A PROGRAM FOR DEFENSE RECREATION PORTLAND, OREGON

Submitted to the Federal Security Agency

by the

Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation City of Portland

Recreation Committee

Multnomah County Office of Civilian Defense

May 21, 1943

Recreation Planning Project

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I. INTRODUCTION

Purpose of the Report

This report is directed to the Federal Security Agency with the specific request that funds be made available for that part of a needed defense recreation program which the City of Portland is not able to finance. Within the city limits constructed since the outbreak of the war, are the two large Kaiser Shipyards, Swan Island employing 30,000 to 31,000 and the Oregon Shipyards employing 30,000. Outside the city limits, across the river in Vancouver are the other Kaiser Yards, employing 45,000. This is in addition to the approximately 115,080 employes of 201 war industries, the largest of which are Albina Engine and Machine Works, American Sheet Metal Works, Beall Pipe & Tank Corporation, Columbia Aircraft Industries, Columbia Wire & Iron Works, Iron Fireman Mfg. Company, Oregon Electric Steel Company, the Gunderson Machine Shop, and the Willamette Iron & Steel Company, who are engaged almost entirely in war industries.

Within the city limits of Portland and within $\frac{1}{2}$ mile radius of the city limits there are under construction some 17,916 units of housing with a population of 63,790. It is believed that this request is justified since an expanded recreation program is urgently needed if the construction and operations of plants essential to the war effort are not to suffer and since the city is unable to carry all the additional financial burden.

Preparation of the Report

As a result of conferences in August 1942, between industry, responsible citizens, the State Recreation Committee and the Field Representative of the Federal Security Agency, it was determined that a report on a Defense Recreation Expansion program in Portland should be prepared. The Recreation Director was requested to prepare a comprehensive recreation program. The recommended program was submitted for analysis to the Federal Security Agency, the School District and the City Department.

A Multnomah County Recreation Committee was appointed as a part of Portland's Civilian Defense organization and one of its first duties was the consideration of the recommended report.

This recommended defense recreation program has been thoroughly studied by the Recreation Committee, the Department

of Finance, the Superintendent of Parks, Mr. C. P. Keyser, and the Director of Recreation, Miss Dorothea Lensch. It has been reviewed and approved by the Executive Committee of the Civilian Defense Council composed of responsible city officials, citizens and representatives of the defense plants.

It has been reviewed and approved by the Portland Housing Authority, the Public School Administration, the Portland Council of Churches and the State Recreation Committee. The proposed budget has been approved by the Executive Committee of the Civilian Defense Council, and the budget appropriations of the City of Portland have been approved by the City Council.

It has long been the intention of the City to expand its recreation program and therefore the proposed defense recreation program will in all probability be taken over and carried on by the City as soon as local financing becomes feasible. These recommendations for an immediate recreation program are accompanied by a long range plan for the Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation program prepared by the Planning Commission of Portland Oregon as a guide in site acquisition and development. The report is attached.

This long range plan has been followed since 1938 when the . 4 mill tax for park acquisitions was passed by the voters. The distribution and use of facilities and areas recommended in the report has been approved by the Planning Commission.

Portland's Situation up to the Present War Impact

Portland as a community, has been known as the "City of Homes". It has been essential as an agricultural and shipping center and has had an orderly and controlled growth. About one-third of the population in Oregon resided in Portland, and according to plans of the existing distribution should continue by 1960. Portland should reach 400,000. Portland did reach the 400,000 mark in June 1942. Portland has had a recreation system since 1909 and care has been taken in the development of the City to provide reserve space for schools, industry and recreational areas. These spaces are not left over unusable tracts but were selected because they were well located and well suited to serve community needs.

Portland, a bulging community has found its resources, and personnel, strained to meet the expanding demands of the community. The following tables summarize the principal available facts and trends in the Portland population and housing units.

Population Trends:

Census	<u>N</u>	umber	% Increase
City Founded i 1860 1870 1880 1890	2,		250% 188% 112% 163%

Population Trends (continued)

Census	Number	% Increase
1900	90,426	95%
1910	207,214	129%
1920	258,288	25%
1930	301,815	13%
1940	305,394	1.1%
1942	417,000	36%
1943 (5 months)	475,000	14%

Industrial Employment Trends

Year	Number	% Increase
1930 1940 1942 1943 (5 months)	145,135 142,167 178,776 205,000	(Decrease) 2.04% 25.75%

War Industires in Portland

Air Reduction Sales Company Aladdin Company Air King Mfg. Company Alaska Junk Company Albina Engine & Machine Wks American Brake & Shoe Fdry American Can Company American Lumber Company American Sheet Metal Works Ames-Harris-Neville Company Anderson, F. A. Mfg. Company Arrow Metal Works Associated Welding & Mach. Wks Austin Sheet Metal Works	2949 NW Front Ave. North Portland 1738 S.W. Front 900 S W 1st Ave. 2103 N Clark 9933 N W 107th Ave 2127 N W 26th Ave 8503 N Denver 446 NE 11th Ave 1506 N W Hoyt St 214 N W Flanders 2225 N Killingsworth 829 NW Everett St 104 S E 7th Ave	Un Att Mu Un Be Mu Ea Br Ga Br	2467 1652 0017 7501 1135 1346 1183 1147 0111 1246 5123 1171 4373 5554
Baker-Barkon Corporation Barnard Furniture Mfg Co Bayer, J. C. Bayly Mfg Company Beall Pipe & Tank Corp. Beaver Cloak & Suit Mfg Co. Beaver Mfg Company Becker, Ray F. Company Bingham Pump Company Blake & David Lumber Company Brong Machine Works Buckler-Chapman Joiner Works Buckler-Merwin Company	1335 SW Morrison 2805 SE 14th Ave 14 S W Market St. 1319 S E Union Ave 1945 N Columbia Blvd 1710 N E 17th Ave 4021 SE 17th Ave 685 N Page St 705 S. E. Main St. North Portland 421 N E 12th Ave 200 N Columbia Blvd 2041 N Argyle	Ve At Ea Mu La Mu Ea Un Ea	0501 2575 1101 8133 1151 5687 5752 2133 2151 1425 9426 2241
C-W-S Grinding & Machine Wks California Packing Corp Cambridge & Hiatt Central Brass & Iron Fdry Chase Bag Company	1101 W Burnside Weatherly Building 923 N E Union Ave 1921 S E Grand Ave 2550 N W Nicolai	Ea Ea La	5454 9151 5494 1998 4366

City Iron Works Clark-Ulman Welding Company Clark & Wilson Lbr Company Coast Machine & Welding Works Collins Concrete & Steel Pipe Columbia Aircraft Industries Columbia Brick Works Columbia Steel Casting Co Columbia Wire & Iron Works Colvin-Slocum Boats, Inc. Commercial Iron Works Concrete Construction Co Crawford & Doherty Fdry Co Crown Mills	723 N Tillamook St 24 S W Clay 10504 NW St Helens 1418 SW Front Ave 3841 N Columbia Blvd 512 S E Mill St 1320 S E Water Ave 933 N W Johnson St 814 S E Market St Route 7, Box 1488 412 S E Stephens 1635 S E 11th Ave 4604 S E 17th Ave 733 S W Oak	At Un At Un Ve Ea Br Ea Tr At La	3314 3944 0625 4060 0605 2121 1101 0555 4146 6459 9131 4181 2185 9441
Dean Company Dennis Uniform Mfg Company Design Mfg Company Disston, Henry & Sons Inc. Doernbecher Mfg Company Durkee Famous Foods, Inc	Box 426, Gresham 1109 S W 4th Ave 6805 N E 46th Ave 635 N W 16th Ave 1100 N E 28th Ave 2736 N W Front Ave	Tr Br Tr	3810 0364 1239 1174 1496
East St Johns Shingle Company East Side Mill & Lbr Company East Side Tool & Die Works Eastern & Western Lbr Company Electric Steel Fdry Co Electro-Metallurgical Co. Enterprise Fdry Company Enterprise Planing Mill Co Evans Products Company	9038 N Fortune Ave 336 S E Spokane 912 S E Hawthorne Blvd 2501 N W Front 2141 N W 25th Ave Box 2530 St Johns 1311 S E 8th Ave 50 S E Yamhill Public Service Bldg.	Ea Br At Un Ea Ea	0676 7162 9329 5534 2141 1636 1776 0197 3648
Fowler Corporation	1203 S E 8th Ave	Ea	0050
Gabriel Erection Company Galvinizers, Inc Gender Machine Shop Goldstein's Inc. Grand Metal Products Corp Griffith Rubber Mills Gunderson Brothers	1428 N W 14th Ave 2406 N W 30th Ave 28 S W Clay St 218 S W Jefferson 309 N E Davis St 2439 N W 22nd Ave 225 N W 14th Ave	Br At At Ea Be	5614 5611 5488 9628 2181 7127 8171
Harsch Machine Works Hawthorne Sheet Metal Works Helser Machine & Marine Works Hesse-Ersted Iron Works Hippely Machine Works, Inc. Hirsch-Weis Mfg Company Hirschberger Company Howard-Cooper Corp	1623 S E 6th Ave 1515 S E 28th Ave 2401 N W 22nd Ave. 816 S E Taylor St 114 S W Oak St 67 W Burnside 219 S W Ankeny 307 S E Hawthorne	La Br La At Br At	9115 8222 6591 4117 9800 3676 6732 8188
Industrial Air Products Co Industrial Chrome Plating Co Inman Poulsen Lumber Co International Wood Products Co	2339 S E Grand Ave	La Ea	4311 7877 5111 1379

