

Historic Landmarks Commission Briefing

Presenters:

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Department of Community Services Transportation Division

December 7, 2020



Project Overview



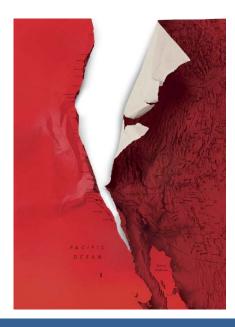
Project Overview

Background



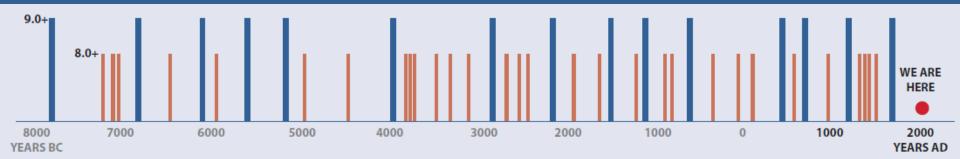
REGIONAL EARTHQUAKE RISK

1 in 3 chance of magnitude 8+ earthquake within 50 years

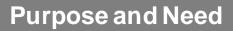


CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE (CSZ) EARTHQUAKE

Last major quake in Oregon occurred 317 years ago, a timespan that exceeds 75% of the intervals between the major quakes to hit Oregon over the last 10,000 years.



Project Overview





Seismic Resiliency and Emergency Response



Regional Recovery and Rebuilding

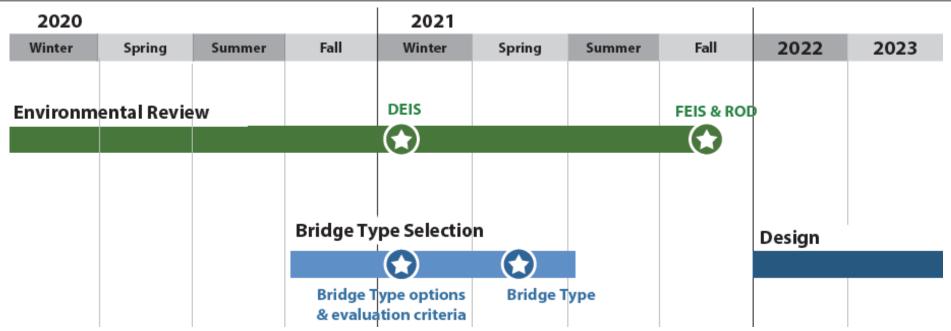




Project Timeline



Environmental Review and Bridge Type Selection



Environmental Review

- Jan 2021: Publish Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) and begin 45-day comment period
- Fall 2021: Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) and Record of Decision (ROD)

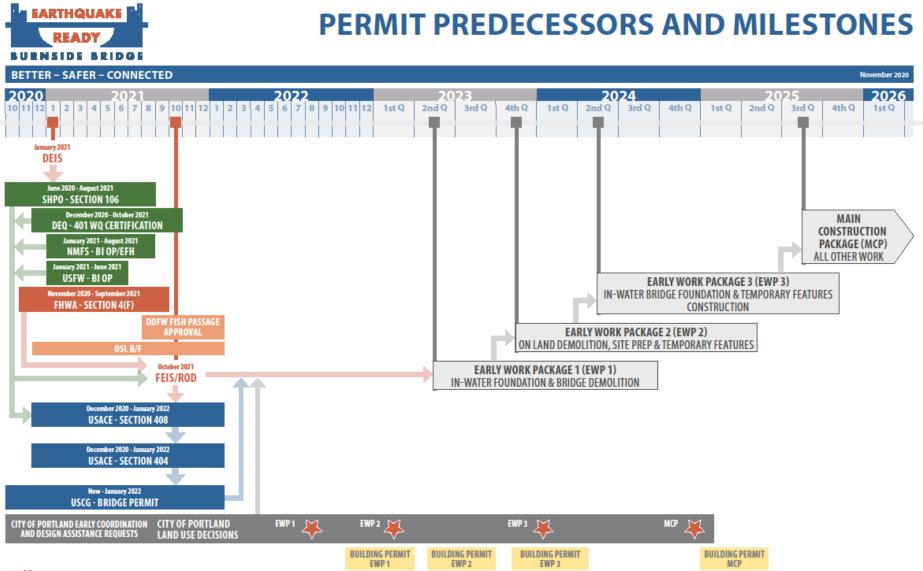
Bridge Type Selection

- Jan/Feb 2021: Input on range of Bridge Type options and evaluation criteria
- May 2021: Input on recommended Bridge Type









