

Get Big Money OUT of Portland elections



Portland City Council has approved a new system of publicly-funded elections for city council and mayoral candidates. This was a major move toward getting big money and special interests out of our elections.

BUT, Portland will be the only system not limiting political contributions to candidates who elect not to accept public funds.

WE CAN CHANGE THIS! WE MUST CHANGE THIS!

In the November, 2016 elections voters in Multnomah County approved effective limits on campaign contributions and expenditures as well as reporting requirements so that major funders of political ads must be identified in those ads.

The City of Portland should adopt those same requirements. And the City can do so with a majority vote of the City Council.

THEY NEED TO HEAR THAT YOU WANT THIS!

Call or email Portland City Council members and tell them, "We want limits on political campaign contributions/expenditures for all city elections.

Ted Wheeler, MayorScheduling@PortlandOregon.gov 503.823.4120
Nick Fish nick@ci.portland.or.us 503-823-3589
Dan Saltzman dan@portlandoregon.gov 503-823-4151
Amanda Fritz amanda@ci.portland.or.us 503-823-3008
Chloe Eudaly Chloe@PortlandOregon.gov 503-823-4682

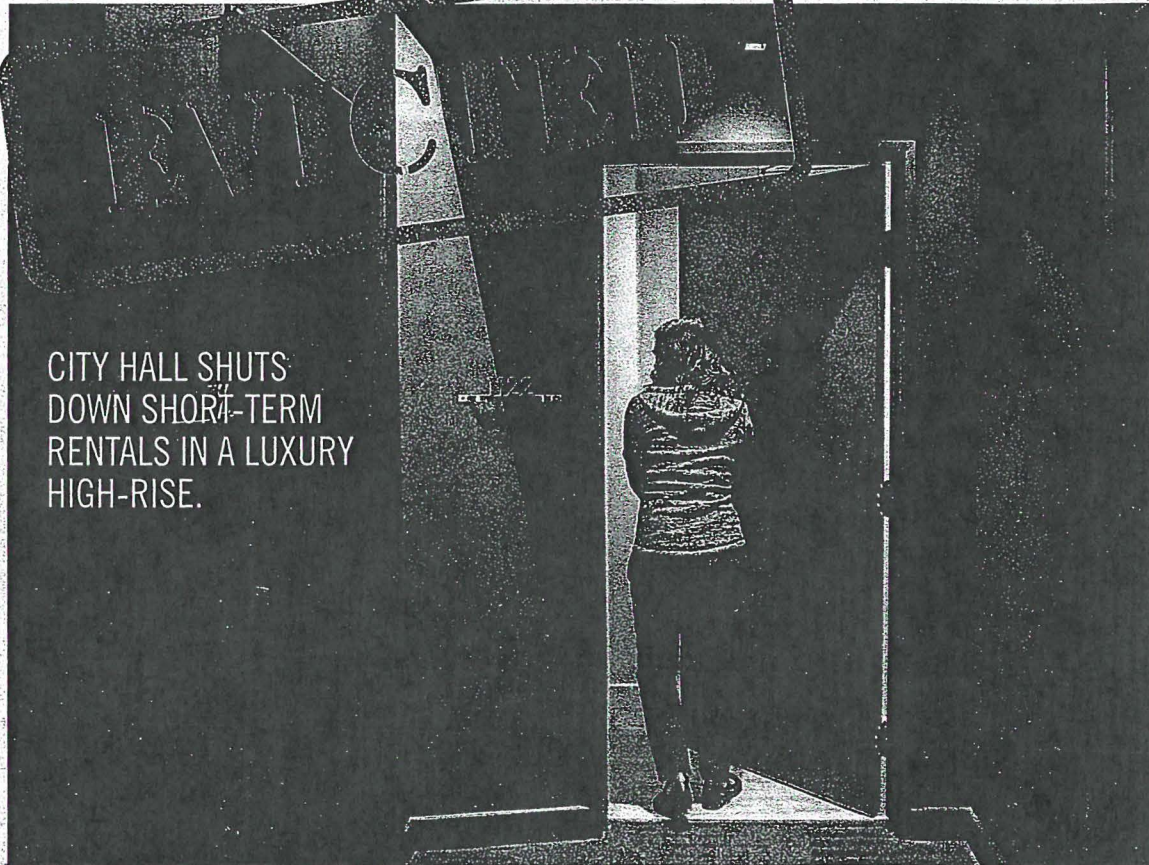


112 NE 45th Ave.
Portland, OR 97213
503.232.5495
davidafd@ymail.com

NEWS

WHAT YOU
NEED TO KNOW
THIS WEEK

THOMAS TEAL



CITY HALL SHUTS DOWN SHORT-TERM RENTALS IN A LUXURY HIGH-RISE.

BY RACHEL MONAHAN rmonahan@week.com

The most extravagant short-term rental in Portland—an entire floor of apartments in a waterfront high-rise—is being shut down by city officials.

WW reported in September that the entire 11th floor of the 21-story apartment tower Yard was available for rent by the night. Located on the east end of the Burnside Bridge, the 18 units, when rented together, cost up to \$7,215 a night, not including taxes and fees (“Yard Sign,” *WW*, Sept. 21, 2016).

But after *WW* reported on the short-term rentals at Yard, the Portland Housing Bureau threatened to yank the tax credits for the building. The 284-unit complex includes 57 affordable apartments, qualifying its owners for an estimated \$771,079 in tax breaks in 2017.

Guardian Real Estate Services, which owned a stake in the building, agreed to remove the short-term

rentals to keep the tax credits. Guardian just sold the building for \$126 million to Land and Houses, a Bangkok-based real estate company.

Housing Bureau director Kurt Creager says the building’s tax credits were based on Yard apartments being used only as full-time residences.

“We are delighted we still have 57 affordable units in the building,” Creager says. “We will be monitoring the compliance. It’s a good case in how inclusionary zoning could work in this town.”

Vacasa, the company responsible for renting out the 11th floor, says it is leaving Yard by the end of April.

“We were helping to subsidize the affordable units,” says Cliff Johnson of Vacasa. He blamed *WW*’s stories for driving out the short-term rentals, calling the coverage “nitpicking” and “sensational news stories.” He called the city’s decision “a disincentive to developers to provide affordable units.” **WW**

Thursday, February 2
City Hall, 1221 SW 4th Ave.
1:30: MACG Briefing, main floor
2:00: City Council Meeting, MACG testimonies

RSVP: office@macg.org (so we can plan accordingly)

WEAR RED!

[DOWNLOAD A FLYER / INFO SHEET](#)

[Share this event on Facebook](#)

P.S. In addition, we are asking you to send an email to Commissioners Fish (nick@portlandoregon.gov), Saltzman (dan@portlandoregon.gov), and particularly Fritz (amanda@portlandoregon.gov) urging them to approve the relocation assistance ordinance.



[Visit the MACG Website](#)

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Metropolitan Alliance for Common Good (MACG)
4940 NE 8th Ave.
Portland, OR 97211
US

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response**
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Free Email Marketing >>

From: **Senator Jeff Merkley** Senator_Merkley@Merkley.senate.gov
Subject: **You're invited to my Multnomah County town hall**
Date: **January 23, 2017 at 5:40 PM**
To: whittenburgjim@netscape.net

[Click here to open this e-mail in its own browser window](#) [Click here to open a plain text version of this email](#)

Dear Jim,

This Saturday, January 28th, I'll be hosting a town hall at Franklin High School in Portland. I invite all Multnomah County residents to come and discuss what we need to do to strengthen our state and our nation.

