# CITY OF PORTLAND SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS: 2007-08

Eighteenth Annual Report on City Government Performance

A REPORT FROM THE CITY AUDITOR
December 2008



Office of the City Auditor Portland, Oregon

Or

2008 Association of Covernment Accountants Reporting



#### CITY OF

## PORTLAND, OREGON

## OFFICE OF THE CITY AUDITOR Audit Services Division

Gary Blackmer, City Auditor

Drummond Kahn, Director of Audit Services 1221 S.W. 4th Avenue, Room 310 Portland, Oregon 97204

(503) 823-4005 FAX (503) 823-4459 www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices

December 9, 2008

TO: Mayor Tom Potter

Commissioner Sam Adams
Commissioner Nick Fish
Commissioner Randy Leonard
Commissioner Dan Saltzman

Portland Development Commission

SUBJECT: City of Portland, Service Efforts and Accomplishments: 2007-08 (Report #360)

This report presents our 18th annual review of the City's service efforts and accomplishments. Good governance requires timely and accurate information and analysis so that the public and decision-makers can make informed decisions about how to best allocate our scarce resources.

Our tradition of reporting service efforts and accomplishments was again recognized this year by the Association of Government Accountants, which awarded our office its fourth Certificate of Achievement in Service Efforts and Accomplishments Reporting. Only 12 local and state governments in the United States were recognized with this award. We are proud to produce this important report.

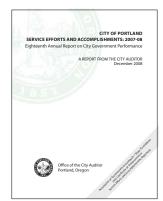
But even excellent reports need to be read and used by decision-makers and the public. The report will continue to be distributed to the media and be available at no charge to residents on the internet and through paper copies available by mail or in person at our office.

Good governance requires good information, and we appreciate your continuing interest in this critical report on our City government's work and results.

GARY BLACKMER

## **Table of Contents**

City highlights	
How we produce the SEA report	9
Bureau performance data	
PUBLIC SAFETY	13
Bureau of Police	14
Portland Fire & Rescue	20
Bureau of Emergency Communications	26
PARKS, RECREATION & CULTURE	31
Bureau of Parks & Recreation	32
TRANSPORTATION & PARKING	37
Office of Transportation	38
PUBLIC UTILITIES	45
Bureau of Environmental Services	46
Portland Water Bureau	50
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	55
Bureau of Development Services	56
Office of Sustainable Development	62
Bureau of Planning	66
Bureau of Housing & Community Development	72
Portland Development Commission	76
Office of Neighborhood Involvement	82



### **Production/Design**

This report was produced in-house in the Audit Services Division using desktop publishing software on Windows based personal computers. Adobe InDesign CS was used to design and layout the finished product. Tables were created in InDesign. Graphs were created in Microsoft Excel and then imported into InDesign. Text was initially created in Microsoft Word and then imported into InDesign. Other graphics and maps were created using various other software. The published report was printed at the City of Portland Printing and Distribution Division.

## City highlights

This is the eighteenth annual report on the City of Portland's service efforts and accomplishments (SEA) prepared by the City Auditor's Office. In each of the past four years, Portland's SEA report was awarded the Certificate of Achievement in Service Efforts and Accomplishments Reporting from the Association of Government Accountants and the Sloan Foundation.

This report contains highlights and performance data on the City's most visible bureaus: Police, Fire & Rescue, Emergency Communications, Parks, Transportation, Environmental Services, Water, Planning, Development Services, Housing and Community Development, the Portland Development Commission, the Office of Neighborhood Involvement, and the Office of Sustainable Development. The report also contains the results of surveys conducted each year of City residents and businesses, and it summarizes their level of satisfaction with specific City services.

We present a combination of bureau workload, efficiency, and effectiveness measures, comparisons to other cities, and the opinions of residents and businesses to provide a broad array of performance information on the City's major service areas. Our intent is to increase public accountability of City government, to help City Council and managers make more informed decisions, and to foster improved delivery of City services.

Overall, Portland residents are satisfied with City services. City neighborhoods are livable. Crime is at historic lows. Drinking water is clean. Millions of residents enjoy parks and recreational activities. Concerns remain about homelessness, housing affordability, and growing demands on our network of streets and on the emergency response system.

This report and prior year reports are available on the Audit Services web site: www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices and in print at Multnomah County libraries.
To have a printed copy mailed to you, call the Audit Services Division at (503) 823-4005.

Following are some of the highlights from this year's SEA report:

- The crime rate remains low and residents generally feel safe in their neighborhoods.
- Portlanders enjoy living here; residents rate livability very high.
- Housing affordability remains a challenge; residents remain concerned about affordability, and the percent of homeowners who spend more than half of their income on housing has reached a new high.
- The number of homeless persons has increased.
- The street maintenance backlog continues to be a challenge.
- Fire and emergency services are well-regarded by most residents and businesses; however, emergency response times remain a challenge.
- Business satisfaction with Portland as a place to do business continues to improve.
- Overall, City water continues to meet or exceed water quality standards; per capita water usage declined over the past 10 years.
- The Willamette River's water quality improved from "fair" to "good" over five years.
- Monthly bills for water remained lower than the average of the six comparison cities; monthly sewer bills, however, are higher than the six city average.
- The rate of structural fire incidents in Portland remained lower than the average of the six comparison cities and the number of total fires is at the lowest point in 50 years.

In this report, we provide readers with data, comparisons, and survey information to illustrate the City's efforts and accomplishments.

### CITY GOAL: Ensure a safe and peaceful community

Resident safety and perceptions of safety in neighborhoods have generally improved over the last 10 years:

 Portland's crime rate continued a long downward trend, mirroring trends across the country. The rate of crimes per 1,000 population was down 51 percent for person crimes and 28 percent for property crimes since 1998.

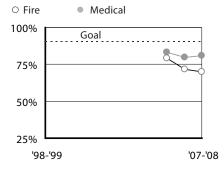
	CRIMES PER 1,000						
	PROPERTY	PERSON					
2003	77.7	8.1					
2004	76.0	7.3					
2005	68.3	6.9					
2006	57.6	6.9					
2007	56.2	6.5					
5 years:	-28%	-20%					
10 years:	-28%	-51%					

- In 2008, most residents
   continue to feel safe walking
   alone in their neighborhoods during the day, and more than half of
   residents feel safe walking alone in their neighborhoods at night.
- The number of fire incidents in 2007 was 2,074, which was 22 percent lower than 10 years earlier.

#### Some trends to watch include:

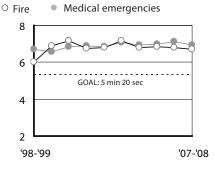
- Dispatch of the highest priority emergency calls for fire and medical continues to fall below the Bureau of Emergency Communications' target times.
- The increase in emergency medical incidents creates equipment and training challenges for Portland Fire & Rescue. Although fire incidents decreased 22 percent over the past 10 years, medical incidents increased 40 percent.
- The City continues to face challenges in meeting its fire and emergency response time goals. The response time for both fire and medical emergency calls was well over one minute longer than the Bureau's target time.

## PERCENT HIGHEST PRIORITY FIRE & MEDICAL CALLS DISPATCHED WITHIN TARGET TIMES



## FIRE BUREAU RESPONSE TIMES COMPARED TO GOAL

(minutes, max. for 90 percent of incidents)

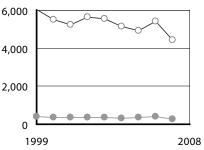


## CITY GOAL: Operate and maintain an effective and safe transportation system

Traffic safety and transit ridership improved over the past 10 years, but the City continues to face challenges replacing or repairing Portland's streets in a timely manner.

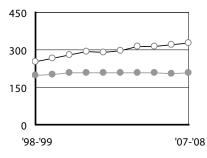
 The number of individuals injured in traffic collisions, including autos, bikes and pedestrians, fell 21 percent from 2003 to 2007, from 5,905 injured to 4,691. In 2007, the numbers of bicyclists and pedestrians injured in traffic was the lowest in nine years.

## 



#### TRANSIT RIDERSHIP

(average weekday boardings, thousands)○ bus, MAX, and streetcar ● bus

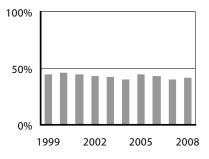


 Bus, MAX, and streetcar ridership (count of each trip) increased 29 percent in 10 years. Over the last five years, MAX ridership increased 28 percent and streetcar trips increased 90 percent.

There are several areas of concern, which include:

- For 10 years, less than half of residents rated street maintenance favorably. This year only 41 percent rated it good or very good.
- The Portland Office of Transportation (PDOT) did not report the amount of street resurfacing by its work crews during the past two fiscal years.

## **RESIDENTS: RATING OF STREET MAINTENANCE**(percent good or very good)



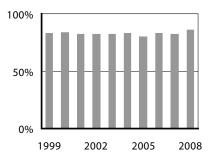
 PDOT did not report unmet street maintenance needs during the past two years. In FY 2005-06, PDOT reported that the backlog of unmet needs was the equivalent of 1,463 lane miles. PDOT is changing its management practices.

## CITY GOAL: Improve the quality of life in neighborhoods

Overall, Portland residents rate neighborhood and city livability high.

- In 2008, 86 percent of residents rate neighborhood livability positively, while 82 percent of residents rate livability of the city positively.
- For the past 10 years, most residents consistently rated their neighborhoods positively on closeness to parks and open spaces, walking distance to bus or MAX stops, and access to shopping and other services.

**RESIDENTS: NEIGHBORHOOD LIVABILITY**(percent good or very good)

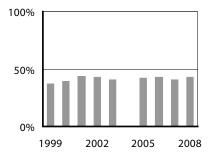


 Residents use their parks system heavily. Only 10 percent reported not visiting a park during the last year, while 44 percent reported visiting a park more than 10 times during the year.

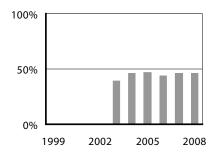
#### Challenges include:

- More Portland households have a severe cost burden, where they spend more than 50 percent of their income on housing.
- Over the last several years, most residents and businesses do not believe that new residential development has improved their neighborhood as a place to live and do business.

RESIDENTS: NEW RESIDENTIAL
DEVELOPMENT IMPROVING
NEIGHBORHOOD AS A PLACE TO LIVE
(percent good or very good)



BUSINESSES: NEW RESIDENTIAL
DEVELOPMENT IMPROVING
NEIGHBORHOOD AS A PLACE TO DO
BUSINESS (percent good or very good)



 The Parks Bureau has not collected data for the past two fiscal years on two important Parks effectiveness measures: customer satisfaction and facilities condition.

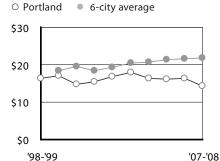
### CITY GOAL: Protect and enhance the natural and built environment

While Portland's growth presents challenges to the natural and built environment, the City contributed to sustainable practices in several ways.

- The City continues to meet water quality standards.
- The Willamette River's water quality improved from "fair" to "good" over the past five years.

DRINKING WATER QUALITY INDICATORS								
	'07-08	Standard						
Maximum turbidity	1.29	<u>&lt;</u> 5.00						
Minimum pH	7.0	≥ 7.0						
Maximum chlorine residual	1.9 mg/L	< 4.0 mg/L						
Positive samples of coliform bacteria	0.12%	≤ 5.00%						

## AVERAGE MONTHLY RESIDENTIAL WATER BILL (adjusted)



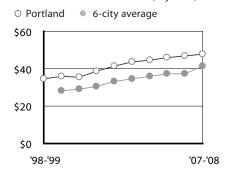
 The average monthly residential water bill decreased 13 percent over the past 10 years, and is lower than comparison cities. The decrease is partly due to reduced water usage.

• The estimated gallons of sewer overflow diverted from the Columbia Slough and the Willamette River increased from 50 percent in FY 1998-99 to 66 percent in FY 2007-08. The goal is to divert 96 percent of the total 6 billon gallons by 2011.

Challenges to our natural and built environment include:

- Average monthly residential sewer bills rose to \$47.79 in FY 2007-08 and remained higher than the average of the six comparison cities.
- The Parks Bureau spends less than its goal of 80 percent of maintenance hours on preventative maintenance.

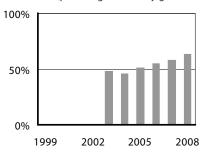
## AVERAGE MONTHLY RESIDENTIAL SEWER / STORMWATER BILL (adjusted)



## CITY GOAL: Promote economic vitality and opportunity

Nearly two-thirds of businesses rate Portland as a good place to do business in 2008. However, businesses and residents report varying satisfaction with City services that impact Portland's economic vitality.

BUSINESSES:
RATING OF PORTLAND AS A PLACE TO DO
BUSINESS (percent good or very good)

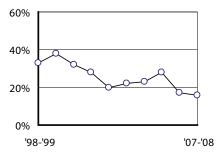


- Business satisfaction with Portland as a place to do business continues to improve. In 2008, 63 percent rate Portland positively, compared to 46 percent in 2004.
- Resident ratings of downtown Portland as a good place to live, work, shop, and recreate increased to 69 percent in 2008, up from 62 percent in 2006.
- In addition, assessed real property values in Urban Renewal Areas (URAs) continue to outpace values in the rest of the city. Over the last seven years, assessed values in URAs increased about 40 percent per acre, while values in the rest of the city increased about 29 percent per acre.

#### Challenges include:

- The number of homeless people is 33 percent higher than in 2003-04, based on the 2008 Multnomah County one-night shelter count.
- In 2007-08, City-sponsored homeless placement programs placed only 16 percent of the people who sought services. This is a 6 percent decrease since 2003-04.
- City development services workload declined during
   FY 2007-08 as construction activity slowed. The number

## PERCENT OF HOMELESS ADULTS PLACED IN STABLE HOUSING

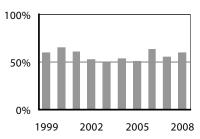


of building permits, trade permits, construction inspections, land use cases received and zoning plan checks all decreased from the previous year.

## CITY GOAL: Deliver efficient, effective, and accountable municipal services

Resident ratings of local government increased from last year, and are 6 percent higher than five years ago. This year, 60 percent of residents rate overall local government services positively, while 11 percent of residents rate them negatively.

RESIDENTS: LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES, OVERALL (percent good or very good)



Business ratings of local government services were not as high as resident ratings, but improved from five years ago.

	RES	IDENTS	BUSINESSES		
	2008	5-year change	2008	5-year change	
Good or very good	60%	+6%	51%	+11%	
Neither good nor bad	29%	-1%	38%	-4%	
Bad or very bad	11%	-5%	11%	-6%	

Spending per capita for City services increased 2 percent over the last five years. In FY 2007-08, the Police Bureau had the highest per capita spending, followed by the Portland Development Commission, Fire & Rescue, Transportation and Environmental Services.

<b>OPERATING SPENDING PER CAPITA</b> (adjusted)							
	'07-08	5-year change					
Police	\$351	+1%					
PDC	\$230	-1%					
Fire & Rescue	\$212	+1%					
Transportation	\$178	+5%					
B.E.S.	\$169	-1%					
Parks & Recreation	\$113	+1%					
Water	\$74	-8%					
B.D.S.	\$73	+24%					
BHCD	\$53	+2%					
BOEC	\$23	+10%					
Planning	\$18	+20%					
OSD	\$13	+63%					
ONI	\$12	-20%					
TOTAL	\$1,519	+2%					

## How we produce the SEA report

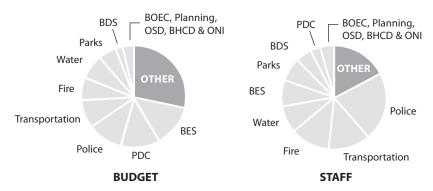
## OBJECTIVE, SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

This is the eighteenth annual *Service Efforts and Accomplishments* (SEA) report from the City Auditor's Office.

The objective of our work was to document current data, trends, and issues with the City's efforts to deliver services to residents, and the City's accomplishments related to these efforts.

Our scope was the efforts and results in FY 2007-08 (July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008) of 12 City bureaus and the Portland Development Commission. We did not assess all of the activities and important programs of the City. For example, legislative, administrative, and support services, such as purchasing, personnel, information technology, and budgeting and finance are not included. The bureaus we selected for review represent 72 percent of the City's budget for the fiscal year and 86 percent of the City's full-time equivalent employees.

#### SEA SERVICES AS A PROPORTION OF TOTAL CITY BUDGET AND STAFF



SOURCE: FY 2007-08 City of Portland Adopted Budget

Some bureau efforts and results are compared to data we gathered from other similar cities: Charlotte, Cincinnati, Denver, Kansas City, Sacramento, and Seattle. We selected these comparison cities 18 years ago based on similarity to Portland in city and metropolitan area population size, comparisons made in prior audits, and representation across the country. Inter-city information was obtained from annual budgets, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, or other official records. This information is included in the bureau data tables in this report where appropriate.

Information contained in this report was provided by City managers in response to requests from the Audit Services Division. To compile the information in the report, we prepared and transmitted data collection forms to major City bureaus. Bureau managers and staff completed the forms and returned them to us. For City financial data, we used data from accounting period 13-4. This is the most complete financial data for the fiscal year available when we conducted our work.

To assess the reliability of management's data, our audit work included several levels of review:

#### Reasonableness

Our audit staff reviewed each data element and the overall Bureau information for reasonableness. We determined reasonableness based on our knowledge and understanding of City programs. If we identified any questionable information, we discussed this with the Bureau.

### Consistency

Our staff reviewed each data element and the overall Bureau information for consistency. We compared this year's data with both the prior year and with trends extending as far as 10 years. If we identified any inconsistent information, we discussed this with the Bureau.

#### Accuracy

Our staff reviewed each data element and the overall Bureau information for accuracy. We compared Bureau-reported information against source documentation (including budget information and other internal and publicly-reported data). If we identified any inaccurate data, we discussed this with the Bureau.

In addition, each section and chapter in the report underwent an internal quality review process, where an auditor who did not compile a Bureau's data reviewed the data, support, and a draft of each chapter. Any questions or issues identified by the second auditor were resolved with each section's primary author.

Our reviews are not intended to provide absolute assurance that all data elements provided by management are free from error. Rather, we intend to provide reasonable assurance that the data present a picture of the efforts and accomplishments of each bureau.

#### **Management representations**

Subject to the confirmation and verification activities described above, we largely relied on City bureaus' answers to the questions we asked in our data collection forms. For this report, we did not audit source documents, like water quality test results or 9-1-1 recordings for accuracy, but checked the reasonableness of management representations against our knowledge of programs and prior years' reports. We questioned data we felt was not reasonable or that required additional explanation from management. It is important to note that our report is not an audit of each data element contained in this document, but instead is a set of pictures of the City's work and results in these key areas.

Finally, while the report may offer insights on service results, it does not thoroughly analyze the causes of negative or positive performance. More detailed analysis by bureaus or specific performance audits may be necessary to provide reliable explanations for results. This report can help focus research on the most important performance issues.

#### Independence

Staff and management in the Audit Services Division of the Office of the City Auditor prepared this report. We are independent of the Mayor, City Council, and the City bureaus and offices described in this report. As the City Auditor is independently elected and is directly accountable to the voters, our work is not subject to approval by any of the bureaus or offices we review, or by any other elected official in the City. In addition, the Audit Services Division is subject to an external quality control review through the Association of Local Government Auditors. Our last review, completed in 2008, is available through the Audit Services Division website or by request.

#### Information technology

During our work, we relied on management's representations of data from computer-based systems. These included human resource systems for the number of employees, budget systems for budgeted program amounts, and other management systems. We did not independently assess the reliability of each of these systems, although the data from systems we report here appeared reasonable. In addition, we relied on the work of other auditors, including the City's independent financial auditors, who reviewed the reliability of major financial systems as part of their audit of the City's annual financial statements.

