

City of Portland, Oregon

Bureau of Development Services

Land Use Services

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FROM CONCEPT TO CONSTRUCTION

FINAL FINDINGS AND DECISION BY THE DESIGN COMMISSION RENDERED ON JANUARY 23, 2014

CASE FILE NUMBER:

LU 13-211599 DZM PC # 13-169941 Lower Burnside Lofts

BDS, LUS Staff:	Dave Skilton	503-823-0660
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GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant:	Randy Boehm Urban Resources Inc. 3707 NE 24th Avenue Portland, OR 97212	
	Tim O'Brien Lower Burnside Lofts LLC 1028 SE Water Avenue Suite 270 Portland, OR 97214	
Representative:	John Maier Vallaster Corl Architects 711 SW Alder Street Penthouse Portland, OR 97205	503-228-0311
Site Address:	30 SE 10 th Avenue	
Legal Description: Tax Account No.: State ID No.: Quarter Section: Neighborhood: Business District: District Coalition: Plan District: Zoning: Case Type: Procedure:	BLOCK 226 LOT 3&4, EAST PORTLAND R226514640 1N1E35CD 01200 3031 Buckman, contact Matthew Kirkpatrick at 503-236-6350. Central Eastside Industrial Council, contact Peter Fry at 503-274-1415. Southeast Uplift, contact Bob Kellett at 503-232-0010. Central City - Central Eastside EXd, Central Employment with Design Overlay DZM, Design Review with Modifications Type III, with a public hearing before the Design Commission. The decision of the Design Commission can be appealed to City Council.	

Proposal: The applicant is seeking Design Review approval for a new six story mixed-use building, with ground floor retail, lobby, and parking areas; and five floors of rental housing above. Modifications are sought to loading, parking, and ground floor window standards; as is

an exception for oriel window width. Design Review is required because the site is within the Central City Plan District – Central Eastside Subarea, and has Design Overlay zoning.

Modifications: The applicant is seeking modification of the following four Zoning Code standards:

1. <u>33.266.310 C 1 a</u>, for non-standard loading area;

2. 33.266.130 F 1 a, for parking area where moving a vehicle to allow exiting may be required, and part of drive aisle may sometimes be obstructed;

- 3. <u>33.266.130 F 2</u>, for some parking spaces narrowed by building columns; and
- 4. <u>33.140.230</u>, for less than standard ground floor windows on one facade.

Exception: The applicant is seeking an exception to section <u>F. Width</u> of the building code guide <u>Window Projection into Public Right-of-Way (IBC/32/#1) - Standards for windows</u> allowed to project into public right-of-way. The request is for an oriel window projecting into the SE 10th Avenue right-of-way that exceeds the standard maximum width of 12'-0" width by 5'-2". Exceptions are allowed in Design Review.

Approval Criteria:

In order to be approved, this proposal must comply with the approval criteria specified in the Zoning Code (Title 33 of the Portland City Code). The approval criteria are:

- Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines Central Eastside Subarea
- 33.825.040 Modifications That Will Better Meet Design Review Requirements

ANALYSIS

Site and Vicinity: The site is a 100' by 100' quarter block lot, currently occupied by a low, single story building and an eighteen stall parking lot. It is located in an area of the Central Eastside subdistrict of the Central City Plan Area that has experienced significant redevelopment in recent years. Historically the east bank of the Willamette River was occupied by two smaller incorporated cities, Albina and East Portland. Following the arrival of the railroad on the east side of the river in 1871, the value of property there increased and intense urban development ensued. The subject property was in the City of East Portland which had a plat pattern similar to downtown Portland's. In 1891 Albina and East Portland consolidated with the City of Portland.

The site occupies the southwesterly quarter of the block bounded by E Burnside Street, SE 10th Avenue, SE Ankeny Street, and SE 11th Avenue, and slopes moderately down toward the west. With the exception of a 50' x 100' parking lot to the east, the rest of the block is developed with zero-lot-line, one and two story buildings. E Burnside Street and nearby SE Sandy Boulevard are transit and regional main streets with frequent bus service, and SE Ankeny Street is a heavily used City Bikeway. The built character in the vicinity is a mix of development from the late Nineteenth through the middle Twentieth Centuries. It is generally utilitarian and low rise, not cohesive in character, and until recent years it did not include much housing. Even at six stories, the proposed building will be among the taller structures in the general area.

Zoning: The EX zone implements the Central Employment map designation of the Comprehensive Plan. The zone allows mixed-uses and is intended for areas in the center of the City that have predominantly industrial type development. The intent of the zone is to allow industrial and commercial uses which need a central location. Residential uses are allowed, but are not intended to predominate or set development standards for other uses in the area. The development standards are intended to allow new development which is similar in character to existing development.

The Design Overlay Zone [d] promotes the conservation, enhancement, and continued vitality of areas of the City with special scenic, architectural, or cultural value. This is achieved through

the creation of design districts and applying the Design Overlay Zone as part of community planning projects, development of design guidelines for each district, and by requiring design review. In addition, design review ensures that certain types of infill development will be compatible with the neighborhood and enhance the area.

