Chapter 5.33

GOODS AND SERVICES

(Replaced by Ordinance No. 180350, effective August 25, 2006.)

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5.33.010 Definitions.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547 and 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** The following definitions apply to the City of Portland's Purchasing Authority, Policies and Rules as contained in this Chapter.
 - **1. Addendum or Addenda**: Additions or deletions to, material changes in, or general interest explanations of the City's Solicitation Documents.
 - **2. Advantageous**: In the City's best interests, as assessed a ccording to the judgment of the City.
 - **3. Affected Person/Offeror**: A Person or Offeror whose ability to participate in a Procurement or Public Improvement Contract is adversely affected by the City.
 - <u>**4**</u>. <u>Amendment:</u> Additions or deletions to or material changes to a C ity Contract.
 - **4 <u>5</u>. Authorized Representative**: The owner of a so partner in a firm or pa rtnership, or, a person authorized to bind a corporation's board of directors.
 - **5-6. Award**: The decision of the City to enter into a Contract with an Offeror.
 - **6-7. Bid**: A response to an Invitation to Bid.
 - 7–8. Bid or Proposal Bond/Bid or Proposal Security/Offer Security : A means of securing execution of an Awarded Contract.
 - **8 9. Bidder**: An Offeror who submits a Bi d in response to the C ity's Invitation to Bid.
 - **9-10. Chief Procurement Officer**: The individual in charge of the Procurement Services Division of the Office of Management and Finance.
 - 10-11. City: The City of Portland, Oregon or designee.
 - **11 <u>12</u>. Closing**: The date and tim e announced in the City's Solicitation Document as the deadline for submitting Offers.

- **12** <u>13</u>. Competitive Bidding: A selection process that involves an advertised public notice, issuance of a W ritten Solicitation Document inviting Persons to submit Written, signed, and s ealed Bids that are received in Procurement Services and publicly opened at a designated time and place.
- 13 14. Competitive Negotiation: A method of Contracting in which Proposal evaluation and Contract Award result f rom an open and competitive procedure, typically through the Request for Proposal process, in which evaluation criteria in addition to price are considered in Contractor selection.
- **14-15. Competitive Range**: The number of Proposer's the City will conduct discussions or negotiate if the City intends to conduct discussions or negotiations in accordance with Chapter 5.33 or Chapter 5.34.
- **15** <u>16</u>. Construction Manager/General Contractor (CM/GC): An altern ative contracting method, or a Person sele cted pursuant to that method, to perform a Public Improvement project. The method typically requires a Contractor to undertake design phase involvement, constructability reviews, value engineering, scheduling, estimating and acquiring subcontracting services, establishing a GMP to complete the Contract Work, acting as General Contract or, coordinating and meaning the building process, and providing General Contractor expertise.
- **16 17. Contract**: See definition for "Public Contract."
- **17-18. Contract Amount**: The total of the Awarded Bid or Proposal am ount, including any approved alternates. The "original" Contract Am ount is, depending on the context, the maximum amount that the City will pay for work performed pursuant to the Contract or an estimated amount when the amount is based on unit prices. The "final" Contract Amount is the amount that the City actually pays the Contractor after execution of change orders, Contract a mendments, or variations in unit prices, which cause the original Contract price to increase or decrease.
- **18-19. Contract Execution**: Contract Ex ecution occurs when the Contract is signed by any m ark, word, or sym bol, in ink, by an Authorized Representative of an Offeror and the City.
- 19 20. Contractor: The Person with whom the City executes a Contract.

- **20 21. Cost Estimate**: The City's most recent pre-Bid, good faith assessment of anticipated Contract costs, consisting of either the estimate of an architect, engineer or other qualified professiona 1, or confidential cost calculation worksheets, where available, or formal planning or budgetary documents.
- **21 22. Days**: Calendar days, including weekdays, weekends and holidays, beginning at midnight and ending at midnight twenty-four hours later, unless otherwise specified by these rules or the Solicitation Document.
- **22** <u>23</u>. **Descriptive Literature**: Inform ational materials concerning available products or services s ubmitted by Offerors in response to the City 's Solicitation Document.
- 23 24. Electronic: Any m eans of transmission of information by Electronic device, including but not limited to Electronic mail or Facsimile. A Facsimile or fax is a document that has been transmitted to the City over telephone lines and received by the City in a hard copy form by a device commonly known as a Facsimile machine.
- **24 25. Electronic Advertisement**: A notice of the City's Solicitation Docum ent or Request for Qualif ications or information, or a request for price quotations, available over the Internet by:
 - **a.** the World Wide Web or some other Internet protocol; or
 - **b.** the City's Electronic Procurement System. An Electronic Advertisement may include a Solicitation Document.
- **25 26**. **Electronic Offer**: A response to the City's Solicitation Docum ent or request for price quotations submitted to the City via
 - **a.** the World Wide Web or some other Internet Protocol; or
 - **b.** the City's Electronic Procurement System.
- **26 27. Electronic Procurement System**: An information system that Persons may access through the Intern et or that Persons may otherwise remotely access through a computer, that enables Persons to send Electronic Offers and the City to post Electronic Advertisements, receive Electronic Offers, and conduct other activities related to the City's procurement of goods and services or construction services.
- **27 28.** Emergency: Circumstances that:
 - **a.** could not have been reasonably foreseen;

- **b.** create a substantial risk of loss, damage or interruption of services or a substantial threat to property, public health, welfare or safety; and
- **c.** require prompt execution of a Contract to remedy the condition.
- **28 29. Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO)**: A certification program administered by the City, Certification by Contractors is required for in order to obtain most City Contracts as required by PCC Chapter 3.100.
- **29** <u>30.</u> **Facsimile**: A docum ent that has been transmitted to and received by the City in a format that is capable of being received by a device comm only known as a facsim ile machine. A f acsimile machine allows hard copy documents to be sent over telephone lines and be printed in another location.
- **30-31. Goods**: Supplies, equipment, materials, personal property, including any tangible, intangible and intellectual property and rights and licenses in relation thereto, and combinations of any of the items identified in this definition.
- **31-32.** Goods and Services/Goods or Services: Any combination of any of the items identified in the definitions of "goods" and "services".
- **32** <u>33</u>. **Invitation to Bid (ITB)**: The Written document that invites offers from prospective contractors pursuant to either ORS 279B.055 or 279C.335.
- 33-34. Life Cycle Costing: A determ ination of the cost of a product for its estimated useful life, including without limitation acquisition costs, operation and maintenance costs, and disposal.
- 34 35. Local Contract Review Board: The Portland City Council, or designee.
- **35 36. Nonresident Bidder**: A Bidder who is not a Resident Bidder.
- 36 37. Offer: A Written response to a Solicitation Document.
- **37-38. Offeror**: A Person that submits an Offer.
- **38** <u>39</u>. **Opening**: The date, time and place anno unced in the Solicitation Document for the public Opening of Written, sealed Offers.

- **39.** PCC: The Code of the City of Portland, Oregon.
- **40. Person**: An individual, corporation, busin ess trust, estate, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, governmental agency, public corporation or a ny other legal or commercial entity who has the legal capacity to enter into a Contract.
- 41. **Personal Services**: as used in these rules, means services performed under a Professional, Technical or Expert Services contract governed by PCC Chapter 5.68 or pursuant to ORS 279A.055.
- **42. Prequalification**: Depending on the context, either the process followed by the City to determ ine the qualifications of an Offeror or the process to determine the suitability of particular goods.
- **43. Price Agreement**: A Contract for the Procur ement of Goods or Services at a set price with:
 - **a.** No guarantee of a minimum or maximum purchase; or
 - **b.** An initial order or minimum purchase combined with a continuing Contractor obligation to provide Goods or Services, in which the City or other contracting agency does not guarantee a minimum or maximum additional purchase.
- **44. Procurement**: The a ct of purchasing, leasing, renting or otherwise acquiring Goods or Services. Proc urement includes each function and procedure undertaken or required to be undertaken by the City to enter into a Contract, administer a Contract and obtain the perform ance of a Contract under the State Public Contracting Code.
- **45. Procurement Services**: A di vision of the Bureau of Internal Bus iness Services in the City of Portland.
- **46. Product Sample**: The exact goods, or a re presentative portion of the exact goods requested by a Solicitation Document.
- **47. Proposal**: A Written response to a Request for Proposals.
- **48. Proposer**: A Person w ho submits a Proposal in response to the City's Request for Proposals.
- **49. Public Contract**: A sale or other disposal, or a purchase, lease, rental or other acquisition, by the City of personal property, services, including personal services, Public Improvements, public works, minor alterations,

- or ordinary repair or m aintenance necessary to prese rve a Pub lic Improvement, but does not include "grants."
- **Public Improvement**: A project for construction, reconstruction or major renovation on real property by or for the City. Public Im provements do not include projects for which no f unds of the City are directly or indirectly used, except for participation that is incidental or related primarily to project design or in spection or Emergency work, minor alteration, ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a Public Improvement.
- **51. Qualified Rehabilitation Facility (QRF)**: A nonprofit community rehabilitation program or a vocational service provider whose purpose is to assist and encourage disabled individuals and which:
 - a. During the fiscal year employs disabled individuals for not less than 75 percent of the hours of direct labor required for the manufacture or provision of its products or services.
 - b. Shall be either a community rehabilitation program certified through the Oregon Vocational Re habilitation Division or a vocational service provider certified through the Oregon Mental Health Division of the Department of Human Resources;
 - c. Meets the definition given in ORS 279.835(4); and
 - d. Shall be c urrently certified by the Oregon Departm ent of Administrative Services (ODAS) as a QRF; i.e., is listed as a current certificate holder in the annual QRF Directory, published by ODAS.
- **52. Repair and Maintenance**: Ordinary repairs and maintenance necessary to preserve a public im provement. Typically su ch repairs and maintenance do not prolong the lifesp an of a public im provement nor increase its value beyond what was originally constructed.
- **53.** Request for Proposals (RFP): All docu ments used f or soliciting Proposals. In accord ance with these rules, or when permitted by PCC Chapter 5.34.
- **54. Request for Qualifications (RFQ)**: A Written document, issued by the City to prospective Contractors, that seeks a description of their

- experience and qualifications to perform certain identified Work that may or may not lead to the issuance of an RFP.
- **S5. Resident Bidder**: A Bidder that has paid une mployment taxes or income taxes in this state during the 12 calendar months immediately preceding submission of the Bid, has a business address in this state and has stated in the Bid whether the Bidder is a "Resident Bidder" as this is defined.
- **Responsible Offeror, Bidder or Proposer**: A Person who has submitted an Offer, Bid or Proposal and who meets the standards set forth in PCC Section 5.33.500 or 5.34. 600 500, as applicable, and who has not been debarred, disqualified, or who has not faile d to prequalify when Prequalification is required by the Solicitation Document.
- **Solution Responsive Offer, Bid or Proposal**: An Offer, Bid or Proposal that substantially complies in all material respects with applicable Solicitation procedures and requirements and the Solicitation Document.
- **58. Scope**: The range and attributes of the G oods or Services described in the applicable Procurement document.
- **Services**: Services other than "p ersonal" or "PTE" services covered by PCC Chapter 5.68.
- **60**. **Signature:** Any Written mark, word or symbol that is made or adopted by a Person with the intent to be bound to a Contract.
- 61. **Signed:** As the context requires, the term "signed" means either that a Written document contains a Sign ature or that the act of making a Signature has occurred.
- **62. Solicitation**: A request by the City for pr ospective Contractors to submit Offers.
- **Solicitation Document**: An Invitation to Bid, Request for Proposals or other document issued to invite Offers from prospective Contractors pursuant to ORS Chapter 279B or 279C. All documents referenced by the Solicitation Document are included in, and part of, the Solicitation Document.
- **64. Specification**: A description of the physical or functional characteristics, or of the nature of a supply, Services or construction item, including any requirement for inspecting, testing or preparing a supply, Services or construction item for delivery and quantities or qualities of materials to be furnished under a Contract. Specification s generally will state the result

- to be obtained and may, on occasion, describe the method and manner of doing the Work to be performed.
- **Subcontractor**: A Person, other than the Contractor's employee, hired by the Contractor to perform a portion of the Work required by the Contract.
- **66. Work**: The furnishing of all materials, equipment, labor, and incidentals necessary to successfully complete any individual item in a Contract or, in context, the entire Contract and the timely successful completion of all duties and obligations imposed by the Contract.
- **67. Writing:** Letters, characters and sym bols inscribed on paper by hand, print type or other method of impression, intended to represent or convey particular ideas or meanings. "Writing" when required or permitted by law, or required or permitted in a Solicitation Document, also means letters, characters and symbols made in electronic form and intended to represent or convey particular ideas or meanings.
- **68. Written**: Existing in Writing.

5.33.020 City Council as Local Contract Review Board.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 184403 and 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- A. Pursuant to ORS 279A.060, the City Council is designated as the Local Contract Review Board for the City. The City Council sha ll exercise all the powers and duties conferred upon it by State law, except to the extent that such powers and duties have been delegated by these rules, or by a separate ordinance, to others. In order to carry out its powers and duties, the City of Portland's Purchasing Authority, Policies and Rules, PCC Chapter 5.33, and PCC Chapter 5.34 are hereby adopted by City Council.
- **B.** The procedural rules of the City Council sitting as the Local Contract Review Board are the same as those regulating City Council as provided by PCC Chapter 3.02.
- C. The Attorney General Model Public C ontracting Rules do not apply to the City's Procurement of goods, services, and certa in construction services. Instead, the rules contained in PCC Chapter 5.33 apply to those Procurements. Similarly, the Attorney General Model Public Contracting rules for Construction do not apply. Instead the Rules contained in PCC Chapter 5.34 apply to those Public Improvements and construction services. It is the intent of these rules to permit the City to act to the full extent permitted by State law. To the extent that the rules adopted in PCC Chapters 5.33 and 5.34 appear to give the City less authority

than State law, then State law shall prevail and the City may act to the full extent permitted by State law.

- D. The City Council reserves to itself the authority to authorize Contract amendments in excess of 25 percent for Contracts whose original Contract Amount was \$500,000 or more or whose total Contract price after an amendment would exceed \$500,000.
- **E.** The City Council shall authorize all in tergovernmental agreements by ordinance pursuant to ORS Chapter 190, except those to whom authority has been delegated pursuant to PCC Subsection 5.33.040 C.

5.33.030 Application of Purchasing Code.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547, 183445 and 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- **A.** The procurement methods stated in **PCC** Chapter 5.33 are applicable to the purchase of Goods or Services, or both, but are not applicable to the following:
 - 1. Contracts or agreem ents to which the State Purchasing Code, ORS Chapters 279A, 279B and 279C, does not apply;
 - **2.** Contracts between the City and:
 - **a.** Another "contracting agency" as defined by ORS 279A.010;
 - **b.** The Oregon Health and Science University:
 - **c.** The Oregon State Bar;
 - **d.** A governmental body of another state;
 - **e.** The federal government;
 - **f.** An American Indian tribe or an agency of an Am erican Indian tribe;
 - **g.** A nation, or a governmental body in a nation, other than the United States; or
 - h. An intergovernmental entity f ormed between or am ong governmental bodies of this or another state, the federal government, an Am erican Indian tribe or an agency of a n American Indian tribe, a nation other than the United States or a governmental body in a nation other than the United States.

- 3. Contracts pursuant to 10 U.S.C. § 381 (relating to law enforcement equipment suitable for counter-drug ac tivities through the Department of Defense), the Electronic Government Act of 2002 (relating to automated data processing equipment, including firmware, software, supplies, support equipment, and services from federal supply schedules), or other federal law that the City Council determines are similar to those Acts in effectuating or promoting transfers of property to the City;
- **4.** Contracts, agreements or o ther documents entered into, issued or established in connection with:
 - a. The incurring of debt by a public body, including but not limited to the issuance of bonds, c ertificates of participation and other debt repayment obligations, and any asso ciated Contracts, agreements or other documents, regardless of whether the obligations that the Contracts, agreements or other documents establish are general, special or limited;
 - b. The making of program loans and similar extensions or advances of funds, aid or assistance by a public body to a public or private body for the purpose of carrying out , promoting or sustaining activities or programs authorized by law; or
 - c. The investment of funds by a public body as authorized by law, and other financial transactions of a public body that by their character cannot practically be es tablished under the competitive Contractor selection procedures of PCC Sections 5.33.100 through 5.33.225;
- 5. Professional, technical and expert Contracts governed by PCC Chapter 5.68, and any other Contract specifically designated as a Personal Service Contract by the City Council;
- **6.** Grants, defined as follows:
 - **a.** An agreement under which:
 - the City receives m oneys, property or other assistance, including, but not limited to, federal assistance that is characterized by federal law or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, credit enhancem ents, gifts, bequests, commodities, or other assets;

- (2) The assistance received by the City is from a grantor for the purpose of supporting or stim ulating a program or activity of the City; and
- (3) No substantial involvement by the grantor is anticipated in the program or activity other than involvements associated with monitoring compliance with grant conditions; or
- **b.** An agreement under which:
 - (1) The City provides m oneys, property or other assistance, including by not lim ited to federal assistance that is characterized as a grant by federal law or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, cred it enhancements, gifts, bequests, commodities or other assets;
 - (2) The assistance is provided to a recipient for the purpose of supporting or stim ulating a pr ogram or activity of the recipient; and
 - (3) No substantial involvement by the City is anticipated in the program or activity of the reci pient other than involvement associated with monitoring compliance with the grant conditions.
- 7. Acquisitions or disposals of real property or interests in real property;
- 8. Sole source expenditures when rates are set by law or ordinance for purposes of these rules concerning source selection;
- 9. Revenue Generating C ontracts: Contracts whose primary purpose is generating revenue and are typically Awarded to the Offeror proposing the most Advantageous or highest monetary Offer to the City, or both, except to the extent of the Chief Procurement Officer's authority as stated in PCC Section 5.33.040. The City Council may designate a particular Contract as a revenue-generating Contract;
- 10. Contracts for Sale of Advertising in City Publications. The right to advertise in City publications may be sold without Competitive Bidding. The City may utilize this exclusion when it publishes material and wants to recoup part of the cost by selling advertising to be placed in that publication. The revenue generated from the sale of advertising shall be applied to the cost of the publication;

11. Contracts for Public Improvements, which are governed by PCC Chapter 5.34, unless expressly referenced in Chapter 5.33.

5.33.040 Authority of Chief Procurement Officer.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547, 183445, 184403 and 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- **A.** For Contracts covered by **PCC** Chapters 5.33 and 5.34, the Chief Procurem ent Officer is authorized to:
 - 1. Advertise for Bids or Proposals for Goods and Services without specific authorization from City Council, when the proposed purchase is included within the current fiscal year budget.
 - 2. Award and execute C ontracts for the purchase or lease of Goods a nd Services, without specific authorization by ordinance of City Council whenever the Contract Amount is \$500,000 or less.
 - 3. Award and execute Price Agreem ents for the purchase or lease of Goods and Services, including revenue producing services, if the yearly estimated cost to the City, or the yearly estimated revenue or value is \$500,000 or less.
 - 4. Recommend the Award of a Contract for Goods and Services, including revenue producing services by a report to City Council for Contracts in excess of \$500,000. If the City Council adopts the recommendation, it shall approve the Award by ordinance.
 - 5. Advertise for Bids or Proposals for Goods and Services when the proposed purchase is no t included within the cu rrent fiscal year budget when City Council approves of the purchase by Ordinance. Thereafter, the Chief Procurement Officer may award and execute a Contract if the Contract Amount is \$500,000 or less. If the Contract A mount exceeds \$500,000 the Chief Procurement Officer shall recommend the Award of a Contract by report to City Council.
 - 6. Authorize and execute am endments for Contracts, Price Ag reements and Intergovernmental Agreements involving the procurement of Goods and Services that were o riginally executed in accordance with PCC Chapters 5.33 and 5.34 as follows:
 - **a.** Amendments not exceeding 25 per cent of the original Contract Amount.

- **b.** Amendments exceeding 25 percent of the origin al Contract Amount, provided that the am ended Contract Amount does not exceed \$500,000 and the director of the bureau in whose behalf of the Contract was issued concurs.
- **c.** Execute amendments to Price Agreem ents if the yearly estim ated cost to the City is \$500,000 or less.
- **d.** Amendments whenever an ordinance approved by the City Council grants additional authority to the Chief Procurement Officer beyond that stated in these rules.
- 7. Authorize final payment for a Procurem ent of Goods and Services after confirming that all W ork is completed and accepted by the City, a s follows:
 - **a.** Whenever the final Contract Am ount does not exceed 25 percent of the original Contract Amount; or
 - **b.** Whenever the final Co ntract Amount exceeds 25 percent of the original Contract Amount, provided that the final Contract Amount is less than \$500,000 a nd the Director of the Bureau on whose behalf the Contract was issued concurs.
- **8.** Adopt forms, procedures, and administrative rules for all City purchases of Goods and Services regardless of amount. The City shall use the form s, procedures and administrative rules unless they conflict with the City Code.
- **9.** Establish a procedure providing a ppropriate financial control over the authorization provided by PCC Sections 5.33.055 and 5.33.060.
- 10. Revoke or place con ditions on the authority of appropriation unit managers, directors and officers to issue limited purchase orders obligating the City for purchase of materials or services not to exceed \$5,000, in the event of violations of these rules.
- 11. Perform such other duties as directed by the Portland City Code, City Council or the Commissioner-in-Charge of Procurement Services.
- **12.** Delegate the Chief Procurement Officer's authority under this Chapter in accordance with City practices.

- **13.** Resolve protests of Contract Award decisions and other m atters as required by City Code.
- **B.** The Chief Procurement Officer is responsible for and shall m ake all purchases in accordance with State law, City Charter, and the City of Portland's Pu rchasing Authority, Policies and Rules, PCC Chapters 5.33 and PCC Chapter 5.34.
- C. In addition to the delegation of authority provided in Paragraph A. above, the Chief Procurement Officer is authorized to:
 - 1. Award, execute and am end Intergovernmental Agreements as (IG As), provided the cost to the City does not exceed \$5,000;
 - 2. Award, execute and amend Revenue Generating Contracts; and
 - **3.** Award, execute and am end any other Contracts, Price A greements and IGAs when authorized by an ordinance adopted by City Council.
- **D.** Notwithstanding the grant of authority above, the Chief Procurement Officer may forward any contract or agreement to the City Council for approval.

5.33.050 Authority for Golf Concession Contracts.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

- A. The Director of Portland Parks and Recreation is authorized to execute a Contract for concessions in the parks of the City for the sale of refreshments and notions and for the performance of public service, upon such terms and conditions, and using evaluation criteria as the Direct or of Portland Parks and Recreation may deem to be in the public interest. Such contracts are not subject to the procurement methods otherwise provided in PCC Chapter 5.33.
- **B.** When the Chief Procurem ent Officer a dvertises for Bids or Proposals, and the Parks Director believ es there is no acceptable Bid or Pro posal received for a concession, a concession Contract may be granted to any entity upon s uch terms and conditions, including term s and conditions that are different from those advertised, as the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation deem s to be in the best interest of the City. The Director of Portland Parks and Recreation m ay renew any concession Contract or concession permit upon request of the concessionaire without calling for Bids for a total term not to exceed the five (5) year limitation imposed by City Charter Section 2-105(a)(3).
- C. Concessions at the City's golf courses may be Awarded in the following manner: The Chief Procurement Officer shall a dvertise for Bids or Proposals for golf

concessions Contracts based on evaluation or iteria authorized by the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation. A selection advisory committee appointed by the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation shall review all Offers. The selection advisory committee shall screen qualif ications and Proposals, and shall recommend the most Advantageous Bid or Proposal to the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation. The advisory committee may reserve the right to interview prospective concessionaires after submission of Offers.

- D. The Director of Portland Parks and Recreation is authorized to execute Contracts for golf concessions for food service operation, merchandise sales, cart rentals, golf instruction and other functions normal to clubhouse operations and for performance of public services, for a period not to exceed five (5) years, at the golf courses owned by the City, upon such terms and conditions as the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation deems to be in the best interest of the City, subject to approval by the City Council.
- E. Renewal of any golf concession Contra ct upon request of the concessionaire and upon the recommendation of the Director of Portland Parks and Recreation m ay be authorized by the City Council without calling for new Bids or Proposals, for a term not to exceed the five year limitation imposed by City Charter Section 2-105(a)(3).

5.33.055 Authority of Appropriation Unit Managers.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. Appropriation unit managers are authorized to obligate the City for purchases of Goods and Services for use by those managers in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for a single transaction as specified in PCC Section 5.33.180. Am endments to those Contracts shall be authorized only by the Chief Procurement Officer in advance of any additional Procurement of Goods and Services.
- **B.** Purchases under \$5,000 shall be m ade by us ing a credit card authorized by Procurement Services known as the "Procurement Ceard" ("P-Card"), or by way of a document known as a Distributed Purchase Order.
- C. State law prohibits Procurements from being artificially divided or fragmented so as to constitute Procurements under \$5,000.

5.33.060 Authority of Directors.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.) Directors of Bureaus or Offices are authorized to:

A. Execute Contracts to the same extent as appropriation unit managers as provided in PCC Section 5.33.055;

- **B.** Execute Contract amendments for Goods and Services Contracts covered by this Chapter:
 - 1. Up to 25% of the original Contract Amount, regardless of the original Contract Amount;
 - 2. More than 25% of the original Contract Amount, provided that the amended Contract Amount does not exceed \$500,000 and the Chief Procurement Officer concurs
- **Execute** Contracts whenever an ordinance approved by the City Council grants additional authority to a Bureau Director beyond that stated in these rules.
- **D.** The authority granted by this section regarding amendments is conditioned on the existence of an original valid Contract—between the parties that was executed—in conformance with City Code and State law.
- **E.C.** Authorize the awarding of grants not to exceed \$5,000 when the proposed grant is included within the current fiscal year budget. Am endments to grants that increase the grant amount may occur only when the additional amount is included within the current fiscal year budget or as otherwise adopted by the City Council by ordinance

5.33.065 Authority for Stormwater Improvements.

(Added by Ordinance No. 184403, effective Febr uary 2, 2011.) The Director of the Bureau of Environm ental Services is author ized to execute contracts for stormwater improvements not to exceed \$200,000 for stormwater management improvement projects on private property when such projects are authorized as a Special Procurement. The Director of the Bureau of Environm ental Services is also authorized to execute amendments to these agreements, provided the amendments do not cause the contract amount to exceed \$200,000.

