**DATE:** November 30, 2022

**FROM:** Julie Ocken

RE: Update Packet #204 Typos Only

The attached Code Update Pages are purely typo fixes.

Contact <u>Shannon Buono</u> with any questions.

Chapter	Remove Pages	<b>Insert Pages</b>	<b>Changed because of</b>
TOC	5-6	5-6	typo
33.150	1-6	1-6	typo
33.260	All	All	typo
33.420	5-10, 41-42	5-10, 41-42	typo
33.510	55-56	55-56	typo
33.825	3-4	3-4	typo
33.854	1-2, 5-6	1-2, 5-6	typo

806	Airport Reviews	806-1
808	Central City Parking Review	808-1
809	Comprehensive Natural Resource Plans	809-1
810	Comprehensive Plan Map Amendments	810-1
815	Conditional Uses	815-1
820	Conditional Use Master Plans	820-1
825	Design Review	825-1
833	Gateway Master Plan Review	833-1
835	Goal, Policy, and Regulation Amendments	835-1
846	Historic Resource Reviews	846-1
848	Impact Mitigation Plans	848-1
849	Marquam Hill Parking Review	849-1
850	Statewide Planning Goal Exceptions	850-1
851	South Waterfront Greenway Review	851-1
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Gener	ral Terms	
900	List of Terms	900-1
910	Definitions	910-1
920	Descriptions of the Use Categories	920-1
930	Measurements	930-1

# **Index of Symbols on the Official Zoning Maps**

	Symbol	Full Name	Chapter
	CE	Commercial Employment	33.130
	CI1	Campus Institutional 1	33.150
-	CI2	Campus Institutional 2	33.150
	CR	Commercial Residential	33.130
	CM1	Commercial/Mixed Use 1	33.130
	CM2	Commercial/Mixed Use 2	33.130
	CM3	Commercial/Mixed Use 3	33.130
	CX	Central Commercial	33.130
-	EG1	General Employment 1	33.140
-	EG2	General Employment 2	33.140
-	EX	Central Employment	33.140
S	IG1	General Industrial 1	33.140
ne	IG2	General Industrial 2	33.140
, Zo	IH ID	Heavy Industrial	33.140
Base Zones	IR OS	Institutional Residential	33.150
8	OS	Open Space	33.100
-	R2.5	Residential 2,500	33.110
-	R5	Residential 5,000	33.110
-	R7	Residential 7,000	33.110
	R10	Residential 10,000	33.110
	R20	Residential 20,000	33.110
	RF	Residential Farm/Forest	33.110
-	RM1	Residential Multi-Dwelling 1	33.120
-	RM2	Residential Multi-Dwelling 2	33.120
-	RM3	Residential Multi-Dwelling 3	33.120
	RM4	Residential Multi-Dwelling 4	33.120
	RMP	Residential Manufactured Dwelling Park	33.120
	RX	Central Residential	33.120
	b	Buffer Overlay Zone	33.410
	c or	Environmental Conservation Overlay Zone	33.430
	d	Design Overlay Zone	33.420
	е	River Environmental Overlay Zone	33.475
	i	River Industrial Overlay Zone	33.440
<b>5</b>	k	Prime Industrial Overlay Zone	33.471
nes	m	Centers Main Street Overlay Zone	33.415
70	n	River Natural Overlay Zone	33.440
Overlay Zo	p or	Environmental Protection Overlay Zone	33.430
Ó	q	River Water Quality Overlay Zone	33.440
	r	River Recreational Overlay Zone	33.440
-	 S	Scenic Resource Overlay Zone	33.480
	v or	,	
-	7 01	Pleasant Valley Natural Resources Overlay Zone	33.465
	Х	Portland International Airport Noise Impact Overlay Zone	33.470
	Z	Constrained Sites Overlay Zone	33.418

# 33.150 Campus Institutional Zones

**150** 

Sections:
General
33.150.010 Purpose
33.150.020 List of the Campus Institutional Zones
33.150.030 Characteristics of the Zones
33.150.040 Other Zoning Regulations
33.150.050 Where This Chapter Does Not Apply
33.150.060 Neighborhood Contact and Outreach
Use Regulations
33.150.100 Primary Uses
33.150.110 Accessory Uses
33.150.120 Nuisance-Related Impacts
Development Standards
33.150.200 Lot Size
33.150.205 Floor Area Ratio
33.150.210 Height
33.150.215 Setbacks
33.150.220 Building Coverage
33.150.235 Building Length in the CI1 Zone
33.150.240 Landscaped Areas
33.150.245 Trees
33.150.250 Ground Floor Windows in the CI2 Zone
33.150.255 Building Length and Facade Articulation in the CI2 Zone
33.150.260 Screening
33.150.265 Transit Street Main Entrance
33.150.267 Additional Development Standards for Institutional Campuses in the IR Zon
33.150.270 Exterior Display, and Storage
33.150.275 Trucks and Equipment
33.150.277 Drive-Through Facilities
33.150.280 Detached Accessory Structures
33.150.285 Fences
33.150.290 Demolitions
33.150.295 Nonconforming Development
33.150.300 Parking, Loading and Transportation Demand Management
33.150.305 Signs

Maps 150-1 through 150-5 Maximum Heights and Minimum Setbacks

33.150.310 Superblock Requirements

33.150.315 Recycling Areas

#### General

#### 33.150.010 Purpose

The campus institutional zones implement the campus institution policies and Institutional Campus (IC) land use designation of the Comprehensive Plan. The zones are for institutions such as medical centers and colleges that have been developed as campuses, and for other uses that are compatible with

surrounding neighborhoods. The differences between the zones reflect the diversity and location of campus institutions. Allowed uses and development standards promote the desired character of each zone, and reflect the character and development intensity of surrounding neighborhoods. The CI1 and IR zones encourage development that is at a low to medium density residential scale, while the CI2 zone encourages development that is at a more intense, urban scale. The development standards allow flexibility for development and provide guidance to property owners, developers, and neighbors about the limits of what is allowed.

#### 33.150.020 List of the Campus Institutional Zones

The full and short names of the campus institutional zones and their map symbols are listed below. When this Title refers to the campus institutional zones, it is referring to the three zones listed here. When this Title refers to the CI zones, it is referring only to CI1 and CI2.