International Pacific Pulp and Paper Company Iron Fireman Mfg Company Isaacson Iron Works	4234 S W Macadam 4784 S E 17th Ave 906 N E 3rd Ave	At 3107 Ea 2121 Mu 2109
Jantzen Knitting Mills John, B. P. Furniture Corp. Johnson, B. F. Lumber Co. Jones Lumber Company	411 N E 19th Ave 5200 S W Macadam Linnton 5500 S W Macadam	Ea 1183 At 0151 Un 0369 At 2323
Kach Machine Works Kaiser Company, Inc. Kenton Machine Works Kern & Kibbe King Brothers Inc Kingsley Lumber Company	4511 N E Union Ave Box 4259 North Portland 8411 N Denver Ave 42 S E Salmon St 3500 S E 17th Ave Linnton	Ga 5384 We 2282 Mu 7122 Ea 4116 Ea 7193 Un 0671
Langville Mfg Company Leupold, Volpel & Company Libby, McNeill & Libby Logan War Products Company Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company Losli Sheet Metal Works	2036 S E Grand Ave 425 N E 70th Ave 3600 S E 22nd Ave 1005 S E Grand Ave 532 N E Davis St 1428 S W 1st Ave	Ea 2517 La 9402 Ea 0107 Ea 4164 Ea 9157 At 2502
M & M Woodworking Company Mangus Metal Corp McCracken Machine Works McCreery Mfg Co McCulloch & Sons McDonald & Wetle Mcrcer Steel Company, Inc Mixermobile Mfgrs. Monarch Forge & Machine Works Montag Stove & Furnace Works	2401 N Columbia Blvd 3074 N W St Helens 2335 N W 29th Ave Royal Building 4300 N W St Helens 915 S E Hawthorne 838 N W 13th Ave 6855 N E Halsey 2130 N W York St 2011 N Columbia Blvd	Mu 1186 Be 7820 Be 2715 Be 9189 Be 6108 Ea 1639 Br 3495 Su 1105 Br 0632 Mu 2191
National Tank & Pipe Company Nicolai Door Mfg Company Nicolai-Neppach Company North Pacific Canners & Packer: Northwest Canners Assn. NW Copper & Sheet Metal Wks Northwest Stove Works, Inc	Kenton Station 1935 N Argyle St 117 N W Davis St s Railway Exchange Bldg Board of Trade Bldg 534 S E Madison 2345 S E Gladstone St	Mu 1164 Ga 1138 Br 0446 Br 3471 At 5716 Ea 8776 La 2181
Olson Machine & Welding Wks Oregon Brass Works Oregon Culvert & Pipe Company Oregon Door Company Oregon Elec Steel Rolling Co Oregon Portland Cement Co Oregon Shipbuilding Corp Oregon War Industries Oregon Welding & Machine Wks Oregon Worsted Company	535 S E Madison 1127 S E 10th Ave 2321 S E Gladstone 336 S E Spokane 3700 N W Yeon 111 S E Madison St St Johns Station 2211 N W Front Ave 316 N W 4th Ave 8300 McLoughlin Ave	Ea 1861 Ea 7121 La 4145 Ea 7162 Be 4795 Ea 3116 Un 3611 Br 0571 Br 5252 La 2128
P & C Hand Forged Tool Co	Milwaukie, Oregon	Su 3742

	Pacific Carbide & Alloys Co Pacific Chain Mfg Company Paulson Machine Works Pine Box & Crate Company Pendleton Woolen Mills Peninsula Iron Works Pennsylvania Salt Mfg Co Perfection Sportswear Co Peters Company Peterson Forge, Inc. Phoenix Iron Works Plylock Corp. Poole, McGonigle & Jennings Portland Bolt & Mfg Co Portland Concrete Pipe Prod Co Portland Furniture Mfg Co Portland Gas & Coke Co Portland Iron Works Portland Lumber Company Portland Shingle Company Portland Wire & Iron Works Portland Woolen Mills Premier Gear & Machine Works Quality Brass & Aluminum Fdry	Public Service Bldg 1335 N W Northrup 6611 N Burlington Ave 9038 N Denver Ave 4644 S E 17th Ave 6639 N Baltimore Ave 1700 N W Thurman St	Beratuse Evantatrus Mulan Baratrus Evantatrus Mulan Baratrus Mulan	1688 2402 1811 3139 1146 1044 3165 8924 8792 2252 0029 0625 9351 5488 8384 3358 7611 1107 0688 1183 2195 0615 1151
	Rheem Mfg Company Rich Mfg Company Rose City Plating Works Ross Island Sand & Gravel	North Portland 866 N Columbia Blvd 722 N E Union Ave 4129 S E McLoughlin	Tr Ea	3189 1147 9844 2177
	Sand Chas E Plywood Co Sandberg's Sheet Metal Works Schmitt Steel Company Senter, M R Tool Service Service Bronne & Brass Wks Simonds Saw & Steel Co Skookum Company Inc Soule Steel Company Southeast Lumber Company Sperry Flour Company Sperry Flour Company Standard Supply Co Starr Fruit Products Co Stauffer Chemical Co Steel Construction Co Steel Tank & Pipe Company Storey, T W Tool & Die Wks Swift & Company Superbilt Mfg Co Inc	902 N W 14th Ave 500 N E Union Ave 2407 N W 28th Ave 1240 S E 9th Ave 1009 S E Main St 311 S W 1st Ave 8504 N Crawford St 2727 N W 35th Ave 6647 S E 100th Ave 139 S E Washington St 3432 S E Belmont 934 S E 6th Ave 105 S E Yamhill St PO Box 68, N Portland Ft of SW Curry St 518 N E Columbia Blvd 420 S E 6th Ave North Portland 2511 N E Holladay St	Ea Bea Ea Ea Un Beu Ea Ea Un Bru Ea Ea Un Bru Ea Ea Ea Un Bru Ea Ea Un Ea Ea Ea Un Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	6274 6109 5108 4672 5564 9383 3659 5155 1166 9121 3711 6111 0194 3887 0707 2126 6070 2431 1181
1	Timber Structures Inc	2838 S E 9th Ave 3400 N W Yeon 913 N Williams Ave	At	5186 7631 7169
	United Foundry Co. Inc.	2315 N W 30th Ave.	Be	2002

Vaughan Motor Works	833 S E Main St	Ea 1108
Wentworth & Irwin, Inc West Oregon Lumber Co Western Cooperage Co Western Foundry Company Western Steel Casting Co Western Tool & Die Works Willamette Iron & Steel Corp Willamette-Hyster Company	123 N E Oregon St Linnton American Bank Bldg 2400 S W Water Ft of S W Woods St 421 N W 3rd Ave 3050 N W Front 2902 N E Clackamas	Ea 5156 Un 0641 Be 6124 At 0207 At 4163 Br 0715 At 9511 Ga 1234
Young Iron Works	2340 N W Nicolai	None

PORTLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY UNITS

Project Project	Total !	No. Number
Number Name	Units	Occupied
Ore. 2-1	400 967 260 358 118 725 72 2005 9914 100 85 360 718 264 114 90 130 476 360 75 325	400 800 260 358 117 725 72 1935 3660 84 85 Completion unscheduled

TOTAL POPULATION

63,790

The Recreation Problem Portland Now Faces

The wartime emergency program has increased the population of Portland, Oregon, from 300,000 to 475,000. Portland, being the only large city, carries the enlarged population load from outlying areas such as Troutdale, Oregon City and Vancouver which is estimated as an additional 100,000.

The existing facilities of Portland in terms of outdoor play areas are adequate in terms of space and most inadequate in terms of leadership. The existing facilities of Portland in the

way of indoor space are fairly adequate but most inadequate in leadership.

The Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks has opened the public school buildings and existing church gymnasiums in all sections of the city in proportion to the leadership available through the city budget. Thirty-eight school districts have facilities but no leadership. The Portland Housing Authority has constructed sixteen community centers with supplementing outdoor areas but does not provide recreational leadership.

These units with their prospective population of 63,790 will be of no service to the war effort unless they are efficiently staffed and equipped.

The military areas adjacent to Portland have depended upon the recreational facilities and leadership of Portland for their normal program as well as special feature events.

A lack of indoor facilities is noted primarily in the downtown thickly populated section. Men and women in the downtown concentrated quarters have no outlet except the medium of commercial amusements.

The opportunity for wholesome social, physical, artistic and mental recreation is required on a 24 hour basis seven days per week. Adjustment to Portland's community depends upon the personal satisfaction of these newcomers now confined to one local west side area. The need is a downtown recreation center.

Another need is the establishment of a colored recreation center for civilians. The negro population has expanded from 900 to approximately 5,000 within the year.

The triple shift of the war plants, the gas rationing, and the limited commercial transportation have thrown the bulk of non-commercial recreation on public facilities.

PORTLAND'S WAR RECREATION EXPANSION PROGRAM TO DATE HAS BEEN:

- 1. The opening of the Lents Community Center located in the southeast district of Portland, provided for supervised activities five days a week after school until 10:00 p.m. This materially assisted parents who were working. The first indication of the trend of both-parent employment was shown in this area.
- 2. The Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks, anticipating the need for afterschool supervision and direct leadership in an emergency blackout or an evacuation period, established the recreation volunteer corps. Three-hundred sixty individuals enrolled for the training course and three-hundred twenty were certified.
- 3. An intensified physical fitness campaign was instigated and set up in a practical manner to afford conditioning to men and women in the pre-induction training as well as for the civi-

lians. All communities are provided leadership through the Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation. Groups desiring special training periods were given such assistance upon request. Leaflets were prepared and distributed for home usage. 4. With the growth of Portland's population the teen-age problem developed. The Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks established high school Friday night dances in a central eastside area away from the business center. This program proved highly popular with the employment of first class orchestras. 5. The Albina Community Center was established to serve the recreational needs of the so-called blight area of Portland. Albina is located above the car barns and repair shops and is now a community composed of an increased colored population. Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation has placed a supervisor in charge five afternoons and five evenings per week in the Albina District.

- 6. Before the opening of the summer playgrounds, the department, working with all agencies in the community, set up a Junior Volunteer Recreation Corps whose function was to assist the local neighborhood recreation directors in a check-in and check-out system for children whose parents were working or whose parents wished to know that their children were under supervision during volunteer defense working periods. The check-in and check-out system served the community well during a three months period on thirty-two playground areas. The regular directors' recommendation for the next summer was that a paid assistant for the pre-school and kindergarten level would be of definite value, rather than the volunteer. The high school age volunteers by next season will be employed in the metropolitan area or in the harvest fields, necessitating additional staff to carry on the work.
- 7. Preliminary working conferences were established with plant personnel managers to ascertain the recreational needs of their workers and their families. A recreation survey form was drawn up and sent to all plants. The workers at that time were housed throughout the city and so there was no definite indication of how many workers and their families utilized the park facilities, although an increase in morning and evening participation was noted in areas where plant managers claimed housed the majority of their workers. From the summer sampling, a morning, afternoon and evening program has developed.
- 8. The Portland Industrial Recreation Program has been expanded to include fitness classes, home recreation programs, community theatricals, war industrial golf leagues, basketball tournaments, softball leagues, table tennis, badminton, bridge, victory garden classes, social dances, traveling caravans, teenage programs, nursery programs and first aid classes.

In summary Portland's need for additional services covers primarily, personnel, two additional recreation centers, supplies, equipment and maintenance.

Under these circumstances, an expansion of the present activity program and use of existing facilities, school buildings, churches, eight recreation centers and the newly constructed facilities of the housing projects is essential; yet the community which has demonstrated its willingness to meet the problem finds its resources inadequate. The municipality is faced with increased costs for most municipal services without a corresponding increase in revenue.

Returns from business licenses of other miscellaneous taxes have increased but revenue from real property taxes will not be increased service. Most of the construction is tax exempt. Individual citizens are benefitting through higher wages, rentals, etc.; but the community must increase its police and fire services out of all proportion to new revenues.

The solution to the need for recreation expansion will necessarily involve participation on the part of the appropriate federal agencies.

In 1943 Portland's operating expenditures for recreation are expected to total \$656,856.10; \$541,949.10 of which has been appropriated by the City Council, and the Federal Security Agency is asked to provide the balance of \$114,907.00.