Land Use History: Records indicate the following prior land use reviews for this site:

• LU 08-110831 DZM for a single story addition and modification of ground floor window requirements.

Public Notice: A "Notice of proposal in Your Neighborhood" was mailed on December 27, 2013.

Bureau Responses: The following agencies have responded, but have not raised issues or concerns:

- Bureau of Environmental Services
- Bureau of Transportation
- Water Bureau
- Site Development Review Section of the Bureau of Environmental Services

Neighborhood Review: No written responses were received from either the Neighborhood Association or notified property owners in response to the proposal.

ZONING CODE APPROVAL CRITERIA

(1) **Design Review** (33.825)

33.825.010 Purpose

Design Review ensures:

- That development conserves and enhances the recognized special design values of a site or area;
- The conservation, enhancement, and continued vitality of the identified scenic, architectural, and cultural values of each design district;
- That certain types of infill development will be compatible with the neighborhood and enhance the area; and
- High design quality of public and private projects.

33.825.055 Design Review Approval Criteria

A design review application will be approved if the review body finds the applicant to have shown that the proposal complies with the design guidelines for the area.

It is important to emphasize that design review goes beyond minimal design standards and is viewed as an opportunity for applicants to propose new and innovative designs. The design guidelines are not intended to be inflexible requirements. Their mission is to aid project designers in understanding the principal expectations of the city concerning urban design. The review body conducting design review may waive individual guidelines for specific projects should they find that one or more fundamental design guidelines is not applicable to the circumstances of the particular project being reviewed. The review body may also address aspects of a project design which are not covered in the guidelines where the review body finds that such action is necessary to better achieve the goals and objectives of design review in the Central City.

Findings: The site is designated with Design Overlay zoning (d) and the proposal is for non-exempt new construction and four modifications. Therefore the proposal requires Design Review approval. The approval criteria are *Central City Fundamental Design*

Guidelines – Central Eastside Subarea and 33.825.040 - Modifications That Will Better Meet Design Review Requirements.

<u>Special Design Guidelines for the Design Zone of the Central Eastside District of the</u> <u>Central City Plan and Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines</u>

The Central Eastside is a unique neighborhood. The property and business owners are proud of the district's heritage and service to the community and region. Light industry, distribution/warehousing, and transportation are important components of the district's personality. To the general public, retail stores and commercial businesses provide the central focus within the district.

The underlying urban design objective for the Central Eastside is to capitalize on and emphasize its unique assets in a manner that is respectful, supportive, creative and compatible with each area as a whole. Part of the charm and character of the Central Eastside District, which should be celebrated, is its eclectic mixture of building types and uses. An additional strength, which should be built on, is the pattern of pedestrian friendly retail uses on Grand Avenue, East Burnside and Morrison Streets, as well as portions of 11th and 12th Avenues.

The Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines and the River District Design Guidelines focus on four general categories. **(A) Portland Personality**, addresses design issues and elements that reinforce and enhance Portland's character. **(B) Pedestrian Emphasis**, addresses design issues and elements that contribute to a successful pedestrian environment. **(C) Project Design**, addresses specific building characteristics and their relationships to the public environment. **(D) Special Areas**, provides design guidelines for the four special areas of the Central City.

Central Eastside Design Goals

The following goals and objectives define the urban design vision for new development and other improvements in the Central Eastside

- Encourage the special distinction and identity of the design review areas of the Central Eastside District.
- Provide continuity between the Central Eastside and the Lloyd District.
- Provide continuity between the Central Eastside and the river, downtown, and adjacent residential neighborhoods. Enhance the safety, convenience, pleasure, and comfort of pedestrians.

Central City Plan Design Goals

This set of goals are those developed to guide development throughout the Central City. They apply within the River District as well as to the other seven Central City policy areas. The nine goals for design review within the Central City are as follows:

- 1. Encourage urban design excellence in the Central City;
- 2. Integrate urban design and preservation of our heritage into the development process;
- **3.** Enhance the character of the Central City's districts;
- **4.** Promote the development of diversity and areas of special character within the Central City;
- **5.** Establish an urban design relationship between the Central City's districts and the Central City as a whole;
- 6. Provide for a pleasant, rich and diverse pedestrian experience for pedestrians;
- 7. Provide for the humanization of the Central City through promotion of the arts;
- 8. Assist in creating a 24-hour Central City which is safe, humane and prosperous;
- **9.** Ensure that new development is at a human scale and that it relates to the scale and desired character of its setting and the Central City as a whole.

Staff has considered all guidelines and addressed only those applicable to this proposal.

A1. Integrate the River. Orient architectural and landscape elements including, but not limited to, lobbies, entries, balconies, terraces, and outdoor areas to the Willamette River and greenway. Develop access-ways for pedestrians that provide connections to the Willamette River and greenway.

