6.04.010 Definitions.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 162647, 186985 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.) Except where the context otherwise requires, the definitions given in this Section govern the construction of this Chapter.

- **A.** "Accrual $\underline{\mathbf{a}}\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ ccounting" means the Operator enters the $\underline{\mathbf{r}}\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ ent due from a $\underline{\mathbf{t}}\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ ransient on his/her their records when the $\underline{\mathbf{r}}\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ ent is earned, whether or not it is paid.
- B. "Bed and Breakfast Home" means a home where a resident individual or family rents out guest bedrooms (no more than two) in their house, which is continually occupied as their primary residence.
- C. "Bed and Breakfast Inn" means a home where a resident individual or family rents out guest bedrooms (between three and six) in their house, which is continually occupied as their primary residence.
- **<u>PB.</u>** "Booking Agent" means an Operator or any <u>pPerson</u> that provides a means through which a Host may offer a Short-Term Rental for transient lodging occupancy. This service is usually, though not necessarily, provided through an online platform and generally allows a Host to advertise the Short-Term Rental through a website provided by the Booking Agent's hosting platform and provides a means for potential users to arrange transient lodging occupancy and payment, whether the transient pays rent directly to the Host or to the Booking Agent. Booking Agents include, but are not limited to:
- 1. Online travel booking sites which are involved in the process of listing and booking Short-Term Rental transient lodging occupancies and handle any aspect of the resulting financial transaction; and/or
- **2.** Online travel booking sites for Short-Term Rental transient lodging occupancy where advertisements of Short-Term Rental transient lodging occupancy rentals are displayed; and/or
- **3.** A hosting or other online site that provides a means through which an Operator, Host or agent may offer a Short-Term Rental unit for transient lodging occupancy: or
- **4.** Any Person who lists commercial Hotel rooms or long-term rentals for transient lodging occupancy; or
- 5. Any Person who directly or indirectly accepts, receives or facilitates payment, whether or not they are the ultimate recipient of the payment, including through Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) or other computerized devices where third party providers receive information about a transaction and collect funds for the transient lodging occupancy from a Transient.
- **EC.** "Division" means the Revenue Division of the Bureau of Revenue and Financial Services of the City of Portland.

- FD. "Division Director" means the director of the Revenue Division, or his/her designee.
- **GE.** "Business License Appeals Board" means a <u>the</u> Board composed of five representatives appointed in the manner set forth in Section 7.02.295 of this Code.
- **HF.** "Cash aAccounting" means the Θ perator does not enter the π ent due from a π ransient on his/her their records until π ent is paid.
- I. "City Council" means the City Council of the City of Portland, Oregon.
- **JG.** "Host" means the owner or person who resides at the <u>a</u> Short-Term Rental or has been designated by the owner or resident <u>of the Short-Term Rental</u> to manage the Short-Term Rental and who rents out the Short-Term Rental for transient lodging occupancy either directly or through the use of a Booking Agent.
- **KH.** "Hotel" means any structure, or any portion of any structure which is <u>used</u>, occupied, or intended or designed for transient occupancy for 30 days or less for dwelling, lodging, or sleeping purposes, and includes, but is not limited to, any hotel, inn, tourist home or house, motel, studio hotel, <u>bachelor boutique</u> hotel, lodging house, rooming house, apartment house, <u>single family</u> house or any portion of such house, duplex, condominium, <u>bed and breakfast facility</u>, vacation home, multi-dwelling structure, <u>accessory dwelling unit</u>, trailer home, houseboat, public or private dormitory, <u>hostel</u>, fraternity, sorority, public or private club, <u>corporate housing or executive housing space or facility</u>, and also means space <u>in a mobile home or trailer park</u> or portion thereof so occupied, provided such occupancy is for less than a <u>3031</u>-day period. <u>All Hotels must comply with all local codes applicable to their location and use, including but not limited to zoning and building codes.</u>
- **LI.** "Occupancy" means the use or possession, or the right to the use or possession for lodging or sleeping purposes of any $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ oom, or $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ ooms or portion thereof in a $\underline{h}\underline{H}$ otel as defined above, or space in a mobile home or trailer park or portion thereof.
- MJ. "Operator" means: the person who is proprietor of the hotel in any capacity. Where the operator performs his/her functions through a managing agent of any type or character other than an employee, the managing agent shall also be deemed an operator for the purposes of this Chapter and shall have the same duties and liabilities as his/her principal. Compliance with the provisions of this Chapter by either the principal or managing agent shall be considered to be compliance by both.
- 1. Any Person who provides one or more Rooms for Occupancy for periods of 30 days or less to the general public for compensation. Furnishing accommodations can be done via employees, contractors, agents or any other person the Hotel consents to allow to process reservations and accept payments from the Transient on behalf of the Hotel; or
- 2. Any Person that facilitates the reservation of an accommodation and collects the payment for the Room reservation from the Transient; or

- 3. Any Transient Lodging Provider, Transient Lodging Intermediary or Transient Lodging Tax Collector as defined in ORS 320.300; or
- 4. A Booking Agent as defined in this Chapter.