KEY: ¥LU DECISION

Range of Alternatives in DEIS







Replacement: **Short Span** (Bascule or Lift)













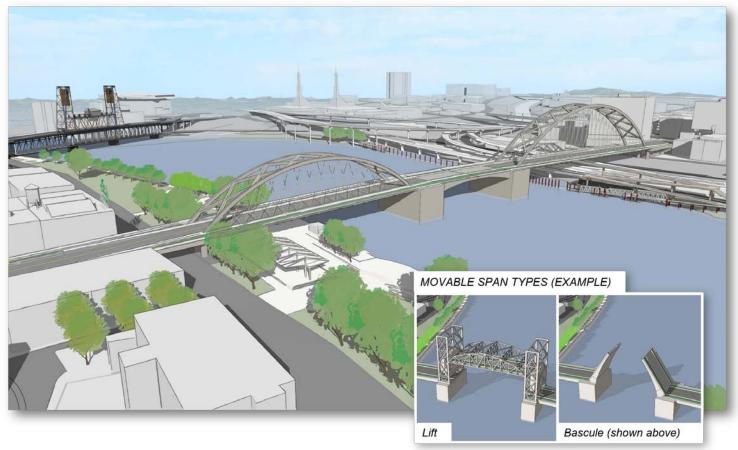


Recommended Preferred Alternative



By Community Task Force, Policy Group and Board of County Commissioners

Replacement Long Span



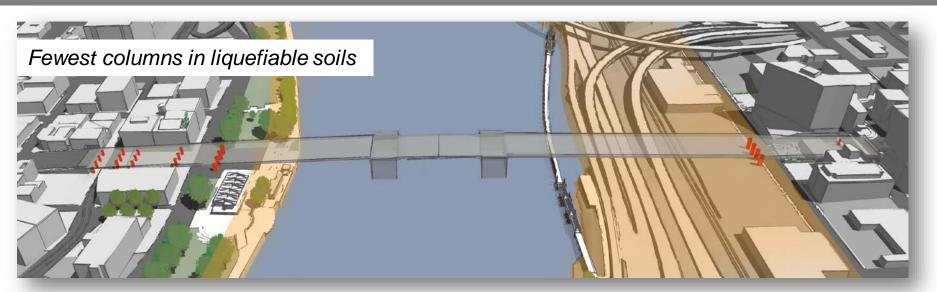
The example image above is just one variation of what a long span bridge could look like.



Recommended Preferred Alternative



Replacement Long Span



BENEFITS

- Best for seismic resiliency
- Least cost alternative
- Enhances/preserves community resources
- Improves safety for bike/ped/ADA
- Least impacts to natural resources

IMPACTS

 Removes historic Burnside Bridge

CONSIDERATIONS

• Views

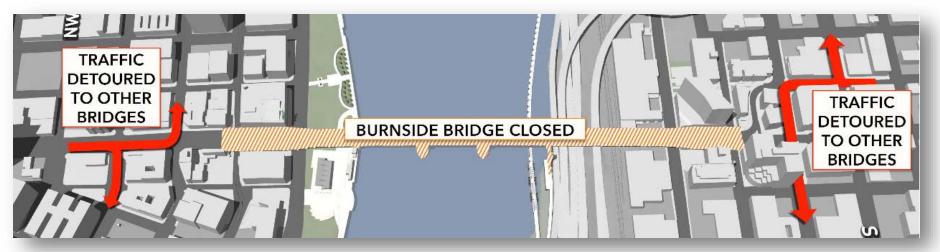


Recommended Preferred Alternative



Traffic Management During Construction

Full Bridge Closure



- Least cost the temporary bridge would add \$90 million to the project cost
- Shortest construction duration (the temporary bridge would add 1.5 years to construction duration, extending duration of impacts to surrounding area including parks, residents, recreational activities and transportation
- Least in-water construction which reduces impact to natural resources



