Section

215 of the Patriot Act allows the FBI, with a court order, to take "books, records, papers, documents, and other items."

The authority is often used as a way to secretly collect evidence on suspected foreign spies operating in the U.S., according to current and former officials. Unlike a grand-jury subpoena, a person or company receiving a Section 215 order to provide documents is barred from revealing to anyone that they received such a request, these people said.

But Section 215, which is set to expire in June, also provides the legal basis for the National Security Agency's controversial collection of phone records. That program has come under intense scrutiny from lawmakers, civil-liberties groups and

2.

https://article25news.wordpress.com/2013/06/03/privacy-died-long-ago/

Privacy Died Long Ago In 06/03/2013

The great forgotten Cincinnati wiretap scandal

By Gregory Flannery

Americans no longer assume their communications are free from government spying. Many believe widespread monitoring is a recent change, a response to terrorism. They are wrong. Fair warning came in 1988 in Cincinnati, Ohio, when evidence showed that wiretapping was already both common and easy.

Twenty-five years ago state and federal courtrooms in Cincinnati were abuzz with allegations of illegal wiretaps on federal judges, members of Cincinnati City Council, local congressional representatives, political dissidents and business leaders.

Two federal judges in Cincinnati told 60 Minutes they believed there was strong evidence that they had been wiretapped. Retired Cincinnati Police officers, including a former chief, admitted to illegal wiretapping.

Even some of the most outrageous claims – for example, that the president of the United States was wiretapped while staying in a Cincinnati hotel – were supported by independent witnesses.

National media coverage of the lawsuits, grand jury hearings and investigations by city council and the FBI attracted the attention of U.S. Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-Vermont) and the late U.S. Sen. Paul Simon (D-III.).

As Americans wonder about the extent to which their e-mails, cell-phones and text messages are being monitored, they would do well to look back at a time before any of those existed. Judging by what was revealed in Cincinnati, privacy died long before anyone had ever heard of Osama bin Laden or al Q'aeda.

Turbulence

In 1988 Leonard Gates, a former installer for Cincinnati Bell, told the Mount Washington Press, a small independent weekly, that he had performed illegal wiretaps for the Cincinnati Police Department, the FBI and the phone company itself.

A week after the paper published his allegations, a federal grand jury began hearing testimony.

Gates claimed to have performed an estimated 1,200 wiretaps, which he believed illegal. His list of targets included former Mayor Jerry Springer, the late tycoon Carl Lindner Jr., U.S. District Judge Carl Rubin, U.S. Magistrate J. Vincent Aug, the late U.S. Sen. Howard Metzenbaum (D-Ohio), the Students for a Democratic Society (an anti-war group during the Vietnam War), then-U.S. Rep. Tom Luken

(D-Cincinnati) and then-President Gerald Ford.

A second former Cincinnati Bell installer, Robert Draise, joined Gates, saying he, too had performed illegal wiretaps for the police.

His alleged targets included the Black Muslim mosque in Finneytown and the General Electric plant in Evendale. Draise's portfolio was much smaller than Gates's, an estimated 100 taps, because he was caught freelancing – performing an illegal wiretap for a friend.

Charged by the FBI, Draise claimed he had gone to his "controller" at Cincinnati Bell, the person who directed his wiretaps, and asked for help. If he didn't get it, he said, he'd tell all. When the case went to federal court, Draise didn't bother to hire an attorney. He didn't need one. In a plea deal, federal prosecutors dropped the charge to a misdemeanor. Found guilty of illegal wiretapping, his sentence was a

\$200 fine. The judge? Magistrate J. Vincent Aug.

If Gates and Draise had been the only people to come forward, they could easily be dismissed as cranks – disgruntled former employees, as Cincinnati Bell claimed. But some police office officers named by Gates and Draise confirmed parts of their allegations, insisting, however, that there were only 12 illegal wiretaps. Other officers not known to Gates and Draise also admitted to illegal wiretaps. Some of the officers received immunity from prosecution in exchange for their testimony. Others invoked their Fifth Amendment right not to incriminate themselves.

"Due to the turbulent nature of the late '60s and early '70s, wiretaps were conducted to gather information," said a press release signed by six retired officers. "This use began in approximately 1968 and ended completely during the Watergate investigation."

The press release, whose signers included former Police Chief Myron Leistler, listed 12 wiretaps, among them "a black militant in the Bond Hill area" and a house on either Ravine or Strait streets rented by "the SDS or some other radical group."

The retired cops' lawyer said there were actually three Cincinnati Bell installers doing illegal wiretaps, but declined to identify the third.

The retired officers denied knowledge of "any wiretaps involving judges, local politicians, prominent citizens and fellow law enforcement officers or city employees."

Getting rid of Aug

Others had that knowledge, however.

Howard Lucas, former security chief at the Stouffer Hotel downtown, said he caught Gates and three cops trying to break into a telephone switching room shortly before President Gerald Ford stayed at the hotel.

"I said, 'Do you have a court order?' and they all laughed," Lucas told the Mount Washington Press.

The four men left. But they returned.

"A couple days later, in the back of the room, I found a setup, a reel-to-reel recorder concealed under some boxes," Lucas said.

Ford stayed at the Stouffer Hotel in July 1975 and June 1976 – two years after the Watergate scandal, when Cincinnati Police officers claimed the bugging ended.

Then there was the matter of a former guard at the U.S. Courthouse downtown. He said he had found wiretap equipment there in 1986 and 1987, just a year before the wiretap scandal broke.

"I heard conversations you wouldn't believe," he said. "I heard a conversation one time. they were talking about getting rid of U.S.

Magistrate Aug."

The wiretapping started with drug dealers and expanded to political and business figures, according to Gates. In 1979, he testified, he was ordered to wiretap the Hamilton County Regional Computer Center, which handled vote tabulations. His handler at the phone company allegedly told Gates the wiretap was intended to manipulate election results. "They had the ability to actually alter what was being done with the votes. ... He was very upset through some of the

J. Kenneth Blackwell is a former member of Cincinnati Council, and 1979 was an election year for council.

former head of the Cincinnati FBI office; the U.S. Justice Department, sort of.

elections with a gentleman named Blackwell," Gates testified.

Something went wrong on Election Night, Gates testified. His handler at the phone company called him.

"He was panicking," Gates testified. "He said we had done something to screw up the voting processor down there, or the voting computer."

News reports at the time noted an unexpected delay in counting votes for city council because of a computer malfunction.

Cincinnati Bell denied any involvement in illegal wiretapping by police or its own personnel. Yet police officers, like Gates, testified the police received equipment – even a truck – and information necessary to effectuate the wiretaps. The owners of a greenhouse in Westwood even came forward, saying the police stored the Cincinnati Bell truck on their property.

'Say it louder'

Gates claimed that his handler at Cincinnati Bell repeatedly told him the wiretaps were at the behest of the FBI. He named an FBI agent who, he said, let him into the federal courthouse to wiretap federal judges. Investigations followed – a federal grand jury, which indicted no one; a special investigator hired by city council, the

U.S. Sen. Paul Simon asked then-Attorney General Richard Thornburgh to look into the Cincinnati wiretap scandal. Federal judges, members of Congress and even the president of the United States had allegedly been wiretapped. Simon's effort went nowhere. His press secretary told the Mount Washington Press that it took three months for the Attorney General to respond.

"The senator's not pleased with the response," Simon's press secretary said. "It didn't have the attorney general's personal attention, and it said Justice (Department) was aware of the situation, but isn't going to do anything." The city of Cincinnati settled a class-action lawsuit accusing it of illegal wiretapping, paying \$85,000 to 17 defendants. It paid \$12,000 to settle a second lawsuit by former staffers of The Independent Eye, an underground newspaper allegedly wiretapped and torched by Cincinnati Police officers in 1970.