There may be more than one Operator for a Hotel and each Operator is independently responsible for compliance with this Chapter though the tax will only be collected once. Operators include, but are not limited to, the Hotel owner and/or management, online travel companies, Booking Agents or other online travel facilitators, travel agents or companies, contracted management companies or any other Person that secures the right to occupy a Room on behalf of the Transient and receives payment from the Transient for that right whether or not the Operator is the ultimate recipient of the payment.

- **NK.** "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, <u>limited liability company</u>, <u>corporation</u>, <u>limited liability partnership</u>, <u>association</u>, host, social club, fraternal organization, fraternity, sorority, public or private dormitory, joint stock company, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, trustee, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit.
- <u>QL.</u> "Rent" means the <u>full</u> consideration charged to the <u>Transient for the right to occupy a Room</u>, whether or not received by the operator, for the occupancy of space in a <u>hH</u>otel, valued in money, goods, <u>gift cards</u>, labor, credits, property or other consideration <u>of valued in money</u>, without any deduction. Rent is considered to be the total amount represented to the <u>Transient by an Operator as the consideration charged for the Occupancy including any accommodation fees, commissions or similar amounts paid to or withheld by a <u>Person that facilitates the reservation of a Room</u>.</u>
- **PM.** "Rent **pPackage pPlan**" means the consideration charged for both food and $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ ent where a single rate is made for the total of both. The amount applicable to $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ ent for determination of transient room tax under this Chapter shall be is considered the same charge made for $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ ent of the identical room when it is not a part of a package plan.
- N. "Room" means each portion of a Hotel which may be rented or is intended to be rented to a separate transient lodger or lodging party, other than rooms containing no sleeping accommodations and intended to be used for purposes other than sleeping and living accommodations, such as meetings, recreation, education, business or other purposes. In rooms with multiple beds where each bed may be rented or is intended to be rented to a separate transient lodger, such as bunk or dormitory style rooms, each bed is counted as a room.
- **QO.** "Short-Term Rental" means a house, <u>duplex</u>, multi-plex, apartment, condominium, houseboat, trailer or other residential dwelling where a person rents guest bedrooms for transient lodging <u>oO</u>ccupancy. Generally, a Short-Term Rental is zoned <u>as</u> residential <u>property or has a building occupancy that only allows for residential use.</u>
- **RP.** "Tax" means either the tax payable by the $\frac{1}{2}$ Transient or the aggregate amount of taxes due from an $\frac{1}{2}$ Operator during the period for which $\frac{1}{2}$ the Operator is required to report $\frac{1}{2}$ their collections.

SQ. "Transient" means any individual who exercises ΘΩccupancy or is entitled to ΘΩccupancy in a hHotel for a period of 30 consecutive calendar days or less, counting portions of calendar days as full days. The day a transient checks out of the hHotel shall is not be included in determining the 30-day period if the tTransient is not charged rent for that day by the ΘΩperator. Any such individual so occupying space in a hHotel shall be is deemed to be a tTransient until the period of 30 days has expired unless there is an agreement in writing between the operator and the occupant providing for a longer period of ΘΩccupancy, σ-and the tenancy actually extends more than 30 consecutive days. In determining whether a person is a transient, uninterrupted periods of time extending both prior and subsequent to the effective date of this Chapter may be considered.

6.04.020 Tax Imposed.

For the privilege of Θ Ccupancy in any $\frac{h}{H}$ otel, each $\frac{t}{L}$ ransient shall pay a tax in the amount of 6 percent of the $\frac{t}{R}$ ent charged by the Θ D perator. The $\frac{t}{L}$ ax constitutes a debt owed by the $\frac{t}{L}$ ransient to the City, which is extinguished only by payment by the Θ D perator to the City. The $\frac{t}{L}$ ransient shall pay the $\frac{t}{L}$ ax to the Θ D perator of the $\frac{t}{L}$ to the $\frac{t}{L}$ to

6.0.025 Administrative Authority.

- A. The Revenue Division administers this Chapter. Nothing in this Chapter precludes the disposition of a controversy by stipulation or agreed settlement, through correspondence or a conference with the Director.
- **B.** The Director may implement procedures, forms and written policies for administering the provisions of this Chapter.
- C. The Director may adopt rules relating to matters within the scope of this Chapter or to obtain compliance with this Chapter.
- **D.** Before adopting a new rule, the Director must hold a public hearing. Prior to the hearing, the Director must mail notice of the public hearing to each Operator currently registered with the Division at the last known mailing address provided or post the rule on the City of Portland website. The notice must be mailed not less than 10 nor more than 30 days before the hearing. Such notice must include the place, time and purpose of the public hearing, a brief description of

the subjects covered by the proposed rule and the location where copies of the full text of the proposed rule may be obtained.

E. At the public hearing, the Director must accept oral or written testimony concerning the proposed rule. The Director will either adopt the proposed rule, modify it or reject it, taking into consideration the testimony received during the public hearing.