Findings: Although the site for the proposed building is approximately half a mile east of the Willamette River, at six stories in height vistas from its street facing upper floor windows will certainly provide a sense of the river's presence if not actual views of the water. The open common outdoor area on the sixth floor will also be oriented west toward the river. *This guideline is met.*

A3. Respect the Portland Block Structures. Maintain and extend the traditional 200-foot block pattern to preserve the Central City's ratio of open space to built space. Where superblock exist, locate public and/or private rights-of-way in a manner that reflects the 200-foot block pattern, and include landscaping and seating to enhance the pedestrian environment.

Findings: The proposal is for redevelopment of an existing quarter block site, and as such respects the platted pattern of the area. *This guideline is met.*

A4. Use Unifying Elements. Integrate unifying elements and/or develop new features that help unify and connect individual buildings and different areas.

A5. Enhance, Embellish, and Identify Areas. Enhance an area by reflecting the local character within the right-of-way. Embellish an area by integrating elements in new development that build on the area's character. Identify an area's special features or qualities by integrating them into new development.

A5-2. Acknowledge the Sandy River Wagon Road (Sandy Boulevard). Acknowledge the historical significance of the Sandy River Wagon Road (Sandy Boulevard) from East Burnside to 7th Avenue with an upgrade of the public right-of-way to be more pedestrian accommodating and which is related to its historical context. New development located adjacent to this diagonal alignment also should acknowledge the historical significance in a creative way that is attractive, informative, and appropriate.

Findings for A4, A5, and A5-2: Although the proposed facade compositions feature prominent and complex combinations of variously sized and vertically misaligned windows, there are enough regularly-spaced, continuous, column-like elements to subtly suggest the pattern of a traditional bay system. The fact that the design includes a distinct commercial base and a texturally differentiated, consistent "cornice" treatment will further help it to fit into its mixed community of older buildings. The metal panel facade material is generously carried around the corners onto the party walls and neatly terminated in recesses, a treatment with considerable precedent that, in addition to respecting contextual character, breaks up what would otherwise be large and featureless wall surfaces. The site is close to but does not abut Sandy Boulevard and the proposed development hence properly responds to the compass oriented plat of East Portland rather than to the historic diagonal Sandy River Road alignment. *These guidelines are met.*

A5-3. Plan for or Incorporate Underground Utility Service. Plan for or Incorporate Underground Utility Service to development projects.

A5-4. Incorporate Works of Art. Incorporate works of art into development projects.

Findings for A5-3 and A5-4: The proposed design will place all utilities underground, and while it does not include distinct art installations as such, it will meet the intent of providing visual interest through the use of strong color and textural contrasts between the body of the building and the various recessed and protruding facade elements. *These guidelines are met.*

A7. Establish and Maintain a Sense of Urban Enclosure. Define public rights-of-way by creating and maintaining a sense of urban enclosure.

A8. Contribute to a Vibrant Streetscape. Integrate building setbacks with adjacent sidewalks to increase the space for potential public use. Develop visual and physical connections into buildings' active interior spaces from adjacent sidewalks. Use architectural elements such as atriums, grand entries and large ground-level windows to reveal important interior spaces and activities.

Findings for A7 and A8: With the exception of areas stepped back from the sidewalk at the main entrance and the garage, and along the retail frontage facing SE Ankeny Street, the footprint of the proposed building will occupy the entire 10,000 square foot site. In all cases these recessed areas are overhung by the upper floors which come out to the property line, providing two strong street edges. At the residential entry and the garage door, both facing SE 10th Avenue this treatment provides space where people on foot can encounter one another and vehicles safely and graciously. In addition to the doorways, the storefronts of the smaller retail spaces along SE Ankeny are also recessed, with the bulkheads replaced by low poured-in-place concrete planters. The south-facing location should contribute to excellent growing conditions and the plantings will provide a softening layer of greenery adjoining but outside of the public right-of-way. In combination these design features provide an excellent balance between urban enclosure and pedestrian friendliness. *These guidelines are met.*

B1. Reinforce and Enhance the Pedestrian System. Maintain a convenient access route for pedestrian travel where a public right-of-way exists or has existed. Develop and define the different zones of a sidewalk: building frontage zone, street furniture zone, movement zone, and the curb. Develop pedestrian access routes to supplement the public right-of-way system through superblocks or other large blocks.

B2. Protect the Pedestrian. Protect the pedestrian environment from vehicular movement. Develop integrated identification, sign, and sidewalk-oriented night-lighting systems that offer safety, interest, and diversity to the pedestrian. Incorporate building equipment, mechanical exhaust routing systems, and/or service areas in a manner that does not detract from the pedestrian environment.

B4. Provide Stopping and Viewing Places. Provide safe, comfortable places where people can stop, view, socialize and rest. Ensure that these places do not conflict with other sidewalk uses.