Cincinnati Bell sued Leonard Gates and Robert Draise, accusing them of defamation. The two men had no attorneys and represented themselves at trial. Hamilton County Common Pleas Judge Fred Cartolano refused to let the jury hear testimony by former police officers who had admitted using Gates and Draise and Cincinnati Bell equipment. In a 4-2 vote, the jury ruled in the phone company's favor, officially adjudging the two whistleblowers liars.

During one of the many hearings associated with the wiretap scandal, an FBI agent was asked what the agency would do if someone accused the phone company of placing illegal wiretaps. He testified the FBI would be powerless; it needed the phone company to check for a wiretap.

"It would go back to Bell," the agent testified. "We would have no way of determining if there was any illegal wiretapping going on."

The FBI agent was the person Gates had accused of opening the federal courthouse at night so he could wiretap federal judges.

One police sergeant offered no excuses for the illegal wiretapping.

Asked why he didn't bother with the legal niceties, such as getting a warrant, as required then by federal law, he said, "I didn't deem it was necessary. We wanted the information, and went out and got it."

At one point, covering the scandal for the Mount Washington Press, I received a phone call from a sergeant in the Cincinnati Police Department. He invited me to the station at Mount Airy Forest, where he proceeded to wiretap a fellow police officer's phone call. I listened as the other officer talked to his wife.

"Say hello," the sergeant told me.

I did. There was no response.

"Say it louder," the sergeant said.

I did. No response.

"You can hear them, but they can't hear you," the sergeant said. "Any idiot can do a wiretap. You know that's true because you just saw a policeman do it."

Privacy is dead. Its corpse has long been moldering in the grave.

Share this:

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Thursday, February 05, 2015 10:48 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Cc: Subject: fruhmenschen@yahoo.com FBI Watch pass on to JTTF

F.B. Eyes,' by William J. Maxwell

By Glenn C. Altschuler Published 10:27 am, Thursday, February 5, 2015

see link for full story

http://www.sfgate.com/books/article/F-B-Eyes-by-William-J-Maxwell-6064643.php

In "The FB Eye Blues" (1949), Richard Wright, a renowned black writer and a frequent target of J. Edgar Hoover's G-men, satirized the agency he deemed the most invasive, pervasive and powerful arm of the American surveillance state: "Woke up this morning/FB eye under my bed/Said I woke up this morning/FB eye under my bed/Told me all I dreamed last night, every word I said."

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Aspiring to total literary awareness, the FBI amassed one of the world's largest libraries of radical writing. In 1943, the FBI's Internal Security Division completed a 730-page Survey of Racial Conditions, compiled from 77,000 pages of raw data. During World War II, the bureau designated many black writers as candidates for "Custodial Detention." A year before the Broadway premier of Lorraine Hansberry's "A Raisin in

Parsons, Susan

To: Subject: Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan FW: FW: pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council

Susan Parsons
Assistant Council Clerk
City of Portland
susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov
503.823.4085
-----Original Message-----

From: joe baltar [mailto:fruhmenschen@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, February 09, 2015 4:38 PM

To: Parsons, Susan

Subject: RE: FW: pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council

Alexandria, Virginia September 26-28, 2014

http://changehistjfk.blogspot.com/

Monday, February 9, 2015 Production Complete!

We have completed production of the DVD from our conference, Warren Commission 50 Years Later: A Critical Examination. Ed Sproul, who handled the AV and the videotaping process at the conference, did an outstanding job producing this DVD! Before the conference we consulted people from around the country about how to go about this and we put a much larger investment in terms of the types of equipment we used. As a result, I think that the DVD will be much better than our effort from our 2013 conference and many other recent JFK conferences. We are anticipating a ship date of February 16th for the first orders. If you have not yet ordered a copy we encourage you to do so, and also hope that you will get the word out to others who might be interested. We now have Paypal available on the website if you wish to order it in advance or you can mail us a check to David Denton JFK Historical Group, 1305 Hall St. Olney II, 62450. To those who have already paid for the DVD we will send it out as soon as it's ready.

David Denton

Olney Central College

On Mon, Jan 26, 2015 11:47 AM EST Parsons, Susan wrote:

>Received.

>

>Susan Parsons

>Assistant Council Clerk

>City of Portland

>susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov

```
>503.823.4085
>----Original Message----
>From: joe baltar [mailto:fruhmenschen@yahoo.com]
>Sent: Saturday, January 24, 2015 2:50 PM
>To: Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie;
>Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan
>Cc: joebmereel@fairpoint.net
>Subject: Re: FW: pass on re:JTTF to Portland City Council
>
>
>
>** Draft Agenda for 1/24/14 Teleconference
>
>
>
>8pm
>(EST)/5pm (PST) Teleconference # 1-218-895-6835 Access code: 9112001#
>Greetings all,
>On our first teleconference of the year, we'll consider the progress of the 9/11 truth movement and the role of the
Teleconference within it. A proposal is on the table to widen the scope of our teleconference to include related issues,
such as past, present and future false flag operations by the Deep State. We hope you'll be on deck Wednesday night to
help us steer our future course!
>Peace,
>Ken Freeland, facilitator
> I Roll call of participants and affiliations (5 minutes)
>II Approval of previous teleconference minutes (copied below)
>III Approval of agenda
>IVa Focused discussion: 9/11 Truth in historical context (20-30 min)
>[Ken Freeland] IVb Proposal to change name and expand focus of the
>Teleconference (20+ min) [Ken Freeland]
>
>Proposed: that the 9/11 Truth Teleconference revert to its original name of the "Truth Teleconference," and widen the
ambit of its concerns to include any matter relating to the supranational Deep State, which is held to have been
ultimately responsible for 9/11, for the JFK I assassination and other past and current false flag operations.
>Background: While the Deep State remains a somewhat nebulous
>phenomenon, it has been clearly implicated in a number of colossal
>crimes, including the JFK assassination and the events of 9/11. It has
>been recently adumbrated considerably in popular books published by
>Peter Dale Scott (The American Deep State) and, somewhat less directly,
>by Kevin Ryan (Another 19). Whilst the Deep State, by definition, is
>not synonymous with the public state, it frequently operates THROUGH
>the public state and maintains a gridlock over its judicial,
>legislative and executive branches, which serves to explain the
```

37113 >futility of seeking solutions to the 9/11 problem within any branch of >the public state (at least on the federal level). The 9/11 Truth >Movement has made what progress it can in terms of a merely forensic >approach, and will be best served by consistently construing the events >of 9/11 not as some anamolous, isolated phenomenon, but as symptomatic >of a problem that is larger both in historic and geopolitical breadth, and therefore requires a metapolitical solution. This will enable us to reach out to members of other movements who, whether they realize it or not, are opposing the same enemy (JFK assassination/antiwar movement/etc). >V Available updates on any of these topics of current interest previously identified by the Teleconference (any remaining time): >* New articles, books, and films >* The 9/11 Crash Test >* The 9/11 Commission 28-page un-redaction campaign >* Cass Sunstein and cognitive infiltration, official statements on "conspiracy theorists" >* The MSM treatment of 9/11 Truth >* The 9/11 Consensus Panel >* The High-Rise Safety Initiative >* The 9/11 Memorial and Museum/Virtual Walking Tour >* Efforts to form a 9/11 Truth party in Canada >* William Pepper's efforts with AE911Truth against NIST and the Dept. >of Commerce >VI Adjournment (no later than 9:30 p EST) >

From:

molol@sacoo.org

Sent:

Thursday, February 05, 2015 2:36 PM

To: Subject:

Moore-Love, Karla in Support of JTTF

Dear City Council members;

Somali American Council of Oregon is the umbrella organization for the Somali community. Somali community represents 2/3 of the Africans in Multnomah County. Somali language is the third spoken language at Portland School District (see link #1) & Somali community is the largest Muslim community in our City. We support PPB in joining the JTTF because our youth have higher risk in joining gangs and being recruited by religion extremist.

