## Local Transportation Infrastructure Charge (LTIC) Changes & Neighborhood Streets Framework



### February 1, 2018



#### 188891

# LTIC/Neighborhood Streets

- Background
- LTIC Maximum
- Code Update: Low-income owner occupied
  exemption
- Code Update: Appeals process
- Code Update: Finance option
- Neighborhood Streets Framework
- LTIC Allocation Methodology
- Letter of Intent: 2018 project selection boundary
- Next Steps



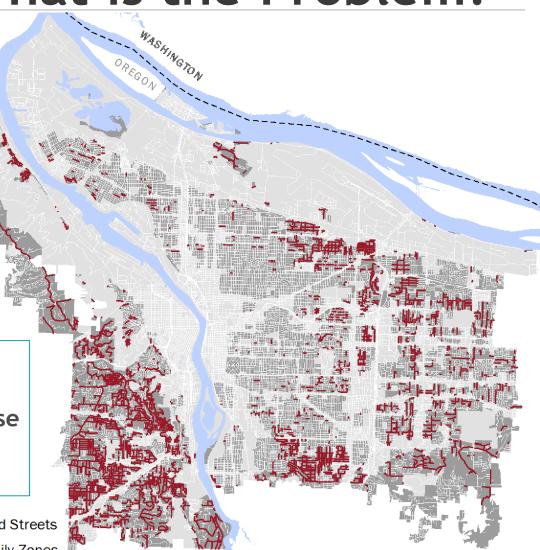


# Background: What is the Problem?

- 50 miles of dirt and gravel roads
- 200 miles of paved roads without curbs
- Only in single-family zones

The LTIC provides a predictable and transparent approach for property owners building a house to meet their transportation improvement obligations.

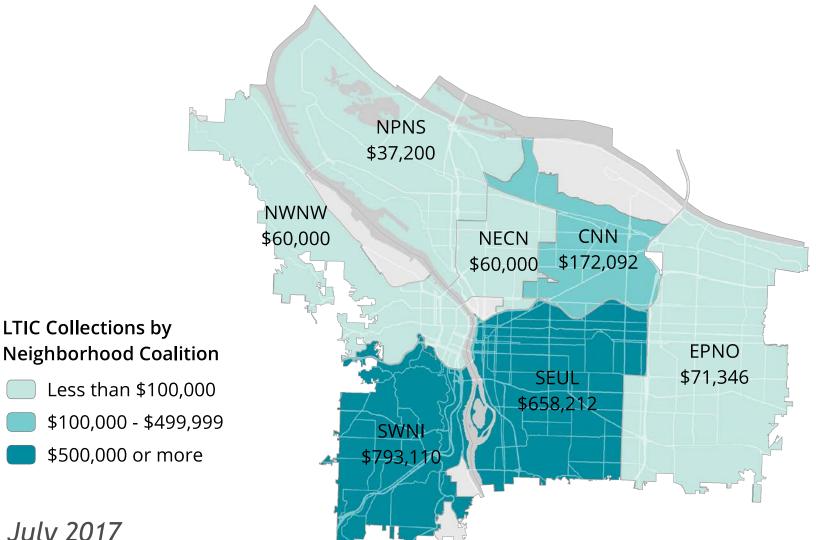
> - Unimproved Streets Single Family Zones







### 188891 **Background: LTIC Collections**



#### \*Since July 2017



# **Asking Support for:**

- LTIC Maximum
- Low-income Owner
  Occupied Exemption
- Appeals Process & Finance Option
- LTIC Allocation Methodology
- Code Amendments





## LTIC Maximum - 2018

Zone	Rate	Maximum Linear Feet of Frontage	Maximum Charge
R20	\$600	200'	\$120,000
R10	\$600	100'	\$60,000
R7	\$600	70'	\$42,000
R5	\$600	50'	\$30,000



### Low-income owner occupied exemption

- A low-income applicant intending to live in the house, may request an exemption for development of a property on which the applicant's primary residence is located.
- In addition to affordable housing and ADU exemptions.