Also, if you are running into red tape accessing veterans' benefits or dealing with Social Security or Medicare, or having trouble getting what you need from other federal agencies, I will have a constituent services worker on hand who may be able to help.

What:

Multnomah County Town Hall

When:

Saturday, January 28th, 2017
2:30 PM

Where:

Franklin High School Cafeteria
Marshall Campus
3905 SE 91st Ave.
Portland, OR 97266

[GET DIRECTIONS >>](#)

To learn more about this town hall or any future events, please [visit my website](#) at merkley.senate.gov and [stay engaged on Twitter](#). You can also [like my](#)

Jeff
Merkley
U.S. SENATOR

April 2, 2013

Jimmy Whittenburg
975 S E Sandy Blvd
Portland, OR 97214

Dear Jim,

Thank you so much for your generous contribution to help me start preparing to defend my Senate seat. I have been fighting hard to get our nation back on track and I appreciate your support. I believe we need to make tough decisions that meet our challenges, allow America to create good jobs for years to come, and deliver equal opportunity for all.

I have enjoyed the opportunity to meet with people in Oregon and across the nation to hear about our shared concerns and hopes for the future. Together we will make a huge difference and get America headed in the right direction again!

Sincerely,



*Thank you so
much for your help!*

Jeff Merkley
U.S. Senator, Oregon

PS. Drop by and visit "JeffMerkley.com" to learn more.

Date Received: 3/23/2013

Amount of Contribution: \$100.00

P.O. Box 14172 • Portland, OR 97293 • www.jeffmerkley.com

Paid for by Jeff Merkley for Oregon



Jim Whittenburg
2116 NE 18th Ave
Portland, OR 97212

Dear Jim,

We would like to extend our sincerest gratitude for the time, energy, and spirit you put into the Yes on 97 Campaign. Because of volunteers like you, we were able to build a truly incredible movement for A Better Oregon.

Here are just a few of the things we did:

- Filled a combined 30,000 hours of volunteer shifts
- Made nearly 570,000 phone calls
- Set a record by talking to more than 12,000 voters in a single day
- Talked to over 230,000 voters on the phone or at the door

We hope you will join us in continuing the fight to hold big corporations accountable and improve funding for schools and services. We're confident that we are closer than ever before. Thank you, Jim, for all you do!

Warmest regards,

The A Better Oregon Team

Find ways to stay involved at www.abetteroregon.org

BEN UNGER
STATE REPRESENTATIVE
DISTRICT 29



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Jim -

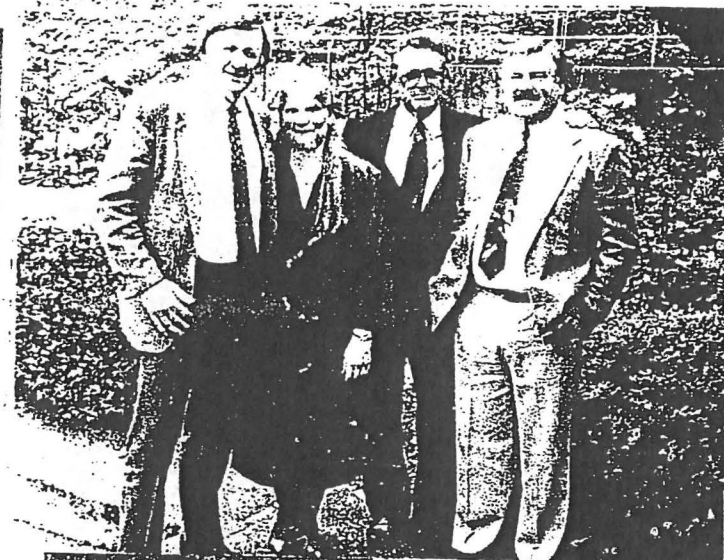
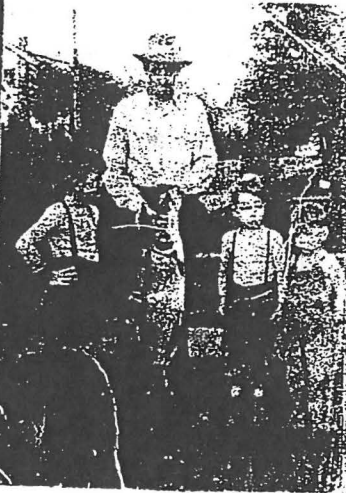
Congrats on a great birthday party & celebration.

Thank you for all you do & have done. I'm proud
to have you as a friend.

All the best,

Ben





WHITTENBURG/COUROGEN

Wearing her sister's veil and a necklace and handkerchief from the bridegroom's parents, Claudette Whittenburg wed Peter Courogen. The bridegroom wore his father's wedding cuff links and handkerchief for their service in Holy Trinity Greek Orthodox Church. A number of their guests traveled from Holland for their July 25 ceremony.

The bride, an architect, is a graduate of the University of Oregon. Carl and Marieen Neil are her parents. The bridegroom, a sports physiologist, is a graduate of the University of Oregon. William and Meropi Courogen are his parents.

METRO / NORTHWEST

EDITORIAL, FORUM
NEWS, FEATURES

Personality in the news: Who's Jim Whittenburg, why does he do it?

By CHARLES E. BEGGS
SALTMARSH — Like Howard Jarvis, Jimmy Dale Whittenburg found a cause that caught on.

As a controversial figure, the tall, intense driver of the band wagon for Oregon's property tax revolt outdoes California's Jarvis.

Whittenburg, a 39-year-old, self-styled social crusader, has been charged with passing bad checks in four Oregon cities and in Idaho.

He was acquitted earlier this year of a charge of criminal trespass stemming from an altercation with postal officials in a Portland suburb.

He lives on the road and with friends, giving a Portland post office box as his address. His telephone number is 503-251-1111 because of an overdue bill.

He has the Legislature in turmoil as sole sponsor of the Oregon version of the Jarvis plan. Whittenburg

alone could have kept it off the Nov. 7 ballot by not filing a signed form itemizing contributions and expenses for the initiative campaign.

He ended the speculation by signing and submitting the form Tuesday.

Whittenburg, a registered pharmacist, has campaigned for several years in Oregon for causes ranging from easing laws against marijuana to abolishing the state-run monopoly on liquor sales.

He quietly filed his version of the Jarvis property tax proposal with Oregon election officials last January, mailing in the forms after meeting with Jarvis in Los Angeles.

California's overwhelming passage June 6 of Jarvis' plan to limit property taxes to 1 percent of market value brought Whittenburg instant fame.

Backers of the Whittenburg amendment, which is identical to the Jarvis plan except that the limit was increased

to 1.5 per cent, gathered 200,000 petition signatures by the July 7 deadline.

It was an Oregon record and more than three times the number needed to put the measure on the ballot.

"People are taking control of the government," he told a news conference as he filed the final signatures. "It's a message to the elected managers of government that the common people want a voice again in making the decisions."

A native of Colorado, Whittenburg spent much of his childhood in Portland and in Roseburg, where his father, Vernon, operated a furniture store.

He was raised by his mother after his parents were divorced while he was a teenager.