- **5.33.070** Purchasing Goods, Services and Public Improvements from City Employees. (Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547 and 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)
 - **A.** Purchasing From City Employees. The Chief Procurement Officer shall not make any purchase of Goods and Services from any City em ployee, or any business with which a City employee is associated, except as follows:
 - 1. When the purchase is expressly authorized by ordinance; or

- 2. During a state of Em ergency as provided by PCC Chapters 15.04 and 15.08; and when approved in Writi ng by the Mayor, or the person performing the Mayor's duties, under those Chapters.
- B. "Business with which a City empl oyee is associated" m eans any business in which the City em ployee is a director, officer, or owner or employee, or any corporation in which the City employee owns or has owned 10 percent or more of any class of stock at any point in the preceding calendar year.

5.33.075 Affirmative Action.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

- A. Pursuant to ORS 279A.100, the City m ay limit competition on Contracts for Goods and Services, or on other Contract s with an estimated cost of \$50,000 or less to carry out af firmative action policies, in ac cordance with policies and procedures established by the City.
- **B.** Pursuant to ORS 279A.105, the City m ay require a Contractor to Subcontract some part of a Contract to, or to obtain materials to be us ed in performing the Contract from:
 - 1. A business enterprise that is certified under ORS 200.055 as an em erging small business; or
 - **2.** A business enterprise that is:
 - **a.** Certified under ORS 200.055 as an emerging small business; and
 - b. Is located in or draws its wo rkforce from economically distressed areas, as designated by the Or egon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD); or
 - **c.** Owned or controlled by a disa bled veteran, as defined in ORS 408.225.
- C. A Subcontractor certified under ORS 200.055 as an e merging small business is located in or draws its workforce from economically distressed areas if:
 - 1. Its principal place of business is located in an area designated as economically distressed by the OECDD pursuant to administrative rules adopted by the OECDD; or
 - 2. The Contractor certifies in Writing to the City that a substantial number of the Subcontractor's employees or Subcontractors that will manufacture the goods or complete the services under the Contract reside in an area

designated as econom ically distressed by the OECDD pursuant to administrative rules adopted by OEC DD. For the purposes of making the foregoing determination, the City shall determine in each particular instance what proportion of a Contractor's Subcontractor's employees or Subcontractors constitute a substantial number.

- 3. The City shall include in each So licitation Document a requirement that Offerors certify in their Offers in a form prescribed by the City, that the Offeror has not and will not discrime inate against a Subcontractor in the Awarding of a subcontract because the Subcontractor is a monority, women or emerging small business enterprise certified under ORS 200.055.
- **D.** The City may disqualif y a Person from consideration of Award of the City's Contracts under ORS 200.065(5) or suspen d a Person's right to be on or participate in any Contract pursuant to ORS 200.075(1) after providing the Person with notice and a reasonable opportunity to be heard in accordance with these rules.

5.33.080 Environmentally Preferable Procurement.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547 and 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. Definitions:

- 1. "Alternative Environmentally Preferable Paper" is paper with environmental attributes beyond t hose of the U.S. Environm ental Protection Agency's (EPA) Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (CPG). These attributes include pape r that is unbleached or is bleached without the use of chlorine co mpounds, goes beyond the EPA CPG post-consumer recycled content standard, is not derived from genetically modified organisms, or is made with fibers that come from certified, well managed forests, agricultural residues, sustainably-produced tree-free crops, or recycled non-tree fibers.
- 2. "Biodegradable" means capable of being broken down, especially into innocuous products, by the action of living things such as microorganisms.
- 3. "Energy Star® compliant" products mean products that meet or exceed the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Energy Star® criteria for energy efficiency.
- **4.** "Environmentally Preferable" m eans products or services that have a lesser or reduced effect on hum an health and the environment when

compared with competing products or services that serve the same purpose. This comparison may consider raw materials acquisition, production, manufacturing, packaging, distribution, reuse, operation, maintenance, or disposal of the product or service.

- 5. "Industrial Oil" means any compressor, turbine or bearing oil, hydraulic oil, metal-working oil or refrigeration oil.
- 6. "Life Cycle Analysis" m eans the comprehensive examination of a product's environmental and economic aspects and potential impacts throughout its lifetime, including raw material extraction, transportation, manufacturing, use, and disposal.
- 7. "Lubricating Oil" means any oil intended for use in an internal combustion crankcase, transmission, gearbox or di fferential or an automobile, bus, truck, vessel, plane, train, heavy eq uipment or machinery powered by an internal combustion engine.
- 8. "Post-Consumer Waste," means a fini shed material that would norm ally be disposed of as solid waste, having com pleted its life cycle as a consumer item. "Post-consumer waste" does not include m anufacturing waste.
- 9. "Price Premium Payback Period" mean s the number of years it takes for the savings in operating costs to offset any additional upfront price of the product versus a lower price, less-energy efficient model. It is calculated by dividing the price premium by the annual savings in operating costs.
- 10. "Readily Biodegradable" shall be d efined according to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Deve lopment's (OECD) measurement guidelines.
- 11. "Reblended Latex Paint" or consolidated latex paint, contains 100 percent post-consumer content from good-quality surplus with no virgin materials such as resins and colorants added.
- 12. "Recyclable Product" means a product that, after its intended end use, can demonstrably be diverted from the solid waste stream for use as a raw material in the m anufacture of another product, preferably higher value uses.
- 13. "Recycled Latex Paint," or reprocessed latex paint, means latex paint with a post-consumer recycled content level that at a m inimum meets the requirements specified by the Envir onmental Protection Agency's (EPA)

- Recovered Materials Advisory Noti ce (RMAN) for repro cessed latex paint.
- 14. "Recycled Material" m eans any m aterial that would otherwise be a useless, unwanted or discard ed material except for the fact that the material still has useful physical or chemical properties after serving a specific purpose and can, therefore, be reused or recycled.
- 15. "Recycled Oil" m eans used o il that has been pr epared for reuse as a petroleum product by refining, reclai ming, reprocessing or other m eans provided that the preparation or use is operationally safe, environmentally sound and complies with all laws and regulations.
- **16.** "Recycled Paper" means a paper product with not less than:
 - **a.** Fifty percent of its fiber weight consisting of secondary waste materials; or
 - **b.** Twenty-five percent of its fiber weight consisting of post-consumer waste.
- **17.** "Recycled PETE" means post-consumer polyethylene terephthalate material.
- 18. "Recycled Product" means all materials, goods and supplies, not less than fifty percent of the total weight of which consists of secondary and post-consumer waste with not less than ten percent of its total weight consisting of post-consumer waste. "Recycled product" includes any product that could have been disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consum er item, but otherwise is refurbished for reuse without substantial alteration of the product's form.
- 19. "Retreaded Tire" m eans any tire that uses an existing casing for the purpose of vulcanizing new tread to such casing that meets all performance and quality standards in the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards determined by the United States Department of Transportation.
- **20.** "Reusable Product" means a product, such as a washable food or beverage container or a refillable ballpoint pen, that can be used several times for an intended use before being discarded.
- 21. "Secondary Waste Materials" m eans fragments of products or finished products of a manufacturing process that has converted a virgin resource

into a commodity of real econom ic value. "Secondary waste materials" includes post-consumer waste. "S econdary waste materials" does not include excess virgin resources of the manufacturing process. For paper, "secondary waste materials" does not include fibrous waste generated during the manufacturing process such as fi bers recovered from waste water or trimmings of paper machine rolls, mill broke, wood slabs, chips, sawdust or other wood residue from a manufacturing process.

- 22. "Used Oil" means a petroleum-based oil which through use, storage or handling has become unsuitable for its original purpose due to the presence of impurities or loss of original properties.
- 23. "Virgin Oil" means oil that has been refined from crude oil and that has not been used or contaminated with impurities.
- 24. "VOC" (Volatile Organic Com pound) means an organic com pound characterized by a tendency to readily evaporate into the air, contributing to indoor air pollution and photochemical smog.
- **B.** Environmentally Preferable Procurem ent General Policy. In developing plans, drawings, work statements, specifications, or other product descriptions, the City shall insure, to the maxim um extent ec onomically feasible, the purchase of environmentally preferable products or se rvices that comply with the City's Sustainable City Principles. This includes, but is not limited to, products that are durable, recyclable, reusable, readily biode gradable, energy efficient, made from recycled materials, and nontoxic. F urthermore, the City shall purchase products and services based on long-term environmental and operating costs, and find ways to include environmental and social costs in short-term prices.
- **C.** Recycled Materials and Products Price Preference.
 - 1. In accordance with ORS 279A.125, not withstanding provisions of law requiring the City to award a contract to the lowest responsible bidder or best proposer or provider of a quotation, and subject to PCC Section 5.33.080 C.2., the City shall give preference to the procurem ent of goods manufactured from recycled materials.
 - 2. In comparing goods from two or more Bidders or Proposers, and at least one Bidder or Proposer offers goods manufactured from recycled materials, and at least one Bidder or Proposer does not, the City shall select the Bidder or Proposer offer ring goods manufactured from recycled materials if each of the following conditions exits:
 - **a.** The recycled product is available;

- **b.** The recycled product meets applicable standards;
- **c.** The recycled product can be substituted for a comparable non-recycled product;
- d. The recycled product's costs do not exceed the costs of non-recycled products by more than five percent, or higher if a written determination is made by the City and set forth in the Solicitation Document. For purposes of making the foregoing determination, the City shall consider the costs of the goods following any adjustments the City makes to the price of the goods for purposes of evaluation pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.610; and
- e. Offerors, when required in the Solic itation Document, certify in their submitted Offers the minimum, if not exact, percentage of post-consumer waste and total reco vered materials content in the products offered.
- **D.** Purchasing Environmentally Preferable Paper & Related Equipment.
 - 1. The City shall procure recycled content paper and other alternative environmentally preferable paper according to the City's Sustainable Paper Use policy (Resolution No. 36146).
 - 2. In accordance with the City's Sustainable Paper Use Policy, the City shall procure printers, copiers, and fax m achines that, at a minim um, have duplex capability.
- **E.** Purchasing Recycled Oils.
 - 1. Preference for Oil Products with Greater Recycled Content: The City shall require that purchases of lubricating oil and ind ustrial oil be made from the vendor whose oil product contains the greater percentage of recycled oil, unless a specific oil product containing recycled oil is:
 - **a.** Not available within a reasonable period of time or in quantities necessary to meet the City's needs;
 - **b.** Not able to meet the performance requirements or standard recommended by the equipment or vehicle manufacturer, including any warranty requirements; or

- **c.** Available only at a cost that ex ceeds the price preference established in PCC Section 5.33.080 C.
- 2. In accordance with ORS 279B.240 the City shall ensure that its procedures and specifications for the procurement of lubricating oil and industrial oil do not exclude recycled oils and do not require oils to be manufactured from virgin materials.
- **F.** Purchasing Retreaded Tires.
 - 1. All tires for use on the non-steering wheels of City vehicles shall be equipped with retreaded tires unle ss one of the following exceptions applies:
 - **a.** The vehicles are emergency vehicles as defined in ORS 801.260;
 - **b.** The vehicles are other fire s uppression or emergency assistance vehicles;
 - **c.** The vehicles are passen ger-carrying vehicles with a gross weight rating of one ton or more; or
 - d. The cost per mile differential of the retreaded tires exceeds the five percent preference set forth in PCC Section 5.33.080 C.
- **G.** Purchasing Energy Efficient Products.
 - 1. As available, the City shall procur e products that meet or exceed Energy Star® criteria for energy efficiency. This applies to:
 - **a.** any equipment that uses electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil; and
 - **b.** products that indirectly impact energy use, such as, but not limited to, windows, doors and skylights.
 - 2. City procurement language for su ch products described in 5.33.080 G.1 shall request from vendors:
 - **a.** Evidence that the equipment meets or exceeds the Energy Star® criteria for energy efficiency; and
 - **b.** Savings analyses including: energy (kWh/yr, therms/yr, gallons of gasoline/yr, etc.), operating cost s (\$/yr), and the price prem ium payback (years).

- 3. Price Differential and Payback Period: W hile many Energy Star ® compliant products are currently available for no price premium, should a price differential exist, the City will apply a simple life cycle cost analysis. Purchases where the price premium payback period is within five years or less shall be encouraged. W here the price p remium payback period is longer than five years, Energy Star® compliant products may still be used; however, the City shall not be obligated to purchase and use Energy Star® compliant products in those circumstances.
- **H.** Purchasing Interior/Exterior Architectural Paint Products.
 - 1. All paint must be low-VOC by complying with the current standards set forth by the California South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1113 for Architectural Coatings or the VOC and chem ical component limits of Green Seal's Standard GS-11, section 4.1.
 - 2. Recycled or reblended latex p aint with low-VOC properties, a s demonstrated by periodic tests con ducted by the m anufacturer, shall be given preference and us ed whenever feasible to the extent that the p rice differential between the recycled or reblended and virgin latex paint does not exceed the five percent pr ice preference s et forth in PCC Section 5.33.080 C.
 - 3. To reduce waste and support the recycl ed latex paint m arket, all surplus latex paint shall be recycled using a local latex paint recycling program. Surplus paint includes all latex p aint in excess of quantities stored for touch-up purposes. Latex paint stored for touch-up purposes may not exceed 5 percent or 5 g allons, whichever is smaller, by volume, to the nearest gallon.

5.33.085 Preference for Goods Fabricated or Processed Within State or Services Performed Within State.

Notwithstanding provisions of law requiring the City to aw ard a contract to the lowest responsible bidder or best proposer or provider of a quotation, a contracting agency that uses public funds to procurement goods or services for a public use under ORS Chapter 279B may give preference to procuring goods that are fabric ated or processed entirely within this state, or services that are performed entirely within this state.

A. If the goods or services cost is not more than 10 percent more than goods that are not fabricated or processed entirely within this state a preference may be given. If more than one bidder or proposer qualifie s for the preference described in this subsection, the City may give a f urther preference to a qualifying bidder or proposer that resides in or is headquartered in this state.

- B. The City may set a higher percentage than the percentage set forth above if the City, in a written determination to support the order, finds good cause to set the higher percentage and explains the City's reasons and evidence for the finding.
- C. This section does not apply to emergency work, m inor alterations, ordinary repairs or maintenance work for public improvements or to other construction contracts as described in ORS 279C.

5.33.090 Use of Price Agreements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective Ja nuary 6, 2010.) If the City Awards a Price Agreement or executes a requirements contract that will allow the City to purchase whatever quantity it n eeds from a Contractor, then City Bureaus shall make their purchases from that Contract unless the Chie f Procurement Officer grants an exemption to that requirement.

5.33.100 Overview of Source Selection and Contractor Selection.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. The City shall Award a Contract for Goods and Services covered by this Code using any method authorized by State law or City Code. Such different methods are called methods of "source select ion." Source selection methods include Cooperative Procurements, Competitive Sealed Bidding, Competitive Sealed Proposals and small, intermediate, sole source, Emergency and Special Procurements.
- **B.** State law r equires the City to use the serv ices of Qualified Rehabilitation Facilities (QRF's) in certain instances. When required, the City shall u se a QRF pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.110 before proceeding with a purchase through other methods of source selection.
- C. Once the appropriate s ource selection method has been chosen, the City mean ay consider the best process of selecting a Contractor within the source selection method it has chosen.
- **D.** The City may em ploy methods of Contractor selection for the Procurem ent of Goods and Services by using any proces s authorized by Stat e law, including multi-tiered processes as set forth in PCC Section 5.33.210 B.6.d., including, but not limited to:
 - 1. An Award or Awards based solely on the ranking of Proposals;
 - 2. Discussions leading to best and final Offers in which the City m ay not disclose private discussions leading to best and final Offers;

- 3. Discussions leading to best and final Offers, in which the City m ay not disclose information derived from Proposals submitted by competing Proposers;
- **4.** Serial negotiations, beginning with the highest ranked Proposer;
- **5.** Competitive simultaneous negotiations;
- 6. Multiple-tiered competition designed to identify, at each level, a class of Proposers that fall within a Competitive Range or to otherwise elim inate from consideration a class of lower ranked Proposers;
- 7. A multi-step Request for Proposals requesting the submission of un-priced technical submittals, and then later issuing a Request for Proposals limited to the Proposers whose technical submittals the City had determined to be qualified under the criteria set forth in the initial Request for Proposals; or
- **8.** Any combination of methods described in PCC Sections 5.33.100 D.1 7. or as otherwise adopted by the City Council by ordinance.
- **E.** The methods of Contractor selection identified in **PCC** Section 5.33.100 D. shall conform to the procedures identified in these rules.
- F. The Chief Procurem ent Officer is au thorized, but not required, to w aive any nonconformity with the rules of Contract or selection if the Chief Procurem ent Officer determines that the defect was minor and likely would not have had an effect on the outcome of the selection process.

5.33.105 Feasibility and Cost Analysis.

(Added by Ordinance No. 183445; Am ended by Ordinance No. 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- **A.** For purposes of this rule, the term "bureau" means a department, bureau, office or other subdivision of the City of Portland.
- **B.** Before conducting a procurement that pertains exclusively for services other than professional services, and which is estimated to exceed \$250,000, the bureau shall conduct an analysis to determ ine if it is feasible to use the City's own personnel or resources to perform the same services. The City m ay determine that it is not feasible if:
 - 1. The bureau needing the serv ices lacks the specialized capabilities, experience or techn ical or other expertise necessary to perform the

services. In m aking this finding, the City shall compare the bure au's capability, experience or expertise in the field most closely involved in performing the services with a potential contractor's capability, experience or expertise in the same or a similar field; or

- 2. Special circumstances require the bureau to proocure the services by contract. Special circumstances may include, but are not limited to, circumstances in which
 - a. The terms under which the bureau receives a grant or o ther funds for use in a procurem ent require the bureau to obtain services through an independent contractor;
 - **b.** Other state or federal law requires the bureau to procure services through an independent contractor;
 - c. The procurement is for services that are incidental to a contract for purchasing or leasing real or personal property, including service and maintenance agreements for equipment that is leased or rented;
 - d. The bureau cannot accomplish policy, administrative or legal goals, including but not limited to avoiding conflicts of interest or ensuring independent or unbiased findings in cases when using the bureau's existing personnel or persons the bureau could hire through a regular or ordinary process would not be suitable;
 - e. The procurement is for services to which the provisions of ORS 279B.080 (emergency procurements) apply;
 - f. The procurement is for services, the need for which is so urgent, temporary or occasional that attem pting to perfor m the services with the bureau's own personnel or resources would cause a delay that would frustrate the purpose for obtaining the services; or
 - g. The services the bu reau intends to procure will be completed within six months after the date on which the contract for the services is executed.
- C. If it is determined it is not feasible to acquire the services with the bureau's own personnel or resources, a written determ ination shall be made and kept in the City's procurement file. If it is determined it is feasible to acquire the services with the bureau's own personnel or reso urces, the bureau shall conduct a cost analysis as set forth in Subsections 5.33.105 D. F. below.
- **D.** The bureau shall firs t estimate the bureau's cost of perf orming the services,

including:

- 1. Salary or wage and benefit costs for contracting agency employees who are directly involved in performing the services, including employees who inspect, supervise or monitor the performance of the services.
- 2. Material costs, including costs for space, energy, transportation, storage, raw and finished materials, equipment and supplies.
- 3. Costs incurred in planning for, training for, starting up, implementing, transporting and delivering the services and costs related to stopping and dismantling a project or operation because the contracting agency intends to procure a limited quantity of services or procure the services within a defined or limited period of time.
- 4. Miscellaneous costs related to performing the services. The contracting agency may not include in the cost analysis the contracting agency's indirect overhead costs for existing salaries or wages and benefits for administrators or for rent, equipment, utilities and materials except to the extent that the costs are attributable solely to performing the services and would not exist unless the contracting agency performs the services.
- E. After estimating the bureau's costs, the bureau shall estimate the cost a potential contractor would incur in perform ing the services. The bureau may estimate a contractor's potential costs by any reasonable means, including, but not limited to, past bids or current information provided by contractors performing the same or similar services. In the absence of information that can be reasonably and simply obtained without the expend iture of undue time and expense, a bureau may employ employing percentage markups for overhead and profit. No matter the method, the bureau's estimate should ensure it captures the following costs:
 - **1.** Average or actual salary or wage and benefit costs fo r contractors and employees who:
 - **a.** Work in the industry or business m ost closely involved in performing the s ervices that the contracting agency intends to procure; and
 - b. Would be necessary and directly involved in performing the services or who would inspectly, supervise or monitor the performance of the services;
 - 2. Material costs, including costs for space, energy, transportation, storage,

raw and finished materials, equipment and supplies; and

- 3. Miscellaneous costs related to perform ing the services, including but not limited to reasonably foreseeable fluctuations in the costs for the item's identified in this sub section over the ex pected duration of the procurement.
- 4. Profit Included. Contracting Costs include the Authorized Agency's estimate of Contractor's profit in addition to the estimate of Contractor's costs under Subsection 5.33.105 E. If the Authorized A gency, in the reasonably near past, received Bid s or Proposals for the perform ance of the Services under consideration, or reasonably comparable services, the Authorized Agency may consider the pricing offered in those Bids or Proposals in making its estimate. Similarly, the Authorized Agency m ay consider what it actually paid under a Contract for the sa me or si milar services. For the purposes of these ex amples, the reasonably near past is limited to Contracts, Bids or Proposals entered into or received within the five (5) years preced ing the date of the cost estimate. The Authorized Agency must take into account, when considering the pricing offered in previous Bids, Proposals, or Contracts, adjustments to the pricing in light of measures of market price adjustments that apply to the Services, such as the Consumer Price Indexes.
- F. After comparing the estimate of the bureau's costs with a potential contractor's costs, a bureau may proceed with the procurement only if the contracting agency would incur more cost in performing the services with the contracting agency's own personnel and resources than the contracting agency would incur in procuring the services from a contractor.
 - 1. Notwithstanding the fact that a potential contractors' cost may be less, the state legislature has decided that a bureau cannot proceed with the procurement if the sole reason the bureau's estimated costs are lower than a potential contractor's estimated costs is because the bureau's costs f or salary or wage and benefit costs for the bureau's e mployees, as calculated in Subsection 5.33.105 D.1. above is greater than the average or actual salary or wage and benefits costs for contractors and employees, as calculated in Subsection 5.33.105 E.1. above.
 - A bureau may proceed with a procurement even if the bureau determ ines that the bureau would incur less co st in providing the services with the contracting agency's own personnel and resources if at the time the bureau intends to conduct a procurem ent, the bureau lacks personnel and resources that are necessary to perform the services with in the time in which the services are required. If the contracting agency conducts a procurement under the conditions de scribed in this paragraph, the

contracting agency shall:

- a. Keep a record of the cost analysis and findings that the contracting agency makes for each procurem ent the contracting agency conducts under this section, along with the basis for the contracting agency's decision to proceed with the procurement; and
- **b.** Collect and provide copies of the records described in Subsection 5.33.105 F.2.a. each calendar quarter to the City Council.

5.33.110 Qualified Rehabilitation Facilities.

- **A.** As used in PCC Section 5.33.110:
 - 1. "Price" means the cost to the City of the products and services under Contracts procured under the program created by ORS 279.835 to 279.850 as determined by this rule.
 - 2. "Procurement List" m eans a listing of those nonprofit agencies f or Disabled Individuals that currently are qualified to participate in the program created by ORS 279.835 t o 279.850 and includes a list of the products and services offered by QR Fs and determ ined by the State Procurement Office to be suitable for purchase by the City.
 - 3. "Qualified Rehabilitation Facility" ("QRF") means an activity center or rehabilitation facility, certified as a community rehabilitation program or as a vocational service provider through the Oregon Department of Human Services, that the State Procurement Office has determined to be qualified to participate in the program created by ORS 279.835 to 279.850.
 - **4.** "QRF Contract" means a Contract entered into under the program created by ORS 279.835 to 279.850.
- B. Policy: It is the policy of the City to encourage and assist Disabled Individuals to achieve maximum personal independence through useful and productive gainful employment by assuring an expanded and constant market for sheltered workshop and activity center pro ducts and services, thereby enhancing their dignity and capacity for self-support and m inimizing their dependence on welfare and need for costly institutionalization. An essential element of this policy is to support sheltered employment to the fullest extent provided by law by contracting for needed Goods and services available from QRFs. The City shall identify contracting opportunities within the organization and Award appropriate Contracts to QRFs in accordance with this rule.

C. Procurements from QRFs

- 1. When the City intends to procure a product or service that is listed on the Procurement List, it shall procure the at product or service, at the Price determined by the State Procurem ent Office, from a Qualified Rehabilitation Facility if the product or service is of Specifications appropriate to the City's Procurement needs and is available within the time required by the City.
- 2. The City shall enter in to and renew QRF Contracts only for the specific products or services that are on the Procurement List.
- 3. If a QRF is removed from the Procurement List, the City shall not Award or renew a QRF Contract, and the rem oval from the Procurement List shall constitute sufficient grounds for the City to term inate any outstanding QRF Contract.
- 4. No placement of a product or service on the Procurement List shall act to displace a Contractor under an existing Contract with the City for the same product or service prior to the expiration or ot her termination of the Contractor's Contract with the City. However, where a product or service is on the Procurement List, no existing Contract shall be renewed for such a product or service.
- 5. If a QRF subm its a C ompetitive Bid, Proposal, price quotation or other Offer in a competitive Procurement for a Contract, then regardless of whether the Offer was accepted, that QRF may not, at any time during the initial term of the Contract for which the QRF submitted a Bid, Proposal or Offer, make any claim to the City—that the product or service that was the subject of the Offer is on the Procurement List. If, during the Solicitation process, a QRF claim—s—the product or service that is the subject of the Procurement is on the Procurement List, then, if the product or service is determined to have been on the Procurement List at the time the Solicitation Document was issued, the Solicitation process shall be terminated so long as a Contract has not been f—ully executed at the time the claim is made.

D. Determination of Price/Changes to QRF Contracts

1. When a product or service on the Procurement List is offered by more than one QRF, the City may purchase the required product or service from any QRF without competition between QRFs.

