

Portland Fair Housing Plan

Disproportionate Housing Needs Analysis

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Portland Fair Housing Plan

This presentation is intended to share with the FHAC Committee:

- What is disproportionate housing need and what are the <u>four</u> housing problems?
- Who lives in housing units with housing problems?
- > What is the spatial distribution of housing units with problems?

Number & Nature of Low-Income Households: Then (2011) & Now (2019): City of Portland (Recap)

	Total 2019		Change 2011-2019	% Change (2011-2019)
Extremely Low-Income HHs (Household Income <= 30% AMI)				
	42,430	38,015	4,415	11.6%
Very Low-Income HHs (Household Income >30% to <=50% AMI)	31,235	28,915	2,320	8%
Low-Income HHs (Household Income >50% to <=80% AMI)	44,665			8%
Moderate Income HHs				
(Household Income >80% to <=100% AMI)	27,660	23,675	3,985	17%
Household Income >100% AMI	122,735	115,730	7,005	6%
Total	268,720	247,710	21,010	<mark>8%</mark>

In the 8 yrs. since the last Analysis of Impediments, the number of extremely low income households grew by nearly 12%- a growth rate higher than that of the City as a whole; growth in moderate income HHs at 17% is also notable

Disproportionate Housing Needs:

Definitions

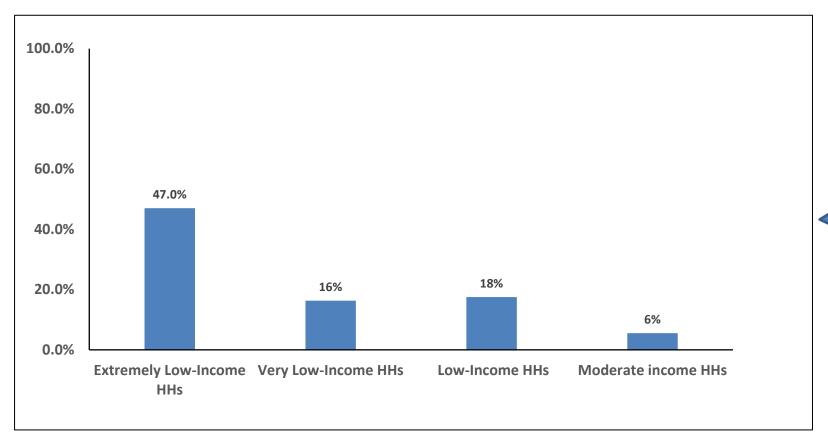
- A "disproportionately greater housing need" exists when the percentage of people in an income category, who are members of a particular racial or ethnic group, is at least 10 percentage points higher than the percentage of people in the category as a whole.
- > HUD identified Housing Problems:
 - 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities (incomplete kitchen facilities)
 - 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities (incomplete plumbing facilities)
 - 3. More than one person per room (Overcrowding)
 - 4. Cost Burden greater than 30% (including utilities)
- > Severe Housing Problems: problems (1-3) above plus
 - 4. Cost Burden greater than 50% (including utilities)

Substandard
Housing Units
per HUD
Definition

Disproportionate Housing Need:Which Race/Ethnic Groups are experiencing it?

Race & Ethnicity	has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 30%)	% share of housing units with problem	
American Indian or Alaska Native Alone, non-Hispanic	483	32%	No
Asian Alone, non-Hispanic	6795	39%	No
Black or African American Alone, non-Hispanic	7950	<mark>57%</mark>	Yes
Hispanic, any race	9080	48%	Yes
Pacific Islander Alone, non-Hispanic	494	<mark>51%</mark>	Yes
White Alone, non-Hispanic	70920	34%	No
Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 1			

City of Portland: Substandard Housing Units* (By Cost-Burden)