Full Name	Short Name/Map Symbol
Campus Institutional 1	CI1
Campus Institutional 2	CI2
Institutional Residential	IR

#### 33.150.030 Characteristics of the Zones

- **A.** Campus Institutional 1 zone. The Campus Institutional 1 (CI1) zone is intended for large colleges and medical centers located in or near low and medium density residential neighborhoods. Retail Sales and Service and other uses that serve or support the campus and neighborhood are allowed. Development is intended to be internally focused and compatible with the scale of the surrounding neighborhood. Setback and open space requirements create a buffer between the institution and the surrounding community.
- B. Campus Institutional 2 zone. The Campus Institutional 2 (CI2) zone is intended for large medical centers, colleges and universities located in or near a Regional, Town or Neighborhood Center, or along a civic or neighborhood corridor that is served by frequent transit service. Development is intended to be pedestrian-oriented and at a scale that encourages urban-scale medical and educational facilities, while also ensuring compatibility with nearby mixed-use commercial and residential areas. Retail Sales and Service and Office uses are allowed to support the medical or college campus, and to provide services to the surrounding neighborhoods.
- C. IR zone. The IR zone is a multi-use zone that provides for the establishment and growth of large institutional campuses as well as higher density residential development. The IR zone recognizes the valuable role of institutional uses in the community. However, these institutions are generally in residential areas where the level of public services is scaled to a less intense level of development. Institutional uses are often of a significantly different scale and character than the areas in which they are located. Intensity and density are regulated by the maximum number of dwelling units per acre and the maximum size of buildings permitted. Some commercial and light industrial uses are allowed, along with major event entertainment facilities and other uses associated with institutions.

Residential development allowed includes all structure types. Mixed use projects including both residential development and institutions are allowed as well as single use projects that are entirely residential or institutional. IR zones will be located near one or more streets that are designated as District Collector streets, Transit Access Streets, or streets of higher classification The IR zone will be applied only when it is accompanied by the Design overlay zone.

#### 33.150.040 Other Zoning Regulations

The regulations in this chapter state the allowed uses and the development standards for the base zones. Sites with overlay zones, plan districts, or designated historical landmarks are subject to additional regulations. The Official Zoning Maps indicate which sites are subject to the additional regulations. Specific uses or development types may also be subject to regulations in the 200s series of chapters.

#### 33.150.050 Where This Chapter Does Not Apply

The regulations in this chapter do not apply to sites with a College or Medical Center use that are continuing to develop under an approved conditional use, conditional use master plan, or impact mitigation plan as allowed by 33.700.110.B.2.b. and 33.700.110.B.4. According to 33.700.110.B.2.b. and 33.700.110.B.4., Colleges and Medical Centers in the CI1 and CI2 zones that were approved conditional uses under prior regulations can continue to develop under the approved conditional use master plan or impact mitigation plan, and the base zone regulations that were in effect at the time the conditional use application was deemed complete, until the conditional use, conditional use masterplan, or impact mitigation plan expires, or December 31, 2023, whichever comes first. In this case, the regulations of this chapter do not apply to development on the site.

#### 33.150.060 Neighborhood Contact and Outreach

- A. Purpose. The requirements of this section promote ongoing communication between campus institutions and other uses and the surrounding communities. In addition to neighborhood contact, Colleges and Medical Centers are required to annually update the community on campus operations and development proposals. The annual meeting allows neighbors and campus administrators the opportunity to discuss and resolve potential impacts or conflicts. While the comments from the community are not binding, a collaborative approach is encouraged.
- **B. Neighborhood contact.** Neighborhood contact is a set of outreach steps that must be taken before certain developments can be submitted for approval. Neighborhood contact is required as follows:
  - 1. Neighborhood contact I.
    - a. Neighborhood contact I requirements. When proposed development will add at least 10,000 square feet and not more than 25,000 square feet of net building area to a site, the neighborhood contact steps of 33.705.020.A., Neighborhood contact I, are required. All the steps in 33.705.020.A. must be completed before an application for a building permit can be submitted.
    - b. Exemption. If the proposed development has already met the neighborhood contact requirements as part of a land use review process, it is exempt from the neighborhood contact requirements.
  - 2. Neighborhood contact II.
    - a. Neighborhood contact II requirements. When the proposed development will add more than 25,000 square feet of net building area to a site, the neighborhood contact steps of 33.705.020.B., Neighborhood contact II, are required. All of the steps in 33.705.020.B. must be completed before an application for a building permit can be submitted.

- b. Exemption. If the proposed development has already met the neighborhood contact requirements as part of a land use review process, it is exempt from the neighborhood contact requirements.
- C. Annual meeting. Colleges and Medical Centers must conduct at least one community meeting per year. The annual community meeting is intended to ensure that the College or Medical Center updates the community at least once a year regarding future development and other potential changes that could affect the surrounding area, and to provide a forum for discussion of a Good Neighbor Agreement:
  - 1. The following information must be provided during the meeting:
    - The status of and any updates to the College's or Medical Center's Transportation and Parking Demand Management Plan, Transportation Impact Analysis, and related mitigation measures;
    - Development that is anticipated to take place on the site during the next 12 months;
    - c. Potential impacts of other on-site activities that could affect the surrounding neighborhood; and
    - d. Updated contact information for the College or Medical Center;
  - The College or Medical Center must send notice of the meeting to the neighborhood association and business association for the area at least 30 days before the meeting. Notice must be by registered or certified mail, and must include the following:
    - a. The purpose of the meeting;
    - b. Information on how to contact the institution regarding details about this meeting;
    - c. The date, time, and location of the meeting.
  - 3. A copy of the notification, the mailing list, and registered or certified mail receipt must be retained by the College or Medical Center for at least 5 years and must be available for inspection by City staff upon request.