Today, we are still suffering the results of such religion extremist recruiting of our kids, not to mention the recent loss of life due to gang membership. We took bold steps in building relationship with law enforcement after tree lighting incident, four years ago. Both PPB & FBI have very good and professional relations with the Somali community in Portland. Both have given us access to meet & communicate our concerns and issues with their leadership and with positive results. The issue of ISIS recruiting Somali kids have come ever closer when my cousin's daughter have been successfully recruited by ISIS, she is now in Syria. Also two of the three girls recruited from Denver, CO, last October, were friends & neighbors of my brother-in law's 15 year old daughter.

We believe their cooperation will offer better protection of our children because some of the perpetrators live outside of City or even State limits.

Please feel free to contact me on this or any other issue you want to talk about relating the Somali Community in our City.

Sincerely,

Link#1: http://news.streetroots.org/2015/02/04/language-barriers-somali-community-wants-pps-find-better-way-teach-its-failing-youth

Mussè Olol Chairman Somali American Council Of Oregon (SACOO) 11918 SE Division Street #377 Portland, Oregon 97266 503-327-4349 direct 971-266-0919

e-mail: molol@sacoo.org Website: <u>www.sacoo.org</u>



From: Sent: Buddy Bee <bestufus@gmail.com> Thursday, February 05, 2015 8:15 PM

To:

Moore-Love, Karla

Subject:

Just Say No

The Feds have proven they are no friend to the States. They have cut funding and made very questionable to ridiculous social demands on us from Smoking bans to Draconian and Puritanical Sexual Misconduct witch hunts. We don't need the Federal Tax Force. That is a hold out from W. and W was a bad president because he made bad decisions and was a pig. So, that is also another reason we say no. We are good at saying No. They have called Portland Little Beirut. Let's keep our reputation of sovereignty and sober, reasonable decision making for our own benefit not extorted through a Federal carrot on a stick or a bayonet.

__

Buddy Bee Anthony

From:

Reyes, Cindy

Sent:

Friday, February 06, 2015 4:38 PM

To:

Moore-Love, Karla

Subject:

FW: JTTF

For record.

From: Joe Walsh [mailto:lonevet2014@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, February 06, 2015 11:20 AM

To: Hales, Mayor Subject: JTTF

Open note to the mayor and city council commissioners:

First, thanks to Mayor Hales for calling up Moms with children and the Disabled, this again makes the mayor seem like a good guy and should be done at all controversial hearings. (Where the sign up list is long)

Second, I was surprised and said so to all who would listen of your reaction to the presentations by all the groups, which was democracy at its best; the young girls who spoke and read what their Mom and they wrote was wonderful. We old folks need new people to take our place in the battle because we do get worn out.

I spoke of ICE and the JTTF working together, here is the article I would have given you but for my leaving it on my desk.

You made us smile by your attention and looking for ways to satisfy first our liberties and then our security. Individuals For Justice will stand with you if you say no to JTTF and something happens down the line. We will not be fair weather friends in this matter. Here is where we found the info on ICE & FBI, please make this part of the record.

http://www.ice.gov/jttf

http://jurist.org/paperchase/2007/08/fbi-ice-rivalry-may-hurt-terror.php

Joe

[&]quot;Sometimes the magic works and sometimes not!"

"If you hate, go away, go far away"

MCCP

Muslim Community Center | Portland

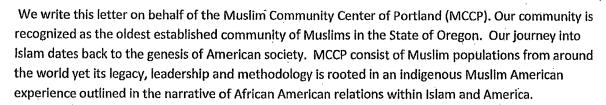
To: Portland City Council

Re: Formal Response regarding JTTF/City of Portland Membership

From: The Muslim Community Center of Portland

Date: 02/11/2015

Dear respected Mayor Hales and City Council members,



It is estimated that 40 % (or more) of enslaved people originating from the African continent were adherents to the Islamic faith. In 1975 under the leadership of Imam Warith D. Muhammad over 1.7 million African Americans participated in the largest mass conversion into the Islamic faith in American history. When the presence of Islam in America is observed through the lens of the African American experience it fails to fit the (generalized) image of a foreign entity and threat to the American way of life. Through this lens, we discover that Islam has contributed significantly to the social conscience of American society and since Africans came to be enslaved in America we have been challenged to resist inhumane conditions and therein contribute to a better America. Faith in all its forms (including Islam) has always been a primary source of our resilience and success.

It is within this context that we would like to submit our formal response and objection to the City of Portland's membership in the Joint Terrorist Task Force partnership. We offer three basic points as reason for objection:

1. Confidence in the City of Portland to be just, lawful and effective in addressing threats to its constituents in a manner that reflects actual risk.

We understand that American foreign policy has the tendency to leave American citizens vulnerable to domestic threats and acts of retaliation; therefore, vigilance, preventive measures (and at times) suppression needs to be employed. These measures should consist of collaboration and coordination with federal agencies who are equally concerned with the safety and security of American citizens. These relationships with federal agencies should be forged based on evident needs or threats. They should also be done in a manner that does not compromise the civil liberties of local constituents





and/or damage local governments existing relationships with populations who have been identified as being vulnerable to surreptitious and illicit activities operating in their midst.

Islam does not call for violent acts upon innocent people and civilian populations and most Muslims of the world reject the notion that it does. Muslim leaders and the Muslim community of Portland strongly reject such claims in the name of Islam. The vast majority also continue to nurture an unwelcoming environment for such non-Islamic ideologies and criminal activity. Portland Muslims have a track record of being transparent and open in our engagement with local and federal agencies. Local government has exhibited and maintained very healthy relations with Muslim populations and as a result Muslim and non-Muslims have remained relatively safe in our region. Unfortunately, this has not been the case with federal engagement with local Muslims and as a result some Islamic leaders and populations have become concerned and even afraid to engage government. The more isolated and marginalized these populations become the more vulnerable Portlanders will become to threats that may seek to surface in our city.

2. Lack of confidence in the Federal Bureau of Investigations ability to be just, lawful and effective while challenged with the same task.

The FBI has exhibited over and over again that their approach to keeping American safe is superior in theory and practice to the foundational principles of keeping our nation free from abuse of power and disregard for the civil liberties of American citizens. Muslim here in Portland have experienced this first hand with the questionable tactics utilized in the case of Mahomed Osman Mahmud (FBI coorchestrated Pioneer Square plot 2010), Brandon Mayfied (Madrid bombing false accusation 2004), Pete Seda founder of the Al Haramain Foundation (false claim of terrorist funding 2007) and other reported incidents where federal involvement has yielded negative outcomes and minimum positive results.

The FBI has exhibited an overzealous wrecklessness in the attempt to justify an increase in aggressive tactics to eliminate terrorist threats on American soil. We ask that our respected City Council members recognize that if the FBI has to lie about the existence of threats in a particular region then it probably means they are focusing their efforts in the wrong area and at the wrong time. Our city should reserve the right to seek assistance from federal agencies any time we deem it necessary. At the same time, if they have demonstrated behavior inconsistent with the protocol and principles established here in Portland, Oregon then it is essential that we collaborate with them at a distance and access their services on a need basis only. If we later determine that membership in the JTTF is necessary for the well being of our city; then we should join without hesitation. At this time, it is evident that joining JTTF and allowing the FBI carte blanche in our city can do more harm than benefit. We also understand that many



non-Muslim Portlanders share the same concerns that we have expressed regarding threats to civil liberties when being forced to interface with the methods of federal law enforcement.

3. Our third reason is based on the belief that the current climate within the City of Portland is still ripe for the cultivation of community cohesion and other protective factors and preventive measures against violent threats to our cities well being:

Post 9/11 America has left our country in a state of confusion and constant concern of terrorist attacks on American soil. These concern have focused peoples attention on Muslim populations and other ethnic groups who originate from regions of the world where Islam is a predominate religious belief. American foreign policy has created many types of enemies throughout the world and it cannot be denied that Muslims living in certain parts of the world harbor ill intent for America and its citizens.