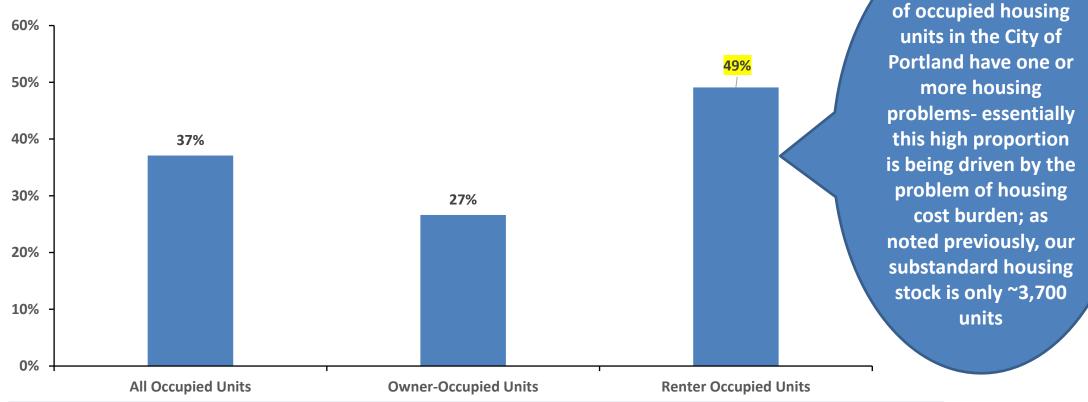
There are ~3,700
housing units that
are substandard in
the City of Portland.
This is only ~1.4 % of
the total stock.
However, 81% of
these units are
occupied by
extremely low, very
low, and low-income
households.

Notes:*

Housing Units lacks complete kitchen or plumbing

Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 8

City of Portland: Units with Housing Problems* (By Tenure)

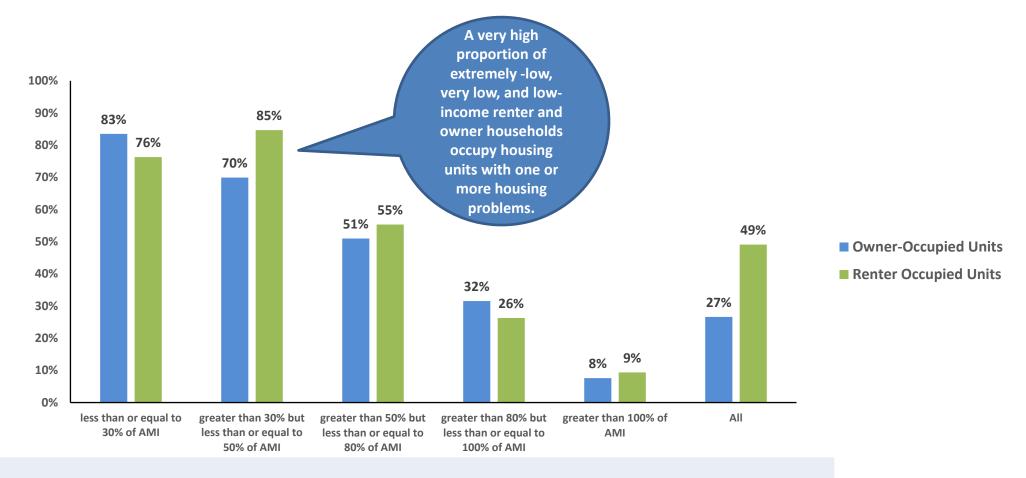


Notes:*

Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 30%) Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 1

Just under one-half

City of Portland: Units with Housing Problems* (By Income Level)