He received a bachelor of science degree from Oregon State University in 1963 and earned his pharmacist's license in 1964. He was married for five years, but is now divorced.

Whittenburg has practiced pharmacy in Oregon and Washington, D.C. He was hired by Rep. John Conyers, D-Mich., on a short-term contract 1973 to write papers on drug law revision, according to Conyers' aide Heidi Napper.

Vernon Whittenburg, who is 63 and semi-retired, says he fully supports the political efforts of his son, who he said is living mostly on contributions.

"He's working for the people of the state, and nobody's paying him much," the elder Whittenburg said. "It grates me that he wants to lower their taxes and they're all sitting back and not chipping in much."

"He doesn't even own a car or a house, so he's got nothing to gain from this work," Whittenburg said of his son.

He said he has paid a few bills for his son, but not many. "He mostly has to make it on his own."

Jim Whittenburg said he joined the

tax crusade because his grandmother was burdened by high taxes on her Portland house and his father says he may sell his house near Roseburg because of escalating taxes.

"People are sick and tired of it, and now they're ready to put a stop to it," the son said.

He said he is not interested in cutting off welfare payments and other government help to poor people.

"The intent is not to cut programs that help people in need," said Whittenburg, adding that he has a brother in Corvallis who receives welfare assistance.

Whittenburg filed 11 other initiative petitions this year. He said he gave up on all but the tax measure.

Some of the others involved personal causes. One proposal would have required banks to notify customers by

registered mail when accounts are closed.

Tuesday he refiled a measure to repeal all state taxes on beer and wine. The taxes bring the state some \$13 million each biennium, but Whittenburg believes beer and wine cost too much in Oregon. He'll try to get the measure on the 1980 ballot.

Another initiative he sponsored would have reduced the penalties for negotiating bad checks. Whittenburg said the charges against him are political harassment and that his accounts have been closed without his being notified.

Oregon Gov. Bob Straub said he won't grant a request from Idaho that Whittenburg be extradited because the charges, while potential crimes in Idaho, would be misdemeanors in Oregon since they involve only \$32 worth of checks.

"Nicholas von Hoffman is in a class by himself in spotting power at its most clownish and absurd. He has given us an antic history of Washington's burlesque show, more outrageous than Minsky's. It dazzles with wit and insight."
—Studs Terkel

Nicholas von Hoffman is known as the sharpest and most biting of our syndicated political columnists, and in recent years he has also been widely read as the co-author of a number of books with Garry Trudeau. In *Make-Believe Presidents*, von Hoffman displays all the wit and verve that have made his columns so effective, yet shows that he also has the talents of a skilled revisionist historian and a highly political critic.

But von Hoffman carries his knowledge very lightly; and though he has written a work filled with fascinating historical data, most of which will be new to the reader, his book is above all sharp, amusing, and thought-provoking. As in his columns, von Hoffman knows how to shock, inform, and amuse at the same time. Basically, the book's thesis is that far from being an aberration, Nixon and Watergate represented a culmination of a presidential tradition beginning with Teddy Roosevelt. Going back through American history and ranging from the invasion of the Philippines, through the New Deal, to Carter, von Hoffman draws a brilliant and consistently incisive picture of the captive presidency. He shows us a man elected to an office of great promise and increasingly little power, a pattern he sees strongly exemplified in the hopes Americans had for Carter, and their immediate disappointment. No one who reads von Hoffman's startling book will think of the president—or of power in America—in the same way again.

"When Richard Nixon was first tagged with the 'Imperial Presidency,' he must have wondered what his detractors knew that he didn't. So must have Nicholas von Hoffman, for here he is suggesting out loud that even our most willful presidents served at the pleasure of the very interests they had assumed they controlled. Revisionism is rarely welcomed in the company of a political history as idealized as ours, but this update from one of

(continued on back flap)

(continued from front flap)

our leading interlopers, is insistent and maddeningly informed. It is the argument of this book that presidents only reflect their times and rarely rise above them. Let it be canted from the rubble of our most cherished assumptions that Nicholas von Hoffman has no such problem!"

—Garry Trudeau



Jerry Bauer

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Nicholas von Hoffman's career, first as a reporter for the *Chicago Daily News* and later for the *Washington Post*, included coverage of a broad spectrum of stories, from the civil-rights movement and the Mississippi summer of 1964 to Watts; from student riots and the Chicago Democratic Convention to Watergate. He has been a radio commentator for CBS News, and in the early seventies debated James J. Kirkpatrick weekly on *60 Minutes*. His column, now distributed by King Features Syndicate, appears three times a week in 150 newspapers across the country.

Von Hoffman is the author of numerous books, which range from an investigation of the drug culture to a work of fiction. His two most recent books, *Fireside Watergate* and *Tales From the Margaret Mead Taproom*, were co-authored with Garry Trudeau.

Jacket illustration by Edward Gorel

PANTHEON BOOKS, New York

excepting Nixon, the progression from administration to administration is so reassuringly smooth. A Jerry Ford goes and a Jimmy Carter comes and appoints not only the same old people but also the same new people. Younger persons—even from such heretical places as the Ralph Nader organizations and the anti-Vietnam-War groups—may join the government, but the institutional weight and arrangement make them like those who sat at the desks before. Carter himself has disappointed many who worked for him and hoped for him. He was not the true, new man after all, but working within the system deprives one of new possibilities. If there is no thesis and if there is no antithesis, there can be no synthesis. In an organizational universe of managers and problem-solvers, there's no dialectic, no dynamic.

No ideas, no change can be generated by such politics. It was long ago commented on that the two parties are sterile, unable to conceive, invent, or create, and have depended on third parties for new ideas. In the sixties and the seventies, the civil-rights movement and the antiwar people provided the agenda and framed the debate. Left to the law courts, the national legislature, or the electoral process, Rosa Parks would still be riding the streets of Montgomery, Alabama, in the back of a bus; the B-29s would still be attempting to interdict the military supplies moving into South Vietnam on the Ho Chi Minh Trail. You can't work within the system, because the system doesn't work. To effect change you have to threaten a slave rebellion, start a riot, set off a mini-revolution, induce a galvanic event outside the marble-pillared buildings with concussion waves severe enough to disturb the eternally mortuarial tranquillity within.

Elective or electoral politicians can't make such loud noises. Even to force change into the public discussion, much less realize it, puts one beyond the pale. In the lingo of the pros, "issue-oriented" people destroy their own political effectiveness, i.e., they make it impossible for themselves to get elected. The paradox is that the politically effective people can't get anything done, while the ineffective people, a Martin Luther

King, a Ralph Nader, a Saul Alinsky, can't get elected but can get things done.