6.04.030 Collection of Tax by Operator; Rules for Collection.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- A. Every $\circ O$ perators renting rooms or space for lodging or sleeping purposes in this City, the occupancy of which is not exempted under the terms of this Chapter, shall must collect a tTax from the tTax collected or accrued by the tO perator constitutes a debt owing by the tO perator to the City.
- **B.** In all-cases of eredit or deferred payment of $\underline{\mathfrak{r}}\underline{R}$ ent, the payment of $\underline{\mathfrak{r}}\underline{T}$ ax to the $\underline{\mathfrak{o}}\underline{O}$ perator may be deferred until the $\underline{\mathfrak{r}}\underline{R}$ ent is paid, and the $\underline{\mathfrak{o}}\underline{O}$ perator shall not be liable for the $\underline{\mathfrak{r}}\underline{T}$ ax until credits are paid or deferred payments are is made. Adjustments may be made for uncollectibles $\underline{R}\underline{e}\underline{n}\underline{T}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{T}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{T}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{n}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{R}\underline{n}\underline{R$
- C. The Division shall enforce provisions of this Chapter and shall have the power to adopt rules and regulations not inconsistent with this Chapter as may be necessary to aid in the enforcement. Prior to the adoption of rules and regulations, the Division shall give public notice of its intent to adopt rules and regulations, provide copies of the proposed rules and regulations to interested parties, and conduct a public hearing on the proposed rules and regulations. Public notice shall be given when rules and regulations have been finally adopted. Copies of current rules and regulations shall be made available to the public upon request. It is a violation of this Chapter to violate rules and regulations duly adopted by the Division.
- **D.** For rent collected on portions of a dollar, fractions of a penny of tax shall not be remitted.

6.04.040 Operator's Duties.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 186985 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

A. Each Operators <u>must</u> shall collect the \underbrace{T} ax imposed by this Chapter at the same time as the \underbrace{F} Rent is collected from every \underbrace{F} Transient. The amount of \underbrace{F} Tax shall <u>must</u> be separately stated upon the \underbrace{O} Derator's records, and any receipt rendered by the \underbrace{O} Derator. If a single amount is stated on the Operator's records or receipts without a breakout between Rent and Tax, the Division will deem the entire amount is Rent and Tax will be calculated on the total amount. No imputation of Tax is permitted. No \underbrace{O} Derator of a hotel shall may advertise that the \underbrace{F} Tax or any part of the \underbrace{F} Tax will be assumed or absorbed by the \underbrace{O} Derator, or that it will not be added to the \underbrace{F} Rent, or that, when added, any part will be refunded, except in the manner provided by this Chapter.

- **B.** An Operator or Booking Agent that directly or indirectly accepts, receives or facilitates payment, including through Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) or other computerized devices where third party providers receive information about a transaction and collect funds that may or may not be transmitted to the operator, owner or other person offering a Short-Term Rental, for the transient lodging occupancy from a transient is required to collect, report and remit transient lodging taxes to the City of Portland in accordance with this Chapter.
- **CB.** Additionally, uUpon request of the Division for any regulatory or tax administration purpose, Operators, which include Booking Agents, must provide all physical addresses of transient lodging occupancy locations within Portland city limits and the related contact information, including the name and mailing address; of the general manager, agent, owner, or Host or other responsible Person for the location. Any location and related contact information provided under this Subsection is considered confidential and is not subject to public disclosure due to personal privacy concerns.

6.04.050 Exemptions.

(Amended by Ord. No. 162647; Jan. 4, 1990.) No tax imposed under this Chapter shall be imposed upon:

- **A.** Any occupant for more than 30 successive calendar days (a <u>pP</u>erson who pays for lodging on a <u>monthly calendar month</u> basis, irrespective of the number of days in such a month, shall not be deemed a <u>tTransient</u>);
- **B.** Any person who rents a private home, vacation cabin, or like facility from any owner who rents such facilities incidentally to his own use thereof, except Bed and Breakfast Homes and Inns:
- **CB.** Any occupant in a hospital room, medical or mental health facility, convalescent home, home for aged people skilled nursing facility, assisted living facility, foster home, rehabilitation center, or a government owned and operated public institution.
- **<u>PC.</u>** Any <u>pP</u>erson housed through an emergency shelter or disaster program where the <u><u>rR</u>ent is paid with government assistance funds;</u>
- **ED.** Any Federal Government employee traveling on official government business, who presents an official Government Exemption Certificate or official travel authorization. An exemption may also be granted for direct bills to a Federal Government department, agency or instrumentality. An exemption may not be granted for Rents paid by contractors of the Federal Government, even if the Occupancy was for a Federal Government employee on official business, and notwithstanding the fact that such Rents may be reimbursed by the Federal Government or paid under the contract with the Federal Government.