- 2. The City may use the formal selection procedure similar to that described in PCC Section 5.33.050 to select a QRF to provide a service on the Procurement list, provided that:
 - a. The Solicitation shall not request any information concerning price and price shall not be a consideration in making the Award.
 - **b.** The Solicitation shall not be advertised.
 - **c.** Notice of the Solicitation may be given to those QRFs offering the service on the Procurement List.
 - **d.** After selection of a QRF the price will be determ ined in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.110 D.3.

3. Price.

- **a.** Price for products or services where the Price is listed. For products or services on the Procurement List where the Price is listed, the Contract shall provide that the City will pay the Price that is listed.
- **b.** Price for services where the Price is not lis ted. For services for which no Price is listed on Procurement List, the City shall proceed as follows:
 - Price to the City based on the volume or Scope of the Work and Specifications provided by the City as prescribed in the proposed Contract between the QRF and the City. For janitorial and security services where a F air Wage is required to be paid, the Specifications shall state the wage required to be paid.
 - (2) In submitting its proposed Price to the City, the City shall require the QRF to make full disclosure of known costs. The disclosure must include documentation, on a for m prescribed by the State Procurement Office, that the costs proposed will result in a Price that will permit the QRF to recover the amounts prescribed in ORS 279.845(1)(a). The City shall require that an authorized officer of the QRF certify that the costs claimed are, to the best of the officer's knowledge, reasonable and adequate, and that the proposed

Price will perm it the QR F to recover the am ounts prescribed in ORS 279.845(1)(a).

- (3) If the QRF and the City ag ree on the terms and conditions of a proposed Contract and the price for the services to be provided under the proposed Contract, the Department shall present the proposed Contract (including the agreed Price) to the State Procurement Office for review and approval of the Price. If the QRF and the City cannot agree on the price, the parties shall present the issue of price to the State Procurement Office for determination.
- (4) The City s hall not execute or implement any Contract under the program created by ORS 279.835 to 279.850 until the State Procurement Office has transmitted notice of the Price approved determ ined by the S tate Procurement Office to the City and the QRF.
- Re-determinations of Price. The Price es tablished by the State Procurement Office shall apply for the initial term or period of the Contract unless otherw ise approved by the State Procurement Office. The State Procurement Office may re-determine a Price at the request of a QRF or City, or at the discretion of the State Procurement Office. Until the State Procurement Office approves a new Price, the QRF shall continue to provide, at the established Price, the service or product in accordance with the Scope of Work that was the basis for establishing the existing Price.
- d. The City shall not pay or agre e to pay a QRF any am ount other than the Price approved by the State Procurement Office. Any Price established by the State Procu rement Office for a product or service shall remain in effect until the State Procurement Office approves a new Price.
- E. The City s hall not make m aterial changes (changes that affect the cost of providing the products or services in m ore than a negligible m anner) to the Specifications of a QRF Contract under ORS 279.835 to 279.850 unless the changes are in Writing and have been submitted to the State Procurement Office for a re-determination of Price. If the C ity wishes to make a material change to the Specifications from the most recent Solicitation for the product or service, the City shall notify the QRF in Writing of the specific changes in the Scope of Work or other conditions which will be required during the new Contract period. No agreement making a material change in the Specifications shall be executed until State Procurement Office re-determines the Price.

5.33.120 Sole-Source Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** Generally. The City may Award a Contract without competition as a Sole Source Procurement if the Chief Procurement Officer or Council, depending on the amount of the Contract, makes a Written finding that:
 - 1. Efficient utilization of existing G oods or Services requires the acquisition of compatible Goods or Services;
 - 2. The Goods or Services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available from only one source;
 - 3. The Goods or Services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - **4.** Any other findings that support the conclusion that the Goods or Services are available from only one source.
- **B.** Negotiation with a sole source Contractor is desirable. The City is en titled to negotiate with any sole source Contractor to obtain a favorable price, terms or conditions.
- C. Public Notice. The City shall give notice of the determination that the Goods or Services or class of Goods or Services are available from only one source when the Contract is estimated to be greater than \$50,000 by publishing a notice on Procurement Services' website at least serven (7) Days before the Contract is Awarded.

5.33.130 Emergency Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547 and 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. The City may Award a Contract as an Emergency Procurement without the use of competitive sealed Bidding or competitive sealed Proposals as authorized by ORS 279B.050(2) when the requirements of ORS 279B.080 and this rule are met.
- **B.** The Council, or person authorizing the Emergency Procurement, shall document the nature of the Emergency and describe the method used for the selection of the particular Contractor. The City shall encourage competition for Emergency Procurements to the extent reasonable under the circumstances.
- **C.** The authority to declare an Emergency and authorize an Emergency Procurement shall be as follows:

- 1. The Chief Procurement Officer or designee may declare the existence of an Emergency and authorize the City or any of its bureaus to enter into an Emergency Procurement Contract under \$150,000.
- 2. The director of a City Office, Bureau or Department may declare the existence of an Em ergency and authorize that Office, Bureau or Department to enter into an Emergency Procurement Contract under \$150,000 only if the Chief Procurement Officer or person to whom the powers of the Chief Procurement Officer have been delegated, is not available when the Procurement needs to be made.
- 3. A Commissioner-in-Charge of a City Office, Bureau or Department may declare the existence of an Emergency and authorize that Office, Bureau or Department to enter into an Emergency Procurement Contract not exceeding \$500,000.
- 4. A Commissioner-in-Charge of a City Office, Bureau or Departm ent may declare the existence of an Emergency and authorize that Office, Bureau or Department to enter into an Emergency Procurement Contract exceeding \$500,000 subject to the following procedures:
 - a. Following the declaration of Emergency the Commissioner shall immediately prepare an ordinance for approval of the Emergency Procurement Contract by the City Council at its next regularly scheduled session or as soon as possible thereafter. That Contract shall be added to the regular agenda of the Commissioner without the need for approval for in clusion on the agenda by other Commissioners
 - b. If the Council adopts the ordinance, the City will pay for the Work required by the Contract. If Council disapproves the ordinance, the City only will p ay for Work performed prior to the date that the Council considered the ordinance for approval. If for any reason presentation of the ordinance to the Council is de layed, the City still will only be liable for Work performed prior to the time when the ordinance first was presented to the Council.
- **D.** All documentation of Emergency Procurements shall be sent to the Chief Procurement Officer for record keeping purposes.
- E. All Emergency Procurement Contracts Awarded when there was no Emergency or reasonable perception of Emergency are void unless the Contract was otherwise valid under another portion of the City Code.

- **F.** After the Award of an Emergency Procurement Contract, the City shall execute a Written Contract with the Contractor as soon as possible, and in no event later than 60 Days after the Award.
- G. All such Contracts, whether or not si gned by the Contractor, shall be deemed to contain a termination for convenience clause permitting the City to im mediately terminate the Contract at its discretion and, unless the Contract was void, the City shall pay the Contractor only for Work performed prior to the date of termination plus the Contractor's unavoidable costs incurred as a result of the termination. In no event will the City pay for anticipated lost profits or consequential damages as a result of the termination.
- H. For an em ergency procurement of cons truction services that are not public improvements, the City shall ensure competition for a contract for the emergency work that is reasonable and appropriate under the emergency circumstances. In conducting the procurement, the City shall set a solicitation time period that the City determines to be reasonable under the emergency circumstances and may issue written or oral requests for offers or make direct appointments without competition in case of extreme necessity.

5.33.135 Declaration of State of Emergency or Disaster.

(Added by Ordinance No. 181547; amended by Ordinance No. 183345, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. When the Mayor or person designated to perform the duties of office of the Mayor ("Equivalent"), proclaims a State of Emergency or Disaster the Mayor or Equivalent may award emergency contracts for the acquisition of goods, services, construction services and public improve ments for the purpose of responding to the State of Emergency or Disaster. This section does not eliminate the power of any individual otherwise authorized to award or execute contracts under other portions of the City Code.
- B. The Proclamation of a Disaster or Stat e of Emergency are instances of "extreme necessity" so that the Mayor or Equivalent is permitted to award contracts by direct appointment and without the necessity for competition. However, competition is permitted to the extent reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances. When a Proclamation of a State of Emergency or Disaster is issued, the City hereby waives the requirem ent of furnishing sufficient performance and payment bonds for any public improvement contracts or construction services contracts awarded pursuant to this Section when such bonds otherwise would be legally required. Nonetheless, any person authorized to award a contract may make a request for such bonds whenever it appears to be appropriate.

- C. The Mayor or Equivalent may delegate the authority to award contracts, in whole or in part, to any appropriate person, to responds to the State of Em ergency or Disaster.
- **D.** A written contract is not required, but documentation of contracts awarded pursuant to this section shall be kept to the extent practicable under the circumstances.
- E. All such Contracts, whether or not signe d by the Contractor, shall be deemed to contain a termination for convenience clause permitting the City to im mediately terminate the Contract at its d iscretion and, unless the Contract ct was illegal or void, the City shall pay the Contractor only for Work performed prior to the date of termination plus the Contractor's unavoidable costs incurred as a result of the termination. In no event will the City pay for anticipated lost profits or consequential damages as a result of the termination.
- **F.** All documentation of Emergency Contracts shall be sent to the Chief Procurement Officer for record keeping purposes.
- G. All Emergency Contracts Awarded when there was no Em ergency or reasonable perception of Emergency are void unless the Contract was otherwise valid under another portion of the City's Purchasing Rules.
- **H.** If an Em ergency Contract is not in writing, the City sh all execute a W ritten Contract with the Contractor as soon as possible thereafter as circum stances permit.

5.33.140 Cooperative Purchasing.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 181547, effective January 24, 2008.)

- A. The City may participate in, sponsor, conduct or adm inister Joint Cooperative Procurements to establish Contracts or Price Agreements for Goods or Services, as defined in these rules, that use source selection m ethods substantially equivalent to those set forth in PCC Sections 5.33.200, 5.33.210 or 5.33.220.
- **B.** The City m ay participate in, sponsor, conduct or adm inister Permissive Cooperative Procurements to establish C ontracts or Price Agreem ents for the acquisition of Goods or Services, as defined in these rules, that us e source selection methods substantially equivalent to those set forth in PCC Sections 5.33.200 or 5.33.210.
- C. The City may participate in, sponsor, conduct or administer Interstate Cooperative Procurements to establish Contracts or Price Agreem ents for the acquisition of

- Goods or Services, as defined in these rules, that use source selection methods substantially equivalent to those set forth in PCC Section 5.33.200 or 5.33.210.
- **D.** A Solicitation and Award process uses—source selection methods substantially equivalent to those identified in PCC Section 5.33.200, 5.33.210 or 5.33.220 if the Solicitation and Award process:
 - 1. Calls for Award of a Contract on the basis of a lowest Responsible Bidder or a lowest and best Bidder determination in the case of Competitive Bids, on the basis of a determination of the Proposer whose Proposal is most Advantageous based on evaluation factors set forth in the Request for Proposals in the case of competitive Proposals;
 - 2. Does not permit the application of any geographic preference that is more favorable to Bidders or Proposers who reside in the jurisdiction or locality favored by the preference than the preferences provided in ORS 279A.120(2); and
 - 3. Uses reasonably clear and precise Specifications that promote suitability for the purposes intended and that reasonably encourage competition.
- E. The City shall determine, in Writing, whether the Solicitation and Award process for an Original Contract arising out of a Cooperative Procurement is substantially equivalent to those identified in PCC Section 5.33.200, 5.33.210 or 5.33.220 in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.140.
- **F.** Protests. Protests regarding the use of all types of Cooperative Procurem ents shall be governed by the applicable provisions of PCC Section 5.33.700 *et seq*.
- **G.** For purposes of PCC Section 5.33.140 through 5.33.170 the following definitions are applicable:
 - 1. "Administering Contracting Agency" means a governmental body in this state or in another jurisdiction that solicits and establishes the original Contract for Procurement of goods, services or Public Improvements in a Cooperative Procurement.
 - 2. "Cooperative Procurement" means a Procurement conducted on behalf of more than one governmental body. "C ooperative Procurement" does not include an agreem ent formed among only governmental bodies under ORS chapter 190 or by a statute, charter provision, ordinance or other authority for establishing agreem ents between or am ong governmental bodies or agencies or tribal governing bodies or agencies.

- 3. "Cooperative Procurement Group" means a group of governmental bodies joined through an intergovernm ental agreement for the purposes of facilitating Cooperative Procurements.
- 4. "Interstate Cooperative Procurement" means a perm issive Cooperative Procurement in which the Adm inistering Contracting Agency is a governmental body, domestic or foreign, that is authorized under the governmental body's laws, rules or regulations to enter into Contracts and in which one or more of the participating governmental bodies are located outside this state.
- 5. "Joint Cooperative Procurem ent" means a Cooperative Procurem ent in which the participating governm ental bodies or the Cooperative Procurement group and the bodies' or group's Contract requirements or estimated Contract requirements for Price Agreements are identified.
- 6. "Original Contract" m eans the initial Contract or Price Agreem ent solicited and Awarded during a C ooperative Procurement by an Administering Contracting Agency.
- 7. "Permissive Cooperative Procurement" means a Cooperative Procurement in which the Purchasing Contracting Agencies are not identified.
- 8. "Purchasing Contracting Agency" means a governmental body that procures goods, services or Public Improvements from a Contractor based on the Original Contract established by an Administering Contracting Agency.

5.33.145 Rules on all types of Cooperative Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** If the City is the Administering Contracting Agency, then:
 - 1. It may charge a fair an d reasonable fee to purchasing Con tract agencies that represent the excess costs of administering the Contract in light of the Purchasing Contracting Agencies use of that Contract; and
 - **2.** Determine whether the purchasing Contract agency m ust enter in to a Written agreement with it.
- **B.** If the City is a Purchasing Contracting Agency it is authorized to pay a fee to the Administering Contracting Agency that the Chief Procurement Officer determines is fair and reasonable in light of all the circumstances surrounding the Procurement, including the savings the at may be obtained if a Cooperative

Procurement is used, the cost of the Proc urement in relationship to the fee, and other factors as may be considered. If a fee is paid, it will be borne by the Bureau or portion of the City on whose behalf the Procurement is being made.

C. Cooperative procurements are su bject to the requirem ents of PCC Section 5.33.105 in regard to service contracts in excess of \$250,000.00.

5.33.150 Joint Cooperative Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 181547, effective January 24, 2008.)

- A. A Joint Cooperative Procurem ent is a Cooperative Procurem ent in which the governmental bodies or the Cooperative P rocurement Group and the bodies' or Group's Contract requirem ents or estim ated Contract requirem ents for Price Agreements are identified in the Solicitation Document.
- **B.** A Joint Cooperative Procurement is valid only if:
 - 1. The conditions of PCC Section 5.33.140 B. are met;
 - 2. The Administering Contracting Ag ency's Solicitation and the Origin al Contract or Price Agreem ent identifies the Cooperative Procurem ent group or each participating Purchasi ng Contracting Agency and specifies the estimated Contract requirements; and
 - 3. No material change is made in the terms, conditions or prices of the Contract between the Contractor and the Purchasing Contracting Agency from the terms, conditions and prices of the Original Contract between the Contractor and the Administering Contracting Agency.
- C. A Joint Cooperative Procurement may not be a Perm issive Cooperative Procurement.

5.33.160 Permissive Cooperative Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- **A.** A Permissive Cooperative Procurement is a Cooperative Procurement in which the Purchasing Contracting Agencies are not identified in the Solic itation Document.
- **B.** The City may enter into a Permissive Cooperative Procurement if:
 - 1. The conditions of PCC Section 5.33.140 B. are met;

- 2. The Administering Contracting Agency's Solicitation and Award process for the original Contract is to allow the City to establish contracts or price agreements under the terms, conditions and prices of the original contract;
- **3.** The Contractor agrees to extend the term s, conditions and prices of the original contract to the Purchasing Contractor Agency; and
- 4. No material change is m ade in the terms, conditions or prices of the contract or price age reement between the Contractor the Purchasing Contracting Agency from the terms, conditions and prices of the original contract between the Contractor and the Administering Contracting Agency.
- C. If the City wishes to enter into a Contract or Price Agreement arising out of a Permissive Cooperative Procurement it must publish notice of its intent to do so if it is estimated that the City will spend in excess of \$250,000, on Goods and Services acquired under the Contract or Price Agreement.
- **D.** For purposes of determ ining whether the City m ust give notice of intent to establish a Contract through a Permissive Cooperative Procurement, as required by ORS 279A.215(2)(a), the estim ated amount of procurem ent will exceed \$250,000 if:
 - 1. The City's Contract or Price Agreem ent arising out of the Perm issive Cooperative Procurement expressly provides that the City will m ake payments over the term of the Contract or Price Agreement that will, in aggregate, exceed \$250,000, whether or not the total am ount or value of the payments is expressly stated;
 - 2. The City's Contract or Price Agre ement arising out of the Perm issive Cooperative Procurement expressly provides f or payment, whether in a fixed amount or up to a stated m aximum amount, that exceeds \$250,000; or
 - 3. The City reasonably contemplates, based on historical or other data available to the Purchasing Contracting Agency, that the total payments it will make for Goods or Services under the Contract or Price Agreement will, in aggregate, exceed \$250,000 over the anticipated duration of the Contract or Price Agreement.
- **E.** The notice of intent required by this rule shall contain the following information:
 - 1. A description of the Procurement;
 - **2.** An estimated amount of the Procurement;

- **3.** The name of the Administering Contracting Agency; and
- 4. A time, place and date by which comments m ust be submitted to the City regarding the intent to establish a Contract or Price Agreement through a Permissive Cooperative Procurement;
- F. Time: The City shall advertise the notice in the same manner as provided in PCC Section 5.33.300 A. The City shall give the notice required by this rule no fewer than seven (7) Days before the deadline for submitting comments regarding its intention to establish a Contract or Price A greement through a Perm issive Cooperative Procurement.
- G. An Administering Contracting Agency th at intends to e stablish a Contract or Price Agreement arising out of the Permissive Cooperative Procurement it administers may satisfy the notice requirements set forth in ORS 279A.215(2)(a) by including the information required by PCC Section 5.33.160 D., in the Solicitation Document related to the Permissive Cooperative Procurement, and including instructions in the Solicitation Document to potential Offerors describing how they may submit comments in response to the Administering Contracting Agency's intent to establish a Contract or Price Agreement through the Permissive Cooperative Procurement. The content and timing of such notice shall comply in all respects with ORS 279A.215(2), ORS 279A.215(3) and these Rules
- H. If the City rece ives comments on the intent to establish a Contract or Price Agreement through a Permissive Cooperative Procurement, the City shall make a Written determination that establishing a Contract or Price Agreement is in the best interest of the City before executing the Contract or using the Price Agreement.

5.33.170 Interstate Cooperative Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 181547, effective January 24, 2008.)

- A. An Interstate Cooperative Procurement is a Permissive Cooperative Procurement in which the Adm inistering Contracting Agency is a governm ental body, domestic or foreign, that is authorized under the governmental body's laws, rule or regulations to enter into Contracts and in which one or m ore of the participating governmental bodies are located outside the State of Oregon.
- **B.** The City may procure Goods and Servi ces through an Interstate Cooperative Procurement if:

- 1. The Conditions of PCC Section 5.33.140 B. are met;
- 2. The Administering Contracting Ag ency's Solicitation and the Origin al Contract allows other governmental bodies to establish Contracts or Price Agreements under the term s, conditions and prices of the Original Contract; and
- 3. The Administering Contracting Agency permits the Contractor to extend the use of the terms, conditions and prices of the Original Contract to the Purchasing Contracting Agency; and
- **4.** The City:
 - a. was listed in the Solicitation of the Administering Contract Agency as a party that may establish Contracts or Price Agreements under the terms, conditions and prices of the Original Contract and the Solicitation was advertised in Oregon, or
 - b. is a member of a Cooperative Procurement Group and the Group was listed in the Solicitation of the Adm inistering Contracting Agency as a party that m ay establish C ontracts or Price Agreements under the terms, conditions and prices of the O riginal Contract and the Solicitation was advertised in Oregon; or
 - c. publishes a Notice of intent to estab lish a Contract or Pric e Agreement in the manner required by <u>Section</u> 5.33.170 C below.
- C. Notice of Intent. If the City is required by this rule to publish a notice of intent to establish a Contract or Price Agreem ent through an Interstate C ooperative Procurement, the notice shall include:
 - 1. A description of the proposed Procurement;
 - **2.** An estimated amount of the proposed Procurement;
 - **3.** The name of the Administering Contracting Agency; and
 - 4. A time, place and date by which comments m ust be submitted to the City regarding its intent to establish a Co ntract or Price Agreement through an Interstate Cooperative Procurement.
- **D.** The City shall give public notice at least seven (7) Days before the deadline for submission of comments regarding its intent to establish a Contract or Price Agreement through an Interstate Cooperative Procurement.

E. If the City rece ives comments within seven (7) Days after publication of its notice, the City shall make a Written determination that establishing a Contract or Price Agreement through an Interstate Cooperative Procurem ent is in the best interest of the City and provide a copy of the Written determination to any vendor that submitted comments before a Contract or Price Agreement may be established.

5.33.180 Small Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. For Procurements of Goods and S ervices not exceeding \$5,000 the City m ay Award a Contract as a Sm all Procurement pursuant to ORS 279B.065 and this rule. The City m ay choose any method of selecting such Contractors, including, but not limited to, offering the C ontract to only one firm or conducting a competition for the Contract.
- **B.** State law prohibits a Procurement from being artificially divided or fragmented so as to constitute a small Procurement under this section.
- C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the City Code, small Procurements shall not be amended beyond \$5,000 without prior approval of the Chief Procurement Officer before the additional Goods or Services are provided.

5.33.190 Intermediate Procurements.

- A. Generally. For Procurements of Goods and Services not exceeding \$150,000, the City may Award a Contract as an Intermediate Procurement pursuant to ORS 279B.070. A Procurement shall not be artificially divided or fragmented so as to constitute an intermediate Procurement under this section.
 - 1. Oral Price Quotations: For Proc urement of Goods and Services not exceeding \$50,000, the City m ay Award a Contract after seeking three oral price quotations.
 - 2. Written Price Quotations: For Procurem ents of Goods or Services anticipated to exceed \$50,000 but not exceeding \$150,000, the City may Award a Contract after seeking three Written price quotations.
- **B.** For all intermediate Procurements, the City shall seek at le ast three informally solicited competitive price quotations or competitive Proposals from prospective Contractors, and shall k eep Written records of the sources of the quotations or Proposals received. If three quotations or Proposals are not reasonably available,

the City may proceed with the Procurement but only after making a Written record of the effort made to obtain the quotations or Proposals.

C. Negotiations: The City may negotiate with an Offeror to clarify its price quotation or Proposal or to effect m odifications that will make the price quotation or Proposal acceptable or more Advantageous to the City, provided that all Offerors contacted are offered the same opportunity in order to compete on the same basis.

5.33.200 Competitive Sealed Bidding.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. The City may procure Goods and Servi ces by Competitive Sealed Bidding as set forth in ORS 279B.055. An Invitation to Bid (ITB) is used to initiate a competitive sealed Bid Solicitation and shall contain the information required by PCC Section 5.33.200 B. Public Notice of the Competitive Sealed Bidding Solicitation shall be provided as required by PCC Section 5.33.300.
- **B.** Invitation to Bid. The ITB shall include the following:
 - **1.** General Information.
 - **a.** A time and date by which the Bids must be received and a place at which the Bids must be submitted:
 - **b.** The name and title of the person designated for the receipt of Bids and the person designated by the C ity as the contact person for the Procurement, if different;
 - **c.** A Procurement description;
 - d. A time, date, and place that Pre qualification applications, if any, must be filed and the classes of Work, if any, for which Bidders must be prequalified in accordance with ORS 279B.100 and PCC Section 5.33.510;
 - e. A statement that the City may cancel the Procurement or reject any or all Bids in acco rdance with OR S 279B.100 and PCC Section 5.33.645;
 - **f.** A statement that requires the Co ntractor or Subcontractor to possess an asbestos abatem ent license, if required under ORS 468A.710;
 - **g.** All Contractual term s and c onditions applicable to the Procurement;

- **h.** Notice of any pre-Offer conference as follows:
 - (1) The time, date and location of any pre-Offer conference; and
 - (2) Whether attendance at the conference will be mandatory or voluntary; and
 - (3) That statements made by the City's representatives at the conference or elsewhere are not binding upon the City unless confirmed by Written Addendum;
- i. The form and subm ission of Offers and any other special information, e.g., whether Offers may be subm itted by Electronic means;
- **j.** The scheduled Closing;
- **k.** The office where the Specifications for the Goods or Services may be reviewed;
- A statement that each Bidder to an ITB must identify whether the Bidder is a "Resident Bidder," as defined in PCC Section 5.33.010 A.51.;
- **m.** Bidder's certification of nondisc rimination in obtaining required Subcontractors in accordance with ORS 279A.110(4). (See PCC Section 5.33.075); and
- **n.** How the City will notif y Offerors of Addenda and how the City will make Addenda available. See PCC Section 5.33.430; and
- **o.** That Bidders may be required to obtain a Bus iness License and may be required to be EEO certified.
- 2. City Need to Purchase. The character of the Goods or Services the City is purchasing including, if applicable, a description of the acquisition, Specifications, delivery or perfor mance schedule, inspection and acceptance requirements. The City's description of its need to purchase must:
 - **a.** Identify the scope of the work to be performed under the resulting

contract, if the City awards one;

- **b.** Outline the anticipated duties of the Contractor under any resulting contract;
- **c.** Establish the expectations for the contractor's performance of any resulting contract; and
- d. Unless the City, for Good Cause specifies otherwise, the scope of work must require the contractor to meet the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business most closely involved in providing the Goods or Services that the City is purchasing.