Outreach



By the Numbers

70+	BRIEFINGS to agencies, individuals, and organizations
19	DEI organizations reached
25,000+	UNIQUE VISITORS to the online open house and survey
6,800+	SURVEY RESPONSES
6	In-language TRANSLATIONS of the online open house and materials
38	Social media POSTS and ADVERTISEMENTS
2,578	E-newsletter RECIPIENTS
4	NEWS RELEASES AND E-NEWSLETTERS
147	BUSINESSES CONTACTED via phone canvassing
41,900	FLYERS MAILED



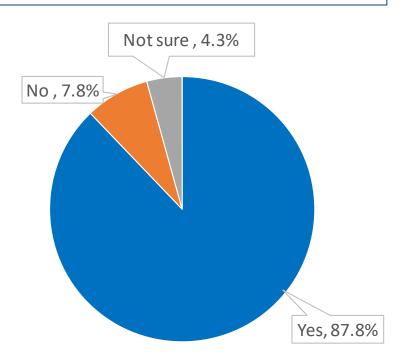
Outreach



Summer 2020 Online Survey – What we heard

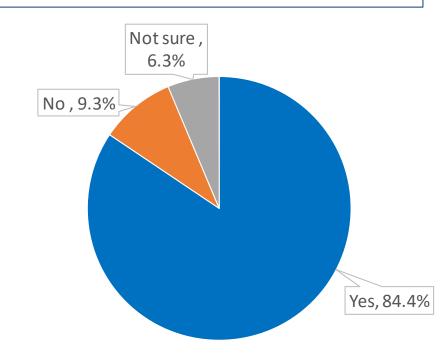
Is the Replacement Long Span the right choice?

87.8% agree with the Replacement Long Span



Is a full bridge closure during construction the right choice?

84.4% agree with a full bridge closure







Historic Resources and Items of Interest What else should we be thinking about?



Historic Resources



Historic Landmarks Commission – Items of Interest

Resources and regulatory processes

- Section 106 resources and process
- Section 4(f) resources and process
- Local Historic Landmarks









Historic Resources



Section 106 Resources and Effects

New Chinatown / Japantown Historic District & Skidmore / Old Town National Historic Landmark District

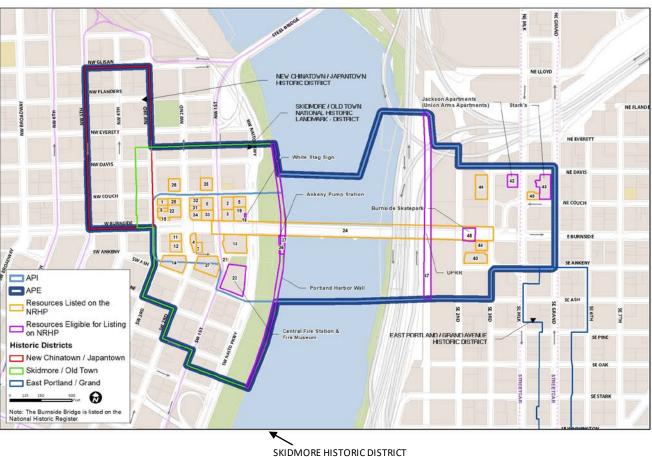
- No Adverse Effects on districts; Construction vibration impact concerns but no adverse effect;
- Removes 108 Burnside (HRI)

Adverse Effects

- Burnside Bridge (all alts)
- Burnside Skatepark (retrofit)
 No Adverse Effects
- Portland Harbor Wall*
- White Stag sign*

New Eligible – No Effect

- Fire Station No. 1
- Ankeny Pump Station
- Union Pacific Railroad
- Stark's
- Jackson Apartments (Union Arms)