6.04.060 Registration of Operator; Form and Contents; Execution; Certification of Authority.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 186736 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- A. Every pPersons engaging or about to engage in business as an oOperator of a hotel in this City shall must register with the Division on a form provided by the Division. Operators starting business must register within 15 calendar days after commencing business. The privilege of registration after the date of imposition of such tax shall failure to register with the Division does not relieve any pPerson from the obligation of payment or collection of tTax regardless of registration. Registration shall set forth must state the name under which an oOperator transacts or intends to transact business, any affiliated companies or brands that are associated with the registration, the location of his the place of business and such other information necessary to facilitate the collection of the tTax as the Division may require. The Operator must sign registration shall be signed by the operator registration form.
- **B.** Within 10 days after registration, The Division shall, within 10 days after registration, will issue without charge a eCertificate of aAuthority and establish an account to each registrant to collect the tax from the Transient occupant, together with a duplicate thereof for each additional place of business of each registrant. Certificates of Authority shall be are non-assignable and non-transferable and shall will be surrendered immediately returned to the Division upon the cessation of business or business sale or transfer at the location named or upon the business sale or transfer listed on the certificate, if applicable. Each eCertificates of Authority and duplicate shall state the place of business to which it is applicable and shall must be prominently displayed thereon so as to be seen by and come to notice readily of all occupants and persons seeking occupancy. If the Rent transaction is facilitated online, the Certificate of Authority must be able to be viewed by the Transient by clicking on link to the Certificate of Authority at a reasonable place during the payment transaction.
- C. Said certificate shall, among other things, state The Certificate of Authority will include at least the following:
- 1. The name of the Θ perator;
- 2. The address of the hotel;
- **32.** The date upon which the certificate was issued;
- **43.** "This Transient Occupancy Registration Certificate signifies that the person named has fulfilled the requirements of the Transient Lodgings Tax Chapter of the City of Portland for the purpose of collecting and remitting the lodgings tax. This certificate does not authorize any person to conduct any unlawful business or to conduct any lawful business in an unlawful manner, or to operate a helical without strictly complying with all local applicable laws, including but not limited to those requiring a permit from any board, commission, department or office of the City of Portland. This certificate does not constitute a permit."
- **D.** Hosts of Type A and Type B Accessory Short-Term Rentals must comply with the requirements of Chapter 33.207. In addition, all Operators of Type A and Type B accessory sShort-‡Term †Rentals as described in Section Chapter 33.207 must include prominently display

their Type A Permit Number or Type B Conditional Use case file number, as applicable, in all advertising and other listing services. No person Operator will shall-advertise or otherwise represent that an accessory sShort-tTerm rRental has received approval is available for Occupancy unless all applicable legal requirements allowing the Occupancy of a Short-Term Rental has been met and the Operator has registered with the Division as required abovethat person holds a current, valid permit or Conditional Use case file. Additionally, this Permit Number, or Conditional Use case file number or other number issued directly by the Division must shall be prominently displayed in the rental unit so as to be seen by all short-term occupants.

6.04.070 Due Date; Returns and Payments.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- A. The tax imposed by this Chapter shall must be paid by the tTransient to the ΘOperator at the time that rRent is paid. All amounts of such taxes collected by any ΘOperator are due and payable to the Tax Administrator Division on or before the 15th last day of the following month for the preceding 3 months; and are delinquent on the last day of the month in which they are due. If the last day of the month due date falls on a holiday or weekend Sunday or legal holiday as defined by ORS 187.010, amounts are delinquent on the first business day that follows. Payments and returns received or postmarked before the first business day that follows will be deemed to have been received on the due date. The Division has authority to classify and/or district the operators Operators for determination of applicable tax periods, and shall will notify each ΘOperator of the due and delinquent dates for the operator's returns. The initial return under this Chapter may be for less than 3 months preceding the due date; thereafter returns shall be made for the applicable quarterly period.
- **B.** On or before the 15th <u>last</u> day of the month following each quarter of collection, <u>or month of collection if an Operator is required or elects to file monthly returns</u>, a return for the preceding quarter's period's tax collections shall <u>must</u> be filed with the Division. The return <u>shall must</u> be filed in such form as the Division may prescribe by every operator liable for payment of <u>the tax</u>.
- C. Returns shall <u>must</u> show the amount of tax collected or otherwise due for the related period. The Division may require returns to <u>include additional information to explain the tax calculation</u> show the total rentals upon which tax was collected or otherwise due, gross receipts of operator for such period and an explanation in detail of any discrepancy between such amounts, and the amount of rents exempt, if any.
- **D.** The <u>pP</u>erson required to file the return shall deliver the return, together with the remittance of the amount of the tax due, to the Division at its office, either by personal delivery or by mail. If the return is mailed, the postmark shall be considered the date of delivery for determining delinquencies.
- **E.** For good cause, the Division may extend for not to exceed 1 month the time for making any return or payment of tax. No further extension shall will be granted, except by the Division Director. Any ΘOperator to whom an extension is granted shall will pay interest at the rate of

- 1.25 percent per month on the amount of tax due without proration for a portion of a month or reduction for any prepayments or credits available. If a return is not filed, and the tax and interest due is not paid by the end of the extension grantedperiod, then the interest shall will be added to the tax due for computation of penalties and additional interest described elsewhere in this Chapter.
- **F.** The Division, if deemed necessary in order to <u>insureensure</u> payment or facilitate collection by the City of the amount of taxes in any individual case, may require returns and payment of the amount of taxes for other than quarterly periods. <u>If an Operator is required to report on a more frequent basis</u>, the Division will provide a schedule showing the tax periods, due dates and <u>delinquent dates</u>.