3. Evaluation process.

- **a.** The anticipated Solicitation sch edule, deadlines, protest process, and evaluation process, if any;
- b. Evaluation criteria, including the relative value applicable to each criterion, that the City will use to determ ine the Responsible Bidder with the lowest Responsive Bid and the evaluation criteria the City will use to determine acceptability of any Goods or Services to be purchased;
- c. If the City intends to Award Contracts to more than one Bidder, the City must identify in the Solicitation Document the manner in which it will determine the number of Contracts it will Award. The criteria shall require the City to purchase the lowest priced goods, services or personal service available from the multiple Contracts; and
- d. The City's hall set forth objective evaluation criteria in the Solicitation Document in accordance with the requirements of ORS 279B.055(6)(a). Evaluation criteria need not be precise predictors of actual future costs, but to the extent possible, such evaluation factors shall be reasonable estimates based on information the City has available concerning future use.
- **4.** Preference for Goods manufactured from Recycled Materials under PCC Section 5.33.080 and ORS 279A.125;
- 5. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall not assign, sell, dispose of, or transfer rights, nor delegate duties under the Contract, either in whole or in part, without the City's prior Written consent. Unless otherwise agreed by the City in Writing, such consent shall not relieve the

Contractor of any obl igations under the Contract. Any assignee or transferee shall be considered the agent of the Contractor and be bound to abide by all provisions of the Contract. If the City consents in Writing to an assignment, sale, disposal or tran sfer of the Contractor's rights or delegation of Contractor's duties, the Contractor and its surety, if any, shall remain liable to the City for complete performance of the Contract as if no such assignment, sale, disposal, transfer or delegation had occurred unless the City otherwise agrees in Writing.

- 6. All Contractual terms and conditions in the form of Contract provisions the City determines are applicable to the Procurem ent. As required by state law, the contract terms and conditions must specify the consequences of the Contractor's failure to perform the scope of work or to meet the performance standards established by the resulting Contract. Those consequences may include, but are not limited to:
 - **a.** The City's reduction or wit hholding of paym ent under the Contract;
 - b. The City's right to r equire the Contractor to perform, at the Contractor's expense, any additional work necessary to perform the statement of work or to meet the performance standards established by the resulting Contract; and
 - c. The City's rights, which the City may assert individually or in combination, to declare a default of the resulting Contract, to terminate the resulting Contract, and to seek dam ages and other relief available under the resulting Contractor or applicable law.
- C. Good Cause. For the purposes of this rule, "Good Cause" means a reasonable explanation for not requiring Contractor to meet the highest standards, and may include an explanation of circumstances that support a finding that the requirement would unreasonably limit competition or is not in the best interest of the City. The City shall document in the Procurement file the bas is for the determination of Good Cause for specification otherwise. The City will have Good Cause to specify otherwise under the following circumstances:
 - 1. The purpose to which the Goods or Services will be used does not justify a requirement that the Contractor meet the highest preval ent standards in performing the contract;
 - 2. Imposing express technical, standar d, dimensional, or m athematical specifications will better ensure the at the Goods or services will be

compatible with or will operate efficiently or effectively with components, equipment, parts, Services or info rmation technology including hardware, Services or software with which the Goods or Services will be used, integrated, or coordinated.

- 3. The circumstances of the industry or business that provides the Goods or Services are sufficiently volatile in terms of innovation or evaluation of products, performance techniques, scientific developments, that a reliable highest prevalent standard does not exist or has not been developed.
- 4. Any other circumstances in which C ity's interest in achieving economy, efficiency, compatibility or availability in the procurement of the Goods or Services reasonably outweighs the City's practical need for the high est prevalent standard if the applicable or closed industry or business that supplies the Goods or Services to be delivered under the resulting Contract.

5.33.205 Multi-Step Sealed Bidding.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- **A.** General. The City may use multi-step Competitive Sealed Bidding pursuant to ORS 279B.055(12).
- **B.** Phased Process. Multi-step Bidding is a phased Procurem ent process which seeks necessary information or un-priced submittals in phase one combined with regular competitive sealed Bidding, inviting Offerors who submitted technically eligible submittals in phase one, to submit competitive sealed price Bids in phase two. The Contract must be Awarded to the lowest Responsible Bidder.
- C. Public Notice. When the City us es multi-step sealed Bids for Contracts over \$150,000, Public Notice for phase one shall be given in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300. Public Notice is not required for phase two. However, the City shall give notice of subsequent phases to all Bidders and inform Bidders of the right to protest Addenda issued after the initial Closing pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.430 and inform Bidders excluded from the subsequent phases of the right, if any, to protest their exclusion pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.720.
- **D.** Procedures Generally. In addition to the procedures set forth in PCC Sections 5.33.300 through 5.33.340, the City shall use the procedures set forth in this rule for multi-step Bidding and in the Invitation to Bid.
- **E.** Procedure for Phase One of Multi-Step Sealed Bidding.
 - 1. Form. The City shall initiate multi-step sealed Bidding by issu ing an Invitation to Bid in the for m required for competitive sealed Bids except

as provided in this rule. In addition to the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.200 B., the multi-step Invitation to Bid must state:

- **a.** That the solicitation is a multi-step sealed Bid Procurement and describe the process the City will use to conduct the Procurement;
- b. That the City requests u n-priced submittals and that the City will consider priced Bids only in phase two and only from those Bidders whose un-priced submittals are found eligible in phase one;
- c. Whether Bidders must submit priced Bids at the same time as unpriced submittals and, if so, that Bidders must submit the priced Bids in a separate sealed envelope; and
- **d.** The criteria to be used in the evaluation of un-priced submittals;
- **2.** Evaluation. The City sh all evaluate un-priced submittals in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Invitation to Bid.
- F. Revisions to Solicitation Specifications. After Closing of phase one, the City may issue Addenda that modify the Specifications for the Goo ds or Services being procured or that modify other terms and conditions of the Invitation to Bid. The City shall provide such Addenda to all Bidders who initially submitted un-priced technical Bids. The City m ay then require Bidders to submit revised un-priced technical Bids.
- **G.** Procedure for Phase Two.
 - 1. After the c ompletion of Phase One, if the C ity does not cancel the Solicitation, the City shall invite each eligible Bidder to submit a priced Bid
 - **2.** Conduct. Phase Two shall be conducted as any other competitive sealed Bid Procurement except:
 - a. as specifically set forth in this rule or the Invitation to Bid; and
 - **b.** no public notice need be given of the invitation to subm it priced Bids because such notice was previously given.

5.33.210 Competitive Sealed Proposals.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

- A. The City may procure Goods and Services by Competitive Sealed Proposals as set forth in ORS 279B.060 and this rule. The City shall use a Request for Proposal to initiate a competitive sealed Proposal Solicitation. The Request for Proposal must contain the information required by ORS 279B.060(2) and paragraph B. of this rule. The City shall p rovide Public Notice of the Competitive Sealed Proposal Solicitation as provided in PCC Section 5.33.300.
- **B.** Mandatory provisions in RFP Solicitation Documents. The RFP must include the following:
 - **1.** General Information.
 - **a.** A time, date and location when the sealed P roposals must be submitted and received;
 - b. The name and title of the person designated for the receipt of Proposals and the person designated by the City as the contact person for the Procurement, if different;
 - **c.** A Procurement description;
 - d. A time, date, and place that Pre qualification applications, if any, must be filed and the classes of Work, if any, for which Bidders must be prequalified in accordance with ORS 279B.100 and PCC Section 5.33.510:
 - e. A statement that the City may cancel the Procurement or reject any or all Proposals in acco rdance with ORS 279B.100 and PCC Section 5.33.645;
 - **f.** A statement that requires the Co ntractor or Subcontractor to possess an asbestos abatem ent license, if required under ORS 468A.710;
 - g. All Contractual term s and c onditions applicable to the Procurement, including warranties and bonding requirements, if necessary. If the City intends to allow discussions or negotiations regarding terms and conditions it must either specify the terms and conditions subject to negotiation or the subject matter reasonably related to the terms and conditions that it will negotiate;
 - **h.** Notice of any pre-Offer conference as follows:

- (1) The time, date and location of any pre-Offer conference; and
- (2) Whether attendance at the conference will be mandatory or voluntary; and
- (3) That statements made by the City's representatives at the conference or elsewhere are not binding upon the City unless confirmed by Written Addendum;
- i. The form and subm ission of Offers and any other special information, (e.g., whether Offers may be subm itted by Electronic means);
- **j.** The scheduled Closing;
- **k.** The location where the Specifications for the Goods or S ervices may be reviewed;
- Contractor's certification of nondiscrimination in obtaining required Subcontractors in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.075; and
- **m.** How the City will notif y Offerors of Addenda and how the City will make Addenda available.
- 2. City Need to Purchase. The character of the Goods or Services the City is purchasing including, if applicable, a description of the acquisition, Specifications, delivery or perfor mance schedule, inspection and acceptance requirements. As required by ORS 279B.060(2)(c) the City 's description of its need to purchase must:
 - **a.** Identify the scope of the work to be performed under the resulting Contract, if the City awards one;
 - **b.** Outline the anticipated duties of the Contractor under any resulting Contract:
 - **c.** Establish the expectations for the Contractor's performance of any resulting contract; and
 - **d.** Unless the contractor under any resulting Contract will provide architectural, engineering, photogrammetric mapping,

transportation, planning or land surveying services, or related services that are subject to ORS 289C.100 to 279C.125, or the City for Good Cause specifies otherwis e, the scope of work m ust require the Contractor to meet the highest s tandards prevalent in the industry or business m ost closely involved in providing the Goods or Services that the City is purchasing.

- **3.** Proposal and Evaluation process.
 - **a.** The anticipated Solicitation sc hedule, deadlines, protest process, and evaluation process, if any;
 - b. The City shall set f orth selection criteria in the Solicitation Document in accordance with the requirem ents of PCC Section 5.33.210. Evaluation factors need not be precise predictors of actual future costs and perform ance, but to the extent possible, such factors shall be reasonable estimates based on information available to the City;
 - c. If the City's solicitation process calls for the City to es tablish a Competitive Range, the City shall generally describe, in the Solicitation Document, the criteria or parameters the City will apply to determine the Competitive Range. The City may increase or decrease the number of Proposers in the Competitive Range in accordance with PCC 5.33.215A.1.b. Section 5.33.211F.1.b.
- 4. Applicable preferences, including those described in ORS 279A.120.125(2), ORS 279A.125 and 279A.128 and PCC Sections 5.33.080 and, 5.33.085 and ORS 279A.125;
- 5. All Contractual terms and conditions in the form of Contract provisions the City determ ines are applicable to the Procurement. The City 's determination of contractual terms and conditions that are applicable to the Procurement may take into cons ideration, as authorized by ORS 279B.060(3), those contractual terms and conditions the City will not include in the Request for Proposal because the City either will reserve them for negotiation, or will request Proposers to offer or suggest those terms or conditions.
- As required by ORS 279B.060(2)(h), the Contract term s and conditions must specify the consequences of the Contractor's failure to perform the scope of work or to m eet the performance standards established by the resulting contract. Those consequences may include, but are not limited to:

- **a.** The City's reduction or wit hholding of paym ent under the Contract;
- **b.** The City's right to require the contractor to perform, at the contractor's expense, any additional work necessary to perform the statement of work or to meet the perform ance standards established by the resulting Contract; and
- c. The City's rights, which the City may assert individually or in combination, to d eclare a default of the resulting contract, to terminate the resulting Contract, and to seek dam ages and other relief available under the resulting Contractor or applicable law.
- 7. The City may include the applicable contract terms and conditions in the form of Contract provisions, or legal concepts to be included in the resulting Contract. Further, the City may specify that it will include or use Proposers' terms and conditions that have been pre-negotiated, but the City may only include those terms and conditions in the resulting Contract to the extent those terms and conditions do not materially conflict with the applicable contractual terms and conditions. The City shall not agree to any Proposer's term s and conditions that were expressly rejected in a solicitation protest filed by the Proposer.
- 8. For multiple Award Contracts the City may enter into Contracts with different terms and conditions with each Contractor to the exten t those terms and conditions do not materially conflict with the applicable contractual terms and conditions. The City shall not agree to any Proposer's terms and conditions that were expressly rejected in a solicitation protest filed by the Proposer.
- C. Good Cause. For the purposes of this rule, "Good Cause" means a reasonable explanation for not requiring Contractor to meet the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business most closely involved in providing the Goods or Services under the Contract, and may include an explanation of circumstances that support a finding that the requirement would unreasonably limit competition or is not in the best interest of the City. The City shall do cument in the Procurement file the basis for the determination of Good Cause for specifying otherwise. The City will have Good Cause to specify otherwise when the City determines:
 - 1. The purpose to which the Goods or Services will be used does not justify a requirement that the Contractor meet the highest preval ent standards in performing the contract;

- 2. Imposing express technical, standa rd, dimensional or m athematical specifications will bette r ensure that the Goods or Services will be compatible with or will operate efficiently or effectively with components, equipment, parts, Services or information technology including hardware, Services or software with which the Goods or Services will be used, integrated, or coordinated;
- 3. The circumstances of the industry or business that provides the Goods or Services are sufficiently volatile in terms of innovation or evaluation of products, performance techniques, scientific developments, that a reliable highest prevalent standard does not exist or has not been developed.
- 4. That other circum stances exist in which City's interest in achieving economy, efficiency, compatibility or availability in the procurement of the Goods or Services reasonably outweighs the City's practical need for the highest prevalent standard if the applicable or closest industry or business that supplies the Goods or Services to be delivered under the resulting Contract.
- **5.33.211** Procedures for Competitive Range, Multi-Tiered and Multi-Step Proposals (Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)
 - A. Generally. The City m ay use any combination of the methods of Contractor selection as set forth in ORS 279B.060 and this rule to procure Goods and Services. In addition to the procedures set forth in PCC Sections 5.33.210 through PCC 5.33.217 211 for methods of Contractor selection, the City may provide for a multi-tiered, or multi-step selection process that permits award to the highest ranked Proposer at any time or step, calls for the establishment of a Competitive Range or permits either serial or competitive simultaneous discussions with one or more Proposers. The City may use one or more or any combination of the procedures set forth in this rule for Competitive Range, multi-tiered and multi-step Proposals.
 - **B.** ORS 279B.060(3)(d), (e) and (8) authorize the City to use methods of Contractor selection that include, but are not lim ited to multi-tiered or multi-step processes that embrace:
 - 1. The evaluation of Proposals only , including the evaluations of serial Proposals (a series of more than one Proposal from each Proposer that remains eligible in the competition at the particular tier of the competition;
 - 2. The use of Proposals in connection with discussions with Proposers that lead to best and final Offers:
 - 3. The use of Proposals in connection with serial negotiations with Proposers

that lead to best and final Offers or to the Award of a Contract.

- 4. The use of Proposals in connection with competitive negotiations with Proposers that lead to best and final Offers or to the Award of a Contract; and
- 5. The use of Proposals in multi-tiered competition designed to identify, at each stage of the competition, a class of Proposers that fall within a Competitive Range of Proposers that have a reasonable chance of being determined them ost Advantageous Proposer or, in multiple-aw ard situations, a reasonable chance of being determined an awardee of a Public Contract. Multi-tier ed and multistep competitions may use any combination or series of Propos als, discussions, negotiations, demonstrations, offers, or other means of soliciting information from Proposers that bear on the selection of a Contractor or Contractors. In multi-tiered and multi-step competitions, the City may use these means of soliciting information from prospec tive Proposers in any sequence or order, as determined in the discretion of the City.
- C. When the City's Requ est for Proposals prescribes a multi-tiered or multi-step Contractor selection process, the City nevertheless may, at the completion of any stage in the competition and on determining the Most Advantageous Proposers (or, in multiple-award situations, on determining the awardees of the public Contracts), award a Contract (or Contracts) and conclude the Procurement without proceeding to subsequent stages. The City also may, at any time, cancel the Procurement pursuant to ORS 279B.100 and these Rules.
- **D.** Exclusion Protest. The City may provide before the notice of an intent to Award an opportunity for a Proposer to protest exclusion from the Competitive Range or from subsequent phases of multi-tiered or multi-step sealed Proposals as set forth in PCC Section 5.33.720.
- E. Award Protest. A City shall provide an opportunity to protest its intent to Award a Contract pursuant to ORS 279B.410 and PCC Section 5.33.740. An Affected Offeror may protest, for any of the bases set forth in PCC Section 5.33.720, its exclusion from the Competitive Range or any phase of a multi-tiered from any stage of multi-tiered or multi-step sealed Proposal process, or may protest an Addendum issued following initial Closing, if the City did not previously provide Proposers the opportunity to protest the exclusion or Addendum. The failure to protest shall be considered the P roposer's failure to pursue an adm inistrative remedy made available to the Proposer by the City.
- F. Competitive Range. When the City's Solic itation process conducted pursuant to

PCC Section 5.33.210 calls for the City to es tablish a Competitive Range at any stage in the Procurement process, the City may do so as follows:

- **1.** Determining Competitive Range.
 - Responsive Proposals in accordance with the evaluation criteria in the Request for Propos als. After evaluation of all Proposals in accordance with the criteria in the Request for Proposals, the City may determine and rank the Proposers in the Competitive Range. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, in instances in which the City determines that a single Proposer has a reasonable chance of being determined the most Advant ageous Proposer, the City need not determine or rank Proposers in the Competitive Range. In addition, the City may establish a Competitive Range of all Proposers to enter into discussion s to correct deficiencies in Proposals.
 - Range in light of whe ther the City's evaluation of Proposals identifies a number of Proposers who have a reasonable chance of being determined the most Advantageous Proposer, or whether the evaluation establishes a natural break in the scores of Proposers that indicates that a particular number of Proposers are closely competitive, or have a reasonable chance of being determined the most Advantageous Proposer.
- Protesting Competitive Range. The City shall provide Written notice to all Proposers identifying Proposers in the Competitive Range. The City may provide an opportunity for Prop osers excluded from the Competitive Range to protest the City evaluation and determination of the Competitive Range in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.720.

G. Discussions.

- 1. The City m ay initiate oral or W ritten discussions with all "elig ible Proposers" on the subject m atter within the general scope of the Request for Proposals.
 - **a.** In conducting discussions, the City:
 - (1) Shall treat all eligible Propos ers fairly and shall not favor any eligible Proposer over another;
 - (2) May disclose other e ligible Proposers' Proposals or

- discussions only in accordance with ORS 279B.060 $\frac{(68)(b)}{(8)(b)}$ or $\frac{(c)(a)(B)}{(a)(b)}$ or $\frac{(c)(a)(B)}{(a)(b)}$
- (3) May adjust the evaluation of a Proposal as a result of a discussion under this section discussions. The conditions, terms, or price of the P roposal may be altered or otherwise changed during the course of the discussions provided the changes are within the Scope of the Request for Proposals.
- **b.** At any time during the time allowed for discussions, the City may:
 - (1) Continue discussions with a particular eligible Proposer;
 - (2) Terminate discussions with a particular eligible Proposer and continue discussions with other eligible Proposers; or
 - (3) Conclude discussions with all remaining eligible Proposers and provide to the then-eligible Proposers, notice pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.215 D 211 J. requesting best and final Offers.

H. Negotiations.

- 1. The City m ay commence serial ne gotiations with the highest-ranked eligible Proposer or commence simultaneous negotiations with all eligible Proposers:
 - **a.** The City may negotiate:
 - (1) The statement of work;
 - (2) The Contract Price as it is affected by negotiating the statement of work other terms and conditions authorized for negotiation in the R equest for Proposals or Addenda thereto; and
 - (3) Any other terms and conditions reasonably related to those authorized for negotiation in the Request for Proposals or Addenda thereto. Proposers shall not submount it for negotiation, and the City shall not accept, alternative terms and conditions that are not reasonably related to those authorized for negotiation in the Request for Proposals.

- I. Terminating Negotiations. At any time during discussions or negotiations that the City conducts under this rule the C ity may terminate discussions or negotiations with the highest-ranked Proposer, or the eligible P roposer with whom it is currently discussing or negotiating, if the City reasonably believes that:
 - 1. The eligible Proposer is not discussing or negotiating in good faith; or
 - 2. Further discussions or negotiations with the e ligible Proposer will not result in the parties agreeing to the terms and conditions of a final Contract in a timely manner.
 - 3. Continuing Serial Negotiations. If the City is conducting seria 1 negotiations and the City te rminates negotiations with an eligib le Proposer, the City may then commence negotiations with the next highest scoring eligible Proposer in the C ompetitive Range, and continue the sequential process described in PCC Section 5.33.215 C 211 H. until the City has either:
 - **a.** Determined to Award the Contract to the Proposer with whom it is currently discussing or negotiating; or
 - **b.** Decided to cancel the Procurement pursuant to ORS 279B.100.
 - 4. Competitive Simultaneous Negotiations. If the City chooses to conduct Competitive Negotiations, the City may negotiate simultaneously with competing Proposers. The City:
 - **a.** Shall treat all Proposers fairly and shall not f avor any Proposer over another;
 - b. May disclose other Proposers' Proposals or the substance of negotiations with other Proposers only if the City notifies all of the Proposers with whom the City will engage in negotiations of the City's intent to disclose before engaging in negotiations with any Proposer.
 - 5. Any oral modification of a Proposal resulting from negotiations under this Section must be reduced to Writing by the Proposer.
- J. Best and Final Offers. If best and final Offers are required, the City shall establish a common date and time by which eligible Proposers must submit best and final Offers. If the City is dissatisfied with the best and final Offers the City may make a Written determination that it is in the C ity's best interest to conduct additional discussions, negotiations or change the City's requirements and require another submission of best and final Offers. The City shall inform all eligible Proposers

that if they do not subm it notice of withdr awal or another best and final Offer, their immediately previous Offer will be construed as their best and final Offers. The City shall evaluate Offers as modified by the best and final Offer. The City shall conduct the evaluations as described in PCC Section 5.33.610. The City may not modify evaluation factors or their relative importance after the date and time that best and final Offers are due.

K. Multi-step Sealed Proposals. The City may procure Goods and Services by using multi-step Competitive Sealed Proposals pursuant to ORS 279B.060 (8)(b)(g).

The use of m ulti-step Proposals is a phased process that seeks necessary information, or un-priced technical Propos als, in phase one and in the second phase, invites Proposers who submitted technically qualified Proposals, to submit competitive sealed price Proposals on the technical Prop osals. The City m ust award the Contract to the Respons ible Proposer submitting the most Advantageous Proposal in accordance with the terms of the Solicitation Document applicable to the second phase.

- Public Notice. W henever the City uses multi-step sealed Proposals, the City shall give public notice for phase one in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300. Public notice is not required for phase two. However, the City shall give notice of the subsequent phases to all Proposers and inform any Proposers excluded from the subsequent phases of the right, if any, to protest exclusion pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.720.
- 2. Procedure for Phase One of Multi-S tep Sealed Proposals. The City must initiate a multi-step sealed Proposals procurement by issuing a Request for Proposal in the form and manner required for competitive sealed Proposals except as provided by this rule. In addition to the requirements set forth in PCC Section 5.33.215 210, the multi-step Request for Proposal must state:
 - **a.** that un-priced technical Proposals are requested;
 - b. that the Solicitation is a multi-step sealed Proposal Procurement, and that, in the second phase, priced Proposals will be accepted only from those Proposers whose un-priced technical Proposals are found qualified in phase one;
 - c. the criteria for the evaluation of un-priced technical Proposals; and
 - d. that the Goods or Services being procured shall be furnished generally in accordance with the Proposer's technical Proposal as found to be finally qualified and shall meet the requirements of the

Request for Proposals.

- 3. Addenda to the Request for Proposals. After receipt of un-priced technical Proposals, Addenda to the Request for Proposal shall be distributed only to Proposers who submitted un-priced technical Proposals.
- **4.** Receipt and Handling of Un-priced Technical Proposals. Un-priced technical Proposals need not be opened publicly.
- 5. Evaluation of Un-Priced Technical Proposals. The un-priced technical Proposals submitted by Proposers shall be evaluated solely in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Request for Proposals.
- 6. Discussion of Un-priced Techn ical Proposals. The City m ay seek clarification of a technical Propo sal of any Proposer who subm its a qualified, or potentially qualified, technical Proposal. During the course of such discussions, the City shall not di sclose any information derived from one un-priced technical Proposal to any other Proposer.
- 7. Methods of Contractor Selection for Phase One. In conducting phase one, the City may employ any combination of the methods of Contractor selection that call for the establishment of a Competitive Range or include discussions, negotiations or best and final Offers as set forth in this rule PCC Section 5.33.211.
- **8.** Procedure for Phase Two. On the completion of phase one, the City shall invite each qualified Proposer to submit price Proposals.
 - **a.** Phase two shall b e conducted as any other competitive sealed Procurement except as set forth in this rule.

5.33.215 Negotiations, Discussions within the Competitive Range for Multi-Tiered or Multi-step Proposals.

(Repealed by Ordinance No. 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

5.33.217 Multi-Step Sealed Proposals.

(Repealed by Ordinance No. 185065, effective January 1, 2012.)

5.33.220 Special Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547, 183445, 184403, 184404 and 185065, effe ctive January 1, 2012.)

A. The City m ay Award a Contract as a Special Procur rement pursuant to the requirements of this section, which perm its class Special Procurements. Such Procurements allow the City to enter into a series of Contracts over time pursuant

to the authorization provided in regard to the S pecial Procurement and without necessarily following the requirem ents of Com petitive Sealed Bidding, Competitive Sealed Proposals or Intermediate Procurements.

- **B.** For purposes of PCC Section 5.33.220 the following definitions are applicable:
 - 1. "Class Special Procurement" means a contracting procedure that differs from the procedures described in PCC Sections 5.33.180, 5.33.190, 5.33.200 and 5.33.210 and is for the purpose of entering into a series of contracts over time or for multiple projects.
 - 2. "Contract-Specific Special Procurement" means a contracting procedure that differs from the procedures described in PCC Sections 5.33.180, 5.33.190, 5.33.200 and 5.33.210 and is for the purpose of entering into a single Contract or a number of related Contracts on a one-time basis or for a single project.
 - **3.** "Special Procurement" means, unless the context requires otherwise, a class special Procurement, a contract-specific special Procurement or both.
- C. The City Council, acting as the L ocal Contract Review Board m ay approve a special procurement if it finds that the use of a special procurem ent or an alternative procedure prescribed by the Council:
 - 1. Is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the award of public contracts or to substantially diminish competition for public contracts; and
 - 2. Is reasonably excepted to result in substantial cost savings to the City or to the public; or
 - 3. Otherwise substantially promotes the public interest in a manner that could not practicably be realized by complying with the requirements that are applicable under ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.070 or under the City Rule found in PCC Chapter 5.33.
- **D.** The City Council declares the following as classes of Special Procurements:
 - 1. Manufacturer Direct Supplies: The City may purchase goods directly from a manufacturer if the cost from the manufacturer is the same or less than the cost the manufacturer charges to its distributor(s).

