## MACKENZIE.

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## PROJECT ARTIST

TYLER SHRAKE

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4. Flexibility of the programming along NE 7th
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Avenue
6. Lack of proposed balconies
7. Likely success of landscaping in the abovegrour planters, including the viability of vines growing up the wall detail was available to support the design.

- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied - Commissioners would like 3D views of the Green Loop experience from the sidewalk and additional landscape/ irrigation information for proposed planters.
- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied acknowledging that every building needs a space for functions (e.g. electrical transformer, garage, etc.).
- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied
- The Design Commission directed the applicant to add approximately 50 ' of canopy in front of the pool/spa area
- The canopy needs to complement the art/water feature
- The Design Commission requested additional balconies - Tn the east facade to communicate the residential character of the building. Commissioners suggested considering a vertical strip of balconies at the southeast corner
- To minimize impacts on unit floor plans and leasable area, Juliet balconies acceptable and can protrude or be flush with the building face.
- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied - Commissioners would like additional information on maintenance regimes for irrigation maintenance.
-The applicant commissioned an artist to design a water-themed public art piece, consisting of a large-scale mural etched into the glass at the pedestrian level on the east elevation. The placement coincides with the location of the Pool and Spa tenant amenity to highlight the program while moderately obscuring visibility of the occupants
- Graphics of the art design are in the design packet (Sheets C.13, C.25, and APP.14). The canopy over the public art includes integrated lighting as detailed on Sheets C.22-B, C.21, and C.26
- The artist biography, statement of inspiration, and portfolio are in the artist packet
- Additional explanation of Portland themes are included in the Design Guideline responses (Sheet APP.29).
- Renderings of sidewalk-level views of the NE 7th Ave alignment of the Green Loop have been provided on Sheets C. 25 and C.25-B.
- Landscape and irrigation details for planters are included on Sheet C.25-B.
- The south elevation's division between activated and functional areas is analyzed on Sheet APP. 13
- Visibility to active uses has been maximized to the degree possible without interfering with the functional needs of the building (e.g., electrical service, garage, loading area, etc.), which limit opportunities to provide additional glazing - Renderings depicting the south elevation are provided on Sheets APP. 1 and APP. 4
- The ground floor's tall floor-to-floor height (Sheet C.17) provides flexibility for conversion to other uses
- Sheets APP. 15 and APP. 15 -B depict how hypothetical retail tenant spaces with separate entries allow access from the
NE 7th Avenue sidewalk without needing ramps.
- The new canopy has been added as directed (Sheets C. 13 and C.22-B). Due to the sloped sidewalk, the canopy is set at an intermediate elevation between the canopies on either side.
- The canopy over the public art (Sheet APP.14) will include integrated lighting as detailed on Sheets C.22-B, C.21, and C. 26 .
- Nearly the entire length of NE 7th Avenue now has canopies (Sheet C.6)
- The applicant has added a significant number of balconies on all 4 elevations. The original design included 15 recessed balconies. Based on the Design Commission's input the design now includes 39 recessed balconies and 184 Juliet balconies for a total of 223 (Sheet APP.11-B)
- Progression of the balcony design is shown on Sheets APP.10, APP.11, and APP.11-B).
- Updated floor plans depicting the new recessed balconies are shown on Sheet C.10, with updated elevations on Sheets
- An example image for the glass balcony railing is included on Sheet C.18, with details of the Juliet balconies on Sheet -An C
C .20 .
- Updated renderings are included as Sheets APP.1, APP.2, APP.5.
- Sheet C.25-B provides additional detail on the ground-level landscape planters, which will be installed at sidewalk leve - Sheet C.25-B provides additional detail on the ground-level landscape plant
- The raised planters will provide sufficient growing medium, insulation to modulate soil temperature, and irrigation for the vines.
- Star jasmine vines are capable of twining up the provided cables.
- Drip irrigation tubing will utilize adequate cover to minimize the threat of freezing. sedums

9. Confirmation of barrier-free design throughout the building

- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied - Commissioners would like additional information on landscape planter design and on freeze protection - Commissioners would like 3D views of the Green Loop experience from the sidewalk, extending from the public art feature northward and around the corner to the benches.
- The Design Commission concluded this was satisfied
- Mackenzie landscape architects propose sedum ternatum due to its hardiness (Sheets C. 25 and C.25-B). The plants will be irrigated and health will be monitored so replacements can be installed if dieback occurs.
- Sheet C.25-B provides additional detail on the sedums and the benches.
- The stepped stone feature will provide sufficient growing medium, insulation to modulate soil temperature, and irrigation for the sedums (Sheet C.25-B).
- Drip irrigation tubing will utilize adequate cover to minimize the threat of freezing.
- Renderings of sidewalk-level views of the NE 7th Ave alignment of the Green Loop have been provided on Sheets C. 25 and C.25-B.
- Sheet C. 7 provides detail on floor elevations and abutting sidewalk elevations, demonstrating barrier-free entry. - Sheets APP. 15 and APP.15-B provide similar information for the hypothetical floor plan demonstrating flexibility of the ground-floor uses.
- The Oregon Structural Specialty Code requires accessible design throughout all public areas and in a percentage of the dwelling units, to be verified during the project's permit phase

PROJECT SUMMARY

## Address

$701+777$ NE 7th Avenue
Portland, OR 97232
Property Tax IDs

Tax Lots

Site Size
R182216 (701 NE 7th Ave) +
R182217 (777 NE 7th Ave)
1N1E35BC2200 (701 NE 7th Ave) + 1N1E35BC2100 (777 NE 7th Ave) 20,000 SF

## PROJECT NARRATIVE

The proposed development is for a 15-story multi-family apartment building located at the southwest corner of NE 7th Avenue and NE Oregon Street in the Lloyd District. Tax lot 1N1E35BC2200 is currently occupied by an office building. Tax lot N1E35BC2100 is vacant

The site is located in the Central Commercial (CX) zone, with a d (design) overlay, and is within the Central City Plan District (Lloyd District design subdistrict).

The proposed building use includes 14 stories of apartment units with levels 2-6 having 17 units each, levels $7-13$ having 20 units each, level 14 having 10 units, and leve 5 having 5 units, for 240 total units, of which 35 are Inclusionary Housing units. The ground floor will provide resident amenities while a community room, an amenity deck and ecoroof will occupy the penthouse level.

Vehicle access to the proposed below-grade garage will be provided from NE Irving Street. There are 164 parking spaces including 6 ADA spaces.

Pedestrian entrances are provided along NE Oregon Street, NE Irving Street, and NE 7th Avenue with entrances set back and covered to provide weather protection.

The Portland Streetcar (A Loop) runs along the site's NE Oregon Street frontage

With the site located along the Portland Streetcar and Green Loop, careful consideration has been given to the pedestrian friendly streetscape.

The new/redeveloped impervious area behind the existing curb on NE Irving Street NE 7th Avenue, and NE Oregon Street will trigger the Storm Water Management Manual (SWMM) requirements. The project owner elects to pursue the offsite stormwater management fee through the staff review special circumstances (SRSC) process in lieu of building public stormwater facilities.


| Base Zone | Central Commercial (CX) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Overlay | d (Design) |
| District | Central City (CC) |
| Subdistrict | Lloyd District |
| Base Zone FAR | 4:1 |
| Base Zone Height | 75 feet |
| Central City FAR | 9:1 |
| Central City Height | 250 feet |
| Inclusionary Housing FAR Bonus | 3:1 |
| Inclusionary Housing Height Bonus | 75 feet |
| FAR Total with bonus | 12:1 |
| Height Total with bonus | 325 feet |
| Minimum Setbacks | O feet |
| Maximum Setbacks | Building must extend to within 12 feet of street lot line for $75 \%$ of lot line |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | 100\% of Site Area |
| Minimum Landscape Area | 0\% |
| PARKING SUMMARY |  |
| Central City Parking Sector | Lloyd District Subdistrict, 2 |
| Minimum Parking | None |
| Maximum Parking | 1.2 spaces per dwelling unit |
| Distance from Transit Stop | Approximately 415 feet - Streetcar |
|  | Approximately 800 feet - Bus |
|  | Approximately 750 feet - MAX |
| Loading | Two Standard B spaces |

ZONING CODE REQUIREMENTS

| Ecoroof | Required |
| :---: | :---: |
| Outdoor Area | Not Required |
| Building Length + | Not Required |
| Facade Articulation |  |
| Ground Floor Active Use | Not Required |
| Required Building Lines | Building must extend to street lot line along $75 \%$ of street lot line, or to within 12 feet of street lot line within intervening space designed as an extension of the sidewalk and committed to active uses |
| Ground Floor Window Standard | $40 \%$ of wall area facing streets, measured from 2 feet to 10 feet above the finished grade |
| Upper Floor Window Standard | $15 \%$ of wall area facing streets, measured from 10 feet above the finished grade |
| Pedestrian Standards | Connections to abutting streets apply on all frontages unless at least $50 \%$ of facade is within 10 feet of street |
| Transit Street Main Entrance | Transit street standards apply on NE Oregon Street |
|  | Need entrance facing the street, or at up to 45 degree angle, or face courtyard within 60 feet of transit street |
| Bird-Safe Exterior Glazing | Required |
| Low-Carbon Building | Required |
| Inclusionary Zoning | Required |
| Design Review | Required |






Floor Plan Level P4


Floor Plan Level P3


Floor Plan Level P2

Level
P1 Parking Space - ADA: $9^{\prime} \times 16^{\prime}\left(6^{\prime}\right.$ Aisle)
Parking Space - ADA: $9^{\prime} \times 16^{\prime}$ ( 6 ' Aisle)
Parking Space - ADA: $9^{\prime} \times 16^{\prime}\left(8^{\prime}\right.$ Aise
Parking Space

Parking Space - ADA: $9^{\prime} \times 16^{\prime}\left(8^{\prime}\right.$ Aisle) - VAN 2
Parking Space
49
51
Parking Space
51
Parking Space
38
Grand total: 164 spaces

## Legend

Modified Parking Space see sheet APP. 13 for modification

| P4 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- |
| P3 | 28 |
| P2 | 24 |
| P1 | 20 |

NE OREGON ST


Floor Plan Level P1


NE OREGONST

Lot Line Length

## Active use: bike parking (C.6)

Stopping/Gathering: covered entry (-8'6" deep)
Combined use:
Seating (2)4' lengths
Pedestrian Movement ( $+4^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ width)
Landscaping ( 3 ' 4" deep)
Combined amenity + Buildin
NE 7TH AVE
Building on lot line
Active use:

> covered entry (12')

Combined use:
Ped. Movement ( $+2^{\prime}$ 6" width)
Landscaping ( $3^{\prime \prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep)
Ped. movement ( $+{ }^{\prime}$ ' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ width)
Combined amenity + building
NEIRVINGST
NE Irving St.
Building on lot line
Ped. movement ( $+3^{\prime} 7$ " width
Ped. movement (+1' O"width)
Combined amenity + building
100'

Length on Lot Line Percentage of lot line

| 0 | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: |
| 30' | 30\% |
| $22^{\prime}$ | 22\% |
| $33^{\prime}$ | 33\% |
| $85^{\prime}$ | $85 \%$ prov > $75 \%$ req |
| $83^{\prime \prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  |
| 16' $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 8\% |
| $49^{\prime \prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ | 25\% |
| $47^{\prime \prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 24\% |
| $196{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 98\% prov > $75 \%$ req |
|  | 0\% |
| 0 | 0\% |
| 37' 4' | 37\% |
| $59^{\prime \prime} 7$ | 60\% |
| 97'3' | 97\% prov > 75\% req |



Floor Plan Type 1 Levels 2-6

balconies on levels 7-13
Floor Plan Type 2 Level 7-13


Penthouse Type 1 Level 14


Penthouse Type 2 Level 15


Floor Plan Roo




Legendpenthouse type 2penthouse type 1
$\square$ floor plan type 2
floor plan type 1
fitness, mail room lounge, leasingcoworking, bike parking, pool, fitness, mail roomparking and bike storage


Metro Regional Center Parking Structure
Skyview on 7th
Liberty Centre Parking Structure


Legendpenthouse type 2penthouse type 1floor plan type 2
floor plan type 1
fitness, mail room lounge, leasing,coworking, bike parking, pool, fitness, mail roomparking and bike storage


Land Rover, Range Rover Vehicle Service
Oregon State Office Building



Section South-North | scale 1"=20'


Section West-East | scale 1":20'




A
East Elevation | scale 1" $=20$

(2) Typical Window Detail \| nts

(3) Typical Window Detail With Juliet Balcony I nts



C South Elevation I Garage | scale $1^{\prime \prime}=10^{\prime}$


A East Elevation | Plane Change | scale 1"=10'
1 Garage Entry Canopy | nts

(3) Mechanical Exhaust Louvers \| nts


(5) Canopy Plan at Ground Floor I nts


fiber cement
panel system panel system

2
Fiber Cement Panel to Stone Transition \| nts
(4) Curtain Wall Plane Change I nts

B East Elevation | Entry | scale $1^{\prime \prime}=10$ '



- Site is exempt from Tree Preservation Standards per PCC 11.050.040.B.3 Existing site trees proposed for removal
- Four existing street trees to be preserved on NE 7th Avenue
- One Silver Maple Hybrid to be removed from NE 7th Avenue to enable construction activities.
- Four new Muashino Zelkova trees proposed along 7th Avenue at 20 prevals. Mature height $=45$

Three new Venus Dogwood trees proposed along NE Oregon St. Mature proposed $=25^{\prime}$.

## Legend

:----:-:
short term bike parking
(12 spots provided)Existing Red Maple / street tree to be preservedExisting Silver Maple Hybrid / street tree to be removed

Q Existing Norway Maple / street tree to be preservedExisting site trees to be removed
Offsite trees on adjacent property to be retained if possible. If the trees are not possible to retain, a tree removal permit 12-inches in trunk diameter.

New proposed Muashino Zelkova street treesNew proposed Venus Dogwood street trees


Plantings Ground Level
——Trachelospermum J. 'Madison’ vines on building face

Legend
® "small" Acer palmatum trees


Landscape Plan Roof


(D)


F
Vines and trailing plants (C.12)
G Extensive Glazing (C. $12 \&$ APP. 4 )Continuous landscape strip that connects street tree wells to provide

B Integrated Bench/Landscape Design at NE corner under building canopies
(c)



The vines will be planted in an above-ground metal planter due to the building foundation
below grade. To keep the planter within the property line, the maximum width of the planter i 12 ". The planters will accommodate a soil volume of 24 " depth $\times 10.5^{\prime \prime}$ wide of soil. Vines have the capability of growing in thin profiles such as this and reaching heights of up to 40'
The best vine for this application is the star jasmine vine. This vine is valued for its evergreen apparance, fragrant tlowers and twining capability, as opposed to suckering. This vine is Arown throughout Portland and can be found on the east side of the Hyatt House on SMoody
Ave (see Detail lon C.i8) and at the AlA Center for Architecture in the Pearl District. The plant
does well in all light exposures and is preferred over other potential vine options.

To moderate the soil temperature on the southern planter, one inch of rigid insulation will be used to insulate the soil from the wall and three inches of


Sedums are known to be hardy and durable plants. When broken they have the ability to reminimal water requirements. Sedum ternatum is proposed for its ability to grow in shadier minimal water requirements. Sedum ternatum is proposed for its ability to grow in shadier
conditions than other sedum species. Since the sedums are under the canopy, irrigation will be
provided via underground drip tubing.

(A) Planter at Building


NE IRVING ST


한
Legend
A - square flush mount fixture - mounted within soffit
(c)


Lighting Plan Level 1


South Elevation | scale 1"=20'


North Elevation | scale 1" $=20^{\prime}$

## Permanent Signs

- At this site, base zone allows up to 450 SF (total) of sign area, which can be allocated among different building facades
- Maximum sign area is 100 SF per sign
- Signs over 32 SF must go through Design Review

Applicable Lloyd District Design Guidelines: - Carefully place signs and sign supports on and for buildings to integrate with the scale color and articulation of the building design color and articulation of the building desig freestanding signs that contribute to visual clutter

- Demonstrate how signage is one of the design elements of a new or rehabilitation project and has been coordinated by the project designer/architect. Submit a master signage program as a part of every design review application


## Applicable Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines:

- Integrate signs and their associated structural components with the building's overall design concept
- Size, place, design, and light signs to not dominate the skyline
- Signs should have only a minimal presence in the Portland skyline



Northeast Perspective


Northwest Perspective





A convention center B convention center plaza C holladay park D Congressman Earl Blumenauer bicycle



Initial Concept Sketch


Basic Massing


Proposed Design

Refined Massing/Character - DAR



Preliminary Detailed Massing

Create a more residential character to the .
ext
2. Engage the Green Loop through visual connection of the active uses on the ground floor.
3. Integrate greenery along the Green Loop

1. Canopies should be extended further over sidewalk. Design of canopies should prominent.
2. Active use should be proposed on at least one side of the garage entry
3. Incorporate art into the translucent windows at the pool area.
4. The canopy height at the northeast corner should be appropriate. Consider 10 above sidewalk and 5' horizontally over sidewalk.
. Provide a birdseye view of the roof that shows the canopy feature.
5. Materials: use concealed fasteners at the fiber cement board, at least at lower levels; the brick color should be integrated to the design; address how fins provide sun shading, wood materials should be protected from weathe
6. Stem walls and canopies should use the same language throughout in how they step or slope with grade.
7. The proposed parking width modification was discussed at the DAR meeting.
8. Balconies have been added to all sides of the building with recessed private decks at the upper levels (levels 14 and 15) recessed balconies within the niches on the north and south elevations (levels 3-14), and Juliet balconies added to living
spaces on the east and west elevations (levels 3-15). The added balconies are visible from a distance, making the building stand out from adjacent buildings as a residential building. Additionally, the operable windows at each unit create a facade capable of dynamic change as residents open their windows.
9. The program along the full length of the NE 7th Avenue elevation at the ground floor is comprised of active uses that wil 2. visibly connected to the pedestrian right-of-way These uses, from north to south include: co-working at the NE corner the main lobby entrance, pool and spa, fitness room, and a sport court at the SE corner. Additionally, the program on Irving Street is visible through windows, including a fitness space and a bike storage room with large windows
10. Connected landscape strips with integrated street tree placement, drawing from principles within the PBOT Pedestrian Design Guide, are proposed along NE 7th Avenue to frame pedestrian circulation and buffer from vehicular traffic. Trailing plantings and landscape planters have been added at the stone walls on NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street. The integration of water-themed art/privacy glazing provides an active and engaging element for pedestrians
11. All canopies have been updated so that the projected edges are aligned with the minimum projection from the face of the building exterior set at 5 ft to still allow room for street tree canopies. Additional depth is provided at the recessed entrane of canopy. Two additional canopies have been added: One at NE Irving Street over the parking garage entrance an to edcle of canopy. Two additional canopies have been acked: one at NE irving street over the parking garage entrance and Avenue and NE Oregon Street are set apart from the rest of the canopies with a taller profile and blue to clearly indicate entries/exits.
12. Glazing at the bicycle storage and dog wash room has been expanded horizontally and vertically on the right-hand side 2. Glazing at the bicycle storage and dog wash room has been expanded horizontally and vertically on the right-h
of the garage entry. Additionally, on the left side of the garage door, a dynamic vertical planting has been added.
13. The exterior glazing at the pool and spa location has been designated for water-themed public artwork to be incorporated into the building facade to highlight the active use while modestly obscuring visibility of users.
14. The canopy line between the NE corner of the building and the main entrance on NE 7th Avenue starts with just over 9 clear and increases with the grade change to 10 feet -6 inches at the entry. The same canopy line that wraps the NE corner along NE Oregon starts with a minimum clearance of just under 9 feet 6 inches and increases to 10 feet clear. The clear
height at the NE Oregon Street entry is 14 feet because of the grade.
15. A Rendering has been provided that shows the roof garden and the community room from an aerial perspective.
16. Materiality has been addressed as follows:
-The installation will be per manufacturer's standard specification for concealed fasteners for at least the lower stories of the residential floors.
-The basis of design for the dark accenting masonry at the building base has been specified in the "materials board". -The vertical fins integrated into the rhythm of the exterior glazing are not intended to provide solar shading, but are meant to accentuate the building's verticality and provide a dynamic rhythm of alternating shadow and depth along the exterio massing of the residential levels.

- Natural resilient hardwood is utilized judiciously in protected conditions to provide warmth on the underside of canopies, soffits of recessed roof decks, and at the projected roofline at the community room.