#### **Use Regulations**

#### **33.150.100** Primary Uses

- A. Allowed uses. Uses allowed in the campus institutional zones are listed in Table 150-1 with a "Y". These uses are allowed if they comply with the development standards and other regulations of this Title. Being listed as an allowed use does not mean that a proposed development will be granted an adjustment or other exception to the regulations of this Title. In addition, a use or development listed in the 200s series of chapters is also subject to the regulations of those chapters.
- **B.** Limited uses. Uses allowed that are subject to limitations are listed in Table 150-1 with an "L". These uses are allowed if they comply with the limitations listed below and the development standards and other regulations of this Title. In addition, a use or development listed in the 200s series of chapters is also subject to the regulations of those chapters. The paragraphs listed below contain the limitations and correspond with the footnote numbers from Table 150-1.

- 1. Retail Sales And Service uses in the CI1 zone. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [1]. Up to 10,000 square feet of Retail Sales And Service use per site may be allowed as a conditional use in the CI1 zone.
- 2. Manufacturing And Production and Industrial Service in the CI1 and CI2 zones. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [2]. In the CI 1 and CI2 zones, up to 10,000 square feet of Manufacturing And Production use and 10,000 square feet of Industrial Service use is allowed per site. More than 10,000 square feet of Manufacturing and Production use and 10,000 square feet of Industrial Service use may be allowed as a conditional use in the CI2 zone. More than 10,000 square feet of Manufacturing and Production and Industrial Service is prohibited in the CI1 zone.
- 3. Basic Utilities. These regulations apply to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [3].
  - a. Basic Utilities that serve a development site are accessory uses to the primary use being served on that site.
  - b. Small Scale Energy Production that provides energy for on-site or off-site use are considered accessory to the primary use on the site. Installations that sell power they generate—at retail (net, metered) or wholesale—are included. However, they are only considered accessory if they generate energy primarily from biological materials or byproducts from the site itself, or conditions on the site itself. Not more than 10 tons per week of biological material or byproducts from other sites may be used to generate energy. Not more than 20 percent of the floor area on a site, exclusive of parking area may be devoted to small scale energy production. The requirements of Chapter 33.262, Off Site Impacts must be met.
  - c. All other Basic Utilities are conditional uses.
- 4. Community Service. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [4]. Most Community Service uses are regulated by Chapter 33.815, Conditional Uses.
  - a. In the CI1 and IR zones, most Community Service uses are regulated by Chapter 33.815, Conditional Uses. Short term, mass, and outdoor shelters are regulated by Chapter 33.285, Short Term, Mass, and Outdoor Shelters.
  - b. In the CI2 zones, most Community Service uses are allowed by right. Short term, mass, and outdoor shelters are regulated by Chapter 33.285, Short Term, Mass, and Outdoor Shelters.
- 5. Parks And Open Areas. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [5]. Parks And Open Areas uses are allowed by right. However, certain accessory uses and facilities that are part of a Parks And Open Areas use require a conditional use review. These accessory uses and facilities that require a conditional use review are listed below.
  - a. Swimming pools.
  - b. Cemeteries, including mausoleums, chapels, and similar accessory structures associated with funerals or burial.
  - c. Golf courses, including club houses, restaurants, and driving ranges.
  - d. Boat ramps.
  - e. Parking areas.

- f. Recreational fields for organized sports. Recreational fields used for organized sports are subject to the regulations of Chapter 33.279, Recreational Fields for Organized Sports.
- 6. Colleges. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [6]. Colleges are allowed by right. However, outdoor sports facilities that include more than 1,500 square feet of accessory building floor area, more than 500 linear feet of spectator seating, outdoor lighting, or voice amplification require a conditional use review.
- Agriculture. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have note [7]. If the use
  and site do not meet the regulations of Chapter 33.237, Food Production and Distribution,
  Agriculture is prohibited.
- 8. Radio Frequency Transmission Facilities. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have an [8]. Some Radio Frequency Transmission Facilities are allowed by right. See Chapter 33.274.
- 9. Group Living in the IR Zone. This regulation applies to all parts of table 150-1 that have a note [9]. Group Living uses in the IR zone are regulated as follows:
  - The Group Living use must be included in the mission statement of the campus's impact mitigation plan; and
  - b. The impact mitigation plan's implemented mitigation measures must accommodate the impacts the Group Living use will create.
- 10. Retail Sales And Services and Office uses in the IR zone. This regulation applies to all parts of Table 150-1 that have a note [10].
  - a. Purpose. Retail Sales And Service uses are allowed as part of an institutional campus in recognition of the large size of such campuses and the needs of the people present for nearby goods and services. Office uses are allowed in recognition of the multifaceted nature of colleges and medical centers.
  - Retail Sales and Service uses allowed as accessory activities. These uses are allowed by right when the use is identified as a permitted accessory use in the institution's approved impact mitigation plan or conditional use master plan; and
  - c. Retail Sales and Service and Office uses are allowed on an institutional campus as primary uses when the following regulations are met:
    - (1) The location is identified as a site for a primary retail, service or office use in the institution's approved impact mitigation plan;
    - (2) The impact mitigation plan's mitigation measures for commercial use at the site are met; and
    - (3) Retail Sales and Services uses in combination with office uses which are not listed as primary or accessory uses in the mission statement of the impact mitigation plan are limited. These uses are limited to no more than 50,000 square feet of floor area or 10 percent of the campus floor area, whichever is less. When structured parking is provided 250 square feet of parking structure floor area is included in the area subject to this floor area limitation for each required parking space. Size exceptions are prohibited.

# **Chapter 33.260 Occupied Recreational Vehicle**

260

#### Sections:

33.260.010 Purpose

33.260.020 When This Chapter Applies

33.260.030 Occupied Recreational Vehicles

#### 33.260.010 Purpose

Title 29 of the Portland City Code allows the residential occupancy of recreational vehicles under certain circumstances. This chapter provides direction on how Title 33 regulations apply to occupied recreational vehicles.

#### 33.260.020 When This Chapter Applies

This chapter applies to an occupied recreational vehicle on a site with a house, attached house, or manufactured home.

#### 33.260.030 Occupied Recreational Vehicles

An occupied recreational vehicle is a vehicle and is not a building, structure or dwelling unit in terms of Title 33. The following standards clarify how Title 33 applies to an occupied recreational vehicle.