- 2. Advertisements: Except as provided by City Charter Section 8-101, the City may purchase advertising in newspapers and Written publications, web-based Internet sites and other electronic formats.
- 3. Copyrighted Materials: The C ity may purchase copyrighted m aterials where there is only one known supplier available for such goods. This includes, but is not lim ited to, new books, workbooks, periodicals, subscriptions, curriculum materials, reference materials, audio and visual media, and non-mass marketed software from a particular publisher or its designated distributor.
- 4. Financial Products: The City m ay directly purchase financial products such as bond insurance, surety bonds for City bond reserves and liquidity facilities such as letters of lines of credit. The C ity may pay fees associated with such transactions, including, but not limited to, registrar, paying agent, and escrow agent fees and fees associated with outstanding debt issues.
- be Awarded directly to a Contractor after the City obtains a consultant pursuant to PCC Chapter 5.68 to conduct a comp etitive process to acquire such contractors. Such contracts include administrators of e mployee Flexible Spending Account Adm inistration and Medical Claim s Third Party Administration. The City will hire a consultant to advise it on firm s available to provide the W ork and the consultant is authorized to solicit firms pursuant to a Request for Proposal process as well as assist the City in placing advertisem ents in speci fic publications likely to reach the attention of such contractors. The City m ay then negotiate or enter in to the Contract that appears m ost Advantageous to the City without further advertisement or issuance of its own Request for Proposals.
- Insurance Contracts: Contracts for insurance, including Employee Benefit insurance, may be Awarded dire ctly to an insurer after the City obtains Proposals from an insurance consultant. The consultant shall be selected pursuant to PCC Chapter 5.68. Among the servi ces to be provided by the consultant is the securing of competitive Proposals from insurance carriers for all coverages for which the insurance consultant is given responsibility and advice to the C ity about the costs and benefits of the various Proposals. The City m ay then nego tiate or enter into the insurance Contract that appears m ost Advantageous to the City witho ut advertisement or issuance of its own Request for Proposals.
- 7. Purchase of Used Personal Property or Equipment: The City may directly purchase used personal property and equipment. Used property and used equipment is property or equipment that has been placed in use by a

previous owner or user for a period of time, and which is recognized in the relevant trade or industry, if there is one, as qualifying the personal property or equipment as "used". Used personal property or equipment generally does not include property or equipment if the City was the previous user, whether under a lease, as part of a demonstration, trial or pilot project or similar arrangement.

- 8. Hazardous Material Removal and O il Clean-up. The City m ay directly purchase services to remove or clea n up hazardous m aterial or o il from any vendor when ordered to do so by the Oregon Departm ent of Environmental Quality pursuant to its authority under ORS Chapter 46 6. In doing so, the following conditions apply:
 - a. To the extent reasonable under the circum stances, encourage competition by attempting to obtain informal price quotations or Proposals from potential suppliers of Goods and Services;
 - b. The Bureau responsible for managing or coordinating the clean-up shall submit a Written description of the circumstances that require it and a copy of the DEQ order for the cleanup to the Procurem ent Services together with a requisition authorizing the Contract.
 - c. Procurement Services shall record whether there was time for competition, and, if so, the measures tak en to encourage competition, the amount of the price quotations obtained, if any, and the reason for selecting the Contractor to whom Award is made; and
 - **d.** The timeline for cleanup does not perm it the use of intermediate Procurement procedures.
- **9.** Amendments to Contracts and Price Agreem ents: The City may execute Contract amendments, as follows:
 - **a.** An original valid Contract exists between the parties;
 - b. Unit prices or "add alternates" were provided in the Solicitation Document that established the cost basis for the additional Work or product or in a lump sum Contract the Contractor has provided an estimate of the additional cost which has been verified by the Bureau seeking the amendment; and
 - **c.** The Solicitation Document provided for such amendments; or

- **d.** Emergency: The original C ontract was let pursuant to a declaration of Emergency, in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.130; or
- e. Unplanned Environmental Clean up: The a dditional Work is required by reason of existing regulations or ordinances of federal, state or local agencies, dealing with the prevention of environmental pollution and the preservation of natural resources, that affect perform ance of the original Contract and such regulations or ordinances either were not cited in the original Contract or were enacted or amended after submission of the successful Bid or Proposal.
- **10.** Renegotiations of Existing Contracts with Incumbent Contractors.
 - a. Authorization. The City m ay renegotiate and am end existing Contracts with incum bent Contractors only if it is in the best interest of the City and has the approval of the Chief Procurem ent Officer prior to negotiation.
 - b. Process and Criteria. The City may renegotiate various items of the Contract, including but not limited to: price, term, delivery and shipping, order size, item substitutions, warranties, discounts, online ordering systems, price adjustments, product availability, product quality, and reporting requirements. The City must meet the following conditions in its Renegotiations with incumbent Contractors:
 - (1) Favorable Result. The City m ust determine that, with all things considered, the renegotia ted Contract is at least as favorable to the City as the Original Contract and document this in the Procurement File. For example, the City and the Contractor may adjust term s and conditions within the Original Contract to meet different needs;
 - (2) Within the Scope. The Supplies and Services provided under the renegotiated Contract must be reasonably related to the Original Contract's Solicitation. For example, the City may accept functionally equivalent substitutes for any Supplies and Services in the Original Contract's Solicitation.
 - Optional Term or Condition. If a Contractor offered to the City during the original So licitation a term or condition

that was rejected at th at time, the City may not renegotiate for a lower price based on this rejected term or condition as a mandatory term or condition in the renegotiated Contract. If, however, a Contractor offers a lower price pursuant to a rejected term or condition w ithout additional consideration from the City and as only an option to the City, then the City may accept the option of a lower price under the rejected term or condition. For example, if the City initially rejected a Contractor's proposed condition that the price required a minimum order, any renegotiated Contract may not mandate this condition; but the City may agree to the option to order lesser amounts or receive a red uced price based upon a minimum order; and

- Market. In order to avoid **(4)** encouraging favoritism or diminishing competition, the City m ay research the accepted competitive practices and expectations of Offerors within the market for the specific Contract(s) or Classes of Contracts to be renegotiated (Market Norm). If the City researches the Market Norm, then the City must document its results in the Procurem ent File. Based upon this information, the City shall confirm that, if the City follows the Market Norm, favoritism is not likely to be encouraged, competition is not likely to be diminished, and substantial cost savings may be realized. Under no condition m ay the City accept or follow any Mark et Norm that likely encourages favoritism or diminishes competition, even if it is accepted or expected in the market.
- 11. Reverse Auctions, pursuant to the process established in 5.33.350.
- 12. Software and Hardware Maintenance, Licenses and Upgrades. The City may directly enter in to a Contract or renew existing Contracts for information technology hardware or software maintenance, licenses and upgrades without Competitiv e Solicitation where the m aintenance, upgrades and licenses are either available from only one source or, if available from more than one provide r, are obtained from the City's current provider in order to utilize the pre-existing knowledge of the vendor regarding the specifics of the City's hardware or software system. The City shall document in the Procurement File the facts that justify either that maintenance, license(s) and upgrades were available from only one source or, if from more than one source, from the current vendor.

- 13. Equipment Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul. The City may enter into a Contract for equipment maintenance, repair and/or overhaul without competitive bidding and without obtaining competitive quotations if the extent of repair services, parts, maintenance or overhaul is unknown and cost cannot be determined without preliminary dismantling or testing.
- 14. Price-regulated goods and services, util ities and utility related services. The City m ay directly purchase, without a competitive solicitation process, utility services, repair, e quipment and/or maintenance work, where the rate or price for such goods and services is established by federal, state, or local regulatory authority or when the services can be provided only by a specific utility.
- 15. Goods, Services or Equipment Required by a Federal Grant Agreements. The City may directly purchase, without a competitive solicitation process, goods, services or equipment when they are required to be purchased from a specific source or when a specific brand name is required and no competition is otherwise available.
- 16. Membership Dues. The City may directly purchase, without a competitive solicitation process, dues or m emberships in professional or community organizations for the benefit of the City.
- 17. US Postal Service. The City m ay directly purchase without a competitive solicitation process, permits and postage meters, pre-stamped postcards, establish on-going postage accounts, etc. from the US Postal Service.
- 18. Services related to Legal Advice. The City may directly purchase, without a competitive solicitation process, services related to the provision of legal advice to the City:
 - **a.** When a contractor, such as a c ourt reporter or copy service, has been selected by another person and the City must bear a portion of the cost in order to rec eive the benefit of the c ontractor's work, such as deposition transcripts or photocopies; or
 - b. When the contractor, including, but not lim ited to a m ediator, arbitrator, referee or court appointe d individual, is selected either by a court, or by joint agreem ent between the City and another person or persons, in an effort to resolve a claim or dispute that has been or will be asserted by or against the City, regardless of whether litigation has been filed.
- 19. Seminar, Training Registration and Conference Fees. The City m ay

- directly purchase, without a competitive solicitation process, seminar registrations and training session fe es for attend ance at sem inars, conferences and training courses hosted by outside entities.
- **20.** Event Sponsorship Agreements. The City may directly pay to sponsor an event, whether or not the City receives goods or services in return for its payment.
- 21. Stormwater Improvements. The C ity may enter into a Contract for stormwater improvements or waters hed restoration, or both, without obtaining competitive solicitations if all or a significant portion of the improvements or restoration that the City is funding will be performed
 - a. on private property; and
 - **b.** by the property owner or a contractor hired by the property owner.
- E. Notice. The City shall give public no tice of the City Council's approval of a n Individual or Class Sp ecial Procurement on its website as provided in PCC Section 5.33.300 A.3. The public notice shall describe the Goods or Services or class of Goods or Services to be acquired through the Special Procurement. The City shall give such public notice of the approval of a Special Procurement at least seven (7) Days before Award of the Contract. If the Special Procurement leads to a Solicitation Document, then the City will post a Notice of Intent to Award the contract pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.650.
- F. If the City plans to conduct a competitive special Procurement, it shall award the contract to the Offeror the City determines to be the most advantageous to the City and thereafter give notice of intent to Award to all prequalified Offerors who sought the Award of a Contract in the manner provided for competitive sealed Bids.

5.33.300 Public Notice of Solicitation for Contracts over \$150,000.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. Notice and Solicitation Fee. The City sha ll furnish public notice of every Solicitation Document in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300 B. The City may give additional notice using any method it determines appropriate to foster and promote competition, including:
 - 1. Mailing notice of the availability of Solicitation Document to Persons that have expressed an interest in the City's Solicitations; or

- 2. Placing Notice on the Oregon Department of Administrative Services' Electronic Procurement System known as "ORPIN" (Oregon Procurement Information Network) or a successor Electronic system; or
- **3.** Place Notice on the City's Internet Web site.
- **B.** Advertising. The City shall advertise every notice of a Solicitation Document as follows:
 - 1. The City shall publish the advertisement for Offers in accordance with the requirements of ORS 297.055(4)(a) and (b); or
 - 2. Because the City finds that it would be cost effective to Electronically post notice of Bids and Proposals, the City m ay publish the advertisement for Offers by Electronic Advertisem ent in accordance with the requirements established by PCC Section 5.33.340.
 - **3.** Content. All advertisements for Offers shall set forth:
 - **a.** Where, when how and for how long the Solicitation Docum ent may be obtained.
 - **b.** A general description of the Goods or Services to be acquired;
 - C. The interval between the f irst date of notice of the Solicitation Document given in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300 B. and Closing which shall not be less than fourteen (14) Days for an Invitation to Bid and 21 Days for a Request for Proposals, unless the City determines that shorter interval is in the public's interest, and that a shorter interval will not substantially affect competition. However, in no event shall the in terval between the first date of notice of the Solicitation Document given in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300 B. and Closing be less than seven (7) Days as set forth in PCC Section 5.33.200. The City shall document the specific reasons for the shorter public notice period in the Procurement file;
 - d. The date that Persons must file applications for Prequalification if Prequalification is a requirement and the class or classes of Goods or Services for which Persons must be prequalified;
 - **e.** The office where Contract term s, conditions and Specifications may be reviewed;

- The name and title of the person designated for the receipt of Bids and the person designated by the C ity as the contact person for the Procurement, if different;
- **g.** The scheduled Opening; and
- **h.** Any other information the City deems appropriate.
- C. Posting Advertisement for Offers. The City shall post a copy of each advertisement for Offers at Procurement Services. An Offeror may obtain a copy of the advertisement for Offers upon request.
- **D.** The City may charge a fee or require a deposit for the Solicitation Document.
- **E.** The City shall provide potential O fferors notice of any Addendum to a Solicitation Document in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.430.

5.33.310 Specifications and Brand Names.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** Specification content is in the sole discretion of the City of Portland.
- **B.** The City may consult with technical experts, suppliers, prospective Contractors and representative of the industries with which the City will Contract. The City shall take reasonable measure to ensure that no person who prep ares or assists in the preparation of Solic itation Documents, Specifications, plans or Scopes of Work (collectively, "documents"), and that no business with which the person is associated realizes a material competitive advantage in a Procurement that arises from the City's use of those documents.
- C. A "brand name or equal" Specification m ay be used when it is Advantageous to the City. The brand name edescribes the standard of quality, performance, functionality and other characteristics of the product needed by the City. The City's determination of what constitutes a product that is equal or superior to the product specified is final. Unless otherwise specified, the use of a brand name eshall mean "brand name or equal."
- **D.** A "brand name" Specification may be used requiring a C ontractor to provide a specific brand only if the Chief Procur ement Officer, or designee, makes a Written determination finding that the brand name will meet one or more of the following needs:

- 1. The use of a brand name Specification is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the Awarding of a Contract or substantially diminish competition for Contracts; or
- 2. The use of a brand nam e Specification would result in a substantia l cost savings to the City; or
- 3. There is only one m anufacturer or seller of the product of the quality, performance or functionality required; or
- **4.** Efficient utilization of existi ng goods requires the acquisition of compatible Goods or Services.
- **E.** The City's use of a brand name specification is subject to protest and review only as provided in PCC Section 5.33.730.

5.33.320 Bids or Proposals are Offers.

- A. Offer and Acceptance. A Bid, Proposal or Price Quotation is an Offer to enter into a Contract. The Offer is a "Firm Offer," i.e., the Offer shall be held open by the Offeror for the City's acceptance for the period specified in PCC Section 5.33.495. The City's Award of the Contract constitutes acceptance of the Offer and binds the Offeror to the Contract.
- **B.** Responsive Offer. The City may Award a Contract only to a Responsible Offeror with a Responsive Offer.
- C. Contingent Offers. Except to the extent an Offeror is authorized to propose certain terms and conditions pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.215 211 a Proposer shall not make its Offer contingent upon the City's acceptance of any terms or conditions (including Specifications) other than those contained in the S olicitation Document.
- **D.** Offeror's Acknowledgment. By signing a nd returning the O ffer, the Offeror acknowledges it has read and understands the term s and conditions contained in the Solicitation Document and that it accepts and agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Solicitation Document. If the Request for Proposals permits alternative terms under PCC Section 5.33.215, the Proposal includes the nonnegotiable terms and condition s and any proposed term s and conditions offered for negotiation upon and to the extent accepted by the City in Writing.

5.33.330 Facsimile Bids and Proposals.

- A. City Authorization. The Chief Procurem ent Officer may authorize Offerors to submit Facsimile Offers. If the City determines that a Bid or Proposal Security is or will be required, the City should not authorize Facsimile Offers unless the City has another method for receipt of such security. Prior to authorization, the City must determine whether the City's equipm ent and personnel are capable of receiving the size and volume of anticipated Offers within a short period of time and establish administrative procedures and controls:
 - 1. For receiving, identifying, recording, and safeguarding Facsim ile Offers, and
 - 2. To ensure timely delivery of Offers to the location of Opening; and
 - **3.** To preserve the "sealed" requirement of competitive Procurement.
- **B.** Provisions To Be Included in Solicitation Document. In a ddition to all other requirements, if the City authorizes a Facsimile Offer, the City will include in the Solicitation Document provisions substantially similar to the following:
 - 1. A "Facsimile Offer," as used in this Solicitation, m eans an Offer, modification of an Offer, or withdrawal of an Offer that is transmitted to and received by the City via a Facsimile machine.
 - 2. Offerors may submit Facsimile Offers in response to the Solicitation. The entire response must arrive at the place and by the time specified in this Solicitation Document.
 - **3.** That Offerors must Sign their Facsimile Offers.
 - 4. The City reserves the right to Award the Contract solely on the Facsim ile Offer. However, upon the City's request the apparently successful Offer or shall promptly submit its complete original Signed Offer.
 - 5. The data and compatibility characteristics of the City's receiving Facsimile machine as follows:
 - **a.** Telephone number;
 - **b.** Compatibility characteristics, e.g., make and m odel number, receiving speed and communications protocol.

- 6. The City is not responsible for any fa ilure attributable to the transmission or receipt of the Fac simile Offer including, but not lim ited to the following:
 - **a.** Receipt of garbled or incomplete documents.
 - **b.** Availability or condition of the receiving Facsimile machine.
 - **c.** Incompatibility between the sending and rec eiving Facsimile machine.
 - **d.** Delay in transmission or receipt of documents.
 - **e.** Failure of the Offeror to properly identify the Offer documents.
 - **f.** Illegibility of Offer documents.
 - **g.** Security and confidentiality of data.

5.33.340 Electronic Procurement.

- A. The City may conduct all phases of a Procurement, including without limitation the posting of Electronic Advertisements and the receipt of Electronic Offers, by Electronic methods if and to the extent the City specifies in a Solicitation Document, a request for quotes, or any other Written instructions on how to participate in the Procurement.
- **B.** The City shall open an Electronic Offer in accordance with Electronic security measures in effect at the City at the time of its receipt of the Electronic Offer. Unless the City provides procedures for the secure receipt of Electronic Offers, the Person submitting the Electronic Offer assumes the risk of premature disclosure due to submission in unsealed form.
- C. The City's use of Electronic Signatures shall be consistent with applicable statutes and rules. The Chief Procurement Officer may limit the use of Electronic methods of conducting a Procurement as Advantageous to the City.
- **D.** If the City determ ines that Bid or Pr oposal Security is o r will be required, the Chief Procurement Officer will not authorize Electronic Offers unless the City has another method for receipt of such security.
- **E.** Rules Governing Electronic Procurements. The City shall conduct all portions of an Electronic Procurement in accordance with these rules, unless o therwise set forth in this rule.

- F. Preliminary Matters. As a condition of participation in an Electronic Procurement the Chief Procurement Officer may require potential Contractors to register with the City before the date and time on which the City will first accept Offers, to agree to the terms, conditions, or other requirements of a Solicitation Document, or to agree to term s and conditions governing the Procurem ent, such as procedures that the City may use to attribute, authenticate or verify the accuracy of an Electronic Offer, or the actions that constitute an Electronic Signature.
- G. Offer Process. The Chief Procurem ent Officer may specify that Pers ons must submit an Electronic Offer by a particular date and time, or that P ersons may submit multiple Electronic Offers during a pe riod of time estab lished in the Electronic Advertisement. When the Chief Procurement Officer specifies that Persons may submit multiple Electronic Offers during a specified period of time, the City must designate a time and date on which Persons m ay begin to submit Electronic Offers, and a time and date after which Persons may no longer submit Electronic Offers. The date and time after which Persons may no longer submit Electronic Offers need not be specified by a particular date and time, but may be specified by a description of the conditions that, when they occur, will establish the date and time after which Persons may no longer submit Electronic Offers. When the City will accept E lectronic Offers for a p eriod of time, then at the designated date and time that the City will first receive Electronic Offers, the City must begin to accept "real tim e" Electronic Offers on the City's' Electronic Procurement System, and shall continue to accept Electronic Offers in accordance with Section 5.33.340 H.2 until the date and time specified by the City, after which the City will no longer accept Electronic Offers.
- **H.** Receipt of Electronic Offers.
 - 1. When the City conducts an Electronic Procurement that provides that all Electronic Offers must be submitted by a particular date and time, the City shall receive the Electronic Offers in accordance with these rules.
 - 2. When the City specifies that Persons may submit multiple Offers during a period of time, the City shall accept Electronic Offers, and Persons m ay submit Electronic Offers, in accordance with the following:
 - a. Following receipt of the first El ectronic Offer after the Day and time the City first receives Electronic Offers the City shall post on the City's Electronic Procurement System, and updated on a real time basis, the lowest Electronic Offer price or the highest ranking Electronic Offer. At any time before the date and time after which the City will no longer receive Electronic Offers, a Person may

- revise its Electronic Offer, except that a Person may not lower its price unless that price is below the then lowest Electronic Offer.
- **b.** A Person may not increase the price set forth in an Electronic Offer after the Day and time that the City first accepts Electronic Offers.
- c. A Person may withdraw an El ectronic Offer only in compliance with these rules. If a Person withdraws an Electronic Offer, it may not later submit an Electronic Offer at a price higher than that set forth in the withdrawn Electronic Offer.
- I. Failure of the E-Procur ement System. In the event of a failure of the City's Electronic Procurement System that in terferes with the ability of Persons to submit Electronic Offers, protest or to ot herwise participate in the Procurement, the City may cancel the Procurement in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.660, or may extend the date and time for receipt of Electronic Offers by providing notice of the extension immediately after the Electronic Procurement System becomes available.

5.33.350 Reverse Auctions.

- A. Conditions for use. When the City dete rmines that online Solicitation is an Advantageous Procurement method, a Co ntract may be entered into by competitive online Bid ding, subject to the provisions of Competitive Sealed Bidding or Competitive Sealed Proposals.
 - Offer process. The Solicitation m ust designate both an Opening date and time and a Closing date and time. The Closing date and time need not be a fixed point in tim e, but may rem ain dependant on a varia ble specified in the Solicitation. At the Opening date and tim e, the City m ust begin accepting real time Electronic Offers. The Solicitation must remain open until the Closing date and time. The City may require Offerors to register before the Opening date and time and, as a part of that registration, to agree to the terms, conditions, or other requirements of the Solicitation. F ollowing receipt of the first Offer after the Opening date and time, the lowest Offer price or, if Proposa Is are accepted, the ranking of each Propo ser, must be posted Electronically to the Internet and updated on a real time basis. At any time before the Closing date and time, an Offeror may lower the price of its Offer or revise its Proposal except that after Opening date and tim e, an Offeror m ay not lower its p rice unless that price is below the then lowest Off er. Offer prices may not be increa sed after Opening. Except for Offer prices, Offers m ay be modified only as otherwise allowed by these rules or the Solic itation Document. An Offer may be withdrawn only in compliance with these rules. If an Offer is withdrawn, no later Offer submitted by the same Offeror may be for a higher pr ice. If the lowest Responsive Offer is withdrawn after the Closing date and time, the City may cancel the Solicitation or

reopen the Solicitation to all pr e-existing Offerors by giving notice to all preexisting Offerors of both the new Opening date and time and the new Closing date and time. Notice that E lectronic Solicitation will be reopened must be given as specified in the Solicitation Document.

C. Failure of the Electronic Procurem ent System. In the eve nt of a failure of the Electronic Procurement System that interferes with the a bility of Offerors to submit Offers, protest, or to otherwise meet the requirements of the Procurement, the City may cancel the Solicitation or may extend the Solicitation by providing notice of the extension immediately after the System becomes available.

5.33.360 Contract Conditions

Every Contract shall cont ain the conditions required by ORS 279B.220, 225, 230 and 235

5.33.400 Offer Preparation.

- A. Instructions. An Offeror shall subm it and Sign its Offer in accordance with the Solicitation Document. Unless otherwise instructed, or unless Electronic Offers are permitted, signatures shall be in ink. An Offeror shall initial and su bmit any correction or erasure to its Offer prior to the Opening in accordance with the requirements for submitting an Offer under the Solicitation Document.
- **B.** Forms. An Of feror shall subm it its Offer on the form (s) provided in the Solicitation Document, unless a n Offeror is otherwise instructed in the Solicitation Document.
- C. Documents. An Offeror shall provide the City with all documents and Descriptive Literature required under the Solicitation Document. If the Solicitation Document instructs Offerors not to include documents or literature, such as warranty provisions, the City is entitled to disregard those documents in determining whether the Offer is responsive to the City's request.
- **D.** Electronic Submissions. If the Solicitation Document permitted Electronic Offers under PCC Section 5.33.340 an Offeror m ay submit its Offer Electronically. The City shall not consider Electronic Offers unless authorized by the Solicitation Document.

5.33.410 Bid or Proposal Security.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. Offer Security, not to exceed 10 percent of the Offer, is not required for Contracts other than Public Improvement Contracts unless the Chief Procurem ent Officer

determines otherwise. If required, the purpose of Offer Security is to guarantee acceptance of the Award of the Contract. The is requirement shall be stated in the Solicitation Document.

- **B.** The Chief Procurem ent Officer m ay require Offer Security from any Offeror, even if the City has exempted a class of Solicitations from Offer Security.
- C. The Offer Security shall be forfeited if the Offeror fails to execute the Contract promptly and properly after the City has Awarded the Contract, unless the Chief Procurement Officer determines forfeiture is not in the City's best interest.
- **D.** The City shall not use Offer Security to discourage competition.
- E. Return of Offer Security. The Offer Security of all unsuccessful Offerors shall be returned or released after a Contract has been executed and evidence of insurance and a performance bond provided (if insu rance or performance bond is required by the Solicitation Docum ent), or after a ll Offers have been rejected. The City may return the Offer Security of unsuccessful Offerors after Opening, but prior to Award, if the return does not prejudice Contract Award and provided that the security of at least the two lowest Bidders, or the two highest scoring Proposers, is retained pending the Award and execution of a Contract.
- **F.** Form of Bid or Proposal security. The City may accept only the following forms of Bid or Proposal security:
 - 1. A surety bond, signed by the surety's au thorized Attorney in Fact, that is authorized to do business in the State of Oregon and is duly listed in the United States Tre asury list as published in the Federal R egister, or is otherwise approved by the City Attorney. The surety company's seal shall be affixed to the bond and a Power of Attorney for the Attorney in Fact shall be su bmitted. The City Attorney has the author ity to waive the requirement of corporate seal; or
 - 2. A signed ir revocable letter of credit issued by an insur ed institution as defined in ORS 706.008(12); or
 - **3.** Cashier's check or Offeror's certified check; or
 - 4. An annual surety bond filed with the City (except for Public Improvement Contracts) that meets all the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.410 F.1. above.