B6. Develop Weather Protection. Develop integrated weather protection systems at the sidewalk-level of buildings to mitigate the effects of rain, wind, glare, shadow, reflection, and sunlight on the pedestrian environment.

B6-1. Provide Pedestrian Rain Protection. Rain protection is encouraged at the ground level of all new and rehabilitated commercial buildings located adjacent to primary pedestrian routes. In required retail opportunity areas, rain protection is strongly recommended.

Findings for B1, B2, B4, B6, and B6-1: With the exception of a single proposed oriel, which is addressed below, the proposal employs approved standard treatments in the public right-of-way, including street trees and planted tree wells. It also enhances the sidewalks by providing generous recessed walking surfaces along adjacent private property at all entries and at the corner, as well as raised planters below the storefronts along the south edge of the building. This approach introduces welcome variety and softer texture to the pedestrian environment.

In addition to the overhanging upper floors, projecting metal canopies protect each door, and a deeper canopy wrapping the corner serves both the residential entry and the door to the largest retail space. The undersides of canopies will be brightly painted and lit with regularly spaced, recessed, and baffled fluorescent fixtures, and the undersides of other overhangs include recessed down-lights to emphasize entries at night. While these treatments are all straightforward and commonplace, in combination they result in a zone that will feel comfortable and safe both during the day and at night. *These quidelines are met.*

C1. Enhance View Opportunities. Orient windows, entrances, balconies and other building elements to surrounding points of interest and activity. Size and place new buildings to protect existing views and view corridors. Develop building façades that create visual connections to adjacent public spaces.

Findings: Although future development may encroach on the views that the proposed building will provide for its occupants, for the time being it will be among the tallest structures in its vicinity, and that will afford desirable views to the river, downtown, and the west hills. The design responds appropriately to this opportunity with generous windows and a west-facing common outdoor area at the sixth floor. *This guideline is met.*

C2. Promote Quality and Permanence in Development. Use design principles and building materials that promote quality and permanence.

Findings: The primarily residential use proposed for this building represents a departure from the light manufacturing, automotive, building trade, wholesale, retail, and warehousing operations that have historically and are currently dominating the vicinity, and the choice of cast-in-place concrete as a principle ground floor material responds well to the utilitarian quality of the surrounding neighborhood. Detailing the largest panels with a vertical rib pattern will add interest and should discourage graffiti. The folded metal and cement fiber panel systems proposed for the upper floors are also durable, well-detailed, and in keeping with the character of the area. *This guideline is met.*

C1-1. Integrate Parking.

- a. Integrate parking in a manner that is attractive and complementary to the site and its surroundings.
- b. Design parking garage exteriors to visually respect and integrate with adjacent buildings and environment.

Findings: Although onsite parking is not required with redevelopment of this site, the proposal retains approximately the same number of stalls as are currently on the property. However, rather than a surface lot as currently exists, the proposal is for a garage accessed from SE 10th Avenue toward mid-block. This approach will not only improve the appearance of the site but will also allow for an interior although non-standard loading bay. It is mitigated by limited hours of use (10 a.m. to 2 p.m.) outside the most active hours of vehicular movement, and the second aisle will be available. The small size of the parking area, with only seventeen automobile stalls, will also justify this loading treatment and the slight intrusion of building columns into the standard widths toward the rear of the parking stalls will not hamper maneuvering. As proposed, the

parking garage layout requires three modifications, see 1, 2, and 3, below.

In addition to vehicle parking the proposal includes 102 long term, secure, bicycle parking spaces which can be accessed via the garage entry or the lobby. The garage entrance works well with the proposed building and with its neighbors because it: occurs near mid-block; is recessed and wide enough to allow for good eye-to-eye contact between pedestrians and drivers; integrates an exit stair and the electrical and trash rooms; and is made of painted, perforated steel, an attractive, durable, and semi-transparent material. *This guideline is met.*

C5. Design for Coherency. Integrate the different building and design elements including, but not limited to, construction materials, roofs, entrances, as well as window, door, sign, and lighting systems, to achieve a coherent composition.

Findings: The palette of exterior materials is comprised of five major elements with texture and color variations: vertical box-ribbed metal panel; fiber cement panel; cast-inplace concrete; aluminum framed storefront; and vinyl residential windows and doors. Painted steel panel, both perforated and solid, is used as an accent material at strategic locations. These materials are used in a fairly traditional manner based on location and the public visibility of the associated facade. The ground floor treatment creates a distinct building base with a mix of glazing and concrete; the street facing upper floors and partial end wall returns employ the box-ribbed metal panels and vinyl windows; and the less prominent party and light well walls are mostly clad with two colors of the fiber cement panel. The accenting steel (with some fiber cement panel), painted orange, is reserved for three exceptional locations: the integrated oriel and recessed sixth floor patio facing SE 10th; the seven balconies facing SE Ankeny; and the three narrow recesses that run from the second floor to the roof on the south, east, and north facades. The painted perforated steel panel occurs at the garage door, the oriel, and the balconies facing SE Ankeny Street. The building is large enough to support this variety of materials because they are deployed in a manner clearly derived from the massing diagram. This quideline is met.