- **A. Parking.** Chapter 33.266 applies to both occupied and unoccupied recreational vehicles. The development standards in 33.266 that apply to parking areas and recreational vehicles on a site also apply to occupied recreational vehicles.
- **B. Density.** Because an occupied recreational vehicle is not a dwelling unit, building or structure it does not count toward minimum or maximum density or FAR.
- C. Other development standards. Occupied recreational vehicles are not subject to development standards in this Title that apply to buildings or structures. However, structures attached to an occupied recreational vehicle are subject to all applicable development standards in this Title.
- **D.** Accessory short-term rentals. An occupied recreational vehicle is prohibited from being an accessory short-term rental.

(Added by: Ord. No. 190380, effective 8/1/21.)

Chapter 33.260 Occupied Recreational Vehicle

- The proposed alteration or equipment is screened by an existing parapet, screen, or enclosure that is as tall as the tallest part of the equipment or alteration;
- (2) The proposed alteration or equipment is set back 4 feet from the edge of the roof for every 1 foot of height above the roof surface or top of parapet;
- (3) The proposed alteration or equipment is located entirely within 5 feet of the facade of an existing equipment penthouse, does not extend above the penthouse, and is the same color as the penthouse; or
- (4) The proposed alteration or equipment does not exceed 3 feet in width, depth, length, diameter or height.
- d. Radio frequency transmission facilities as follows:
  - (1) New or replacement antennas that are mounted to the side of an existing stairwell enclosure or an existing or extended equipment penthouse when the antennas do not extend above the penthouse and are the same color as the existing penthouse or stairwell enclosure.
  - (2) New or replacement equipment associated with the antennas when screened by an existing penthouse or located entirely within 5 feet of the facade of an existing penthouse. As an alternative, an existing penthouse may be extended to screen the equipment if:
    - The penthouse extension is at least 15 feet from any street facing roof edge;
    - The equipment does not extend above the penthouse; and
    - The penthouse extension is the same color as the existing penthouse;
  - (3) Alterations to an existing facility that comply with a previous design review approval for the facility including screening or concealment; or;
  - (4) Alterations to an existing eligible facility, that qualifies under the terms pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §1455, when approved measures of concealment are maintained.
- 9. The following alterations and additions to the roof of a building when the roof has a pitch that is greater than 1/12:
  - a. The addition or alteration is parallel with the roof surface and extends no more than 12 inches above the roof surface; or
  - b. The addition or alteration extends no more than 18 inches from the surface of the roof and is less than 2 feet in diameter.
- 10. Public Art as defined in Chapter 5.74, or a Permitted Original Art Mural as defined in Title 4.

#### C. Geographically specific:

- In the South Auditorium plan district shown in Map 420-1, signs that meet the following:
  - a. Except within 50 feet of the Halprin Open Space Sequence historic district, signs with a sign face area of 32 square feet or less; and
  - b. Within 50 feet of the Halprin Open Space Sequence historic district, signs with a sign face area of 3 square feet or less;
- 2. In the Marquam Hill Design District shown on Map 420-3:
  - a. Additions of less than 25,000 square feet of floor area;
  - b. Exterior alterations that affect less than 50 percent of the area of the facade where the area affected is also less than 3,000 square feet;
  - c. Exterior improvements that are less than 5,000 square feet in total area, except for exterior improvements affecting areas counting towards the formal open area requirements of Section 33.555.260; and
  - d. Landscaping not associated with formal open areas required under 33.555.260.

#### 33.420.050 Design Standards

The design standards provide an alternative process to design review for some proposals. Proposals that are eligible to use the design standards are stated in Subsection A. The standards for signs are stated in Title 32, Signs and related Regulations. Proposals that do not meet the design standards stated in Subsection C — or where the applicant prefers more flexibility — must go through the design review process.

**A.** Unless excluded by Subsection B, proposals that are within the maximum limits of Table 420-1 may use the design standards stated in Subsection C as an alternative to design review.

Table 420-1 Maximum Limits for Use of the design standards [1]			
RM2, RM3, RM4, C, E, I, & CI	40,000 sq. ft. of floor area		
Zones			
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan.		
Zones Maximum Limit—Exterior Alterations			
All except IR	• For street facing facades less than 3,000 square feet, alterations affecting		
	less than 1,500 square feet of the facade.		
	For street facing facades 3,000 square feet and larger, alterations		
	affecting less than 50% of the facade area.		
IR Zone	See institution's Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan.		

Notes:

[1] There are no maximum limits for proposals where any of the floor area is in residential use.

- **B.** The design standards may not be used as an alternative to design review as follows:
  - 1. In the Central City plan district. See Map 420-1;
  - 2. In the Gateway plan district as follows. See Map 420-4;
    - a. New development and alterations to existing development when any portion of the new development or alteration exceeds 35 feet in height not counting additional height allowed through a base zone height standard exception; and
    - b. Development subject to the requirements of 33.526.240, Open Area;
  - New buildings or additions when any portion of the new building or addition exceeds
     feet in height not counting additional height allowed through a base zone height standard exception;
  - 4. For Institutional uses in residential zones, unless specifically allowed by the base zone, overlay zone, plan district, or an approved Impact Mitigation Plan or Conditional Use Master Plan;
  - 5. Non-standard improvements in the right-of-way or other encroachments identified in City Titles as requiring design review;
  - 6. In the CM3 zone within the St. Johns plan district, structures that exceed 45 feet in height;
  - 7. For motor vehicle fuel sales in the 122nd Avenue subdistrict of the East Corridor plan district; and
  - 8. In the North Interstate plan district proposals taking advantage of the additional height allowed by 33.561.210.B.2.

#### C. Design standards

- 1. New development.
  - a. Required design standards. New development must meet all the design standards identified in Table 420-2 as required standards. Only the standards applicable to the development apply; and
  - b. Optional design standards. New development must meet the optional design standards as follows. Unless otherwise stated, if a standard is required, no optional points are earned:
    - (1) Buildings up to 55 feet tall. New development with buildings that are 55 feet tall or less must meet enough of the standards identified in Table 420-2 as providing optional points to total 20 points, or one point for every 1,000 square feet of site area, whichever is less. For sites that are required to earn 20 points, at least one point must be earned in each of the context, public realm, and quality and resilience categories;
    - (2) Building more than 55 feet tall. New development with buildings that are more than 55 feet tall must meet enough of the standards identified in

Table 420-2 as providing optional points to total 20 points, or two points for every 1,000 square feet of site area, whichever is less. For sites that are required to earn 20 points, at least one point must be earned in each of the context, public realm, and quality and resilience categories.