5.33.420 Pre-Offer Conferences.

- **A.** Purpose. The City m ay hold pre-Offer conferences with prospective Offerors prior to Closing, to explain the Solicitation requirements, obtain information, or to conduct site inspections.
- **B.** Required Attendance. The City m ay require attendance at the pre-Offer conference as a condition for making an Offer. A prospective Offeror who fails to attend a mandatory conference is not eligible to make an Offer. If an Offer is made it will be rejected as nonresponsive.
- C. Scheduled Time. If the City holds a pre-Offer conference, it shall be held within a reasonable time after the Solicitation Document has been is sued, but sufficiently before the Closing to allow Of ferors to consider information provided at that conference.
- **D.** Statements Not Bindin g. Statements made by a City repr esentative at the pre-Offer conference or elsewhere about the proposed Contract or Solicitation Document do not change the Solicitation Document unless Procurement Services confirms such statements with a Written Addendum to the Solicitation Document.
- **E.** City Announcement. The City must set forth notice of any pre-Offer conference in the Solicitation Document in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300.

5.33.430 Addenda to Solicitation Document

- A. Issuance; Receipt. A Solicitation Document may be changed only by a W ritten Addendum. An Offeror shall prov ide Written acknowledgment of receipt of all issued Addenda with its Offer, unless the City otherwise specifies in the Addenda or Solicitation Document. If an Offeror submits an Offer and the Solicitation Document states that the Offeror is bound by all Addenda published in accordance with these rules, then the Offeror shall be bound to the term sountained in all Addenda so issued.
- **B.** Notice and Distribution. The City shall notify prospective Offerors of Addenda consistent with the s tandards of Notice set forth in PCC Section 5.33.300. The Solicitation Document shall specify how the City will provide notice of Addenda and how the City will m ake the Addenda available. For example, the City m ay state: "City will not m ail notice of Addenda, but will publish notice of any Addenda on City's Web site. Addenda m ay be downloaded off the City's Web site. Offerors should frequently check the City's Web site until Closing, i.e., at least once weekly until the week of Closing and at least once daily during the week of the Closing."

- **C.** Timelines; Extensions.
 - 1. The City shall issu e Addenda within a re asonable time to allow prospective Offerors to consider the information contained in the Addenda in preparing their Offers. The City s hould extend the Closing if the Chief Procurement Officer determines prospective Offerors need additional time to review and respond to Addenda. Ex cept to the extent that the Chief Procurement Officer determines that the public interest requires it, the City shall not issue an Addendum less than 72 hours before the Closing unless the Addendum also extends the Closing. For purposes of computing this time, the Addendum shall be deemed issued to occur when it is first posted on the City's we b site or up on mailing, whichever is applicable. If both occur, the notification is complete when the first of these two events occur.
 - Notwithstanding PCC Section 5.33.430 C.1., an A ddendum that modifies 2. the evaluation criteria, selection process or procedure for any tier of competition under a multi-step sealed Bid or a multi-tiered or multi-step sealed Proposal issued in acco rdance with PCC Sections 5.33.205 and 5.33.210 through 5.33.217 211 must be issued no fewer than five (5) Days before the beginning of that tier or step of competition, u nless the City determines that a shorter period is sufficient to allow Of ferors to prepare for that tier or step of competition. The City shall document the factors it considered in making that determination, which may include, without to the Solicitation Docum ent, the limitation, the Scope of the changes location of the rem aining eligible Proposers, or whether shortening the period between issuing an Addendum and the beginning of the next tier or step of competition favors or disfavors any particular Proposer or Proposers.
- **D.** Request for Change or Protest. U nless a different deadline is set forth in the Addendum, an Offeror must submit a Written request for change or protest to the Addendum, as provided in PCC Section 5.33.730, by the close of the City's next business Day after issuance of the Addendum. The City shall consider only an Offeror's request for change or protest to the Addendum; the City shall not consider a request for change or protest to matters not added or modified by the Addendum. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph, the City is not required to provide a protest to provide a protest to matter a multi-tier or multi-step Procurement process conducted pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.200 or 5.33.210.

5.33.440 Request for Clarification or Change.

- A. Time for submission of request for change. Unless o therwise provided in the Solicitation Document, an Offeror shall deliver any request for change of the Solicitation Document, Specifications or Contract provisions to the City in Writing within seven (7) Days prior to Bid or Proposal C losing. Requests for change in regard to Addenda shall be submitted in accordance within the time permitted by PCC Section 5.33.430 D.
- **B.** Any request for change shall include a detailed statement of the legal and factual reasons for the request for change; any proposed changes to Specifications or Contract provisions; and a de scription of any prejudice to the Offeror; and, a statement of the form of relief requested. No request for change of the content of the Solicitation Document, Specifications or Contract provisions shall be considered after the deadline established for submitting such request. The City shall notify the Offeror if the City entirely rejects the request. If the City agrees with the request, in whole or in part, the City shall either issue an Addendum reflecting the change or cancel the Solicitation.
- C. Extension of Closing date. If any re quest for change is timely received in accordance with these rules the Closing may be extended by the Chief Procurement Officer if it is determined that an extension is necessary to allow consideration of the request or issuance of any A ddendum to the Solicitation Document.
- **D.** Identification of request for change. Envelopes containing requests for change or protests of the Solicitation Document, Specifications or Contract provisions shall be marked with the following information:
 - 1. Solicitation Specification or Contract Provision Request for Change; and
 - 2. Solicitation Document Number or Other Identification.
- E. A Proposer m ay request a change to negotiation if the Solicitation Docum ent permits negotiation. In this circumstance, the request for change procedure shall be governed by the Solicitation Document and PCC Section 5.33.215 C .211 H.
- F. Clarification. Prior to the deadline for submitting a request for change, an Offeror may request in W riting that the City clarify any provision of the So licitation Document or Contract. The City's clarification, whether oral or in W riting, does not change the Solicitation Document or Contract and is not binding on the City unless the City am ends the Solic itation Document or Contract by Written Addendum.

5.33.450 Offeror Submission.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. Product Samples and Descriptive Litera ture. Product Samples or D escriptive Literature may be required if it is necessary or desirable to evaluate the quality, features or characteristics of the offere ditems. The City will dispose of Product Samples, return, or make available for return, Product Samples to the Offeror in accordance with the Solicitation Document.

B. Identification of Offers.

- 1. To ensure proper identification and handling, Offers shall be submitted in a sealed envelope appropriately marked or in the envelope provided by the City, whichever is applicable. If the City permits Electronic Offers in the Solicitation Document, the Offeror may submit and identify Electronic Offers in accordance with the Solicitation Document.
- 2. The City is not responsible for Offers submitted in any manner, format or to any delivery point other than as required in the Solicitation Document.
- 3. Receipt of Offers. The Offeror is responsible for ensuring the City receives its Offer at Procurement Services prior to the stated Closing time for Offers, regardless of the method used to submit or transmit the Offer. Offers not so received are late as provided in PCC Section 5.33.480 and shall be returned unopened. If a late—Offer is opened inadvertently, the procedure provided by PCC Section 5.33.480 shall apply except the submission shall be returned to the Offeror.

5.33.460 Pre-Closing Modification or Withdrawal of Offers.

- A. Modifications. An Offeror may modify its Offer in Writing prior to the Closing. Unless otherwise provided in the Solicitation Document, any modifications shall be prepared on the Offeror's letterhead, signed by an Author ized Representative of the Offeror, state that the new document supersedes or modifies the prior Offer and be submitted in a sealed envelope, appropriately marked. The City may accept modifications Electronically only if it has authorized Electronic submittal of the Offer in the Solicitation document. The Offeror shall mark the submitted modification as follows:
 - 1. Offer Modification; and
 - 2. Solicitation Number or other identification as specified in the Solicitation Document.

B. Withdrawals:

- 1. An Offeror may withdraw its Offer by Written notice submitted on the Offeror's letterhead, Signed by an Au thorized Representative of the Offeror, delivered to the location specified in the Solicitation Document or to Procurement Services if no location is specified, and received by the specific location or to Procurement Services, as appropriate, prior to the time and date set for Closing.
- 2. The Offeror or Authorized Representative of the Offeror may withdraw its Offer in person prior to the Closing, upon presentation of appropriate identification and satis factory evidence of authority. Because of the chance for error or misidentification, the City reserves the right to reject a purported withdrawal if in the judgment of the City, sufficient identification is not provided.
- 3. The City may release an unopened Offer withdrawn under PCC Section 5.33.460 B.1. to the Offeror or its Au thorized Representative, after voiding any date and time stamp mark or otherwise by appropriately marking the envelope in which the Offer was received.
- **4.** The Offeror shall m ark the W ritten request to withdraw an Off er as follows:
 - **a.** Offer Withdrawal; and
 - **b.** Solicitation Number or other id entification as specified in the Solicitation Document.
 - c. Documentation. The City shall in clude all documents relating to the modification or withdrawal of Offers in the appropriate Solicitation file.

5.33.470 Receipt, Opening, and Recording of Offers.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. Receipt. Procurement Services shall Electronically or mechanically time-stamp or hand-mark each Offer and an y modification upon receip t. The Offer or modification shall not be opened, but shal 1 be stored in a secure place until Opening. If an Offer or modification is inadvertently opened prior to the Opening, the City shall reseal and store the opened Offer or modification for Opening. That action shall be documented and placed in the appropriate Solicitation file. (E.g., "City inadvertently opened the Offer due to improper identification of the Offer.")

- **B.** Opening and recording. Offers sha ll be opened publicly, including any modifications made to the Offer pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.460.
 - 1. In the case of Invitations to Bid, to the extent practicable, the name of each Bidder shall be read aloud as well as the Bid price(s), and such other information as the City considers appropriate.
 - 2. In the case of Requests for Propos als, the City will not read Proposals aloud, but will only disclose the name of each Proposer.
- C. Availability. After Opening, Offers will be available for public inspection except for those portions of an Offer that the Offeror designates as trade secrets or as confidential proprietary data in accordance with applicable law. See ORS 192.501(2); ORS 646.461 to 646.475.
 - 1. To the extent such designation is not in accordance with applicable law, the City shall make those portions available for public inspection. The Offeror shall separate information designated as confidential from other non-confidential information at the time of submitting its Offer.
 - 2. Prices, makes, model or catalog numbers of items offered, scheduled delivery dates, and terms of payment are not confidential, and shall be publicly available regardless of an Offeror's designation to the contrary. The Chief Procurement Officer may determine the appropriate charge to be paid for copies made pursuant to public records requests and may request payment for such copies before they are released.
 - 3. Notwithstanding anything contrary above, the City is not required to disclose the contents of Proposals until after the City posts a Notice of Intend to Award pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.650.

5.33.480 Late Offers, Late Withdrawals and Late Modifications.

- **A.** Any Offer received after Closing is late. An Offeror's requ est for withdrawal or modification of an Offer received after Closing is late. The City shall not consider late Offers, withdrawals or modifications
- **B.** For manual submissions of Offers, Procurement Services' time clock shall be the clock of record and the date and time imprint of that clock on an Offer shall determine the timeliness of the submission. Late manual submissions shall be returned to the Offeror unopened with a copy of the envelope containing the Bureau's time stamp on the Offer retained for the Solicitation file

- C. For Electronic submissions, when permitted, the time shown by the City as to the date of arrival of the Electronic submission shall determine the timeliness of the submission. Late Electronic subm issions shall be deleted from the City's files, returned Electronically to the Offeror and the time of the submission and the time of return shall be documented in the Solicitation file.
- **D.** For Facsimile submissions, when permitted, the time recorded at the top of the last page of the submission shall determine the timeliness of the submission. Late Facsimile transmissions shall be returned to the Offeror after keeping a copy of the last page of the transmission for the Solicitation file.
- **E.** Failure to properly return or dispose of a late submission does not mean an Offer or submission arrived on time.

5.33.490 Mistakes.

- **A.** General. To protect the integrity of the competitive Solicitation process and to assure fair treatment of Offerors, the C ity should carefully consider whether to permit a waiver, correction or withdrawal of an Offer for certain mistakes.
- **B.** Treatment of Mistakes. Errors in judgment do not permit an Offeror to correct or withdraw an Offer. Mistakes that constitute a minor informality may be waived or corrected. Mistak es that constitute clerical errors may be corrected or withdrawn in the City's discretion pursuant to this rule.
- C. City notification. If the City believes the Offer contains a m istake the City shall notify the Offeror, note the apparent m istake and request that the Offeror verify the Offer in writing, or by electronic tran smission within one business day after notification.
- **D.** Failure of Offeror to Respond. If the Offeror fails to respond within one business day after notification of the apparent mistake, the City shall consider the Offer as submitted unless the amount of the Offer is so far out of line with the amounts of other bids received, or with the amount estimated by the City, or there are o ther indications of error so clear, as to reasonably justify the conclusion or that acceptance of the Offer responded be unfair to the Offeror or to other bona fide Offerors, in which case the City shall be entitled to reject the Offer. The City may extend the time for response for good cause shown.
- E. Verification. If the Offeror verifies its Offer, the City must consider the Offer as originally submitted. However, in fairness to other Offerors, verification does not preclude the City from rejecting the Offer if it is clear that a m istake has been made and the City determines the intended Offer is not evident.

- F. Minor Informality. If the Offeror verifies its Offer, and the City sees no reason for rejection, the City may waive or permit the Offeror to correct a mistake that constitutes a minor informality. A minor informality is a matter of form, rather than substance, that is evident on the face of the Offer and which can be corrected or waived without prejudice to the public or other Offerors. Examples of a minor informality include a failure to:
 - 1. Return the correct number of Signed Offers or the correct number of other documents required by the Solicitation Document;
 - 2. Sign the Offer in the designated block, provided, however, that a Signature appears elsewhere in the Offer that evidences the Offeror's intent to be bound; or
 - 3. Acknowledge receipt of an Addendu m to the Solicitation Docum ent, provided it is clear on the face of t he Offer that the Offeror received the Addendum and intended to be bound by its terms.
- G. Clerical Mistakes. If the Offeror does not verify its Offer, but contends a clerical mistake caused a different Offer than intended to be submitted, or verifies the Offer but contends a clerical mistake should be corrected within a portion of the Offer, the City may in its discretion permit correction if the conditions of this section are met.
 - 1. Only clerical m istakes can be corrected. A clerical m istake is not a mistake of judgment. Examples of clerical mistakes include typographical mistakes, errors in extending unit prices, transposition errors, arithmetical errors, misplacement of a decimal point, and instances in which the intended correct price is evident by simple arithmetic calculations.
 - 2. If correction of the Offer would result in displacement of one or more lower Offers submitted by other Of ferors, the correction is permitted if, and only if, both the existence of the mistake and the Offer actually intended are ascertainable from the Solicitation Document and the Offer itself
 - 3. If correction of the Offer would not re sult in the displacement of one or more lower Offers submitted by other Of ferors, correction may be permitted if the Offeror provid es the City with clear and convincing supporting evidence of the mistake and intended Offer within two business days after the City's initial notification of the mistake. The City may extend the time for response for good cause shown.

- a. Supporting evidence shall include all pertinent evidence, such as the Offeror's file copy of its Offer, the original worksheets and other data used in preparing the Offer, subcontractors' quotations, if any, and any other evidence that establishes the existence of a clerical mistake, the manner in which it occurred and the Offer actually intended.
- b. The closer the corrected Offer is to the next lowest Offer the greater the need f or the City to be sure that t it has cle ar and convincing evidence that perm its a correction to ensure the integrity of the competitive process.

5.33.495 Time for City Acceptance.

- A. An Offeror's Offer is a Firm Offer, irrevocable, valid and binding on the Offeror for not less than 30 Days from Closing unless otherwise specified in the Solicitation Document. After 30 Days the Offer shall lapse unless extended. The extension may occur after the expiration of the 30-Day period.
- **B.** An Offer may be extended beyond 30 Days if the Offeror and the City so agree. If agreement is reached the time period for extension shall be reduced to Writing and the Offer will rem ain valid, irrevocable and binding on the Offeror for the agreed-upon extension period.

5.33.500 Responsibility of Offerors.

- **A.** Contracts shall be Awarded only to Re sponsible Offerors. Pursuant to ORS 279B.110, the City shall consider whether the Offeror has:
 - 1. Available the appropriate f inancial, material, equipment, facility and personnel resources and expertise, necessary to indicate the capability of the prospective Offeror to meet all Contractual responsibilities;
 - 2. Has completed previous contracts of a similar nature with a satisf actory record of performance. A "satisfactory record of performance" means that to the extent the costs associated with and time available to perform a previous contract were within the Offer's control, the Offeror stayed within the time and budget allotted for the Procurement and otherwise performed the contract in a satisfactory manner. The City should carefully scrutinize an Offeror's records of contract performance if the Offeror is or recently has been materially deficient in contract performance. In reviewing the Offeror's performance, the City should determ ine whether

the Offeror's deficient perform ance was expressly excused under the terms of the contract, or whether the Offeror took appropriate corrective action. The City may review the Offeror's performance on both private and public contracts in determining the Offeror's record of contract performance. The City shall document the record of performance of a prospective Offeror if the City finds the prospective Offeror non-Responsible under this paragraph;

- 3. A satisfactory record of integrity. An Of feror may lack integrity if the City determines the Offeror demonstrates a lack of business ethics such as violation of state environm ental laws or false certifications made to the City. The City m ay find an Offer or non-Responsible based on lack of integrity of any Person having influence or control over the Offeror (such as key employees of the Offeror ha s the authority to significantly influence the Offeror's perform ance of the Contractor or a parent company, predecessor or successor Person.) The standards for Debarment under ORS 279B.130 m ay be used to dete rmine an Offeror's integrity. The City m ay find a n Offeror non-Responsible based on previous convictions of offenses related to obtaining or attem pting to obtain a contract or subcontractor or in connection with the Offeror's performance of a contract or subcontract. Th e City shall docum ent the record of integrity of a prospective Offeror if the City finds the prospective Offeror non-Responsible under this paragraph;
- 4. Qualified legally to Contract with the City. Procurement Services may determine that such an Offeror is not legally qualified if:
 - **a.** The Offeror does not have a business license <u>tax account</u> with the City; or
 - b. The Offeror failed to make payments required by Title 7 of the City Code and has failed to make appropriate payment arrangements with the Bureau of Licenses Revenue Bureau within seven (7) Days of the receipt of a Bid or Proposal, unless the City waives that requirement and decides to pursue collection through retention of Contract funds, or through other means.
- 5. Supplied all necessary information in connection with the inquiry concerning responsibility. If a prospective O fferor fails to promptly supply information requested by the City concerning responsibility, the City shall base the determ ination of responsibility upon any available information or may find the prospective Offeror non-Responsible;
- 6. Not been debarred by the City under ORS 279B.130, PCC Section 5.33.530 or 5.33.540.

- **B.** In the event the City determ ines an Offeror is not Responsible it shall prepare a Written determination of non-responsibility as required by ORS 279B.110.
- C. Form of Business Entity. For purposes of this rule, the Ceity may investigate any Person submitting an Offer. The investigation may include that Person's officers, directors, owners, affiliates, or any other Per son acquiring ownership of the Person to determine application of this rule or to apply the Debarment provisions of ORS 279B.130.

5.33.505 Qualified Products Lists.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** City Bureaus may develop and mainta in a qualified products list when it is necessary or desirable to test or exam ine goods before initiating a Procurem ent. "Goods" includes products that have associated or incidental service components, such as supplier warranty obligations or maintenance service programs.
- **B.** When any Bureau begins the initial de velopment of a qualified products list, the Chief Procurement Officer shall give public notice in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.300 of the opportunity for potential Contractors, sellers or suppliers to submit goods for testing and exam ination to determine their acceptability for inclusion on the list.
 - 1. The Chief Procurement Officer may also solicit in Writing representative groups of potential Contractors, sellers or suppliers to submit goods for the testing and examination.
 - **2.** Any potential Contractor, seller, or supplier, even though not solicited, may offer its goods for consideration.
- C. The determination of whether a particular good satisfies the Bureau's needs is entirely within the Bureau's sole discretion.

5.33.510 Prequalification of Prospective Offerors; Pre-Negotiation of Contract Terms and Conditions.

- **A.** The City may Prequalify prospective Offerors as follows:
 - 1. The Chief Procurement Officer shall determine the types of forms, the method of submitting applications and the information required to be a prequalified Offeror for Goods or Services.

- **2.** Prospective Offerors shall submit the application on the for m required by the Chief Procurement Officer.
- 3. Upon receipt of the application, the C ity shall investigate the prospective Offeror as necessary to determ ine whether the Prequalification should be granted.
- 4. If an early Prequalification decision is requested, the City shall make that decision in less than 30 Days, if practicable.
- The Chief Procurement Officer shall notify prospective Offerors whether or not they have been prequalified. If a pros pective Offeror is no t prequalified, the Chief Procurem ent Officer shall spec ify which of the standards of responsibility listed in PCC Section 5.33.500 the prospective Offeror failed to meet.
- **B.** If the City determines that a prequalified Offeror is no longer qualified the Chief Procurement Officer may revoke or revi se the Prequalification upon reasonable notice, except that a revocation or revision is invalid as to any Contract for which an advertisement for Bids or Proposals has already been issued.
- C. Notwithstanding the prohibition against revocation of Prequalification generally in ORS 279B.120(3), the City m ay determine that a prequalified Offeror is not Responsible for any given Contract prior to Contract Award.
- D. The City may pre-negotiate som e of all Contract terms and conditions including prospective Proposer Contract forms such as license agreements, maintenance and support agreements, or similar documents for use in future Procurem ents. Such pre-negotiation of Contract terms and conditions (including prospective Proposer forms) may be part of the prequalification process of a Proposer in Subsection A. or the pre-negotiation may be a separate process and not part of a prequalification process. Unless required as part of the prequalification process, the failure of the City and the prospective Proposer to reach agreement on pre-negotiated Contract terms and conditions does not prohibit the prospective Proposer from responding to Procurements. The City may agree to different pre-negotiated Contract terms and conditions with different prospective e Proposers. When the City has pre-negotiated different terms and conditions with Proposers or when perm itted, Proposers offer different terms and conditions, the City may consider the terms and conditions in the Proposal evaluation process.

5.33.530 Debarment of Prospective Offerors.

- **A.** The City may Debar prospective Offero rs pursuant to ORS 279B.130 and this rule.
- **B.** The City may debar a prospective Offe ror from consideration for City Contracts for a period up to three (3) years if:
 - 1. The Offeror has been convicted of a crim inal offense as an incident in obtaining or attempting to obtain a public or private Contract or Subcontract or in the performance of such Contractor or Subcontract;
 - 2. The Offeror has been convicted under state or federal statutes of embezzlement, theft, forgery, b ribery, falsification or d estruction of records, receiving stolen property or any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty that currently, seriously and directly affects the Offeror's responsibility as a Contractor;
 - 3. The Offeror has been convicted under state or federal antitrust statutes;
 - 4. The Offeror has comm itted a violation of a Contract provision that is regarded by the City or the Construction Contractors Board to be so serious to justify disqualification. A violation may include, but is not limited to, a failure to perform the terms of a Contract or an unsatisfactory performance in accordance with the terms of the Contract. However, a failure to perform or an unsatisfactory performance caused by acts beyond the control of the Contractor may not be considered to be a basis for debarment; or
 - 5. The Offeror does not carry workers' compensation or unemployment insurance as required by Oregon Law.
- **C.** The City may debar a prospective Offeror as follows:
 - 1. Issue a Written decision that states the reasons for the action taken and informs the Offeror of the a ppeal rights under ORS 279B.435 and PCC Section 5.33.760; and
 - **2.** Mail or imm ediately furnish a copy of the decision to the debarred Offeror.
- **D.** Notwithstanding the limitation on the term for Debarment in ORS 279B.130(1)(b) and this rule, the City may determine that a previously Debarred Bidder or Proposer is not Responsible for a given Contract prior to Contract Award.

- E. Imputed Knowledge. The City may attribute improper conduct of a Person or its affiliate having a Contract with a prospective Offeror to the prospec tive Offeror for purposes of debarment where the impropriety occurred in connection with the Person's duty for or on behalf of, or with the knowledge, approval, or acquiescence of, the prospective Offeror.
- F. Limited participation. The City may allow a Debarred Person to participate in solicitations and Contracts on limited basis during the Debarment period upon Written determination that p articipation is Advantageo us to the City. The determination shall specify the factors on which it is based and define the extent of the limits imposed.

5.33.540 DBE Disqualification.

- **A.** The City may disqualify or suspend a Pe rson's right to subm it an Offer or to participate in a Contract (e.g., act as a Subcontractor) as follows:
 - 1. For a DBE disqualification pur suant to ORS 200.065 the City m ay disqualify a Person upon finding that the Person engaged in any of the activities made unlawful by ORS 200.065, or if the Person has been disqualified by another Contracting Agency pursuant to ORS 200.065.
 - 2. For a DBE disqualification pursuant to ORS 200.075, the City m ay suspend a Person upon finding that the Person engaged in any of the acts prohibited by ORS 200.075 (a) through (c).
- **B.** The City m ay disqualify or suspend a Person's right to subm it Offers or participate in a Contract only for the length of time permitted by ORS 200.065 or ORS 200.075 as applicable.
- C. The City shall provide Written notice to the Person in Writing of a proposed DBE Disqualification pursuant to this section, served personally or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. This notice shall:
 - 1. State that the City intends to disqualify or suspend the Person;
 - **2.** Set forth the reasons for the DBE Disqualification;
 - 3. Include a statement of the Person's right to a hearing if requested in Writing within the time stated in the notice and that if the City does not receive the Person's Written request for a hearing within the time stated, the Person shall have waived its right to a hearing;

- **4.** Include a statem ent of the authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing will be held;
- 5. Include a reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rulles involved;
- **6.** State the proposed DBE Disqualification period; and
- 7. State the Person may be represented by legal counsel.
- **D.** The City shall schedule a hearing upon the City's receipt of the Person's timely request. The City shall notify the Person of the time and place of the hearing and provide information on the procedures, right of representation and other rights related to the conduct of the hearing prior to hearing.
- E. The Chief Procurement Officer may conduct the hearing or refer the hearing to the Board of Appeals or the Portland C ity Council for decision. The decision of the Board of Appeals or Council shall be final, with no further appeal.
- F. The City shall provide Written notice of the DBE Disqualification to the Person. The City shall deliver the W ritten notice by personal service or by registe red or certified mail, return receipt requested. Notification is effective, even if not served personally, if the City uses what its records show to be the last known address of the Person. The notice shall contain:
 - 1. The effective date and period of the DBE disqualification
 - 2. The grounds for DBE disqualification and
 - 3. A statement of the Person's appeal rights and applicable appeal deadlines.