### **Appeals process**

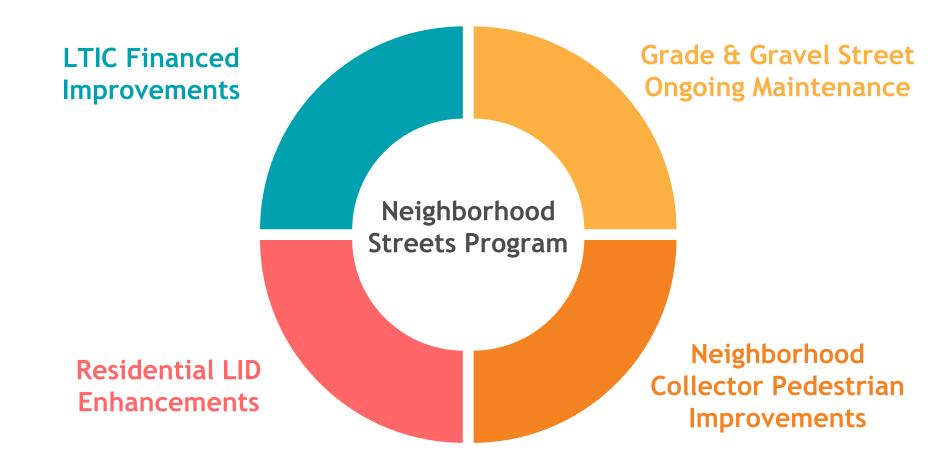
• Allow LTIC exemptions to be appealed to the PBOT Administrative Review Committee (ARC).

### **Finance Option**

• Staff will promulgate rules to establish a financing mechanism for LTIC applicants to consider.



# Neighborhood Streets Framework







9

#### Finance & Budgeting

- What other City funds are available?
- What is the role of property owners?
- What about residents with fixed or lower incomes?

### Street Standards

• What street standards should be applied in what situations?

#### **Project Selection / Allocation Methodology**

- How do we balance needs in different areas with different costs, benefits, and economic impacts?
- Where or under what conditions should funding be prioritized?





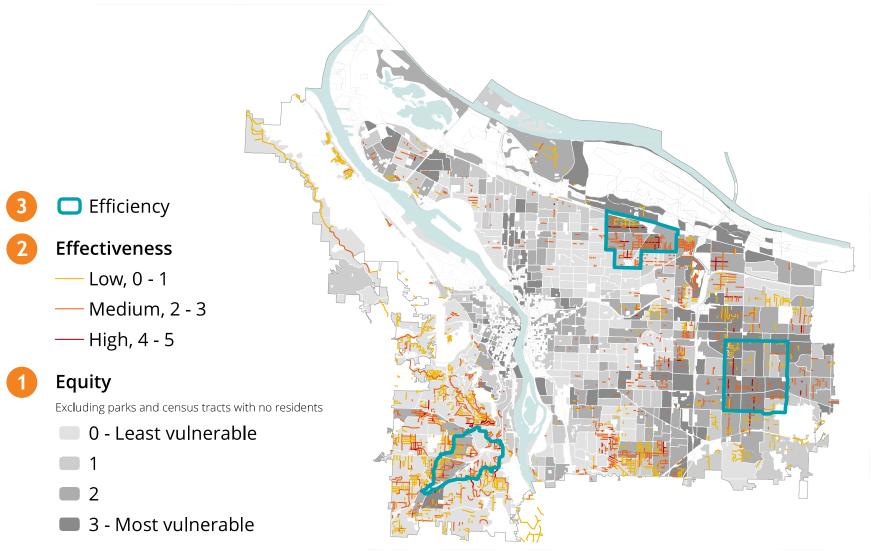
The allocation methodology is:

- **Pro-active** approach to identify projects
- **Repeatable** process, for future funding cycles
- A short list of neighborhood street projects