C7. Design Corners that Build Active Intersections. Use design elements including, but not limited to, varying building heights, changes in façade plane, large windows, awnings, canopies, marquees, signs and pedestrian entrances to highlight building corners. Locate flexible sidewalk-level retail opportunities at building corners. Locate stairs, elevators, and other upper floor building access points toward the middle of the block.

Findings: At the southwest corner of the building, adjoining the intersection of SE 10th and Ankeny the ground flood reaches its greatest height because it is at the lowest adjacent grade. This condition, in combination with the recessed ground floor wall, the glazed tenant space, the residential entry, and the canopy wrapping the building corner, concentrates activity where it can be shared by both facades and experienced by all passers-by. *This guideline is met.*

C8. Differentiate the Sidewalk-Level of Buildings. Differentiate the sidewalk-level of the building from the middle and top by using elements including, but not limited to, different exterior materials, awnings, signs, and large windows.

C9. Develop Flexible Sidewalk-Level Spaces. Develop flexible spaces at the sidewalk-level of buildings to accommodate a variety of active uses.

Findings for C8 and C-9: The proposed ground floor is approximately two-thirds glazed storefront balanced by a more solid treatment at the garage entry facing SE 10th Avenue. By grouping those elements which require either screening or opacity and locating them on the west facade toward the middle of the block, the design takes best advantage of

daylighting opportunities along the south edge of the building. Generous glazing, transoms, canopies, and recessed ground floor storefronts also combine to take advantage of favorable orientation and create very desirable ground floor tenant spaces along SE Ankeny Street. The floor levels in these spaces will vary because of grade change, but there should be opportunities to combine them flexibly. The pedestrian's experience along SE 10th Avenue will not be disadvantaged by the lack of windows on the northerly half of the facade because textured materials and a recessed, partially transparent door will provide interest and support safe interactions with vehicles. *These guidelines are met.*

C10. Integrate Encroachments. Size and place encroachments in the public right-of-way to visually and physically enhance the pedestrian environment. Locate permitted skybridges toward the middle of the block, and where they will be physically unobtrusive. Design skybridges to be visually level and transparent.

Findings: Although the proposed oriel on the west facade exceeds the standard width limit for encroachments into the right-of-way, it meets all of the other code guide requirements, including those for wall area and separation from other projected floor area. As a special design element it is integrated into the facade composition by alignment with the recessed roof deck above and with the edge of the garage entry recess below. The use of orange paint color also marks it and other elements as contrasting one-off accents. *This guideline is met.*

C11. Integrate Roofs and Use Rooftops. Integrate roof function, shape, surface materials, and colors with the building's overall design concept. Size and place rooftop mechanical equipment, penthouses, other components, and related screening elements to enhance views of the Central City's skyline, as well as views from other buildings or vantage points. Develop rooftop terraces, gardens, and associated landscaped areas to be effective storm water management tools.

Findings: The roof is partially used to provide a common outdoor area for tenants. Neither the rooftop nor its mechanical equipment will be visible from street level viewpoints and the building will be taller than most in the vicinity, so current private views of the rooftop will therefore be very limited. At a distance and from a few locations the stair and elevator overruns may come into view. Notwithstanding this low visibility, and the fact that the proposed mechanical equipment is appropriate in size and location, and is deployed in an orderly manner, screening is needed to protect future views. *With a condition of approval that a screen system be installed around the mechanical equipment that is at least as tall as the tallest unit and painted to match the color of the dark gray fiber cement cladding on the building, this guideline can be met.*

C12. Integrate Exterior Lighting. Integrate exterior lighting and its staging or structural components with the building's overall design concept. Use exterior lighting to highlight the building's architecture, being sensitive to its impacts on the skyline at night.

Findings: The only exterior lighting proposed for the building will be provided by regularly-spaced, round, down-focused fixtures on the undersurface of the overhanging second floor and linear fixtures recessed at regular intervals into the ceiling of the wrap-around canopy at the corner of SE 10th and Ankeny. They will improve nighttime visibility on the adjacent sidewalks and mark important locations on the building without having any discernable effect on the skyline. *This guideline is met.*

(2) Modification Requests (33.825)

33.825.040 Modifications That Will Better Meet Design Review Requirements:

The review body may consider modification of site-related development standards, including the sign standards of Chapters 32.32 and 32.34 of the Sign Code, as part of the design review process. These modifications are done as part of design review and are not required to go through the adjustment process. Adjustments to use-related development standards (such as floor area ratios, intensity of use, size of the use, number of units, or concentration of uses) are required to go through the adjustment process. Modifications that are denied through design review may be requested as an adjustment through the adjustment process. The review body will approve requested modifications if it finds that the applicant has shown that the following approval criteria are met:

- **A. Better meets design guidelines.** The resulting development will better meet the applicable design guidelines; and
- **B. Purpose of the standard.** On balance, the proposal will be consistent with the purpose of the standard for which a modification is requested.