2. Alterations to existing development must meet all the design standards identified in Table 420-2 as required. Only the standards applicable to the alteration apply. In addition, major remodels must meet enough of the standards identified in Table 420-2 as optional to total 5 points, or one point for every 1,000 square feet of site area, whichever is less.

# Table 420-2 Design Standards CONTEXT (C1 – C18)

The standards for context provide an opportunity for development to respond to the surrounding natural and built environment and build on the opportunities provided by the site itself. The context standards are split into the following categories: Building Massing and Corners, Older Buildings/History, Landscaping, and Adiacent Natural Areas.

Required (X)	APPLIES TO:	THE DESIGN STANDARD	Optional points
	ING MASSING AND CORNERS		
X	New development on a site on a corner lot, located within a neighborhood or town center, where the zoning does not require a minimum building setback from a street lot line:	At least one of the following must be met:  At least one building must be within 5 feet of the intersecting street lot lines and meet the following:  Each street facing wall meeting this standard must be at least 25 feet long;  At least 30 percent of the street-facing building wall within 25 feet of the corner must be windows or main entrance doors. Windows and doors used to meet ground floor window requirements may be used to meet this standard; and  At least one main entrance to a lobby or individual commercial tenant space must be located within 15 feet of the two intersecting street lot lines, and face the street with the highest transit designation.  At least one building must abut a plaza at the corner of the two intersecting street lot lines. The plaza must meet the following standards:  The plaza must measure at least 20 feet in all directions;  The plaza must be hard surfaced for use by pedestrians or be an extension of the sidewalk;  No more than 25 percent of the plaza may be covered;	
		<ul> <li>The plaza must include benches or seating that provides at least 10 linear feet of seating surface. The seating surface must be at least 15 inches deep, and between 16 and 24 inches above the grade upon which the seating or bench sits; and</li> <li>At least one main entrance to a lobby or commercial tenant space must face the plaza.</li> </ul>	

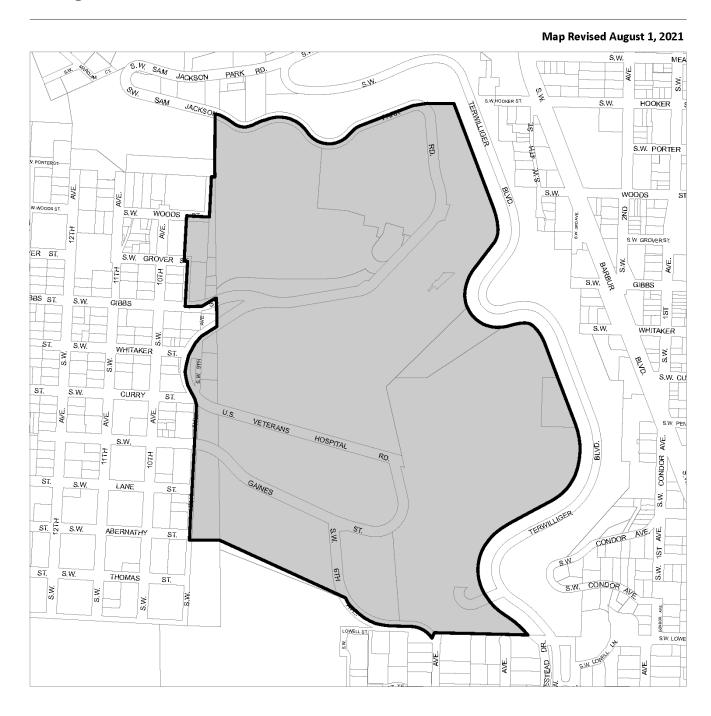
Required (X)	APPLIES TO:	THE DESIGN STANDARD	Optional points	
	C2 Building Facade on Local Service Streets.			
	one street-facing facade	Divide the building elevation on the facade facing a local service street into distinct wall planes measuring 1,500 square feet or less.	3	
	a a F f i	To qualify, the facade plane must be offset in depth by at least 2-feet from adjacent facades. Facades may also be separated by balconies or architectural projections that project at least 2 feet from adjacent facades for a minimum distance of 8 feet. Projections into street right-of-way do not count toward meeting this standard.		
		porhoods with Centers Main Street overlay zone	£ 1	
	Centers Main Street (m)	Meet any of the following standards up to a maximum opoints:		
	overlay zone within the Inner Pattern area shown on Map 130-2.	<ul> <li>The portion of the street-facing facade that fronts a non-residential use must provide the following:         <ul> <li>A transom window must be provided above each ground floor window and door opening. The transom window must be at least 12 inches in height and separated from main ground floor windows by at least 4 inches. Mullions within a storefront glazing system do not count toward the window separation.</li> <li>A base sill or bulkhead must be provided at the ground level. The base must be at least 18 inches above grade, but is not required where access doors are located.</li> <li>Street-facing ground floor windows must be split up into sections no more than 25 feet wide, separated by a column made up of a different material than the storefront glazing system and at least 12 inches wide.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2	
		<ul> <li>The following must be provided on street-facing facades:</li> <li>The ground floor of the building must be visually distinct from upper stories by providing either a cornice, belt course or projecting band between the first and second floor of the building, or a change of material between the first floor and upper floors of the building.</li> </ul>	1	