II. A PROPOSED DEFENSE RECREATION PROGRAM

- A. The war effort of Portland can be maintained or enhanced through the effective participation of its citizens in Recreation. The morale of the Home, Industry and the Community is dependent upon the personal health, fitness, and satisfactions of the individual. Portland would assist the war effort through an expanded recreation program making available to every age level, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, within walking distances of each community, a well grounded recreation program.
 - 1. PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES:
 - a. softball
 - b. baseball
 - c. volleyball
 - d. handball
 - e, basketball
 - f. swimming
 - g. horseshoe pitching
 - h. golf
 - i. table tennis
 - j. badminton
 - k. tennis
 - 1. soccer
 - m. outdoor bowling
 - n. field hockey
 - o. speedball
 - p. archery
 - q. calisthenics
 - r. apparatus

2. ARTS AND CRAFTS

- a. weaving
- b. knitting
- c. leather tooling
- d. pottery
- e. furniture structure
- f. woodcarving
- g. remodeling
- h. designing
- i. painting
- j. sketching
- k. peasant embroidery

3. DRAMA, DANCE, MUSIC

- a. little theatricals
- b. pageants
- c. story plays
- d. story games
- e. tap dancing f. folk dancing
- g. kindergarten rhythms
- h. social dancing
- i. group singing
- j. small orchestras
- k. rhythm bands
- 1. community sings

4. SOCIAL AND EDUCATIONAL

- a. group parties
- b. community assemblies
- c. garden groups
- d. first aid classes
- e. bridge classes
- f. home nursing

5. IN ADDITION SPECIAL EVENTS WOULD BE PROVIDED SUCH AS:

a. TOURNAMENTS

- (1) softball
- (2) tennis
- (3) volleyball
- (4) badminton
- (5) basketball
- (6) golf
- (7) handball
- (8) swimming
- (9) horseshoe
- (10) table tennis
- (11) marbles
- (12) rope jumping

b. TRIPS

- (1) bicycle caravans
- (2) zoo trips
- (3) hikes
- (4) industrial tours
- (5) adult overnight camps

c. CAMPS

- (1) day camping
- (2) harvest camping
- (3) overnight camps

d. TRAINING

- (1) home recreation institutes
- (2) junior volunteer institutes
- (3) day care leadership groups
- (4) craft training
- (5) story hour training
- (6) manager training classes

PORTLAND'S EMERGENCY WAR RECREATION NEEDS

From an industrial, morale and absenteeism standpoint the expansion of Portland's normal recreation program is a "must". In point of importance to assist in maintaining high industrial morale and in lowering absenteeism, the following projects are an absolute necessity in establishing this program, namely:-

- a. Downtown Industrial Recreation Center
- b. Colored Recreation Center
- c. Public Community Centers, Housing Centers, Recreational Areas and School Areas

DOWNTOWN INDUSTRIAL RECREATION CENTER - There are no recreational facilities on the West Side which will permit 24-hour service to defense workers. The need for social dances, club activities, work of theatricals, games and swimming has been expressed by the war defense workers and plant managements. There is nothing outside of commercial amusements in the downtown area.

A location has been found in the Oregon Athletic Association Building. It is ideally constructed for this purpose and could be obtained on a rental basis for the duration. This club is located at S. W. 13th and Main Street, in the most thickly populated rooming house and apartment district within five blocks of the heart of the city. It has a standard gymnasium, a swimming pool, men's and women's dressing rooms and showers, a large social lobby, small dance floor, bowling alleys, a combination ballroom and auditorium with balcony seats as well as collapsible chairs. From industry's survey this is an adequate building. The Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks of the city could partially staff the center, although maintenance, rental and cleaning cannot be met under the present city budget.

COLORED RECREATION CENTER - The urgent need for a colored recreation center has come with the large influx of colored people. This could have been absorbed if the Williams Avenue colored YWCA had remained the local community center in the Albina area. This center has been turned over to the USO and is exclusively reserved for the service men. There are no facilities to provide meeting places for the colored population. It is recommended that a club space be rented and a supervisor employed at once. In 1942 Portland's colored population was 900; it is

now 5,000. In addition there are 400 colored men located at the Portland Air Base. The Pendleton Air Base at Pendleton, Oregon sends groups of 200 to Portland for recreation each week.

PUBLIC COMMUNITY CENTERS, HOUSING CENTERS AND RECREATION AREAS - There are within the limits of the City of Portland, fifty-six recreational areas, 8 outdoor swimming pools, 3 indoor swimming pools, plus 16 new recreational housing centers and play areas bearing the load of the 475,000 inhabitants of Portland. The supervision of these areas with provision for instruction as well as organized competition in sports, drama, music, arts and crafts has exhausted the personnel, equipment and maintenance budget of the city. The need is additional personnel and some supplementary supplies and maintenance.

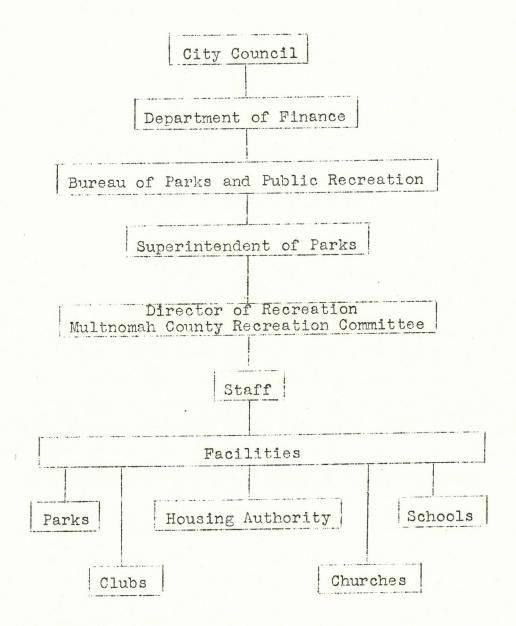
This program as set forth is necessary to the health and moral welfare of the civilian group who are producing the ships and implements of war so necessary to our war effort. Many of these workers are living in overcrowded rooming houses and apartments, and a need for clean wholesome recreation is paramount. To meet the growing needs of Portland through an adequate staff, facilities and equipment, the City of Portland, Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation is requesting Lanham Act Funds to operate according to the City's fiscal year beginning July 1st, 1943, and continuing through June 30, 1944. Therefore, we urge immediate consideration of this application.

This, in brief, is a composite picture of the extended war impact year round program to be provided to the residents within the Portland city limits and the outlying areas using public buildings, church facilities, private clubs, school buildings and housing units.

The program content will vary with the climatic changes of Portland. Every age group, the pre-school, the school, teen age, adult, serviceman, women's groups, mixed groups and hobby groups will be served. The Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation of the City of Portland will employ personnel to program, to supervise, and direct the activities on a year round basis, free of charge, in accordance with the City Charter. The leadership will be selected according to the qualifications established by the Civil Service Board of the City of Portland. The personnel will be under the supervision and direction of the Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation and will be assigned to specific duties according to the need of the community center as director, play leader, craft, sports, drama and dance director.

B. ADMINISTRATION

1. Organization:



2. Personnel Increase:

Full-Time

- 9 Recreation Directors
- 2 Swimming Directors 16 Assistant Recreation Directors
- 8 Play Leaders
- 4 Maintenance Men
- 1 Janitor
- 2 Asst. Janitors

Summer Program

9 Play Leaders 2 Relief Guards

10 Checkers

1 Life Guard

III EXTENT OF FEDERAL AID NEEDED

The Recreation Budget on the preceding pages outlines proposed expenditures in detail. The following tabular statement summarizes the proposed expenditures by Portland and the Federal Security Agency.

Portland has been spending \$1.09 per capita under its normal recreation budget. Now the city proposes to increase its normal budget by 18% to meet in part the need for defense recreation.

Therefore, Portland believes that it is justified in requesting Federal aid for the balance of the expenditures necessary to put into operation the recommended defense recreation program.

PROPOSED RECREATION BUDGET OF THE CITY OF PORTLAND (Fiscal year - July 1, 1943 to July 1, 1944) \$656,856.10

Tentative Normal Budget for Recreation
Personal Service \$370,293.80
Operation & Maintenance 50,429.51
Equipment 1,800.00
Capital Outlay 119,425.79

Needed Grant from Federal Security Agency 114,907.00
Personnel 83,660.00
Supplies, Maintenance 18,747.00
Facilities 9,500.00
Capital Outlay 3,000.00

BREAKDOWN PORTLAND RECREATION BUDGET

	Personal Service Ma	Operation and intenance	Equip- ment	Total
Comfort Stations Executive & Clerical Park & Community Bldg. Playground Maintenance Swimming Tanks Zoo	15,492.60 22,751.40 198,951.40 67,687.20 16,670.80 14,198.40	2,417.00 2,555.00 17,445.00 8,662.50 4,675.00 5,805.00	900.00	17,909.60 25,306.40 217,296.40 76,349.70 21,345.80 20,003.40
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	335,751.80	41,559.50	900.00	378,211.30
Eastmoreland Golf Rose City Golf West Hills Golf	12,343.80 12,343.80 7,289.40	4,455,00 2,935.00 1,090.00	300.00 300.00 300.00	17,098.80 15,578.80 8,679.40
TOTAL GOLF	31,977.00	8,480.00	900.00	41,367.00
Public Recreation Areas Land Purchases	2,565.00	380.01		2,945.01 119,425.79
TOTAL	2,565.00	380.01		122,370.80
GRAND TOTAL	370,293.80	50,429.51	1800.00	541,949.10

PROPOSED DEFICIT BREAKDOWN

PERSONNEL

Recreation Summer Staff - The neighborhood parks and playgrounds adjacent to the shipyards, war industries and housing projects require additional personnel. \$660.00 2 Play Leaders Pier Park (3 mo.) \$110.00 110.00 660.00 2 Play Leaders Columbia Park 330.00 110.00 1 Play Leader St. Johns 1 Play Leader Peninsula Park 330.00 110.00 330.00 110.00 1 Play Leader Alberta Park \$ 2.970.00 660,00 110.00 2 Play Leaders Johnson Creek Recreation Summer Swim Staff - Pools adjacent to shipyards and housing projects. 125.00 750.00 2 Relief Guards (3 mo.) \$ 2,790.00 2040.00 85.00 8 Checkers The Year Round Staff - Directly related to industry and housing projects. 8 Recreation Directors (12 mo.) 175.00 1400.00 \$16,800.00 The Indoor Play Leaders' Program (Afternoon and Evening supervision in church buildings and housing projects and park buildings)

8 Play Leaders (overall)		125.00	12000,00		
Community	and	Housing	Recreation	Facilities	

(12 mo.)