#### Inflation adjustments and rounding

In order to account for inflation, we express most financial data in constant dollars. We adjusted dollars to represent the purchasing power of money in FY 2007-08, based on the U.S. Department of Labor's Portland-Salem Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. For readability, numbers are rounded. In some cases, tables may not add to 100 percent or to the exact total due to rounding.

#### **FISCAL YEAR INFLATION ADJUSTMENT**

98-99 99-00 00-01 01-02 02-03 03-04 04-05 05-06 06-07 07-08 1.2543 1.2117 1.1785 1.1579 1.1489 1.1296 1.0984 1.0699 1.0389 1.0000

We conducted this performance audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

## RESIDENT, BUSINESS, AND CUSTOMER PERCEPTIONS

The report contains results from several surveys of resident, business, customer, and employee perceptions. To obtain information on resident satisfaction with the quality of City services, we conducted our eighteenth annual citywide Resident Survey and our sixth annual Business Survey in July and August, 2008. Survey results are included in each bureau data table in this report, where appropriate. Survey results are also available on our web site, <a href="https://www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices">www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices</a>. Our web site contains the complete questionnaire of the Resident Survey and responses for the past 10 years, a description of methodology, response rates, and confidence levels.

In addition, bureau data tables, where appropriate, also contain the results of customer and employee surveys administered by City bureaus.

## **PUBLIC SAFETY**

## CITY GOAL:

To ensure a safe and peaceful community

### **BUREAU OF POLICE**

**MISSION:** To reduce crime and the fear or crime by working with all citizens to preserve life, maintain human rights, protect property, and promote individual responsibility and community commitment.

### BUREAU OF FIRE, RESCUE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES

**MISSION:** To aggressively and safely protect life, property and the environment by providing excellence in emergency services, training and prevention.

#### **BUREAU OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS**

**MISSION:** To provide exemplary, quality and timely 9-1-1 call-taking services to the citizens of Portland and Multnomah County, and to provide the best possible dispatch services to BOEC's police, fire and medical user agencies.

## **Portland Police Bureau**

#### **Overview**

The Bureau continues to make progress on its core goal of reducing crime and the fear of crime. The crime rate decreased 31 percent since 1998, and for the last 10 years most residents feel safe walking alone in their neighborhoods during the day. Increasingly, residents feel safe walking alone in their neighborhoods at night. The Bureau continues to face staffing and funding challenges. The Bureau is not able to hire as many police officers as it is authorized to hire. Pension and disability costs continue to make up a significant share of Bureau spending.

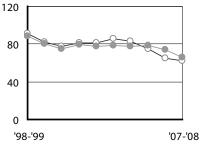
### **Positive Trends**

Portland's crime rate continued a long downward trend, mirroring trends across the country. The rate of crimes per 1,000 population was down 51 percent for person crimes and 28 percent for property crimes since 1998.

	CRIMES PER 1,000							
	PROPERTY	PERSON						
2003	77.7	8.1						
2004	76.0	7.3						
2005	68.3	6.9						
2006	57.6	6.9						
2007	56.2	6.5						
5 years:	-28%	-20%						
10 years:	-28%	-51%						

### **CRIMES PER 1,000 RESIDENTS**

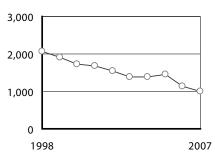
O Portland • 6-city average



- For the third year in a row, Portland's crime rate was below the average of the six comparison cities.
- In 2008, most residents continue to feel safe walking alone in their neighborhoods during the day, and more than half of residents feel safe walking alone in their neighborhoods at night.
- The estimated number of addresses generating drug house complaints to the Bureau's Drugs and Vice Division continued to decline, from

2,075 in 1998 to 1,000 in 2007. According to the Bureau, some reasons for this decline might include not all calls coming to the Drugs and Vice Division, a decline in the number of methamphetamine laboratories operating in Oregon, and more drug buyers calling in orders directly to drug dealers instead of frequenting drug houses.

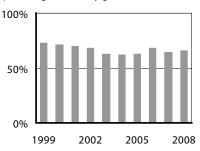
## ESTIMATED NUMBER OF ADDRESSES GENERATING DRUG HOUSE COMPLAINTS



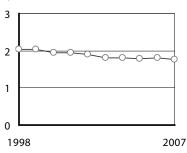
### **Challenges**

 Overall resident satisfaction with police services in 2008 is about the same as last year and slightly lower than it was 10 years ago.

RESIDENTS: OVERALL POLICE SERVICE (percent good or very good)



## AUTHORIZED SWORN EMPLOYEES PER 1,000 RESIDENTS



- The number of sworn employees authorized per 1,000 residents declined 13 percent over the past 10 years. Personnel shortages continue to contribute to overtime costs, as noted in our 2007 audit of police overtime.
- Although the number of reported crimes per detective is down slightly, it is still higher than we found in other cities in our 2005 audit of the Police Bureau's investigative function. The number of detectives increased by 4 percent since 2001, while Portland's population grew by 6 percent during the same period of time.
- The high priority response time of 5.23 minutes is 7 percent higher than it was five years ago and has increased steadily since 2001. The goal for high priority response time is five minutes.
- Pension and disability costs continued to consume a large share of overall police spending. Ten years ago, pension and disability costs represented 20 percent of police spending, but have now increased to 25 percent. The Fire and Police Disability Fund is administered by a

POLICE SPENDING (millions, adjusted)								
	'07-08	5-year change	10-year change					
Police Bureau programs	\$148.9	+5%	+8%					
Pension & disability	\$50.6	+6%	+46%					
TOTAL	\$199.5	+5%	+15%					

separate board operating under authority of the City Charter. Due to City Charter changes, police officers hired after January 1, 2007 are no longer covered by the pension portion of the Fund.

## **Portland Police Bureau**

#### MISSION

To reduce crime and the fear of crime by working with all citizens to preserve life, maintain human rights, protect property, and promote individual responsibility and community commitment.

### **GOALS**

- 1. Focus efforts on repeat calls for service and chronic offenders
- 2. Continuously improve work processes
- 3. Enhance the police and community partnership
- 4. Develop and encourage personnel

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted) 1									
Emergency response and problem solving	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$59.8	\$63.1
Investigations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$19.6	\$19.0
Cycle of violence reduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$14.4	\$13.7
Neighborhood safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$4.5	\$2.7
Traffic safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$11.7	\$12.0
Citizen partnership	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0.6	\$0.5
Communication	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0.7	\$0.7
Human resource development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$10.8	\$8.4
Data access	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$11.7	\$13.3
Employee performance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.1	\$1.3
Strategy and finance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$13.4	\$14.1
Sworn pension and disability \$34.6	\$36.0	\$37.4	\$40.7	\$44.9	\$47.8	\$47.5	\$47.4	\$49.5	\$50.6
TOTAL\$172.8	\$173.1	\$178.2	\$185.5	\$182.3	\$190.2	\$194.5	\$196.6	\$197.8	\$199.5
Authorized Staffing:									
Sworn1033	1045	1039	1040	1021	992	995	997	1015	1003
Non-sworn295	312	322	308	260	252	253	259	266	284
Officers & sergeants assigned to precincts									
(actual)553	577	568	564	560	576	558	585	584	583
Detectives (actual)	_	-	79	79	79	85	84	83	82
1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Average number of patrol units:									
Midnight to 4 am	70	73	70	69	71	71	71	69	67
4 am to 8 am	45	45	44	51	54	53	55	50	50
8 am to noon	56	60	59	54	56	55	56	54	52
Noon to 4 pm	60	62	60	53	57	54	53	51	51
4 pm to 8 pm	66	68	69	76	79	76	78	74	75
8 pm to midnight	86	90	86	79	83	80	80	78	77
WORKLOAD MEASURES 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Service population509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Crimes reported:									
Part I46,523	41,867	41,454	43,567	43,823	46,771	45,892	41,878	36,276	35,618
Part I person crimes 6,707	6,294	5,698	4,555	4,512	4,436	4,034	3,858	3,872	3,701
Part I property crimes39,816	35,573	35,756	39,012	39,311	42,335	41,858	38,020	32,404	31,917
Part II45,007	44,400	50,511	46,448	40,337	40,897	44,393	45,341	44,495	40,759
Incidents:									
Dispatched246,567	228,278	230,740	243,861	248,865	262,670	259,661	2// 225	227,029	219,840
•	51,981	48,433	44,840	38,973	30,110	25,486	30,219		33,804
Telephone report									
Telephone report       54,652         Officer-initiated       154,734	175,459	202,811	176,363	185,261	192,184	173,269		30,317 193,383	190,705

<sup>1</sup> The Bureau reorganized its budget and expanded the previous four budget program areas into 11 categories, beginning in FY 2006-07.

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Dispatched incidents per precinct officer446	396	406	432	444	456	465	418	389	377
Officer initiated incidents per precinct officer280	304	357	313	331	334	311	325	331	327
Part I crimes per detective	-	-	551	555	592	540	499	437	434
Person crimes per 1,000 residents	12.3	10.7	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.3	6.9	6.9	6.5
Property crimes per 1,000 residents 78.1	69.4	67.3	72.8	73.0	77.7	76.0	68.3	57.6	56.2
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted)\$339.1	\$337.9	\$335.3	\$345.9	\$338.7	\$348.9	\$353.3	\$353.3	\$351.5	\$350.9
Average high priority response time (in mins) 5.22	5.10	4.81	4.79	4.87	4.88	5.12	5.13	5.13	5.23
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cases cleared:									
Person crimes2,526	2,385	2,225	1,685	1,645	1,562	1,469	1,455	1,433	1,515
Property crimes5,612	5,160	5,124	4,942	5,967	6,459	5,922	5,305	4,862	4,992
Cases cleared (percent of total crimes):									
Percent of person crimes cleared	39%	40%	39%	38%	36%	37%	38%	38%	41%
Percent of property crimes cleared	15%	14%	13%	15%	15%	14%	14%	15%	15%
Percent of time available for problem-solving (est.)	39%	38%	36%	35%	32%	34%	35%	35%	34%
Addresses generating drughouse complaints									
(approximate) ,2075	1,918	1,726	1,671	1,556	1,376	1,390	1,464	1,134	1,000
COMPARISON TO OTHER CITIES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 residents:									
6-city average	80 82	75 78	79 81	78 81	79 86	78 83	78 75	74 65	66 63
·	02	76	01	01	80	03	/5	05	03
Police adopted budget per capita (adjusted): 6-city average\$300.4	\$309.4	\$308.5	\$312.2	\$309.0	\$324.7	\$321.2	\$325.7	\$330.4	\$343.9
City of Portland\$334.7		\$345.7	\$342.9	\$335.8	\$343.5	\$343.5		\$339.7	\$335.3
DECIDENT CUDVEY DECIDES	2000	2004	2002	2002	2004	2005	2006	2007	2000
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How safe would you feel walking alone									
during the day: In your neighborhood?	88%	88%	88%	87%	88%	88%	90%	89%	91%
In the park closest to you?	75%	76%	74%	76%	77%	75%	78%	78%	81%
Downtown?	70%	72%	70%	69%	71%	64%	68%	68%	72%
How safe would you feel walking alone at night:									
In your neighborhood?	51%	53%	50%	53%	53%	49%	55%	51%	59%
In the park closest to you?       20%         Downtown?       26%	22% 28%	25% 31%	23% 30%	26% 30%	25% 29%	22% 22%	27% 28%	25% 27%	30% 31%
	20%0	5 170	30%	30%	29%	2270	20%0	2/70	7 ۱ ر
If your home was broken into or burglarized in the past 12 months, did you report it	F60/-	F704	720/	F00/	6 <b>7</b> 0%	600/-	6a0/-	600/	670/
to police? (% yes)	56%	57%	73%	58%	67%	69%	61%	69%	67%

## **Portland Police Bureau**

RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS (continued) (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Do you know, or have you heard of, your neighborhood police officer? (% yes)	13%	14%	13%	14%	15%	14%	14%	14%	14%	15%
If your car or truck was broken into (or an attempt made) in the past 12 months, did you report it to police? (% yes)	40%	40%	39%	43%	44%	46%	45%	45%	NA	42%
How do you rate the City's efforts to control misconduct by Portland patrol officers?		-	-	-	-	35%	39%	42%	38%	42%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of City of Portland police services?	73%	71%	70%	68%	63%	62%	63%	68%	64%	66%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate quality of police services from the viewpoint of your business?		-	-	-	77%	78%	74%	76%	74%	75%
How do you rate the safety of your business neighborhood during the day?		-	-	-	76%	74%	74%	74%	75%	77%
Thinking about your business, how do you rate your neighborhood area on vagrancy?		-	-	-	39%	39%	39%	40%	38%	41%

For more information about the Portland Police Bureau (Police) click or go to: <a href="https://www.portlandonline.com/police">www.portlandonline.com/police</a>

## **Portland Fire and Rescue**

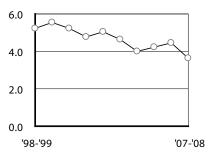
#### **Overview**

Portland Fire and Rescue responded to a record number of total incidents in FY 2007-08 – over 65,700. Two-thirds of these were medical emergencies. Only 3 percent were fire incidents, which decreased to the lowest number in 50 years. Response times improved slightly but many are longer than the Bureau's target times.

#### **Positive Trends**

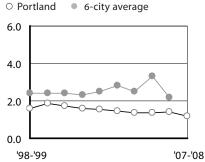
• The number of all fires per 1,000 residents fell 30 percent in 10 years and 18 percent in the last year alone. The total number of fire incidents in FY 2007-08 was 2,074, the lowest on record for at least 50 years.

**FIRES PER 1,000 RESIDENTS** 



 The number of structural fires per 1,000 residents fell 25 percent in ten years, and remains lower than the average rate of six comparison cities.

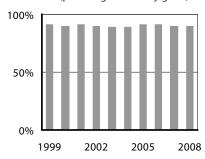
STRUCTURAL FIRES PER 1,000 RESIDENTS



 The loss of civilian life due to fire was 0.7 per 100,000 residents in FY 2007-08, the

lowest rate in nine years. The Bureau reports no firefighters have died in the line of duty for 30 years.

## RESIDENTS: RATING OF OVERALL FIRE & EMERGENCY SERVICES (percent good or very good)



 In our recent resident survey, 90 percent of residents rated overall fire and emergency services positively.

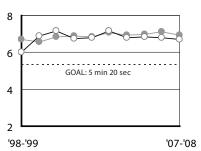
• The number of incidents other than fire and medical emergencies decreased 8 percent in 10 years, to 19,021 in FY 2007-08, although the city's population increased 12 percent in the same time. Calls in this category include false calls, service requests, and hazardous conditions.

### **Challenges**

The Bureau continues to face challenges in meeting its response time goals. The response time for at least 10 percent of both fire and medical emergency calls was well over one minute longer than the Bureau's target time. The Audit Services Division is conducting an audit of fire and medical emergency response times.

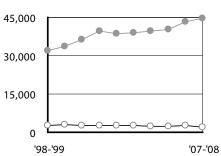
## **RESPONSE TIMES COMPARED TO GOAL** (minutes, max. for 90 percent of incidents)

• Fire • Medical emergencies



## FIRE AND MEDICAL EMERGENCY INCIDENTS

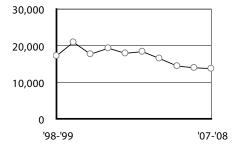
O Fire Medical incidents



• The 40 percent increase in emergency medical incidents in 10 years creates equipment and training challenges for the Bureau. Although fire incidents decreased 22 percent in that time, medical incidents increased the total to 65,721, the highest number of incidents in at least 50 years.

 The Bureau conducts building fire prevention inspections, checking compliance with the fire code. The number of fire prevention inspections fell 25 percent in five years. The average number of violations found per inspection also fell. The Bureau reports that compliance is improving due to past code inspections.

#### **CODE ENFORCEMENT INSPECTIONS**



## **Portland Fire & Rescue**

#### **MISSION**

To aggressively and safely protect life, property and the environment by providing excellence in emergency services, training and prevention.

#### **GOALS**

- Keep the city safe from low frequency / high consequence events
- 2. Maximize dispatch effectiveness
- 3. Improve technology use and system implementation
- Implement resource demand management and response strategies
- 5. Improve quality, value, efficiency and timeliness of external support services
- 6. Enhance effectiveness of internal communication
- 7. Educate employees about internal planning process

- External and internal customers experience consistent, timely, quality customer service from all levels of the organization
- 9. Maintain a highly trained and educated workforce
- 10. Enhance the safety and health of the workforce
- 11. Demonstrate leadership in the area of cultural competency by achieving a work environment where all employees are treated with respect and dignity
- 12. Enhance effectiveness of staffing and human resource processes
- 13. Effectively manage overall PF&R costs
- 14. Secure stable funding for all PF&R operations

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted)									
Emergency Operations\$53.6	\$53.2	\$52.9	\$52.9	\$54.0	\$55.5	\$57.7	\$58.8	\$60.8	\$57.7
Fire Prevention \$6.4	\$6.2	\$6.1	\$6.1	\$6.4	\$6.2	\$6.1	\$6.2	\$6.7	\$6.2
Other\$12.0	\$12.2	\$12.5	\$13.0	\$14.0	\$14.7	\$14.2	\$15.4	\$15.9	\$16.4
Total bureau operating \$72.0	\$71.7	\$71.6	\$72.0	\$74.4	\$76.4	\$78.1	\$80.4	\$83.3	\$80.4
Sworn employees' retirement & disability\$31.8	\$31.5	\$32.5	\$33.7	\$36.4	\$37.2	\$38.1	\$37.9	\$39.0	\$40.0
TOTAL operating\$103.8	\$103.1	\$104.0	\$105.7	\$110.8	\$113.7	\$116.1	\$118.3	\$122.3	\$120.4
Capital\$3.1	\$2.2	\$8.6	\$8.6	\$9.0	\$6.2	\$5.0	\$7.2	\$4.4	\$5.9
TOTAL \$106.9	\$105.3	\$112.7	\$114.3	\$119.8	\$119.9	\$121.1	\$125.5	\$126.7	\$126.2
Revenues: (millions, adjusted)									
Fire Prevention\$2.4	\$2.9	\$2.7	\$2.4	\$2.3	\$2.5	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$3.1	\$3.2
Authorized staffing <sup>2</sup> 729	730	743	721	710	701	703	709	735	755
Front-line emergency vehicles:									
Number of vehicles 59	59	61	62	63	63	63	65	68	73
Average age of engines (yrs.)6.5	7.5	8.7	7.6	7.8	8.7	7.3	7.2	8.4	9.4
Average age of trucks (yrs.)	8.1	9.1	6.6	7.6	8.6	9.6	10.6	9.6	10.6
Average miles of engines	-	63,088	58,313	62,834	71,307	59,736	60,446	75,159	80,471
Average miles of trucks	-	50,297	41,789	47,887	54,204	60,210	66,333	62,478	68,403
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Emergency incidents:									
Fire	2,853	2,790	2,549	2,706	2,528	2,204	2,352	2,501	2,074
Medical31,968	33,709	36,210	39,677	38,707	38,929	39,769	40,283	43,474	44,626
Other	21,034	20,663	18,162	17,526	19,215	17,723	18,831	19,329	19,021
TOTAL incidents55,313	57,596	59,663	60,388	58,939	60,672	59,696	61,466	65,304	65,721
Total fires per 1,000 residents 5.21	5.57	5.25	4.75	5.03	4.64	4.00	4.23	4.44	3.65

<sup>1</sup> Expenditures do not include \$3.1 million in retroactive pay the Bureau reports it granted in FY 2007-08 to firefighters. \$2.7 million of this would be included in Emergency Operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, Fire Bureau staffing is full-time-equivalents, not full-time positions reported in prior years.