**Design District Boundary** 

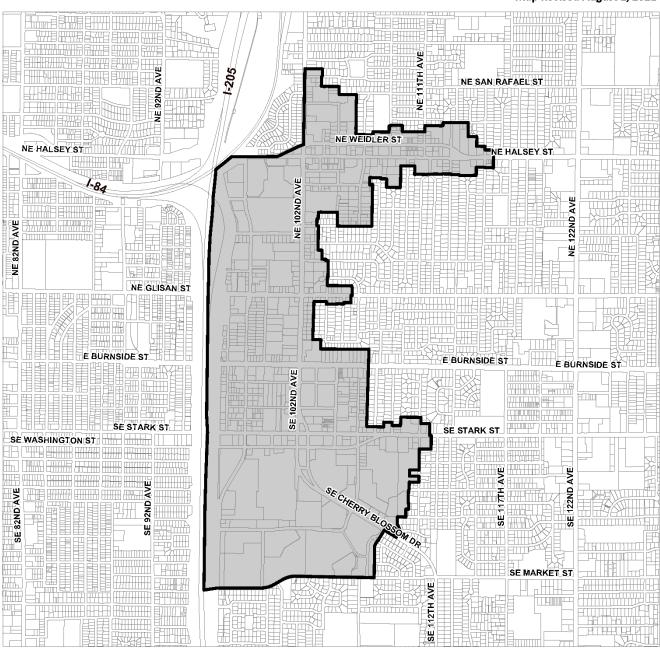
375

Scale in Feet
Bureau of Planning and Sustainability
Portland, Oregon

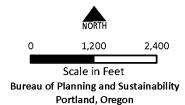
750



#### Map Revised August 1, 2021



Design District Boundary



- especially on sites near the Willamette River. The size and location of each open area must be adequate to accommodate the intended use of the space.
- 8. The transportation system is capable of supporting the proposed uses in addition to the existing uses in the plan area. Evaluation factors include street capacity, level of service, connectivity, transit availability, availability of pedestrian and bicycle networks, on-street parking impacts, access restrictions, neighborhood impacts, impacts on pedestrian, bicycle, and transit circulation, and safety. Evaluation factors may be balanced; a finding of failure in one or more factors may be acceptable if the failure is not a result of the proposed development, and any additional impacts on the system from the proposed development are mitigated;
- 9. The proposed street plan must provide multi-modal street connections to support the surrounding street grid pattern;
- 10. The plan ensures that there will be adequate and timely infrastructure capacity for the proposed development; and
- 11. The master plan demonstrates that, to the extent practical and feasible, inactive uses such as, but not limited to, parking and access, loading, and trash and recycling are shared or consolidated, with the goal of activating the pedestrian environment.
- 12. The proposal will not have a significant adverse effect on truck and freight movement;
- 13. City-designated scenic resources are preserved;
- 14. Proposed residential uses are buffered from potential nuisance impacts from uses allowed by right in the zone; and
- 15. The master plan includes a design, landscape, and transportation plan that will limit conflicts between residential, employment, and industrial uses.
- I. Amendments to a Central City Master Plan. Unless specifically addressed in the approved Central City Master Plan review, an amendment to an approved master plan is required for the following changes. The amendment request must meet the applicable approval criteria in 33.510.255.H.
  - 1. The following amendments are processed through a Type III review:
    - a. Changes to the boundary of the master plan area;
    - Removing or changing the location of a proposed public right-of-way, or to the location of a private vehicular accessway that connect to a public right-ofway; or
    - c. Removing or changing the location of an open area as required by 33.510.255.K.
  - 2. The following amendments are processed through a Type II review:
    - a. Changes to the location or number of buildings;
    - b Change to the location of proposed the ground floor active uses; or
    - c. Increases or decreases of 15 percent or more to an approved massing envelope.

J. Duration. An approved Central City Master Plan remains in effect until development allowed by the plan has been completed, except that a Central City Master Plan expires 10 years from the date of the final decision if none of the development or activity allowed by the plan has commenced.

#### K. Open area requirement.

- Purpose. The open area requirements promote a site design that provides access to light and air, opportunities for outdoor activities including active and passive recreation, public gathering spaces, and visual relief from the built environment. The standards are also intended to produce open areas at a scale compatible to what large sites would have if divided by the 200 foot street grid pattern common through the Central City.
- Amount of required open area. A minimum of 20 percent of the master plan area
  must be devoted to open area. Open areas may include parks, outdoor recreation
  amenities, plazas, public fountains, or landscaped areas. Areas used for parking,
  loading, and driveways do not count toward the 20 percent minimum open area
  requirement.
- 3. Required open area development standards.
  - a. At least 20,000 square feet, or 50 percent, whichever is less, of the required open area must be designed as parks or plazas. At least one of the parks or plazas must have dimensions that allows a 50 foot by 50 foot square to fit entirely within It, and in Central City Master Plan Area 6, shown on Map 510-19, at least one park or plaza must be located directly adjacent to the OS zone.
  - b. Bike and pedestrian accessways may not constitute more than 25 percent of the required open space.
  - c. The open space must meet one of the following tree density standards. Tree canopy sizes are defined in 33.248.030.C.2:
    - (1) A minimum of one tree per 1,000 square feet of park or plaza area is required if all of the trees are small canopy trees; or
    - (2) A minimum of one tree per 2,000 square feet of park or plaza area is required if at least one medium or large canopy tree is provided.
  - d. Parks and plazas must be sited so that shadows from buildings cover no more than 50 percent of the park or plaza at noon on March 21, June 21 and September 21, and not more than 75 percent of the adjacent open space at noon on December 21, and 3:00 pm on March 21, June 21, and September 21.

### 33.510.257 Signs for Additional Uses Allowed in the Open Space Zone

The sign standards are stated in Title 32, Signs and Related Regulations.

- [1] The height threshold does not include additional height allowed through a height exception in the base zone.
- [2] An affordable housing project may choose a Type II review procedure if at least 50 percent of the total number of dwelling units on the site are affordable to those earning no more than 60 percent of the area median family income or an affordability level established by Title 30. If a Type II review procedure is chosen, the applicant must provide a letter from the Portland Housing Bureau certifying that the development meets the affordability requirement and any administrative requirements of the Portland Housing Bureau and a design advice request is required. See 33.730.050.B. The application for design review may not be submitted before the required design advice request is held.
- [3] Changes to an approved design review are reviewed as stated in this table when all of the following are met. Changes to an approved review that do not meet these thresholds are processed through the same procedure as the original review:
- 1. The original design review has not expired;
- 2. The building permit for the project has not received final approval;
- 3. The change will not modify any condition of approval. Changes to an approved exhibit are allowed; and
- 4. The change alters no more than 30 percent of any façade and does not increase the approved floor area.
- [4] If the original design review was processed through a Type I procedure, then review of a change is processed through the same procedure as the original review.