4 Maintenance Men (12 mo.) 150.00 600.00 \$ 7,200.00

Downtown Industrial Recreation Center

2 Swim Directors 16 Assistant Directors

for recreation

2 1 2	Life Guard Checkers Janitor Assistant Janitors	(10 mo.) (10 mo.) (12 mo.) (12 mo.)	110.00 90.00 175.00 125.00	1100.00 1800.00 2100.00 3000.00	#10 100 00
	Recreation Director	(12 mo.)	175.00	2100.00	\$10,100.00

TOTAL PERSONNEL \$83,660.00

3000.00

28800.00

\$43,800.00

125.00

150.00

SUPPLIES

Additional requirements necessary for additional load due to industrial program and the load on the adjacent parks, school buildings, community center and negro center.

Children's Games 8750,00 First Aid Supplies 300:00 General Craft Supplies 500.00 Sports Equipment and standard supplies (tennis table. gym mats, bowling balls, records, magazines and sound equipment) 4572.00 Outdoor Pool Supplies 425.00 \$ 6,547.00 (Towels, Chlorine, etc)

Maintenance Load - Playground areas, Community buildings, rest rooms

Recreational areas adjacent to the new development and the war plants.

Maintenance (Sawdust, sand, towels, Tissue, soap, brooms, rakes, light globes, etc.)

\$ 1,300.00

Maintenance Industrial Center

Miscellaneous
(Pool supplies, Laundry, soap,
wax, light bulbs, brooms,
toilet tissue, paper, mops,
heat, light, water and
phone) (12 mo.) 6900,00

Cleaning, labor and renovation (12 mo.) 1000.00 \$ 7,900.00

Recreation Swimming - Buckman Pool

Six hour basis, 5 days per week (10 months) City Budget provides for two months.

Light, Power, oil and chemicals (10 mo.)

300.00 \$ 3,000.00

TOTAL SUPPLIES \$ 18,747.00

FACILITIES

Downtown Industrial Recreation Center

Rent (12 months) \$ 4,500.00

Colored Recreation Center

Renovation, tinting, blinds, furniture (no critical material) 3,000.00

New Development

Rental and Maintenance 5,000.00

Total Facilities \$ 12,500.00

Personnel \$83,660.00

Supplies 18,747.00

Facilities 12,500.00

GRAND TOTAL \$114,907.00

PUBLIC COMMUNITY CENTERS, HOUSING CENTERS AND RECREATION AREAS

The City of Portland through its Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks would extend the normal services of the Department to meet the increased needs for recreation through the placement of additional personnel. This personnel will be selected and placed in facilities owned by the City, the school, the Housing Authority, the church, and fraternal organizations. The program will be all inclusive on a 12 to 24 hour basis on a year round schedule (free of charge). The content of the program will vary with the climatic conditions of Portland. The consultants for this extended recreational service will be the Multnomah County OCD Recreation Committee, the local neighborhood councils and the industrial center subcommittee.

Year Round Staff

Parks, Housing Projects adjacent to Shipyards and War Industr	Parks,	Housing	Projects	adjacent	to	Shipyards	and	War	Industrie
---	--------	---------	----------	----------	----	-----------	-----	-----	-----------

14 Asst. Recreation Directors 8 Play Leaders (overall.) 4 Maintenance Men	175.00 (12 mo.) 150.00 125.00 150.00 125.00	14,700.00 25,200.00 12,000.00 7,200.00 3,000.00
Summer Staff		
	110.00 (3 mo.) 125.00 85.00	2,970.00 750.00 2,040.00
Outdoor and Indoor Pool Supplies		
Towels, chlorine, etc.		524.00
Light, Power, Oil & Chemicals	300.00 (10 mo)	3,000.00
Maintenance (sawdust, sand, tow brooms, rakes, lig		1,300.00

TOTAL \$72,585.00

DOWNTOWN INDUSTRIAL CENTER

The City of Portland through its Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks would operate the downtown industrial center as a municipal recreation center (free of charge) on a 24 hour basis the year round. The program would be all inclusive, providing special features adaptable to the industrial needs as well as correlate with the existing community programs. The consultants for the center in reference to activity planning will be the City OCD Recreation Committee and the Subcommittee of Industry.

Rent Maintenance (Pool supplies, laun		49	4,500.00
soap, wax, light brooms, toilet mop, heat, lights, water and ph Cleaning, labor and renovation	one		6,900.00
l Janitor 2 Asst. Janitors 1 Recreation Director 2 Asst. Rec. Directors 1 Lifeguard 2 Checkers	175.00 (12 mo. 125.00 (12 mo. 175.00 (12 mo. 150.00 (12 mo. 110.00 (10 mo. 90.00 (10 mo.)	2,100.00 3,000.00 2,100.00 3,600.00 1,100.00

TOTAL \$ 26,100.00

COLORED RECREATION CENTER

The City of Portland through its Recreation Division of the Bureau of Parks would operate the colored center as a municipally owned center (free of charge). The program would serve all age levels on a 12 to 24 hour basis the year round. The program in content would provide for social recreation, physical arts and crafts, as well as a meeting place for group discussions. The exact proportion of scheduling would be determined by usage. The consultants for the center would be the colored subcommittee of the OCD Recreation Committee.

Rental and Maintenance \$ 5,000.00

1 Director of Recreation @ \$175.00 per mo. 2,100.00

Capital Outlay

Renovation and furniture
Tinting, Blinds, etc. (no critical material)

TOTAL \$ 10,100,00

A. AREAS AND FACILITIES

1. Indoor

- a. City of Portland Community Centers, Gyms, Social Rooms and Club Rooms
 - (1) Montavilla
 - (2) Columbia

 - (3) Sellwood (4) Peninsula
 - (5) Centenary-Wilbur Church

 - (6) Lents (7) Albina
 - (8) Laurelhurst
 - (9) Public Auditorium
- b. Housing Authority
 - (1) University Homes
 - (2) Columbia Villa
 - (3) Guild's Lake
 - (a) 6 centers (4) St. John's Woods
 - (5) Parkside
 - (6) Vanport
 - (a) 2 centers
 - (b) 3 social halls
- c. Schools

Gyms, Auditoriums and Special Rooms

- (1) 59 Grammar Schools
- (2) 10 High Schools
- (3) 3 Swimming Pools

 - (a) Couch (b) Buckman
 - (c) Shattuck
- d. Churches

Recreation Facilities (gyms and game rooms)

- (1) 32 Miscellaneous Denominations
- e. Private
 - (1) 34 Clubs Equipped with Recreation Facilities
- f. Industrial Equipped Centers
 - (1) Columbia Aircraft Company
 - (2) Oregon Shipyards
 - (3) Swan Island Shipyards
- g. Commercial
 - (1) 13 bowling alleys
 - (2) 46 pool halls
 - (3) 51 movie theaters
 - (4) 65 dance halls

AREAS AND FACILITIES (continued)

2. Outdoor

a. City of Portland

(1) 56 Playground and Park Areas

(2) 69 School playground areas

(3) 32 Supervised playgrounds

(4) 8 Swimming pools

b. Housing Authority

(1) Vanport

- (a) 11 small children's areas
- (b) 8 play areas(c) 16 playgrounds

c. Public

(1) Multnomah Stadium

(2) Public Library

(a) 16 Branches throughout the city

B. PROGRAMS

Year Round Recreation Program

1. NATIONAL DEFENSE

- a. Recreation Volunteer Corps
- b. Physical Fitness Corps
- c. Junior Volunteer Corps
- d. Mayor's Recreation Cantonment Committee
- e. Portland Air Base Summer Concerts
- f. Recreation Summer Caravan
- g. Red Cross (craft guild)
- h. Red Cross Sewing Unit Groups
- i. Red Cross Knitting Groups
- j. Red Cross Nutrition Classes
- k. Red Cross First Aid Classes
- 1. War Stamp Tennis Tournament
- m. Tennis Court Dances
- n. Japanese Evacuation Center Program
- o. Veteran's Guard Patrol
- p. Victory Garden Classes
- q. Youth Platoons for Harvest Fields
- r. Junior Craft Units, contruction of play equipment
- s. Pre-Induction Fitness Classes
- t. Pre-Induction Swimming Instructions
- u. Physical Fitness Classes for Youths
- v. Day Camps
- w. Check-in System Children of Working Parents

2. CLUB PROGRAMS

- a. Lavender Clubs (women past 60 years old)
- b. Checker Clubs
- c. Card Clubs
- d. Table Tennis
- e. Bridge
- f. Private Groups

CLUB PROGRAMS (continued)

g. All types of hobby groups

3. COMMUNITY AGENCY COOPERATION

- a. Well-baby Clinics
- b. Immunization Clinics
- c. Venereal Disease Control Clinics
- d. Health Education Lectures
- e. Boy Scout Groups
- f. Girl Scout Groups
- g. Fraternal Organizations
- h. Community Clubs

4. SPORTS PROGRAM

- a. Basketball League Play
 - (1) Men's Division
 - (2) Women's Division
 - (3) Junior Division
- b. Softball League Play
 - (1) Men's Division
 - (2) Women's Division
 - (3) Junior Division
 - (4) Playground Division
- c. Table Tennis League
 - (1) Industrial Teams Division
 - (2) Fall City tournament
 - (3) Fall novice tournament
 - (4) Spring city tournament
 - (5) Junior city tournament
 - (6) Playground divisions
- d. Badminton
 - (1) Instruction and free play
 - (2) Tournaments
 - (a) Junior
 - (b) Novice
 - (c) City
 - (d) Consolation
 - (e) Spring
 - (3) Inter-club play or invitational team play
- e. Archery
 - (1) Instruction
 - (2) City tournament
 - (3) Northwest Tournament
- f. Volleyball
 - (1) Mixed play
- g. Horseshoe
 - (1) General play
 - (2) Meets
 - (3) Inter-Park Competition
 - (4) Tournaments
- h. Art Forms
 - (1) Drama
 - (a) Junior Theater Groups
 - (b) High School Groups
 - (c) Adult Dramatic Clubs

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h. Art Forms (continued) (2) Dance (a) Social Parties (b) Social Dance Instructions (c) Tap (d) Folk (e) Kindergarten (3) Crafts (a) Leather tooling(b) Weaving (c) Woodwork (d) Pottery (4) Special (a) Circus (b) Caravans (c) Weekly Radio Broadcasts (d) Physical Fitness Show (e) Sunday Band Concerts (f) Community Nights (g) Tennis Court Dances
(h) Day Camp (i) All Day Care of Children (j) Croquet (k) Singing (1) Pageant - Pied Piper (m) Circus Parade (n) Swimathon (o) Swim Demonstration (p) Hospital Entertainments (5) Social Activities (a) High School Nights (b) Adult Socials (c) Hobby Socials (d) Sport Socials (6) Physical Activities (a) Apparatus (b) Gym (c) Conditioning (d) Tumbling (e) Boxing (f) Wrestling

(7) Miscellaneous Features

(b) Army Sports (c) Zoo Trips

(a) Industrial Recreation

PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS

RECREATION

The Bureau of Parks and Public Recreation's summer opportunities will be held on the following playgrounds from June 7 to August 28, 1943.