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 98-	99 99-0	0 00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Medical incidents by patient emergency (for those classified):									
Cardiac			-	-	-	-	-	2,330	2,604
Respiritory			-	-	-	-	-	1,913	2,195
Trauma			-	-	-	-	-	6,008	6,575
Other			-	-	-	-	-	9,379	10,812
Occupancies in city:									
Inspectable (estimated)		- 34,792	35,689	37,071	37,741	37,961	38,130	38,115	38,326
Structural fires in inspectable occupancies			349	335	303	299	304	298	252
Structural fires in non-inspectable occupancies			507	488	492	441	447	484	424
TOTAL structural fires8	96	4 925	856	823	795	740	751	783 <sup>3</sup>	676
Code enforcement inspections:									
Number of inspections (incl. unscheduled) 17,2		5 17,629	19,359	17,811	18,336	16,605	14,512	13,913	13,750
Total code violations found30,1			29,834	26,937	24,036	20,725	17,537	16,384	14,207
Number of reinspections8,2	.94 11,64	2 11,370	11,318	9,805	7,798	7,937	6,936	6,215	4,463
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-	99 99-0	0 00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08 <sup>1</sup>
Operating spending per capita (adjusted)\$2	204 \$20	1 \$196	\$197	\$206	\$209	\$211	\$213	\$217	\$212
Operating + capital per capita (adjusted) \$2	210 \$20	6 \$212	\$213	\$223	\$220	\$220	\$226	\$225	\$222
Emergency incident 4 response time at 90th percentile – 10% of responses were slower than reported time (min'sec"): Dispatch to first arrival:									
Fire incidents (target 5'20")6'0	00" 6'53	s" 7'11"	6'45"	6'47"	7'11"	6'47"	6'51"	6'49"	6'42"
Medical incidents (target 5'20")			6'53"	6'50"	7'05"	6'57"	6'59"	7'07"	6'57"
Dispatch to patient's side (target 8'00")			-	8'28"	8'55"	8'49"	8'50"	9'03"	9'05"
Fire response within 5'20" 4 (discontinued)69		% 69%	71%	71%	68%	71%	70%	-	-
Medical response within 5'20" 4 (discontinued) 72	2% 74%	% 70%	69%	70%	66%	67%	67%	-	-
Incidents per average on-duty responders3	346 33	7 316	375	359	382	364	387	398	389
Code enforcement inspections:									
Average violations per inspection	1.7 1.	8 1.8	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0
within 27 months 5			-	-	82%	86%	83%	78%	73%
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-	99 99-0	0 00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Lives lost per 100,000 residents	0.6 1.	2 1.3	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.7
Property loss:									
Fire loss per capita (adjusted)	550 \$8	5 \$48	\$44	\$39	\$68	\$53	\$49	\$42	\$33
Loss as percent of value of property 0.40			0.59%	0.55%	1.08%	0.95%	0.70%	0.72%	0.76%
Code enforcement violations abated within 90 days of finding		- 80%	79%	72%	64%	73%	61%	60%	56%
				-	-				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> One structural fire not accounted for by type of occupancy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Dispatched as Code 1 or Code 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Within 90 days after two-year eligibility

## **Portland Fire & Rescue**

COMPARISON TO OTHER CITIES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Structural fires per 1,000 residents:									
6-city average2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.5	3.3	2.2	-
City of Portland	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2
Adopted operating budget per capita (adjusted):									
6-city average185.2	185.0	188.6	187.7	194.6	197.0	202.4	202.9	213.3	-
City of Portland210.7	200.2	203.3	199.0	205.2	206.8	203.4	206.0	211.1	217.0
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Overall, how do you rate the quality of fire and emergency services? 6	90%	91%	90%	89%	89%	91%	91%	90%	90%
Are you prepared to sustain yourself for 72 hours after a major disaster (% yes)?57%	61%	54%	53%	54%	54%	55%	56%	57%	52%
If no, do you know what to do to get prepared (% yes)?	54%	50%	50%	56%	49%	60%	64%	60%	60%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
If your business had any inspections by the Fire Bureau in the past 12 months, how do you rate the quality of the inspections?	-	-	-	81%	79%	80%	81%	81%	85%
How do you rate the quality of fire and emergency services from the point of view of your business?	-	-	-	85%	85%	86%	84%	85%	87%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Question was modified to include "and emergency" in 2008.

For more information about Portland Fire & Rescue click or go to:  $\underline{www.portlandonline.com/fire}$ 

## **Bureau of Emergency Communications (9-1-1)**

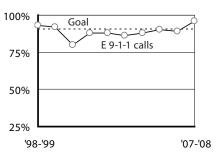
### **Overview**

The Bureau of Emergency Communications answered the highest priority emergency calls faster than at any time in the past 10 years. However, the Bureau does not meet dispatch target time goals for most other types of calls. This year, BOEC identified performance measures that more accurately identify successes and areas in need of improvement. Dispatch target times now include call initiation through dispatch of the call to emergency responders. This more accurately depicts the work involved in each 9-1-1 call.

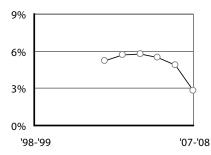
### **Positive Trends**

In all but one of the past 10 years, the highest priority 9-1-1 calls consistently came close to or exceeded the answer time goal of 20 seconds for 90 percent of calls. In 2007-08, the Bureau answered 96 percent of E 9-1-1 calls in 20 seconds – a 10 year high.

## PERCENT OF E 9-1-1 CALLS ANSWERED IN 20 SECONDS



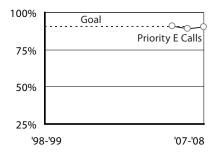
## PERCENT OF EMERGENCY CALLS ABANDONED BY CALLER BEFORE ANSWERED



 The percent of emergency calls abandoned by callers before being answered steadily decreased to a six year low of 2.8 percent in 2007-08.

 For the last three years, the highest priority police calls met or exceeded dispatch target time goals of 120 seconds for 90 percent of calls.

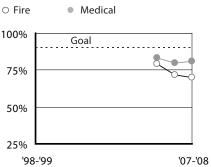
## PERCENT OF PRIORITY E CALLS DISPATCHED IN TARGET TIME



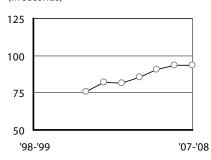
## **Challenges**

The highest priority fire and emergency medical calls continue to fall below dispatch target times of 60 seconds and 30 seconds for 90 percent of calls.

## PERCENT HIGHEST PRIORITY FIRE & MEDICAL CALLS DISPATCHED WITHIN TARGET TIMES



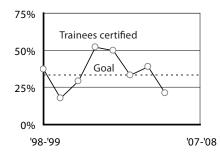
## **AVERAGE TIME TO PROCESS ALL CALLS** (in seconds)



 Average time to process all calls steadily increased from almost 82 seconds in 2003-04 to over 93 seconds in 2007-08. This is a 14 percent increase over the past five years.

- The Bureau's total budget increased two percent since FY 1998-99, but training expenditures for the same time period dropped 95 percent.
- For trainees hired in FY 2005-06, 21 percent successfully attained certification within 18 months. The Bureau's goal is to have 33 percent of trainees certified within 18 months.

## PERCENT OF OPERATORS CERTIFIED WITHIN 18 MONTHS



## **Bureau of Emergency Communications**

MISSION

To provide exemplary, quality and timely 9-1-1 call-taking services to citizens of Portland and Multnomah County, and to provide the best possible dispatch services to BOEC's police, fire and medical user agencies.

**GOAL** 

Provide excellent and timely call-taking and dispatch services

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted)									
Operations	\$13.7	\$13.7	\$13.9	\$14.2	\$12.5	\$12.6	\$13.1	\$13.7	\$14.8
Training \$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.6	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$<0.1	\$0.1	\$<0.1	\$0.1	\$<0.1
Administration\$0.9	\$0.8	\$1.5	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$1.5	\$1.5
Other\$0.7	\$0.4	\$1.0	\$2.2	\$1.2	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$1.7	\$0.9	\$0.2
TOTAL \$16.1	\$15.7	\$16.8	\$17.1	\$16.5	\$14.3	\$14.5	\$15.7	\$16.2	\$16.5
Authorized Staffing (FTE):147	165	160	133	133	137	137	139	145	143
Emergency Communications Operators: Certified Dispatchers & Calltakers	88	01	87	0.5	0.3	89	86	81	03
Overtime hours (estimate):	00	91	0/	85	93	69	80	01	92
Operations	25,807	25,003	21,453	21,435	10,057	11,382	13,584	15,389	12,620
Training	4,181	3,796	3,207	3,442	1,473	1,591	2,085	2,030	2,072
Overtime expenditures (est., millions, adjusted):									
Operations\$1.0	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.6
Training\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service Population 1	646,525	662,260	666,220	670,115	677,740	685,855	692,750	692,655	707,710
Calls:									
Emergency lines	576,230	591,935	612,767	587,135	615,966	549,691	495,800	503,842	486,759
Non-emergency lines	275,805	283,518	304,326	290,036	309,637	316,470	294,256	282,893	289,318
Radio Dispatch Actions	-	-	-	-	-	-	238,889	252,614	245,776
TOTAL	852,035	875,453	917,093	877,171	925,603	866,161	1,028,945	1,039,349	1,021,853
Emergency calls per Emergency Comm. Operator	8,606	8,583	9,553	8,772	9,256	7,803	7,054	6,220	5,291
Calls per capita	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted)· \$24.88	\$24.34	\$25.48	\$25.63	\$24.55	\$21.06	\$20.96	\$22.68	\$23.25	\$23.34
Administration as percent of total5%	5%	9%	5%	6%	7%	7%	6%	9%	9%
Trainee certification within 18 months of hire: <sup>2</sup>									
Total number certified7	3	4	11	7	3	7	5	-	-
Percent of class certified (goal = $33\%$ )37%	18%	29%	52%	50%	33%	39%	21%	-	-
Average time to process all calls (seconds)	-	-	76.0	81.9	81.7	85.7	90.7	93.4	93.4
Average time to answer E 9-1-1 calls (seconds)	-	-	5	8	9	8	7	7	3
E 9-1-1 calls answered in 20 seconds (goal = 90%)	92%	80%	88%	88%	86%	88%	90%	89%	96%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Service population is approximate to Multnomah County population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Final certification for past two fiscal years not available because each training cycle is not completed for 18 months.

EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Emergency calls abandoned by caller before answered	-	-	-	5.2%	5.7%	5.8%	5.5%	4.9%	2.8%
Police calls dispatched within target time (enter through dispatch, goal = 90%):									
Priority E calls in 30 seconds 68%	74%	77%	76%	77%	79%	78%	79%	74%	-
Priority 1 calls in 30 seconds 44%	48%	51%	48%	52%	51%	53%	54%	53%	-
Priority 2 calls in 60 seconds 64%	69%	72%	72%	74%	75%	76%	78%	77%	-
Priority 3, 4, 5 calls in 180 seconds 86%	87%	87%	89%	88%	87%	88%	87%	84%	-
Police calls dispatched within target time (initiation through dispatch, goal = 90%):									
Priority E calls in 120 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	91%	89%	90%
Priority 1 calls in 120 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	78%	74%	75%
Priority 2 calls in 120 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	53%	49%	52%
Priority 3, 4, 5 calls in 180 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	87%	84%	84%
Fire calls dispatched within target time (enter through dispatch, goal = 90%):									
Urgent calls in 15 seconds	80%	85%	82%	81%	81%	81%	88%	89%	_
Priority calls in 30 seconds	90%	92%	91%	91%	92%	93%	95%	94%	_
Non-priority calls in 30 seconds	91%	93%	93%	93%	93%	94%	96%	95%	-
Fire calls dispatched within target time (initiation through dispatch, goal = 90%):									
Urgent calls in 60 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	79%	72%	70%
Priority calls in 90 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	81%	77%	77%
Non-priority calls in 120 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	88%	85%	85%
Emergency medical calls dispatched within target time (enter through dispatch, goal = 90%):									
Priority E, 1, 2 calls in 30 seconds 88%	94%	96%	96%	96%	98%	97%	97%	97%	-
Priority 3 - 9 calls in 90 seconds	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	100%	99%	100%	-
Emergency medical calls dispatched within target time (initiation through dispatch goal = 90%):									
Priority E, 1, 2 calls in 90 seconds	_	_	_	_	_	_	83%	80%	81%
Priority 3 - 9 calls in 180 seconds	-	-	-	-	-	-	85%	82%	82%
Average overall employee satisfaction (max = $5$ )	-	-	2.5	3.5	3.0	-	-	3.4	_
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
If you called 9-1-1 in the past 12 months how do you rate the service you received on the phone from the 9-1-1 calltaker?	-	-	-	-	82%	77%	80%	76%	79%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of City of Portland 9-1-1 services?					79%	78%	76%	75%	80%

For more information about the Bureau of Emergency Communications (BOEC) click or go to:

# PARKS, RECREATION & CULTURE

# CITY GOALS: Improve the quality of life in neighborhoods; protect and enhance the natural and built environment PORTLAND PARKS & RECREATION

**MISSION:** Portland Parks & Recreation is dedicated to sustaining a healthy parks and recreation system to make Portland a great place to live, work, and play. The Bureau contributes to the City's vitality by:

- Establishing and safeguarding the parks, natural resources, and urban forest that are the soul of the city, ensuring that green spaces are accessible to all
- Developing and maintaining excellent facilities and places for public recreation, building community through play and relaxation, gathering, and solitude
- Providing and coordinating recreation services and programs that contribute to the health and well-being of residents of all ages and abilities

### **Bureau of Parks and Recreation**

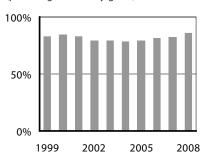
#### **Overview**

The Portland Bureau of Parks and Recreation (PP&R) continued to expand and maintain a park system that is heavily used and well-rated by Portland residents. The Parks Levy helped stabilize operating funding for the last five years, but in FY 2006-07 Portland continued to spend less per capita for parks operating programs than comparable cities.

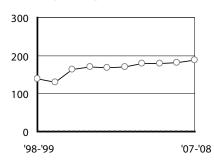
#### **Positive Trends**

Resident ratings of parks are the highest in 10 years, with 86 percent of residents in 2008 rating the overall quality of parks as good or very good. In every measure of park quality, residents' ratings improved over the last 10 years.

## **RESIDENTS: RATING QUALITY OF PARKS** (percent good or very good)

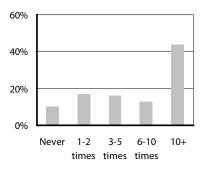


## NUMBER OF DEVELOPED PARK PROPERTIES



- The number of developed park properties continues to increase, with improvements in FY 2007-08 to Holly Farm Park, Earle Boyles Park, and Hazelwood Community Park. Developed park acres per capita remained steady at approximately 19 acres per 1,000 residents over the last 10 years.
- Residents use their park system heavily. Only 10 percent reported not visiting a park in the last year, and 44 percent reported visiting a park more than 10 times in the last year.
- Volunteer hours spent in parks remains high. In FY 2007-08 residents volunteered over 460,000 hours – the equivalent of 223 full-time staff.

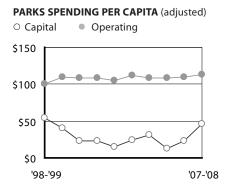
## RESIDENTS: FREQUENCY OF VISITS TO A PARK IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS



 Employees' satisfaction increased significantly last year, after decreases in 2005 and 2006. Employee ratings of internal communication also increased.

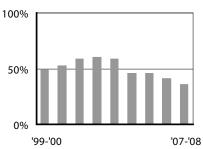
#### **Challenges**

Operating spending per capita remained fairly constant over the last 10 years, but the Parks Levy, which expired at the end of FY 2007-08, accounted for 8 percent of operating spending over the last five fiscal years. Capital spending per capita increased significantly in 2008, but has been inconsistent from year to year.



- PP&R has not collected data for the past two fiscal years for two
  effectiveness measures: customer satisfaction and facilities condition.
  These measures provide a warning system for problems with programs
  or facilities; data could help the Bureau improve recreation programs
  and prioritize maintenance funding.
- The rate of youth participation in recreation activities continued to decline for the fifth straight year, based on the resident survey.

RESIDENTS: RATE OF YOUTH PARTICIPATION IN CITY RECREATION PROGRAMS



 The addition of new and redeveloped parks adds to the PP&R maintenance workload. At 49 percent, the Bureau is still well below its goal of spending 80 percent of maintenance hours on preventative, maintenance.

## **Bureau of Parks and Recreation**

#### MISSION

Portland Parks & Recreation is dedicated to sustaining a healthy parks and recreation system to make Portland a great place to live, work and play. To fulfill its mission the bureau has three major areas of responsibility:

- Establishing and safeguarding the parks, natural resources, and urban forest that are the soul of the city, ensuring that green spaces are accessible to all
- Developing and maintaining excellent facilities and places for public recreation, building community through play, relaxation, gathering, and solitude
- Providing and coordinating recreation services and programs that contribute to the health and well-being of residents of all ages and abilities

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted)									
Old program structure:									
Park operations\$21.0	\$21.5	\$22.3	\$22.7	\$21.7	\$21.8	\$21.9	-	-	-
Recreation	\$18.7	\$19.9	\$19.2	\$19.5	\$19.1	\$18.0	-	-	-
Planning and admin\$4.7	\$5.6	\$4.9	\$5.6	\$5.3	\$4.6	\$5.6	-	-	-
New program structure:									
Parks & Nature	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$17.7	\$18.5	\$19.4
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$19.5	\$19.4	\$20.0
Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8.1	\$8.3	\$9.7
Enterprise operations\$9.1	\$10.7	\$10.4	\$10.3	\$10.2	\$11.1	\$9.6	\$9.9	\$10.2	\$9.9
Parks Levy (operating)	-	-	-	-	\$4.3	\$4.4	\$5.4	\$5.4	\$5.4
SUB-TOTAL (operating)\$50.8	\$56.5	\$57.5	\$57.9	\$56.8	\$60.9	\$59.4	\$60.6	\$61.8	\$64.4
Capital\$27.3	\$20.5	\$12.2	\$12.5	\$8.2	\$10.8	\$13.3	\$5.5	\$7.7	\$23.3
Parks Levy (capital)	-	-	-	-	\$2.1	\$3.7	\$1.6	\$5.5	\$2.9
SUB-TOTAL (capital) \$27.3	\$20.5	\$12.2	\$12.5	\$8.2	\$12.9	\$17.0	\$7.1	\$13.2	\$26.2
TOTAL \$78.1	\$76.9	\$69.7	\$70.4	\$64.9	\$73.9	\$76.4	\$67.7	\$75.0	\$90.6
Permanent staffing (FTPs)	377	386	403	366	425	425	412	408	414
Seasonal staffing (FTEs)233	275	295	298	285	285	281	284	298	320
Volunteers (FTEs) 1	169	202	204	204	211	218	219	221	223
Total volunteer hours	354,815	420,415	423,727	425,623	440,526	454,777	457,307	461,274	462,877
Total paid staff hours (millions)	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Number of Parks & Facilities:									
Developed park properties139	130	163	170	168	171	178	180	181	187
Sports fields <sup>2</sup> 217	217	364	365	365	365	365	333	326	326
Community centers	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12
Arts centers7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Pools13	13	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
Golf courses5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Off-leash dog areas2	4	-	-	-	33	31	31	31	32
Park acres (incl. golf courses & PIR):									
Developed parks	-	3,175	3,213	3,252	3,254	3,243	3,257	3,260	3,272
Natural areas	-	6,681	6,822	6,857	6,934	6,903	7,074	7,140	7,263
		_					-0-	-0-	
Undeveloped	-	216	200	316	323	335	282	285	228

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Square footage (excl. golf & PIR)	-	-	-	-	1,013,354	1,014,754	1,014,006	1,014,006	1,024,238
Estimated recreation visits (millions):									
PP&R sponsored recreation programs and facilities	-	-	-	-	3.6	3.8	3.7	4.1	4.1
Sports programs using PP&R managed fields		-	-		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Operating spending/capita, adjusted\$100	\$110	\$108	\$108	\$105	\$112	\$108	\$109	\$110	\$113
Capital spending/capita, adjusted\$54	\$40	\$23	\$23	\$15	\$24	\$31	\$13	\$23	\$46
Cost recovery (from fees and charges):									
Old program structure:									
Park operations	-	-	-	8%	7%	8%	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	51%	50%	55%	-	-	-
Planning and admin	-	-	-	11%	7%	6%	-	-	-
New program structure:							0.4	0.4	0.4
Parks & Nature Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	9% 48%	14%	9%
Support	-	-	_	-	_	-	13%	49% 21%	50% 26%
Enterprise operations	_	_	_	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
TOTAL operating	-	-	-	40%	40%	39%	40%	43%	42%
Workers compensation claims/100 workers	10.6	11.0	9.7	8.8	8.5	8.7	7.3	8.3	8.4
Percent of maintenance that is scheduled	-	-	29%	22%	42%	32%	55%	53%	49%
Volunteers hours as % of paid staff	26%	29%	30%	31%	31%	32%	33%	32%	30%
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Customer Ratings:				200/	200/	0.90/	96%		
Percent who enjoy recreation programs <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	98%	98%	98%	96%	-	-
Employee ratings:  Percent rating internal communication good	4404	E404	4.406	4.406		2204	2206	28%	2006
Percent satisfied with their job	41% 77%	51% 75%	44% 72%	44% 71%	-	33% 61%	23% 49%	60%	39% 72%
Residents living within 1/2 mile of a park	78%	77%	77%	77%	77%	77%	75%	75%	76%
(goal = 100%)						_			
Facilities condition index (0.05 - 0.10 = good) 4	-	-	-	-	-	0.06	0.05	-	-
COMPARISON TO OTHER CITIES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Parks operating budget per capita (adjusted): 5									
6-city average\$90	\$90	\$95	\$96	\$97	\$94	\$101	\$101	\$109	-
City of Portland\$92	\$88	\$94	\$91	\$87	\$94	\$92	\$92	\$89	\$96

<sup>1</sup> The Bureau includes administrators and coaches of non-sponsored sports programs (e.g. baseball and soccer) as volunteers.