At the point where terrorism is the methodology; Muslim and non-Muslim people are all at risk of being attacked. It is common knowledge and a well established fact that Islam does not promote the inhumane killing of civilian populations (people not trained and/or engaged in combat). This is a well established truth and uncompromised principle in Islam that the majority of Muslims around the world, in America and here in Portland accept without compromise.

One of the most effective counter terrorist stratagems available to Americans is the building of healthier relationships and partnerships between Muslim leaders and communities in America. Here in Portland, Oregon Muslim leaders and organizations work tirelessly to establish an unwelcoming environment for un-Islamic (hate) messaging and teachings. Extremist/terrorist ideology and perspective does not feel comfortable promoting its lies and filth among members within the Portland community as they understand that it will not be tolerated. The closer Muslim leaders and government officials work to maintain healthy relations with one another the safer everyone will be. Muslim communities who are not afraid to engage public officials and agencies yield the capacity to be more progressive and effective in cultivating true Islamic thought and practice; this is where we will discover the best counter-terrorist tactic available to us in these challenging times.

The Muslim Community Center of Portland request that members of our respected City Council vote NO to joining the JTTF at this time. We have confidence that leaders of the Muslim community and local government agencies can increase efforts to preserve and enhance cooperation between each other in order to keep Portland safe from potential threats that may originate from within Portland's Muslim population. In closing, we ask that if your decision is to join the JTTF that it not be based on the misperception of an existing threat originating from within the Muslim residents of Portland.



Thank you and may GOD bless you with the insight and soundness of heart to make the best decision on behalf of all citizens of Portland, Oregon.

Resident Imam/Director

Assistant Imam

Imam

Imam Abdul Hafreedh bir Abdullah

mccp.officeof.imam@gmail.com

learn about us@ www.mccpdx.org

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net> Wednesday, February 11, 2015 10:04 PM

Sent: To:

Parsons, Susan

Cc: Subject: 'fruhmenschen@yahoo.com'

Re: City of Portland OR re JTTF

Let me wrap my brain around Jimmy "Bo Jangles I love to torture" Comey, Director of the FBI.

see.

The former FBI Director J Edgar "the pedophile" Hoover recruits Memphis police officer Earl Clark to assassinate Martin Luther King.

see

Black FBI agent Tyronne Powers quit working at the FBI because of the racism and wrote a book about FBI racism called Eyes To My Soul see.

couple of stories let god sort out the truth

1.

F.B.I. Director to Give Speech Addressing Relations Between Police and Blacks

James Comey, the F.B.I. leader for about 18 months, has shown a willingness to weigh in aggressively about issues of race

 $http://mobile.nytimes.com/2015/02/12/us/fbi-director-to-give-speech-addressing-relations-between-police-and-blacks.html?_r=0\&referrer=$

FEBRUARY 11, 2015

WASHINGTON — The F.B.I. director, James B. Comey, on Thursday will wade into the national debate about the relationship between police officers and African-Americans that was highlighted by the fatal shooting of an unarmed black man in Ferguson, Mo., in August. It will be the first time one of the bureau's directors has publicly addressed the issue of race at length.

In a speech at Georgetown University, Mr. Comey is expected to say that much research shows that people in a society with a majority of whites unconsciously react differently to blacks. The text of Mr. Comey's speech has not been released by the F.B.I., but several bureau officials described parts of it.

He also plans to say that in areas where nonwhites commit a majority of the crimes, law enforcement officers can become cynical and develop mental shortcuts that lead them to more closely scrutinize members of minority groups.

Mr. Comey is expected to say that most police officers are not racists, and that they chose their profession because they wanted to help protect others, regardless of whether those people are white, black or another ethnicity.

Chuck Wexler, the executive director of the Police Executive Research Forum, said that by addressing race, Mr. Comey was beginning "to show how he's a much different F.B.I. director than the previous ones."

Previous directors have IIII

2.

James Comey: Two Thumbs-Up on Waterboarding?

06/19/2013

James Comey: A Closer Look

By Chris Anders, Senior Legislative Counsel, ACLU Washington Legislative Office at 2:00pm Waterboarding and other torture tactics may once again take center stage in yet another nomination fight. But this time, the stakes involve a tenyear appointment to head the FBI.

Before President Obama nominates—and certainly before the Senate Judiciary Committee confirms—James Comey to be FBI director, the president and the senators should read three torture memos that are central to understanding who Comey is. There is a mountain of other torture documents from the Bush era, but we only need to read three of them. During the Bush administration, the Senate Judiciary Committee turned away several nominees for top government jobs because of their roles in approving waterboarding and other torture. And on his second full day in office, President Obama invalidated the torture memos and banned the use of waterboarding and other torture tactics. But the president is reportedly poised to sign off on the nomination of the former number two official in the Bush Justice Department, who twice signed off on torture memos okaying waterboarding, wall slams, and other forms of torture.

The first key torture memo for the president and senators to read is the document now known as Bybee II (it was the second torture memo signed by Assistant Attorney General Jay Bybee). There were two memos issued on August 1, 2002, that kicked off the torture program. The first memo—Bybee I—laid out the Bush administration's legal theory for how to effectively ignore the Anti-Torture Act, while the second memo—Bybee II—described waterboarding and other torture tactics in horrific detail and approved their use on a suspect.

Comey had no role in writing Bybee II (he didn't start as deputy attorney general until more than a year later), but he made sure it was still "good" law. After the news of widespread torture at Abu Ghraib broke, Comey, to his credit, supported the withdrawal of the Bybee I legal memo. But Bybee II stayed in place.

That brings us to the second key torture memo. Because Bybee II had relied on withdrawn Bybee I, waterboarding and other torture tactics were on even shakier legal ground. Comey reportedly ordered a replacement opinion for Bybee I, so that Bybee II would have a revised legal foundation.

The new opinion—addressed to "Deputy Attorney General James Comey"—was signed on December 30, 2004. The key sentence in the opinion is tucked away in footnote 8. It concludes that the new Comey memo does not change the authorizations of interrogation tactics in any earlier memos. In short, the Comey memo gave a thumbs-up on waterboarding.

Read the footnote for yourself:

While we have identified various disagreements with the August 2002 Memorandum, we have reviewed this Office's prior opinions addressing issues involving treatment of detainees and do not believe that any of their conclusions would be different under the standards set forth in this memorandum.

Even with this new memo, the Bush White House and CIA were still worried about whether they could get away with torture. They ordered up additional legal memos in the spring of 2005. The first memo essentially is a rewrite of Bybee II, with basically a how-to guide on how to simulate drowning, induce hypothermia, slam a person into a wall, and otherwise commit torture and abuse and get away with it. The second memo approved the use of these tactics in combination.

Comey gave a second thumbs-up to waterboarding in signing off on the May 2005 rewrite of Bybee II. He reportedly wrote an email to a colleague at the time, in which he said he "concurred" with the new torture memo. At the same time, he strenuously opposed the approval of the second memo combining torture tactics. Waterboarding was okay, as long as it was done the "right" way.

The FBI director serves for ten years and heads the nation's top federal law enforcement agency. No one in law enforcement should be more committed to lawful interrogation tactics—and more opposed to waterboarding and other forms of torture and abuse—than the director of the FBI. Before the president decides whether to nominate Comey and

before senators decide to confirm him to a ten-year term, they should all spend an hour or two reading these three torture memos that show Comey's two thumbs-up on waterboarding.