5.33.610 Offer Evaluation and Award.

- A. General. If a Contract is Awarded, the City shall Award the Contract to the Responsible Offeror submitting the lowest, Responsive Bid. The City may Award by item, groups of item s or the entire O ffer provided such Award is consistent with the Solicitation Document and in the public interest.
- **B.** Multiple Items. An Invitation to Bid or Request for Proposal may call for pricing of multiple items of similar or related type with Award based on individual line item, group total of certain items, a "market basket" of items representative of the total requirement, or grand total of all items.

- C. All or none Offers. All or none Bids or Proposals m ay be accepted if the evaluation shows an all or none Award to be the lowest cost of those submitted.
- **D.** Clarification of Offers. After Op ening, discussions m ay be conducted with apparent Responsive Offerors for the pur pose of clarification to assure full understanding of the Offer. All Offers, in the City's sole judgm ent, needing clarification shall be accorded such an opportunity. Clarification of any Offer must be documented in Writing by City and shall be included in the file.
- E. Multiple Awards Bids. If a Solicitation permits the Award of multiple Contracts, the City shall specify the criteria it shall use to choose from the multiple Contracts when purchasing Goods and Services. The criteria shall require the City to purchase the lowest priced goods or services available from the multiple Contracts. Multiple Awards shall not be made if a single Award will meet the City's needs without sacrifice of economy or service. A multiple Award may be made if Award to two ormore Offerors of similar products is necessary for adequate availability, delivery, and service or product compatibility. Awards may not be made for the purpose of dividing the Solicitation, or to allow for user preference unrelated to utility or economy. A notice to potential Offeror that multiple Contracts may be Awarded for any Solicitation shall not preclude the Award of a single Contract for such Solicitation.
- F. Multiple Awards Proposals. If a Solic itation permits the Award of multiple Contracts, the City shall specify the criteria it shall use to choose from the multiple Contracts when purchasin g Goods and Services. The criteria shall require the City to procure the goods or services that are most Advantageous to the City available from the multiple Contracts. Multiple Awards shall not be made if a single Award will meet the City's needs without sacrifice of economy or service. A multiple Award may be made if Award to two or more Offerors of similar Goods or Services is necessary for adequate availability, delivery, and service or product compatibility. Multiple Awards mean ay not be made for the purpose of dividing the Solicitation, or to allow for user preference unrelated to obtaining the most Advantageous Contract. A notice to potential Offeror that multiple Contracts may be Awarded for any Solicitation shall not preclude the Award of a single Contract for such Solicitation.
- G. Partial Awards. If after evaluation of competitive Offers, the City f inds that a qualified Offer has been received for onl y parts of the requirem ents of the Solicitation:
 - 1. A Contract may be Awarded for the parts of the Solicitation for which qualified Offers have been received.

- 2. All Offers may be rejected and a new Invitation to Bid or Request f or Proposals on the same or revised terms, conditions and Specifications may be issued.
- **H.** City Evaluation. The City shall evaluate an Offer only as set forth in the Solicitation Document and in accordance with applicable law. The City shall not evaluate an Offer using any other requirement or criterion.
- **I.** Evaluation of Bids. The City shall evaluate Bids as set forth in ORS 279B.055(6)(a).
 - 1. In evaluating Bids, the City shall a pply the Contract preferences set forth in PCC Sections 5.33.625 through 5.33.635.
 - **2.** Low, Tied Offers. Low, tied Of fers shall be r esolved pursuant to PCC Section-5.33.625.
- **J.** Evaluation of Proposals. The City sh all evaluate Proposals as set forth in 279B.060(6) and PCC Section-5.33.210 and in the event of low, tied Proposals, in accordance with PCC Section-5.33.625.
- **K.** Recycled Materials. In determining the most Advantageous Responsive Proposal the City shall give preference for recycled materials as set forth in ORS 279A.125 and PCC Section 5.33.635.

5.33.620 Negotiation With Offerors Prohibited.

The City shall not nego tiate with any Offeror in regard to the acquisition of Goods and Services if the Procurem ent was pursuant to an Invitation to Bid. This rule does not prevent the City from seeking a clarification of an Offer, provided the clarification does not change the Offer. This rule does not prohibit negotiation with a Proposer in response to a Request for Proposals provided the requirements of these rules have been met.

5.33.625 Contract Preferences.

- A. Award When Offers Identical. Unde r ORS 279A.120, when the City receives Offers identical in price, fitness, availability and quality, and chooses to Award a Contract, the City shall Award the Contract based on the following order of precedence:
 - 1. The City shall Award the Contract to the Offeror am ong those submitting identical Offers who is offering Goods or Services, or both, are manufactured, produced or to be performed in Oregon.

- 2. If two or more Of ferors submit identical Offers, and they all of fer Goods or Services, or both, m anufactured or produced in Oregon, the City shall Award the Contract by drawing lots among the identical O ffers offering Goods or Services that are m anufactured, produced or to be perform ed in Oregon. The City shall provide to the Offerors who submitted the identical Offers notice of the date, time and location of the drawing of lots and an opportunity for those Offerors to be present when the lots are drawn.
- 3. If the City receives identical Offers, and none of the identical Offers offer Goods or S ervices, or both, that are manufactured, produced or to be performed in Oregon, then the City shall Award the Contract by drawing lots among the identical Offerors. The City shall provide to the Offerors that submitted the identical Offers notice of the date, time and location of the drawing of lots and an opportunity to be present when the lots are drawn.
- **B.** Determining if Offers are Identical. The City shall consider Offers identical in price, fitness, availability and quality as follows:
 - 1. Bids received in response to an Invitation to Bid issued under PCC Section 5.33.200 or ORS 279C.335 are identical in price, fitness, availability and quality if the Bids are Responsive, and offer the Goods or Services described in the Invitation to Bid at the same price.
 - Proposals received in response to a Request for Proposals issued under PCC Section 5.33.210, are identical in price, fitness, availability and quality if they are Responsive and achieve equal scores when scored in accordance with the evaluation criteria set forth in the Request for Proposals.
 - Proposals received in response to a Special Procurem ent conducted pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.220 are identical in price, fitness, availability and quality if, after completing the Contracting procedure approved by the City if the City determines, in Writing, that two or more Proposals are equally Advantageous to the City.
 - 4. Offers received in response to an intermediate Procurement conducted pursuant to ORS 279B.070 are identical if the Offers equally best serve the interests of the City in accordance with ORS 279B.070(4).
- C. Determining if Goods or Services are Manufactured or Produced in Oregon. In applying PCC Section 5.33.625 A., the City shall determine whether a Contract is predominantly for Goods or Services are manufactured, produced or performed in Oregon. The City may request in a Solic itation Document, following Closing, or

at any other time determined appropriate by the City, any information the City may need to determine if the Goods or Services are manufactured or produced in Oregon. The City may use any reasonable criteria to determine if Goods or Services are manufactured or produced in Oregon, provided that the criteria reasonably relate to that determination, and provided that the same criteria apply equally to each Offeror.

- **D.** Procedure for Drawing Lots. When this Rule calls for the drawing of lots, the City shall draw lots by a procedure that affords each Offeror subject to the drawing a substantially equal probability of selection, and that does not allow the person making the selection the opportunity to manipulate the drawing of lots to increase the probability of selecting one Offeror over another.
- E. Discretionary Preference and Award. Under ORS 279A.128, the City m ay provide, in a Solicitation Document for Goods or Services, a specified percentage preference of not more than ten percent for Goods fabricated or processed entirely in Oregon or Services performed entirely in Oregon. When the City provides for a preference under this Section, and m ore than one Offeror qualifies for the preference, the City m ay give a further preference to a qualifying Offeror that resides in or is headquartered in Oregon. The City may establish a preference percentage higher than ten percent if the Chief Procurem ent Officer makes a written determination that good cause exists to establish the higher percentage and explains the City's reasons and evidence of good cause. The City may not apply the preferences described in this Paragraph in a Procurement for emergency work, minor alterations, ordinary repairs or maintenance of public improvements, or construction work that is described in ORS 279C.320.

5.33.630 Reciprocal Preferences.

- **A.** When evaluating Bids pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.610, the City shall add a percentage increase to the Bid of a Nonresident Bidder equ al to the percentage, if any, of the preference that would be given to that Bidder in the state in which the Bidder resides.
- **B.** The City shall rely on the list prepared and maintained by the Oregon Department of Administrative Services pursuant to ORS 279A.120(4) to determine both:
 - 1. whether the Nonresident Bidder's st ate gives preference to in-state Bidders, and
 - **2.** the amount of such preference.

5.33.635 Contract Preferences: Recycled Materials.

- A. Notwithstanding provisions of law requiring the City to Award a Contract to the lowest Responsible Bidder or best Proposer or provider of a quotation, and subject to PCC Section 5.33.635 B., the City shall give preference to the Procurement of goods manufactured from recycled materials.
- B. In comparing goods from two or more Bidders or Proposers, and at least one Bidder or Proposer offers goods manufactured from recycled materials, and at least one Bidder or Proposer does not, the City shall select the Bidder or Proposer offering goods manufactured from recycled materials if each of the following four (4) conditions exists:
 - 1. The recycled product is available;
 - **2.** The recycled product meets applicable standards;
 - **3.** The recycled product can be substituted for a comparable non-recycled product; and
 - 4. The recycled product's costs do not exceed the costs of non-recycled products by more than five (5) percent, or a high er percentage if a Written determination is made by the City and set forth in the Solicitation Document. For purposes of making the foregoing determination, the City shall consider the cost s of the goods following a ny adjustments the City makes to the price of the goods for purposes of evaluation pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.610.
- C. For the purposes of this section, the City shall de termine if goods are manufactured from recycled materials in accordance with standards established by the City.

5.33.640 Rejection of all or part of an Offer.

- **A.** Investigation. The City may, but is not required to, seek clarification of an Offer to determine whether it is responsive and make such investigation as necessary to determine whether an Offeror is responsible. The investigation may include:
 - 1. An inquiry into the responsibility of the Offeror's proposed Subcontractor and suppliers;
 - 2. Requiring an Offeror to demonstrate its financial ability to perform the Contract. In exercisin g this right, the City shall no tify the apparent successful Offeror in Writing to submit such documentation as the City

- deems necessary to complete a th orough evaluation of the Offeror's financial ability;
- 3. Obtaining any credit report information that the City deems necessary to investigate and evaluate whether the Offeror is financially responsible. By submitting an Of fer, the Of feror authorizes the City to investigate its credit, to obtain credit reports and to cooperate in the event that credit information is requested by the City.
- **4.** Any action necessary to ascertain whether the Offeror is responsible.
- **B.** Grounds for Rejection.
 - 1. The City may reject any Offer upon finding that to accept the Offer may impair the integrity of the Solicitation process or that rejecting the Offer is in the public interest.
 - 2. The City may reject any Offer, in whole or in part, when rejection is in the best interest of the City as determined by the City. If so, the reasons for rejection shall be made part of the Solicitation file.
 - **3.** The City shall reject an Offer as nonrespons ive upon the City's finding that the Offer:
 - a. is contingent upon the City's accept ance of terms and conditions (including Specifications) that differ from the Solic itation Document;
 - **b.** takes exception to terms and conditions (including Specifications);
 - c. attempts to prevent public disclosure of matters in contravention of the terms and conditions of Solicitation Docum ent or in contravention of applicable law;
 - **d.** offers Goods or Services that fail to meet the Specifications of the Solicitation Document;
 - e. is late;
 - **f.** is not in substantial compliance with the Solicitation Documents;
 - g. is not in substantial compliance with all prescribed public Solicitation procedures;

- h. contains a deviation that, if the Offer was accepted, would give the Offeror a substantial advantage or benefit not shared by other Offerors; or
- i. has failed to comply with the program's adopted pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.900.
- **4.** The City shall reject an Offer upon the City's finding that the Offeror:
 - **a.** Has not been prequalified under ORS 279B.120 and the City required mandatory Prequalification;
 - **b.** Has been debarred as set forth in ORS 279B.130;
 - c. Has not met the requirem ents of ORS 279A.105 regarding subcontracting to emerging small businesses when required to do so by the City;
 - **d.** Has not submitted properly executed Bid or Proposal security as required by the Solicitation Document;
 - e. Has failed to provide the certification of nondiscrimination required by PCC Section 5.33.640 D.; or
 - **f.** Is not a Responsible contract or pursuant to Section 5.33.500 and state law.
- C. Form of Business. For pur poses of this rule, the City may investigate any Person submitting an Off er. The investigation m ay include that Person's officers, directors, owners, affiliates, or any other Person acquiring an ownership interest of the Person to determ in application of this rule or to apply the Debarm ent provisions of ORS 279B.130.
- **D.** Certification of Non-Discrimination. The Offeror shall certify and deliver to the City the Written certification required by PCC Section 5.33.075 B.3.

5.33.645 Rejection of All Offers.

- **A.** Rejection. The City may reject all Offers for good cause up on the City's Written finding it is in the public interest to do so. The City shall notify all Offerors of the rejection of all Offers, along with the good cause justification and finding.
- **B.** Criteria. The City may reject all Offers upon a Written finding that:

- 1. The content of or an error in the Solicitation Document, or the Solicitation process unnecessarily restricted competition for the Contract;
- 2. The price, quality or performance presented by the Offerors is too costly or of insufficient quality to justify acceptance of the Offer;
- 3. Misconduct, error, or am biguous, conflicting or m isleading provisions in the Solicitation Document threaten the f airness and integrity of the competitive process;
- 4. Causes other than legitimate market forces threaten the integrity of the competitive Solicitation process. These causes include, but are not limited to, those that tend to limit competition such as restrictions on competition, collusion, corruption, unlawful anti-com petitive conduct, and inadverten t or intentional errors in the Solicitation Document;
- 5. The City cancels the Solicitation in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.660; or
- **6.** Any other circumstance indicating that Awarding the Contract would not be in the public interest.

5.33.650 Notice of Intent to Award.

- A. Applicability: This se ction applies to Awards of a Contract, except for s mall Procurements pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.180, interm ediate Procurements pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.190, sole source Procurem ents pursuant to PCC. Section 5.33.120, Emergency Procurements pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.130 or a Special Procurement pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.220.
- **B.** Notice: The City shall provide Written notice of Intent to Award a Contract to all Offerors. If the Solicitation was posted by Electronic means, however, the City may post the Intent to Award Electr onically in the same manner as the Solicitation. The Notice shall be posted at least seven (7) Days before the Award of a Contract, unless the City de termines that circum stances require prompt execution of the Contract. The City shall document the specific reasons for the shorter notice period in the Solicitation file.
- C. The City's Award shall not be final unt il the latest of the following three (3) dates:
 - 1. Seven (7) Days after the date of notice of intent to Award, unless the Solicitation Document provided a different period for protest of Contract

Award. For purposes of this sect ion, the Day on which the Notice is posted from which the seven Days shall begin to run shall not be included, but the last Day of the period shall be included;

- 2. The City provides a W ritten response to all tim ely-filed protests that denies the protest and affirms the Award; or
- 3. Upon the conclusion of any appeal pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.740.

5.33.660 Cancellation, delay or suspension of Solicitation.

- **A.** Cancellation in the Public Interest. Prior to Opening, the City m ay cancel a Solicitation or Procurement described in a Solicitation may be canceled in whole or in part prior to Contract Execution when cancellation is in the best in terest of the City as determined by the City.
- **B.** Delay or Suspension. Any Solicitation or Procurem ent desired in a Solicitation may be delayed or suspended when the delay or suspension is in the best interest of the City as determined by the City.
- C. Costs. The City is not liable to any Offeror for costs, expenses or loss es caused by the cancellation, delay or suspension.
- **D.** Notice. If the City cancels, delays or suspends a Solicitation prior to Opening, the City shall provide notice of cancellation in the same manner that the City initially provided notice of the Solicitation. Such notice of cancellation shall:
 - 1. Identify the Solicitation;
 - 2. Briefly explain the reason for cancellation; and
 - **3.** If appropriate, explain that an opportunity will be given to compete on any Re-Solicitation.
- E. Notice of Cancellation After Opening. If the City cancels a Procurem ent or Solicitation after Opening, the City shall provide Written notice of Cancellation to all Offerors who submitted Offers.

5.33.670 Disposition of Offers if Solicitation Canceled.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

A. Prior to Offer Opening. If the City can cels a Solicitation prior to Offer Opening, the City will return all Offers it recei ved to Offerors unopened, pro vided the Offeror submitted its Offer in a hard copy format with a clearly vis ible return

- address. If there is no return address on the envelope, the City will open the Offer to determine the source and then return it to the Offeror.
- **B.** After Offer Opening. If the City rejects all Offers, the City will retain all such Offers as part of the City's Solicitation file. If a Request for Proposals is cancelled after Proposals are received, the City m ay return a Proposal to the Proposer that submitted it. The City shall keep a list of returned Proposals in the Solicitation file.

5.33.675 Documentation of Award.

- **A.** Basis of Award. After A ward, the City shall make a record showing the basis for determining the successful Offeror part of the City's Solicitation file.
- **B.** Contents of Award Record. The City's record shall include
 - 1. Bids.
 - **a.** Completed Bid tabulation sheet; and
 - **b.** Written justification for any rejection of lower Bids.
 - **2.** Proposals.
 - **a.** The completed evaluation of the Proposals;
 - **b.** Written justification for any rejection of higher scoring Pro posals or for failing to m eet mandatory requirements of the Request for Proposal; and
 - c. If the City permitted negotiations in accordance with PCC Section 5.33.215—211, the City's completed evaluation of the initial Proposals and the City's completed evaluation of final Proposals.

5.33.685 Availability of Award Decisions.

- **A.** Contract Documents. To the extent required, the City shall deliver to the successful Offeror, a Signed purchase order, Price Agreement, or other Contract document(s), as applicable.
- **B.** Notification to Unsucc essful Offerors. A Person m ay obtain tabulations of Awarded Bids or evalu ation summaries of Proposals for a m inimal charge, in person or by submitting to the City a W ritten request accompanied by payment.

Such request shall provide the Solicitation Document number and enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

- C. Availability of Solicitation Files. Subject to PCC Section 5.33.200 and ORS 279B.060 the City shall make completed Solicitation files available for public review at the City.
- D. The City m ay withhold from disclosure to the public materials included in a Proposal that are exempt or conditionall y exempt from disclosure under ORS 192.501 or ORS 192.502 including trade secret s, as defined in ORS 192.501 and information submitted to a public body in confidence, as described in ORS 192.502.
- E. Copies from Solicitation Files. Subject to PCC Section 5.33.200 and ORS 279B.060 any Person may obtain copies of material from Solicitation files upon payment of a reasonable copying charge.

5.33.690 Performance and Payment Security; Waiver.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A. Public Contracts**. The Chief Procu rement Officer has discretion to require the submission of a perfor mance bond, a paym ent bond, or both in regard to any contracts subject to this Chapter in any amount not to exceed the Contract Price. If so, the requirement shall be expressly set forth in the Solicitation Document.
- **B.** Requirement for Surety Bond . If required, the C ity shall accept only a performance bond and paym ent bond furnished by a surety com pany authorized to do business in Oregon and who is duly listed in the United States Treasury List as published in the Federal Register or is otherwise approved by the City Attorney each in the amount of 100 percent of the Contract price unless otherwise specified in the Solicitation Document or such substitute security is a proved by the City Attorney's office. The surety bond shall have the company's sealed affixed to it, be signed by the surety's Attorney in Fact, and have attached the Power of Attorney for the Attorney in Fact. The City Attorney may waive the requirement of the corporate seal.
- C. Time for Submission. The apparent successful Offeror must furnish the required performance and payment security within 10 Days after notification by the City. If the Offeror fails to furnish the performance security as requested, the City may reject the Offer and Award the Contract to the Responsible Bidder with the next lowest Responsive Bid or the Responsible Proposer with the next highest-scoring Responsive Proposal, and, at the City's discretion, the Offeror shall forfeit its Bid or Proposal Security.

5.33.695 Notification to State of Nonresident Contractor.

If the Contract Price exceeds \$10,000 and the Contractor is a Nonresident Contractor, the Contractor shall promptly report to the Oregon Department of Revenue on form sprovided by the Department of Revenue, the Contract Price, terms of payment, Contract duration and such other information as the Department of Revenue may require before final payment can be made on the Contract. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the City. The City shall satisfy itself that the above requirements have been complied with before it issues final payment on the Contract.

5.33.700 Protests and Judicial Review of Special Procurements

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

A. An Affected Person may protest the City's approval of a Special Procurement or a class Special Procurement.

B. Method of Protest

- 1. Time: A W ritten protest of the City's approval shall be provided to the Chief Procurement Officer not later than seven (7) Days after the approval of the Special Procurement or class Special Procurement unless a different time period is provided in the Notice. The Chief Procurement Officer shall not consider a protest submitted after the timeline established for submitting such protest under this rule.
- **2.** Contents. The Written protest must include:
 - **a.** Sufficient information to identify the Request that is the subject of the protest;
 - **b.** A detailed statement of all the legal and factual grounds for the protest;
 - **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
 - **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
 - **e.** The relief requested.
- **C.** Required City Response. The City shall take the following actions, as appropriate:
 - 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;

- 2. The City shall inf orm the Aff ected Person if it f ailed to m eet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.700 B.2. and the reasons for that failure;
- 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the inform ation required by PCC Section 5.33.700 B.2., the City shall issue a decision in Writing and provide that decision to the Affected Person within a reasonable period of time unless a W ritten determination is m ade by the City that circumstances exist that require a shorter time limit.
- 4. If the City denies the p rotest, it shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chie f Procurement Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City Council.
- **D.** Optional City Response: In add ition to the requirements of <u>Section</u> 5.33.700 C., the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and take any corrective action necessary;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the pro test and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - **3.** Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals for decision;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - Take any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest.

E. Judicial Review.

- 1. An Affected Person may not seek judi cial review of the City Council's approval of a Special Procurement or Class Special Procurement unless it has complied fully with the Prote st requirements of this section and exercised all administrative appeal rights.
- 2. Judicial review is no t available if the Request is denied by the C ity Council, Board of Appeals or is withdrawn by the Chief Procurement Officer.

5.33.710 Protests and Judicial Review of Sole-Source Procurements.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. An Affected Person may protest the determination that the Goods or Services or class of Goods or Services should be procured from only one source.

B. Method of Protest

1. Time: A W ritten protest of the Chief Procurement Officer's Determination shall be provided to the Chief Procurement Officer within seven (7) Days whenever the City posts a no tice that it will make a sole source purchase. The Chief Procurement Officer shall not consider a protest submitted after the timeline established for submitting such protest under this rule or such different time period as may be provided in the Notice of Intent to make a Sole Source purchase.

2. Contents:

- **a.** Sufficient information to identify the Solicitation that is the subject of the protest;
- **b.** A detailed statement of all the legal and factual grounds for the protest;
- **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
- **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
- **e.** The relief requested.
- **C.** Required City Response. The City shall take the following actions, as appropriate:
 - 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;
 - 2. The City shall inform the Aff ected Person if it failed to meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.710 B.2. and the reasons for that failure;
 - 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the inform ation required by PCC Section 5.33.710 B.2., the City shall issue a decision in Writing and provide that decision to the Affected Person within seven (7) business days a reasonable period of time unless a Written determination is made by the City that circumstances exist that require a shorter time limit.
 - 4. If the City denies the p rotest, it shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chie f Procurement Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City Council.

- **D.** Optional City Response: In add ition to the requirements of <u>Section</u> 5.33.710 C., the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and take any corrective action necessary;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the pro test and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - 3. Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals for decision;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - Take any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest.
- E. Judicial Review. An Affected Perso n may not seek judicial review of the City Council's approval of a Sole Source Procurement unless it has complied fully with the protest requirements of this section and has exercised all adm inistrative appeal rights. Judicial review is not available if the City elects not to make a Sole Source Procurement.

5.33.720 Protests and Judicial Review of Multi-Tiered Solicitations.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** Interested Offerors may file a Written protest of the Specifications, Contract terms and conditions, pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.730.
- **B.** Affected Persons may protest in one of two ways:
 - 1. If no other protest rem edies are provided in the So licitation Document, Affected Persons can file a Written protest to the Award within seven (7) Days after the issuance of the Notice of Intent to Award pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.740 if the meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.720 C. below.
 - 2. If expressly required or permitted by the Solicitation Document, Affected Persons must file a W ritten protest af ter being excluded from the Competitive Range or after being excluded from any subsequent stages of a Procurement.
- C. Basis of Protest. An Affected Person may protest its exclusion from the Competitive Range or from subsequent stages of a Procurement only if:
 - 1. The Affected Person is Responsible and submitted a Responsive Offer;

- 2. The City made a mistake that, if corrected, would have made the Affected Person eligible to participate in the next stage of the Procurement.
- 3. In the case of a competitive request for proposal, the exercise of judgment used by the Evaluation Committee members in scoring written proposals and oral interviews, including the use of outside expertise, is not grounds for protest.

D. Method of Protest:

- 1. Time: If the Solicitation document permits or requires protests prior to the City's issuance of a Notice of Intent to Award, an Affected Person must submit a Written protest specifying its basis within seven (7) Days after the Affected Person was excluded from participating further in the Procurement.
- **2.** Contents: The protest must include the following information:
 - a. Sufficient information to identify the errors that led to the Affected Person's exclusion from the Com petitive Range or f rom subsequent stages of a Procurement;
 - **b.** A detailed statement of all the legal and factual grounds for the protest;
 - **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
 - **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
 - **e.** The relief requested.
- **E.** Required City Response. The City shall take the following actions, as appropriate:
 - 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;
 - 2. The City shall inform the Affected Person if it failed to meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.720 D.2. and the reasons for that failure:
 - 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the information required by PCC Section 5.33.720 D.2., the City shall issue a decision in Writing and

provide that decision to the Affected Person within seven (7) business days a reasonable period of time unless a Written determination is made by the City that circumstances exist that require a shorter time limit.