3. The stem walls at the SE corner canopy element have been eliminated in order to extend the canopy edge further over the sidewalk for weather protection. The sill of the glazing is stepped to follow the grade. Canopies that wrap the corner of NE 7th Avenue are at a consistent height for continuity. A continuous height was set for canopies closer to the sidewalk at the SE Corner to respond to grade. The new canopy over the garage entry/bicycle storage matches the SE corner height Not every canopy has been stepped to reduce noise and maintain a refined look.
4. This proposal seeks a modification to the 8 feet 6 inches $\times 16$ feet parking space requirement in those spaces with structural columns, to allow encroachment of columns into the parking space width

See elevations (C 12-C 14) Renderings (APP1-APP 5) and design progression (APP.10-APP.11-B)
2. See ground level floor plan (C9) enlarged details (C20-C22-B), ground floor glazing are
design progession (APP. $10-A P P .13$ )
3. See landscape plan and Green Loop Design
(C.23-25) and public art (APP.14)

1. See enlarged details (C.20-C.22-B)
2. See elevation (C.12). detail (C.22), and design progression (APP.13)
3. See public art design (APP.14)

See enlarged details (C.21-C.22-B)

1. See renderings (APP.1-APP.5)
2. See materials (C.18-C.19)
3. See enlarged details (C.21-C.22-B)
4. See modification (APP.19)


Design Advice Request Submission
Legend: Window Pattern Organization
Living Windows
Bedroom Windows
Recessed Balconies (39 total)
Juliet Balconies (184 total)

## Keynotes

1. Recessed balconies are incorporated at the larger units on the upper levels to provide a clear and distinctive character for the buildings top floors where views are meaningful and noise from 1-84 less impactful.

2 Living spaces are consistently articulated by large 8ft-wide, floor-to-ceiling windows with Juliet Balconies that are vertically aligned at the exterior elevations to provide natural light and viewsBedrooms are consistently articulated by large 3 ft-wide, floor-to-ceiling windows that are vertically aligned at the exterior elevations to allow for a balance of daylight and privacy.

The window pattern accentuates the verticality of the design, further emphasizing the tower's height and elegance. All windows are operable, allowing residents to have access to natural ventilation, providing a comfortable and healthy living environment.
2 Multiple recessed balconies have been utilized to reinforce intentionally separated to provide privacy

3 Balconies have been added to the 14th floor to create a clear "top" for the building on all elevations to enhance the tripartite approach to the design (base, middle and top)
Juliet balconies have been added at the to units on the east and west elevations to highlight living spaces and reinforce the alternating pattern of the mullions.Semi-recessed balconies have been added to the niches on the north and south elevations to reinforce the massing expression of the eastern and western halves of the biuldingPositioning balconies on the corners has created a more 6 dynamic expression of the building's massing that will be



North Elevation



South Elevation


East Elevation



West Elevation





Public Art | water-themed etched glass installation, integrated into glazing system with translucent glass and lighting from canopy above * See separate art packet with artist biography, statement of inspiration, and portfolio ${ }^{*}$ Image is exempt from Sign Code per PCC 32.12.020.C



Material water-themed art/privacy

NE OREGON ST


Floor Plan Level


Floor Plan (Hypthetical) Level 1




Levels 2-13
Floor Area/Floor 16,758 SF
Total Floor Area 201,096

Level 14

Total Floor Area 15,612 SF


Level 15

Total Floor Area 11,198 SF
*Basement is not included in FAR calculation A basement is the portion of a building that
is partly or completely below grade with a
minimu of $50 \%$ oftotal combind basement
wall area below grade. FAR also excludes
areas where the elevation of the floor is 4 feet or more below the adjacent right-of-way
*FAR excludes long-term bike parking and
tructured parking and vehicle access to a max of 0.5 FAR.
ong-term bike parking area $=4142$ SF
Drive aisle $1,406 \mathrm{SF}$
5,548 SF (0.27 FAR) < 10,000 SF (0.5 FAR)

## Legend

Areas 4' below grade, bikeDoes not Contribute to FAR| $l$ Grand Total Floor Area 239,959 SF |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Site Area | $20,000 \mathrm{SF}$ |
| FAR | 12 |
| MAX FAR | 12 |

MACKENZIE.


East Elevation 2'-10' Zone $=1,508$ SF
Glazing Area $=1,104$ SF
Required Area $=40 \%$
Required Area $=40 \%$
Window Area $=73 \%$


South Elevation
2' - 10' Zone $=773$ SF Glazing Area $=381 \mathrm{SF}$
Required Area $=40 \%$ Window Area $=49 \%$

North Elevation
2' - 10' Zone $=729 \mathrm{SF}$ Glazing Area $=537 \mathrm{SF}$
Required Area $=40 \%$
Window Area $=74 \%$


## MODIFICATION I PARKING SPACE DIMENSION

Proposed modification:
Proposal seeks a modification to the $8^{\prime}-6^{\prime \prime} \times 16^{\prime}-0^{\prime \prime}$ parking space requirement in those spaces with structural columns and shear walls, to allow encroachment into the parking space width.

Parking columns and shear walls occur at 91 spaces, which is $55 \%$ of parking spaces.

All parking spaces will meet the $16^{\prime}$ - 0 " minimum length requirement, and all parking spaces will have stripes located at an 8'-6" spacing width.

Certain parking spaces will have one-half of a column width encroaching into one side of the space. As the columns are 1'-6" wide, that results in a 9" reduction of the parking space width where the column occurs.

Other parking spaces will have a shear wall that is 2 ' wide and result in an 8" reduction in abutting parking spaces.
(See pages C. 8 and C. 9 for locations of modified parking spaces)

Meeting the Design Guidelines:

1. Arranging the structural columns requires attention to how it will impact the plan layouts of the many levels of the building: residential units, parking levels, ground floor, and the associated exterior walls of the ground floor. The columns have been arranged to the greatest benefit of the ground floor to have an inset of the exterior wall on the ground floor. This results in having a column inset into the parking space stripe by that same distance. This provides more area between the building and the NE 7th Avenue Right of Way. This meets Design Guideline A8, Contribute to a Vibrant Streetscape, by integrating building setbacks with adjacent sidewalks.
2. This modification meets the purpose of the parking space standards, as it accommodates structured parking that provides the required 8'-6" width at the central portion of the parking space where there are car door swings"create[s] an environment inviting to pedestrians and transit users," "limit[s] the prominence of vehicle areas along street frontages and create[s] a strong relationship between buildings and the sidewalk," and "promote[s] safe circulation with the parking area" as specified in PZC 33.266.130. A
3. The impact resulting from this modification has been mitigated as much as possible by locating the columns to be clear of the car door opening area, and by ensuring that shear walls are located only along one side of parking spaces so doors can open freely on the other side.


Example Floor Plan Level P1

A. Standard parking space

B. Modified parking space (columns)

C. Modified parking space (shear wall)
North Elevation｜scale 1＂$=20$＇
ᄂ－ーーーー－」
ᄂーーーーーーナ






spandrel 4\%
fiber cement panels 58\% dark masonry 2\% corrugated metal $1 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { bird-sate } \\
& \text { vision glazing } \\
& \text { per PzC } \\
& 33.510 .223
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { refer to APP. } 21
$$


bird-safe material
finish at finish at glazed railings and glazing located
directly adjacent directly adjacent
to roof per PZC to roof per P
33.510 .223 refer to APP. 21

Material \%
spandrel $5 \%$
fiber cement panels 52\%
dark masonry 5\%
corrugated metal 1\%

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { bird-safe } \\
& \text { vision glazing } \\
& \text { perpZC } \\
& 33.510 .223
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { refer to APP. } 2
$$

South Elevation | scale 1"=20



Central City Fundamental Design Guidelines


The site is located over a half-mile from the Willamette River and greenway: however, improvements to all of the site's frontage enhance direct pedestrian connection to the sidewalks and crosswalks leading to the river. The rooftop amenity space and the
western, northern, and southern units offer views of the Willamette River, as do the western-facing decks on levels 14 and 15 .

The applicant proposes to integrate themes related to the site's context in the Lloyd District, the city, and the Pacific northwest

- Natural wood is used in targeted applications (recessed roof deck soffits, roof overhang at the community room, undersides of the canopies along the public sidewalk) to recognize Portland's historic forests and present-day urban tree canopy. See Sheets C. 18 C.21, C.22, C.22-B, C.25, С.25-B, APP.3, APP.4.
- The ecoroof and the roof garden evoke northwest landscapes. See Sheets C.11, C.24, APP.3, APP. 5
- The art concept incorporates the theme of water to relate to the interior program (the proposed pool and spa) and especially

Similar to other residential buildings, the community room and the rooftop garden provide communal exterior activity space and Similar to other residential buildings, the community room and
views to Mt. St. Helens and Mt. Hood. See Sheets APP.3, APP.5.
Ground-level benches at the northeast corner of the building provide places to rest and enjoy views of passing streetcars. See
Sheets C.25, C. $25-\mathrm{B}$. Shets.25, C.25-B.

- Significant ground-floor glazing affords views of interior recreational space (sport court and fitness area) to activate the site's Green Loop frontage. The viiew into the bike storage area and dog washing station on NE Irving Street plays off the Green Loop
he proposed development does not alter the existing block pattern (the traditional 200' block pattern found in the Central City plan along the NE 7th Avenue 200' block face and along the NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street half-block faces.

The entire site will be redeveloped as part of the proposed development. The new building uses the Lloyd District's building materia and color typolog with other vertical structures in the Lloyd District. The design also incorporates materiality specified in the Lloyd District Design
Gidelines to contribute to the unified character of the district. Additionally, the project is situated on the newly adopted Great and the right-of-way improvements will incorporate PBOT design principles the enhajct is the pedestrian experience. Finally, the building will utilize street trees, canopies, and benches to improve the streetscape in a manner consistent with other Central City designs.

The overall design has focused strongly on the abutting Green Loop to the east and the Streetcar to the north. The ground floor of the building offers extensive windows and glazing to enhance the pedestrian realm with added visual emphasis on the southeast corner be consistent with the materials of other buildings in the Lloyd District and employs canopies at building entries and aiong the oublic sidewalks to enliven the streetscape

The previous single-story buildings on-site were not amenable to reuse due to the proposed multifamily use and the scale of the development. This guideline does not apply.

The proposed building's massing reinforces the pedestrian streetscape by building to the street edge. The building is built up to the right-of-way, except where it's stepped back to create wider sidewalks for pedestrian circulation and to make room for accessible
sidewalk transitions at street corners. The proposed canopies help establish a human scale for pedestrians, while the proposed seating areas provide amenities for passersby.