For more on the unsettling record of President Obama's prospective pick to lead the FBI, see "James Comey: A Closer Look".

https://search.yahoo.com/search?ei=UTF-8&fr=crmas&p=james+comey+torture

3. google the criminalization of blacks in America tyronne powers YouTube if FBI agents disable this link

https://search.yahoo.com/search?ei=UTF-8&fr=crmas&p=eyes+to+my+soul+fbi+powers

also see

Eyes to My Soul: The Rise or Decline of a Black FBI Agent www.heritagebooksmusic.com/eytomysorior.html by Tyrone Powers Synopsis: Unjustified FBI harassment of Black mayors Coleman Young (Detroit), Harold Washington (Chicago) and Marion Barry (Washington, DC); white ...

4.

Civil Case: King Family versus Jowers | The Martin Luther King Jr ...

www.thekingcenter.org/civil-case-king-family-versus-jowers

Eli Arkin of the Memphis Police Department Intelligence Bureau, Intelligence He named the shooter as a Memphis Police Department lieutenant, Earl Clark, ...

US Goy't Found Guilty In Conspiracy To Assassinate MLK | News One newsone.com > Nation Jan 20, 2014 - Martin Luther King Jr. stands with other civil rights leaders on the ... owner named Memphis Police Department Officer, Lt. Earl Clark as Dr.

James Earl Ray did not Assassinate MLK - Democratic Underground www.democraticunderground.com > Discuss Apr 4, 2008 - 100+ posts - 69 authors The trial, "Coretta Scott King, Martin Luther King III, Bernice King, Earl Clark, a Memphis Police Department Lieutenant who died in 1987

On Mon, 8 Dec 2014 20:05:10 +0000 "Parsons, Susan" <Susan.Parsons@portlandoregon.gov> wrote:

- > Please send me your information and I will forward it to our City
- >Council.

>

> Joe,

- > Susan Parsons
- > Assistant Council Clerk

3

> City of Portland

37113

- > susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov<mailto:susan.parsons@portlandoregon.g
- > ov>
- > 503.823.4085

37113

Parsons, Susan

From:

joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com> Thursday, February 12, 2015 12:08 AM

Sent: To:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com; rowley-on-merrimack@comcast.net; uncleed33@hotmail.com;

cfwhiteh@aol.com; watermelonslim@sbcglobal.net; barrmcclellan@att.net; bwz@rogers.com; billayers123@gmail.com; billslavick@myfairpoint.net; gbedding@myfairpoint.net; decamplegal@inebraska.com; danny@mediachannel.org; daviddiamond42@me.com;

robert.shetterly@gmail.com; rowleyclan@earthlink.net; santrea_143@hotmail.com; sibeldeniz@aol.com; matthew.cecil@wichita.edu; m.dukakis@neu.edu;

mandagas @gmoil some tractrageix notcom som

merylnass@gmail.com; treefrog@ix.netcom.com

Cc: Subject: sara@pier5law.com; jesse32@sautah.com; Parsons, Susan FBI Watch Making Cruelty Visible pass on to FBI JTTF

Legislation passed allows CIA, FBI etc. to Propagandize News ...

www.liveleak.com/view?i=b6a 1423682383

10 hours ago - US taxpayers are literally paying taxes to be lied to. Legislation passed that Naomi Wolf talks about allows the CIA, FBI, police, or their operatives to stage events ...

2.

http://www.thesmokinggun.com/documents/investigation/al-sharpton-lies-657391

So, What About Rev. Al Sharpton's Suspension?

In light of Brian Williams sanction, MSNBC host's lies deserve review When confronted with a detailed account of his secret work as a paid FBI informant, the civil rights act(ivist used his employer's airwaves to spread untruths.

3.

http://omahafbicaaa.com/index.php?page=press-releases

4.

http://www.news.com.au/travel/world-travel/spy-agencies-around-the-world/story-e6frfqai-1227216264601

Spy agencies around the world

18 HOURS AGO FEBRUARY 12, 2015 12:34AM

SHAREShare on FacebookShare on TwitterShare on Google+Share on LinkedInShare on Reddit TEXT SIZEIncrease Text SizeDecrease Text SizePrintEmail Russia's Federal Security Service is housed in this building in Moscow.

Russia's Federal Security Service is housed in this building in Moscow. Source: Getty Images EVER wondered where spies go to work? These buildings hide the biggest network of intelligence agencies around the world. Some are nondescript, others are imposing and a few we couldn't find photos of at all. You may recognise some from Bond movies, while others look more like the house next door. These are the world's most powerful buildings as reported in Gizmodo plus a few of our own.

Government Communications Headquarters, UK The Government Communications Headquarters (GCHQ) is one of the three main UK security and intelligence organisations. Responsible for identifying threats to national security, their work includes surveillance regarding cyber attacks, international and domestic terrorism, organised crime and the spread of nuclear, biological and chemical weapons.

In 2004 GCHQ moved to new premises in the spa town of Cheltenham, in the sou

4.

Guantanamo 9/11 case resumes despite CIA-linked interpreter February 11, 2015 Associated Press Save |

GUANTANAMO BAY NAVAL BASE, Cuba (AP) — A military judge allowed the Sept. 11 war crimes case to proceed Wednesday over objections from defense lawyers alarmed at the discovery a courtroom interpreter previously worked at a CIA "black site" where detainees were subjected to brutal interrogation.

Army Col. James Pohl turned back requests to halt pretrial proceedings at the U.S. Navy base at Guantanamo Bay while both defense lawyers and prosecutors try to determine how someone with such a background ended up in the high-profile case of five men charged in the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attack.

Defendant Ramzi Binalshibh brought a hearing to a halt Monday when he told the judge that he recognized the interpreter, seated next to him in court for the first time, from a secret CIA prison where he was brutally interrogated before being moved to Guantanamo in September 2006. Three other defendants identified the man as well.

The interpreter was quickly replaced and has not returned to court.

The defense is expected to file a flurry of motions in the coming days and weeks seeking more information about the man and trying to determine if his placement on the Binalshibh team was more than coincidence. They also want to know if there are any others with links to the CIA or other intelligence agencies among their translators and support staff.

"We cannot go forward in any way until we figure out what is going on here," said David Nevin, civilian attorney for lead defendant Khalid Sheikh Mohammed

- See more at: http://www.morningjournalnews.com/page/content.detail/id/791744/Guantanamo-9-11-case-resumes-despite-CIA-linked-interpreter.html?isap=1&nav=5022#.dpuf

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar < joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Thursday, February 12, 2015 8:04 PM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

please pass on to city council JTTF /FBI Watch

4. storiesstories see below

#4.

http://www.cnn.com/2015/02/12/politics/police-race-relations-james-comey/

FBI director comments on role of race in policing

Washington FBI Director James Comey took on the issue of police and race relations Thursday challenging police to avoid "lazy mental short-cuts" that can lead to bias in the way they treat blacks and other minorities.

While he asked minority communities dealing with issues of high crime to also recognize the inherent dangers officers face in trying to keep them safe, Comey was also critical of the history law enforcement in the country, which he described as "not pretty," but also the racial tensions have plagued American society as a whole.

"I worry that this incredibly important and difficult conversation abou 1.

see link for full story

http://news.yahoo.com/fbi-probes-alabama-police-force-against-grandfather-india-211301769.html

Alabama policeman charged with assault after Indian man thrown to ground, injured

An Alabama policeman has been charged with assault after a man recently arrived from India said he was left partially paralyzed when an officer threw him to the ground during a morning walk, authorities said on Thursday.

Sureshbhai Patel, 57, sued the city and two officers in a civil rights complaint filed on Thursday, alleging race factored into his treatment, his attorney said. The FBI said it was also investigating.

Police officials in Madison, Alabama, apologized to Patel and his family at a news conference on Thursday afternoon. They said one of the officers involved in the incident last Friday had been arrested on an assault charge, and officials had recommended he be fired.

Patel, who speaks no English, moved from India to northern Alabama

about two weeks ago to help his son's family care for a 17-month-old child, said his lawyer, Henry Sherrod.