The number of sports fields can fluctuate each year due to the Bureau's methodology for only counting properties that were worked on by the Activities Field Services Group. Parks Bureau us currently revising the methodology, and did not update the count in 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Customer satisfaction surveys were discontinued in 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Facilities Condition Index was not updated in 2007 or 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For comparison purposes, enterprise activities such as Portland International Raceway are excluded from these numbers.

## **Bureau of Parks and Recreation**

RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Overall, how do you rate the quality of:										
Parks	83%	84%	83%	79%	79%	78%	79%	81%	82%	86%
Recreation center/activities	74%	75%	74%	73%	72%	71%	70%	75%	74%	76%
In general, how do you rate your neighborhood										
on closeness of parks or open space?	80%	79%	80%	80%	82%	81%	79%	81%	80%	83%
In the past 12 months how many times did you?										
Visit any City park (6 or more times)	49%	49%	53%	53%	56%	57%	55%	56%	56%	57%
Visit a park near your home (6 or more times)	44%	45%	47%	49%	50%	52%	48%	51%	51%	52%
In general, how do you rate the quality of parks										
near your home in the following categories?										
Well-maintained grounds	83%	84%	83%	77%	77%	80%	79%	80%	81%	85%
Beauty of landscaping and plantings	72%	73%	72%	68%	66%	70%	67%	69%	69%	73%
Well-maintained facilities	61%	62%	59%	55%	55%	61%	60%	62%	62%	64%
In general, how satisfied are you with the City's recreation programs (such as community centers, classes, pools, sports facilities, arts centers, etc.)?										
Affordable	67%	68%	66%	66%	64%	66%	65%	67%	67%	68%
Good variety	68%	67%	65%	65%	64%	65%	66%	68%	67%	68%
Quality of instruction, coaching,										
leadership, teams, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	59%	59%	60%	60%
Percent of households with members in the following age groups participating in City recreation activities in the past 12 months:										
Age 18 and under	-	49%	53%	59%	60%	59%	46%	46%	41%	36%
Age 19 to 54	-	23%	26%	29%	29%	30%	29%	31%	27%	27%
Age 55 and over	-	18%	20%	21%	23%	23%	25%	25%	22%	22%
How safe would you feel walking alone during the day in the park closest to you?	74%	75%	76%	74%	76%	77%	75%	78%	78%	81%
How safe would you feel walking alone at night in the park closest to you?	20%	22%	25%	23%	26%	25%	22%	27%	25%	30%

For more information about the Bureau of Parks and Recreation click or go to:

www.portlandonline.com/Parks

# TRANSPORTATION & PARKING

#### **CITY GOALS:**

Operate and maintain an effective and safe transportation system; promote economic vitality and opportunity; improve the quality of life in neighborhoods

PORTLAND OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION

**MISSION:** The Portland Office of Transportation is the steward of the City's transportation system, and a community partner in shaping a livable city. We plan, build, manage, maintain, and advocate for an effective and safe transportation system that provides access and mobility.

## **Portland Office of Transportation**

#### **Overview**

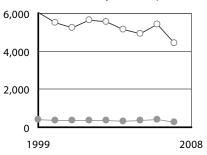
Responsible for maintaining over \$8 billion worth of streets and other City infrastructure with limited funding and rising costs, the Portland Office of Transportation (PDOT) also works to meet other City goals including safety and quality of life. Maintenance problems are apparent; however, many transportation trends are favorable. Our recent audit found that PDOT is in the process of creating new tools for managing street maintenance.

#### **Positive Trends**

In the number of individuals injured in traffic collisions, including autos, bikes and pedestrians, fell 21 percent from 2003 to 2007, from 5,905 injured to 4,691. In 2007, the numbers of bicyclists and pedestrians injured in traffic were 140 and 123 respectively, the lowest in nine years.

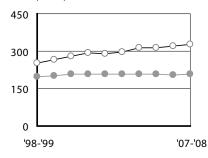
#### TRAFFIC INJURIES

(individuals injured in crashes)o automobiles • bicyclists and pedestrians



#### TRANSIT RIDERSHIP

(average weekday boardings, thousands)○ bus, MAX, and streetcar • bus



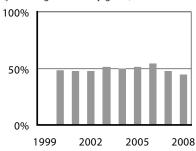
- Bus, MAX, and streetcar ridership (count of each trip) increased 29 percent in 10 years. Nearly two-thirds of all transit riders use buses, and most of the increase was on the MAX and streetcar. In the last five years, MAX ridership increased 28 percent and streetcar trips increased 90 percent.
- In our 2008 resident survey, only 65 percent of those who work outside
  their homes said they drive alone as the primary way of getting to and
  from work. This represents a decrease of five percent from last year. In
  five years, the proportion of residents who bike to and from work has
  doubled, from 4 to 8 percent.
- PDOT changed some street preservation practices to improve the
  efficiency of asphalt concrete resurfacing performed by PDOT crews.
  Its goal is to restore each street to a condition that would not require
  additional maintenance for 10 years. An engineer selects streets for
  resurfacing, and crews pave only the portions of the selected streets
  that need work to meet the goal. In past practice, the whole width of
  each street selected for treatment was resurfaced, even when some
  lanes did not need treatment.

#### **Challenges**

 Although 29 percent fewer bicyclists were injured in traffic collisions in 2007 than 2006, six bicyclists died in traffic collisions.
 Only 44 percent of residents rated their neighborhood streets as good or very good for the safety of bicyclists.

RESIDENTS: RATING OF STREETS FOR SAFETY OF BICYCLISTS

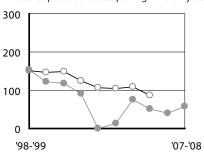
(percent good or very good)



- The proportion of bridges in good or better condition declined from 65 percent in FY 2005-06 to 57 percent in FY 2007-08.
- PDOT did not report unmet street maintenance needs for FY 2007-08 or the prior year pending new pavement management software. In FY 2005-06, the equivalent of 1,463 lane miles were reported as backlog.
- For FY 2006-07 and FY 2007-08, PDOT has not reported the area of asphalt concrete (AC) resurfacing completed by PDOT crews, which is a major component of total AC street paving. Total AC paving fell 43 percent in the prior eight years, from FY 1998-99 to 2005-06. The Bureau reported that after the paving season it planned to measure the area of AC

STREET PRESERVATION (lane miles)

○ Total asphalt concrete paving ● Slurry seal



resurfacing placed during FY 2007-08, for future reporting.

 Adjusted General Transportation Revenue (GTR), used to pay for maintenance and operations, decreased 2 percent in five years.
 Although gas tax revenue decreased 15 percent in that time, parking revenue increased 41 percent. PDOT reports that about half of the

RESIDENTS: RATING OF STREET MAINTENANCE (percent good or very good)

100% 50% 1999 2002 2005 2008 increase is dedicated to street car operations, and transit mall debt service and maintenance.

 For 10 years, less than half of residents rated street maintenance favorably. This year 41 percent rated the quality of street maintenance as good or very good.

# **Portland Office of Transportation**

#### **MISSION**

The Portland Office of Transportation is the steward of the City's transportation system, and a community partner in shaping a livable city. We plan, build, manage, maintain, and advocate for an effective and safe transportation system that provides access and mobilty.

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted)									
Programs (change from bureaus):									
Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$42.2	\$48.
Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$36.1	\$32.9
Capital Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$93.6	\$48.0
Business and Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$22.8	\$20.
Other (unchanged by o6-o7 reorganization):\$4.4	\$4.6	\$5.9	\$4.5	\$4.8	\$5.9	\$7.5	\$7.6	\$21.8	\$13.
Bureaus (organization prior to FY 06-07):									
Maintenance\$56.3	\$48.8	\$49.0	\$47.9	\$50.1	\$49.0	\$54.1	\$54.0	-	
Trans. Systems Management	\$21.7	\$20.8	\$26.5	\$26.2	\$26.4	\$25.0	\$25.2	-	
Engineering & Development	\$60.1	\$52.3	\$38.6	\$42.0	\$32.3	\$52.9	\$81.4	-	
Director\$4.9	\$11.5	\$12.4	\$13.7	\$12.6	\$13.0	\$12.9	\$13.1	-	
TOTAL \$120.6	\$146.6	\$140.6	\$131.3	\$135.8	\$126.6	\$152.5	\$181.3	\$216.6	\$162.7
Expenditures by type: (millions, adjusted)									
Operating expenditures\$84.6	\$88.2	\$87.2	\$93.0	\$91.4	\$91.9	\$96.2	\$98.7	\$101.1	\$101.4
Capital expenditures	\$53.8	\$47.4	\$33.8	\$39.5	\$28.8	\$48.9	\$75.0	\$93.6	\$48.0
Other (General Fund overhead, cash transfers,									
debt service)\$4.4	\$4.6	\$5.9	\$4.5	\$4.8	\$5.9	\$7.5	\$7.6	\$21.8	\$13.
Funding Sources: (millions)									
City General Fund and other bureaus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$37.9
Local, other than GTR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$27.
Local parking fees (GTR)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$21.
State and County gas tas (GTR)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$44.
State, other than GTR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$10.
Federal grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$7.
Bond sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$17.
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$166.4
Authorized staffing 1	714	713	702	702	708	763	757	768	788
WORKLOAD MEASURES98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Capital assets: (maintenance responsibility)									
Improved streets (lane miles)	3,843	3,869	3,880	3,951	3,943	3,949	3,941	3,949	_
Bridge structures (type varies)		5,009	-	159	157	155	157	157	15
Traffic signals	_	_	_	975	989	992	992	1,003	1,00
Street lights	-	-	-	-	53,139	53,614	53,960	54,238	54,588
Street preservation, asphalt concrete (AC) paving: (12-ft lane equivalent miles, except as noted): Streets restored (lanes paved only as needed,									
up to 2 inches AC)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	5
Rehabilitation or reconstruction (over 2 inches AC)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.1	(
Total AC resurfacing, rehabilitation and reconstruction									
(not reported after FY 2005-06) 152	147	149	125	106	105	109	87	-	
Slurry seal on AC 154	122	118	91	0	13	76	51	40	57

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Curb miles of streets swept 54,654	53,984	54,696	54,799	57,861	50,007	51,616	49,482	45,525	44,94
Unmet street preservation needs, backlog: (12 ft lane equivalent miles)1,127	1,171	1,172	1,232	1,365	1,367	1,393	1,463	_ <sup>2</sup>	-
Average weeday transit ridership:									
Bus	200,200	208,700	209,400	206,600	208,400	209,200		205,700	
MAX 54,600 Streetcar	65,100 -	69,800 -	78,000 4,393	79,600 5,008	83,800 5,762	97,000 6,710	99,800 7,728	104,200 9,205	107,40
1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	200
Bikeways: (miles)  Boulevards11.6	247	26.5	26.5	20.0	20.0	20.0	206	206	20
Off-street paths	24.7 52.7	26.5 53.4	26.5 59.3	28.8 66.1	28.8 66.1	28.8 67.7	29.6 67.7	29.6 69.2	29. 71.
Striped lanes	135.7	141.7	149.1	157.0	159.5	163.5	164.9	167.3	7 ·· 171.
TOTAL	213	222	235	252	254	260	262	266	272
Traffic injuries: (individuals injured)									
Automobiles	6,053	5,528	5,224	5,642	5,554	5,157	4,907	5,429	4,428
Pedestrians	238	202	198	189	192	149	162	191	12
Bicycles	155	150	160	170	159	174	181	196	140
Traffic fatalities: (individuals)									
Automobiles	22	17	21	29	28	26	22	25	20
Pedestrians	15	10	10	11	15	10	8	6	10
Bicycles <sup>-</sup>	0	0	5	0	4	1	4	0	6
Bicycle trips over Broadway, Steel, Burnside, and Hawthorne Bridges									
(total per day based on 1-week count):5,690	5,910	6,020	7,624	8,250	8,562	8,875	10,192	12,046	14,56
Ozone concentration (parts/million)	0.056	0.056	0.055	0.059	0.061	0.059	0.055	0.057	0.058
Daily vehicle-miles traveled (DVMT) per capita:									
Portland Metropolitan Area, Oregon21.0	20.5	20.0	19.8	19.5	19.5	20.7	20.9	20.0	20.0
National average DVMT per capita22.3	22.4	22.2	22.4	22.8	23.1	23.7	23.8	23.4	
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Operating expenses/capita (adjusted)\$166	\$172	\$164	\$173	\$170	\$169	\$175	\$177	\$180	\$178
Capital spending/capita (adjusted)\$62	\$105	\$89	\$63	\$73	\$53	\$89	\$135	\$166	\$85
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Condition of assets (percent in good or better condition):									
Improved streets53%	56%	56%	54%	54%	55%	55%	54%	_ 2	-
Bridge structures (type varies)	-	-	-	-	-	-	65%	58%	57%
Traffic signal hardware	-	-	-	28%	29%	28%	28%	30%	26%
Street lights	-	-	-	-	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is reported as full-time equivalents, not full-time positions, as in prior years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Street measurement and rating are in transition. Not measured or reported, pending new pavement management software.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Lane width undefined.

# **Portland Office of Transportation**

RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate traffic flow (congestion) on major streets and thoroughfares, excluding freeways?									
During peak travel hours, that is: 7-9 AM and									
3:30 - 6 PM	-	-	-	-	24%	25%	26%	24%	23%
During off-peak traffic hours	-	-	-	-	67%	69%	71%	69%	72%
Mode of Transportation:									
Do you work outside your home (either full-time or part-time)? (% Yes)65%	66%	70%	67%	69%	69%	67%	69%	66%	68%
IF YES:									
What is the primary means to get to and from work?									
Drive alone70%	69%	70%	71%	72%	72%	71%	72%	70%	65%
Drive with others8%	9%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	7%	8%
Bus / MAX / Streetcar12%	12%	11%	10%	10%	11%	10%	8%	10%	11%
Drive / Bus / MAX / Streetcar 43%	2%	3%	3%	3%	2%	3%	4%	4%	4%
Walk4%	5%	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%
Bike	3%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	6%	8%
If you sometimes use a different mode to get to and from work, what is it?									
Drive alone	-	-	-	-	7%	9%	11%	9%	10%
Drive with others	-	-	-	-	9%	12%	12%	13%	10%
Bus / MAX / Streetcar 4	-	-	-	-	18%	17%	17%	17%	14%
Drive / Bus / MAX / Streetcar 4	-	-	-	-	2%	3%	2%	3%	4%
Walk	-	-	-	-	5%	5%	5%	5%	7%
Bike	-	-	-	-	8%	9%	9%	10%	10%
How often do you use the different mode of transportation to get to and from work?									
1 - 2 times per week	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42%
1 - 2 times per month	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58%
In general, how do you rate the streets in your neighborhood on?									
Smoothness56%	62%	58%	57%	57%	53%	59%	58%	55%	53%
Cleanliness	65%	63%	59%	63%	61%	63%	66%	61%	65%
Speeding vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31%
Safety of pedestrians	42%	42%	44%	44%	45%	44%	48%	53%	51%
Safety of bicyclists	48%	47%	47%	51%	50%	51%	54%	47%	44%
Amount of traffic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of each of the following City services?									
Street maintenance	46%	44%	43%	42%	40%	44%	43%	40%	41%
Street lighting61%	63%	62%	62%	60%	59%	60%	60%	59%	61%
Traffic congestion24%	-	-	-	-	29%	28%	27%	28%	28%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Streetcar was included beginning in 2008.

BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")										
How do you rate traffic congestion as it affects										
your business?										
On major streets and thoroughfares										
(excluding freeways)		-	-	-	38%	32%	34%	28%	30%	37%
On your neighborhood streets		-	-	-	49%	48%	51%	44%	46%	51%
Thinking about how the following										
neighborhood conditions affect your										
business, how do you rate?										
Street maintenance		-	-	-	57%	57%	59%	57%	55%	55%
Street cleanliness		-	-	-	63%	58%	60%	57%	58%	59%
Speeding vehicles		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35%
If your business location has walk-in customers,										
how do the following conditions affect your bus	iness?									
On-street parking		-	-	-	31%	37%	37%	36%	38%	37%
Pedestrian access		-	-	-	71%	74%	74%	73%	73%	77%
Distance to a bus stop (or MAX)		-	-	-	81%	84%	85%	83%	86%	87%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of each of										
the following services from the point of view										
of your business?										
Street maintenance		-	-	-	47%	48%	49%	48%	47%	49%
Street lighting		_	-	-	63%	63%	63%	62%	61%	64%
Traffic congestion					2	3	3			35%

For more information about the Office of Tranportation (PDOT), click or go to: <u>www.portlandonline.com/transportation</u>

For bicycle ridership information, go to: www.portlandonline.com/transportation/index.cfm?c=44597

## **PUBLIC UTILITIES**

#### CITY GOALS:

Protect and enhance the natural and built environment

#### **BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

#### **MISSION:**

- To serve the Portland community by protecting public health, water quality and the environment.
- To provide sewage and stormwater collection and treatment services to accommodate Portland's current and future needs.
- To protect the quality of surface and ground waters and conduct activities that plan and promote healthy ecosystems in our watersheds.

#### PORTLAND WATER BUREAU

#### **MISSION:**

- To provide reliable water service to customers in the quantities they desire and at the quality level that meets or exceeds both customer and regulatory standards.
- To provide the highest value to customers through excellent business, management, and operational practices, and appropriate application of innovation and technology.
- To be responsible stewards of the public's water infrastructure, fiscal, and natural resources.
- To provide the citizens and the City Council with a water system that supports their community objectives and overall vision for the City of Portland.

## **Bureau of Environmental Services**

#### **Overview**

The Willamette River's water quality has improved due in part to progress made by the Bureau of Environmental Services (BES) on the Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) project. A growing percent of residents and businesses reported they were more satisfied with City sewer and storm drainage services than in previous years. BES operating spending per capita and monthly residential sewer bills continued to be higher than the average of the six comparison cities.