The following modifications are requested:

1. Modification of 33.266.310 C 1 a, for non-standard loading area.

Purpose: A minimum number of loading spaces are required to ensure adequate areas for loading for larger uses and developments. These regulations ensure that the appearance of loading areas will be consistent with that of parking areas. The regulations ensure that access to and from loading facilities will not have a negative effect on the traffic safety or other transportation functions of the abutting right-of-way.

Findings: As evidenced in the findings for guideline C1-1 above, allowing the single, internal loading space to temporarily occupy one of the drive aisles during limited hours will retain existing parking in the area and reduce loading impacts on the right-of-way, without serious negative impact on other garage users. The Bureau of Transportation has no objection to this arrangement. *This modification request meets the approval criteria.*

1. Modification of 33.266.130 F 1 a, for parking area where moving a vehicle to allow exiting may be required, and part of drive aisle may sometimes be obstructed.

2. Modification of 33.266.130 F 2, for some parking spaces narrowed by building columns.

Purpose: The development standards promote vehicle areas which are safe and attractive for motorists and pedestrians. Vehicle area locations are restricted in some zones to promote the desired character of those zones. Together with the transit street building setback standards in the base zone chapters, the vehicle area restrictions for sites on transit streets and in Pedestrian Districts:

- Provide a pedestrian access that is protected from auto traffic; and
- Create an environment that is inviting to pedestrians and transit users.
- The parking area layout standards are intended to promote safe circulation within the parking area, provide for the effective management of stormwater runoff from vehicle areas, and provide for convenient entry and exit of vehicles.

Findings for 2 and 3: As evidenced in the findings for guideline C1-1 above, because the number of spaces is quite limited and one of the two drive aisles will remain open when the non-standard loading space is in use, most vehicles should be able to enter or exit with care. Closing the loading stall to use during the busiest hours should also be helpful. In terms of parking space width, because the narrowing occurs toward the rear of the stalls it should not affect maneuvering adversely. The Bureau of Transportation

has no objection to these arrangements. *These modification requests meet the approval criteria.*

3. Modification of 33.140.230, for less than standard ground floor windows on one facade.

Purpose: In the EX zone, blank walls on the ground level of buildings are limited in order to:

• Provide a pleasant, rich, and diverse pedestrian experience by connecting activities occurring within a structure to adjacent sidewalk areas;

- Encourage continuity of retail and service uses;
- Encourage surveillance opportunities by restricting fortress-like facades at street level; and
- Avoid a monotonous pedestrian environment.

Findings: As evidenced in the findings for guidelines C8 and C9 above, when viewed as a totality the proposal exceeds the required amount of ground floor windows both in terms of area and length. The concentration of glazing along the south side of the building will take advantage of orientation to the sun and improve the quality of the newly created tenant spaces. The proposed garage door and flanking walls exhibit interesting textural qualities and a deep change in plane. They cannot be characterized as fortress-like or monotonous. *This modification request meets the approval criteria.*

(3) Oriel Window Exception (IBC/32/#1)

The applicant is seeking an exception to section <u>F. Width</u> of the building code guide <u>Window</u> <u>Projection into Public Right-of-Way (IBC/32/#1) - Standards for windows allowed to project</u> <u>into public right-of-way</u>. The request is for an oriel window projecting into the SE 10th Avenue right-of-way that exceeds the standard maximum width of 12'-0" width by 5'-2". Exceptions are allowed in Design Review.

F. Width. Maximum width of 12 feet for each projecting window element. When approved through Design Review, the width may vary provided the area of all windows on a wall which project into public right of way does not exceed 40% of the wall's area and the width of any single projecting window element does not exceed 50% of its building wall's length.

Findings: The proposed oriel window projects only 8% of the wall area and its width is only 17% of the wall's length. As evidenced in the findings for guideline C10 above, the proposed oriel is well integrated into the facade composition. It functions as an accentuation rather than a significant use of public space. *This exception request meets the approval criteria.*

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Unless specifically required in the approval criteria listed above, this proposal does not have to meet the development standards in order to be approved during this review process. The plans submitted for a building or zoning permit must demonstrate that all development standards of Title 33 can be met, or have received an Adjustment or Modification via a land use review prior to the approval of a building or zoning permit.

CONCLUSIONS

The proposed new building is thoughtfully designed, and it will add moderate-income residences and their accompanying vitality to an area near downtown that is well served by transportation infrastructure. The Design Review process exists to promote the conservation,

enhancement, and continued vitality of areas of the City with special scenic, architectural, or cultural value. The proposal meets the applicable design guidelines, modification criteria, and code guide requirements, and therefore warrants approval.