Alberta
Belmont
Buckman
Columbia
Couch
Creston
Dawson
Grant
Irving
Joseph Lane School

Kenilworth Lair Hill Laurelhurst Lents Linnton
Montavilla
Mt. Scott
North Park
Overlook
Peninsula
Pier
Powell
Rose City
Sellwood

Shattuck School Wallace Washington Westmoreland

The playgrounds are open under supervision from 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday through Sunday. The activities of the playgrounds consist of:

Softball
Croquet
Table Games
Dancing
Story Hour
Badminton
Handball
Shuffleboard

Drama

Golf Instruction Tennis Playground Golf Apparatus Kindergarten Volleyball Horseshoes

Crafts
Music.

Special Events of the summer season will be:

Zoo Trips
Tennis League
Playground Concerts
Archery (Sherwood Field)
Tennis Court Dances
Pageants

Pageants Horseshoe Tournaments Bike Trips
Play Days
Track Meets
Circus
Hikes

Handball Tournaments Tennis Tournaments

The swimming pools will be open from July 1 to August 28 from 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. at:

Creston Sellwood Peninsula Mt. Scott Couch Shattuck Montavilla Grant Pier Buckman Columbia Activities in the pools include:

Learn to Swim Week
Swimming Instruction
Swimming Tests

Water Carnival Life Saving Swimathon

Defense Program

The Recreation Division will cooperate with parents who are in defense industries and desire supervision for their children Monday through Sunday. A check system will be inaugurated. The child will be registered with the director on the playground area when a "Parent Consent Blank" is presented. Playgrounds open at 9:00 a.m. and close at 10:00 p.m. This registration is planned particularly for the 6 to 11 year age levels. Special classes in the mornings and afternoons are planned for the pre-school children. All playgrounds will participate in this industrial program. The "Parent Consent Blanks" may be obtained from the City Hall office or local park directors.

Projects

Ash trays, bed rests, lamps, etc., are suggestions of some of the projects which will be made to fulfill the requests of the hospitals in the service areas.

Specials

On Sunday afternoons beginning June 13th from 2:00 to 3:30 p.m. the Portland Air Base band will give public concerts in Laurelhurst Park.

The Nutrition Classes, First Aid Classes, Conditioning Activities, etc. will be continued throughout the summer season.

The local community picnics and get-togethers will be part of every playground planning.

SUMMARY OF DATA PUBLIC PARKS OF PORTLAND OREGON

NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS	Area in Acres	
Alberta Buckman Columbia Creston Irving Kenilworth Laurelhurst Montavilla Mt. Scott Overlook Peninsula Pier Sellwood The Fairways Tract U. S. Grant Woodstock Westmoreland	16.70 10.40 28.75 9.54 15.00 9.23 31.0 9.46 10.90 11.25 16.34 63.75 16.24 45.0 19.86 13.39 47.	Total 326.81
Belmont Dawson Duniway Gammons Johnson Creek Kingsley Park Lents Park North Park Patton Park Portland Heights Parks Powell Park Terwilliger Park Wallace W. Lair Hill Park	4.38 2.02 12.50 1.65 2.89 1.27 5.20 1.38 1.26 4.90 8.64 4.53 2.07 2.18	Total 54.87
LARGE PARKS - NATURAL AND SCENIC O. M. Clark Park Eastmoreland Golf Course Geo. H. Himes Park Hoyt Park Arboretum Macleay Park Mt. Tabor Park Riverside Park Rose City Golf Course Washington West Hills Golf Course	17.74 149.61 34.0 144.12 103.34 175.09 18.5 156.7 105.0 55.0	Total 959.11

P O R T L A N D O R E G O N

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RECOMMENDED TEN - YEAR PARK PROGRAM

Proposed under authority of Charter Amendment

Approved by Referendum Vote November 8, 1938

City Planning Commission September, 1939

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September 16, 1939

City Council
Portland, Oregon

Gentlemen:

We have the honor to present our report on the tenyear park program as directed by your honorable body, following passage on November 8, 1938 of the charter amendment authorizing the tax levy which made such a program possible.

In accordance with your instructions, the Commission cooperated with the Federation of Community Clubs in studying the program. Their representatives and our Park Committee and staff discussed in great detail all of the sites listed and the principles upon which selection has been based. As a result of this democratic but time consuming method, the Commission has the pleasure of presenting recommendations which have the direct approval of all who aided in the committee work, with the exception of one site which is noted in the report, and in this case the Community Clubs took no action for or against.

The report presented herewith is based on principles stated in the 1936 park study. One important difference in the policy suggested, is our recommendation that most of the revenues anticipated for the ten-year period be used for acquiring recreational areas while the most suitable land sites are still available.

We wish to call attention to our conclusion that former school sites remaining in public ownership, except the old Shaver School site, are included in our recreational plan. In fact the whole plan tends to center around the school establishment with the result that 12 of a total of 50 items in the program are proposed expansions of school play facilities.

We respectfully suggest the Council seek the cooperation of School District No. 1 to obtain the permanent reservation of the old school sites mentioned above.

The Commission wishes to express its appreciation for the help of Mr. Wm. J. MacKenzie, Director of School District No. 1, and Mr. H. R. Albee of the City Park Bureau, and for painstaking work of the Federated Community Clubs' Committee, especially Mr. Jos. H. Berry, Chairman, Mr. Lynn Johnson, Assistent Chairman, Mr. H. A. Day, Secretary of the General Standing Committee on Parks of the Federated Community Clubs. It also acknowledges its heavy obligation to its Parks Committee and its staff who have labored for months to bring this report to fruition.

Respectfully submitted,
CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

By	7
	- Annex Control of the second control of the
	President

Parks Committee:

John W. Cunningham, Chairman Leslie D. Howell Russell D. Ward Adolph Gerwin

Personnel CITY PLANNING COMMISSION Portland Oregon

Charles McKinley, President David B. Simpson, Vice President Ernest C. Willard Guy E. Jaques John W. Cunningham Phillip W. Patterson Russell D. Ward Leslie D. Howell Donald L. Woodward Adolph Gerwin (resigned)

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John W. Cunningham, Chairman Leslie D. Howell Russell D. Ward Adolph Gerwin

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Charles E. Darr, Draftsman

Introduction

The City Planning Commission makes this report on a ten-year park program for the city of Portland as a result of the November 1938 election, and in accordance with instructions of the City Council to review findings of the 1936 park report and to work with the Federated Community Clubs in studying the program. The Federated Community Clubs performed a most valuable public service in sponsoring the referendum on the charter amendment authorizing a .4-mill tax levy for park purposes which will probably raise about \$100,000 each year for a period of ten years.

The Federated Community Clubs, and especially the members of their park committee and their various zone committees, are to be complimented on their painstaking efforts and on the excellent recommendations submitted to the City Planning Commission in a report, dated, May 3, 1939.

The proposals presented herein represent an up-to-date study of the 1936 report of the City Planning Commission on a system of public recreational areas. The program for the expenditure of approximately one million dollars over a period of ten years, as recommended in this report, follows the principles stated in the 1936 report, except that it is now recommended that most of the tax revenue be spent for acquisition of sites. This present program, therefore, recommends more acquisitions for the ten-year period than did the 1936 report.

Presentation of the Federated Community Clubs' report of May 3, was followed by a series of hearings, at which the various zone chairmen working under this central committee were heard. Then followed a thorough field inspection on the part of the members of the Parks Committee of the Planning Commission, and a careful study of land values, population distribution, present land usage, and other factors affecting the various sites, by the staff of the Planning Commission.

After the check of the report of the community clubs, the City Planning Commission's Park Committee presented its findings to the community club group for restudy in the light of obtaining certain refinements in the plan in order to secure an even spread of recreational areas in the city-wide plan and to secure the most economical plan by avoiding any duplications of service. In short, the process of refining the plan involved a series of nine meetings, with the Community Clubs' committee on parks, the last meeting being held on Friday evening, August 25, 1939.

The principle involved in making final adjustments or refinements in the city-wide plan was that elementary school grounds and existing park-playgrounds should form the backbone of the recreational system for youngsters of elementary school age. This is one of the oldest principles of recreational planning as a part of a city plan, and it anticipates the coordination of all school grounds and park-playgrounds in a unified system. By observing this principle, as emphasized in the

1936 city-wide park study by the Planning Commission, it is possible to obtain an economical spread of service throughout the city with savings of many thousands of dollars in acquisitions of land.

In the series of nine meetings (1) the final adjustments in the general plan were checked and agreed upon, and (2) the sites to be acquired in the ten-year program were listed.

On Friday evening, September 1, 1939, the Federation of Community Clubs accepted the plan and program as reported herein.

General Plan for a System of Recreational Areas

Principles and Standards

The underlying principles affecting the design of a park and recreational system are expressed in detail in the 1936 report. Even with a risk of repetition, it should be stated that the plan for a system of recreational areas should embrace the entire urban area and provide units of suitable location and size for all age groups. In a built-up city a systematic plan for neighborhood facilities must be based primarily upon the existing school plant which includes school sites designed to serve children of elementary-school age, and youth of high-school age. With the growing activity in adult education and recreation, there is an added reason for development and coordination of educational-recreational facilities.

The backbone of a playground system for children of elementary school age is the elementary school system. Such schools have a half-mile service radius, more or less; that is, elementary schools are planned to be one mile apart where possible.

Neighborhood parks are also planned on this same standard and it is economically and socially desirable to locate neighborhood parks in connection with the elementary schools in order to have, in addition to the basic playground facilities, other features for all age groups within a half-mile. For example, the school building, in such cases, can be used as a community house without expensive duplication of buildings. Examples of this combination of neighborhood park and elementary school are Woodstock Park--Woodstock School; Kenilworth Park--Grout School; Creston Park--Creston School; Alberta Park--Vernon School.

In addition to the primary playground system there is need for additional playgrounds, in some locations, to supplement the primary playgrounds, particularly in areas of dense population. These so-called supplemental playgrounds are particularly valuable in summer months. Located between elementary schools, or neighborhood parks, as the case may be, the supplemental playgrounds will have a basic service radius of a quarter-mile.

Thus it will be seen that elementary schools, neighborhood parks and the supplemental or "in-between" playgrounds, properly arranged, will provide playground service for a very large part of the school population within a quarter-mile walk. On the accompanying map showing playgrounds, it will be noted that a perfectly geometrical pattern of all playgrounds cannot be obtained in a built-up city, but by examination of the circles enclosing service areas, it will be noted that dwelling districts are largely within a quarter-mile of a playground or so-called supplemental playground and, in practically all of the other cases, the required walk is less than one-half mile.

Playfields serving youth of high-school age and adults, are based on a one-mile service radius. These sites provide space for the various field sports. The basis for a system of playfields is the high-school plant; however, extra playfields on special sites are sometimes needed to provide adequate service.