6.04.080 Penalties and Interest.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- **A.** Original delinquency. Any Θ perator who has not been granted an extension of time for remittance of tax due and who fails to remit any tax imposed by this Chapter prior to delinquency shall on or before the due date will pay a penalty of 10 percent of the amount of the tax due in addition to the amount of the tax. There is no grace period between the due date and the assessment of a penalty and interest; the day following the due date is considered to be the delinquent date.
- **B.** Continued delinquency. Any ooperator who has not been granted an extension of time for remittance of tax due, and who faileds to pay in full on or before the due date of an original delinquency notice will any delinquent remittance on or before a period of 30 days following the date on which the remittance first became delinquent shall pay a second delinquency penalty of 15 percent of the amount of the tax due plus all penalty and interest assessments at the time of the continued delinquency calculation the amount of the 10 percent penalty first imposed.
- C. Fraud. If the Division determines that the nonpayment of any remittance amount due under this Chapter is due to fraud or intent to evade the provisions thereof, a penalty of 25 percent of the amount of the tax shall will be added thereto in addition to the penalties stated in paragraphs A and B of this Section and interest stated in paragraph D of this Section. This penalty is calculated on the entire amount due, including any penalties and interest previously assessed at the time of the calculations.
- **D.** Interest. In addition to the penalties imposed above, any <u>oO</u>perator who fails to <u>remit file or pay</u> any tax imposed by this Chapter <u>shall will pay</u> interest at the rate of 1 percent per month or fraction thereof without proration for portions of a month, on the amount of the tax due from the <u>first day following the original due date date on which the remittance first became delinquent until paid.</u> Interest <u>shall will</u> be compounded monthly <u>until the amount due is paid in full.</u>
- **E.** Penalties and interest merged with tax. Every penalty imposed and such interest as accrues under the provisions of this Section shall will be merged with and become a part of the tax herein required to be paid. If delinquency continues, requiring additional penalty and interest

calculations, previously assessed penalty and interest are added to the tax due. This amount becomes the new base for calculating new penalty and interest amounts. This merging continues each month until the full balance is paid.

F. Petition for waiver. Any <u>oOperator</u> who fails to <u>remit pay</u> the tax <u>herein levied</u> within the time <u>herein</u>-stated <u>shall must pay</u> the <u>tax</u>, penalties <u>and interest assessed; herein stated</u>, provided, however, the <u>oOperator</u> may petition the <u>Division</u> Director for waiver and refund <u>or credit</u> of the <u>all or part of the penalty assessed or any portion thereof</u> and the <u>Division</u> Director may, if a good and sufficient reason is shown, waive <u>and direct a refund some or all of the penalty assessment or any portion thereof</u>. Interest will not be waived except by written policy.

6.04.090 Deficiency Determination; Fraud, Evasion, Operator Delay.

(Replaced by Ordinance No. 184772; amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- **A.** Deficiency determinations. If the Division determines that a return is incorrect, that required reports or returns have not been filed, or that an Θ perator has otherwise failed to comply with the terms of the Code, it may compute and determine or estimate the amount required to be paid based on the facts contained in the return or returns or any other information reasonably within its possession. Once a deficiency determination is made, the amount is due and payable within ten days after service of a deficiency notice from the Division. The Division may also determine and assess penalties and interest as set forth in Section 6.04.080.
- 1. In making a <u>deficiency</u> determination, the Division may offset overpayments, if any, which may have been previously made for a period or periods against any deficiency for a subsequent period or periods, or against penalties and interest on the deficiency.
- 2. The Division shall <u>must</u> give to the Θ Derator or Φ Transient (in the case of a refund request) a written notice of its <u>deficiency</u> determination. The notice may be served personally or by mail. If by mail, the notice shall <u>will</u> be addressed to the Θ Derator at <u>his/her the</u> address as it appears on the records of the Division or as the Division can best determine if the Θ Derator has not provided that information to the Division. In case of service by mail or any notice required by this Chapter, the service is complete at the time of deposit with the United States Post Office.
- 3. Any deficiency is due and payable within 10 days after the Division serves its written notice. The oOperator or tTransient (in the case of a refund request) may petition for a redetermination if the petition is filed within 10 days of service as provided in Section 6.04.100. Nothing prohibits the Division from extending the time for petition beyond 10 days at its sole discretion.
- **4.** Except as provided herein, every deficiency determination shall <u>must</u> be made and notice mailed within 3 5 years after a return was originally filed, or subsequently amended, or the tax <u>was paid</u>, whichever period expires later. In the case of the filing of a false or fraudulent return with the intent to evade this Chapter, a failure to file a required return, or willful refusal to collect

and remit the tax, a deficiency determination may be made, or a proceeding for the collection of such deficiency may be commenced, at any time and is not subject to the 5 year limitation above.

B. Operator delay. If the Division believes that the collection of any tax or any amount of tax required to be collected and paid to the City will be jeopardized by delay, or if any <u>deficiency</u> determination will be jeopardized by delay, the Division may make a <u>deficiency</u> determination of the tax or amount of tax required to be collected, noting the fact upon the <u>deficiency</u> determination. The amount so determined as <u>herein provided shall be is immediately</u> due and payable, and the Θ perator <u>shall will immediately</u> pay such determination to the Division after service of notice thereof; provided, however, the Θ perator may petition, after payment has been made, for a redetermination of the Division's assessment, if the petition is filed within 10 days from the date of the written notice from the Division.