A Jimmy Carter is almost prototypical then. Effective at getting elected, he is ineffective at realizing the changes candidate Carter seemed to have been promising the voting multitudes. In actuality, the Carter campaign was the traditional one of whichever party does not control the White House. His anti-Washington theme is hoary with age, going back at least as far as Andrew Jackson, another Southern boy who ran as an outsider. In the destruction of the Bank of the United States, Old Hickory could be said to have lived up to his egalitarian, anti-Eastern campaign posture, but, although comparisons between presidents separated that far in time are meaningless, they show how some thematic matter endures more as a cultural attitude than a political position. Whether Jimmy the Baptist and his advisors consciously chose an anti-Washington stance or merely drifted into it, they were reciting the classic lines of the challenger in our election rituals. Where Carter has gotten into trouble is that, as Big Brother has grown to manhood, a larger proportion of the electorate may have come to expect him to do something about Washington than was the case when a Woodrow Wilson was making the same campaign promises. A detached reading of Carter's stump locutions will show that he never suggested a new relationship between government and the individual or the society, something implicit in the demands of those who worry about Big Brotherism. That would entail a decentralist upheaval of near-revolutionary proportions, something for which there is great support among individual Americans and none among organized power groups—and Jimmy Carter is assuredly a power-group person. Jimmy Carter in 1976 was well to the right of William Jennings Bryan, who told America in 1919, "Our greatest task today is to protect the God-made man from the man-made giant. The God-made man has natural rights; the corporate giant has no rights except those conferred by the law."² Bryan was one of the last major national politicians willing to disestablish the government-corporate connection, but he died in 1925. By the time

McGovern-Shriver NEWS

415 SANSOME • SAN FRANCISCO, CA. 94111 • (415) 956-7500

FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, October 10, 1972

Contact: David Newman
Henry Weinstein
415/956/7238
/7500

DRUG EXPERT

BLASTS NIXON RECORD

Despite four years of rhetoric, there are twice as many heroin addicts in the United States today as there were when President Nixon took office, a nationally recognized drug expert charged today.

According to (Jim Whittenburg), Director of the National Council on Drugs and Youth, Inc., and a member of Republicans for McGovern, the Nixon Administration has done virtually nothing to treat returning veterans with drug addiction and has used a "law and order" approach to drug abuse rather than an approach based upon social rehabilitation.

He made his remarks at a debate sponsored by the Hanford Sentinel at the Hanford Civic Auditorium.

"The Administration has simply failed to follow through on its promise to cut off aid to countries who are harboring drug smugglers," Whittenburg charged. He referred especially to the so-called Golden Triangle — south Vietnam, Laos, and Thailand — from which one-third of the heroin now reaching the United States reportedly comes.

Whittenburg said that the Veterans Administration is refusing treatment to Vietnam veterans for drug addictions they acquired while serving in Southeast Asia. "Two VA hospitals I know of will not admit addicted veterans for treatment," Whittenburg said, "although they are admitting veterans for other service-related problems."

He said the reason the Nixon Administration has not been willing to crack down on countries which are permitting smuggling operations to continue is that many of these countries are essential to the Administration's policies in Southeast Asia. "Until we put a higher priority on ending drug addiction than on maintaining President Thieu, the flow of drugs from Southeast Asia will continue," Whittenburg said.

"President Nixon obviously is not willing to make that commitment; George McGovern is," he added.

Whittenburg noted that the addicted veteran is a tragic and dangerous phenomenon. "Here is a man who is sent overseas to serve his country," he said, "and when he comes back with a drug addiction, all he gets from the government is promises."

He added that such addicts are really dangerous, in that unlike most heroin addicts, they have been trained to be aggressive and to be proficient in the use of violence.

Whittenburg also called for tighter controls on the manufacturers of legal, but often abused drugs — amphetamines and barbiturates — and for greater regulation of drug advertising, which he said has contributed to the creation of a drug ethic, the notion that there is a drug for every problem.

Whittenburg, 32, is a former member of the Young Republicans. He is a registered pharmacist and has participated in numerous programs on drug abuse.

Jim Whittenburg/ Controversy marks tax revolt leader

Send Bulk in July 29, 1978
By Charles E. Beggs

Associated Press Writer
SALEM, Ore. (AP) — Like Howard Jarvis, Jimmy Dale Whittenburg found a cause that caught on. As a controversial figure, the tall, intense driver of Oregon's property tax-revolt bandwagon outdoes Jarvis



Jim Whittenburg

Whittenburg, a 39-year-old self-styled social crusader, has been charged in four Oregon cities and in Idaho with passing bad checks. He was acquitted earlier this year of a charge of criminal trespass stemming from an altercation with postal officials in a Portland suburb. He lives on the road and with friends, giving a Portland post office box as his address. His telephone answering service cut him off because of an overdue bill. He has the Legislature in turmoil. As sole sponsor of the Oregon version of the Jarvis plan, Whit-

tenburg alone could have kept it off the Nov. 7 ballot by not filing a signed form itemizing contributions and expenses for the initiative campaign. He ended the speculation by signing and submitting the form Tuesday. Whittenburg, a registered pharmacist, has campaigned for several years in Oregon for causes ranging from easing laws against marijuana to abolishing the state-run monopoly on liquor sales. He quietly filed his version of the Jarvis property tax proposal with Oregon election officials last January, mailing in the forms after meeting with Jarvis in Los Angeles. California's overwhelming June 6 passage of Jarvis' plan to limit property taxes to 1 percent of market value brought Whittenburg instant fame.

Tax sponsor files financial statement

SALEM, Ore. (AP) — A potential roadblock to a November vote in Oregon on a California-style property tax limit was removed Tuesday when the sponsor filed a financial statement.

Jim Whittenburg's statement of contributions and expenditures — which had to be filed in the secretary of state's office by Aug. 7 to get the measure on the ballot — showed a deficit of \$2,463.

Whittenburg said he would work for the measure's passage.

He had said he would withhold the statement, keeping the measure off the ballot if a special legislative session would pass a substitute measure he agreed with.

But Whittenburg changed his mind, saying, "It's obvious they are not going to meet and exercise leadership when it's needed."

Donna Morgan, elections clerk in the secretary of state's office, said only a successful legal challenge or lack of valid signatures could keep the

Backers of the Whittenburg amendment, which is identical to the Jarvis plan except the limit was increased to 1.5 per cent, gathered 200,000 petition signatures by the July 7 deadline.

It was an Oregon record and more than three times the number needed to put the measure on the ballot.

"People are taking control of the government," he told a news conference as he filed the final signatures.

"It's a message to the elected managers of government that the common people want a voice again in making the decisions."

A native of Colorado, Whittenburg spent much of his childhood in Portland and in the Western Oregon logging community of Roseburg where his father, Vernon, operated a

furniture store. He was raised by his mother after his parents were divorced while he was a teenager.

He got a bachelor of science degree from Oregon State University in 1963 and received his pharmacist's license in 1964. He was married for five years, but is now divorced.

Whittenburg has practiced pharmacy in Oregon and Washington, D.C. He was hired by Rep. John Conyers, D-Mich., on a short-term contract 1973 to write papers on drug law revision; according to Conyers' aide Heidi Napper.

Vernon Whittenburg, who is 63 and semi-retired, says he fully supports the political efforts of his son, who he said is living mostly on contributions.

"He's working for the people of the state and nobody's paying him

much," Vernon says. "It gripes me that he wants to lower their taxes and they're all sitting back and not chipping in much."

"He doesn't even own a car or a house, so he's got nothing to gain from this work," Vernon says.

Vernon says he has paid a few bills for his son, but not many. "He mostly has to make it on his own."

Jim Whittenburg says he joined the tax crusade because his grandmother was burdened by high taxes on her Portland house, and Vernon says he may sell his house near Roseburg because of escalating taxes.

"People are sick and tired of it, and now they're ready to put a stop to it," the son says.

He says he is not interested in cutting off welfare payments and other government help to poor people.

"The intent is not to cut programs that help people in need," says Whittenburg, who adds he has a brother in Corvallis who receives welfare assistance.