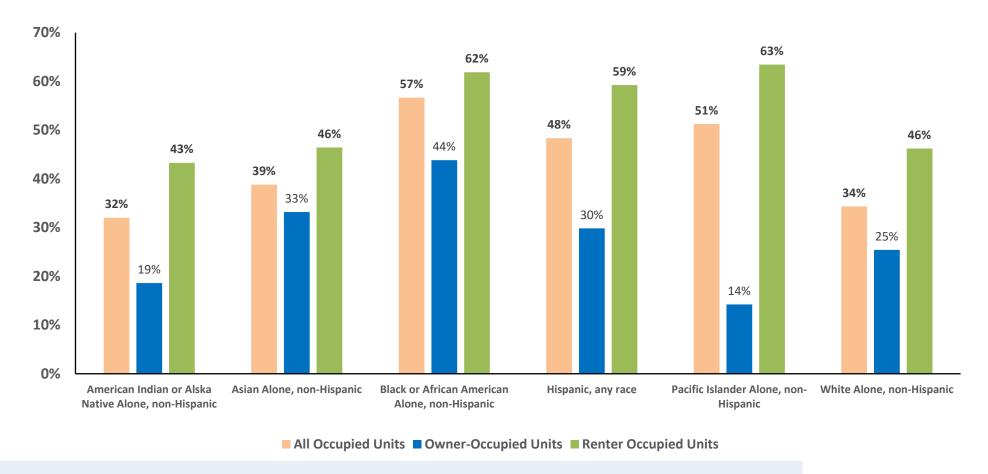


Notes *

Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 30%)

Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 1

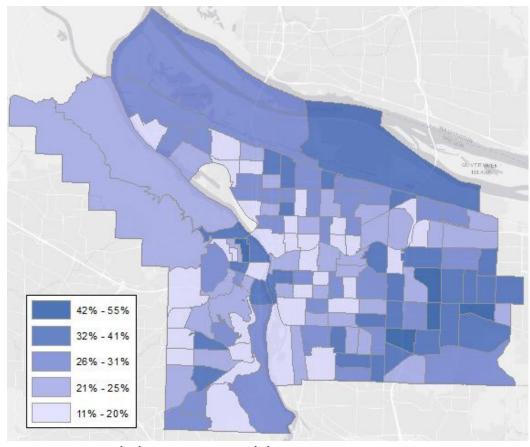
City of Portland: Units with Housing Problems* (By Race & Ethnicity)



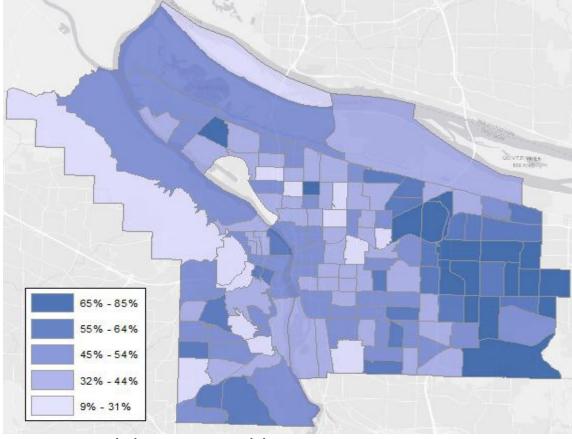
Notes:*

Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 30%) Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 1

Spatial Distribution of Households with Housing Problems (Owners and Renters)

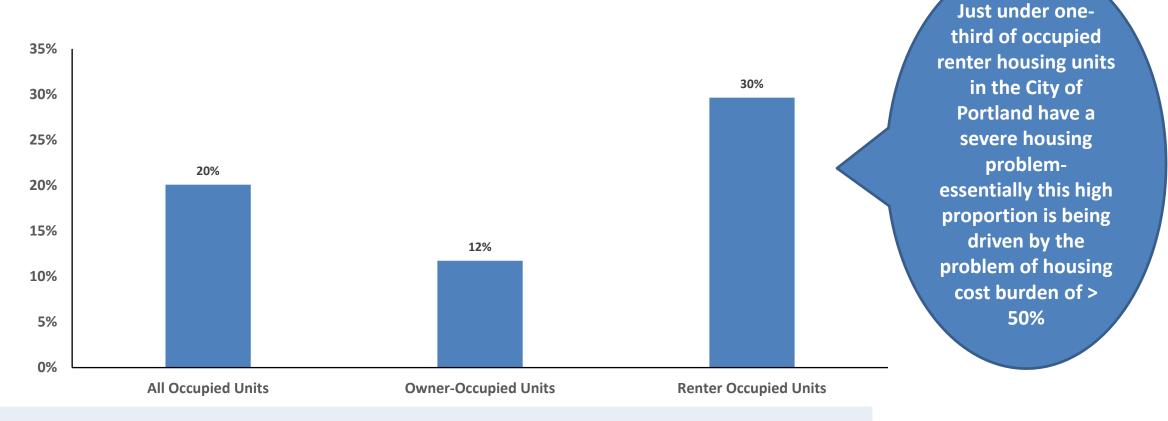


Owners with housing problems



Renters with housing problems

City of Portland: Units with <u>Severe Housing</u> <u>Problems*</u> (By Tenure)