Thus it will be seen that by judicious arrangement in the city-wide plan, a complete recreational service for all age groups can be attained. In this plan certain sites will be single duty (playground), double duty (playground-neighborhood park), or triple duty (playground-playfield-neighborhood park).

In this report large parks and parkways are not included inasmuch as such acquisitions are not provided for in the charter amendment authorizing the present ten-year program.

The General Plan

The city-wide plan for local recreational areas is shown on the accompanying maps, entitled, "Present and Proposed Playgrounds," "Present and Proposed Playfields" and "Present and Proposed Neighborhood Parks."

In addition to present and proposed recreational areas, classified according to use and corresponding service area, the maps show present population distribution and sites proposed to be acquired in the ten-year program. By comparing the three accompanying maps the usefulness or "coverage" of the general plan, and the logic of the recommended ten-year program of acquirement are apparent.

It will be noted that the maps and the discussion of proposed acquisitions and the summary table are keyed by the use of numbers designating each site, whether present or proposed. (The same system of numbering and the same site numbers were used in the 1936 park report.)

RECREATIONAL AREAS PROPOSED TO BE ACQUIRED UNDER THE TEN-YEAR PROGRAM

Following is a tabulated summary of the proposed program and a brief discussion of each proposed site. In the tabulated summary and the discussion, the key numbers refer to the attached maps. This numbering system was used in the 1936 park report also

Sites are listed in numerical order according to key numbers of the playground map, but neighborhood park and playfield key numbers are also shown where needed for map identification.

No priorities are indicated in the tabulation or discussion because of the City Attorney's opinion that long-term arrangements for purchasing can be made. Copy of this opinion is attached.

The sites listed herein are those which in the opinion of the City Planning Commission are the most desirable in the respective neighborhoods; however, the Commission wishes to emphasize that in some cases alternate selections are possible.

It will be noted that a number of former school sites are shown on the map as existing playgrounds. These sites are now in public ownership and must be assumed to be available for public recreational use. All such sites, except the old Shaver School site, are employed in the city-wide recreational plan. Descriptions of existing sites are not included in this report, but for them, reference should be made to the 1936 report.

SUMMARY	OF	SITES	PROPOSED	TO	BE	ACQUIRED	UNDER	THE	TEN-YEAR	PARK	PROGRAM

Key	y Nu	mbe	ers	:		: :10-Yr.	Program	ACR	ES	ndire den de sel den de Principio que la glabación que requesta	estalligi de Principi para
Playground No.	Neighbor-	No.	:		Location	First	ond	ure nsion	Present	Present Park	Total Ultimate Unit
(1)	: (2)	: (3)	:	(4)	: (5)	: (6)	: (7)	: (8)	(9)	: (10)
4	:	1	:	:	Wallace Park-Chapman School	2.11	3.92		4.91	2.11	13.05
6	:		:	: : :	Shattuck School	2.39			2.11	0,36	4.86
10-A	:		:	:	S. W. Front, Lane, Corbett, Pennoyer	4.80					4.80
13		Marie Canne	:	:	Fulton Park School, block west of		1.00		2.39		3.39

(1)	: (2)	:(3)	(4)	: (5)	: (6)	: (7)	: (8)	: (9)	: (10)
24			S. W. 18th & Mill	2.10	:	,	:	•	: 2.10
A-31			S. E. Milwaukie, Reedway, S. E. 17th, Knight	3.00					3.00
33			S. E. 39th & Cooper	9.34	:		:	:	: : 9.34
37	:		S. E. Ramona, 62nd, Knight, 60th	3.03	:		:	:	3.03
41	:		S. E. 87th & Claybourne	3.66	•		•		: : 3.66 :
42	18		Lents district, S. E. 95th & Steele	10.00	•	23.50	•		: : 33.50
49			S. E. Mall, at 54th	3.70	•		•		: : 3.70
A-50			S. E. 67th & Center	1.62				; ;	: 1.62
52	:		S. E. 76th, 79th, Center	4.60		10.20		:	: 14.80
A-53	:		Near S. E. 84th & Yamhill		5.00			:	5.00
55			S. E. 35th and Tibbetts	2.50				:	: : 2.50
58			Old Brooklyn School Site	0.33		1.22	2.04	*	: : 3.59
60	•		Hosford School	2.71			3.93	•	6.64
61	25		S. E. 31st & Market	7.79				•	: 7.79 :
66			Mt. Tabor School, block west of	0.92:			3.55		: 4.47
73			N. E. 70th, 71st, Hassalo, Pacific	2.80:		***	,		: 2.80
74	A-32		Old Normandale School Site	•	10.00	:	6.45		: : 16.45

(1):	(2)	: (3)	: (4)	: (5)	(6)	: (7)	: (8)	: (9)	: (10)
A-76	Territorio (galla de segue aggles qui dispos		: : N. E. 29th & Oregon :(Boys'&Girls'Aid Soc.)	3.17			e 6 0	:	: : 3.17 :
*** 78*	27	: 12	: Buckman Field Expansion		7.41	14.08	: 7.34	: : 10040 :	: : 39.23 :
79-A :			N, E. 1st and Multnomah	2.10			• • •	:	2.10
80*:		: :	Near N. E. 22nd and Hancock		3.00		6 6 6		3.00
**: 83 :		: :	Near N. E. 47th and Stanton		3.00			:	3.00
** 87		:	Near N. E. 62nd and Siskiyou		3.00			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	3.00
88 :	a for a silicon difficulty spiriture and storage	: :	N. E. 66th and Mason	2.50				*	2.50
A-88:	e di anni in maga mandilan	: :	N. E. Skidmore, 74th, Mason, 75th		2.50			*	2.50
91 :	35	: :	N. E. 33rd and Skidmore	5.00:	10.00				15.00
95 :	33	: :	N. E. Flint and Russell (Albina)	6.50	13.50				20.00
100:		: : : :	Beach School		3.65		5.31		8.96
102:	A-38	17:	Jefferson High School	4.20	5.10		11.34		20.64
107:			N. E. 39th to 40th North of Alberta	:	2.54				2.54
A-108:	31		N. E. 37th, Holman, 42nd	600 c 21	10.00	25.00			35.00
113:			N. E. 9th, 10th, Holman, Ainsworth	4.20:		-	. 41 24		4.20
115:			N. E. Mallory, Morgan Union, Bryant	3.55: :		:		6	3.55
118:			N. Omaha, Ainsworth, Gay	:	2.00	:	•	9	2.00

9	(1)	(2)	:(3):	(4)	: (5) :	(6)	: (7)	(8)	(9)	: (10)
	119	40	: :	N. Greeley, Delaware Bryant, Dekum	8.80					: : 8.80
	120	39		N. Commercial and Farragut (in Lovewood)	5.00		7.89			: 12.89
	123		: :	N. Seward, Endicott, Trenton, Houghton		5.18	,			5.18
	125		: :	N. Princeton, Stanford, Hodge, Depauw	3.60:	o your to the				: : 3.60
-	126	a nadroudo esta esta de la constitución de la const		N. Wall, Westanna, Princeton, Depauw	6.20					: : 6.20
·	127			N. Geneva and Fessenden		10.20		·		: 10.20
···	130			James John School	4.00:			3.30		7.30
-	133 :	and the same and the same		S. W. 1st, 2nd, Harrison, Montgomery	0.92					0.92
	136 :	Marging and depth is a great part of a day	:	N. E. 25th, 27th, Morgan, Dekum	6.70					6.70
	138		:	N. Delaware, Brandon, McClellan Kilpatrick	3.40					3.40
***	142	5	4	Hannah Mason Tract	13.4		7.95		. ~	21.35
quin	146 :	21	9	Franklin High School	6.8	7.0	7.90:	17.04:		38.74
I	ОТ.	A L S:	gc #7	gar year o gar Egy Saff o	157.44:	108.0	97.74:	69.71:	12.87	445.76

^{**} These sites, located in solidly built up neighborhoods, are to be purchased only if funds are deemed sufficient. The City Planning Commission also recommends that, if funds permit, the grounds at Roosevelt High School be expanded.

^{***} Proposal to expend Buckman Field was discussed thoroughly with representatives of Community Clubs, but no final motion, for or against, was made. Otherwise, the entire list above was adopted by the Federation of Community Clubs.

In all cases where area acquired would justify street vacation, area of street so vacated is included in areas to be acquired, Columns (5) and (6), or Column (7)

NOTE: - It will be noted that, in the above list, in Columns (5) and (6), proposed "first" and "second" purchases are listed. These groupings are indicated as an aid to purchasing in case it is necessary or desirable to delay acquisition of certain properties or where long-term arrangements for purchasing can be made. These groupings should also be an aid to purchasing in case it is found that all the property proposed for acquirement is not within the financial limits of the ten-year program. However, it is estimated the proposed acquisitions are within the purchasing ability of the anticipated special tax yield of one million dollars.

* * * * *

Following is a brief discussion of each proposal in the order of the foregoing tabulation:

Playground Key No. 4 - Wallace Park - Chapman School - N. W. 26th Neighborhood Park No. 1 and Pettygrove

In this case there is opportunity for creating one of the finest park-school combinations, the Wallace Park-Chapman School unit, in the city. First step should be to acquire the 2.1 acres bounded by N. W. Quimby, Pettygrove, 25th, 26th. A later purchase should include the two blocks west of Chapman School, N. W. 27th, 28th, Pettygrove, Raleigh. (Purchase of the new duplex fronting on N. W. Raleigh could be deferred.)

Playground Key No. 6 - Shattuck School District

One of the most difficult recreational problems in the city is in the neighborhood of Shattuck School. The ideal plan is to provide adequate space about the school building; that is, the block adjacent to and south of the School should be acquired at least. The Community Club in that district recommended that, in addition, the block bounded by S. W. Park, 10th, Jackson and Clifton be also acquired and that Park Avenue, between Jackson and Clifton be vacated or closed as a means of obtaining a larger play space and as a means of reducing traffic on S. W. Park Avenue when the contemplated "foothills boulevard" is constructed. As shown in the Summary, acquisition of the two privately-owned blocks, plus use of a "park block" and street space, and present school site will provide a total area of 4.86 acres.

Playground Key No. 10-A - Blocks bounded by S. W. Front, Lane, Corbett, Pennoyer

The city now owns the two blocks bounded by S. W. Front, Corbett, Lane, Gaines. The two blocks north of these should be acquired to provide a 4.8-acre playground.

Playground Key No. 13 - Fulton Park School, S. W. Third and Miles

The neighborhood served by this proposal has a relatively light density of population, but children are isolated from other facilities because of topography. The relatively small expenditure for acquiring about one acre is justified.

Playground Key No. 24 - S. W. 18th Avenue and Mill Street

That neighborhood known as "Goose Hollow" is somewhat isolated by the Jefferson Street-Canyon Road trafficway. There is a substantial child population which should be served. Care should be exercised in acquiring land for this playground in order to avoid conflicts with the proposed "foothills" route which may cross S. W. Mill Street west of S. W. 18th Avenue. Originally it was proposed to acquire at least 2.1 acres in the block bounded by S. W. 18th, 16th, Mill, Market.