Whittenburg filed 11 other initiative petitions this year. He says he gave up on all but the tax measure.

Some of the others involved personal causes.

measure off the ballot.

An official of the Oregon Education Association, which represents teachers, said the OEA would provide legal help to Jacob Barnes, a retired Portland resident who is considering a suit.

No suit has been filed, however. Secretary of State Norma Paulus said she expected the legal challenge to be based on typographical errors in copies of the initiative that were attached to petitions.

More than 200,000 persons, three times the required number, signed petitions supporting the initiative.

County elections officials, under direction of the secretary of state, will canvass 10 percent of the signatures to see if the signers are registered voters. The canvass must be completed by Monday.

The measure, if passed, would limit property taxes to 1.5 percent of assessed value, roll back assessments to 1973 levels and limit assessment increases to 2 percent annually except when property is reassessed after a sale.

State budget analysts say it could reduce property tax revenue to local governments by \$375 million, or 42 percent.

Attorney General Jim Redden said Tuesday his staff would not have answers to 53 questions about the Oregon proposal until Aug. 15, a few days before legislators plan to hold a conference to discuss strategy should the measure pass. The questions were asked by legislators and legislative employees.

Whittenburg's report showed expenses of \$2,463, loans totaling \$55,

lodging and travel. He listed nine motel bills in California, where he campaigned for Proposition 13, which was approved June 6.

Among his contributions were \$400 from lawyer Donald Coulter, of Crants Pass, \$100 from Wendell Halseft of Estacada, \$75 from Ray Phillips of Portland and \$100 from Phil McAlmond of Portland.

Whittenburg filed another initiative petition Tuesday for the 1980 election.

It would abolish \$13 million in biennial beer and wine taxes and is similar to one of the nine petitions he filed this year. Except for the property tax limit, none of the others came close to getting on the ballot.

Water systems fail to meet standards

PORTLAND (AP) — Four of 30 water systems checked in Clackamas County last week failed to meet federal standards for microbiological quality, said Donald C. Gipe, coordinator of the Environmental Protection Agency's Oregon drinking water program.

The four, all in the Mount Hood area, are Alder Creek (Barlow), Alder Creek (Country Club), Salmon Valley Water Co. and Sleepy Hollow.

Gipe recommended that users from the two Alder Creek systems boil the water prior to use because of gross bacteriological contamination.

One proposal would have required banks to notify customers by registered mail when accounts are closed.

Whittenburg says the charges against him are political harassment and that he has had accounts closed without being notified.

Another initiative he sponsored would have reduced the penalties for negotiating bad checks.

Tuesday he refiled a measure to repeal all state taxes on beer and wine. The taxes bring the state some \$13 million each biennium, but Whittenburg says beer and wine costs too much in Oregon. He'll try to get the measure on the 1980 ballot.

Oregon Gov. Bob Straub says he won't grant an Idaho request that Whittenburg be extradited because the charges, while potential felonies in Idaho, would be misdemeanors in Oregon and involve only \$32 worth of checks.

TENNIS VILLAGE
 at
Mt. Bachelor Village
 PRIVATE and GROUP
 LESSONS
 Call 382-3151

AOSL

the associated
OREGON STUDENT LOBBY
502 WINTER STREET N.E. • SALEM, OREGON 97310
PHONE (503) 378-4966

JIM WHITTENBURG, COORDINATOR

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Page 4, Sec. 1, Capital Journal, Salem, Ore., Wednesday, July 9, 1975

Capital Journal



ESTABLISHED IN 1888

William L. Mainwaring Editor & Publisher
William Bebout, Editor, Editorial Page

James G. Welch, Managing Editor
John Terry, City Editor

A win for student power

In the days of the campus riots, students were urged to work within the system instead of fighting it. Oregon college students took that advice to heart and it has paid off in big ways.

At the recently completed legislative session, the student lobby won approval of all but one of the bills it backed. And the one it wanted most was signed into law by Gov. Bob Straub this week.

Straub approved the bill permitting students to participate in labor contract negotiations between faculty and colleges

despite opposition from his own staff.

The student lobby deserves all of the credit for getting the bill through the legislature and much of the credit for persuading Straub to sign it into law.

We objected to the bill on grounds students should not be granted special status. Instead, contract talks of all governments and their agencies should be open to all taxpayers.

But student power won out, and we admire them for proving that the system can be responsive if you get organized and push it hard enough. (Bebout)

...narrow participants were unable to meet state requirements for sanitation, water quality and kitchen facilities.

The Forest Service, however, issued a special use permit, and it would be up to U.S. Attorney Sidney Lezak in

Lasswell again.

He said his decision was not influenced by the threat of a demonstration by Rainbow Family members should family organizers be prosecuted.

laws are liable for a fine of up to \$10,000. Prosecution, Lasswell said, would have been aimed at organizers Garrick Beck of Drain and Don "Freedom" Driggers of New Mexico, who applied for the permit.

August 1978
Roseburg News Review

Whittenburg favors legislative action on tax reform issue

PORTLAND (UPI) — Jim Whittenburg, sponsor of the proposed property tax limit initiative, said today legislative action on a tax limit is what he had in mind all along.

Whittenburg said he was pleased that some lawmakers were preparing to call for a special session of the Legislature to deal with the property tax limit issue.

He said he filed the initiative measure, based on the recently passed California Proposition 13, as a spur to the Legislature to act.

"I don't know anything about taxes," Whittenburg said. "I'm a lobbyist on social issues. We needed some vehicle we knew would get passed in Oregon" to prod legislators to deal with rising property taxes.

He said he would agree to a plan proposed Monday by Sen. Walter F.

Brown, D-Lake Oswego, for a tax limit of 1 percent of assessed value on residential property and a 3 percent limit on commercial property. Brown said his plan would more equitably distribute property tax relief while protecting local governments from massive revenue losses.

The proposed initiative would limit taxes on all property to 1.5 percent of the current assessed value with a new valuation used as the base only when property is sold. Critics of the proposal claim that would shift a growing portion of the property tax to residential property because homes are sold

more often than businesses.

That was one objection of Senate President Jason Boe to the initiative, "Homes are sold every six years on the average," he said. "How often do you sell an electric company, sell a railroad or sell a lumber mill?"

Boe also said that any proposal in which commercial property was treated differently from single family homes could mean a greater burden for renters, who would find the higher commercial rate included in their rent.

Whittenburg said he believes that, with the Brown formula as a basis, "we

(Continued on page 2)

Shaw opposes special session on tax measure

ROSEBURG (UPI) — Rep. Al Shaw, R-Roseburg, said in a telephone interview Monday he is opposed to a special session of the Legislature to consider a property tax limitation plan.

Shaw, who describes himself as being one of the few Oregon legislators who are "up front" with their support of the initiative modeled after California's Proposition 13, said he can't support a special session because "the people have spoken. There are 201,000 signatures of people who say they want it on the ballot."

Jim Whittenburg, sponsor of the proposal, caused a furor this week when he said he had been approached about entering into discussions with the legislative leadership on an alternative plan to his initiative.

Leaders in both the House and Senate denied Whittenburg's announcement.

Shaw, who pushed for signatures on the initiative petitions, said Whittenburg had not talked to him about

legislature only if it would work to put the property tax limitation plan into the proper form — "aligned with Oregon law."