#### **Positive Trends**

The Willamette River's water quality has improved from "fair" to "good" over the past five years. The river's Water Quality Index increased from 83 to 87 upstream where the river enters the city, and from 81 to 88 downstream where the river leaves the city.

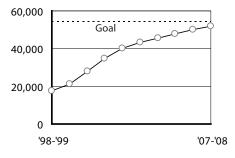
WILLAMETTE WATER QUALITY INDEX*									
	'03-04	'07-08							
UPSTREAM	83	87							
DOWNSTREAM	81	88							

The Index is based on eight water quality factors, such as temperature and bacteria, as developed by the state DEQ.

Index key: 0-59 = Very poor 60-79 = Poor 80-84 = Fair 85-89 = Good

- The estimated sewer overflow gallons diverted from the Columbia Slough and the Willamette River increased from 50 percent in FY 1998-99 to 66 percent in FY 2007-08. The goal is to divert 96 percent of the original 6 billon gallons by 2011.
- The percent of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) removed at the City's two treatment plants has easily surpassed the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System's standard of 85 percent. In FY 2007-08 96.4 percent of BOD was removed at Columbia Boulevard and 96.3 percent of BOD was removed at Tryon Creek treatment plant. Removing BOD results in cleaner water.
- BES is taking steps to reduce stormwater runoff, such as green street facilities and vegetated ecoroofs.

## CUMULATIVE DOWNSPOUTS DISCONNECTED

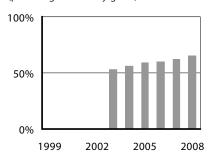


- BES nearly achieved its ultimate goal of disconnecting 54,000 downspouts. By the end of FY 2007-08, the Bureau disconnected 51,791 cumulative downspouts.
- BES almost achieved its goal of reusing 16,000 dry tons of bio-solids. In FY 2007-08 the Bureau reused 15,674 tons through application to land.

#### **Positive Trends** (continued)

- City residents satisfied with the quality of City sewer services rose from 50 percent in 2004 to 57 percent in 2008. Businesses satisfied with sewer services rose from 53 percent in FY 2003 to 63 percent in 2007.
- In FY 2007-08 BES completed 28,191 cumulative feet of CSO tunneling. This is 63 percent of the total feet. The project will be completed in FY 2011-12.

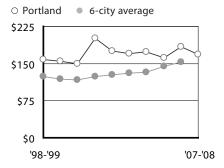
BUSINESSES: RATING OF SEWER SERVICE QUALITY (percent good or very good)



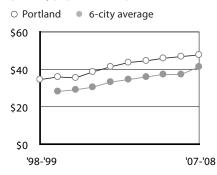
#### Challenges

BES operating expenses per capita rose from \$158 in FY 1998-99 to \$169 in FY 2006-07. Although BES' operating expenses were fairly flat over the past five years, they were higher than the average of the six comparison cities during the past decade.

#### **SEWER OPERATING EXPENSES** (per capita)



## AVERAGE MONTHLY RESIDENTIAL SEWER / STORMWATER BILL



- The Bureau's monthly residential sewer bill rose to \$47.79 in FY 2007-08 and remained higher than the average of the six comparison cities. According to the Bureau, the six cities either have minor CSO programs or have just begun their programs, so they are not recovering very expensive project costs from their customers, compared to Portland. The Bureau also invests in watershed restoration and green infrastructure programs.
- Following the completion of a \$10 million EPA grant to revitalize the Columbia Slough, the number of acres of watershed revegetated by the Bureau declined from a high of 787 acres in FY 2001-02 to 104 acres in FY 2007-08. Likewise, the total number of trees planted by the Bureau declined from a high of 692,796 trees in FY 2000-01 to 41,156 trees in FY 2007-08.

## **Bureau of Environmental Services**

#### **MISSION**

The Bureau of Environmental Services (BES) serves the Portland community by protecting public health, water quality, and the environment. The Bureau provides sewage and stormwater collection and treatment services to accommodate Portland's current and future needs. BES protects the quality of surface and ground waters and conducts activities that plan and promote healthy ecosystems in our watersheds.

#### **GOALS**

1. Meet regulatory requirements

3. Improve watershed health within our urban communities

2. Increase pollution prevention

4. Preserve, protect, and improve infrastructure

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: 1 (millions, adjusted)									
Operating costs\$80.6	\$79.6	\$79.9	\$107.8	\$94.6	\$92.4	\$95.3	\$90.0	\$103.8	\$96.2
Capital\$115.2	\$106.1	\$101.9	\$98.8	\$142.5	\$184.7	\$172.5	\$185.4	\$190.4	_ 2
Debt service\$52.0	\$55.0	\$57.0	\$66.7	\$65.7	\$63.9	\$61.8	\$65.0	\$103.5	- <sup>2</sup>
Authorized staffing <sup>3</sup>									
Sewer operating346	336	345	338	342	359	371	374	378	405
Capital96	106	113	120	114	115	115	104	106	99
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
City population509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Miles of pipeline:									
Sanitary sewer mains965	973	992	998	999	1,002	979	982	990	990
Storm mains446	432	443	462	463	469	444	445	450	456
Combination sanitary & storm844	863	868	865	868	870	861	860	868	878
Wastewater treated:									
Primary treatment (billions of gallons) 33.4	28.8	25.4	27.8	27.2	27.2	27.4	29.4	29.6	28.9
BOD load (millions of pounds) 56.9	58.7	54.4	50.2	54.9	61.3	73.4	77.7	70.1	65.8
Suspended solids (million of pounds) 58.8	65.8	57.5	57.0	57.5	62.6	83.4	85.9	79.1	70.2
Feet of pipe repaired28,768	24,462	19,926	36,057	29,813	52,255	37,662	38,065	66,071	46,243
Miles of pipe cleaned218	135	207	169	212	266	228	263	190	213
Industrial discharge inspections476	554	648	522	527	586	607	481	477	481
Cumulative feet of CSO tunnelling completed	-	-	-	-	4,100	18,034	18,034	18,044	28,191
Cumulative downspouts disconnected17,710	21,040	28,153	34,731	40,165	43,265	45,541	47,931	50,237	51,791
Acres of floodplain purchased for reclamation $\dots$ 12.8	13.6	16.0	7.9	4.6	3.0	5.1	4.2	1.0	1.8
Acres of watershed revegetated:									
In city110	216	325	327	185	108	87	74	130	101
Outside city160	116	225	460	123	75	26	27	0	3
Number of trees planted:									
Street and yard trees	1,862	2,149	2,313	2,162	-	500	1,272	1,368	650
Trees to restore habitat167,502	267,007	690,647	411,491	134,973	71,264	55,206	49,098	49,057	40,506
Green infrastructure created:									
Number of greenstreet facilities added o	0	0	4	0	2	44	33	125	304
Cumulative acres of ecoroof completedo.1	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.6	2.2	2.5	3.5	6.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on preliminary financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FY 2007-08 debt service and capital expenditure data was not available at the time of our review.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is expressed in full-time equivalents, not full-time positions, as reported in earlier years.

EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Treatment operation and maintenance costs	99 00	00 01	01 02	02 05	05 04	04 03	0,00	00 07	0, 00
per million of gallons (adjusted)	-	-	\$534	\$547	\$540	\$537	\$527	\$558	\$554
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Estimated CSO gallons diverted as % of 6.0 billion CSO gallons in 1990 (goal = 96%) 50%	52%	53%	53%	54%	55%	55%	55%	65%	66%
Percent BOD removed (standard = 85%):         Columbia Blvd.       92.5%         Tryon Creek.       94.8%	94.7% 95.3%	95.1% 96.6%	94.7% 97.0%	96.3% 95.9%	96.6% 95.2%	97.0% 95.7%	97.1% 94.0%	96.9% 95.3%	96.4% 96.3%
Water quality index for Willamette River:									
Upstream	- 84	84 83	84 82	84 84	83 81	87 85	87 85	88 87	87 88
Dry tons of bio-solids reused10,326	15,107	13,286	13,516	12,350	12,324	13,953	13,220	14,976	15,674
COMPARISON TO OTHER CITIES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Sewer operating expenses per capita (adjusted): 6-city average\$123 City of Portland\$158	\$119 \$155	\$117 \$150	\$123 \$201	\$127 \$176	\$130 \$170	\$132 \$173	\$144 \$162	\$153 \$184	- \$169
Monthly residential sewer/storm bill (adjusted): 6-city average City of Portland\$34.49	\$28.27 \$35.86	\$29.21 \$35.38	\$30.63 \$38.68	\$33.00 \$41.23	\$34.66 \$43.71	\$35.95 \$44.50	\$37.35 \$45.89	\$37.39 \$47.01	\$41.33 \$47.79
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate the sewer and storm drainage systems in your neighborhood? 75%	75%	71%	71%	71%	69%	58%	60%	62%	66%
How well do you think sewer and storm drainage systems protect water quality in our local streams and rivers?28%	30%	27%	30%	28%	31%	25%	30%	29%	35%
How do you rate sewer service quality?57%	54%	51%	52%	49%	50%	47%	50%	53%	57%
How do you rate storm drainage service quality?46%	43%	42%	43%	39%	41%	42%	45%	45%	49%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate the quality of sewer services from the viewpoint of your business?	-	-	-	53%	56%	59%	60%	62%	65%
How do you rate quality of storm drainage services from the viewpoint of your business?	-	_	_	46%	49%	54%	51%	54%	60%

For more information about the Bureau of Environmental Services (BES) click or go to: <a href="https://www.portlandonline.com/BES">www.portlandonline.com/BES</a>

## **Portland Water Bureau**

#### **Overview**

The Portland Water Bureau provides high quality water to its customers. Portland's average residential water bill was lower in 2007-08 than in previous years. The Bureau's per capita operating expenses and monthly water bill continued to be lower than the average of the six comparison cities. Both resident and business ratings of water service quality improved over the past five years. Despite a growing service population, total gallons of water delivered and per capita water usage declined over the past 10 years.

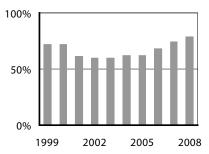
#### **Positive Trends**

The Bureau continued to meet water quality standards, including maximum standards for turbidity and chlorine residual. The Bureau met the Oregon Department of Human Services' health standard for minimum pH. The City's drinking water did not fall below 7.0 pH in FY 2007-08.

DRINKING WATER QUALITY INDICATORS										
	'07-08	Standard								
Maximum turbidity	1.29	≤ 5.00								
Minimum pH	7.0	≥ 7.0								
Maximum chlorine residual	1.9 mg/L	< 4.0 mg/L								
Positive samples of coliform bacteria	0.12%	≤ 5.00%								

- Eighty-two percent of residents said the City's tap water quality was good or very good in 2008, up from 67 percent in 2003.
- Ratings of the quality of the
   City water services improved
   for residents and businesses.
   Seventy-nine percent of residents
   gave water service quality
   positive ratings in 2008, up from
   62 percent in 2004. Seventy two percent of businesses gave
   positive ratings to water service
   quality in 2008, up from 63
   percent in 2004.

#### RESIDENTS: RATING OF WATER SERVICE QUALITY (percent good or very good)



## AVERAGE MONTHLY RESIDENTIAL WATER BILL (adjusted)

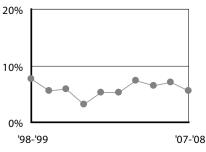
Portland6-city average

\$30 \$20 \$10 \$0 '98-'99 '07-'08 The average monthly residential water bill decreased 13 percent over the past 10 years. This is partly due to reduced water usage. Portland's water bill remains consistently lower than the average of the six comparison cities.

#### **Positive Trends** (continued)

- The Bureau's operating expenses per capita were consistently lower than the average of the six comparison cities over the past 10 years.
- The Bureau had about 2.1 billion gallons of non-revenue water in FY 2007-08. Non-revenue water is the difference between the volume of water put into the distribution system and the volume that is billed to customers. The 2.1 billion gallons represents 5.5 percent of total water delivered. This was down from 7.7 percent in FY 1998-99. Bureau managers stated that this

PERCENT OF NON-REVENUE WATER (percent of total delivered)
20%

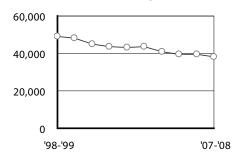


rate of non-revenue water is low, according to industry standards.

#### **Challenges**

- The number of Portland Water Bureau customers increased to 880,732 in FY 2007-08. This is an 11 percent increase since FY 1998-99. Despite the growth in customers, total water use declined.
- Annual City water usage per capita declined from 49,039 gallons in FY 1998-99 to 37,992 gallons in FY 2007-08. This is a 22.5 percent decrease. While the Bureau promotes water conservation, decreased water use might, according to the Bureau, impact future rates needed to support the City's water system.

WATER USAGE PER CAPITA (gallons)



 Total Bureau spending increased by 33 percent over the last five years, while staffing increased by 19 percent. According to the Bureau, spending on capital projects and debt service increased in response

to concerns about water system infrastructure voiced by City Council and residents.

WATER SPENDING & STAFFING	i (adjusted)		
		Cha	nge
	'07-08	5-year	10-year
Operating costs (millions)	\$65.3	+ 4%	+11%
Capital Expenditure (millions)	\$60.6	+83%	+53%
Debt service costs (millions)	\$19.3	+46%	+21%
Total Expenditures (millions)	\$145.2	+33%	+27%
Staffing FTE	664	+19%	+27%

## **Portland Water Bureau**

#### **MISSION**

To provide reliable water service to customers in the quantities they desire and at the quality level that meets or exceeds both customer and regulatory standards; to provide the highest value to customers through excellent business, management, and operational practices, and appropriate application of innovation and technology; to be responsible stewards of the public's water infrastructure, fiscal, and natural resources; and to provide the citizens and the City Council with a water system that supports their community objectives and overall vision for the City of Portland.

#### **GOALS**

- 1. Provide safe drinking water
- 2. Provide high-quality public utility services

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06 <sup>1</sup>	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: 2 (millions, adjusted)									
Operating costs\$58.7	\$59.8	\$56.0	\$63.3	\$52.0	\$62.6	\$53.4	\$55.9	\$60.3	\$65.3
Capital\$39.6	\$43.2	\$41.5	\$25.1	\$28.3	\$33.1	\$41.6	\$38.2	\$56.8	\$60.6
Debt service\$15.9	\$15.0	\$15.8	\$18.1	\$18.4	\$13.2	\$17.8	\$15.5	\$17.5	\$19.3
Authorized staffing <sup>3</sup> 524	535	543	531	535	557	434	485	662	664
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Population served:									
Retail453,815	455,919	474,511	481,312	482,550	488,783	494,197	539,191	545,258	550,943
Wholesale	317,252	314,489	349,522	304,133	293,501	276,044	262,739	304,541	329,789
TOTAL	773,171	789,000	830,834	786,683	782,284	770,241	801,930	849,799	880,732
Number of retail accounts	160,100	161,154	162,631	163,896	165,360	166,238	178,518	180,118	176,620
Water sales (millions, adjusted)\$73.5	\$71.2	\$68.1	\$75.9	\$73.9	\$80.8	\$76.2	\$76.4	\$76.5	\$81.6
Gallons of water delivered (billions):									
City of Portland25.0	24.8	23.9	23.5	23.3	23.8	22.4	21.9	22.2	21.6
Wholesale (outside of Portland)	14.4	14.6	14.7	12.6	12.9	10.5	11.9	13.6	13.7
TOTAL39.3	39.2	38.5	38.2	35.9	36.7	32.9	33.8	35.9	35.3
Highest water production (millions of gallons/day)									
Average day of highest month 173	153	166	157	153	167	155	151	157	148
Highest annual day	202	193	187	177	198	187	182	182	180
Annual City water usage per capita (gallons) 49,039	48,386	44,881	43,835	43,228	43,607	40,754	39,323	39,523	37,992
Non-revenue water:									
Billions of gallons	2.3	2.4	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.6	2.2	2.7	2.1
Percent of delivered	5.5%	5.9%	3.2%	5.3%	5.3%	7.3%	6.4%	7.0%	5.5%
Number of new water services:									
Residential989	790	929	943	1039	602	739	11,089	506	660
Commercial	254	170	219	306	275	367	996	556	404

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The merger of the Powell Valley Road Water District with the City of Portland in FY 2005-06 had a significant impact on the Water Bureau's service population and other workload indicators.

Based on preliminary financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is expressed in full-time equivalents, not full-time positions, as reported in prior years. Also, the large increase in staffing in FY 2006-07 occurred because customer services staff were moved from the Revenue Bureau to the Water Bureau.

EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Debt coverage ratio (overall coverage)2.43	2.36	1.76	2.35	2.88	3.80	2.54	3.40	3.04	2.14
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Water quality:									
Turbidity (NTUs):									
Minimum	0.16	0.22	0.24	0.02	0.02	0.24	0.19	0.25	0.02
Maximum (standard: $\leq 5.00$ )4.99	2.87	2.30	3.16	1.86	3.38	0.94	4.04	4.97	1.29
Median	0.37	0.41	0.50	0.48	0.48	0.36	0.43	0.55	0.46
Minimum (standard: ≥ 7.0) 5	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.5	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0
Maximum8.5	8.6	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.6	8.8	8.5	8.2
Mean7.6	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9
Median 4	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.9
Number of Excursions 5									
$(standard \le 2 in 6 months) \dots $	) 2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Chlorine residual (mg/L):									
Minimum0.19		0.04	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	<0.10
Maximum (standard: <4.0 mg/L)2.04	2.01	1.97	2.00	1.90	2.10	2.20	2.00	2.00	1.90
Mean1.33	_	1.22	1.15	1.18	1.34	1.36	1.35	1.37	1.34
Median <sup>4</sup> 1.39	1.30	1.24	1.20	1.20	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
Percent of samples tested positive									
for coliform bacteria (standard: ≤5.00%)0.92%	0.26%	1.14%	0.57%	0.06%	0.46%	0.06%	0.08%	0.00%	0.12%
COMPARISON TO OTHER CITIES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Water operating expenses per capita (adjusted):									
6-city average\$81	\$81	\$80	\$82	\$81	\$84	\$82	\$85	\$86	-
City of Portland \$74		\$71	\$76	\$66	\$80	\$69	\$70	\$71	\$74
		.,					.,		
Monthly water bill (adjusted):	640.27	ć40 F0	640.20	ć40.20	¢20.40	÷20.64	ć24.20	42462	÷24.02
6-city average		\$19.58	\$18.39	\$19.39	\$20.40	\$20.61	\$21.39	\$21.62	\$21.92
City of Portiand\$16.3/	\$16.99	\$14.81	\$15.55	\$16.77	\$17.97	\$16.46	\$16.16	\$16.32	\$14.28
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")									
How do you rate the quality of tap water									
provided by the City?		_	_	67%	71%	72%	79%	77%	82%
How do you rate the overall quality of				•	•	-		• • •	
water service?72%	72%	61%	60%	60%	62%	62%	68%	74%	79%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")									
How do you rate quality of water services									
from the viewpoint of your business?				59%	63%	65%	66%	68%	72%

Starting in FY 2007-08, all pH data in the SEA comes from samples taken across the water distribution system and measure changed from mean to median.

For more information about the Portland Water Bureau click or go to:

Frimary treatment technique standard by Oregon Dept. of Human Services. An excursion is any pH measure less than 7.0. Low pH means more acidic water, increases the corrosion of lead and copper from pipes into the water. Previous SEA Reports showed voluntary EPA standard of pH 6.5 to 8.5, relating to the taste, color and odor of water.

## COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

#### **CITY GOALS:**

Promote economic vitality and opportunity; improve the quality of life in neighborhoods; protect and enhance the natural and built environment



## **Bureau of Development Services**

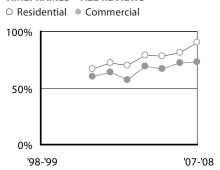
#### **Overview**

Building plan review timeliness improved over the last seven years. Most customers remain satisfied with both the quality and timeliness of the building permit process. The Bureau of Development Services (BDS) met its goal of conducting commercial construction inspections within 24 hours, 98 percent of the time. It exceeded its goals for conducting residential construction inspections and issuing trade permits within 24 hours. The Bureau's workload declined in FY 2007-08, as construction activity slowed.