Potential Effect on Buried Resources

Historic Resources



Historic Landmarks Commission – Items of Interest

Historic and Cultural Resources Consulting Parties Meeting – Nov. 30

To be completed after Nov 30th meeting, will be updated prior to Dec 7th meeting



Future Coordination



Environmental/NEPA Phase (2019-2021)

- Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) input and comment period
- Section 106 and Section 4f regulatory processes
- Mitigation (for Section 106 Agreement)
- City permit coordination regarding applications
- Final EIS and Record of Decision

Type Selection Phase (2020-2021)

Final Design Phase (2022-2024)







Bridge Type Selection Phase



A New Burnside Bridge



Preferred Option Moving Forward

Replacement Long Span

Image of one example of a Long Span bridge



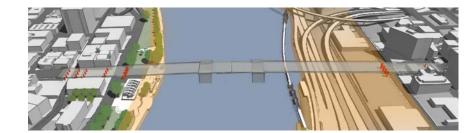


Best for Seismic Resiliency

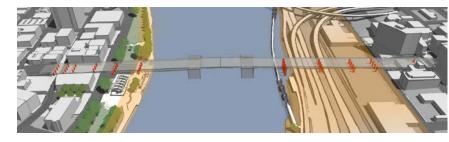


Locating fewer columns in liquefiable soils gives it the least risk from soil movement during an earthquake

Replacement Long Span



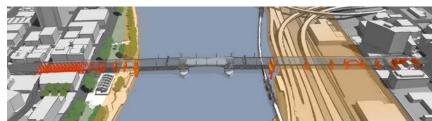
Replacement Short Span



Replacement **Couch Extension**



Enhanced Seismic Retrofit





Best for Seismic Resiliency



Locating fewer columns in liquefiable soils gives it the least risk from soil movement during an earthquake

└ Deep Unstable Soils –

NAME OF STREET



Study a range of different Bridge Types



Examples of Long Span Bridges Under Consideration





Through Truss Long Span

MOVABLE SPAN TYPES (EXAMPLE)