The initiative sponsored by Whittenburg is virtually a carbon copy of California's Prop. 13 and some critics have claimed it would be unworkable because of differences between Oregon and California tax laws.

Shaw also criticized an Oregon law that requires the sponsors of an initiative petition to sign a contributions and expenditures report. So far Whittenburg has failed to sign the report and until he does — he has until Aug. 4 — the petitions will not be valid.

"I think it's kind of ridiculous that the will of the people can be thwarted by one person," Shaw said. "I think that's a law that needs to be changed, and I'll make the proposal to change it."

Shaw said he believes Whittenburg will sign the report, however.

Inside today

Rockefeller

John D. Rockefeller III, 72, owner and driver of the Rockefeller brothers, died in a New York auto crash. Page 3.

Zodiac

A San Francisco homicide officer has been reassigned under the cloud of suspicions he wrote a letter purporting to be from the Zodiac killer. Page 9.

Hostages

Three hostages held nine hours in the World Trade Center in New York finally aided authorities in taking them captives into custody. Page 10.

Sunny

Weather details page 14.

Glossified

15-19

Comics

20

Crossword

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Dear Abby

13

Douglas County Living

1

D. Lamb

Oregon Journal opinion

Viewing the '70s

For Oregonians, the 1970s were an experience in learning how to cope within limits. The decade was fluid with change as the state's population expanded by almost 500,000 persons while the political arenas were filled with battles over the consequences of growth — environmental legislation, land use laws, energy-saving proposals, freeway versus mass transit confrontations and pleas for tax relief.

Transportation planners began the decade with maps filled with future freeways. But it was proponents of mass transit who found funds for new urban bus lines. Tri-Met flourished and took over two downtown Portland streets. By decade's end federal funds from two approved-but-never-built freeways — the Mount Hood and I-505 in Northwest Portland — were being diverted to light rail projects on Portland's East and West sides.

Energy and transportation became twin themes. A restructured state Department of Transportation replaced the Highway Department and its commission as the key state-wide planning agency for roads and transit. A new state Department of Energy emerged.

It was appropriate that the city of Portland's dominant figure of the decade, Mayor Neil Goldschmidt, joined the president's Cabinet as transportation secretary.

The decade also saw a revitalization of Portland's downtown and neighborhoods. Solar homes appeared and energy conservation became a key ingredient in building construction.

Private utilities fought to build two new nuclear plants at Pebble Springs while Portland General Electric had to protect its Trojan plant from protesters who wanted to decommission it. The investor-owned utilities yearned for a regional energy bill, blocked in Congress at year's end by public power interests.

The end of 1979 saw Oregon's

timber and home-building industries moving into slumps, still the victims of national monetary policy. The state still gulps for breath every time the Federal Reserve Board squeezes credit, but one could argue that timber's domination of Oregon's economy has ended or certainly lessened as the economy diversified.

Economic development became political code words meaning everything from jobs for Oregon's youth, realistic profits for business to a negative reaction to environmental protections.

Gov. Tom McCall easily the state's dominant figure of the decade, preached environmental protection so loudly that the whole nation heard him. During his eight-year administration Oregon pioneered the bottle bill, billboard removal and land use legislation. Perhaps a good example of how to live within environmental and economic limits came as grass seed farmers may have ended a decade-long fight for the right to burn grass stubble. ~~An accommodation now permits~~ large amounts of burning but on a limited number of summer days.

But McCall's main contribution was to instill a sense of pride, of state's righteousness, that told us Oregon was one of the best places to live and we had a mandate to protect it.

* New names found political prominence — Les Aucoin, Jim Weaver, Jason Roe and Jim Whitstenburg. Al Ullman, Mark Hatfield and Bob Packwood developed new muscle for the state in Congress. The careers of Bob Straub and Bob Duncan saw a resurgence. Betty Roberts and Norma Paulus personified the growing power of women in politics. Wayne Morse died. Vic Atiyeh rode a property tax revolt into the governor's office.

The decade saw great growth in legislative power. Individual offices, an increase in staff and new hearing rooms in an expanded Capi-

tol underlined the equalization of power between the executive and legislative branches.

~~Inflation spawned such harsh effects that a tax revolt erupted over skyrocketing home valuation and higher taxes.~~ State and local governments grew, despite efforts by many to curtail them, and it was inflated state income taxes that permitted the Legislature to send large amounts of property tax relief to homeowners and renters without curtailing programs.

The 1971 Legislature approved a \$794 million general fund budget, went home but was recalled to cut the budget because of lower revenues than anticipated. The 1979 Legislature passed a \$3 billion-plus general fund budget and watched warily to make sure the state could afford it.

The nation learned its limits of power in Vietnam and at the Watergate Apartments. Oregon stretched and strained, leading the search for ways to live and prosper within limits on energy, growth and living space.

tory

Phillip Johnson

Fear Incarnate

For months I have been writing and rewriting this essay in my mind, seeking the best way to express my revulsion at the entire tax limitation charade and the I'm-mad-as-hell-and-I'm-not-going-to-take-it-anymore impulses of citizens who would support either measure #6 or measure #11 against their own interests. I had been putting it down to incomprehensible ignorance and selfishness, and the tax cut fever is fed by both, but until I interviewed Jimmy Dale Whittenburg I think I was missing the point.

(Whittenburg) who gave us Ballot Measure #6, understands his nay-saying constituency. "They're frightened," he says. "They're frightened at seeing things happening out there that they have no control over."

Measure #6, as a matter of fact, destroys local control and creates more dependence on the state and federal governments. It robs the poor to give to the rich in a dozen ways. I have been drawing up lists of urgent reasons to vote against #6. They go on for pages; it has become a horribly fascinating game. Ballot Measure #11 won't create the same kind of chaos; it will simply abolish the creative aspect of government and set the legislature to the permanent task of dividing up scarce resources among the most powerful special interests and lobbies.

I'm going to tear up my notes and talk about what Jimmy Dale Whittenburg had to say, because I think he spoke truth. People are frightened, and the tax limitation craze is fear incarnate. People are afraid of the future. They have no faith that we can do anything about it together. They are so lost in their own fears that they have forgotten that democracy is their responsibility; they haven't voted or worked for anything outside their threatened little castles for years; they have allowed local governments and local budgets to fall into the hands of a tiny minority of the voters, and now they feel they've lost control.

The real impetus behind the tax cut movement is a desire to opt out of civilization.

A lot of decent people are voting for #11 because they think we need to do something about tax relief in order to appease the nay-sayers. I have probably offended these people greatly by stating that both measures are based on fear and selfishness. I do not apologize, because I'm mad as hell and I'm not going to take it anymore, not, and just before the people go to the polls and vote to preserve their single-family

THE OREGONIAN

THREE CHURCHES SCRAMBLE TO WELCOME KOSOVARS

Date: Thursday, May 20, 1999

Section: LOCAL STORIES

Edition: SUNRISE

Page: A01 GWENDA RICHARDS OSHIRO of the Oregonian Staff

Illustration: Graphic -- Sidebar text -- HOW TO HELP - 5 agencies noted

Summary: Presbyterian, United Methodist and Seventh-day Adventist , congregations will work together

Westminster Presbyterian Church began helping refugees in the 1960s, sponsoring at least one family a year -- from Indonesia, Pakistan, Poland, Laos, Vietnam, Ethiopia, South Africa, Russia and Ukraine.