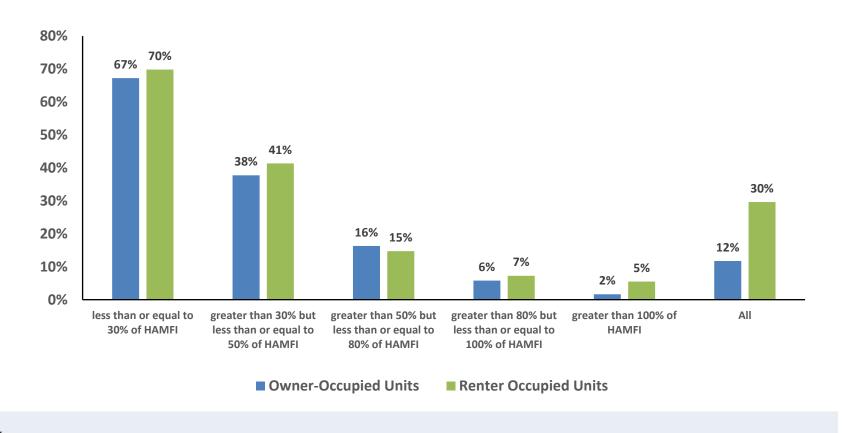


Notes:*

Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 50%)

Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 2

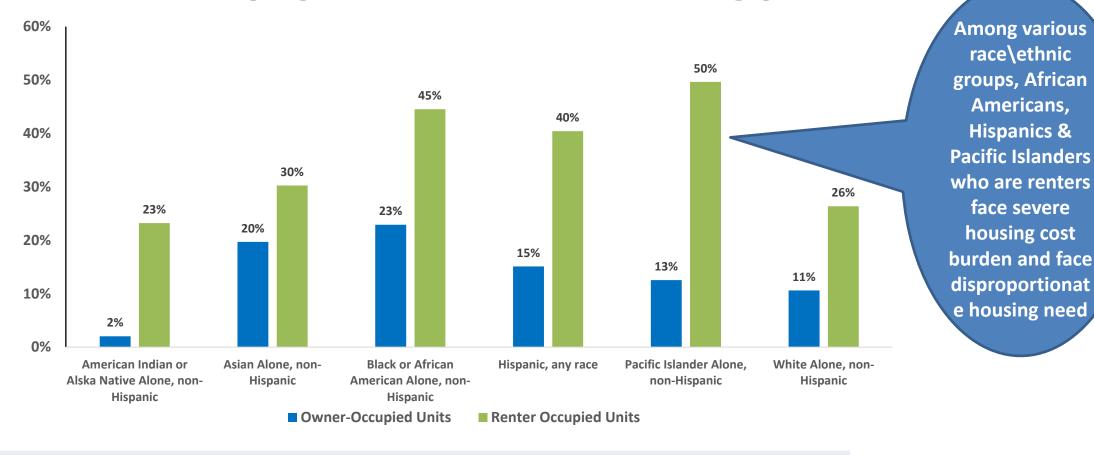
City of Portland: Units with Severe Housing Problems* (By Income Level)



Notes:*

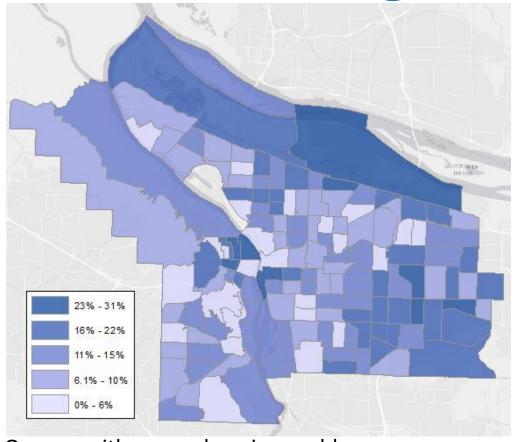
Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 50%) Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 2