6.04.100 Redeterminations.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 184772 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- **A.** Any <u>pP</u>erson against whom a <u>deficiency</u> determination is made under Section 6.04.090 or <u>civil penalties assessed under Section 6.04.170</u> any person directly interested may petition for a redetermination and redemption and refund within the time required in Section 6.04.090; <u>t</u> The <u>deficiency</u> determination becomes final at the expiration of the allowable time.
- **B.** If a petition for redetermination and refund is filed within the time provided in Subsection 6.04.090 A.3.allowable period, the Division Director shall will reconsider the deficiency determination or civil penalties, and, if the person has so requested in his/her the petition, shall will grant the person an oral hearing and shall give him/her 10 days notice of the time and place of the hearing. The Division Director may continue the hearing from time to time as may be necessary.
- **C.** The Division Director may decrease or increase <u>adjust</u> the amount of the <u>deficiency</u> determination as a result of the hearing and, if an increase is determined, such increase <u>shall</u> <u>will</u> be payable immediately after the hearing.
- **D.** The <u>Director's</u> order or decision of the <u>Division Director upon a petition for redetermination of redemption and refund</u> becomes final 10 days after service upon the petitioner of notice thereof, unless <u>an</u> appeal of such order of decision is filed with the Business License Appeals Board <u>or Hearings Officer</u>, if <u>applicable</u>, within the 10 days after service of such notice.
- **E.** No petition for redetermination, redemption or refund or other appeal shall will be accepted and no petition or appeal is effective for any purpose unless the Θ perator has first complied with the payment provisions hereof and has paid in full the amount determined to be due in the deficiency determination or civil penalty that is being appealed by the decision appealed from.

6.04.110 Security for Collection of Tax.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 162647 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.) The Division, whenever deemed necessary to insure ensure compliance with this Chapter, may require any eoperator-subject thereto to deposit with it such security in the form of cash, bond, or other security as the Division may determine. The amount of the security shall will be fixed determined by the Division but shall will not be greater than twice the eoperator's estimated average largest quarterly liability for the period for which he files returns, determined in such manner as the Division deems proper. No interest will accrue on any security required by the Division. The amount of the security may be increased or decreased by the Division subject to the limitation herein provided.

6.04.120 Credits or Refunds.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- A. Refunds Credits by City to Operator. Whenever the amount of any tax, penalty, or interest has been paid more than once or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by in error to the Division under this Chapter, it may be refunded credited to the Operator's account, provided a verified claim in writing therefor, stating the specific reason upon which the claim is founded, is filed with the Division within 3 years from the date of payment. The claim shall be made on forms provided by the Division. If the claim is approved by the Division, the excess amount collected or paid may be refunded or may be credited against any current or future on any amounts then due and payable from the Operator from whom it was collected or by whom paid and the balance may be refunded to such operator, his/her administrators, executors, or assignees. If there is no future liability, the Division may issue a refund.
- **B.** Refunds by City to <u>t</u>Transient. Whenever the tax required by this Chapter has been collected by the <u>θO</u>perator, and <u>deposited paid</u> by the <u>θO</u>perator <u>with to</u> the Division, and it is later determined that the tax was erroneously <u>or illegally</u> collected <u>or received</u> by the <u>Division Operator</u>, it may be refunded by the Division to the <u>t</u>Transient <u>or the party who paid the tax if different from the Transient</u>, provided a verified claim in writing <u>therefor</u>, stating the specific reason on which the claim is founded, is filed with the Division within 3 years from the date of payment. <u>Prior to any refund</u>, the Division will audit the Operator's records to determine that the <u>tax was collected and paid to the City</u>.
- C. Refunds by eoperator to tenant Transient. Whenever the tax required by this Chapter has been collected by the eoperator and it is later determined that the tenant occupies the hotel for a period exceeding 30 days without interruption tax was collected in error, the eoperator shall will refund to such tenant the Transient the tax previously collected by the operator from that tenant as transient. The eoperator shall will account for such collection and refund to the Division. If the eoperator has remitted the tax prior to refund or credit to the Transient, the Operator may request a credit for the refunded tax when the next report is filed with the City tenant, he shall be entitled to a corresponding refund under this Section.

6.04.130 Administration and Recordkeeping.

(Amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.)