He was walking on the sidewalk outside his son's home around 9 a.m., when police said they received a call about a suspicious person, according to the lawsuit in the U.S. Northern District of Alabama.

Patel told police officers who stopped him: "No English, Indian," and gave the house number for his son, the suit said.

A police officer then tossed Patel, who weighs about 130 pounds, to the ground, according to the complaint.

He was severely injured, requiring surgery to relieve pressure on his spinal cord, the complaint said. He has regained some movement in his arms and legs but remains weak, his attorney said.

"I just can't believe what they did to this very gentle man who wanted nothing more than to go out for a walk," Sherrod said.

The police said in an earlier statement that Patel put his hands in his pockets and tried to pull away as officers patted him down.

Police on Thursday released video of the incident, recorded from inside a patrol vehicle. It showed Patel standing with his hands behind his back with two uniformed officers in a residential neighborhood.

Then an officer abruptly flipped him to the ground.

Police also shared a recording of the suspicious person call, which had been questioned by Patel's attorney.

The officer involved "did not meet the high standards and expectation expectation"

2. http://articles.sun-sentinel.com/1988-01-25/news/8801050723_1_donald-rochon-hispanic-agents-fbi-agent

Inquiries Find Blatant Racism At FBI January 25, 1988 | WASHINGTON -- On this one point, the government's investigators are already agreed: Donald Rochon, an FBI agent, was a victim of often-brutal racial harassment by his white colleagues.

In separate investigations, the Justice Department and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission have found that Rochon was shunned and humiliated by agents in the FBI's Omaha office in 1983 and 1984 because he is black.

Law-enforcement officials say Rochon's ordeal is one of the most troubling examples of institutional racism in the recent history of the bureau, which is responsible for enforcement of federal civil rights laws, among others.

In one incident, Rochon returned to his desk to find that a family photograph had been destroyed when someone taped a picture of an ape's head over his son's face. His former supervisor told investigators that the pranks were "healthy."

The Justice Department is now conducting a criminal investigation into allegations that white agents in the bureau's office in Chicago, where Rochon was transferred in 1984, made repeated death threats to Rochon and his family.

In April 1985, Rochon said, he received an unsigned, typewritten letter in the mail, threatening him with mutilation and death and threatening his wife, who is white, with sexual assault. Attached was a picture of a black man whose body had been mutilated.

"I couldn't believe this was happening," said Rochon, shaking his head as he recalled the well-documented, three-year campaign of harassment. "It was like I was in a time machine, and someone had turned the clock back from the 1980s to the 1950s."

Rochon, 37, now serves in the FBI's Philadelphia office, where he says he has experienced no "overt" racism.

The FBI's new director, William S. Sessions, has characterized Rochon's complaints as "extremely serious." "Racial discrimination has absolutely no place in the FBI and will not be tolerated," he said.

Rochon, who is now suing the bureau and the Justice Department, is not the only FBI agent who has taken concerns about racial discrimination to court. In El Paso, one of the bureau's highest-ranking Hispanic agents filed suit last year alleging that he and other Hispanic agents were routinely denied promotions.

Rochon would seem to be just what the FBI wants in its agents: he is intelligent, well-spoken and polite.

In a report last August on Rochon's treatment in Omaha, the Justice Department found that he had been subjected to 'racially obnoxious pranks' and 'blatant racial harassment.'

A 66-page report by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission described a series of incidents in Omaha in which Rochon was harassed

because of his race.

The commission and the Justice Department found that the FBI retaliated against Rochon because of his formal complaints to superiors about the harassment.

Investigators said Rochon was improperly denied a hardship transfer to Los Angeles, where his father was ill with diabetes, although white agents were routinely permitted to move to the cities of their choice. Rochon was instead transferred in June 1984 to Chicago, where Dillon, his chief adversary, had been transferred several months earlier. Rochon's father died las

3. http://articles.mcall.com/1988-03-23/news/2611444_1_rosemary-coleman-peszko-donald-rochon-black-fbi-agent

Pa. Woman: Fbi Tried To Incriminate Black Agent Who Charged Racism March 23, 1988

A Pennsylvania woman has accused the FBI of trying to coerce her into making false and damaging statements about a black FBI agent who had brought charges of racism against the bureau.

The woman, Rosemary Coleman Peszko, said two bureau agents subjected her to 20 hours of interrogation and lie-detector examinations earlier this month about her relationship with Donald Rochon, the black agent. Rochon's allegations of racial harassment in the bureau's Omaha office caused a sensation two months ago and have been upheld by two government agencies.

Peszko was questioned after she and Rochon, an agent in the bureau's Philadelphia office, had a violent quarrel. Their lawyers said that Rochon was left with a broken nose and Peszko with a bloody one in the incident March 3 in Pennsauken, N.J., where Rochon lives. Rochon and Peszko filed charges against each other in court and then dropped them.

Lawyers for the two said the FBI was trying to capitalize on the domestic quarrel to open an internal investigation of an agent who has made embarrassing charges against the bureau.

"We have a vendetta against Donald Rochon by the FBI, such that someone he's dating gets interrogated for 20 hours," said his lawyer, David Kairys of Philadelphia. "The FBI is distorting and exaggerating the facts in every way possible to make him look bad."

Peszko's lawyer, Stefan Presser, who is legal director of the American Civil Liberties Union in Pennsylvania, said, "It seems clear to me that there's been a conspiracy by officials of the FBI to damage Mr. Rochon and, in doing so, they have made Peszko a pawn in that game."

The bureau said in a prepared statement that the questioning of Peszko was "professional and in keeping with FBI policy and in no way interfered with anyone's rights."

It said she was interviewed "following the FBI's receipt of information alleging possible criminal wrongdoing by an FBI special agent," apparently a reference to the court charges filed by Peszko.

Bureau officials rejected suggestions that Peszko's questioning had been unnecessarily long and intensive. The "time taken" for the interviews and the "extended intervals were in full recognition of her distress following an apparent assault," the bureau said in its statement.

The bureau would not say if the investigation was continuing.

In what law-enforcement officials describe as one of the most troubling examples of institutional racism in the FBI's recent history, the Justice Department and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission have found that Rochon was the victim of often brutal racial harassment in the FBI's Omaha office in 1983 and 1984.

The Justice Department has said it is still investigating allegations that Rochon was later subjected to other harassment, including death threats, by white agents in the bureau's Chicago office.

It is unclear exactly what Peszko may have told the FBI agents in three days of interrogation that began March 4. In an affidavit dated March 7 and provided to a reporter by Rochon's lawyer, Peszko described the sessions as being "like brainwashing."

"I was so tired, hungry and upset, I do not know what I told them or whether what they wrote down is accurate," she said. "They were often suggesting things and leading me in certain directions, and much of what is in the statements they have may well be inaccurate."

The police were called after the first argument the couple had March 2 in Rochon's home; in the altercation, Peszko bruised her eye. But there was another, more violent dispute the next day. According to Kairys, the lawyer for the FBI agent, the argument involved Rochon's efforts to end the relationship.

Sometime in the fight, Kairys said, Peszko threw a telephone at Rochon and broke his nose. "Don pushed back at her in self-defense, and that may have cause

Parsons, Susan

From:

Joseph Baltar <joebmereel@fairpoint.net>

Sent:

Saturday, February 14, 2015 11:14 AM

To:

Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman,

Dan

Cc:

fruhmenschen@yahoo.com

Subject:

[Approved Sender] pass on to JTTF /city council FBI committing voter fraud

http://m.pjstar.com/article/20150213/NEWS/150219571

Former FBI agent Jerry Nau arrested on domestic battery charges

Posted Feb. 13, 2015 @ 3:16 pm Updated Feb 13, 2015 at 3:45 PM

BARTONVILLE — A former FBI agent who spent five months in a penitentiary for his role in the disappearance of tens of thousands of dollars in drug money once again faces criminal charges.