#### 33.825.035 Factors Reviewed During Design Review.

The review may evaluate the architectural style; structure placement, dimensions, height, and bulk; lot coverage by structures; and exterior alterations of the proposal, including building materials, color, off-street parking areas, open areas, landscaping, and tree preservation.

While the review may evaluate the distribution of massing and placement of structures on the site, the review may not require the applicant to reduce or increase the total floor area or height, except when the height being proposed includes bonus height, and the bonus requires approval through design review or a modification through design review.

The review body is not obligated to approve modifications or adjustments that are requested in order to achieve the proposed development intensity.

#### 33.825.040 Modifications That Will Better Meet Design Review Requirements

The review body may consider modification of site-related development standards, including the sign standards of Chapters 32.32 and 32.34 of the Sign Code, as part of the design review process. The review body may not consider modifications to standards for which adjustments are prohibited. Modifications are done as part of design review and are not required to go through the adjustment process. Adjustments to use-related development standards (such as floor area ratios, intensity of use, size of the use, number of units, or other standards that are calculated based upon the size or intensity of the use such as the quantity of parking and loading spaces) are required to go through the adjustment process. Modifications that are denied through design review may be requested as an adjustment through the adjustment process. The review body will approve requested modifications if it finds that the applicant has shown that the following approval criteria are met:

- **A. Better meets design guidelines.** The resulting development will better meet the applicable design guidelines;
- **B. Purpose of the standard.** On balance, the proposal will be consistent with the purpose of the standard for which a modification is requested; and

**C. Mitigation of impacts.** Any impacts resulting from the modifications are mitigated to the extent practical.

#### 33.825.055 Approval Criteria

A design review application will be approved if the review body finds the applicant to have shown that the proposal complies with the design guidelines for the area.

#### 33.825.065 Design Guidelines

- **A. Purpose.** Design guidelines are the approval criteria used to review new development and alterations to existing development. They ensure that the development builds on the context of the area, contributes to the public realm and promotes quality and long-term resilience within the Design overlay zone.
- B. Design guidelines. Guidelines specific to a design district have been adopted for the areas shown on maps 420-1 through 420-4. Where two of the design districts shown on those maps overlap, both sets of guidelines apply. Projects within the South Auditorium Plan District use the Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines for the Downtown Subdistrict.

All other areas within the Design overlay zone or proposals subject to design review use the Portland Citywide Design Guidelines.

The design guidelines are mandatory approval criteria used in design review procedures. Within design districts, the design guidelines may consist of a common set of design guidelines for the whole district and special design guidelines for subdistricts. Where subdistrict guidelines conflict with the district guidelines, the subdistrict guidelines control.

**C. Waiver of design guidelines.** If a design district's design guidelines document includes goals for the design district, the review body may waive one or more of the guidelines as part of the design review of a development in order to meet the goals.

#### 33.825.075 Relationship to Other Regulations

Design review approval by BDS does not imply compliance with the other requirements of the Zoning Code or other City, Regional, State, and Federal agencies.

(Amended by: Ord. No. 169987, effective 7/1/96; Ord. No. 171219, effective 7/1/97; Ord. No. 171589, effective 11/1/97; Ord. No. 174325, effective 5/5/00; Ord. No. 175204, effective 3/1/01; Ord. No. 175837, effective 9/7/01; Ord. Nos. 175965 and 176333, effective 7/1/02; Ord. No. 176469, effective 7/1/02; Ord. 176742, effective 7/31/02; Ord. No. 177701, effective 8/30/03; Ord. No. 177920, effective 11/8/03; Ord. No. 178423, effective 6/18/04; Ord. No. 178452, effective 7/10/04; Ord. No. 178509, effective 7/16/04; Ord. No. 179092, effective 4/1/05; Ord. No. 181357, effective 11/9/07; Ord. No. 182072, effective 8/22/08; Ord. No. 184016, effective date 08/20/10; Ord. No. 185915, effective 5/1/13; Ord. No. 186053, effective 1/1/15; Ord. No. 187216, effective 7/24/15; Ord. No. 188259, effective 3/31/17; Ord. No. 188177, effective 5/24/18; Ord. No. 189000, effective 7/9/18; Ord. No. 189488, effective 12/2/19; Ord. No. 189805, effective 3/1/20; Ord. No. 190023, effective 8/10/20 and 8/1/21; Ord. No. 190477, effective 8/1/21; Ord. No. 190687, effective 3/1/22.)

# 33.854 Planned Development Review

854

#### Sections:

#### General

33.854.010 Purpose

#### **Review of Planned Development**

33.854.200 Review Procedures

33.854.250 Supplemental Application Requirements

33.854.300 Approval Criteria in General

33.854.310 Approval Criteria for Planned Developments In All Zones

33.854.320 Additional Approval Criteria for Modifications of Development Standards

33.854.330 Commercial Uses in Residential Zones

33.854.340 Proposals Without a Land Division

Changes to an Approved Planned Development

33.854.500 Types of Changes

33.854.510 Review Procedure

33.854.520 Approval Criteria

#### General

#### 33.854.010 Purpose

These regulations assign Planned Development Reviews to an appropriate procedure type. The approval criteria ensure that innovative and creative development is encouraged when it is well designed and integrated into the neighborhood.

#### **Review of Planned Development**

#### 33.854.200 Review Procedures

- A. Concurrent reviews. When land use reviews in addition to Planned Development Review are requested or required, all of the reviews must be processed concurrently, except for Design Review for buildings within a Planned Development site when the Planned Development bonus is being utilized (See 33.130.212.E). In this case, Design Review may be processed after the Planned Development Review.
- **B.** Planned Development bonus. Proposals that are using the commercial/mixed use zones Planned Development bonus (See 33.130.212.E) are processed through a Type III procedure.