After a six-year break, the church's 810 members decided they must help again -- this time, refugees from Kosovo.

"To a person, they were overwhelmed with a sense of wanting to do something to help these people who have been so brutalized by the war in their country," said Paul Shirey, chairman of Westminster's outreach ministries committee and coordinator for its refugee efforts.

Westminster is one of three Northeast Portland churches selected this week by Ecumenical Ministries' Sponsors Organized to Assist Refugees to host the organization's first Kosovar refugees.

Westminster, Metanoia Peace Community and Stone Tower Seventh-day Adventist Church will join forces to provide homes and care for 11 refugees expected to arrive within a couple of weeks, said Teri Ruch, spokeswoman for Ecumenical Ministries of Oregon.

Other Portland relief organizations also are expecting refugees. Catholic Charities has been told to expect at least 60 refugees on short notice during the next two to three months. And Lutheran Family Services has been told by its national headquarters to prepare for refugees, too.

SOAR's first wave of refugees is an extended family ranging in age from 2 to 73, Ruch said. Four will stay in the home of a Westminster member, and seven will stay in a home connected to Metanoia, part of the United Methodist denomination. Stone Tower will sponsor two of those seven.

Other churches and organizations will help, Ruch said, including the American Muslim Family Services, whose assistance will be particularly important because the refugees likely will be Muslim.

The heartbreak of ethnic Albanians forced to flee their homes touched the churches and prompted them to volunteer.

"You look at situations like Kosovo, and say 'It's an overwhelming problem, how can we possibly help?' " Shirey said. "But we can, in fact, step forward to help when people have no other place to turn. That's part of God's work."

This will be the first time that the tiny 35-member Metanoia church has formally sponsored refugees, said the Rev. John Schwiebert, although some members have helped newcomers in the past.

The church's ministry centers on hospitality, and its congregation meets in a house where some of its members live.

"Hospitality is the center of our life," he said. "We're a group of people who live together, and when we can, and when we have the space, we invite people to live with us for a time because they have a need."

The Rev. Phil Shultz of Stone Tower said his nearly 500 members include many who have come to this country from other places -- Tonga, the Philippines, South Africa, Ukraine -- and know what it's like to make a new life.

"Many of these people have been refugees in the sense they've come to America . . . very destitute and in need of a helping hand, and they, in turn, want to help now," he said.

"We thought we would be eighth in line for this," said Jim Whittenburg, a semi-retired pharmacist who is coordinating preparations at Metanoia. "We thought we'd be able to go to school. Now we've found out that we're in the first wave, and we've had to mobilize." You can reach Gwenda Richards Oshiro at 503-221-8219 or by e-mail at grichardsoshiro@news.oregonian.com.

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Jim Whittenburg

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541 672-4482 KPIC-TV
503 249-8702 Tivana Intl.
661 861-9810 KBAK-TV
541 367-2825 Holmston
503 382-8985

Metanoia

RESOURCES FOR METANOIA PEACE COMMUNITY

"God has given even to [us] the metanoia that leads to life."

Acts 11:18

"Bear fruits that befit metanoia"

Matthew 3:8

DRIM

Welcome To The Arifi Family

After nearly three weeks in Portland, the members of the Arifi family are no longer strangers to those of us actively involved in Metanoia's hastily assembled refugee resettlement project.

But for those who haven't met our new friends, recently arrived from Kosovo, introductions are in order.

Oldest in the extended family of eleven are Sherif and Meradie. They have four adult children, Sabrie and Avni, who are single and Remzi and Hajredin who are married. (Remzi and Avni are twins!) With Remzi is his wife Mirvete, and accompanying Hajredin are his wife Nexhmie and their children Merita, 8, Liridona, almost 4, and Liridon, almost 2.

The eleven, who are ethnically Albanian, arrived in Portland June 8 after spending about 6 weeks in refugee camps in Macedonia and New Jersey. They had earlier been forced to leave the homes in Kosovo because of the war.

Sponsorship of the family is being shared by three congregations. Westminster Presbyterian Church is sponsoring Sherif, Meradie, Sabrie and Avni. They are living temporarily in the home of a church member near NE 28th and Alameda.

The other seven are living in the Tillamook House. Stone Tower Seventh-Day Adventist Church is sponsoring Remzi and Mirvete. Metanoia is sponsoring Hajredin, Nexhmie and the three children. Together, volunteers from the three churches are helping to connect the Arifis with social services, language classes and employment opportunities so that they may become self-sufficient as soon as possible. They are also working with the family to locate three units of permanent, affordable housing in the city of Portland. Family members have expressed the desire to live in the inner city of Portland, not all in the same house, but within walking distance of each other.

The Arifi family comes from Gilan, a city of about 160,000 persons located a short distance from Kosovo's capital city of Pristina. The men of the family are skilled in construction and carpentry and hope to find employment in this field.

Special Thanks to Jim Whittenburg

We are grateful to Jim Whittenburg for the considerable work he has contributed toward helping to launch the current Kosovo refugee project. It was Jim who attended to initial meeting hosted by SOAR, and who came to Metanoia with the idea of having our congregation become a sponsor. Then Jim led us through the weeks of preparation, recruiting volunteers and soliciting donations, getting the Tillamook House ready, coordinating efforts with the other congregations, arranging for translators, and being a welcoming presence for the Arifi family upon their arrival at the Tillamook House

ried About Memory SS

Constant Confusion An Older Adult?

Does your loved one...

struggle with short-term memory?
Put items in inappropriate places,
like a wristwatch in the refrigerator?
Forget simple words?

Center is now studying an
early loss due to Alzheimer's
provided at no cost to those
donation required. Time/travel

West
ARCH CENTER
TE (2273)
Medical Director

most
ling center.

The Oregonian
Practically Indispensable.

With humanitarian goals, 2 Portlanders are bound for battle-torn Kosovo

*Yvonne Simmons will
distribute aid, and Jim
Whittenburg will look for a
refugee family's relatives*

By ROGER ANTHONY
THE OREGONIAN

Two Portland residents with different humanitarian missions will be leaving for the Balkans this month.

Yvonne Simmons, a member of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, will be leaving July 18 for four months, during which she will help distribute aid.

Jim Whittenburg, who helped settle a family of Kosovar refugees in Portland last month, planned to depart Saturday in an attempt to locate some of the family's relatives.

Both have done their own fundraising for their trips.

For Simmons, the trip will be her fifth "peace journey" in seven years, though her first to Kosovo. On past trips, she has done volunteer work in Bosnia and Croatia.

While the region is at peace for the moment, Simmons is nevertheless expecting to find a contentious atmosphere when she arrives. The recent settlement is obviously not going to wipe away years of resentment between Serbs and Kosovars. In addition, Simmons said, there may be divisions among the Kosovars.

When she visited Bosnia, she said, "People who stayed in the country were resentful of the people who left. And people who came from the rural areas and can't go back often find themselves in conflict with the urbanites."

She also pointed out that the settlement will allow Kosovars more time to reflect on what has

happened. "We talk about there being a 'just settlement,' but how can there be justice for someone who has lost 19 people in a family?"

"That pain turns into blame... and then into hatred and revenge."

Still, the situation should be more tranquil than her last trip to Sarajevo, the capital of Bosnia. "I was there for nine months last time, working with Northwest Medical Teams and trying to get help into Bosnia. I got stuck in Sarajevo. There was no water, no gas, no electricity and hardly any food."