Study a range of different Bridge Types



Bridge Type Examples

BRIDGE TYPE OPTION: Tied Arch examples







Siuslaw River Bridge, Oregon



Tacony-Palmyra Bridge, Pennsylvania

Gateway Bridge, Michigan

Hastings Bridge, Minnesota

BRIDGE TYPE OPTION: Cable Stayed examples

BRIDGE TYPE OPTION: Through Truss examples





Chongging Expressway Bridge, Oregon



Copper River Bridge, South Carolina



Tilikum Crossing Bridge, Oregon



Main Street Bridge, Florida

Triborough (Harlem River) Bridge, New York Tower Bridge, CA



Pont Jacques Chaban, Delmas



Broadway Bridge, Oregon



Hawthorne Bridge, Oregon

MOVABLE SPAN: Bascule examples



South Park Bridge, Washington



Harbor Bridge, Spain



New Johnson St. Bridge, Canada



Woodrow Wilson Bridge, Maryland



Teregganu Bridge, Malaysia



Fore River Bridge, Massachusetts

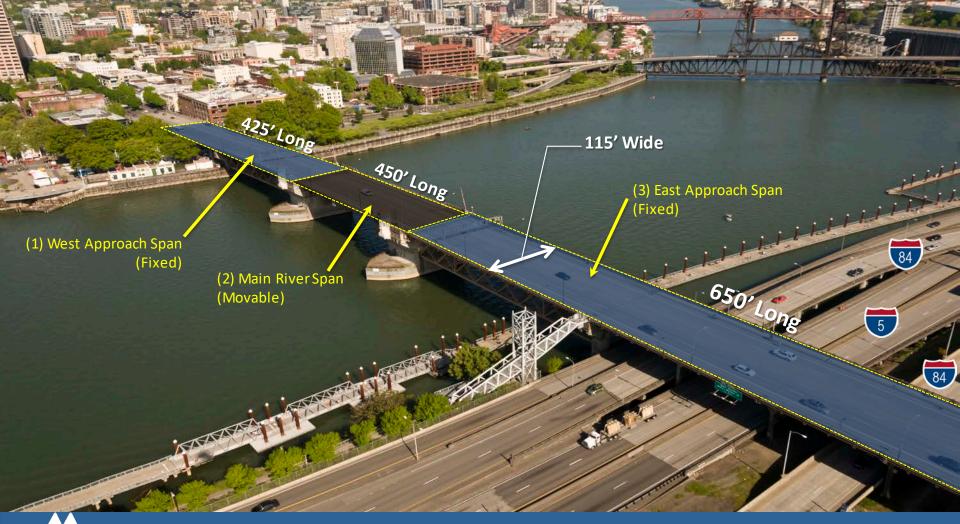


Manchester Millenium Bridge, England

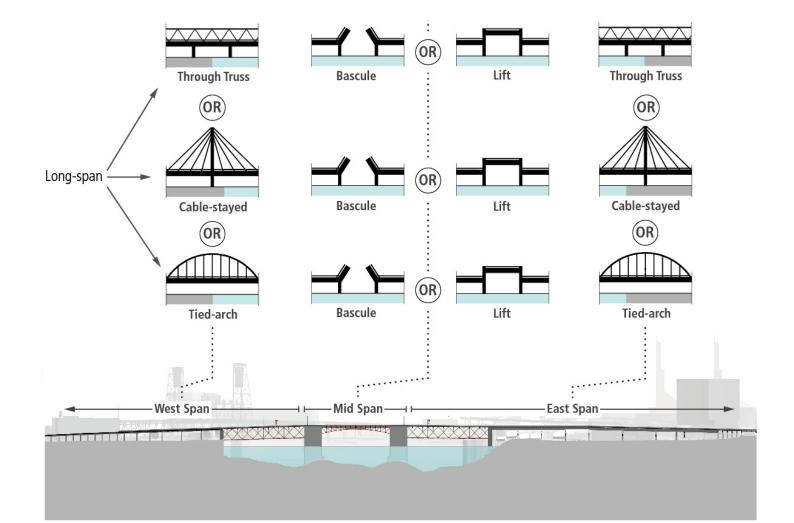














Tied Arch Option









Cable Stayed Option





Girder Option (columns within Waterfront Park)



How will we choose one?

We'll study and compare the options related to:



Urban Context and Experience

- On-bridge Experience
- Urban Setting
- Public Use and Context

Cost

- Cost to Design and Construct
- Cost to Maintain Over the Long-Term



- Visual Coherence
- Bridge Form and Style
- Bridge Aspirations



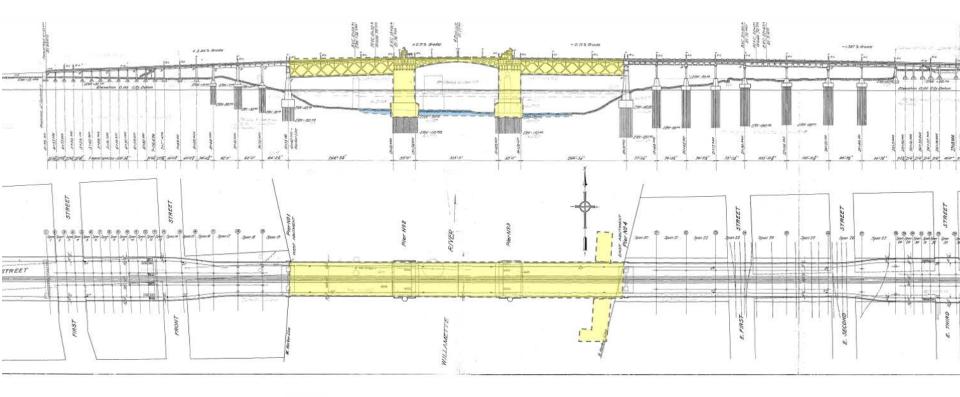






... using a series of Construction Packages

Work Package 1: In-Water Foundations & Bridge Demolition



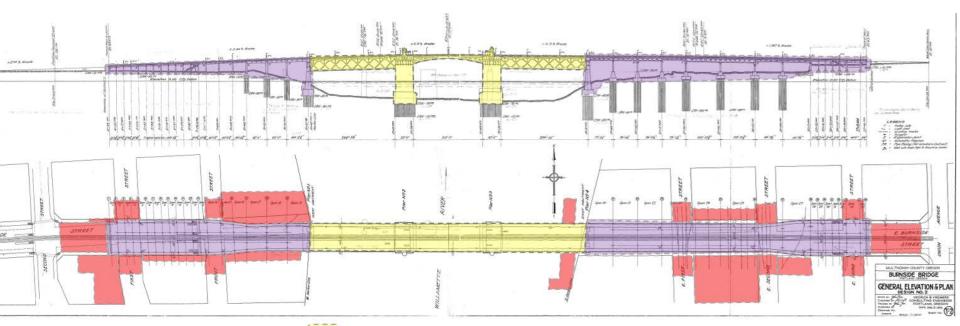






... using a series of Construction Packages

Work Package 2: On-Land Demolition, Site Prep, & Temp Features



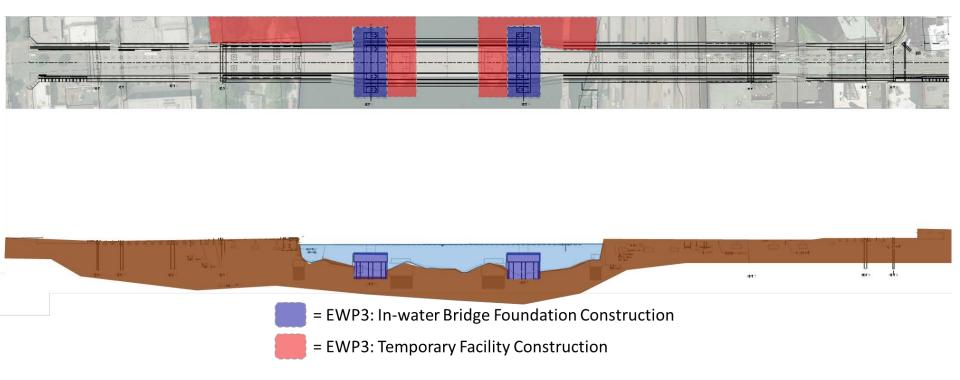
- = EWP1: Bridge Demolition / Removal Area
- = EWP2: Bridge Demolition / Removal Area
- = EWP2: Temporary Facility Construction