Jerry Nau, 47, of 4665 W. Tuscarora Road in Bartonville allegedly shoved his girlfriend, then punched himself in the face when she threatened to call police Thursday night. Nau told officers the woman shoved and punched him, according to a report on the incident.

Nau was booked into the Peoria County Jail early Friday on charges of domestic battery and obstructing justice. He remained in custody Friday afternoon.

Bartonville officers responded about 11:50 p.m. Thursday to a call of a disturbance at a home on West Gulf Stream Avenue, where a 35-year-old woman told police Nau was intoxicated, argumentative and refusing to leave. Police found Nau lying down in a bedroom, his face red and swollen beneath his right eye.

Nau told an officer he and his girlfriend were arguing in the bathroom when she pushed him, causing him to fall over backwards into the bathtub. He said she then punched him, according to the report.

The woman told officers she and Nau had been at a bar together earlier in the night, but she came home and he stayed. Nau arrived at her house drunk and pounding on the door about 20 minutes before police were called, according to the report.

The woman said they began to argue in the bathroom, and Nau shoved her out of the room. She said she then pushed back, causing him to fall into the bathtub. When he got up, he got in her face and went "toe to toe" with her as if he was going to fight her "like a man," according to the report.

When the woman said she would not fight him and was going to call police, Nau punched himself thre

Parsons, Susan

From: Sent: joe baltar <fruhmenschen@yahoo.com> Sunday, February 15, 2015 3:00 PM

To:

joebmereel@fairpoint.net; Parsons, Susan; Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales,

Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan

Subject:

please pass on to city council JTTF /FBI Watch

2 stories about FBI agents cutting off body parts

1.

http://siouxme.com/lodge/anna.html

This page is dedicated to the First Nations Warrior, Mother and Wife Anna Mae Aquash... Whose Hands The Colonizers Took

"On the afternoon of February 24, 1976 Rodger Amiotte, a mixed blood rancher whose land was in the northeast corner of the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation...found the body of a woman in a snow-covered ditch one hundred feet from the country road. She was wrapped in a blanket. The woman wore a maroon windbreaker, jeans, and blue canvas shoes. She had long fingernails. Her hands were adorned with fancy turquoise jewelry, including rings and a large bracelet. "The body was taken to the Pine Ridge hospital, where Dr. W.O. Brown performed an autopsy in the presence of FBI agents. The doctor said the unidentified woman died of exposure. She had frozen to death. There was no sign of violence.

"During the autopsy, an FBI agent asked Doctor Brown, "I need her hands. Sever them at the wrist, would ya, Doc?" "Over the next days, the government agents approached mortuary after mortuary, asking to have the handless body buried. According to one undertaker, the FBI agents wanted the woman buried under a fictitious name. 'Can't do it,' he said. 'You guys ought to know. That's illegal.'

"...on March 3, the body was buried, nameless in the Holy Rosary Mission on the [Pine Ridge] reservation. That same day, the FBI notified its Rapid City office that the dead woman was Anna Mae Aquash."

The Wounded Knee Legal Defense/Offense Committee (WKLDOC) demanded a an exhumation and a second autopsy. However, before this could take place, "The FBI filed its own request for exhumation and reautopsy. The reasons its affidavit gave were that Anna Mae might have been killed in a hit-an-run accident or that she might have been murdered by AIM as a suspected informer...there was no explanation as to how a person who might have been a victim of a hit-and-run accident could have been thrown one hundred feet from the highway, display no sign of contact with a vehicle, and end up in a ditch, neatly wrapped in a blanket." The autopsy was scheduled for March 11, 1976.

"Anna Mae's family, through WKLDOC attorney Ellison, hired Garry Peterson, an independent pathologist from St. Paul Hospital in Minnesota to observe. When he arrived, Dr. Peterson was the only Doctor there. The FBI had not bothered to have a pathologist at the autopsy it had requested. Peterson, who brought only the minimal equipment needed to observe, had to perform the procedure. It was not terribly complicated. An obvious bullet wound, surrounded by an even more obvious 5 cm x 5 cm discoloration, adorned the rear of Anna Mae's head, exactly where the hospital staff had seen the thawing body leak the week before. She died of exposure to a small-caliber bullet fired from a gun placed near the back of her head. She had been executed."

Loud Hawk - The United States versus the American Indian Movement,

Kenneth Stern, ISBN 0-8061-2587-X

"My sister's murderer, or murderers, will probably never be found. I believe the person or persons responsible may be connected with the FBI, perhaps not directly but indirectly somehow. Anna died as a result of ignorance on the part of the killers: she was one person against many of them. Who could she have hurt? They say the FBI is the most powerful body in the United States. Nobody can get near it. How could she have hurt it?

Anna was an educated person - a person with common sense. She worked for the American Indian Movement out of dedication, not for publicity or headlines. The real Indian people, those who are like her, should be controlling the movement.

My sister's death has taught me to foretell the events that will take place in this country. I have learned - from all she told me - to see what is happening. The same things will happen here as have happened in the United States. This country will become another South Dakota.

Mary Lafford...sister to Anna Mae

2.

PNP gave FBI the finger!

http://www.philstar.com/business/2015/02/16/1424106/pnp-gave-fbi-finger

February 16, 2015 - 12:00am

They didn't have a choice. Giving the FBI Marwan's dirty finger is apparently part of the deal. In any case, we didn't have the means to determine if the chopped finger belongs to Marwan. The US, on the other hand, has DNA sample from the imprisoned brother of Marwan as well as the facilities to perform the tests.

Indeed, the task of trying to finger where exactly Marwan was hiding in the Mamasapano marshland was likely done by the Americans too. The intelligence packet was apparently provided by the Americans using informers working for the \$5-million bounty US taxpayers will shell out.

In a sense, Oplan Exodus was largely inspired and financed by the Americans. Our role was to provide the cannon fodder needed to accomplish the goal. Reports have it that the Americans closely monitored field conditions using

Nieves, Cristina

To:

Nieves, Cristina

Subject:

RE: Urban Area Fusion Center located on Clackamas Community College's Wilsonville

Campus

Cristina, Here is the email I sent Amanda, just click on the link to KBOO and you can listen or download. Thanks Dear Amanda,

I am a constituent and a volunteer reporter with KBOO. I would very much like to meet with you for at least a few minutes before this Thursday's discussion in City Council. I have investigated and visited both of Oregon's Fusion Centers. I am the only reporter in Oregon to do this so don't be surprised to not have heard about them. I think it critically important that you know about these entities and the roles they play before voting on the JTTF.

Fusion Centers are only supposed to exist when paired with an active JTTF. The Urban Area Center in Wilsonville was established in April 2009. I don't see any evidence that the City Council was informed of its existence though it appears Mayor Adams was. From my research it is apparent that the Fusion Center played a role in coordinating a nationwide response to the OCCUPY movement including here. Heavily redacted emails show contact with and references to the "Portland Fusion Center" by Homeland Security. Their stated purpose is to be investigating and disrupting, "terrorism" cases, not citizens engaging in constitutionally protected activity.

Here is a link to a program I did for KBOO about the Fusion Center $\underline{\text{http://kboo.fm/node/48953}}$. Please take the time to listen to it and/or meet with me.