- A. Records required from <u>oO</u>perator, <u>et cetera</u>; form. <u>Every oO</u>perators <u>shall must keep guest appropriate</u> records, including but not limited to registration forms or logs, accounting and bank records, supporting documentation for all deductions taken and any other documentation necessary to support the tax report filed or required to be filed of room sales and accounting books and records of the room sales. All records <u>shall must</u> be retained by the operator for a period of 3 5 years and 6 months after <u>the filing of the tax return</u>, amended return or payment of the tax, whichever is later they come into being.
- **B.** Examination of records; investigations. The Division, or any person authorized in writing by it, may examine during normal business hours the books, papers and accounting records relating to room sales of tax returns filed by any Θ perator, after notification to the Θ perator liable for collecting and remitting the tax, and may investigate the business of the Θ perator in order to verify the accuracy of any return made, or if no return is made by the operator, to ascertain and determine the amount required to be paid.
- C. Should the City institute legal proceedings in any state or federal court to collect the taxes, penalties and interest assessed in accordance with this Chapter, the City shall be entitled to its reasonable costs and attorneys' fees.
- **<u>D</u>C.** At any time within $\frac{3}{5}$ years after any tax or any amount of tax required to be collected becomes due and payable or at any time within $\frac{3}{5}$ years after any determination becomes final, in the case where no tax returns have been filed, the Division may bring an action in the courts of this State, or any other state, or of the United States in the name of the City to collect the <u>tax</u> amount <u>delinquent</u> <u>due</u>, together with <u>all</u> penalties and interest amounts assessed under this Code.
- **ED.** Confidential financial information. Except as otherwise required by law, it shall be is unlawful for the Division, the Auditor, or any elected official officer, employee, or agent, to divulge, release, or make known in any manner any financial information submitted or disclosed to the Division under the terms of Chapter 6.04, Transient Lodgings Tax. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibits:
- 1. The disclosure to, or the examination of, financial records by City officials, employees or agents for the purpose of administering or enforcing the terms of this Chapter, or collecting taxes imposed under the terms of this Chapter, or collecting City <u>permit fees or</u> business license <u>taxes</u> fees; or
- **2.** The disclosure to the <u>Operator</u> taxpayer or <u>his/her an</u> authorized representative of financial information, including amounts of transient lodgings taxes, penalties, or interest, after filing of a written request by the taxpayer or his/her authorized representative and approval of the request by the <u>Division Director Manager</u>; or
- **3.** The disclosure of the names and addresses of any persons to whom Transient Occupancy Registration Certificates of Authority have been issued; or

- **4.** The disclosure of general statistics in a form which would prevent the identification of financial information regarding any particular taxpayer's Operator's return or application; or
- **5.** The disclosure of financial information to the City Attorney or other legal representatives of the City, to the extent the Division deems disclosure or access necessary for the performance of the duties of advising or representing the Division.
- **6.** The disclosure of financial information or unpaid tax balances, including penalty and interest assessments, to an outside collection agency on contract with the City to provide collection services.

6.04.140 Business License Appeals Board; Hearings Officer; Appeal; Rules.

(Replaced by Ordinance No. 184772; amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.) The Business License Appeals Board shall have power and it shall be its duty:

- **A.** Except as provided herein, the Business License Appeals Board has authority to hear and determine appeals of orders or decisions of the Division or Division Director made upon petitions for redetermination of tax. The Board may affirm, modify, or reverse such orders or decisions or dismiss the appeals and prescribe such forms, rules, and regulations relating to appeals as it may deem necessary. In the review of the Division or Division Director's decision or order, the Board may take such evidence and make such investigation as it may deem necessary. It shall will give notice of its determinations in the manner prescribed for service of a notice of the Division or Division Director's decision and shall will file a copy of each such determination with the Division. Such determination shall will become final after 10 days and any increase to the determination becomes due and payable once final, subject to interest and penalties, and enforceable by the Division in like manner as an order or decision of the Division or Division Director.
- **B.** For an amount in controversy greater than \$10,000 and less than \$50,000, an appellant may request a hearing by an appointed Hearings Officer instead of a hearing by the Business License Appeals Board.
- C. An appeal involving an amount in controversy greater than \$50,000 shall will be heard by a Hearings Officer instead of a hearing by the Business License Appeals Board. The Hearings Officer shall will be appointed by the City Attorney, shall will be a member of the Oregon State Bar and shall will not be a City employee.
- **D.** In appeal hearings held before a Hearings Officer, the appellant and the City's representative shall will each have the right to appear in person and be represented by legal counsel, to receive notice, to respond to and present evidence, to call and cross-examine witnesses under oath and to present argument on all issues involved. Subject to the provisions herein, the City Attorney may promulgate supplementary rules and procedures for the conduct of the hearing, the forms of notice and proceedings, and the preparation and submission of the record.
- **E.** The record in a proceeding before the Hearings Officer shall will include:

- 1. All pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;
- 2. Evidence received or considered;
- 3. Stipulations;
- 4. A statement of matters officially noticed;
- 5. Questions and offers of proof, objections, and rulings thereon;
- 6. Proposed findings and exceptions; and
- 7. Any proposed, intermediate, or final order prepared by the Hearings Officer.
- **F.** The Hearings Officer shall have <u>has</u> the power to compel attendance of witnesses by deposition or at hearing and the production of documents by subpoena to any party upon showing of general relevance and subpoena in accordance with civil law.
- **G.** The formal rules of evidence <u>do</u> shall-not apply and any relevant evidence that is the sort of evidence upon which reasonably prudent persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious business affairs shall be <u>is</u> admissible. Irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded. Hearsay evidence may be considered by the Hearings Officer, but no findings may be based solely on hearsay evidence unless supported or corroborated by other relevant and competent evidence. The Hearings Officer shall <u>will</u> give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law.
- **H.** The Hearings Officer may take notice of judicially recognizable facts, and the Hearings Officer may take official notice of general, technical, or scientific facts within the specialized knowledge of City employees.
- **I.** A verbatim, written, mechanical, or electronic record shall will be made on all motions, rulings, and testimony if requested by any party. The record shall will be transcribed for the purposes of court review. If the City prevails on such review, the reasonable costs of preparing the transcript shall will be allowed as a part of the City's costs in such action.
- **J.** The Hearings Officer is authorized to rule upon issues of law or fact and to determine the amount of the tax, penalty or interest due in accordance with the Transient Lodgings Tax Law. The Hearings Office shall does not have any jurisdiction to waive, mitigate or suspend the collection of any tax, penalty or interest assessment found to be duly imposed.
- **K.** The decision of the Hearings Officer shall will be issued in writing in a final order. The final order shall becomes final on the date specified in the order, which date shall will be within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing. The decision shall be is the final administrative remedy of the appellant. Any amounts due shall be are payable to the City Treasurer City of Portland within 10 days of the order becoming final. The Hearings Officer shall will notify the parties to