#### **Positive Trends**

• The City's timeliness of building plan reviews improved over the last seven years. The goal is to review 85 percent of residential plans within targeted timeframes of seven-to-fifteen days, depending on the type of permit. This goal was achieved by improving from 67 percent of reviews meeting the target in FY 2001-02 to 90 percent in FY 2007-08. The City nearly met its goal of 75 percent

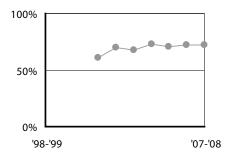
## PLANS REVIEWED WITHIN TARGETED TIMEFRAMES – ALL REVIEWS



of commercial plans reviewed within targeted timeframes. The City improved from 60 percent in FY 2001-02 to 73 percent in FY 2007-08.

- The Bureau met the 24 hour timeframe on residential inspections 99 percent of the time in FY 2007-08, exceeding its 98 percent goal. The Bureau met its goal of conducting commercial construction inspections within 24 hours, 98 percent of the time.
- City businesses satisfied with the overall quality of building permit services rose from 29 percent in 2003 to 36 percent in 2008. BDS' customers' satisfaction with the quality of the building permit process remained consistently high over the past three years - 78 percent of customers were satisfied in FY 2007-08.

#### BDS CUSTOMERS: SATISFACTION WITH BUILDING PERMIT TIMELINESS

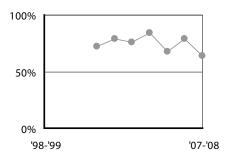


- BDS customers satisfied with the timeliness of the building permit process remained steady at 72 percent in FY 2007-08.
- Overall, BDS customers are satisfied with the knowledge and helpfulness of development review staff.

#### **Challenges**

Only 64 percent of BDS customers were satisfied with the quality of the land use review process in FY 2007-08. This was down from 72 percent in FY 2001-02. Customer satisfaction with the quality of the land use review process was erratic over that time. Customer satisfaction with the timeliness of land use reviews, however, is much higher at 82 percent in FY 2007-08.

#### BDS CUSTOMERS: SATISFACTION WITH LAND USE REVIEW PROCESS QUALITY



- Total Bureau spending increased 34 percent since FY 1998-99. According to the Bureau, the increase in spending reflects the increase in construction activity. The increase in the Bureau's expenditures and staffing over the last five years includes the return of Neighborhood Inspections to BDS from the Office of Neighborhood Involvement, where it was housed from FY 2003-04 through FY 2005-06. There were also increases in Bureau administration and land use services costs. Spending per capita grew by 20 percent since FY 1998-99.
- The Bureau's total authorized staffing also increased over the last 10 years, by 23 percent, although at a slower pace than expenditures.

BDS SPENDING & STA	AFFING		
		Chai	nge
	'07-08	5-year	10-year
Expenditures (millions)	\$41.6	+30%	+34%
Spending per capita	\$73	+24%	+20%
Staffing (FTE)	346	+28%	+23%

Although Bureau expenditures have grown, the Bureau's workload declined during FY 2007-08 as construction activity slowed. The number of building permits, trade permits, construction inspections, land use cases received and zoning plan checks all decreased from the previous year.

**BDS WORKLOAD** Change '07-08 1-year 5-year Land use cases 1,242 +24% Zoning plan checks 4,934 -17% 0% **Building permits** -7% 10,621 +11% Trade permits 42,530 -6% +12% Construction inspect. 209,916 +21%

# **Bureau of Development Services**

**MISSION** 

The Bureau of Development Services promotes safety, livability, and economic vitality through efficient and collaborative application of building and development codes.

**GOALS** 

- 1. Support community vitality and protect life, property, and natural resources by ensuring compliance with applicable codes and regulations
- 2. Provide cooperative and responsive internal and external customer service
- 3. Process all Bureau functions efficiently

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted)									
Administration\$5.9	\$7.8	\$7.1	\$7.4	\$7.3	\$8.7	\$8.5	\$8.4	\$9.5	\$11.3
Compliance services \$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$1.1	\$1.0	\$1.2	\$1.4	\$1.2
Combination inspections \$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.0	\$3.9	\$3.7	\$3.3	\$3.5	\$3.7	\$4.1	\$4.4
Commercial inspections\$5.5	\$5.4	\$5.6	\$5.5	\$4.8	\$5.2	\$5.5	\$5.5	\$6.0	\$5.7
Neighborhood inspections 1\$2.9	\$3.1	\$3.1	\$3.1	\$2.7	-	-	-	\$2.0	\$1.9
Plan review\$6.2	\$3.1	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$3.2	\$3.3
Land use services\$5.3	\$5.1	\$5.2	\$5.4	\$5.9	\$5.5	\$5.5	\$5.9	\$6.7	\$7.1
Development services	\$3.5	\$3.7	\$3.8	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$4.6	\$5.0
Site development	-	-	-	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.8	\$1.8
TOTAL	\$33.2	\$32.4	\$32.9	\$33.5	\$32.1	\$32.5	\$33.8	\$39.1	\$41.6
Authorized Staffing <sup>2</sup> 282	298	302	297	286	270	277	291	329	346
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Building permits:									
Commercial	3,628	3,524	3,394	3,738	3,485	4,022	4,080	4,266	3,917
Residential4,128	4,390	5,304	5,676	6,008	61,05	6,216	6,951	7,171	6,704
TOTAL	8,018	8,828	9,070	9,746	9,590	10,238	11,031	11,437	10,621
Construction inspections:									
Commercial87,470	92,076	89,959	75,858	77,328	76,820	65,481	84,779	104,629	96,309
Residential90,000	87,894	86,255	90,917	99,948	97,143	95,793	106,568	112,509	113,607
TOTAL177,470	179,970	176,214	166,775	177,276	173,963	161,274	191,347	217,138	209,916
Trade permits44,594	39,973	33,506	34,216	36,929	37,965	41,156	43,742	45,098	42,530
Land use cases received <sup>3</sup> 1,058	984	1,042	1,096	822	1,003	1,135	1,372	1,368	1,242
Zoning plan checks5,230	5,161	5,041	4,996	5,058	4,938	5,297	5,933	5,963	4,934
Code enforcement cases to Hearings Officer 82	55	28	40	13	15	19	12	13	9
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted) 1 \$61	\$65	\$61	\$61	\$62	\$59	\$59	\$61	\$69	\$73

<sup>1</sup> Neighborhood Inspections were housed in the Office of Neighborhood Involvement from FY 2003-04 through FY 2005-06.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is expressed in full-time equivalents, not full-time positions, as reported in prior years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Revised in FY 2007-08 to include number of final plats, and historical measures adjusted.

EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-	99 99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Commercial inspections in 24 hours (goal = 98%) 97	7% 98%	93%	95%	99%	98%	99%	97%	98%	98%
Residential inspections in 24 hours ( $goal = 98\%$ ) 97	7% 98%	97%	99%	99%	98%	98%	98%	95%	99%
Percent of residential plans reviewed within targeted timeframes (goal = 85%): BDS reviews		-	86%	82%	81%	86%	84%	88%	92%
All reviews (includes other bureau reviews)		-	67%	72%	70%	79%	78%	81%	90%
Percent of commercial plans reviewed within targeted timeframes (goal = 75%):  BDS reviews		-	76% 60%	74% 64%	60% 57%	71% 69%	69% 67%	75% 72%	75% 73%
,		6.70/		•		-	,		
Building permits issued over-the-counter		60%	57%	61%	64%	60%	57%	58%	57%
Trade permits issued within 24 hours (goal = 77%).	··· 				79%	80%	79%	80%	82%
BDS' CUSTOMER SURVEY RESULTS (Percent "Satisfied" or "Very Satisfied", or "Good" or	"Very Good")		01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
QUALITY OF:									
Building permit process 4		-	-	-	-	-	78%	77%	78%
Land use review process		-	72%	79%	76%	84%	68%	79%	64%
TIMELINESS OF:									
Building permit process 4		-	61%	70%	68%	73%	71%	72%	72%
Land use review process		-	-	80%	74%	79%	66%	79%	82%
KNOWLEDGE OF:									
Over-the-counter staff		-	89%	94%	89%	91%	87%	89%	89%
Development Services staff - building permits		-	-	-	86%	85%	80%	90%	83%
BES staff - building permits		-	-	-	88%	91%	91%	86%	89%
Transportation staff - building permits		-	-	-	85%	90%	89%	87%	84%
Water Bureau staff - building permits		-	-	-	86%	95%	85%	93%	86%
Land use review staff		-	82%	91%	86%	87%	80%	79%	78%
HELPFULNESS OF:									
Over-the-counter staff		-	85%	92%	87%	89%	86%	89%	86%
Development Services staff - building permits		-	-	-	77%	83%	80%	85%	74%
BES staff - building permits		-	-	-	76%	84%	84%	85%	84%
Transportation staff - building permits		-	_	-	76%	86%	86%	83%	84%
Water Bureau staff - building permits		_	_	_	85%	90%	81%	93%	83%
Land use review staff		-	74%	88%	78%	82%	75%	81%	82%
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 19	99 2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2000	2007	2000
How do you rate the quality of housing and									
nuisance inspection services	3% 31%	31%	29%		30%		32%	29%	31%

Beginning in FY 2006-07, percentages reflect the satisfaction of all building permit customers. In prior years, percentages included only customers with plans that were taken-in for review and excluded over-the-counter customers (i.e., those who received approval within 24 hours).

# **Bureau of Development Services**

BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")			2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate the City of Portland's job of providing information on development regulations?-	-	-	-	17%	18%	21%	22%	25%	25%
How do you rate the City of Portland's job of providing information on zoning?	-	-	-	21%	23%	26%	24%	28%	27%
How do you rate the overall quality of Portland's building permit services?	-	-	-	29%	31%	31%	35%	36%	36%

For more information about the Bureau of Development Services click or go to: <u>www.portlandonline.com/BDS</u>

## Office of Sustainable Development

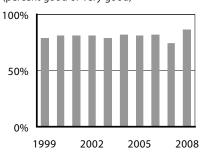
#### **Overview**

The Office of Sustainable Development (OSD) provides resource conservation support to thousands of businesses, homes, and government offices. Significant changes in the recycling program have been well-received by most residents and businesses. Increased operating costs reflect new Bureau responsibilities including sustainable economic development, solar energy assistance, and a commercial food-scrap composting program.

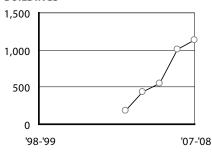
#### **Positive Trends**

In our 2008 survey, 86 percent of residents rated the overall quality of recycling service as good or very good, 12 percent higher than in 2007. In addition, 75 percent of businesses rated recycling service favorably. One reason may be that the City required garbage and recycling service providers to distribute new 60-gallon roll carts to all residents for mixed recycling and for yard waste.

RESIDENTS: RATING OF OVERALL QUALITY OF RECYCLING SERVICES (percent good or very good)



## NUMBER OF CERTIFIED "GREEN" BUILDINGS



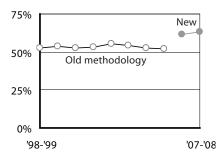
- The number of certified "green" buildings in Portland increased from 186 in FY 2003-04 to 1,132 in FY 2007-08. OSD provides technical support and some financial assistance for sustainable practices in commercial and residential projects. It recognizes certification by the U.S. Green Building Council (LEED), Earth Advantage, and the City's G/Rated Tenant Improvement Guide.
- Portland's reported recycling rate was 63 percent in FY 2007-08, over 10 percent higher before OSD changed the way the rate is calculated, in FY 2005-06, to comply with new State rules. The recycling rate prior to the change may have been under-reported. For example, it did not include commercial woodwaste and yard debris.

#### **Challenges**

In August 2007, City Council adopted a recycling rate target of 75 percent by 2015. Most of the reported recent increase in recycling is due to changes in the methodology used to calculate the recycling rate, rather than to increased efforts by residents or businesses. The new methodology includes a component of waste recycled that was not previously included,

## PERCENT OF WASTE RECYCLED, COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL

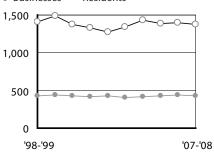
(Methodology changed in FY 06-07)



and excludes home composting from tons of waste recycled. In addition, the law provides credit for OSD's home composting, reuse and prevention programs.

## GARBAGE GENERATION PER CAPITA (pounds)

O Businesses Residents



 Portland residents have not reduced the total amount of garbage (not recycled) by weight, in 10 years. Garbage generated by businesses decreased only three percent in 10 years.

OSD's expenditures were only one half of one percent (0.5%) of all City expenditures. However, OSD operating costs per capita increased 62 percent in five years, and 21 percent between FY 2006-07 and 2007-08. The number of staff increased 67 percent in five years, to 44 positions. The Bureau reports that increased spending was necessary to perform new and expanded

## **OSD OPERATING COST PER CAPITA** (adjusted)

\$15 \$10 \$5 \$0

'07-'08

program responsibilities, such as sustainable economic development and commercial food-scrap composting.

'98-'99

# Office of Sustainable Development

#### **MISSION**

To provide leadership and contribute practical solutions to ensure a prosperous community where people and nature thrive, now and in the future. Through outreach, technical assistance, policy and research, the Bureau promotes informed choices to increase the use of renewable energy and resources, reduce solid waste and conserve energy and natural resources, prevent pollution and improve personal and community health.

#### **GOALS**

- 1. Recover or reuse all solid waste
- 2. Meet all energy needs through renewable resources and energy efficiency
- 3. Release zero net greenhouse gas emissions
- 4. Make healthy, regionally produced food available to all residents

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures (million, adjusted):									
Solid waste & recycling\$2.7	\$3.3	\$4.2	\$3.5	\$3.1	\$2.3	\$2.1	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.3
Training, outreach & education	-	-	-	-	\$0.4	\$0.6	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$1.5
Director's office/operations	\$0.05	\$0.3	\$0.8	\$0.6	\$0.3	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.6
Policy, research & evaluation	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.9	\$1.3
Technical & financial services	\$0.7	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$1.7	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.5
TOTAL\$2.7	\$4.4	\$5.5	\$5.3	\$4.8	\$4.3	\$5.0	\$5.3	\$6.0	\$7.3
Staffing <sup>1</sup>	21	22	23	24	26	30	33	35	44
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Garbage produced (estimated thousands of tons) by:									
Residences109.9	112.6	113.6	113.3	114.1	112.2	116.3	120.3	123.5	122.
Businesses	381.6	365.3	358.2	343.1	366.0	395.1	387.1	393.7	390.4
Waste recycled (estimated thousands of tons) by:									
Residents, not including home composting <sup>2</sup>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	111.9	111.3
Residents, including home composting 2	120.2	124.7	125.2	128.7	126.6	134.4	128.7	-	
Businesses	447.8	405.0	409.4	442.2	443.5	437.5	424.1	532.9	568.
Assistance with resource conservation:									
Households (e.g. recycling, energy efficiency)	_	_	_	_	13,800	9,800	22,500	31,400	41,200
Businesses (e.g. recycling, energy efficiency)	_	_	_	_	4,177	5,309	4,859	2,096	2,73
Apartments and other multi-family									
housing units (e.g. insulation)	-	-	-	-	8,512	14,293	15,870	18,068	19,852
Construction projects (e.g. green building)	-	-	-	-	281	214	114	76	3!
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted)	\$8.5	\$10.4	\$9.9	\$8.9	\$7.9	\$9.2	\$9.6	\$10.6	\$12.8
	30.5	310.4	77.9	30.9	77.9	77.2	39.0	\$10.0	۱۷،۰
Average monthly residential garbage bills,									
adjusted for inflation\$21.57	\$21.33	\$21.04	\$21.13	\$21.54	\$21.18	\$20.38	\$21.02	\$21.4	\$20.8

<sup>1</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is reported as full-time equivalents, not full-time positions as in prior years.

For more information about the Office of Sustainable Development (OSD) click or go to: <u>www.portlandonline.com/OSD</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In 2006, OSD changed its methodology for calculating the recovery rate of residential recycling in order to be consistent with Metro and the State of Oregon; they include home composting by increasing overall percent.

EFFICIENCY MEASURES (continued) 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Per capita residential energy use (millions BTU)	31.4	31.7	31.0	30.7	28.9	29.7	29.4	30.3	30.
Global warming emmissions of CO2-equivalent (Goal: 10% less than 1990 level by 2010)									
Total in Multnomah County (millions of metric tons)	-	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.1	9.1	8.7	8.8	8.8
Change in total emmissions since 1990	-	11%	9%	8%	3%	3%	-2%	-1%	-1%
Per capita, Multnomah County (metric tons)	-	14.9	14.5	14.2	13.5	13.6	12.9	12.9	12.5
Change in emmissions per capita since 1990	-	-2%	-5%	-7%	-11%	-11%	-15%	-15%	-17%
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Recycling rate (percent of all waste):									
Residential, not including home composting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.5%	47.7%
Residential, including home composing 52.7%	51.6%	52.3%	52.5%	53.0%	53.0%	53.6%	51.7%	-	-
Businesses	54.0%	52.6%	53.3%	56.3%	54.8%	52.6%	52.3%	57.5%	59.3%
Overall recovery rate, by weight	53.5%	52.5%	53.1%	55.5%	54.4%	52.8%	52.1%	55.5%	57.0%
for home composting, reuse, and prevention programs <sup>2</sup> -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61.5%	63.0%
Number of certified green buildings in Portland									
Total	-	-	-	-	186	432	552	1,003	1,132
Per 100,000 residents	-	-	-	-	34	79	104	187	199
Percent of City government electricity use supplied by renewable resource	0.9%	1.3%	2.1%	11.5%	10.7%	11.0%	1.3%	1.3%	2.2%
Percent of electricity customers who buy renewable energy	-	-	-	-	6.0%	7.8%	9.1%	12.0%	13.4%
Savings in City energy costs due to energy efficiency since 1991 (millions, adjusted)\$1.6	\$1.7	\$1.4	\$2.1	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$2.6	\$2.7	\$2.6	\$2.8
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate garbage/recycling service on:									
Cost?44%	44%	44%	45%	46%	49%	49%	51%	49%	45%
Quality of garbage service?	76%	77%	78%	79%	78%	80%	80%	79%	81%
Quality of recycling service?	76%	76%	77%	77%	77%	78%	79%	74%	81%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of									
recycling service?79%	81%	81%	81%	79%	82%	81%	82%	74%	86%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")									
How do you rate the City of Portland's job providing information on programs to help businesses reduce waste, pollution, water, and energy use?	-	-	-	34%	37%	40%	44%	50%	52%
Overall, how do you rate the quality of recycling services from the point of view of					•	·			-
your business?	-	-	-	68%	67%	72%	72%	69%	75%

## **Bureau of Planning**

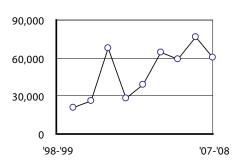
#### **Overview**

The Planning Bureau participated in 34 projects in FY 2007-08, fulfilling City, regional, state and federal mandates. The Bureau collaborated with residents and businesses to create area plans and citywide plans and policies. Over the last 10 years, almost three quarters of residents positively rated livability in their neighborhoods and the city.

#### **Positive Trends**

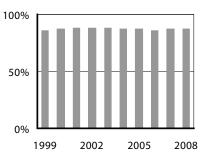
- City Council accepted visionPDX, Portland's community visioning project charged with engaging the public in creating a shared vision for the city.
- City Council adopted and implemented the North Interstate Corridor Plan, with the goal of guiding new development and public and private investment.
- In 2007-08, the Bureau reported that they contacted approximately 60,200 members of the public regarding citywide and local projects. Since 1999-00, the Bureau has facilitated an average of about 49,000 public contacts each year.