Linda Olson-Osterlund kboolinda@gmail.com
503-753-8806
kboo.fm/adeeperlook

37113

Parsons, Susan

From:

Parsons, Susan

Sent:

Tuesday, February 17, 2015 9:28 AM

To:

Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan

Subject:

FW: Denver police protest - testimony

Susan Parsons
Assistant Council Clerk
City of Portland
susan.parsons@portlandoregon.gov
503.823.4085

----Original Message-----

From: Joseph Baltar [mailto:joebmereel@fairpoint.net]

Sent: Saturday, February 14, 2015 7:58 PM

To: Parsons, Susan

Subject: [Approved Sender] Re: Tuesday 12/16 email not received

See link for a full story

http://www.denverpost.com/news/ci_27529193/protests-dump-paint-memorial-fallen-denver-police-officers

Denver and the West

Protesters dump paint on memorial to fallen police officers

Posted: 02/14/2015 04:53:02 PM MST26 Comments

Protesters make their way towards their destination Saturday, February 14, 2015 along 14th Street in Denver, Colorado. Close to 150 protesters marched in Protesters make their way towards their destination Saturday, February 14, 2015 along 14th Street in Denver, Colorado. Close to 150 protesters marched in the streets of Denver rallying against the police involved shootings which have taken the lives of several individuals including Jessica Hernandez and wounded others like Sherod Kindell. The protest went past police headquarters and then continued down 14th Street. (Brent Lewis, The Denver Post) Red paint and sStickers and red paint cover the police memorial.

Red paint and sStickers and red paint cover the police memorial.

(Brent Lewis, The Denver Post)

Protesters dumped red paint on a memorial honoring more than 70 fallen police officers Saturday afternoon. They also plastered stickers on the memorial and nearby pillars.

"Some of these people were my friends," Police Cmdr. Matt Murray said, gesturing to the memorial. "This is disrespectful and I don't think it displays the values of this community. We're extremely disappointed."

Denver police said two males were arrested for criminal mischief after the protest ended. Firefighters assisted in quickly cleaning the memorial.

Between 100 and 150 people marched along West Colfax Avenue from Mariposa Street, arriving at police headquarters, 1331 Cherokee St., around 4 p.m.

A protester watches a police helicopter overhead Saturday, February 14, 2015 along 14th Street in Denver, Colorado. Close to 150 protesters marched in the A protester watches a police helicopter overhead Saturday, February 14, 2015 along 14th Street in Denver, Colorado. Close to 150 protesters marched in the streets of Denver rallying against the police involved shootings which have taken the lives of several individuals including Jessica Hernandez and wounded others like Sherod Kindell. The protest went past police headquarters and then continued down 14th Street. (Brent Lewis, The Denver Post)

Some protesters held signs in support of Jessica Hernandez, a 17-year-old who was fatally shot by police last month while she was driving a stolen car toward officers. Others carried signs with the message, "Free Sharod," referencing a 23-year-old man shot by a Denver police officer last month during a traffic stop.

"We demand justice for Ryan (Ronquillo). We demand justice for Jessie.

We demand justice for Carlos (Jurado). We demand justice for Sharod
(Kindell) and Joel (Jurado). We demand justice for every single person who has been killed, maimed, kidnapped, and wounded by Denver police,"
the protesters said in a flier.

As they marched, the protesters chanted about justice and police brutality. A group of men described by marchers as "security" kept the protesters in a tight group. Each wore a mask made of black bandanas printed with AK-47s on them.

People in apartments and buildings along the route came outside and joined in the cheers. Police cars blocked off roads surrounding the route, preventing traffic from interfering with the march.

"It's important for the public to realize that we're out there pro probably

From:

Beth Craven < craven@fergwell.com>

Sent:

Thursday, February 19, 2015 1:19 PM

To: Cc: Hales, Mayor
Dean Dordevic; Commissioner Fish; Commissioner Fritz; Novick, Steve;

'dsaltzman@portlandoregon.gov'; Moore-Love, Karla

Subject:

In support of joining the JTTF



FERGUSON WELLMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

February 19, 2015

The Honorable Charlie Hales Portland City Hall 1221 SW 4th Avenue, Room 340 Portland, Oregon 97204

RE: Joint Terrorism Task Force

Dear Mayor Hales,

Thank you for your efforts and leadership in clearly defining the role Portland will have going forward in the Joint Terrorism Task force.

Ferguson Wellman Capital Management is a local business that believes we are safer when our law enforcement agencies work closely together, sharing information and resources to detect, deter, and respond to terrorism threats in our community and our country.

We support Portland police officers as members of the Joint Terrorism Task Force. Portland Police officers are very familiar with Portland businesses, locations and people. They provide a local knowledge critical to analyzing possible terrorist threats in a way that protects our community and balances concerns for civil liberties.

Sincerely,

Dean M. Dordevic

Principal

cc: Commissioner Nick Fish nick@portlandoregon.gov

Commissioner Amanda Fritz <u>amanda@portlandoregon.gov</u>
Commissioner Steve Novick <u>steve.novick@portlandoregon.gov</u>
Commissioner Dan Saltzman <u>dsaltzman@portlandoregon.gov</u>

Council Clerk Karla Moore-Love Karla Moore-Love@portlandoregon.gov

Investment Excellence . Lifelong Relationships

888 Southwest Fifth Avenue, Suite 1200, Pattland, Oregon 97204 Telephone 503 776 1444 - 800 327 5765 - Fax 503 776 3647 www.fergusonwellman.com We are committed to protecting your privacy and ask you not send any sensitive non-public information such as account or social security numbers through email.

This email, together with any attachments, is confidential and intended for the named recipient(s) only. If you have received this email by mistake, please inform the sender as soon as possible and delete the message and any copies of this message from your computer.

Notice: All electronic correspondence to/from Ferguson Wellman is subject to monitoring, archival and review by compliance personnel.

Subject:

FW: Matthew Comment for Counsel = JTTF

From: Parsons, Susan

Sent: Thursday, February 19, 2015 10:08 AM

To: Commissioner Fish; Fritz, Amanda; Hales, Charlie; Novick, Steve; Saltzman, Dan

Cc: 'godsonmatthew@gmail.com'

Subject: FW: Matthew Comment for Counsel = JTTF

Testimony received and entered into the record.

Susan Parsons, Assistant Council Clerk

City of Portland

From: Matthew Godson [mailto:godsonmatthew@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, February 19, 2015 10:05 AM

To: Parsons, Susan

Subject: Matthew Comment for Counsel

Dear Counsel Members,

As you know there has been much controversy in the nation since the attack on 911. There is an unrest in America about whether the citizens can trust our government. And now we have Mr. Kitzhaber and Cylvia Hayes under investigation by the FBI, again. It appears they were receiving bribes from the Progressive Liberal Environmentalist group that Mr. Obama Supports. A group headed by Tom Steyer that has a "not so favorable history" to say the least. The same man that said he would spend \$100,000,000 to get the people he needed into office.

There are a number of things I have noticed that are identical in policies desired by Mr. Kitzhaber that co-inside with Kate Brown and Portland City Hall. And now all of a sudden you are considering joining the Joint Terrorism Task Force. In addition the case of Mohamed Mohamed is highly questionable, especially because there have been numerous identical cases throughout the nation. Please see this link... http://www.rollingstone.com/politics/news/how-fbi-entrapment-is-inventing-terrorists-and-letting-bad-guys-off-the-hook-20120515

I do not know any citizen in Portland that does not feel like we are living in a dictatorship society now.

Think of it like this. "We" which includes you, the police, Local FBI agents/DOJ, PBA, Occupy, and other groups and individuals, all live in Portland. And I am sure you can agree our world is walking on egg shells at the moment. All of us here in Portland need you to be the leaders we asked for. We need you to support us this time. And if you do that, I am sure we will support you too. This is a time where unity ad transparency are our only hope for survival. So if you want to join the task force, let us all decide in an open forum where we have time to speak our concerns. I know I, and many others have some big concerns. I say City Hall, The FBI, PBA, PPB, Occupy, and others concerned all sit down on live television and simply talk. We may not all agree, but we will all know the truth and expect it. If we here in Portland feel we need a Terror Task Force then we will do that, and if not then we won't.

And then let us the people vote, and please, as the leaders we choose, support us and stand up for us in these difficult times. Do that, and you will bring back the spirit of our nation. This is what we want from you. And a good Rose Parade with cotton candy. he he

Thank you for taking my comment.

Matthew Godson