a proceeding of a final order by delivering or mailing a copy of the order and any accompanying findings and conclusions to each party or, if applicable, the party's attorney of record.

6.04.150 Appeal to Business License Appeals Board, Hearings Officer.

(Replaced by Ordinance No. 184772; amended by Ordinance No. 187339, effective October 16, 2015.) Any <u>oOperator</u> or <u>tTransient</u> aggrieved by a decision of the <u>Division</u> Director made pursuant to Section 6.04.100 may appeal to the Business License Appeals Board or Hearings Officer as allowed in Section 6.04.140 by filing a notice of appeal with the <u>Division</u> Director within 10 days of the service of the notice of a Director's decision. Any hearing <u>shall</u> <u>will</u> be scheduled by the Business License Appeals Board or Hearings Officer in accordance with rules pertaining to such appeals.

6.04.155 Appeal of Penalty or Interest Assessments. Appeals of penalty and/or interest assessments are not subject to the appeals process or timeline outlined in Section 6.04.140 or 6.04.150 above. The Operator must follow the "Redetermination" procedures under Section 6.04.100. The decision of the Director regarding penalty and interest assessments is final.

6.04.160 Appeals to City Council.

(Repealed by Ordinance No. 184772, effective August 26, 2011.)

6.04.165 Presumptive Tax for Failure to Register or File Returns.

- **A.** The Director may impose a presumptive tax upon any Person failing or refusing to register as an Operator or file tax returns as required under this Chapter.
- **B.** In calculating the presumptive tax amount when imposed under this Section, the Division will determine:
- 1. The number of rooms that the Operator controlled for each day that it was not registered; and
- 2. The room rental rate, based upon the best available information, including comparable operations by a similarly situated Operator; or
- 3. Use any other reasonable method available to the Division to impose a presumptive tax, including but not limited to tax returns filed by similarly situated Operators.
- C. Any presumptive tax issued under this section will include penalty and interest assessments based on when the registration or tax returns were originally due, following the rules established within this Chapter.
- **D.** Presumptive taxes are not intended to approximate actual taxes that may be due and nothing prohibits the Division from assessing excessive tax amounts due based on reasonable assumptions and calculation methods.

6.04.170 Violations Civil Penalties for Violations of this Chapter.

(Amended by Ordinance Nos. 186985 and 187339, effective October 16, 2015.) It is unlawful for any Operator or other <u>pP</u>erson so required to fail or refuse to register as required herein, or to furnish fail or refuse to file any return required to be made, or to fail or refuse to furnish file a

supplemental return or any other data required by the Division, or to render a false or fraudulent return, or to fail to perform any of the duties required in Chapter 6.04. No pPerson required to make, render, sign, or verify any report shall will make any false or fraudulent report, with intent to defeat or evade the determination of any amount due required by this Chapter. In addition to any presumptive taxes assessed under Section 6.04.165, tThe Division Director may impose a civil penalty of up to \$500 for each violation of this Chapter. Violations may be assessed as frequently as necessary to achieve compliance with this Chapter, up to and including daily. A violation includes, but is not limited to:

- **A.** Failure to file any required Transient Lodgings Tax payment and/or report, including any penalties and interest, within 60 days of the due date;
- **B.** Filing a false or fraudulent report;
- C. Failure to register a <u>H</u>otel or Short-Term Rental, or failure to register as an Operator with the Division as described in Section 6.04.060;
- **D.** Failure to maintain a separate account for the transient lodgings tax collected when required by the Division;
- **E.** Failure to provide any data or other information requested by the Division, including but not limited to, the physical address of a transient lodging occupancy location within Portland and the related contact information;
- **F.** Failure by a Host to obtain an Accessory Short-Term Rental permit, or failure by any Operator to prominently display provide the Type A Permit Number, or Type B Conditional Use case file number or Revenue Division issued advertising number in advertising or other listing services, or failure by the Host to post this the number in the Short-Term Rental unit; and
- **G.** Failure by an <u>Operator Booking Agent</u> to prominently display the Accessory Short-Term Rental permit <u>number</u>, or case file number <u>or other number issued by the Division in all advertisements and/or in the Short-Term Rental</u>.
- H. Failure by an Operator to maintain records required in Subsection 6.04.130 A.