"People were shooting all the time, and you always had to think of the safest ways to go someplace. It made me realize how much you can lose your identity."

Simmons will be bringing goods with her that have been donated by Northwest residents. In addition, she'll be packing along something to help put idle hands to work.

"I have my own cottage industry," she explained. "I take over yarn and knitting needles, and the women make the most wonderful slipper-socks. Then I buy them back from them so they have some money."

Whittenburg helped welcome the 11-member Arifi family when they arrived in Portland early last month after two months in refugee camps. Saturday morning, he planned to leave on a flight that will take him to Tirana, Albania. From there, he and several Albanians will enter Kosovo in search of the family's in-laws.

♦
You can reach Roger Anthony at 503-221-8430 or by e-mail at rogeranthony@news.oregonian.com.

Interstate

*A Coast Guard proposal
aims to reduce vehicle
traffic delays caused by
opening the spans*

By BILL STEWART
THE OREGONIAN

A new U.S. Coast Guard proposal would streamline rule-opening the Interstate Bridge force boaters to call ahead.

Bridge openings have been a sore point between motorist boaters for some time because each bridge lift can cause jams and long delays.

Existing rules distinguish between commercial and recreational vessels in saying when

Exciting
New Features?
Cosmopolitan Living

ADD A

Crashes stir debate about pilot



SPEED 30 M.P.H.

SLOW DOWN

WHY DOESN'T CITY HALL CARE?



METRO

Portland

Continued from A1

But Miller and the City Council repeatedly promised the project would not cost more than \$195 million. "Let's put a stake in the ground," Miller said.

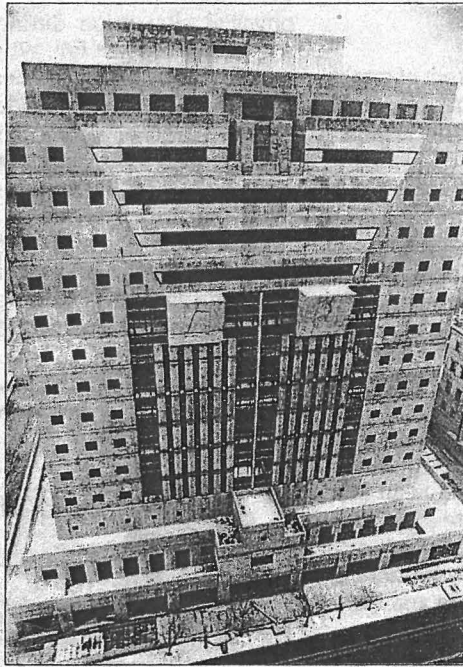
Portland will issue 20-year bonds to pay for the project. Based on a previous \$175 million estimate, the city would owe \$12.9 million in annual debt payments, with the money coming from the general fund and rent checks from city bureaus.

In a separate decision, the City Council approved a plan to spread the cost of the building across most city bureaus in the downtown area and not just the ones with offices in the building. The new rates would go into effect no later than 2021.

The biggest controversy centered on a proposal to dedicate 1 percent of the construction costs to providing opportunities for minority and women contractors.

Members of the Equitable Contractors & Purchasing Commission, formed in February, asked the City Council to delay a vote.

"We need more time," said



The Portland Building was designed by architect Michael Graves and built for \$25 million starting in 1982. Portlandia was installed in 1985.

STAFF/1982

Maurice Rahming, president of O'Neill Electric, saying the commission didn't know how the council settled on 1 percent or how the money would be spent.

But the council narrowly approved the proposal, promising to work with the commission to discuss how the money, estimated at \$1 million, would be spent.

The City Council approved spending \$3.75 million during the current budget year to start design and engineering work, as well as

\$2.3 million for project costs.

The 15-story Portland Building was designed by architect Michael Graves, who died in March; it was built for \$25 million starting in 1982. The Portlandia statue sits atop the building's entrance at 1120 S.W. Fifth Ave.

Jen Clodius, Office of Management & Finance spokeswoman, said the city doesn't plan to move Portlandia.

atheen@oregonian.com
503-294-4026;
@AndrewTheen

It's no mistake tax bills just c

By Dana Tims
The Oregonian/OregonLive

Nearly 200,000 property tax statements, seeking a cumulative increase of up to 5 percent over what was collected last year, will be mailed to Washington County residents in the next few days.

That's considerably above the 3 percent cap approved by Oregon voters, which has Rich Hobernicht, Washington County's assessor, expecting a flood of calls from residents asking for explanations or wanting to file appeals.

In a word, he said, it's complicated.

"Many people have the understanding that taxes can't go up by more than 3 percent," Hobernicht said. "But it's important to understand there's an awful lot going on here."

This year's statements seek total property-tax payments of \$963 million. That's an increase of \$47 million — or 5.1 percent — over last year. The money pays for county government services, neighborhood services provided by cities and special districts, education, and regional services, which include TriMet, Metro and the Port of Portland.

The majority of the county's 192,000 residential tax accounts — 171,000 in total — will climb this year when compared with last year's bills. Of those, 155,000 accounts will reflect tax increases up to 5 percent, with 16,000 accounts increasing by more than 5 percent.

Property value

Driving the increases are factors such as voter-approved bonds or local option levies and major renovations that increase a house's

Washington

Nearly 200,000 Washington Co. 16, 2016.

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**PORTLAND CITY COUNCIL
COMMUNICATION REQUEST
Wednesday Council Meeting 9:30 AM**

Council Meeting Date: Feb. 1st

Today's Date Feb 4th

Name Jim Whittenburg, R.Ph.

Address 975 SE Sandy Blvd.

Telephone 503 830-4164 Email whittenburgjim@webcapa.net

Reason for the request: 2nd Apartments - Lease to late /
Apartments & MACO agreements 2003
Portland Bldg and agreement 2015

Jim Whittenburg
(signed)

- Give your request in writing to the Council Clerk's office to schedule a date for your Communication. Use this form or email the information to the Council Clerk at the email address below.
- You will be placed on the Wednesday official Council Agenda as a "Communication." Communications are the first item on the Agenda and are taken at 9:30 a.m. A total of five Communications may be scheduled. Individuals must schedule their own Communication.
- You will have 3 minutes to speak and may also submit written testimony before or at the meeting. Communications allow the Council to hear issues that interest our citizens, but do not allow an opportunity for dialogue.

Thank you for being an active participant in your City government.

Contact Information:

Karla Moore-Love, City Council Clerk
1221 SW 4th Ave, Room 130
Portland, OR 97204-1900
(503) 823-4086
email:
Karla.Moore-Love@portlandoregon.gov

Sue Parsons, Assistant Council Clerk
1221 SW 4th Ave., Room 130
Portland, OR 97204-1900
(503) 823-4085
email:
Susan.Parsons@portlandoregon.gov

Request of Jim Whittenburg, R.Ph. to address Council regarding Yard Apartments development fees, MACG agreement, Portland Building (Communication)

FEB 01 2017

PLACED ON FILE

Filed JAN 24 2017

MARY HULL CABALLERO
Auditor of the City of Portland

By 
Deputy

COMMISSIONERS VOTED AS FOLLOWS:		
	YEAS	NAYS
1. Fritz		
2. Fish		
3. Saltzman		
4. Eudaly		
Wheeler		