DESIGN COMMISSION DECISION

It is the decision of the Design Commission to approve Design Review for a new six story building in the Central City Plan District, Central Eastside Sub-Area

Approval of the following Modification requests:

- 1. <u>33.266.310 C 1 a</u>, for non-standard loading area;
- 2. <u>33.266.130 F 1 a</u>, for parking area where moving a vehicle to allow exiting may be required, and part of drive aisle may sometimes be obstructed;
- 3. <u>33.266.130 F 2</u>, for some parking spaces narrowed by building columns; and
- 4. <u>33.140.230</u>, for less than standard ground floor windows on one facade.

Approval of an exception to section <u>F. Width</u> of the building code guide <u>Window Projection into</u> <u>Public Right-of-Way (IBC/32/#1)</u> - <u>Standards for windows allowed to project into public right-of-way</u>. The request is for an oriel window projecting into the SE 10th Avenue right-of-way that exceeds the standard maximum width of 12'-0" width by 5'-2".

Approvals per Exhibits C.1-C-50, signed, stamped, and dated February 14, 2014, subject to the following condition:

- A. As part of the building permit application submittal, the following development-related conditions (A E) must be noted on each of the 4 required site plans or included as a sheet in the numbered set of plans. The sheet on which this information appears must be labeled "ZONING COMPLIANCE PAGE- Case File LU 13-211599 DZM. All requirements must be graphically represented on the site plan, landscape, or other required plan and must be labeled "REQUIRED."
- **B.** No field changes allowed.
- **C.** A screen system shall be installed around the mechanical equipment that is at least as tall as the tallest unit and painted to match the color of the dark gray fiber cement cladding on the building. (See Exhibits C-49 and C-50.)

______ Bv:

Guenevere Millius, Design Commission Chair

Application Filed: October 1, 2013 Decision Filed: January 24, 2014 Decision Rendered: January 23, 2014 Decision Mailed: February 20, 2014

About this Decision. This land use decision is **not a permit** for development. Permits may be required prior to any work. Contact the Development Services Center at 503-823-7310 for information about permits.

Procedural Information. The application for this land use review was submitted on October 1, 2013, and was determined to be complete on December 3, 2013.

Zoning Code Section 33.700.080 states that Land Use Review applications are reviewed under the regulations in effect at the time the application was submitted, provided that the application is complete at the time of submittal, or complete within 180 days. Therefore this application was reviewed against the Zoning Code in effect on October 1, 2013.

ORS 227.178 states the City must issue a final decision on Land Use Review applications within 120-days of the application being deemed complete. The 120-day review period may be waived or extended at the request of the applicant. In this case, the applicant did not waive or extend the 120-day review period. The 120 days expire on April 2, 2014.

Some of the information contained in this report was provided by the applicant.

As required by Section 33.800.060 of the Portland Zoning Code, the burden of proof is on the applicant to show that the approval criteria are met. This report is the final decision of the Design Commission with input from other City and public agencies.

Conditions of Approval. This approval may be subject to a number of specific conditions, listed above. Compliance with the applicable conditions of approval must be documented in all related permit applications. Plans and drawings submitted during the permitting process must illustrate how applicable conditions of approval are met. Any project elements that are specifically required by conditions of approval must be shown on the plans, and labeled as such.

These conditions of approval run with the land, unless modified by future land use reviews. As used in the conditions, the term "applicant" includes the applicant for this land use review, any person undertaking development pursuant to this land use review, the proprietor of the use or development approved by this land use review, and the current owner and future owners of the property subject to this land use review.

Appeal of this decision. This decision is final unless appealed to City Council, who will hold a public hearing. **Appeals must be filed by 4:30 pm on March 6, 2014** at 1900 SW Fourth Ave. Appeals can be filed Tuesday through Friday on the first floor in the Development Services Center until 3 p.m. After 3 p.m. and on Monday, appeals must be submitted to the receptionist at the front desk on the fifth floor. Information and assistance in filing an appeal is available from the Bureau of Development Services in the Development Services Center or the staff planner on this case. You may review the file on this case by appointment at, 1900 SW Fourth Avenue, Suite 5000, Portland, Oregon 97201. Please call the file review line at 503-823-7617 for an appointment.

If this decision is appealed, a hearing will be scheduled and you will be notified of the date and time of the hearing. The decision of City Council is final; any further appeal is to the Oregon Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

Failure to raise an issue by the close of the record at or following the final hearing on this case, in person or by letter, may preclude an appeal to City Council on that issue. Also, if you do not raise an issue with enough specificity to give City Council an opportunity to respond to it, that also may preclude an appeal to LUBA on that issue.

Who can appeal: You may appeal the decision only if you have written a letter which was received before the close of the record at the hearing or if you testified at the hearing, or if you are the property owner or applicant. Appeals must be filed within 14 days of the decision. **An appeal fee of \$5000.00 will be charged.**

Neighborhood associations may qualify for a waiver of the appeal fee. Additional information on how to file and the deadline for filing an appeal will be included with the decision. Assistance in filing the appeal and information on fee waivers are available from the Bureau of Development Services in the Development Services Center, 1900 SW Fourth Ave., First Floor. Fee waivers for neighborhood associations require a vote of the authorized body of your association. Please see appeal form for additional information.