Entries and windows are oriented to the street-facing façades. The proposed canopies provide weather protection for pedestrians, while the majority of the ground floor is glazed to promote visual connection to active uses at the sidewalk frontages (starting on NE Wregon Street and moving clockwise around NE 7th Avenue and to NE Oregon Street lobby, leasing office, co-working, main lobby entrance, pool/spa, fitness, sport court, and bicycle storage/dog washing station).

## B. Pedestrian Emphasis

B1. Reinforce and Enhance the

B3. Bridge Pedestrian
Obstacles.

B4. Provide Stopping and
Viewing Places.

B5. Make Plazas, Parks and
Open Space Successful.

B6. Develop Weather Protection.

B7. Integrate Barrier-Free Design.

Develop and/or strengthen gateway locations.

Maintain a convenient access route for pedestrian trave/ where a public right-ofway exists or has existed
Develop and define the different zones of a sidewalk: building frontage zone, Develop
Develop pedestrian access routes to supplement the public right-of-way system
through superblocks

Protect the pedestrian environment from vehicular movement.
Develop integrated identification, sign, and sidewalk-oriented night-lighting
systems that offer safety, interest and diversity to the pedestrian sys rote buiding yuin incorporate buil a mang and in that does not detract from the pedestrian environment.

Bridge across barriers and obstacles to pedestrian movement by connecting the pedestrian
designs.

Provide safe, comfortable places where people can stop, view, socialize, and rest. Ensure that these places do not conflict with other sidewalk uses.

Orient building elements such as main entries, lobbies, windows, and balconies to face public parks, plazas, and open spaces.
Where provided, integrate water features and/or public art to enhance the public space.

## Develop patrons.

Develop integrated weather protection systems at the sidewalk-level of buildings to mitigate the effects of rain, wind, glare, shadow, reflection, and sunlight on the pedestrian environment

Integrate access systems for all people with the building's overall design concept.

The proposed development is not located at a designated gateway location; however, with the construction of the Congressman Earl
Blumenauer Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge and the site's location along the Green Loop, the abutting portion of NE 7 th Avenue will Blumenauer Bicycle and pewestrian Briage and the site s ocation along the Green
function similarly to a gateway. As such, the applicant proposes prominent sport and fitness activity spaces oriented toward NE 7 th
Avenue to complement and strengthen this future gateway. The building's massing and verticality will further contribute to a sense Avenue to complement and strengthen this future gateway. The building's massing and verticality will further contribute to a sense
of arrival for those disembarking from the bridge. The proposed building will infill an underutilized property previously containing of arrival for those disembarking from the bridge. The proposed building will infill an underutilized property previously containing
relatively small buildings and large areas for parking. The size and street-edge character of the proposed new building is designed to
advance this guideline. advance this guideline.

## Existing sidewalks will be improved along NE Oregon Street, NE Irving Street, and NE 7th Avenue. Additionally, the sidewalk design

 has been decurb zones.

The proposed improvements to the NE 7th Avenue sidewalk include distinctive paving, street trees, low plantings, and bicycle racks, while the on-street parking and existing bicycle lane further define an edge to the pedestrian space and buffer the sidewalk from raffic. Lighting will be incorporated into the exterior canopies and at building entrances to illuminate pedestrian space. The glazing at the ground floor continues vertically on the elevations along NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street in recesses that divide the character for the building that will provide a glowing ambience at the right-of-way to light abutting portions of the sidewalk. All venting from the building will be at the roof, with the exception of parking garage ventilation, which will be high on the ground floor
on NE Irving Street so as to not detract from the pedestrian environment.

Innovative sidewalk design is demonstrated through: the crossings at the northeast and southeast corners, which meet PBOT's design criteria for the Lloyd District; the sidewalks on NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street, which meet PBOT's criteria for Lloyd District; criteria for the Lloyd District; the sidewalks on NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street, which meet PBOT's criteria for Lloyd Distric
and the sidewalk design along NE 7th Avenue, which is intended to be differentiated and contribute to the Green Loop character. and the sidating all vehicle access to a single location on the lowest classification street (NE Irving Street) minimizes pedestrian/vehicle conflict points while hiding vehicle parking/circulation areas from view.

Seating is proposed under canopies on a portion of NE Oregon Street, near the northeast corner of the building, for people to stop and view the streetcar. Large display windows are provided to let light into the lobby and sport areas on the ground floor,
and to allow pedestrians to view ongoing activities within the building. This transparency offers a comfortable, safe, and attractive experience with natural daylight for residents and an appealing exterior appearance.

Views of public parks, plazas, and open spaces are provided from upper-story units on both the east and west sides of the building (e.g., Mt. Tabor Park and Governor Tom McCall Waterfront Park). Western-facing units will have views to the Oregon Convention center Plaza. View access to Holladay Park is restricted by other buildings for eastern-facing units. The rooftop open space provide glazing at the pool and spa has been designed to incorporate water-themed public art at the street level along the NE 7th Avenue sidewalk to add interest and contributes to a vibrant and varied visual environment.

Canopies are provided along NE Oregon Street from the north building entry and wrap around the corner along NE 7th Avenue to the
NE 7 th Avenue entry. The canopies facing NE Oregon Street provide weather protection for streetcar riders either standing or seated NE 7th Avenue entry. The canopies facing NE Oregon Street provide weather protection for streetcar riders elt ter standing or seated
at the integrated benches. A canopy is located just south of the main entry at NE Fth at the public art location to provide nearly
uninterrupted weather protection along the Green Loop for pedestrians. Another continuous canopy frames the fitness and sport
 under these canopies to allow for protected transitions from indoor space to outdoor space.

Building entrances at NE Oregon Street and NE 7th Avenue provide barrier-free entry for tenants and guests, without the need for
ramps or other special accommodations.

| C. Project Design |
| :--- |
| C1. Enhance View |
| Opportunities. |
|  |
| C2. Promote Permanence and |
| Quality in Development. |

C3. Respect Architectural Integrity

C4. Complement the Context of Existing Buildings.

C5. Design for Coherency.

C6. Develop Transitions Between Buildings and Public Spaces.

Orient windows, entrances, balconies, and other building elements to surrounding points of interest and activity
Size and place new buildings to protect existing views and view corridors. Develop building facades that create visual connections to adjacent public spaces.

Use design principles and building materials that promote quality and
permanence. Use
perm

Respect the original character of an existing building when modifying its exterior. Develop vertical and horizontal additions, that are compatible with the existing building, to enhance the overall proposal's architectural integrity.

Complement the context of existing buildings by using and adding to the local design vocabulary

Integrate the different building and design elements including, but not limited to, construction materials, roofs, entrances, as well as window, door, sign, and lighting systems, to achieve a coherent composition

Develop transitions between private development and public open space.
Use site design features such as movement zones, landscape elements, gathering development directly abuts a dedicated public open space.

The ground level glazing is largely oriented towards the Green Loop to increase pedestrian interaction with the building. The clear glazing promotes views to and from the public right-of-way to allow for visual access along the sidewalk including the northern Residential units on the east side have windows that face the Green Loop and the public right-of-way, with upper units facing towards Portland. Corner units on the north side can see the Portland Streetcar and an extent of the Green Loop. Corner units on the sout side can view $1-84$ and an extent of the Green Loop. Levels 3 -15 incorporate large windows, Juliet balconies and recessed balconies
that orient to Mt. Hood on the east and to the Portland skyline to the west, creating visual interest and relief on the facades of the that orient to Mt. Hood on the east and to the Portland skyline to the west, creating visual interest and relief on the facades of the
building. The community room and the rooftop garden on the eastern half of level 15 have panoramic views to the north (with a glimpse of Mt. St. Helens), east (Mt. Hood), and south. South-facing views afford the opportunity to admire the architectural form of the Congressman Earl Blumenauer Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge

High-quality durable materials are used throughout:

- Fiber-reinforced cement (Equitone) panels that resemble concrete panels.

Commercial curtainwall for glazing at ground level, vertical accents, and rooftop community room.

- Glazing system (Intus window system) for residential units.
- Artful placement of materials is designed to creates a simple, easily recognizable pattern in the juxtaposition of the fiber-cemen materials and mullion extensions.
- Masonry for opaque exterior walls at ground floor.

Natural wood in protected conditions on the underside of canopies, recessed roof deck soffits, and the roof overhang at the community room.

The proposal does not involve any existing buildings. This guideline does not apply.

The approach to the project draws on the principles of Tripartite design (base, middle, top) as most mid and high-rise buildings within the downtown core and Lloyd District have implemented. The 15 -story design complements the context by bridging the gap in height between the Portland State Office Building and Aster Tower. Materials were specifically chosen to complement the surrounding Lloyd District, which include:
The predominant material for the residential mass is light-colored in fitting with the Lloyd District.

- Masonry was chosen for the base.

Except for the Pool and Spa area on the ground floor and the spandrel glazing at the residential floor slab edges, all glass will be Except for the Pool and Spa area on the

The common amenity spaces for tenants are treated with almost complete transparency to maximize connection to surrounding context and access to views. The base of the building transitions from near-complete transparency along NE 7th Avenue around he corners at NE Oregon Street and NE Irving Street towards opaque stone masonry that houses building utilities, secure parking haracter of the and long-term bicycle storage. Residential floors are treated as two parallel masses of a pristine white to match within the units. The eastern half of the top floor is home to a community room with panoramic views to a rooftop garden and beyond o views of the north, south, and east, specifically Mt. Hood. The masonry at the ground level and the fiber cement panels at the upper evel utilize a cohesive vocabulary of stone-based materials.

[^0] opportunity for people to view the streetcar.

C10. Integrate Encroachments.

## C11. Integrate Roofs and Use

C12. Integrate Exterior Lighting

C13. Integrate Signs.

Develop flexible spaces at the sidewalk-level of buildings to accommodate a variety of active uses.
Use design elements including, but not limited to, varying building heights, changes iacade plas to, highe wight buiding awnings, canopies, marquees, signs, and

Locate flexible sidewalk-level retail opportunities at building corners.
Locate stairs, elevators, and other upper floor building access points toward the middle of the block.

Differentiate the sidewalk-level of the building from the middle and top by using not limited to, different exterior materials, awnings, signs, and large windows.

Size and place encroachments in the public right-of-way to visually and physically enhance the pedestrian environment.
Locate permitted skybridges toward the middle of the block, and where they will be physically unobtrusive. Design skybridges to be visually level and transparent.