#### **ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PUBLIC CONTACTS**

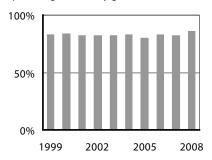


- For the past 10 years, most residents consistently rated their neighborhoods positively on closeness to parks and open spaces, walking distance to bus or MAX stops, and access to shopping and other services.
- In 2008, 86 percent of residents rate neighborhood livability positively.
   Eighty-two percent of residents rate livability of the city positively.

RESIDENTS:
NEIGHBORHOOD WALKING DISTANCE TO
BUS AND MAX (percent good or very good)



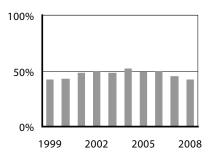
RESIDENTS: NEIGHBORHOOD LIVABILITY (percent good or very good)



### **Challenges**

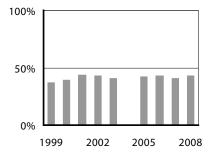
Pror the past 10 years, about half of residents rated new commercial development in their neighborhoods as improving their access to services and shopping. In addition, in 2008, just over half of residents indicate that new commercial development over the past 12 months improved the attractiveness of their neighborhoods.

RESIDENTS:
NEW COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT
IMPROVING ACCESS TO SERVICES AND
SHOPPING (percent good or very good)

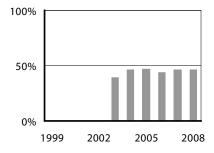


Over the last several years, many residents and businesses are not convinced that new residential development improved their neighborhood as a place to live and do business. For the past 10 years, an average of only 41 percent of residents indicated that new residential development improved their neighborhood as a place to live. Since our first Business Survey in 2003, less than half of businesses rated new residential development as improving the neighborhood as a place to do business.

RESIDENTS: NEW RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT IMPROVING NEIGHBORHOOD AS A PLACE TO LIVE (percent good or very good)



BUSINESSES: NEW RESIDENTIAL
DEVELOPMENT IMPROVING
NEIGHBORHOOD AS A PLACE TO DO
BUSINESS (percent good or very good)



• The Bureau's spending per capita has increased 24 percent over the last five years. From FY 2005-06 to FY 2007-08, spending increased 49 percent, from \$12 to \$18. According to the Bureau, the increase is due to one-time funding for major projects, including the Portland Plan and the River Plan.

## **Bureau of Planning**

#### **MISSION**

To advance the community's vision of Portland as a great place to live, work and play. We move the community's vision into action through coordination and collaboration across City bureaus and by working with a wide range of community stakeholders. Our work promotes livability, economic and cultural vitality, a healthy natural environment, and quality urban design.

#### **GOALS**

- Promote a vibrant and prosperous central city and support Portland's success as a location for businesses, jobs, and the next economy through support for industries and small businesses, arts and culture, and neighborhood commercial districts.
- Improve community livability and vitality through plans and actions that integrate design, economy, environment, culture, growth management and citizen participation.
- 3. Protect the city's land, water, air, fish and wildlife habitat, and open spaces.

- Enhance and preserve the built environment and important historic and cultural assets.
- Deliver responsive, competitive governmental services through comprehensive planning, intergovernmental coordination, housing policy development, and quality management and support services.
- Coordinate evaluation and improvement of the City's development codes including regular updates to the zoning code to reflect City and community goals, priorities, challenges and opportunities.

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures (millions, adjusted):									
Director's office, admin. , and tech support\$2.2 Planning	\$3.0	\$1.9	\$1.7	\$1.8	\$2.0	\$2.2	\$2.9	\$2.9	\$3.7
District, Central City, & Urban Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.7	\$3.2
Comprehensive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.1	\$1.9
Policy & Code (incl. environmental)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.2	\$1.7
Area & Neighborhood (now in District category)	-	\$1.9	\$2.5	\$2.0	\$1.1	\$1.4	\$12.2	-	-
Environmental planning	-	\$2.6	\$2.9	\$3.1	\$2.8	\$0.8	\$0.6	-	-
Other	-	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.9	\$2.1	\$2.3	\$1.9	-	-
SUB-TOTAL Planning\$3.3	\$3.4	\$6.2	\$7.0	\$7.0	\$6.0	\$4.6	\$3.7	\$4.0	\$6.8
Development Review	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL \$10.8	\$6.4	\$8.0	\$8.7	\$8.8	\$8.1	\$6.8	\$6.6	\$6.9	\$10.4
Staffing <sup>1</sup>	57	65	70	68	64	58	57	63	74
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Planning projects (number) <sup>2</sup>									
Comprehensive plan projects	9	7	4	7	5	4	5	6	5
Area plan projects	15	19	23	20	23	22	26	13	12
Evaluations and implementation projects	3	2	1	4	2	5	4	19	17
Environmental	4	3	3	4	3	2	3	-	-
Total Projects	31	31	31	35	33	33	38	38	34
Estimated number of public contacts (by public notice, or other means):									
Citywide projects	4,711	7,296	21,681	13,527	27,358	41,233	34,804	57,544	25,963
Local projects	16,058	18,691	46,282	14,646	11,434	23,116	24,468	19,319	34,280

Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is expressed in full-time-equivalents, not full-time positions as in prior years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Starting in FY 2006-07, environmental projects are included in other categories because they serve a broader purpose and also because most projects have environmental aspects.

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 9	8-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
New housing units built annually 3										
In City3	,690	2,486	2,477	2,843	2,234	2,284	3,022	3,268	2,101	2,314
In total Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) 1	1,738	7,500	4,746	7,243	9,164	7,175	5,395	10,726	6,218	6,156
Percent of UGB total in City	. 31%	33%	52%	39%	24%	32%	56%	30%	34%	38%
In 4-county region15	5,348	11,713	10,087	14,526	13,110	12,105	12,685	16,285	11,595	10,021
Percent of 4-county total in City	.24%	21%	25%	20%	17%	19%	24%	20%	18%	23%

Legislative mandates incorporated in 2007-08 projects

#### Federal:

- Sustainable Fisheries Act (NOAA fisheries)
- Non-Title 13 Local Address Submission
- · Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)
- Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994

#### State

- · Statewide Planning Goals
- Statewide Transportation Planning Rule
- State Task Force on Historic Properties
- Measure 37
   Measure 49
- · Oregon Administrative Rule (Ch. 66o, Div. 11) · Lower Willamette River Management Plan

#### Regional:

- Region 2040 Growth Concept (Metro)
- Consolidated Plan 2005-2010 Portland, Gresham, Multnomah County
- Columbia River Crossing Task Force
- · Metro Functional Plan

#### City:

- · Council Resolutions:
  - 35742 Concerns Willamette River Greenway set-backs and heights
  - 35978 Endorses River Renaissance Vision
  - 36080 Concerns City building and land regulations, procedures and services
  - 36233 Memorandum of Understanding with Oregon Health and Science University
  - 36264 Concerns Regulatory Improvement Workplan progress report
  - 36276 Adopts the River Renaissance Strategy
  - 36304 Measure 37 Implementation
  - 36405 Endorses the River Concept to guide the River Plan / North Reach
  - 36537 Accepts Vision PDX Reports and Recommendations
  - 36570 Creates Vision Into Action Coalition
  - 36598 Sets Price Cap for Single-Unit Construction
  - 36626 Comprehensive Plan Update
- · City Ordinances:
  - 157768 Tax abatement to rental units provided by non-profit organizations
  - 178924 Procedures for Measure 37 claims
  - 179161 Measure 37 filing fee & private right of action
  - 181096 Airport Area Plan in Cooperation with Port of Portland
  - 181357 Adopts Regulatory Improvement Code Amendment Package 3
  - 181382 Tax Exemption for 5th Ave. Commons
  - 181920 Tax Exemption for MLK-Wygant Apartments
  - 181961 Tax Exemption for Hazelwood Apartments

• City plans and code:

Albina Community Plan

Center City Plan 1988

North of Lovejoy Plan 2005

Outer SE Community Plan

Portland Comprehensive Plan

Portland Watershed Management Plan

North of Burnside, District Policy 16

Woodlawn Neighborhood Plan

City Code 3.38

City Code 3.101

City Code 3.102

City Code 3.103

City Code 3.104

City Code 5.75

<b>EFFICIENCY MEASURES</b> 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted) \$21	\$12	\$15	\$16	\$16	\$15	\$12	\$12	\$12	\$18

<sup>3</sup> Estimated from permits issued

# **Bureau of Planning**

EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Adopted plans:									
Neighborhood1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	C
Communityo	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	C
Areao	1	1	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
Regional, town and city centers	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Overall, how do you rate the:									
Quality of planning for future land use? 38%	41%	44%	41%	38%	39%	37%	40%	39%	45%
Livability of your neighborhood? 83%	84%	82%	82%	82%	83%	80%	83%	82%	86%
Livability of the city as a whole?	80%	79%	77%	74%	77%	76%	79%	79%	82%
n general, how do you rate your neighborhood on:									
Closeness of parks or open spaces? 80%	79%	80%	80%	82%	81%	79%	81%	80%	83%
Walking distance to bus stop (or MAX)? 86%	87%	88%	88%	88%	87%	87%	86%	87%	87%
Access to shopping and other services?	72%	75%	74%	76%	74%	76%	77%	76%	74%
How do you rate new <i>commercial</i> development, if any, in or near your neighborhood in the last 12 months, on:  Attractiveness?	58% 43%	62% 48%	65% 50%	63% 48%	66% 52%	64% 49%	67% 50%	60% 45%	59% 42%
How do you rate new <i>residential</i> development, if any, in or near your neighborhood in the last 12 months, on:  Attractiveness?	52%	54%	55%	51%	55%	54%	54%	51%	54%
Improving your neighborhood as a place to live? 37%	39%	44%	43%	41%	-	42%	43%	41%	43%
Overall, how good a job is the City doing making downtown a good place for recreation, shopping, working and living?	-	-	-	-	-	-	62%	-	69%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate the impact of new <i>commercial</i> development, if any, in or near your neighborhood in the last 12 months, on improving the neighborhood as a place to dobusiness?	-	-	-	51%	56%	54%	53%	51%	58%
How do you rate the impact of new residential development, if any, in or near your neighborhood in the last 12 months, on mproving the neighborhood as a place to do business?				2004	4504	4704	4.40%	450/-	460/
Overall, how do you rate the quality of the City's planning for future land use from the point of	-	-	-	39%	46%	47%	44%	46%	46%
view of your business?	-	-	-	34%	37%	38%	40%	39%	42%

For more information about the Bureau of Planning (Planning) click or go to:

www.portlandonline.com/planning

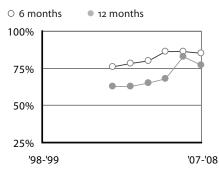
## **Bureau of Housing and Community Development**

#### **Overview**

The Bureau of Housing and Community Development (BHCD) works to improve the economic condition and housing opportunities for low income people through a variety of programs. In 2007-08, BHCD-funded homeless programs served more than 10,000 adults. Fewer low-income rental units were produced since 2003-04, in spite of an increase in funding.

### **Positive Trends**

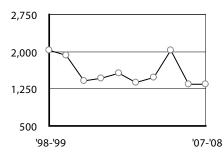
## PERCENT OF HOMELESS ADULTS STILL HOUSED AFTER SIX AND 12 MONTHS



 The total number of homeless people receiving housing related services through BHCDfunded programs exceeded 7,000 in 2007-08.

- Since 2003-04, the percent of homeless people placed in stable housing, who were still housed after six months, increased from 78 percent to 85 percent. Those still housed after 12 months increased from 63 percent to 77 percent.
- BHCD funds the Portland Economic Opportunity Initiative through 33 community-based projects. This program provides workforce and micro-enterprise business training to high risk, low income participants ready to commit to work toward success for three years. In 2007-08, the first Economic Opportunity classes graduated. Eighty-five percent of graduates met or exceeded wage goals for the workforce programs. Ninety percent of businesses completing the micro-enterprise programs met revenue goals.

#### **SMALL-SCALE HOME REPAIR PROJECTS**



 The Bureau funds small-scale home repair projects for low income homeowners. Over the past 10 years, BHCD funded an average of almost 1,600 home repair projects each year.

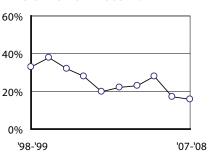
### **Challenges**

- The number of homeless people is 33 percent higher than in 2003-04, based on the Multnomah County one-night shelter count.
- In 2007-08, BHCD-sponsored homeless placement programs placed only 16 percent of the people who sought services from them. This is a 6 percent decrease since 2003-04.

  According to the Bureau, data prior to 2005-07 was drawn from multiple, less reliable sources.

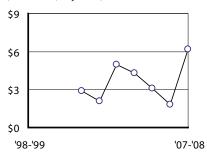
  This report is based on the most accurate data available at the time. The Bureau is currently

## PERCENT OF HOMELESS ADULTS PLACED IN STABLE HOUSING

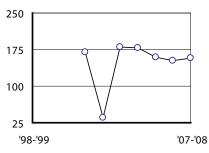


collecting more accurate data using a single, reliable data collection system.

## **FUNDING FOR LOW-INCOME RENTERS** (in millions, adjusted)



#### NUMBER OF RENTAL UNITS PRODUCED



- BHCD funding for low-income rental housing development, through the Portland Development Commission, increased 23 percent, from \$5 million in 2003-04 to over \$6 million in 2007-08. However, the number of rental units produced has decreased by 12 percent, from 180 to 158, during that time. According to the Bureau, the per unit subsidy increased to serve the people with the greatest need. This reflects an intentional shift to serve fewer, more needy households.
- In 2007-08, BHCD's spending per capita rose to \$53. This is an increase of 2 percent since 2003-04 and 14 percent since 1998-99.

# **Bureau of Housing & Community Development**

**MISSION** 

To make Portland a more livable city for all by bringing low-income people and community resources together.

**GOALS** 

- 1. End the institution of homelessness in 10 years
- 2. Expand opportunities for low income residents to improve their economic condition
- Increase the range of housing opportunities for low income people

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures (millions, adjusted):									
Housing	\$5.6	\$12.3	\$10.3	\$8.2	\$7.8	\$13.5	\$10.7	\$9.1	\$13.3
Homeless facilities & services\$4.4	\$6.1	\$6.4	\$6.5	\$6.6	\$6.5	\$8.5	\$7.0	\$9.2	\$11.4
Economic opportunity 1 \$2.6	\$2.6	\$1.7	\$1.9	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$3.5	\$5.0	\$4.1	\$4.3
Other\$7.3	\$8.9	\$6.9	\$5.8	\$4.6	\$11.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.1	\$1.2
TOTAL\$23.7	\$23.2	\$27.4	\$24.5	\$22.1	\$28.2	\$26.2	\$23.4	\$22.5	\$30.1
Funding sources (millions, adjusted):									
Grants	-	-	-	\$9.4	\$19.1	\$18.6	\$15.4	\$13.5	\$10.5
General Fund	-	-	-	\$4.9	\$5.0	\$3.7	\$4.6	\$6.8	\$19.6
Other	-	-	-	\$7.8	\$4.1	\$4.0	\$3.4	\$2.2	-
TOTAL	-	-	-	\$22.1	\$28.2	\$26.2	\$23.4	\$22.5	\$30.1
Funds passed to PDC for housing, not included above (millions, adjusted):		_	\$10.2	¢ F 2	¢11 F	\$1F.4	\$12.2	\$5.7	\$9.2
·			\$10.2	\$5.2	\$11.5	\$15.4	\$12.2	\$5./	\$9.2
Authorized staffing: 2	18	21	24	26	23	27	27	30	32
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service Population509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Median household income (adjusted)\$44,124	\$45,874	\$45,811	\$46,234	\$44,824	\$46,185	\$45,175	\$45,244	\$45,996	\$47,143
Households with severe housing cost burden (spending more than 50% income on housing):									
Owners9,848	10,580	10,174	11,266	13,602	13,318	14,380	16,684	18,464	21,508
Renters18,202	19,378	19,450	22,792	27,057	26,138	25,215	27,275	27,686	26,487
Housing subsidized by BHCD through PDC:									
Funding (millions, adjusted): Affordable to low-income (o-50% MFI <sup>3</sup> )									
Owners	-	-	\$1.1	\$0.7	\$1.9	\$1.4	\$0.5	\$0.1	\$0.1
Renters  Affordable to moderate-income (51%-80% MFI)	-	-	\$2.9	\$2.1	\$5.0	\$4.3	\$3.1	\$1.8	\$6.2
Owners	-	-	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.6	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.3
Renters	-	-	\$0.1	\$0.4	\$4.4	\$0.5	\$1.7	\$0.2	\$1.7
Housing Units:									
Affordable to low-income (o-50% MFI)									
Owners	_	_	88	80	182	159	55	17	14
Renters	_	_	170	36	180	178	160	153	158
Affordable to moderate-income (51%-80% MFI)			•			,		33	
			-0		60			20	21
Owners	-	-	28	26	68	51	44	20	31

For more information about the Bureau of Housing & Community Development (BHCD) click or go to:

 $\underline{www.portlandonline.com/BHCD}$ 

WORKLOAD MEASURES (continued) 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Small-scale home repair projects	1,925	1,417	1,461	1,558	1,377	1,418	2,033	1,350	1,348
One night shelter count of homeless 4 2,602	2,093	2,086	2,500	2,526	2,660	2,752	2,840	3,018	3,529
Adults served in homeless programs 6	5,852	6,977	8,592	9,146	9,783	10,016	10,091	10,622	10,446
Homeless adults placed in stable housing 6 1,030	1,302	1,900	1,871	1,325	1,433	1,535	1,351	744	1,195
Businesses enrolled in micro-enterprise programs (cumulative number) 5	-	-	-	-	-	191	322	430	506
Workforce programs - adults and youth enrolled (cumulative number) 5	-	-	-	-	-	317	1,134	1,924	1,693
EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita, not including housing funds passed through to PDC (adjusted) \$46	\$45	\$52	\$46	\$41	\$52	\$48	\$42	\$40	\$53
Homeless adults placed in stable housing, as percent of those receiving placement services 6	38%	32%	28%	20%	22%	23%	28%	17%	16%
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Homeless adults placed in stable housing:  Still housed after 6 months (estimate) 6  Still housed after 12 months (estimate) 6		-	-	76% 63%	78% 63%	80% 65%	86% 68%	86% 83%	85% 77%
Businesses enrolled in micro-enterprise programs: Percent meeting revenue goal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90%
Median revenue for start-up businesses completing the program  Median revenue for existing businesses completing the program		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$27,500 \$42,000
Workforce programs - adults and youth:									¥42/000
Percent meeting wage increase goal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85%
Median wage of youth graduates  Median wage of adult graduates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$9.92 \$15.26
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(Percent "Good" or "Very Good")									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Economic opportunity includes workforce development and micro enterprise programs. Prior to FY 2002-03 this category used for Youth Employment Programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Starting in FY 2004-05, staffing is expressed in full-time-equivalents, not full-time positions as reported in prior years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MFI is the Median Family Income limit determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the Portland Metropolitan Area, adjusted based on family size.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Count by Multnomah County, January 30, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Participants may stay in the program three years maximum.

<sup>6</sup> Starting in FY 2006-07, data collected using a single data collection system.

## **Portland Development Commission**

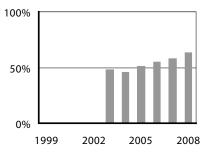
#### **Overview**

The Portland Development Commission (PDC) continues to make positive contributions to the City's urban development efforts. Businesses continue to rate Portland as a good place to do business. An increasing reliance on restricted-use Tax Increment Financing may limit PDC's ability to address citywide objectives.