Playground Key No. A-31 - S. E. Milwaukie, Reedway, 17th, Knight

Because it is practically impossible to obtain other suitable land for playground service in this neighborhood, it is recommended that the above described block of three acres be acquired. Some theoretical overlap of service with Llewellen School will be noted. The school grounds cannot be expanded at a reasonable cost because of residential use.

Playground Key No. 33 - S. E. 39th and Cooper and southwesterly thereof

The vacant 9.34-acre tract adjacent to S. E. 39th and Cooper, extending from S. E. 39th to Eastmoreland, will serve a distinct neighborhood, and should be acquired before further residential construction takes place.

An alternate site is the vacant six acres immediately north of S. E. Glenwood at S. E. 37th Avenue. This alternate site has a slightly better location in relation to other facilities, existing and proposed, in this district, but the site is smaller and the land is not quite as well suited for play purposes as the first recommended site at S. E. 39th and Cooper.

Playground Key No. 37 - S. E. Ramona, 62nd, Knight, 60th

This proposed site is spotted with city-owned property. There are few buildings, all of low assessed value. The site comprises 3.03 acres and would serve the area centered between Woodstock Park and Mt. Tabor Park.

Playground Key No. 41 - S. E. 87th, 88th (approx), Cooper, Claybourne

Two sites are available in this neighborhood but the 3.66-acre site in single ownership at S. E. 87th and Claybourne should be easier to acquire and it could be expanded in the future.

An alternate site is bounded by S. E. 89th, 92nd, Duke, Claybourne. It will be seen that the alternate site is indicated on the Playground map.

Playground Key No. 42 - Lents, S. E. 95th Avenue and Steele Playfield Key No. 8 Neighborhood Park No. 18

Total ultimate acquisition should be about 33 acres to provide for elementary school and playground, playfield and neighborhood park facilities. This recommendation anticipates a new elementary school location. The present school and Lents Park are poorly located on a trafficway, S. E. 92nd Avenue, and they are a bit too close to other facilities for good service spread. The proposed site fits into the service areas for each of its three proposed uses as will be seen by comparing the respective service radii on the three accompanying maps. About ten acres of the proposed site should be acquired in the present program.

(The present Lents Park can serve small children in the immediate district between S. E. 82nd and 92nd Avenues.)

Playground Key No. 49 - Block bounded by S. E. 54th, 57th (approx.), Mall and Boise

This proposed site is half-way between Creston Park and Arleta School. Its service radius is tangent to that of Woodstock Park. Part of the service area to the north extends over S. E. Foster Road but safe crossings can be provided.

Playground Key No. A-50 - Southwest corner of S. E. 67th and Center

This vacant tract of 1.62 acres is owned by the city. It is located midway between S. E. Powell and S. E. Foster Road on S. E. 67th Avenue. Although there is a serious overlap of service with Kellogg School, this site can be effective, and there is the advantage of present public ownership.

Playground Key No. 52 - Northwest corner, S. E. 79th and Center Neighborhood Park No. 20

This is the site for an ultimate 14-acre neighborhood park, but in the present program about 4.6 acres should be acquired. About half the site is city-owned. An equal amount of city-owned property opposite, on the south side of S. E. Center, should be exchanged in the acquirement proceedings.

Playground Key No. A-53 - Near S. E. 84th and Yamhill

A sparsely developed district in the vicinity of S. E. 84th and Yamhill is unserved but, as indicated in the tabulation, a suitable site should be acquired only if funds remain after purchase of the needed sites.

Playground Key No. 55 - S. E. 35th, 36th, Tibbetts, Kelly

The 2.5-acre playground proposed here is well fitted into the playground system. The site is largely city-owned.

Playground Key No. 58 - Old Brooklyn School Site, S. E. Milwaukie and Haig

The School District now owns 2.04 acres and the city owns 0.3 of an acre which should be made immediately available for play. In the future 1.22 acres between the old school site and S. E. Franklin should be acquired to make an ultimate area of 3.59 acres.

Playground Key No. 60 - Hosford School, S. E. 28th Place and Division

Vacant property, 2.71 acres, west of Hosford School should be acquired. Ultimately the residential property east of S. E. 26th Avenue might be acquired. (See discussion of Playground Key No. 61.)

Playground Key No. 61 - S. E. 31st Avenue and Market Neighborhood Park No. 25

Because only 2.71 acres are vacant at Hosford School, it is recommended that about 7.7 acres of vacant land lying between S. E. Market, Lincoln, 30th, 32nd, be acquired. This acquisition is necessary because of the lack of adequate local park facilities in this densely populated area. Should difficulties arise in purchasing Key No. 61, further expansion at Hosford School should be considered although the property west of the 2.7-acre expansion at Hosford, described under Key No. 60, is now built up.

Playground Key No. 66 - Block west of Mt. Tabor School

The Mt. Tabor School site comprising 3.55 acres is inadequate in size and much of it cannot render the best service because of topography. It is recommended that the block of 0.92 acres, and known as Block 2, Tabordale, be acquired.

Playground Key No. 73 - N. E. 70th, 71st, Hassalo, Pacific

This proposed site is in the center of a large unserved area. Much of this 2.8-acre block is vacant. Five lots are owned by the city.

Playground Key No. 74 - Old Normandale School Site, N. E. 55th and Neighborhood Park No. A-32 Halsey Street

The School District now owns 6.54 acres, former location of Normandale School. A wooded ten-acre tract immediately to the south should be acquired. In the past few years several attempts to subdivide this property into dwelling sites have been made. The properties would provide an ideal playground and park, now badly needed.

Playground Key No. A-76 - N. E. 29th and Oregon Street (Boys' and Girls' Aid Society)

Acquisition of the Boys' and Girls' Aid Society property is recommended because of the spread of service it would provide in a densely populated area. The service area would extend into a portion of Laurelhurst. A portion of the Mann Home property and a vacant block at N. E. 31st and Pacific was discussed as a possible alternate site, but it probably would not be available for acquisition.

Playground Key No. 78 - Buckman Field--Benson Polytechnic High School Neighborhood Park No. 27 Playfield No. 12

Children and youth of the city, and of the tributary neighborhoods, have needed more space adjacent to Buckman Field for many years. At present a vital part of the needed land is in danger of being lost forever to public use because of the imminence of a large-scale multifamily housing project. Proceedings for the vacation of certain streets to make way for this project have been initiated.

The present park and school property, though fairly large, is so intensely used that no playground area is available. Holladay Park is not a playground; it is a useful bit of green for passive recreation. There is a real need for playground area at Benson which could at times be used for city-wide activities. This park would also serve a large part of the unserved area centering at Key No. 80 where no land is available for recreational use. In addition to local benefits of a large recreational center adjacent to Benson Polytechnic High School, there would be an immeasurable city-wide benefit in that this unit would also be a great center for high school athletics, for inter-playground events, and the like. The site will also continue to serve Washington and Benson Polytechnic High Schools. Failure to proceed with an initial acquisition of available land at this time will be to deny one of the greatest recreational benefits to future generations.

About 7.5 acres of the old circus grounds, N. E. Irving, Glisan, 15th, 18th, should be acquired as a first step in developing this center, The city and the School District are jointly interested in this land, and they should work together to save it for recreational use.

Playground Key No. 79-A - N. E. First and Multnomah

The 2.1-acre block, now vacant, bounded by N. E. First, Williams, Hassalo and Multnomah will serve a neighborhood more or less defined by Sullivans Gulch, Union Avenue, Broadway and the River.

The large district served by Holladay School lacks racial homogeneity. There is marked juvenile delinquency. A playground is needed in this location to supplement the recreational service of Holladay School site.

Playground Key No. 80 - Near N. E. 22nd and Hancock

The playground map shows a circle indicating that the neighborhood centering at about N. E. 22nd and Hancock should be provided with a playground, if desirable property, in this densely populated area, can be found at a reasonable price, and if funds are available after other sites listed herein have been obtained. Much of the need for this playground would be met by a complete three-use unit at Buckman Field, where vacant land is available.

Playground Key No. 83 - Near N. E. 47th and Stanton

The district centering at about N. E. 47th and Stanton faces the same situation as the preceding Playground Key No. 80, and the same recommendation is made.

Playground Key No. 87 - Near N. E. 62nd and Siskiyou

Condition and recommendation are the same as for Nos. 80 and 83, above.

Playground Key No. 88 - Block bounded by N. E. 66th, 67th, Mason, and Skidmore

The neighborhood is unserved. The recommended vacant block contains 2.5 acres.

Playground Key No. A-88 - N. E. Skidmore, 74th, Mason, 75th

The neighborhood is unserved. This site of 2.5 acres, with Key No. 88, above, will provide full service north of Sandy Boulevard in the neighborhoods west and east of N. E. 72nd Avenue.

Playground Key No. 91 - "Spring Valley Addition" tract at N. E. 33rd and Skidmore

This 15.0-acre tract has been recommended for purchase many times. It is the only remaining vacant land of proper size and location in a large unserved area. About five acres might be purchased first, and the remainder later under this program.

Playground Key No. 95 - Area west of N. Flint from Russell to Hancock, Neighborhood Park No. 33 in Albina

All recreational studies point to this site as one of the fore-most local recreational needs in the city. The entire site should comprise about 20 acres; however, as a first step, only about 6.5 acres should be acquired immediately, the remainder to be acquired later in this program.

Playground Key No. 100 - Beach School

Although Beach School has 5.31 acres now, it is recommended that the nearby block known as Blocks 2 and 3, Blandena Heights be obtained because this property, with the exception of two lots, is owned by the city.

Playground Key No. 102 - Jefferson High School, N. Alberta and Com-Playfield No. 17 mercial Neighborhood Park No. A-38

This unit would be an outstanding example of a triple-duty recreational area. Present proposal involves purchase of 9.3 acres needed by the children and older age groups. About four acres might be purchased as a first step, with the remainder to be arranged for.

Playground Key No. 107 - N. E. 39th to 40th, north of Alberta

About 2.5 acres at this location are city-owned, and should be obtained for playground use.

Playground Key No. A-108 - N. E. 37th, Holman, 42nd Neighborhood Park No. 31 Playfield No. 16

Ultimately, as population justifies it, this site should comprise 35 acres. It is recommended that only ten acres be equired under this program.

Playground Key No. 113 - N. E. 9th, 10th, Holman, Ainsworth

This proposed site will provide service for a large unserved area. If difficulties arise in purchasing, perhaps only the northern part of the block should be purchased at first.

Playground Key No. 115 - N. E. Mallory, Morgan, Union, Bryant

This proposal is the only suitable one for a large unserved area.

Playground No. 118 - N. Omaha, Ainsworth, Gay

Although this proposal is somewhat near Playground Key No. 119, the 2.0-acre site will serve a large area largely from the west and south.