Integrate roof function, shape, surface materials, and colors with the building's overall design concept.
Size and place rooftop mechanical equipment, penthouses, other components, and related screening elements to enhance views of the Central City's skyline, as well as views from other buildings or vantage points.
Develop rooftop terraces, gardens, and associated landscaped areas to be effective stormwater management tools.

Integrate exterior lighting and its staging or structural components with the building's overall design concept.
Use exterior lighting to highlight the building's architecture, being sensitive to its impacts on the skyline at night.

Integrate signs and their associated structural components with the building's overall design concept.
Size, place, design, and light signs to not dominate the skyline. Signs should have only a minimal presence in the Portland skyline.

The primary entries are placed on the north and east facades to provide ready pedestrian and visual access to the Portland Street The most prominent corners of the building - the northeast afich y east corners - are highlighted by an enhanced pedestrian ttractive materials. On the north and east frontages, ground-floor activities will be generally visible (save for the pool and spa area)颠 building equipment, and maintenance facilities are intentionally placed away from the street corners.

The building base is differentiated with masonry, extensive clear glazing, recessed entries, and protective canopies with integrated ighting along much of the building, with contrasting materials and glazing style on upper floors

The applicant proposes for the ground level to be for the use of tenants and guests rather than for separate retail tenants; however, should the need arise, the tall floor-to-floor height provides flexibility for the proposed fitness and sport court spaces,
adapted to accommodate different tenant amenities in alignment with this guideline. See Sheets APP.15, APP.15-B.

Mullion cap extensions protrude into the right-of-way above ground level, so they do not impede the pedestrian space. Canopies are provided along NE Oregon Street from the north building entry and wrap around the corner along NE 7th Avenue to the NE 7th
Avenue entry. A continuous canopy frames the fitness and sport court along NE 7th Avenue, wrapping around the southeast corner Avenue entry. A cont. A canopy is located just south of the main entry at NE 7th Avenue at the public art location to provide nearly uninterrupted weather protection along the Green Loop for pedestrians. Another canopy that provides weather protection is at the south bicycle storage and parking garage entrance along NE Irving Street.

The roof is low-slope, bounded by parapets that are a continuation of the building's massing and predominant materiality. This also helps the roof design meet the requirement for stormwater management - ecoroof with the exception of where mechanical rooftop units (screened by fencing) are located. Level 15 is split between penthouse apartments and a community room that is adjacent to an eastern-oriented occupiable roof deck with integrated roof garden design
the roof garden provides views to Mt. Hood, Mt. St. Helens, and Mt. Tabor.

Lighting will be incorporated into exterior canopies and at building entrances to illuminate the pedestrian space. The treatment of the glazing at the ground floor and its vertical continuation on the upper residential massing on NE Oregon and NE Irving Streets similarly, to the ground floor, the rooftop community room is fully transparent and will provide a glowing element on the top floor at night.

## Minimal signage locations have been proposed at the north entrance off of NE Oregon Street, at the entrance on NE 7th Avenue, at

 the SE corner of NE 7 th Avenue and NE Irving Street, and at the parking garage entrance on NE Irving Street. Locationbeen indicated on the elevations. Signs are anticipated to be minimally and tastefully illuminated with internal lighting.

Lloyd District Design Guidelines

## A. Portland Personality (Lloyd

A1. Integrate the River.
A1-1: Connect Public Facilities to
he River

## A3. Respect the Portland Block Structures. <br> A3-1: Support a Convenient Pedestrian Linkage Through Pedestrian Linkage Through the Superblocks Between Convention Center and Lloyd Center <br> A3-2: Make Superblock Plazas Inviting and Easily Accessible nviting and Easily Accessible from Holladay Street

A5. Enhance, Embellish, and
Identify Areas.
A5-1: Develop Identifying
Features

## 5-2: Accommodate or ncorporate Underground Utility

 A5-3: Incorporate Works of Art
## A5-4: Incorporate Water Features

45-5: Use Public Right-of-Way the Lloyd District

A5-6: Incorporate Landscaping A5-6: Incorporate Landscap
as an Integral Element of Design

Provide public access to, from, and along the river in a manner that connects enjoyment.
provide and support a convenient pedestrian linkage through the superblocks between the Oregon Convention Center at N.E. Martin Luther King BIvd. and N.E. Oregon to the Lloyd Center at N.E. Multnomah and 9th.

Make superblock plazas and public spaces in superblocks fronting on Holladay Street inviting and easily accessible from Holladay Street. Public spaces should spaces should be visually connected to Holladay Street. Public/private spaces are a/so encouraged be visually connected with adjacent public improvements.

Encourage the inclusion of features in the design of projects that give projects dentity and a sense of place or significance within the District.

Accommodate or incorporate underground utility service to development projects.
ncorporate works of art into development projects.

Enhance the quality of major public spaces by incorporating water features.

Use the public right-of-way design criteria as established and administered by the City Engineer especially for the Lloyd District from the adopted Lloyd District Transportation Capital Improvements - District-Wide Design Criteria.
corporate landscaping as an integral element of design which is supportive of both the built and natural environment

The proposed development is not proximate to the river and no public use facilities are proposed. This guideline is not applicable.

The proposed development is not located directly between the Convention Center and Lloyd Center. This guideline is not applicable.

The proposed development does not front Holladay Street or a Superblock Plaza. This guideline is not applicable.

The design intentionally orients common amenities outwardly and openly to the public right-of-way at the ground floor. The prominent proposed fitness area and sport court complement the activity of the Green Loop and the proximity to the Congressman Earl Blumenauer Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge. The Level 15 roof garden and community room are treated similarly to reinforce a sense of place for tenants. The proposed water-themed public art complements the existing nature-themed mural on the northwest corner of NE 7th Avenue and NE Lloyd Boulevard.

Existing overhead utilities will be undergrounded except for the Portland Streetcar Overhead Contact System (OCS), which is required to be above ground The proposed electrical and natural gas meters and facilities (e.g transformers) will be interior to the building rather than above-ground

The exterior glazing at the pool and spa location has been designated for water-themed public artwork to be incorporated into the building facade to highlight the active use while modestly obscuring visibility of users in the pool area and to add a distinct and engaging element for passerby's in the pedestrian realm. The concept for the application of an etched mural subdivided by sections offering a meaningful and vibrant contribution to the streetscape See Sheet APP 14 and artist packet.

An actual water feature is not proposed, as the project does not include or border outdoor public areas. The public art component incorporates the theme of water and relates to the pool and spa program. Feedback from the Design Commission indicated that this would meet the intent of incorporating public art and water feature elements into the design.

The building envelope has been variably stepped back from $1^{\prime}$ to $4^{\prime}-6$ " from the property line on the north, east, and south sides to increase the width of the sidewalk and the proposed street improvements comport with District standards as outlined by PBOT staff. The right-of-way on NE 7th Avenue has been designed to standards set forth in PBOT's Pedestrian Design Guide as no cool Works permitting process.

The Level 15 community room looks out to views of Mt. Hood, the Hills, and glimpses of Mt. St. Helens. It also looks out onto the adjacent roof garden, comprising habitable deck and ecoroof that shares the same views. The rooftop plants are inviting to a variety of wildlife which will help support the natural environment. Ground level landscaping, in the form of planters appropriate for the urban context, will provide a natural element within the pedestrian environment.

## A8. Contribute to a Vibrant Streetscape.

A8-1: Incorporate Active Ground evel Uses in Parking Structures

A9. Strengthen Gateways.

A9-1: Provide a Distinct Sense of Entry and Exit

## B. Pedestrian Emphasis

## B1.Reinforce and Enhance the

 Pedestrian System.B1-1: Protect Pedestrian Area from Mechanical Exhaust B1-2: Incorporate Additional Lighting
tegrate the Civic Campus into the Lloyd District in a manner that provides a cohesive link westerly to the river and easterly to the core of the Lloyd District. Extend the Holladay Street pedestrian project to an active terminus overlooking he Willamette River
Link river overlooks, open spaces and trails into a unified system to and along the riverfront wherever possible; create clear pedestrian connections to the riverfron and encourage and enhance visual and physical corridors to river viewpoints and amenities.
Provide safe and attractive vehicular/pedestrian access through the area that connects with development patterns in surrounding sub-districts.
tegrate bridge and freeway access ramps into the arterial streets circulation pattern.

Through inviting pedestrian access and clear visual connections for both vehicles nd people, integrate by linking the Lloy Center with residential and west, office orond extend Cert 's park access to the mprove and extend the Center's pedestrian access to the north Establish pedestrian access through the shopping center that connects with
development in surrounding subdistricts.
ncorporate active ground-level uses in new and modified parking structures that are near active retail and pedestrian areas.

Design and develop gateways into and within the Lloyd District that are appropriate and relate to the district's and subdistricts' emerging characteristics.
ncorporate mechanical exhausting systems in a manner that does not detract from the quality of the pedestrian environment.
ncorporate project lighting in a manner that reinforces the pedestrian environment and which provides design continuity to an area by enhancing the drama and presence of architectural features.

The site is not located within the Civic Campus, along Holladay Street, or along the river or I-5. This quideline is not applicable

The site is not located near the Lloyd Shopping Center. This guideline is not applicable

The majority of the ground floor is glazed to promote visual connection to active uses at the sidewalk frontages (starting on NE Oregon Street and moving clockwise: lobby, leasing office, co-working, main lobby entrance, pool/spa, fitness, sport court, and bicycle storage/dog washing station). Parking is proposed underground so as not to be visible from the street.

With the opening of the Congressman Earl Blumenauer Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge, and the site's location along the Green Loop, emphasis has been given to develop the building's character to specifically relate to the bridge and its users. The active uses of the and bicycle traffic emerging from the bridge. The building's massing and verticality will further contribute to a sense of arrival for those disembarking from the bridge. The proposed building will infill an underutilized property previously containing relatively small buildings and large areas for parking. The size and street-edge character of the proposed new building is designed to advance this guideline

All venting from the building will be at the roof, with the exception of parking garage ventilation which will be high on the ground floor on NE Irving Street as to not detract from the pedestrian environment

Exterior lighting will be incorporated into the exterior canopies and at building entrances to illuminate pedestrian areas. The treatment of the glazing at the ground floor and its vertical continuation on the upper residential massing on NE Oregon and NE Irving Streets will provide a glowing element at night that highlights the massing and active uses and cren a ur the building. Similarly to the ground floor, the rooftop community room is fully transparent and will provide a glowin element on the top floor at night.