City of Portland: Units with Severe Housing Problems* (By Race & Ethnicity)

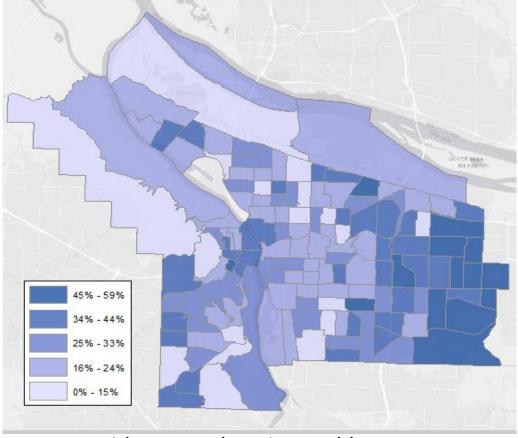


Notes:*
Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 50%)
Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 2

Spatial Distribution of Households with Severe Housing Problems (Owners and Renters)



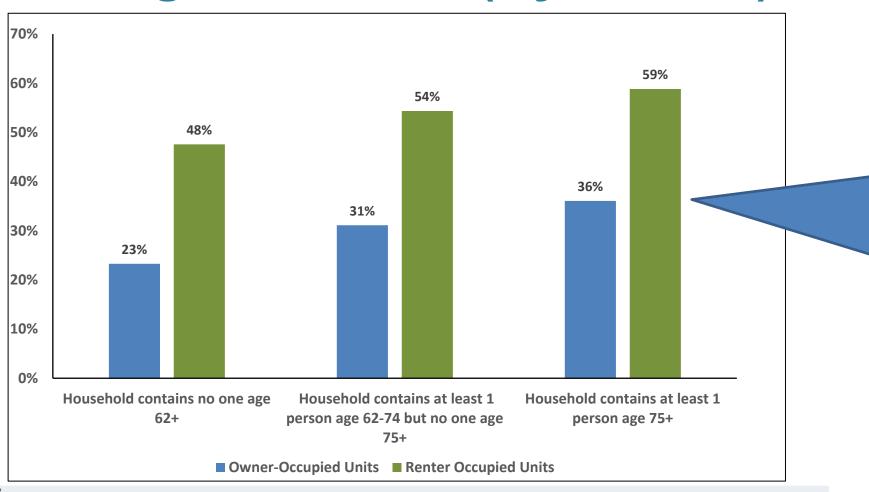
Owners with severe housing problems



Renters with severer housing problems

13

City of Portland: Elderly Households with Housing Problems* (By Tenure)



The share of elderly HHs with housing problems is comparatively higher than households that do not have an elderly person. Notably, just over one-third of owners and just under two-thirds of elderly renter **HHs face housing** problems

Notes:*

Has 1 or more of the 4 housing unit problems (lacks kitchen or plumbing, more than 1 person per room, or cost burden greater than 30%) Source: 2015-2019 5-Yr ACS CHAS Data, Table 5

Housing Problem(s): A "Barrier" & an "Impediment" to Fair Housing

Barriers

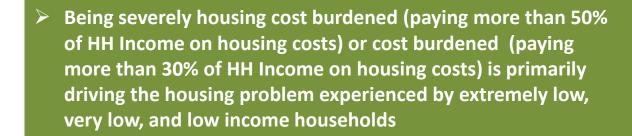
In this context, any factor or condition that has the potential to create a disparate impact on a person's housing choice.

Impediments

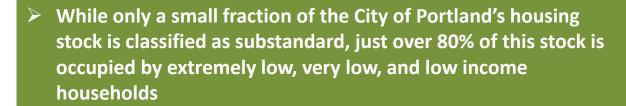
Actions, omissions, or decisions by a jurisdiction that effectively restrict a person's housing choice because of race, color, religion, gender, disability, familial status, or national origin.

All barriers limit housing choice, some barriers become impediments when they are related to protected class status and actions, omissions, or decisions made by a jurisdiction.

CHAS analysis reveals that:







Elderly owner and renter households (that contain at least one member 75+) experience a very incidence of the housing problem



Next Steps

- Review potential policy recommendations
- Affordability Analysis