- 4. If the City denies the protest, it shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chief Procurement Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City Council.
- **F.** Optional City Response: In addition to the requirements of <u>Section</u> 5.33.720 E., the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and take any corrective action necessary;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the protest and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - **3.** Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals for decision;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - Take any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest.
- G. Judicial Review. An Affected Perso n may not seek judicial review unless it has complied fully with the protest requirements of this section and has exercised all administrative appeal rights. Judicial review is not available if the City elects not to make a Procurement.

5.33.730 Protests and Judicial Review of Solicitation Documents and the Procurement Process.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

A. An Affected Person may protest the Procurement process or the Solic itation Document for Offers solicited pursuant to Competitive Sealed Bidding pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.200, Competitive Sealed Proposals pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.210, a Special Procurement, or a Class Special Procurement pursuant to PCC Section 5.33.220. Prior to submitting a protest, an Affected Person may seek clarification of any provision of the Solic itation Document. Any clarification by the City is binding only if the City amends the Solic itation Document by Addendum.

B. Method of Protest

1. Time: A Written protest of the City's posting of a solicitation document shall be provided to the Chief Procurement Officer within seven (7) Days

after a Solicita tion Document is a dvertised. The Chief Procurem ent Officer shall not consider a protest submitted after the timeline established for submitting such protest under this rule or such different time period as may be provided in the Solicitation Document. A Written Protest of any Addendum shall be sub mitted by the close of the next business day af ter issuance of the Addendum.

- **2.** Contents: The protest must include the following information:
 - **a.** Sufficient information to identify the Solicitation that is the subject of the protest;
 - **b.** A detailed statement of all the legal and factual grounds for the protest;
 - **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
 - **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
 - **e.** The relief requested.

C. Required City Response.

- 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;
- 2. The City shall inform the Aff ected Person if it failed to meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.730 B.2. and the reasons for that failure:
- 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the inform ation required by PCC Section 5.33.730 B.2. above, the Chie f Procurement Officer shall issue a decision in W riting and provide that decision to the Affected Person no less than three (3) business days before Offers are due, unless a Written determination is made by the City that circum stances exist that require a shorter time limit.
- 4. The Chief Procurem ent Officer's response shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chief Procurem ent Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City

- Council. When the decision is fina 1, the Affected Person m ust seek judicial review before the Opening of Bids, Proposals or Offers.
- 5. If the City receives a protest from an Affected Person in accordance with this rule, the City may extend Closing if the City determines an extension is necessary to conside r the protest and to issue an Adde ndum to the Solicitation Document.
- **D.** Optional City Response: In addition to the requirements of PCC Section-5.33.730 C. above, the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and m ake any necessary corrections to the Solicitation Document or Procurement process;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the pro test and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - **3.** Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - 5. Any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest.
- **E.** Judicial Review. An Affected Perso n may not seek judicial review unless it has complied fully with the protest requirements of this section and exerc ised all administrative appeal rights. Judicial review is not available if the City withdraws the Solicitation Document that was the subject of the protest.

5.33.740 Protests and Judicial Review of Contract Award.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 183445 and 184403, effective February 2, 2011.)

- A. An Affected Person may protest the Award of a Contract, or the intent to Award a Contract resulting from a Competitive Sealed Bid or Competitive Sealed Proposal, whichever occurs first, if:
 - 1. The Affected Person would be eligible to be Awarded the Contract in the event that the protest was successful; and
 - **2.** The reason for the protest is that:
 - **a.** All lower Bids, higher ranked Proposals or other m ore Advantageous Offers are nonresponsive;

- **b.** The City failed to conduct the evaluation of Offers in accordance with the criteria or processes described in the Solicitation Document;
- **c.** The City abused its discretion in rejecting the Affected Person's Offer as nonresponsive; or
- **d.** The City's evaluation of the Offe rs was in violation of these rules, ORS Chapter 279B or ORS Chapter 279A.

B. Method of Protest.

- 1. Time: A Written protest of the Chief Procurement Officer's Award shall be provided to the Chief Procurem ent Officer within seven (7) Days after the Award of a Contract, or issuance of the Notice of Intent to Award the Contract, whichever occurs first. The Chief Procurement Officer shall not consider a protest submitted after the timeline established for submitting such protest under this rule or such different time period as may be provided in the Solicitation Document or Notice of Intent to Award.
- **2.** Contents: The protest must include the following information:
 - **a.** Sufficient information to identify the Award that is the subject of the protest;
 - **b.** A detailed statement of all the legal and factual grounds for the protest as described in PCC Section 5.33.740 A.2.a. d. above;
 - **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
 - **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
 - **e.** The relief requested.
- **C.** Required City Response. The City shall take the following actions, as appropriate:
 - 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;
 - 2. The City shall inform the Aff ected Person if it failed to meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.740 B.2. and the reasons for that failure;

- 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the inform ation required by PCC Section 5.33.740 B.2. above, the C ity shall issue a decision in Writing and provide that decision to the Affected Person with in a reasonable time of the receipt of the protest.
- 4. If the City denies the p rotest, it shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chie f Procurement Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City Council.
- **D.** Optional City Response: In addition to the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.740 C. above, the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and issue a re vised Notice of Intent to Award or take any other corrective action that may be necessary to ensure that the Contract is Awarded to the appropriate Offeror;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the pro test and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - **3.** Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals for decision;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - Take any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest.
- **E.** Judicial Review. An Affected Perso n may not seek judicial review of the Intent to Award a Contract unless it has complied fully with the protest requirements of this section. Judicial review is not available if the C ity elects not to make an Award.

5.33.750 Protests of Other Violations.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 181547 and 183445, effective January 6, 2010.) Any violation of ORS Chapter 279A or 279B, except 279B.400 to 279B.425, by the City, for which no administrative remedy is otherwise provided by this Code, is subject to the following:

- **A.** A protest by an Affected Person m ay be made under this section only if a Contract is about to be Awarded or has been Awarded and:
 - 1. An alleged violation of ORS 279A or 279B, except 279B.400 to 279B.425, has occurred in the Procurem ent process and violation has resulted or will result in the unlawful Award of a Contract or the unlawful failure to Award the Contract;

- 2. The alleged violation deprived the Affected Person of the Award of the Contract or the opportunity to compete for the Award of the Contract;
- 3. The Affected Person would have been a Responsible Bidder, Proposer or Offeror qualified to receive the Award of the Contract;
- 4. The Affected Person gave Written notice to the City describing the alleged violation no later than ten (10) Days after the date on which the alleged violation occurred and in no event more than ten (10) Days after the date of the execution of the Contract;
- 5. If the alleged violation is of ORS 279A, then it is one for which no judicial review is provided by another section of ORS Chapter 279A or 279B. If the alleged violation is of 279B, except 279B.400 to 279B.425, then it is one for which no judicial review is provided by another section of ORS Chapter 279B.

B. Method of Protest.

- 1. Time: A Written protest of the Chief Procurement Officer's Award shall be provided to the Chief Procurem ent Officer no later than ten (10) Days after the date on which the alleged violation occurred and in no event no later than ten (10) Days after the date of the execution of the Contract. The Chief Procurement Officer shall not consider a protest submitted after the timeline established for submitting such protest under this rule and shall not consider a protest under this section if a right to protest is elsewhere provided by this Code.
- **2.** Contents: The protest must include the following information:
 - **a.** Sufficient information to identify the Procurement or Solicitation that is the subject of the protest;
 - **b.** A detailed statement of the alleged violation and all the leg al and factual grounds for the protest;
 - **c.** Evidence or supporting docum entation that supports the grounds on which the protest is based;
 - **d.** A description of the resulting harm to the Affected Person; and
 - **e.** The relief requested.

- **C.** Required City Response. The City shall take the following actions, as appropriate:
 - 1. The City shall inform the Affected Person in Writing if the protest was not timely filed;
 - 2. The City shall inform the Aff ected Person if it failed to meet the requirements of PCC Section 5.33.750 B.2. and the reasons for that failure;
 - 3. If the protest was timely filed and provides the inform ation required by PCC Section 5.33.750 B.2. above, the C ity shall issue a decision in Writing and provide that decision to the Affected Person within seven (7) business days a reasonable period of time unless a Written determination is made by the City that circumstances exist that require a shorter time limit.
 - 4. If the City denies the p rotest, it shall inform the Affected Person if the decision is final or whether the Chie f Procurement Officer has decided to refer the protest to the Purchasing Board of Appeals or City Council.
- **D.** Optional City Response: In addition to the requirements of <u>Section</u> 5.33.750 C., the Chief Procurement Officer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Agree with the protest and take any corrective action necessary;
 - 2. Issue a Written response to the pro test and provide that decision to the Affected Person;
 - 3. Refer the protest and any response to the Board of Appeals for decision;
 - **4.** Refer the protest and any response to the City Council for decision; or
 - 5. Take any other action that is in the best interest of the City while giving full consideration to the merits of the protest
- **E.** Judicial Review. An Affected Perso n may not seek judicial review of the City's decision unless it has complied with the Pr otest requirements of this section and exercised all administrative appeal rights.

5.33.760 Review of Prequalification and Debarment Decisions.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

A. The denial, revocation or revision of a Prequalification decision or a decision to debar a prospective Offeror must be appealed in Writing to the City within three (3) business days after receipt of the City's notice.

- **B.** The City Council delegates its authority to the Chief Procurement Officer for the purposes of receiving notice that a Pers on has appealed. Upon receip t of the notice the Chief Procurement Officer shall notify the Person appealing of a time and place of a hearing designed to consider the appeal within 30 Days or a date mutually agreed upon by both parties.
- C. The City Council delegates its author ity to conduct a hearing to the Chief Procurement Officer. The Chief Procurement Officer may sub _delegate the authority to conduct a hearing to any person the Chief Procurement Officer deems appropriate, including the Board of Appeals.

5.33.770 **Purchasing Procurement Board of Appeals.**

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. Purpose. The purpose of this rule is to provide for the prompt, effective and efficient resolution of appeals and protests of Affected Persons in regard to City decisions when such matters are referred to it by the Chief Procurement Officer or when authorized or required by this Chapter.
- **B.** Board Created. Pursuant to Portland City Charter Section 2-103, City Council hereby creates the <u>Purchasing Procurement</u> Board of Appeals for the purposes described above.
- C. Jurisdiction of Board. The <u>Purchasing Procurement</u> Board of Appeals shall hear and resolve protests and a ppeals arising from City decisions arising under this Chapter only when such m atters are referred to it by the Chief Procurement Officer.
- **D.** Composition of Board.
 - 1. The <u>Purchasing Procurement</u> Board of Appeals shall consist of three members. A quorum shall consist of three members.
 - **2.** The members of the Board shall be:
 - **a.** A representative from the public purchasing sector;
 - **b.** The City Engineer or designee;
 - **c.** A member of the general public with affiliation to the purchasing industry.

- 3. The public m embers shall be appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by City Council and shall serve for a period of up to two years, which may be extended by the Chief Procurement Officer.
- **4.** A member of the board shall serve as chairperson.
- **E.** Compensation. All m embers of the Boar d shall serve without pay, except that they may receive their regular salaries during time spent on Board matters.
- **F.** Vacancies. A vacancy on the Board sh all be filled as soon as possible in accordance with the procedures described above.
- **G.** Procedure and Rules. The C hief Procurement Officer shall establish administrative rules of procedure for the Board and the Board shall follow that procedure for all matters heard by the Board.
- **H.** Staff. Procurement Services shall provide staff and appropriate assistance for the Board

5.33.780 Powers of the Board.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- **A.** The Board shall be responsible for reviewing the decisions of the City arising under this Chapter. In regard to appeals of decisions regarding Prequalification or disqualification of Bidders or Proposers, the Board shall comply with Oregon state law and these rules.
- **B.** The Board shall con sider only tho se matters that were raised by the Affected Person in its protest to the Chief Procurement Officer.
- C. The Board shall not consider the appeal of any Affected Person who did not file a timely appeal.
- **D.** The Board shall hear appeals based on administrative rules of procedure established by the Chief Procurement Offi cer. The adm inistrative rules shall provide for notice and prom pt hearing of appeals an d protests, record-making, right to counsel and other procedural matters.
- **E.** Following completion of a hearing, the Board shall prepare a Written decision that shall be mailed to all parties to the hearing by certified m ail, return receipt requested.

5.33.790 Appeal to Board.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 183445, effective January 6, 2010.)

- A. Time. Any request for hearing by the Board shall be received by the Chi ef Procurement Officer no m ore than seven (7) Days from the date of the Chief Procurement Officer's decis ion unless a different timeline is provided in the Solicitation Document. The request shall be delivered to Procurem ent Services, Attn: Chie f Procurement Officer and marked "Request for Hearing by the Purchasing Procurement Board of Appeals."
- **B.** Contents. The request shall set forth the specific reasons for requesting a hearing by City Council. Only those matters that were raised with the Chief Procurement Officer and the <u>Purchasing Procurement</u> Board of Appea Is shall be stated as grounds for appeal.
- C. Time of He aring. The Chief Procur ement Officer shall schedule the time and place for the Board to meet giving consideration to the schedule of the Board.
- D. Further Appeal. An Affected Person who is not satisfied with the decision of the Board may file a further Written appeal, but only if permitted by the Chief Procurement Officer. If not permitted by the Chief Procurement Officer, the Affected Person has exhausted its administrative appeals. Any request for further appeal shall be received by the Chief Procurement Officer no later than three (3) Days from the date the Affected Person receives the Board's W ritten decision. The request shall be delivered to Procurement Services, Attn: Chief Procurement Officer and marked "Request for Hearing by City Council."
- E. If so referred, City Council shall decide at its next available regularly scheduled hearing whether to hear the appeal. If City Council decides not to hear the appeal, the decision of the Board is final. If C ity Council decides to hear the appeal it shall be scheduled by the Council Clerk fo r hearing by City Council. The City Council's decision on the appeal shall be final upon issuance of City Council's order deciding the appeal. The City C ouncil may also adopt the decision of the Board without further hearing by City Council in In this situation, the appeal to City Council shall be final upon issuance of City Council's order adopting the decision of the Board. The rules of City Council provided at Chapter 3.02 shall be the rules for any hearing on appeal.
- **F.** If so permitted, the decision of City Council shall c onclude an Affected Person's administrative remedies and further redress sought by an Affected Person shall be pursuant to state law. Otherwise, the Board's decision shall be final for any remedies that might be available to Affected Person under state law.
- G. Costs: The Chief Procurem ent Officer m ay impose a reasonable fee on the Affected Person requesting a hearing before the Board or Council to defray costs of the appeal. The fee shall be paid at the time the hearing is requested or the

protest shall be considered waived. In the event that the P erson contesting the hearing prevails in its protest, the fee shall be refunded.

5.33.900 Social Equity Fair Contracting and Employment Programs.

From time to time, the City m ay adopt programs designed to promote competition, enhance economic opportunity and stimulate hiring among all of Portland's citizens. When such programs are adopted, they shall be included or sufficiently referenced in the Solicitation and Contract documents so that prospective Offerors are aware of their requirements.

5.33.920 Records Maintenance; Right to Audit Records.

- **A.** Contractors and Subcontrac tors shall maintain all f iscal records relating to a Contract executed with the City in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, C ontractors and Subcontractors shall maintain any other records necessary to clearly document:
 - 1. Performance Performance includes, but is not limited to, compliance with plans and Specifications, com pliance with fair Contracting and employment programs, compliance with Oregon law on payment of wages and accelerated payment provisions, and any and all requirements imposed on the Contractor or Subcontractor under the Contract or subcontract:
 - 2. Any claims arising from or relating to their performance under a Contract;
 - **3.** Any cost and pricing data; and,
 - **4.** Payment to suppliers and Subcontractors.
- **B.** Such records shall be maintained for a period of six years from the date of final completion of the Contract or until the conclusion of any a udit, controversy or litigation arising out of or related to a Contract, whichever is longer, unless a shorter period of time is authorized in Writing by the City.
- C. Contractors and Subcontractors shall make all their records available to the City within the boundaries of the City of Portland, Oregon, at reasonable times and places regardless of whether litigation has been filed on any claims. If the records are not made available within the boundaries of the City, the Contractor or Subcontractor shall pay all costs foer City employees, and any necessary consultants hired by the City, including travel, per diem costs, salary, and any other expenses incurred by City in seen ding its employees or consultants to examine, audit, inspect, and copy those records. If the Contractor elects to have such records outside these boundaries, the costs paid by the Contractor to the City for inspection, auditing, examining and copying those records are not recoverable costs in any legal proceeding.

- D. The City and its Authorized Representatives shall be entitled to inspect, examine, copy and audit the books and records of any Contract or or Subcontractor upon request by the City for any reason, including any documents that may be placed in escrow according to any Contract requestive irements. The records that means are unspected and copied include financial documents of the Contractor, including tax returns and financial statements. The City will keep such documents confidential to the extent permitted by Oregon law, subject to PCC Section 5.33.920 E. below.
- E. Contractors and Subcontractors agree to disclose the records requested by the City and agree to their admission as evidence in any proceeding between the parties, including, but not limited to a court proceeding, arbitration, mediation or other alternative dispute resolution process.
- F. In the event that the records disclose that the City is owed money or establishes that any portion of any claim made against the City is not warranted, the Contractor or Subcontractor shall pay all costs incurred by the City in conducting the audit and inspection. Such costs may be withheld from any sum due or that becomes due to the Contractor by the City.
- G. Failure of the Contractor or Subcontractor to keep or disclose records as required may result in disqualification as a Bidder or Proposer for future City Contracts or may result in a finding that the Contractor or Subcontractor is not a Responsible Bidder or Proposer.

5.33.930 Right to Inspect Plant or Place of Business.

- **A.** Time for Inspection. The City m ay, at reasonable times, inspect the part of the plant or place of business of a Contractor or any Subcontractor or supplier which is related to the performance of any Contract Awarded.
- **B.** Access to Plant or Place of Business. As a condition of Bidding or proposing, Bidders and Proposers agree that repres entatives of the City m ay enter a Contractor's or Subcontractor's or supplier's plant, place of business, work site or construction site during normal business hours for the following purposes:
 - 1. To inspect and/or test supplies o r services for acceptan ce by the City pursuant to the terms of the Bid or Proposal;
 - 2. To investigate in connection with a Bidder's or P roposer's Bid or Proposal, a minority business or EEO certification, or Bidder or Proposer qualification.

- **3.** To inspect for compliance with City programs required by the Solicitation Document.
- **4.** To inspect for Contract compliance.
- C. Contractual Provisions. Contracts may provide that the City may inspect supplies and services at the Contractor's or Subcontractor's or supplier's office or facility and perform tests to determ ine whether they conf orm to the Solicitation Document, or, after Award, to the Contract requirements, and are qualified. Such inspections and tests shall be conducted in accordance with the term's of the Contract.
- **D.** Procedures for Inspection, Trial Use and T esting. The City m ay establish operational procedures governing the in spection, testing and trial use of equipment, materials and the application of resulting inform ation and data to Specifications or Procurements.
- **E.** Conduct of Inspections and Tests:
 - 1. Inspectors and testers. Inspections or tests shall be performed so as not to unduly delay the W ork of the Contractor or Subcontractor. No change of any provision of the Specifications or the Contract may be required by the inspector or tester without W ritten authorization of the City, un less otherwise specified in the Solicitation Document. The presence or absence of an inspector or tester shall not relieve the Contractor or Subcontractor from any requirement of the Contract;
 - 2. Location. When an inspection is made in the plant or place of business of a Contractor or Subcontractor, such Contractor or Subcontractor shall provide without charge all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safety and convenience of the inspector or tester;
 - 3. Time of inspection or testing. Inspection or testing of supplies and services performed at the plant or place of business of any Contractor or Subcontractor shall be performed at reasonable times during normal business hours.

5.33.940 Contract Cancellation, Contractor Termination Procedures.

- **A.** Grounds for Cancellation or Term ination. The City m ay, at its option, cancel a Contract or terminate the Contractor's performance, if cancellation or termination is in the best interest of the City; or, for any material violation of the provisions of the Contract. Such provisions generally include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Standard terms and conditions included in Contracts;

- **2.** Product or service Specifications;
- **3.** Delivery or completion requirements; or
- **4.** Contracted pricing and price escalation/de-escalation clauses.
- **B.** The City and the Contractor may cancel the Contract at any time by mutual Written agreement.
- **C.** Termination For Convenience.
 - 1. Reasons for Termination. The City may, in its sole discretion, by a Written order or upon Written request from the Contractor, cancel the Contract or a portion thereof if any of the following occur:
 - **a.** The Contractor is prevented from completing the Work for reasons beyond the control of the City; or
 - **b.** The Contractor is prevented from completing the Work for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor; or
 - c. For any reason considered by the City to be in the public in terest, other than a labor dispute or any third party judicial proceeding relating to the W ork filed in regards to a lab or dispute. These reasons may include, but are not limited to, non-availability of materials, phenomena of nature of catastrophic proportions or intensity, executive orders of the President related to national defense, congressional, state or local acts related to funding; or
 - **d.** Any third party judicial proceeding relating to the Work other than a suit or action filed in regards to a labor dispute; or
 - e. If the circumstances or conditions are such that it is im practicable within a reasonable time to proceed with a substantial portion of a Public Improvement.
- **D.** Payment When Contract is Canceled. When the Contract, or any portion thereof, is canceled before completion of all items of Work in the Contract, payment shall be made, based on the Contract price, for the actual item s of Work completed under the Contract, or by m utual agreement, for ite ms of Work partially completed. No claim for loss of anticipated profits or overhead shall be allowed;

- E. Responsibility for Completed W ork if Contract Canceled. Cancellation of a Contract or a portion thereof shall not reli eve the Contractor of responsibility for the Work completed, nor shall it relieve the surety of its obligation for any just claims arising from the Work performed.
- **F.** Termination of The Contractor's Performance for Default
 - 1. Declaration of Default. The City may, after giving the Co ntractor and its surety seven (7) Days Written notice and an opportunity to cure deficient performance, terminate the Contractor's performance for any reasonable cause. Upon such termination, the City may immediately take possession of the premises and of all materials, tools and appliances thereon as well as all other m aterials, whether on the premises or not, on which the Contractor has received partial payment. The City may finish the Work by whatever method it may deem expedient;
 - **a.** If the Contractor should repeatedly refuse or fail to supply an adequate number of skilled workers or proper materials to carry on the Work as required by the Contract docum ents, or otherwise fail to pursue the Work in a timely manner; or
 - **b.** If the Contractor should repeatedly fail to make prompt payment to Subcontractors or for material or labor; or
 - c. If the Contractor should volun tarily or involuntarily seek protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code and its Debtor in Possession or Trustee for the estate fails to assume the Contract within a reasonable time, or as provided by the Bankruptcy Court; or
 - **d.** If the Contractor should make a general assignment for the benefit of the Contractor's creditors; or
 - **e.** If a receiver should be appointed on account of the Contracto r's insolvency; or
 - f. If the Contractor is otherwise in material breach of any part of the Contract; or
 - **g.** If the Contractor should disregard laws, rules, or the instructions of the City or its Authorized Representative.
 - 2. Required Response to Declaration of De fault. If a default is declared and the Contractor's performance terminated, the Contractor or the surety shall provide the City with immediate and peaceful possession of all of the

materials, tools and appliances located on the premises, as well as all other materials whether on the premises or not, on which the Contractor has received any progress payment. Further, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the Work is completed. On the completion of the Work, the City shall determine the total amount of compensation the Contractor would have been entitled to receive for the Work, under the terms of the Contract, had the Contract or completed the Work. If the difference between this total amount and the sum of all amounts previously paid to the Contractor, (the unpaid balance) exceeds the expense incurred by the City in completing the Work, including expense for additional managerial and administrative services, such excess will be paid to the Contractor, with the consent of the surety;

- **3.** Expense of Completion. The expense incurred by the City shall be as determined and certified by the City;
- G. Refusal to Perform. In addition to and apart from the above-mentioned right of the City to terminate the Contractor's performance, the Contract may be canceled by the City for any willful failure or refusal on the part of the Contractor and its surety to perform faithfully the Contract according to all of its terms and conditions; however, in such event neither the Contractor nor the surety shall be relieved from damages or loss es suffered by the City on account of the Contractor' breach of Contract;
- **H.** Remedies Cumulative. The City may, at its discretion, avail itself of any or all of the above rights or remedies and invoke anyone of the above rights or remedies without prejudice and without precluding the City from subsequently invoking any other right or remedy set forth above, or in the Contract, or available at law or in equity.
- I. Notice. The City shall provide the C ontractor Written notice of the g rounds for Contract cancellation or Contractor termination and of its intention to cancel the Contract or terminate the Contractor's performance. If the Contractor provided a performance and payment bond, the surety shall also be provided with a copy of the notice of Contract cancellation or C ontractor termination. The notice shall include:
 - 1. The effective date of the intended cancellation or termination,
 - 2. The grounds for cancellation or termination, and
 - 3. Notice of the am ount of time (if any) in which the City shall perm it the Contractor to correct the failure to perform.

- J. The Contract docum ents may provide C ontract cancellation or C ontractor termination procedures that are different from, or in addition to, those provided herein. If a Contract contains a cancellation or termination clause, that clause rather than PCC Section 5.33.940 shall determ into the respective rights and responsibilities of the parties in the event of cancellation or termination.
- K. Contract Completion By Substitute Contractor. If the Contractor has provided a performance and payment bond, the City m ay afford the Contractor's surety the opportunity, upon the surety's receipt of a cancellation or termination notice, to provide a substitute Contractor to complete performance of the Contract. The substitute Contractor may Contract with the surety or the City may Contract with the substitute Contractor selected by the surety. Performance by the substitute Contractor shall be rendered pursuant to all material provisions of the origin al Contract, including the provisions of the performance and payment bond. Substitute performance does not constitute the Award of a new Contract and shall not be subject to the provisions of ORS Chapter 279A, 279B or 279C.