B1-3: Design Projects to Attract Pedestrians to the Broadway/ Weidler Corridor

B3. Bridge Pedestrian
Obstacles.

B3-1: Provide Pedestrian
Crossings Spaced at Traditional
One-Block Intervals
B3-2: Improve Pedestrian
Crossings on NE Broadway
B6. Consider Sunlight, Shadow, Glare, Reflection, Wind and Raine,
B6-1: Provide Pedestrian Rain
Protection

## C. Project Design

C1. Respect Architectural
Integrity
C1-1: Integrate Parking

C1-2: Integrate Signs

C2. Consider View
Opportunities

C2-1: Maximize View
Opportunities
ncorporate design features in new projects or building renovation which attract pedestrians and encourage their safe and enjoyable movement throughout the Broadway/Weidler Corridor and which support the corridor as a neighborhood retail area.

Provide and design for pedestrian crossings spaced at traditional one-block intervals where deemed safe and appropriate by the City Engineer

Provide pedestrian crossing amenities along N.E. Broadway that improve pedestrian safety and convenience.

## Rain protection is encouraged at the ground level of all new and rehabilitated commercial buildings located adicent commercial buildings located adjacent to primary pedestrian routes. In required

 retail opportunity areas, rain protection is strongly recommended.The proposed building is not located in the Broadway/Weidler Corridor. This guideline is not applicable.

The site is not located in a superblock so there is no need for a mid-block crossing. The proposed sidewalk improvements include
pedestrian ramps at the block corners to accommodate pedestrian crossings at one-block intervals.


The site is not located along NE Broadway. This guideline is not applicable

Canopies are provided along NE Oregon Street from the north building entry and wrap around the corner along NE 7th Avenue to the NE 7th Avenue entry. The canopies facing NE Oregon Street provide protection for streetcar riders at integrated benches. Mid-block, along NE 7th Avenue, a canopy is provided to shelter pedestrians at the area designated for public art. A continuous canopy frames the fitness and sport court along NE 7th Avenue and wraps around the southeast corner onto NE Irving Street. There is also a canopy that provides weather protection at the south bicycle storage and parking garage entrance along NE
recessed under these canopies to allow for protected transitions from indoor space to outdoor space.

All parking provided for the project is in a below-grade structured parking garage and only the garage entrance is visible to the public right-of-way at NE Irving Street

The building will have limited signage that relates to the building name/branding. Proposed locations are at the parking garage entrance on NE Irving Street; on NE 7th Avenue at the southeast corner canopy near NE Irving Street; at the lobby entrance on NE 7th Avenue; and at the entrance on NE Oregon Street. The signage is proposed to be integrated into the building so as to present a contextual and appropriately scaled design rather than a freestanding element that distracts or clutters the environment. Lighting is anticipated to be indirect rather than prominent and jarring.

[^1] Hicycle and Pedestrian Bridge.

C3-1: Design to Enhance Existing Themes in the Broadway/ Weidler Corridor

C3-2: Orient Development Along the Lloyd District's Eastern Edge Towards Adjacent Neighborhoods

## C6.Differentiate the Sidewalk

 Level of BuildingsC6-1: Step Back Upper Building Floors Along Holladay Street

C10. Promote Permanence and Quality in Development

C10-1: Use Masonry Materials

C10-2: Design Exterior Building Walls That Are Transparent in Glazed Areas and Sculptural in Surface

C10-3: Use Light Colors

Use special design features which reinforce architectural themes and elements within the Broadway/Weidler Corridor. Look to buildings from throughout the corridor for architectural precedent.
ane easternge of the District so that they relate to the neighborhood through building orientation, building design and opportunities for public access.

Along Holladay Street from 1st to 13th Avenues, locate building bases along the build-to lines while setting upper floors of tall buildings back from the street.

Except for window glazing, use masonry types of materials as the predominant exterior material for building walls. Use modular stone or masonry materials on the building base or first floor of buildings whenever possible.
he glazed areas and which are textural, sculptural, and articulated in surface character.

The use of light color values is preferred for the predominant exterior building materials. Darker value materials should be used to accent or articulate the design.

The proposed development is not located in the Broadway/Weidler Corridor. This guideline is not applicable

The proposed development is not located along the Lloyd District's Eastern Edge. This guideline is not applicable.

The proposed development is not located along Holladay Street. This guideline is not applicable.
tone masonry is proposed at the building base and integral color fiber-reinforced cement panels are used on the upper residential mass.

All exterior glazing will be transparent with the exception of modestly screened glazing at the Pool/Spa area along NE 7th Avenue and spandrel glazing at the residential floor slab edges. All ground floor glazing and masonry is set back from the outside face of the residential levels above, creating depth and shadow. The vertically aligned windows for the residential floors on levels 2 through 15 are composed in a rhythm of alternating widths and spacing that correspond to living and bedroom spaces. The windows are composed s a series of contiguous vertical punched openings for relief with alternating vertical mullion extensions that create a dynamic pattern around the entire building.

The predominant cladding of the exterior is a light integral color fiber-cement panel that is treated to resemble pre-cast concrete and is exclusively applied to the massing of the residential floors (levels 2 through 15) with a darker stone masonry at the ground floor for accent and differentiation.

CLADDING
SOFFIT
GLAZING SYSTEMS
LIGHTING
SITE ELEMENTS


## =EDUITONE [tectiva]

## Authenticity

Original, through-colored material with highly expressive fiber cement structure
Individualtiy
The production process makes each panel unique in color, texture and surface.
TACtility
Rough, unpolished fiber cement surface with delicate, linen touch.

| Thickness | Sheet Size | Nominal Weight |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 mm | $4^{\prime} \times 8^{\prime}(1250 \times 2500 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $3.051 \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |
|  | $4^{\prime} \times 10^{\prime}(1250 \times 310 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |
| *Naturally occurring white fecks may be visible which adds to the aesthetics of the material |  |  |



\section*{|  |
| :---: |
| TE90 |}

TEOO


TE40
TE30



## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS

## EQUITONE MATERIAL

EQUITONE REQUIRES DIFFERENT THICKNESSES FOR THE CONCEALED FASTENER SYSTEM:
[TECTIVA] REQUIRES 8MM
[NATURA], [PICTURA], AND [MATERIA]
FINISHES REQUIRE 12MM
[LINEA] REQUIRES 10MM


## BUILDING ELEVATION

## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS



## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS


(4) VEETICAL MDD.PANEL

## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS



## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS


$(6)$ INSDDE CORNER

# UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS 



## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS



## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS



BASE OF WALL
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

## UNIVERSE 8000 "CONCEALED FASTENER" EQUITONE ${ }^{\circ}$ FIBRE CEMENT PANELS



## STRIKING CONTEMPORARY <br> ARCHITECTURAL LINES

Echoing the style of Peter Zumthor's iconic design of Therme Vals Spa, our Linear Walling range is a Strip walling that reinforces lineal architectural narrative.

Comprising of split stone, limestone, slate travertine and sandstone, this format represents a modern way of integrating natural stone into a unique design project. Its streamlined appearance creates a modern backdrop that is suitable for internal and external applications.

A thin profile makes Linear Walling an ideal option to be used on vertical surfaces. We use sawn and split in combination together to create a distinctive textured façade.



A selection of high resolution 3D textures is available at www.ecooutdoorusa.com

## LINEAR



## SIZES

## Tiles

## Corners



Capping


For more downloadable imagery visit www.ecooutdoorusa.com
Weight
(Ibs/UOM)

## Cavern

## Various Lengths

16" / 32" / 40" lengths
$13 \quad 54 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
3 set heights $1 \frac{1}{4} 4^{\prime \prime} / 13 / 4 " / 21 / 2 "$ ",
3/4" thick

## Corners

$L$ shape corner pieces come in
3 sizes to match the 3 set heights
11
4x9.8LFT
$11 / 4 " \times 6$ " / 2", 3/4"
$13 / 4 " \times 7{ }^{\prime \prime} / 3^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 4 "$
$21 / 2 " \times 8 " / 4 ", 3 / 4 "$

## Roda

## Various Lengths

16" / 32" / 40" lengths
3 set heights $1 \frac{1}{4} 4^{\prime \prime} / 13 / 4$ / $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, $1254 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
3/4" thick

## Corners

$L$ shape corner pieces come in
3 sizes to match the 3 set heights
$11 / 4 " \times 6 " / 2^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 4 "$
$13 / 4 " \times 7{ }^{\prime \prime} / 3^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 4 "$
$21 / 2 " \times 8 " / 4 ", 3 / 4 "$
Capping options available on request

Metric

## Cavern

## Various Lengths

400 / 800 / 1000mm lengths
3 set heights $31 / 47 / 63 \mathrm{~mm}$, 20mm thick

## Corners

$L$ shape corner pieces come in
3 sizes to match the 3 set heights 17 12LM (4x3LM)
$31 \times 150 / 50 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$47 \times 180 / 70 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$63 \times 200 / 100 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Roda

## Various Lengths

400 / 800 / 1000mm lengths
3 set heights 31 / 47 / 63mm, 20 mm thick

## Corners

L shape corner pieces come in
3 sizes to match the 3 set heights
$31 \times 150 / 50 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$47 \times 180 / 70 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$63 \times 200 / 100 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
Capping options available on request

All metric measurements are accurate. All imperial measurements are nominal.

Typically these products are adhered to a concrete or block wall with a suitable tile adhesive.
Use of mechanical fixings may also be required. Corner details are slightly different for each stone type.
When working out quantities required for a wall, you need to know the face in square feet to be covered.
For further information, installation tips and pricing please call a showroom on (855) 4131413.

## Architectural Meto Ma|l \& Roof Systems

Ou range of coloroptions provide yqu with the most durable surfaces and longest warranties, with custam color matching avgilable there are unl phited design options availdble.

## Color Options

## Standard Colors

Fluropon® PVDF - Kynar500®
Formulated with $70 \%$ Kynar $500^{\circledR}$ proprietary resin, Fluropon ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a premium fluoropolymer coating. Factory applied and baked on, it provides excellent adhesion and flexibility properties with aluminum, HDG steel or Galvalume ${ }^{\circledR}$ components.