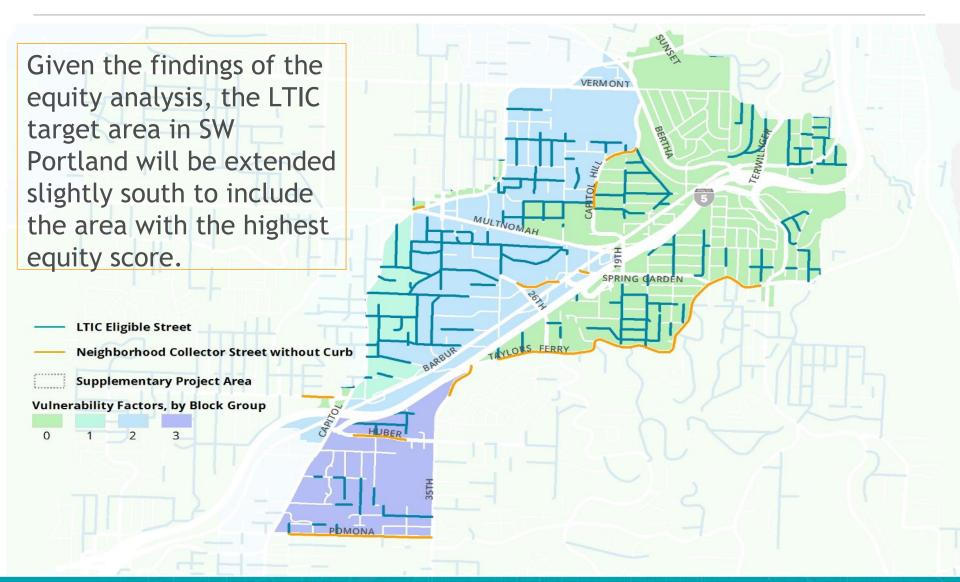


### 188891 2018-2028 Allocation: Project Selection





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## Summary

- 1. Adopt the LTIC maximum fee and additional amendments in Portland City Code Chapter 17.88.
- 2. Adopt the LTIC allocation methodology.
- Support PBOT further developing the Neighborhood
  Streets framework, including the ongoing maintenance of gravel streets.
- 4. Support 2018-2028 project selection boundary update letter of intent.



# **Contact Information**

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# Public Outreach: LTIC Projections

Estimated Cost of Streets: **\$6.3M per mile** (\$600 per foot for ½ street improvement) x 2 (full street) = \$1,200 per linear foot x 5,280 linear feet)

## 250 total miles = **\$1.5B total cost**

Estimated LTIC Revenue: \$2.5M per year

# Funding Capacity: 0.25 to 1.0 miles per year

Annual Funding **\$1.5 million** 

Total Cost \$1.5 billion



# Public Outreach: Engagement<sup>188891</sup>



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# Public Outreach: What We Heard