Playground Key No. 119 - Blocks bounded by N. Greeley, Bryant, Dekum, Neighborhood Park No. 40 Delaware

This location is half-way between Columbia Park and Peninsula Park. Acquisition should include 8.8 acres, excluding part or all of the frontage on Greeley, perhaps, which is partially built up.

Playground Key No. 120 - North of Lovewood Addition--N. Commercial Neighborhood Park No. 39 and Farragut Playfield No. 19

Residential development has extended northward in the past few years, and has already reduced the park area which was recommended in 1936. However, almost 13 acres are still available between N. Baldwin, Farragut, and O. W. R. and N. tracks. About five acres should be acquired in this program.

Playground Key No. 123 - N. Seward, Trenton, Houghton, Endicott

The service area is sparsely settled, but a playground site of five acres should be provided while land is low priced.

Pleyground Key No. 125 - Blocks bounded by N. Princeton, Depauw, Hodge and Stanford

These two blocks are practically vacant and are located in the heart of a district which is fairly well developed. The site area is 3.6 acres.

Playground Key No. 126 - Blocks bounded by N. Wall, Westanna, Princeton, Depauw

The two blocks described above are vacant with the exception of one house just completed. Here again is danger of private construction coming in the way of an ideal park-playground site which is in the exact center of a growing neighborhood. The proposed site comprises 6.2 acres.

Playground Key No. 127 - Southeast of N. Fessenden and Geneva

The ten-acre tract south of North Fessenden and east of N. Geneva is in a sparsely developed area but is well placed to serve the neighborhood which has possibilities for growth. A tier of 21 lots fronting on N. Geneva is owned by the city. On the opposite side another tier of privately-owned lots might be acquired if at a reasonable price and funds remain for that purpose. This latter series of lots, fronting on N. Clarendon are not figured in the ten acres proposed.

Playground Key No. 130 - James John School, N. Jersey and Charleston

This centrally located unit should be expanded by acquiring property on the northerly, westerly and southerly sides of the present school grounds in progressive steps, if necessary, to provide a future total area of about 7.30 acres. Here, the vacation of streets will add greatly to the ultimate area. Total acquisition included streets to be vacated, thus comprising about four acres.

Playground Key No. 133 - "Old Reed Block" bounded by S. W. 1st, 2nd, Harrison, Montgomery

Located on the edge of an industrial district, but flanked on three sides by a district largely of multiple dwellings, the above described block will render a valuable service. The block comprises 0.92 of an acre. It is now used for play purposes although the property is in private ownership.

Playground Key No. 136 - N. E. 25th, 27th, Morgan, Dekum

Most of this proposed 6.7-acre site is owned by the city. It should be obtained for park use even though the district served is not densely inhabited.

Playground Key No. 138 - N. Delaware, Brandon, McClellan, Kilpatrick

This proposed 3.4-acre site is well located with respect to its service area, and like others in similar districts, it should be acquired while the land is available and at a relatively low value.

Playground Key No. 142 Neighborhood Park No. 5 Playfield No. 4

- "Hannah Mason Tract," between S. P. Railway tracks and the River, from about S. W. Vermont to S. W. Nevada

This recommended site is judged to be the one practicable solution to the recreational problem of Southern Portland, Fulton, and vicinity. It is the outstanding recommendation of this report with respect to its natural setting on the river, its tree growth, and its topography. The area is about 22 acres.

The 13.4 acres in the Hannah Mason Tract should be acquired now. Other property to the south, about eight acres, should be acquired as soon as possible by special action of the City Council.

Portland, a city whose growth and power is so closely linked with marine commerce, has no park with a marine motif. The possibility that such a park could be started by this tract, with ultimate extension north to the central business district, and east to embrace Ross Island, is one of those "big plans" that, once started, is kept in force by its inherent logic, and is accomplished where less daring plans perish of their lack of vision.

No present neighborhood park site, and no proposed site, has the fine landscape possibilities, and general utility value of the Hannah Mason Tract. The only criticism of this site is that the location is separated from its service area by Macadam Road; however, safe pedestrian crossings can be provided.

This recommended area can serve as playground, playfield, and neighborhood park, and it provides the only satisfactory setting for a community house which is to be sponsored by the people of the community. In addition to the above qualities, the recommended tract will conform to a long-time policy for making the most of recreational assets on the waterfront.

Playground Key No. 146 - Franklin High School, S. E. 55th and Division Neighborhood Park No. 21 Playfield No. 9

The vacant 13.8 acres east of Franklin High School should be acquired now. Later an addition should be made on the east, making S. E. 58th Avenue the ultimate eastern boundary of a 38-acre unit. The public is again faced with the imminent danger of losing the vacant land east of this high school.

There is ample justification for acquiring this and other multiple-use recreational sites in this present program which places emphasis upon acquisition of land, rather than upon improvement of sites, as a service to future generations. The proximity of Mt. Tabor Park has no bearing on this recommendation, because Mt. Tabor is of negligible value as a local recreational unit. It is a scenic park for passive recreation.

* * * * *

The City Planning Commission also recommends that the Roose-velt High School grounds be expanded, if adequate funds remain after the proposed sites have been earmarked or acquired, and after minimum grading and clearing have been done.

* * * * *

General Policies for Ten-Year Program

One of the difficulties of a program divided into ten yearly purchase programs, is in working out a method whereby all park sites included in the program may be acquired, or otherwise insured against the possibility of private use. This must be overcome at the outset in order that the various neighborhoods may be assured of an adequate park, and that the city-wide system of proposed recreational areas may be systematically acquired without continual revision of the plan. Owners of property needed for public use will have positive knowledge of whether or not their property will be taken, and the city can act more systematically, if the entire program can be established in the beginning, and all the sites can be legally reserved for public park use.

The City Planning Commission recommends that a suitable plan for early acquisition be devised in accordance with the opinion of the City Attorney in order that all recreational areas recommended in the ten-year program be appropriately "earmarked" in the beginning. Some of the most needed sites can be paid for in the first few years of the program. Time payments can be arranged for other sites. In fairness to property owners, and to insure a large saving in public costs, it is recommended that transfer of title be arranged for in the beginning, so that the city will not have to reimburse the private owners for taxes on all earmarked sites until final payment is completed. If a method similar to the above is not followed, and proposed sites are acquired on a year-to-year basis, as annual tax revenues become available, it is almost certain that continual study and revision of the city-wide plan and a priority list will be necessary.

Attention is called to the fact that many former school sites are still owned by School District No. 1, and that all of these, with the exception of the former Shaver School site, are considered in this report, (as they were in the 1936 report), as being existing recreational areas, whether developed and equipped or not. Inasmuch as the public has previously purchased these sites, and inasmuch as all, except the old Shaver School site, are properly located for recreational use, it is recommended that the Directors of School District No. 1 be requested to hold this land for public use. (A coordinated recreational program, involving park and school facilities, is now being studied by the City, School District No. 1, and by representatives of Community Clubs.)

It is further recommended that the county, state, or other public authorities owning land needed for, or which might be an aid in carrying out the recreational program, be requested to adopt policies which will further the acquisition program.

Proposed Policy on Acquisition of Land and Improvement of Acquired Sites

If all the sites in the list are earmarked in the beginning as recommended, the difficulties of estimating cost of property are materially lessened. If the program should proceed on a year-to-year basis, then the difficulties of estimating property costs will be increased.

In addition to estimating probable value of land, there is the question of how much should be allowed for initial improvement and equipment of acquired sites. It is recommended that a high percentage of the proceeds from the special tax levy authorized for the ten-year program be spent for acquisition of sites and that only a small part of the proceeds be spent for any necessary grading and general clean-up of acquired sites. Inasmuch as it is practically impossible to estimate grading or other necessary costs, it is recommended that very little, or no money be spent for these improvement purposes at the beginning of the program, or until such time as the Council may be reasonably certain that the more important acquisitions can be made and that minimum grading, and the like, can be done within the financial limits of the program.

The staff of the City Planning Commission has endeavored to make a reasonably safe estimate of cost of sites to be acquired. Their present estimate was made with some margin of safety to allow for contingencies. It is believed that, on the basis of present conditions, all the sites named in the recommended list can be acquired, and that a necessary minimum of grading and clearing can be accomplished within the limits of available funds. It is probable that savings can be effected by doing grading and clearing as work-relief projects.

Landscape Plans

It is recommended that landscape plans be prepared in the near future for all sites, even though present recommendations do not contemplate any substantial expenditures for park or playground improvements. However, because small improvements can and will be made in park or playground sites from time to time, such improvements should conform to a general design for each site. Without landscape plans worked out in advance, it is difficult to achieve good design, economy, and systematic use of recreational areas. With landscape plans, for city parks and for school grounds, advantage can be taken of various opportunities for site improvement.

Report adopted by:

Committee on Parks, and City Planning Commission, September 14, 1939 APPENDIX

(Appendix)

(Copy

From: City Attorney

To: City Planning Commission

July 22, 1939

Dear Mr. Howser,

Yours of the 12th instant is at hand asking whether the contract limitation provided for in the city charter precludes the possibility of including in the proposed ten year plan of acquiring property for playgrounds pursuant to the charter amendment adopted November 8th, 1938 (Sec. 190-1b of the charter) the taking of leases for a period of ten years with option of purchase.

The amendment declares the purpose of the people "That during the ensuing period of ten years there shall be established in the City of Portland a system of public recreational areas ...," and the Council is "granted authority to lease land with an option to purchase same, if financially advantageous in carrying out the intent of this act," and the Council is granted authority "to determine the number of projects of the public recreational system that shall be acquired, improved or equipped in any one year of said 10-year period.

The amendment should be read in connection with existing charter provisions, --especially subdivision (4) of section 34, which provides that the Council has power "to provide for entering into contracts by the city for a period not exceeding two years, except as in this charter otherwise provided," and section 193, where restrictions are placed up on the incurring of indebtedness and the expenditure of money. Regard must be had also to section 11, Article XI of the Constitution, wherein municipal corporations are not permitted to make a tax levy, without approval by the people, so as to raise a greater amount for purposes other than the payment of bonded indebtedness or interest thereon than the total amount levied in any one of the three years immediately preceding, plus six per cent.

Under date of January 10, 1939, this office held that a lease with an option to purchase is a contract within the above restriction of section 34. Upon reconsidering the matter, we are constrained to adhere to that conclusion.

From this, however, it does not follow that the Council may not take leases and ten year options if the consideration for the option is nominal, or in fact nothing further than the rental to be paid during a two year period of occupancy. In other words, leases may be obtained for a period not exceeding two years, and providing that the city may have an option to purchase the property at any time within ten years at a price to be stated or agreed upon, and also an option to renew the lease (prior to its expiration), and likewise additional renewals until the property is purchased or the ten years have expired (see McQuillin on Mun. Corporations (2d ed.) secs. 1355 and 2380).

Very truly yours,

No. 202580

(Signed) L. E. Latourette City Attorney