Dark Bronze
SR:0.27 E:0.85 SRI:26
RGB: 555150


Bristol Black
SR:0.26 E:0.86 SRI:25 RGB: 454342


## Ascot White

SR:0.69 E:0.85 SRI:83
RGB: 205207207


Surrey Beige
SR:0.48 E:0.86 SRI:54
RGB: 154139121


Redwood
SR:0.38 E:0.86 SRI:41
RGB: 1166963


Blue Gray
SR:0.27 E:0.85 SRI:26 RGB: 596162


Bone White
SR:0.69 E:0.84 SR1:83
RGB: 212210198


Sierra Tan
SR:0.38 E:0.85 SRI:40
RGB: 145129115


Colonial Red
SR:0.32 E:0.86 SRI:33
RGB: 875150


Regal Blue
SR:0.26 E:0.85 SRI:24
RGB: 436887


Sandstone SR:0.61 E:0.85 SR1:72 RGB: 184180166


Parchment
SR:0.53 E:0. 85 SR1:61 RGB: 154148136


Patina Green
SR:0.41 E:0.84 SRI:44 RGB: 10611398


Dove Gray
SR:0.47 E:0.86 SRI:53 RGB: 143145144


Antique Bronze
SR:0.43 E:0.86 SRI:48
RGB: 127119109


Evergreen
SR:0.26 E:0.85 SRI:24
RGB: 567062

Zinc Gray
SR:0.35 E:0.86 SRI:37
RGB: 1009793


Spartan Bronze SR:0.31 E:0.85 SR1:31 RGB: 716559


Slate Blue
SR:0.28 E:0.85 SRI:27
RGB: 75103115

## Morin

A Kingspan Group Company

Matrix Wall Series Detail Manual
Vertical Application with Extrusion

## Morin

A Kingspan Group Company


Matrix Wall Series Detail Manual
Vertical Application with Trim
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## Hybrid Aluminum/WPC Cladding/Soffit

Datasheet


Technical information may change without warning.
Please ensure you that you reference our latest as shown on our website at www.geolaminc.com

Thickness: $1 / 2$ in | 13 mm
Total width: $71 / 4$ in | 184 mm
Usable width: $6 \frac{1}{4}$ in | 160 mm
Section tolerances in mm: $+0.5 /-2.0$

## Fire rating:

On request before order

## Surfaces finish: Sanded

Profiles fastening and installation:
Check our website www.geolaminc.com
Standard length: 12 ft | 3.66 m

## Or order custom lengths from:

7 ft to 19 ft 8 in $\mid 2.15 \mathrm{~m}$ to 6 m
Weight: $0.80 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft} \mid 1.19 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}$

| Secondary moment lx (cm ${ }^{4}$ ): 0.56 |
| :---: |
| Secondary moment ly (cm ${ }^{4}$ ): 122.03 |
| Section modulus $\mathbf{Z}+\mathrm{x}\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ : 0.68 |
| Section modulus Z-x (cm ${ }^{3}$ : 0.68 |
| Section modulus $\mathbf{Z + y}$ ( $\mathbf{c m}^{3}$ ): 13.47 |
| Section modulus Z-y ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ): 13.47 |
| Core in anodized aluminum alloy: A6063S-T5 Serie 6000 |
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion $\left(20-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : $23.4 \mu \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{m} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Modulus of Elasticity: 68.9 GPa |
| Max Tensile Strength: 186 Mpa |
| Carbon Footprint: <br> WPC : $1.54 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{CO}_{2} / \mathrm{Kg}$ <br> Profile : $9.005 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{CO}_{2} / \mathrm{Kg}$ |




| Technical specifications, dimensions in |  | Cross section coefficient $Z+x\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ | 0.68 | Wood hybrid system WHS | Type 1.0 | Eeolani |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight (kg/ml) | 1.29 | Cross section coefficient $Z-x\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ | 1.60 | Vertigo 5010 |  |  |
| Cross section, secondary moment Ix $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{4}\right)$ | 0.56 | Cross section coefficient $Z+y\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ | 13.47 |  |  |  |
| Cross section, secondary moment ly ( $\mathrm{cm}^{4}$ ) | 122.03 | Cross section coefficient $\mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{y}\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ | 12.85 |  |  | www.geolaminc.com |

Glazing Systems




1 OPERABLE WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ HEAD


2 OPERABLE WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ JAMB


3 OPERABLE WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ SILL



STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT 8790 @ SASH SCALE $1-0^{\prime \prime}=1$


$$
\text { SCALE } 1 \cdot 00=1.00
$$

OPT. STEEL REINFORCEMENTS 8709 \& 8709+5833 @ SASH



1 AWNING WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ HEAD


2 AWNING WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ JAMB


3 AWNING WINDOW SECTION PROFILE @ SILL


STEEL REINFORCEMENT 8706 @ SASH
(SCALE $1 \cdot 6^{\circ}=1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0^{\prime \prime}$

$1 \frac{\text { SMALL INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE }}{\text { FIXED TO FIXED WINDOW }}$


SMALL INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE 2 FIXED TO OPERABLE WINDOW


3 MEDIUM INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE W/ DBL. STEEL REINFORCEMENT OPERABLE TO OPERABLE WINDOW SCALEE $9=1 \cdot 0^{\prime \prime}$


Standard steel REINFORCEMENT 8713

1 MEDIUM INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE W/ DBL. STEEL REINFORCEMENT FIXED TO FIXED WINDOW
$2 \frac{\text { MEDIUM INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE W/ DBL. STEEL }}{\text { REINFORCEMENT FIXED TO OPERABLE WINDOW SCALE } 9=1-1-0^{\circ}}$


3 SMALL INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE
SCALE $9=1.1 \cdot 00 \quad$ STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT 8701


1 LARGE INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE FIXED TO FIXED WINDOW


2 LARGE INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE 2 FIXED TO OPERABLE WINDOW

metroor
3 LARGE INTEGRAL MULLION SECTION PROFILE
3 OPERABLE TO OPERABLE WINDOW


STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT 8708


OPTIONAL STEEL REINFORCEMENT 8708+5766

|  |  | DRAWING TOPIC | NOTES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N ISSUE } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\circ} \\ & \underset{N}{\prime} \text { JANUARY } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $N T U S$ | 芘 WINDOWS | AW - INTEGRAL MULLION | ALL ELEVATIONS REPRESENT EXTERIOR VIEW <br> SECTION DETAILS SHOWING TRIPLE GLAZING OPTION. DOUBLE GLAZING ALSO AVAILABLE. PLEASE REFER TO GLAZING SECTION MPORTANT! FOR AWNING WINDOWS WITH SMAL INTEGRALIULION, ONLY STEEREINFORCEMENTS 8751 \& 8701 AVALABLE |  |  |  |  |
| w ${ }^{\text {c }}$ N D o w s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |





1 CONNECTION MULLION 3284/3284 DBL EXP. SECTION PROFILE IXED TO AWNING WINDOW


1 CONNECTION MULLION 7281/3292 EXP. SECTION PROFILE FIXED TO AWNING WINDOW

SCALE $8^{\prime \prime}=1.100^{\prime \prime}$


1 CONNECTION MULLION 7291/3292 EXP. SECTION PROFILE FIXED TO AWNING WINDOW

SCALE $8^{\prime \prime}=1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0^{\prime \prime}$


1 CONNECTION MULLION 7291/7291 DBL EXP. SECTION PROFILE

AW -

AW - CONNECTION MULLIONS FOR AWNING WINDOWS
NOTES

$2 \begin{aligned} & \text { CONNECTION MULLION 7291/7291 DBL EXP. SECTION PROFILE } \\ & \text { AWNING TO AWNING WINDOW }\end{aligned}$


2 CONNECTION MULLION $3284 / 3284$ DBL EXP. SECTION PROFILE


2 CONNECTION MULLION 7281/3292 SECTION PROFILE


2 CONNECTION MULLION $7291 / 3292$ SECTION PROFILE

N MULLIONS FOR AWNING WINDOWS


STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR MULLION 7281

OPTIONAL STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR MULLION 7281


STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR MULLION 7291


STANDARD STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR MULLION 7291/7291


OPTIONAL STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR MULLION 7291


OPTIONAL STEEL REINFORCEMENT OPTIONAL STEEL REINFO
FOR MULLION $7291 / 7291$


. MEASURE THE DISTANCE FROM SASH TO THE CENTER OF ADD-ON (REFER TO SHOP DRAWINGS)
POSITION ADD-ON REINFORCEMENT OVER THE CENTER LINE
TIGHTEN FASTENERS THROUGH EXISTING HOLES IN THE REINFORCEMENT ( $3{ }^{156}$ " $[100 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) O.C. FOR SMALL REINFORCEMENTS \& $7_{\frac{7}{7}}^{7}[200 \mathrm{~mm}$ O.C. FOR LARGE REINFORCEMENTS)
4. CLIP-ON THE POLYMER CLOSURE PROFILE


SAMPLE ELEVATION (INSIDE VIEW)
MEDIUM INTREGRAL MULLION W/ SMALL ADD-ON PROFILE SCALE: $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}=1-0^{10}$

ADD-ON MULION PROFILES SMALI \& LARGE
POSSIBLE COMBINATION WITH INTEGRAL MULLIONS SCALE: $4^{4=1 \cdot 0}$

WHITE WINDOWS
MAX. MEASUREMENT ( $\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}$ )

 MAX. AREA OF 80.73 SQ. FT. $\left.7.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right]$


MAX. AREA OF 23.68 SQ. ET. $\left[2.2 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right]$


MAX. AREA OF 23.68 SQ. FT. [2.2m]
 MAX. AREA OF 32.29 SQ. FT. $\left[3.0 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right]$

MAX. AREA OF 23.68 SQ. FT. [2.2m³]

MAX. AREA OF 23.68 SQ. FT. [2.2m³]

MAX. AREA OF 66.20 sQ. FT. $\left[6.15 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right]$


MAX. AREA OF 80.73 SQ. FT. $\left[7.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right]$



FIXED WITH INTEGRAL MULLION MULTI UNIT


CASEMENT \& DUAL ACTION


HOPPER


AWNING

EXTERIOR

EXTERIOR PANE A: $4 \mathrm{MM}, 6 \mathrm{MM}, 8 \mathrm{MM}, 10 \mathrm{MM}$
ARGON SPACE B: $10 \mathrm{MM}, 12 \mathrm{MM}, 14 \mathrm{Mm}, 16 \mathrm{Mm}, 18 \mathrm{MM}, 20 \mathrm{MM}, 22 \mathrm{MM}$ INTERIOR PANE C: 4MM,6MM,8MM,10MM
LAMINATE FILMS: 1,2,4,6,8 FILMS