Citywide Benefits

Safety

Alternative Standards

Stormwater

Protect Low-Income Households

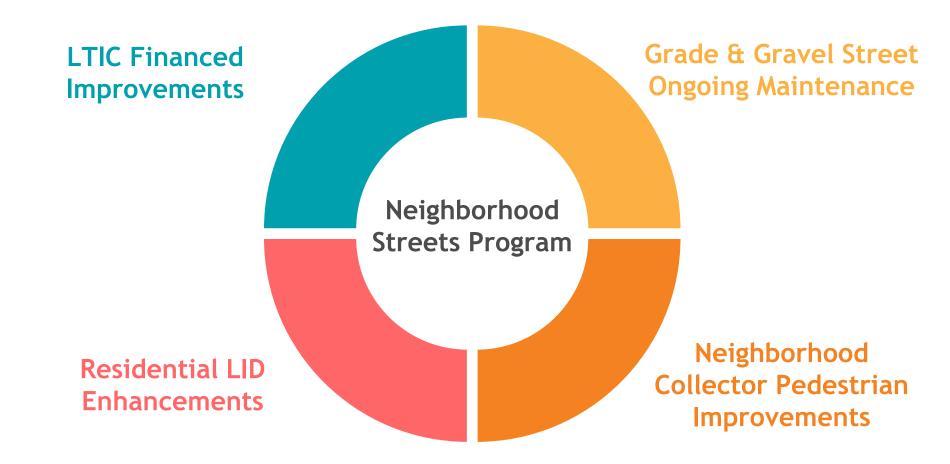
Maintain Gravel Roads

Underserved Communities

City Responsibility Traffic Calming



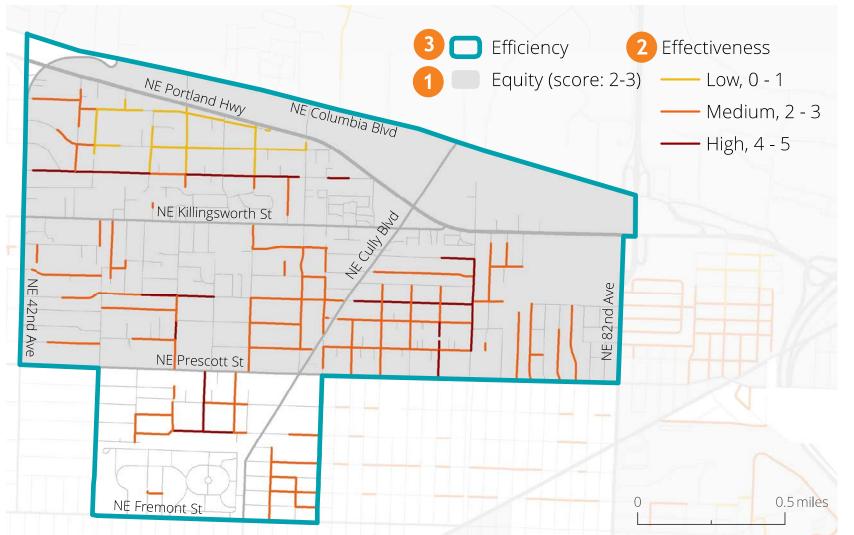
# Neighborhood Streets Framework





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## 2018 Allocation: Cully



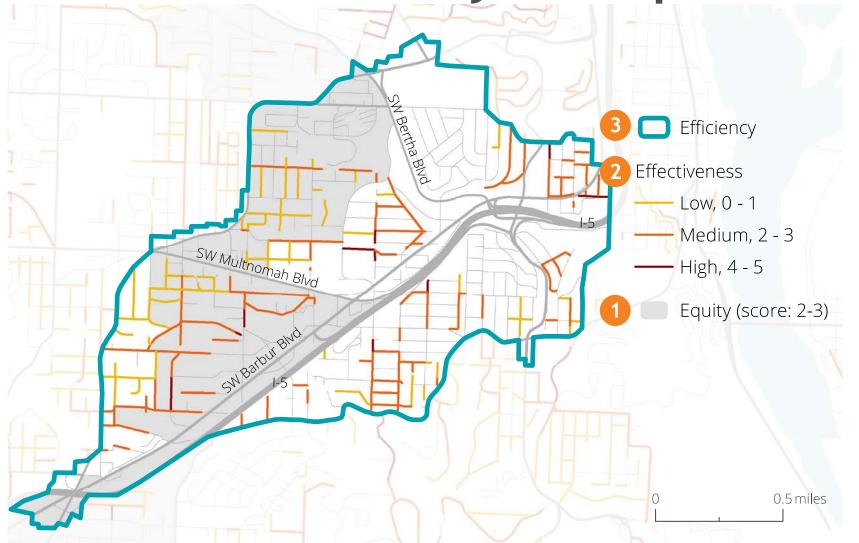


# 2018 Allocation: Division-Midway





# 2018 Allocation: Tryon Stephens



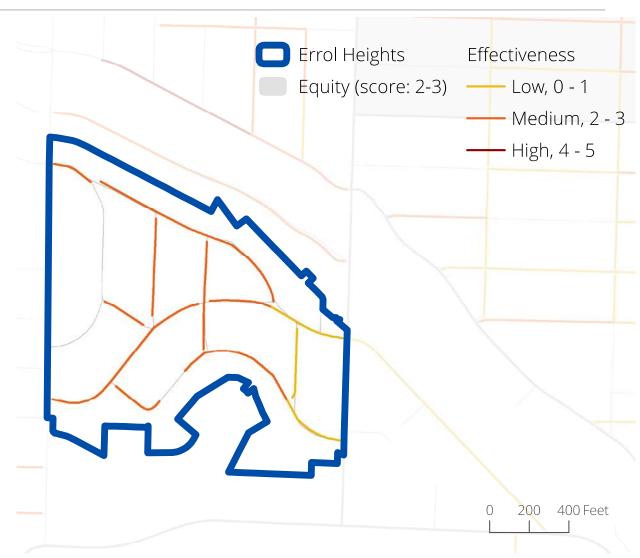


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## **Residential LID Improvements**

- Explore financing and deferral options for property owners.
- When appropriate, utilize approved alternate street standards for feasibility and efficiency.