... using a series of Construction Packages

Work Package 3: In-water Bridge Foundation & Temp Construction

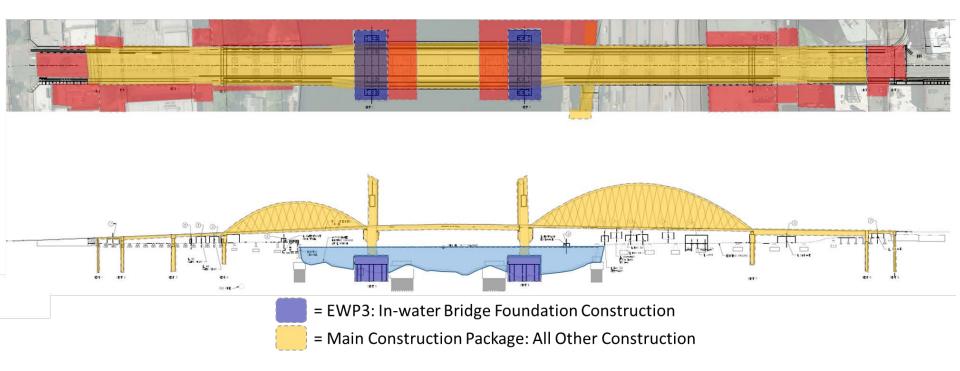






... using a series of Construction Packages

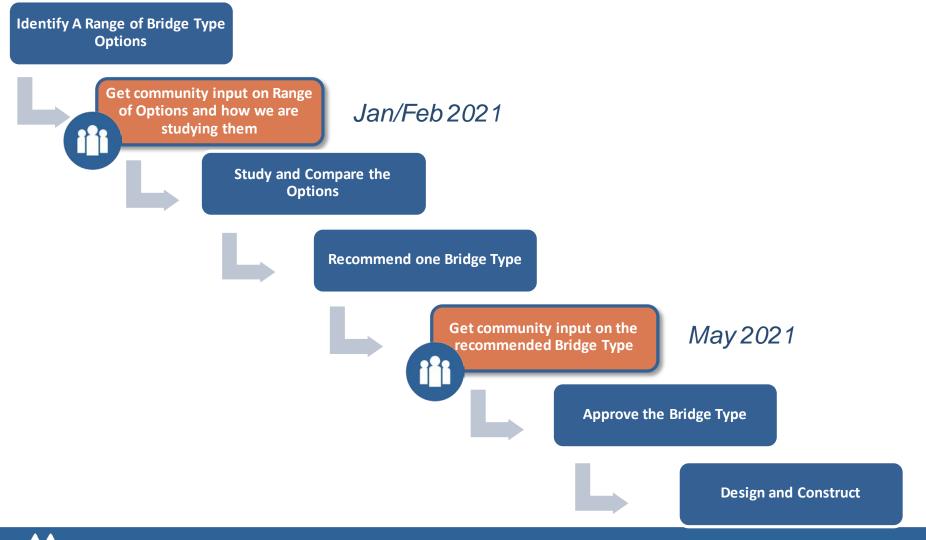
Work Package 4: All Other Construction





Bridge Type Selection Process









Land Use Reviews



Land Use Reviews



Early Work Package 1 In-Water Demolition	 Type IV Demolition Review for the Bridge Type II Adjustment to requirement that a permit for a new building on the site be issued prior to, or concurrent with, the demolition permit Type IIx River Review for dredging
Early Work Package 2 On Land Preparation	 Possible Type II Historic Resource Review for potential alteration to basement of Portland Rescue Mission building (contributing structure in Historic District Possible Type II Adjustment to site restoration standard for Saturday Market Administrative building (non-contributing structure in Historic District)
Early Work Package 3 In Water Foundation	 Type IIx River Review for in water foundations Possible Type II Adjustment (if needed) [NOTE: DARs would be held with the Landmarks Commission and Design Commission regarding the design of the bridge and compatibility with adjacent development]
Final Work Package Main Construction	 Type III Design Review for new bridge (design details) Type III Historic Resource Review for new bridge elements within the Historic District (design details) Modifications (if needed) 36

Land Use Reviews



Upcoming dates

Date	Activities	
Dec 2020	Briefing with Landmarks Commission and Design Commission	
Feb 2021	Joint DAR (or briefing) Range of Bridge Types and Evaluation Criteria	
Mar 2021	City Council approval of preferred alternative	
May 2021	Joint DAR on Bridge Type	
Potential Schedule for Early Work Package 1 – In-water Demolition		
Jun 2021	Pre-application conference	
Sep 2021	DAR (or briefing) with Landmarks Commission regarding Type IV application	
Dec 2021	DAR (or briefing) with Landmarks Commission follow up on Type IV application (if needed)	
Apr 2022	 Submit application for concurrent review of: Type IV Demolition Review to demolish a Historic Landmark Type II Adjustment to obtain demolition permit in advance of building permit 	
Aug 2022	Landmarks Commission Hearing	
Sep 2022	City Council Hearing	
Nov 2022	Apply for Permits including demolition permit	
Feb 2023	Permits Issued	
Spring 2023	Work begins during in-water work window	



Next Steps



Upcoming Meetings and Milestones



2020

• December 17: Design Commission Briefing

2021

- January: Publish Draft Environmental Impact Statement
- January/February: Outreach on range of bridge types and evaluation criteria
- March: City Council Meeting to approve Preferred Alternative
- April: Joint DAR on recommended Bridge Type
- June: Policy Group approval of recommended Bridge Type





Questions?