MoNoutric glass
INSULATED GLASS UNTT (IG)
EXTERIR

16 Unit with Laminated inboard
$\square$ INTERIOR $1 \mathrm{FILM}=0.38 \mathrm{MM}$
DET. 1 TYP. DOUBLE PANE GLAZING OPTIONS W/ $90 \%$ ARGON FILLED SPACE ${\text { SCALE } 2 \cdot 0^{\circ}=1 \cdot 0^{-0 "}}$

$A \not B \rightarrow C \not D \rightarrow E$





EXTERIOR PANE A: $4 \mathrm{MM}, 6 \mathrm{MM}, 8 \mathrm{MM}, 10 \mathrm{MM}$
ARGON SPACE B/D: $10 \mathrm{Mm}, 12 \mathrm{MM}, 14 \mathrm{MM}, 16 \mathrm{MM}$
middLe Pane C: $4 \mathrm{MM}, 6 \mathrm{MM}, 8 \mathrm{MM}, 10 \mathrm{MM}$
INTERIOR PANE E: 4MM,6MM, $8 \mathrm{MM}, 10 \mathrm{MM}$
LAMINATE FILMS: 1,2,4,6,8 FILMS

insulated glass unt (i6)


16 Unt with Laminated ingoard


IG Unt with Laminated outboard and ingaard




 ..... 7162
40 Mm 童 ..... 7180

$$
{ }^{\text {samn }}
$$

$$
7138
$$

$$
7116
$$

$$
7164
$$7142

$$
7130
$$

28MM

$$
715
$$

24MM

$$
\frac{14}{229 m 4}
$$7122


$\qquad$

GLAZING BEADS PROFILES


FIXED SCREEN INSTALLED ON A CW OPERABLE WINDOW




2" STANDARD LIMITER LOCATION FOR CASEMENT, HOPPER, AND DUAL ACTION WINDOWS SCALE $34^{4}=1 \cdot 1.0{ }^{\circ}$


4" SECURISTYLE LIMITER (SDR6) NYC DOH APPROVED
 W/FRICTION, NON-REMOVABLE, 2PCS

SALLE $=1$


4" SECURISTYLE LIMITER NYC DOH APPROVED LOCATION FOR CASEMENT, HOPPER, AND AWNING WINDOWS SCALE $34^{\prime \prime}=1.0^{\circ}$


4" SECURISTYLE LIMITER (SDR6)
W/FRICTION, REMOVABLE, 1PC 2PCS, NON, REMOVABLE, PPC


A-A




CROSS SECTION A-A


CROSS SECTION A-A


WOCD LIMITER (WINDOW OPENING CONTROL DEVICE)
WOCD LIMITER *EGRESS WINDOWS ONLY* LOCATION FOR
CASEMENT, CASEMENT ADA, AND HOPPER WINDOWS
CROSS SECTION A-A



CASEMENT, CASEMENT ADA, AND HOPPER WINDOWS SCALE $34^{\circ}=1 \cdot 0^{\circ}$




SAMPLE HEAD DETAIL WITH MOUNTING BRACKET



SAMPLE JAMB DETAIL WITH MOUNTING BRACKET

SAMPLE SILL DETAIL WITH MOUNTING BRACKET






SAMPLE ELEVATIoN
FIXED WINDOW WITH WIDENING PROFILE 2313


WIDENING PROFILE 2315 (SMALL) SCALE: $10^{\circ 1}=10^{1-0 " 0}$
 DIN 7504-P, Zn IIN 7504-P, Zn
SELF-DRPLING FLAT HEAD PHILLIPS
SHEETMETALSCCEW (B) SHEETMETAL SCREW (B.I. IW)


WIDENING PROFLE 2313 (MEDIUM) $\sigma_{16}^{3} 3^{3} \times 2_{8}^{2 "}(4.8 \mathrm{~mm} \times 60 \mathrm{~mm})$


WIDENING PROFILE 7292 (LARGE)
WIDENING PROFILE 2311 (EXTRA LARGE)
WCALE TWO REINFORCEMENTS 2724


DIN 7504-P, Zn
SELF-DRILING
SEL-DRILLING FLAT HEAD PHILLIPS
SHETMETAL SCREW (BI.W.).





JUMP FRAME PROFILE 3217
ScALE: $2 \cdot 0^{\prime 0}=1.0^{10}$

N isue


## PROFILE

LIGHT SOURCE
CCT
CRI
VOLTAGE
POWER
DIMMING

DIMENSIONS
WEIGHT
HOUSING
LENS
FINISH
WARRANTY
OPERATING TEMP
LUMEN MAINTENANCE
CERTIFICATION
4.0 W/FT, 7.0 W/FT, 10.0 W/FT

2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, STATIC COLORS
82 CRI
120V-277V
INTEGRATED POWER SUPPLY
FLICKER FREE DIMMABLE TO $1 \%$. 0-10V, (SINK)
DMX DIMMING
$2.50^{\prime \prime} \times 1.5^{\prime \prime} \times 12.00^{\prime \prime}$ OR $2.50^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime} \times 48.00^{\prime \prime}$
12.00": 1.65 LBS, 48.00": 6 LBS

EXTRUDED ALUMINUM HOUSING
POLYCARBONATE
METALLIC GRAY, CUSTOM
5-YEAR LIMITED
$-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ TO $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
75,000 HOURS
ETL AND cETL FOR WET LOCATION, IP67


DISTRIBUTION


DIRECT VIEW

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

| 10.0 W/FT, 4000K, 48.00" | LUMENS |
| :---: | ---: |
| DIRECT VIEW | 1202 LM |

## DIMENSIONS




FORMS+SURFACES ${ }^{\circ}$

CAPITOL ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ BIKE RACK

The Capitol Bike Rack's solid, corrosion-resistant cast aluminum body provides the strength necessary to stand up to continuous use while its simple, space-saving design allows it to engage with its surrounding environment as much or as little as desired. With a design perfect for cityscapes and other contemporary architectural settings, the Capitol Bike Rack is a solution for environments of all types.

MATERIAL \& FINISHES
INSTALLATION \& MAINTENANCE

| MATERIAL | FINISHES | INSTALLATION | MAINTENANCE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Body is made of <br> corrosion-resistant cast <br> aluminum with <br> powdercoat finish. | - See the Forms+Surfaces Powdercoat Chart for details. <br> Custom RAL colors are available for an upcharge. | • Capitol Bike Racks must be surface <br> mounted with embedded anchors. <br> - Due to the inherent nature of metal castings, gloss <br> powdercoats are not offered for cast components. | Stainless steel anchors and tamper- <br> resistant stainless steel bolts are sold <br> separately. | | • Metal surfaces can be cleaned as |
| :--- |
| needed using a soft cloth or brush with |
| warm water and a mild detergent. Avoid |
| abrasive cleaners. |

NOMINAL DIMENSIONS


| OVERALL LENGTH | OVERALL DEPTH | OVERALL HEIGHT | WEIGHT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5^{\prime \prime}(127 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $4^{\prime \prime}(102 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $34 "(864 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $25 \mathrm{lbs}(11.4 \mathrm{~kg})$ |

## LOCKING POINT AND CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES

The Capitol Bike Rack was designed to allow for a multitude of locking point and configuration options to meet your individual needs. Please note that for optimal performance, Forms+Surfaces recommends a 36" center-to-center placement. See diagrams below and the separate installation instructions document for more details.


A standard U-lock can be locked at this location for security and functionality.

LOCKING POINT EXAMPLE
T 800.451.0410 | www.forms-surfaces.com


MOUNTING / HARDWARE DETAIL
號


ORMS+SURFACES

CAPITOL" ${ }^{\text {m }}$ BIKE RACK

## LOCKING POINT AND CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES (Continued)



CONFIGURATION EXAMPLEA


CONFIGURATION EXAMPLE B

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Please refer to the Capitol Bike Rack Environmental Data Sheet for detailed environmental impact information.
- Capitol aluminum casting has up to $95 \%$ recycled content and is fully recyclable.
- Standard powdercoat finishes are no-VOC; non-standard powdercoat finishes are no- or low-VOC, depending on color.
- Low maintenance.

MODEL NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION

| MODEL | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| SKCAP | Capitol Bike Rack |

PRODUCT OPTIONS
The following options are available for an upcharge

| Stainless steel anchors and tamper-resistant stainless steel bolts | Custom RAL powdercoat color |
| :--- | :--- |

LEAD TIME: 4 weeks. Shorter lead times may be available upon request. Please contact us to discuss your specific timing requirements.
PRICING: Please contact us at 800.451 .0410 or sales@forms-surfaces.com. At Forms+Surfaces, we design, manufacture and sell our products directly to you. Our sales team is available to assist you with questions about our products, requests for quotes, and orders. Territory Managers are located worldwide to assist with the front-end specification and quoting process, and our in-house Project Sales Coordinators follow your project through from the time you place an order to shipment.

TO ORDER SPECIFY: Quantity, model, powdercoat color for body casting. Quote/Order Forms are available on our website to lead you through the specification process in a simple checkbox format.

## MACKENZIE.


[^0]:    he project does not abut dedicated public open space; however, the proposed building does have extensive frontage along the public sidewalk, so the sidewalk serves as a transition by providing the building frontage, movement, furnishing, movement, and curb zones. Recessed entries function as transitions zones as well. Integrated seating is proposed on NE Oregon Street to provide a seating

[^1]:    The ground level glazing is largely oriented towards the Green Loop to increase pedestrian interaction with the building. The clear glazing promotes views to and from the public right-of-way to allow for visual access along the sidewalk including the northern Residential units on the east side have windows that face the Green Loop and the public right-of-way, with upper units facing towards Mt. Hood. Residential units on the west side have windows that face the Oregon Convention Center and the western skyline of
    Portland. Corner units on the north side can see the Portland Streetcar and an extent of the Green Loop Corner units on the soun Portland. Corner units on the north side can see the Portland Streetcar and an extent of the Green Loop. Corner units on the south
    side can view $1-84$ and an extent of the Green Loop. Level 14 and 15 units have recessed outdoor decks that orient to Mt. Hood on th
    east and to the Portland skyline to the west, creating visual interest and relief on the facade of the building . The community room east and to the Portland skyline to the west, creating visual interest and relief on the facades of the building. The community room and the rooftop garden on the eastern half of Level 15 have panoramic views to the north (with a glimpse of Mt. St. Helens), east (Mt,
    Hood), and south. South-facing views afford the opportunity to admire the architectural form of the Congressman Earl Blumenauer