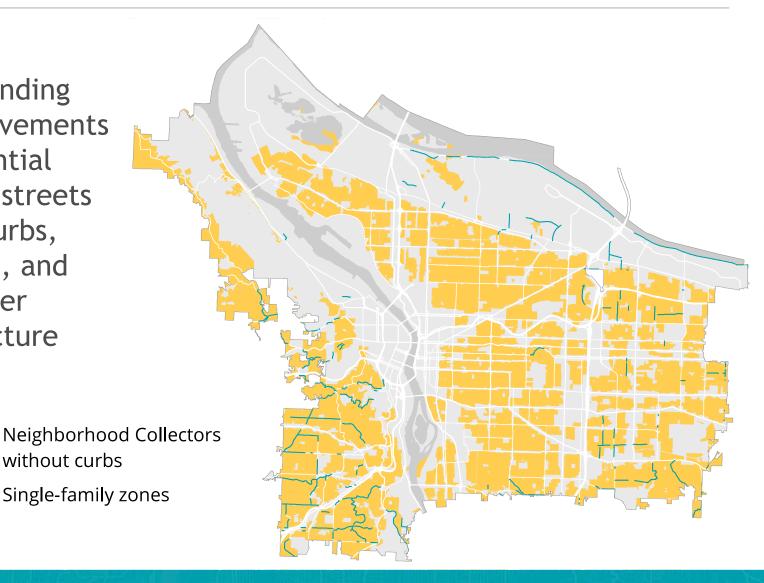






#### 188891 **Neighborhood Collector Pedestrian Improvements**

• Secure funding for improvements to residential collector streets lacking curbs, sidewalks, and stormwater infrastructure





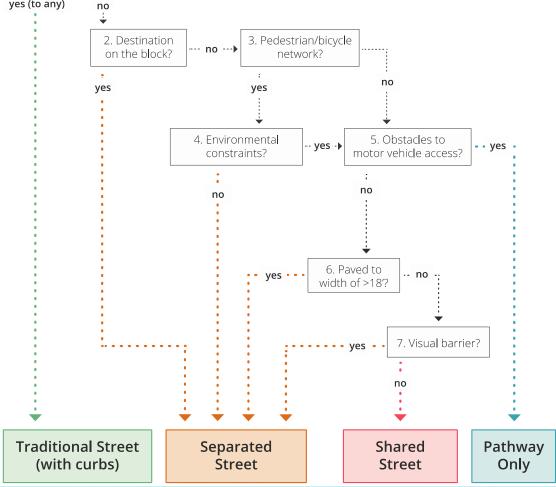
without curbs

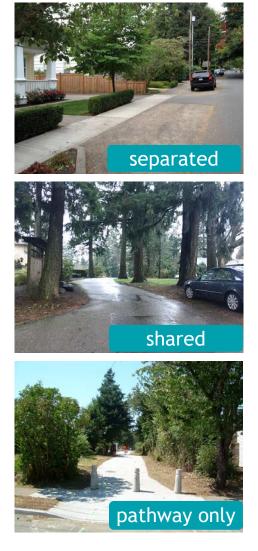
#### 188891 **Background: LTIC Allocation Strategy/Street Standards**



- Not a Single-Family Zone?
- More than 500 vehicles/day?









### 188891 Background: LTIC Allocation Strategy/Finance & Budgeting

- BES partnership
- Combine resources citywide
- Consider financing to accelerate project timing
- Do not require property owner contributions
- Repeat cycle when sufficient funding is available



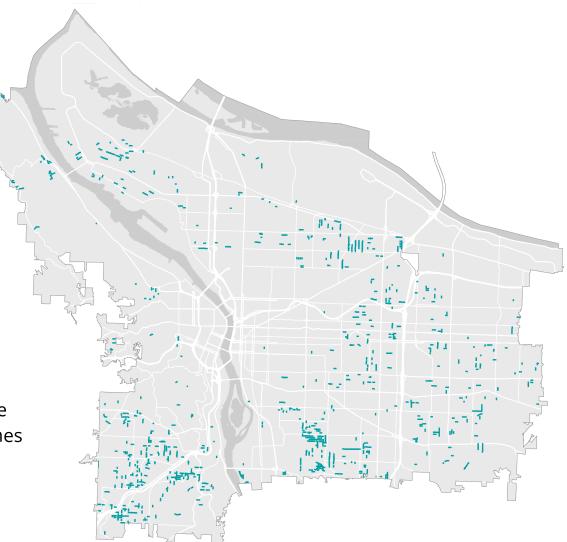




## Grade & Gravel Street Ongoing Maintenance

- 50 miles of dirt and gravel roads
- Pilot project in Brentwood
   Darlington for traffic calming and maintaining gravel streets

Gravel Streets in Single
 Family Residential Zones





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