#### C. All other Planned Development Reviews.

- Review in conjunction with a land division. When a Planned Development is requested in conjunction with a land division, the review will be processed as follows:
  - a. Type III review. Proposals in the RF through R2.5 zones that include multidwelling structures are processed through a Type III procedure.

- b. Type IIx review. All other proposals are processed through the Type IIx procedure.
- 2. Review not in conjunction with a land division. When a Planned Development is not in conjunction with a land division, the review will be processed as follows:
  - a. Type III review. Proposals that include any of the following elements are processed through a Type III procedure:
    - (1) Multi-dwelling structures in the RF through R2.5 zones;
    - (2) Eleven or more units in the RF through R10 zones;
    - (3) Twenty-one or more units R7 through R2.5, Multi-Dwelling, Commercial/Mixed Use, CI2, IR and EX zones;
    - (4) Four or more units where any building location, utility, or service is proposed within a Potential Landslide Hazard Area;
    - (5) Environmental review;
    - (6) Any portion of the site is in an Open Space zone.
  - b. Type IIx review. All other proposals not assigned to a Type III in Subparagraph C.2.a. are processed through a Type IIx procedure.

#### 33.854.250 Supplemental Application Requirements

In addition to the application requirements of Section 33.730.060.D, the following information is required for a Planned Development application:

- **A.** Supplemental application requirements for Planned Developments in commercial/mixed use zones that are proposing additional height or FAR through the Planned Development bonus (See 33.270.100.K):
  - The boundaries of the area to be included in the Planned Development. The area must include all contiguous lots that are owned by the same person, partnership, association, or corporation. This also includes lots that are in common ownership but are separated by a shared right-of-way;
  - 2. An urban design and development framework plan showing:
    - a. The location of existing and proposed structures;
    - b. Proposed land uses including areas with active ground floor uses;
    - A three dimensional massing diagram that identifies the maximum proposed building envelope for each building site, including maximum proposed building dimensions, height, and floor area allocations;
    - Sections, sectional elevations, and perspectives that illustrate the relationship of existing and proposed development on the site to the urban form of the surrounding neighborhood in terms of building height and massing;

- Orienting the site and development to the public realm, while limiting less active uses
  of the site such as parking and storage areas along the public realm. Public realm
  includes adjacent streets as well as plazas and common open areas that are accessible
  from the street;
- 2. Preservation of natural features on the site, such as stands of trees, water features or topographical elements;
- Inclusion of architectural features that complement positive characteristics of surrounding development, such as similar building scale and style, building materials, setbacks, and landscaping;
- 4. Mitigation of differences in appearance through means such as setbacks, screening, landscaping, and other design features;
- 5. Minimizing potential negative effects on surrounding residential uses; and
- 6. Preservation of any City-designated scenic resources.
- F. Open Area. On sites zoned RF through R2.5
  - Where proposed development includes attached houses, duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, multi-dwelling structures, or multi-dwelling development, adequate open area to accommodate the proposed development must be provided. Open area does not include vehicle areas.
  - Where multi-dwelling development with detached single dwelling units is proposed,
     percent of the total number of dwelling units on the site must be oriented around a common outdoor area.
- **G.** Accessible connections. Provide one or more accessible routes that connect all buildings on the site to adjacent streets, common open areas, and parking areas. Use landscaping and site furnishings to ensure the accessible route provides a pleasant user experience.
- H. Garbage and recycling areas. Garbage and recycling collection areas must be adequate in size to accommodate the proposed development, designed to encourage recycling, and located to facilitate pick-up service. Screening and buffering of garbage and recycling areas must be provided to maintain a clean and attractive development.

# **33.854.320** Additional Approval Criteria for Modifications of Site-Related Development Standards

The following criteria apply to modifications of site-related development standards, including parking standards. These modifications are done as part of a Planned Development review and do not have to go through the adjustment process. Modifications to development standards for which adjustments are prohibited may not be considered. The modification will be approved if the following approval criteria are met:

- **A. Better meets approval criteria.** The resulting development will better meet the applicable approval criteria of Section 33.854.310; and
- **B. Purpose of the standard.** On balance, the proposal will be consistent with the purpose of the standards for which a modification is requested.

#### 33.854.330 Commercial Uses in Residential Zones.

The approval criteria of this section apply to proposals for commercial uses in Residential Zones. The approval criteria are:

- **A.** The area surrounding the proposed location of the commercial uses is deficient in support commercial opportunities;
- **B.** The proposed commercial development and uses will be primarily for the service and convenience of residents of the neighborhood; and
- **C.** The proposed commercial development and uses must be consistent with the purpose and regulations of the CM1 zone.

#### 33.854.340 Proposals Without a Land Division

The approval criteria of this section apply to Planned Developments that do not include a land division, except Planned Developments that are only using the commercial/mixed use zones Planned Development bonus. The approval criteria are:

#### A. Services.

- 1. The proposed use must be in conformance with the Arterial Streets Classifications and Policies of the Transportation Element of the Comprehensive Plan;
- 2. The approval criteria of Section 33.654.110, Connectivity and Location of Rights-of-Way, must be met;
- 3. The standards of Section 33.651.020, Water Service Standards, must be met;
- 4. The standard of Section 33.652.020, Sanitary Sewer Disposal Service Standard, must be met;
- 5. The standard of Section 33.655.100, School District Enrollment Capacity Standard, must be met; and
- 6. The application must show that a stormwater management system can be designed that will provide adequate capacity for the expected amount of stormwater.
- **B.** Tree preservation. The proposal must meet the requirements of Chapter 33.630, Tree Preservation.

#### C. Flood hazard areas.

- 1. RF through R2.5 zones. In the RF through R2.5 zones, all proposed building locations must be outside of the flood hazard area.
- 2. RM2 through RX, C, E, I, and IR zones. In the RM2 through RX, C, E, I, and IR zones, all proposed building locations must be outside of the flood hazard area where possible. Where it is not possible to have all building locations outside of the flood hazard area, all proposed building locations must be configured to reduce the impact of flooding and to provide the greatest protection for development from flooding. Proposed building locations must be clustered on the highest ground and near the highest point of access, and they must be configured in a manner that will minimize obstruction of floodwaters.