#### **Positive Trends**

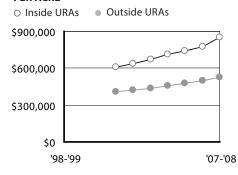
- Business satisfaction with Portland as a place to do business continues to improve. In 2008, 63 percent rated Portland positively, compared to 46 percent in 2004.
- In the last fiscal year, loans and grants awarded for homeownership projects that are affordable to low to moderate income persons and to middle income persons

BUSINESSES: RATING OF PORTLAND AS A PLACE TO DO BUSINESS (percent good or very good)



- increased from about \$2.1 to \$8.1 million, and from \$1.3 to over \$2 million, respectively. This reflects a significant increase in lending through Fannie Mae and the Oregon Residential Loan programs.
- PDC uses public money to leverage substantial private resources. In FY 2007-08, PDC invested \$23.7 million in housing projects, compared to total project investments from all sources of \$130.2 million, for a 4.5 to 1 leverage ratio. That is up from a ratio of 1.6 to 1 in FY 2006-07. Leverage varies depending on the types of projects funded and the economic environment.

## ASSESSED REAL PROPERTY VALUES PER ACRE

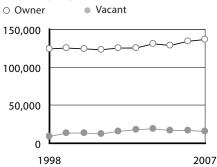


- Assessed real property values in Urban Renewal Areas (URAs) continue to outpace values in the rest of the City. In the last seven years, assessed values in URAs have increased about 40 percent per acre, while values in the rest of the city increased about 29 percent per acre.
- Of the businesses receiving assistance two years ago, 95 percent are still in business, and 76 percent that received assistance five years ago are still in business. This is, however, down from previous years' rates of 98 percent and 81 percent, respectively.

#### **Positive Trends** (continued)

The number of owner-occupied housing units in the city increased over the last 10 years by 10 percent. According to PDC, wealth creation through homeownership is a priority. Over the past seven year period, PDC subsidized or gave incentives to over 4,400 homeowner units.

## NUMBER OF OWNER-OCCUPIED AND VACANT UNITS

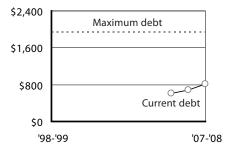


 Residents' ratings of downtown Portland as a good place to live, work, shop, and recreate increased to 69 percent from 62 percent in 2006.

### **Challenges**

PDC's reliance on Tax Increment Financing (TIF) as a funding source is increasing. Although it varies year to year, TIF funding has increased significantly, from 45 percent of total funding in FY 2001-02 to 68 percent in FY 2007-08. According to PDC, this reflects the addition of new URAs and boundary expansions. TIF funded activities are restricted and limited by state statute for

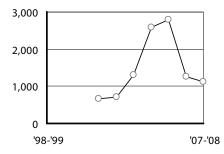
**URA DEBT AND MAXIMUM INDEBTEDNESS** (\$100s of millions, not adjusted)



use within specified URA boundaries. PDC's ability to assist in citywide objectives may be limited due to TIF restrictions.

Although total URA indebtedness is less than half of its authorized total
of about \$1.9 billion, the sheer size of the incurred and potential debt
presents a significant challenge to PDC in selecting projects with the
potential for maximum return, assessing their own performance, and in
reporting to the public.

## PROJECTED NUMBER OF JOBS CREATED FROM PDC BUSINESS LOANS AND GRANTS



 After several years of significant increases, the number of jobs expected to be created from PDC Business Finance loans declined from 2,804 in FY 2005-06 to 1,129 in FY 2006-07. PDC says job projections reflect the size and number of businesses assisted each year.

# **Portland Development Commission**

**MISSION** 

To bring together resources to achieve Portland's vision of a diverse sustainable community with healthy neighborhoods, a vibrant central city, a strong regional economy and quality jobs and housing for all.

**GOALS** 

- 1. Develop healthy neighborhoods
- 2. Provide access to quality housing

- 4. Support a vibrant central city (urban core)
- 5. Contribute to a strong regional economy

3.	Help	businesses t	o create	and	sustain	quality	iobs

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted):									
Development	-	-	\$37.6	\$35.3	\$44.1	\$49.5	\$36.4	\$74.8	\$50.2
Economic Development	-	-	\$10.6	\$10.2	\$13.8	\$15.6	\$21.4	\$19.5	\$12.8
Housing	-	-	\$64.9	\$30.7	\$43.4	\$43.2	\$76.1	\$37.5	\$46.6
Executive	-	-	\$8.3	\$9.0	\$10.9	\$4.6	\$4.6	\$11.9	-
Finance & Administration	-	-	\$4.7	\$3.3	\$3.2	\$14.3	\$10.6	\$5.7	-
Resource Development / other	-	-	\$7.8	\$5.2	\$11.5	\$6.3	\$8.6	\$0.6	\$2.2
Executive / Communications / Legal / HR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$6.4
Central Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$12.8
TOTAL	-	-	\$133.9	\$93.6	\$127.0	\$133.4	\$157.7	\$150.0	\$130.9
Citywide foregone revenue (millions, adjusted):									
"Foregone revenue": tax abatements	-	-	\$3.2	\$3.4	\$4.4	\$4.7	\$5.1	\$5.0	\$5.4
"Foregone revenue": SDC & development waivers	-	-	-	-	-	\$3.4	\$5.9	\$7.0	\$5.7
PDC funding sources (millions, adjusted):									
Grants	-	-	\$8.9	\$4.6	\$10.3	\$14.0	\$8.5	\$4.8	\$11.6
General Fund	-	-	\$1.5	\$1.2	\$0.8	\$2.1	\$1.1	\$1.7	\$2.9
Urban Renewal (Tax Increment Financing)	-	-	\$40.9	\$74.0	\$41.7	\$48.0	\$88.8	\$88.2	\$105.9
Other	-	-	\$39.5	\$30.4	\$43.4	\$27.3	\$47.0	\$29.9	\$34.3
TOTAL	-	-	\$90.7	\$110.2	\$96.1	\$91.3	\$145.4	\$124.6	\$154.8
Staffing (FTP)	-	-	161.4	163.8	198.2	205.5	210.5	211.5	214.5
Urban Renewal Area indebtedness (millions):									
Interstate Corridor (\$335m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$53.7	\$59.4	\$68.0
Willamette Industrial (\$200m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0	\$0	\$0.4
Oregon Convention Center (\$168m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$84.2	\$99.4	\$102.6
River District (\$225m max)	-	_	-	-	-	-	\$103.0	\$118.6	\$132.6
Downtown Waterfront (\$165m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$103.3	\$109.8	\$165.0
Central Eastside (\$105m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$44.6	\$49.9	\$58.9
South Park Blocks (\$144m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$65.8	\$69.4	\$72.3
North Macadam (\$289m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$35.9	\$62.2	\$70.6
Airport Way (\$73m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$72.6	\$72.6	\$72.6
Gateway Regional Center (\$164m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$11.4	\$12.7	\$16.5
Lents Town Center (\$75m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$28.6	\$34.1	\$45.9
TOTAL (\$1,943m max)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$603.1	\$688.1	\$805.4
Percent of all Portland property (acres)									
in Urban Renewal Areas, (max. by law 15%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.1%	14.1%	14.1%
Percent of all Portland frozen value of									
assessed property value in Urban Renewal Areas									
(max. by law 15%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.2%	11.0%	10.6%

WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Cumulative City housing accomplishments tracked by PDC, FY 2001-02 to FY 2007-08, units:  New housing									
Rentals, low-income (o to 60% MFI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,330	3,668
Rentals, moderate+ (above 60% MFI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,679	1,682
Home-ownership units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,807	4,413
Existing housing									
Homeowner repairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,174	1,325
Rental unit rehabilitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	870	1,553
First time home buyers assisted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	813	1,309
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,673	13,950
Incentives for housing development, units receiving:									
Property tax abatements		_	0.544	10 1 10	44.400	42.725	42.020	42.405	42.652
SDC or development waiver	-	-	9,514	10,148	11,109	12,725	13,030	13,405	13,652
SDC of development waiver	-	-	-	-	-	1,427	894	1,208	1,040
Loans and grants awarded for housing projects (millions, adjusted):									
Affordable to low-moderate income									
Owners	-	-	\$3.5	\$1.7	\$3.9	\$2.9	\$2.1	\$2.1	\$8.1
Renters	-	-	\$22.2	\$36.6	\$16.3	\$26.2	\$5.6	\$23.4	\$23.0
Affordable to middle+ income									
Owners	-	-	\$2.4	\$0.9	\$2.1	\$0.8	\$3.4	\$1.3	\$2.1
Renters	-	-	\$4.3	\$0.0	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$2.7	\$0.3	\$0.0
Urban renewal funds spent on public infrastructure (millions, adjusted):									
Transportation / streets	-	-	\$7.6	\$7.8	\$10.7	\$50.4	\$14.1	\$34.8	\$12.8
Community amenities (parks, public facilities)	-	-	\$14.8	\$8.2	\$30.8	\$8.7	\$25.8	\$11.3	-
Parks, open space	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$7.6
Public facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0.5
Units in City subsidized housing projects:									
Affordable to low-moderate income									
Owners	107	225	147	122	205	220	120	77	164
Renters	187	235	147	123 618	285	239	130	77	
Affordable to middle+ income	703	596	524	010	657	640	259	585	706
_	2		2.5	17	12	6	40	10	16
Owners	2	9	25 488	17	13	6	18	10 8	16 6
neitters 300	93	34	400	7	3	14	135	0	0
Business development loans and grants approved (millions, adjusted):									
Business Finance	-	-	\$3.0	\$5.4	\$7.6	\$11.6	\$14.7	\$10.1	\$6.4
Storefront Improvement	-	-	\$0.7	\$1.4	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.2	\$1.5	\$2.6
Development Opportunity Services	-	-	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.4
TOTAL	-	-	\$3.9	\$7.0	\$9.2	\$13.2	\$16.2	\$11.9	\$9.4
								_	
1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Housing inventory in City:									
	125,042			125,240	125,662	131,013	129,055		136,705
Rental	94,354		103,004	98,510	99,576	96,220	99,112		101,386
Vacant9,105	13,913	13,570	12,537	16,054	17,391	19,258	17,107		15,880
TOTAL	233,309	237,307	238,757	239,804	242,629	246,491	245,274	251,348	253,971

# **Portland Development Commission**

EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Spending per capita (adjusted)	-	-	\$250	\$174	\$233	\$242	\$283	\$267	\$230
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Assessed real property values per acre (millions): Inside Urban Renewal Areas Outside Urban Renewal Areas	-	-	\$0.6 \$0.4	\$0.6 \$0.4	\$0.7 \$0.4	\$0.7 \$0.5	\$0.7 \$0.5	\$0.8 \$0.5	\$0.9 \$0.5
Percent of businesses receiving PDC assistance that were still in business:			30.4	30.4	30.4	,0.5	<b>30.</b> 3	, v.,	,0.5
after two years	-	-	94% 81%	81% 76%	100%	98%	95% -	-	-
Number of businesses receiving PDC assistance that were:									
Expanded or retained in region Recruited to region	-	-	16 0	16 0	39 1	45 1	50 5	53 4	34 3
Projected number of jobs created from PDC:  Business Finance loans/grants  Enterprise Zone abatements	-	-	660	707	1,301 80	2,582	2,804	1,256	1,129
Portland unemployment rate:	-	-	139 6.4%	420 8.2%	8.7%	271 7.7%	1,709 6.2%	400 5.2%	1,904 5.0%
Funds invested in PDC housing projects (millions, adjusted):					,	,,,,,,			<b>3</b>
PDC funding (owner & rental)  Total project funding (owner & rental)	-	-	\$76.8 \$178.8	\$37.3 \$77.4	\$11.3 \$97.1	\$19.1 \$97.3	\$8.5 \$77.4	\$30.1 \$79.1	\$23.7 \$130.2
1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Per capita income by county (adjusted):  Multnomah	- - -	-	\$41,244	\$40,541	\$38,637 \$40,162 \$35,954	\$40,744	\$42,507	\$42,989	- - -
RESIDENT SURVEY RESULTS 1999 (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate your neighborhood on the physical condition of housing?66%	65%	63%	61%	66%	65%	64%	69%	65%	69%
Overall, how good a job does the City do in making downtown a good place for recreation, shopping, working and living?	-	-	-	-	-	-	62%	_ 1	69%
Overall, how do you rate the livability of: your neighborhood?83%	84%	82%	82%	82%	83%	80%	83%	82%	82%
the city as a whole?78%	80%	79%	77%	74%	77%	76%	79%	79%	82%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS  (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate your neighborhood on the physical condition of buildings?	-	-	-	62%	64%	64%	62%	61%	63%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not included in the 2007 survey.

### Performance Data

BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS (continued)  (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")	9 2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate the City's job of providing information on: business opportunities with the City?		-	-	18% 13%	20% 14%	23% 14%	24% 14%	25% 18%	28% 19%
Overall, from the point of view of your business, how do you rate the quality of economic development services?		-	-	26%	29%	30%	34%	39%	40%
Overall, how do you rate Portland as a place to do business?		-	-	48%	46%	51%	55%	58%	63%

For more information about the Portland Development Commission (PDC) click or go to:  $\underline{www.pdc.us}$ 

For PDC's Strategic Plan Accomplishments Report click or go to:

www.pdc.us/pubs/inv\_detail.asp?id=896&ty=23

## Office of Neighborhood Involvement

#### **Overview**

The Office of Neighborhood Involvement (ONI) is undergoing an organizational improvement process. An audit we released in June 2008 recommended the Bureau improve its performance measures and conduct a formal strategic planning process in order to refine its mission and Bureau-level goals. In addition to the audit, the Bureau participated in an extensive public review of its mission and goals in response to the Five-Year Plan to Increase Community Involvement.

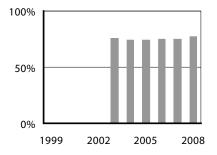
In response to these efforts, the Bureau is now participating in the SEA report for the first time, and is conducting a strategic planning process. The strategic planning process is incorporating input from their Bureau Advisory Committee and the general public.

The measures shown in the 10 year data table were developed by ONI, with assistance from the Audit Services Division. Because this is the Bureau's first year in the SEA report, there are few trends to report. We will, however, highlight certain key measures.

#### **Positive Trends**

- The Bureau continues to work with stakeholders to develop a strategic plan. Ultimately, this will help focus the Bureau's activities and improve public accountability.
- The Bureau continues to refine performance measures and publicly report its progress on key goals and objectives.
- Crime Prevention programs produce many resident contacts. About 23,800 people attended organized crime prevention events in FY 2007-08, and 49,400 households received crime prevention materials.
- Businesses continue to give relatively high survey ratings to the safety of their business neighborhoods during the day.
- 76 percent of neighborhoods participated in National Night Out events.

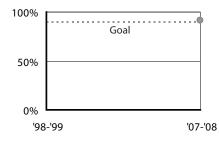
# BUSINESSES: RATING OF SAFETY IN BUSINESS NEIGHBORHOOD DURING THE DAY (percent good or very good)



#### **Positive Trends** (continued)

 Information and Referral personnel assisted many residents requesting information. In FY 2007-08, staff handled requests from phone calls (131,168), walk-ins (24,523) and emails (1,005).

## PERCENT OF CALLS ANSWERED IN 25 SECONDS (Goal = 90%)

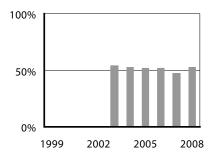


 Information and referral staff answered calls quickly. In FY 2007-08, staff exceeded goals for both the percent of calls answered in less than 25 seconds, and the percent of calls abandoned.

### **Challenges**

- Although ONI is in the process of updating its performance measurement system, there are currently no measures reported for its largest program, Neighborhood Resource Center. We expect that future SEA reports will contain measures for this core responsibility.
- Data collection methods need to be developed for reporting progress on graffiti-related programs. ONI is working to overcome these barriers so they may be included in future reports.
- Business ratings of neighborhood graffiti have not changed substantially since we started asking the question on our Business Survey in 2003.

## BUSINESSES: RATING OF NEIGHBORHOOD GRAFITTI (percent good or very good)



# **Office of Neighborhood Involvement**

**MISSION** 

The mission of the Office of Neighborhood Involvement is to enhance the quality of neighborhoods through community participation.

INPUT MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Expenditures: (millions, adjusted) <sup>1</sup>									
Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0.4
Crime Prevention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.2
Information & Referral	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$0.5
Neighborhood Livability Services	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	\$0.8
Neighborhood Resource Center	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	\$3.8
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	\$8.3	\$7.8	\$7.2	\$6.2	\$6.7
Authorized Staffing (FTPs):									
Administration	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.0
Crime Prevention	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	16.75
Information & Referral	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6.0
Neighborhood Livability Services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.0
Neighborhood Resource Center	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11.75
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.5
WORKLOAD MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Service population 509,610	512,395	531,600	536,240	538,180	545,140	550,560	556,370	562,690	568,380
Crime Prevention:									
Trainings	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	215
Site Security Assessments	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	101
Good Neighbor Agreements	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	14
National Night Out parties	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	119
Event attendance	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	23,763
Organized crime prevention groups	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	623
Households receiving materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,400
Information & Referral:									
Calls answered	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	131,168
Walk-ins handled	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	24,523
Emails responded to	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,005
Neighborhood Livability Services:									
Liquor license applications									
New	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	400
Temporary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	941
' '									
Renewal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,792
Time, Place, Manner warnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,951 8
Time, Place, Manner abatement plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Graffiti reports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 2 4 5
Graffiti cleaned by program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,245
	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	_
Graffiti clean-up referrals  Mediation cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilitation cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405
ו מכווונמנוטוז כמששט	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Neighborhood Resource Center:			NO ME	ASURES AV	AILABLE TH	IS YEAR			

<sup>1</sup> Over the past 10 years, ONI underwent substantial organizational changes. Totals for the prior five years are presented as a general guide to overall Bureau trends.

EFFICIENCY MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03			-	,	,
Spending per capita (adjusted)·	-	-	-	-	\$15	\$14	\$13	\$11	\$12
Administration as percent of total budget	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6%
Percent of all neighborhoods participating in National Night Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76%
EFFECTIVENESS MEASURES 98-99	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08
Percent of calls answered in <25 sec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91%
Percent of calls abandoned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3%
Percent of graffiti cleared of total reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of liquor licenses: 2									
generating complaints	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1%
complaints addressed using Time, Place, Manner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33%
Time, Place, Manner cases resolved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of clients satisfied with mediation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95%
BUSINESS SURVEY RESULTS (Percent "Good" or "Very Good")				2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
How do you rate your neighborhood on graffiti?	-	-	-	54%	53%	52%	52%	47%	53%
How do you rate the safety of your business neighborhood during the day?	-	-	-	76%	74%	74%	75%	75%	77%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Partial year.

For more information about the Office of Neighborhood Involvement (ONI) click or go to:  $\underline{www.portlandonline.com/ONI}$ 

Audit Services Division
Office of the City Auditor
1221 SW 4th Avenue, Room 310
Portland, Oregon 97204
503-823-4005
www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices

City of Portland Service Efforts and Accomplishments: 2007-08, Eighteenth Annual Report on City Government Performance (Report #360, December 2008)

Audit Team: Kristine Adams-Wannberg, Robert Cowan, Fiona Earle, Ken Gavette, Kari Guy, Bob MacKay, Shea Marshman, Doug Norman, Martha Prinz, Jennifer Scott, Scott Stewart, Beth Woodward, Meredith Gray

This report is intended to promote the best possible management of public resources. This and other audit reports produced by the Audit Services Division are available for viewing on the web at: www.portlandonline.com/auditor/auditservices. Printed copies can be obtained by contacting the Audit Services Division.

Gary Blackmer, City Auditor Drummond Kahn, Director of Audit Services

#### Other recent audit reports:

Portland Fire & Rescue: Controlled substances monitoring falls short of requirements (#364, October 2008)

Portland Development Commission: Developers comply with Disposition and Development Agreements, but PDC does not monitor adequately (#358, September 2008)

Street Paving: Office of Transportation improved quality assurance, but is resurfacing fewer streets (#359, August 2008)