Recording the final decision.

If this Land Use Review is approved the final decision must be recorded with the Multnomah County Recorder. A few days prior to the last day to appeal, the City will mail instructions to the applicant for recording the documents associated with their final land use decision.

- Unless appealed, The final decision may be recorded on or after March 7, 2014.
- A building or zoning permit will be issued only after the final decision is recorded.

The applicant, builder, or a representative may record the final decision as follows:

- By Mail: Send the two recording sheets (sent in separate mailing) and the final Land Use Review decision with a check made payable to the Multnomah County Recorder to: Multnomah County Recorder, P.O. Box 5007, Portland OR 97208. The recording fee is identified on the recording sheet. Please include a self-addressed, stamped envelope.
- In Person: Bring the two recording sheets (sent in separate mailing) and the final Land Use Review decision with a check made payable to the Multnomah County Recorder to the County Recorder's office located at 501 SE Hawthorne Boulevard, #158, Portland OR 97214. The recording fee is identified on the recording sheet.

For further information on recording, please call the County Recorder at 503-988-3034 For further information on your recording documents please call the Bureau of Development Services Land Use Services Division at 503-823-0625.

Expiration of this approval. An approval expires three years from the date the final decision is rendered unless a building permit has been issued, or the approved activity has begun.

Where a site has received approval for multiple developments, and a building permit is not issued for all of the approved development within three years of the date of the final decision, a new land use review will be required before a permit will be issued for the remaining development, subject to the Zoning Code in effect at that time.

Applying for your permits. A building permit, occupancy permit, or development permit must be obtained before carrying out this project. At the time they apply for a permit, permittees must demonstrate compliance with:

- All conditions imposed here.
- All applicable development standards, unless specifically exempted as part of this land use review.
- All requirements of the building code.
- All provisions of the Municipal Code of the City of Portland, and all other applicable ordinances, provisions and regulations of the City.

Dave Skilton February 14, 2014

The Bureau of Development Services is committed to providing equal access to information and hearings. Please notify us no less than five business days prior to the event if you need special accommodations. Call 503-823-7300 (TTY 503-823-6868).

EXHIBITS – NOT ATTACHED UNLESS INDICATED

- A. Applicant's Statement
- B. Zoning Map (attached)
- C. Plan & Drawings

- 1. Cover
- 2. Plan Diagrams
- 3. Wall Area Diagrams
- 4. Utility Plan
- 5. Grading Plan
- 6. Landscaping
- 7. Landscaping
- 8. Site Plan/Level 1 Plan (attached)
- 9. Level 2 Plan
- 10. Level 3 Plan
- 11. Level 4 Plan
- 12. Level 5 Plan
- 13. Level 6 Plan
- 14. Roof Plan
- 15. Level 1 Reflected Ceiling Plan
- 16. West Elevation (attached)
- 17. South Elevation (attached)
- 18. East Elevation (attached)
- 19. North Elevation (attached)
- 20. Building Section
- 21. Building Section
- 22. Wall Sections
- 23. Wall Sections
- 24. Enlarged Elevation Garage Entry
- 25. Enlarged Elevation Oriel
- 26. Enlarged Elevation Balcony
- 27. Enlarged Elevation Tenant Entry
- 28. Enlarged Elevation Light Well Wall
- 29. Courtyard Details
- 30. Details
- 31. Details
- 32. Details
- 33. Details
- 34. Details
- 35. Materials Schedule
- 36. Massing Diagram
- 37. Overall Perspective from Southwest (attached)
- 38. Overall Perspective from Northwest (attached)
- 39. Overall Birdseye Perspective from Northeast (attached)
- 40. Overall Perspective from Southeast (attached)
- 41. Ground Level Perspective from Southeast
- 42. Ground Level Perspective from Southwest
- 43. Overall Perspective from West
- 44. Overall Perspective from South
- 45. Fixture Information
- 46. Fixture Information
- 47. HVAC Unit Information
- 48. Garage Exhaust Vent Information
- 49. Rooftop Mechanical Screening Plan
- 50. Rooftop Mechanical Screening Elevations
- D. Notification information:
 - 1. Request for response
 - 2. Posting letter sent to applicant
 - 3. Notice to be posted
 - 4. Applicant's statement certifying posting
 - 5. Mailed notice

- 6. Mailing list
- E. Agency Responses:
 - 1. Bureau of Environmental Services
 - 2. Bureau of Transportation
 - 3. Water Bureau
 - 4. Site Development Review Section of the Bureau of Development Services
 - 5. Life Safety Review Section of the Bureau of Development Services-
- F. Letters: none
- G. Original LUR Application
- H. Received After Start of Hearing:
 - 1. Staff Report
 - 2. Staff Presentation



CENTRAL EASTSIDE









