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Northwest GEO Consultants, LLC

June 28, 2010

Zien Phan
14218 NE Brazee Street
Portland Oregon 97230

RECEIVED
JAN 15 2013
BDS
DOCUMENT SERVICES

Dear Mr. Phan;

RE Cantilever Soldier Pile Wall
Phan Residence - 2942 NE Rocky Butte Road
COP Application 08-131183-00-RS
Site Development Checklist Dated January 6, 2010

Northwest GEO Consultants (NGC) is pleased to provide engineering design for the retaining wall at your proposed home on Rocky Butte Road. Based on conversation with you and the design and construction team, we understand you expect a soldier pile and lagging wall using driven H piles will be the most practical to construct.

You provided us with a schematic site plan prepared by Todd Sloan Architects that shows the relationship of the proposed wall to Rocky Butte Road. We were also given a geotechnical report prepared by PSI. The soldier pile wall design provided by this letter makes use of the soil boring completed by PSI.

You also provided structural details for the home (Sheets S-1 and S-6) prepared by Sherman Engineering. Wood lagging for the wall was designed by Sherman Engineering. All other aspects of the wall were designed by NGC.

The following paragraphs describe the site conditions, design assumptions, and analysis result

ASSUMPTIONS AND SITE CONDITIONS

The site plan prepared by Todd Sloan shows the wall will be oriented roughly parallel to Rocky Butte Road, offset about 13 feet from the edge of pavement. Granite bollards prevent traffic from approaching within 4 feet of the new wall.

The design intent is that the wall will act as shoring during construction and will support permanent lateral soil loads after construction. Most of the vertical loads from the new home will be supported by a concrete wall built in front of the shoring wall.

PSI drilled one soil boring on the shoulder of Rocky Butte Road near the proposed residence. The location of our soil boring, documentation of the boring methods, and log of boring B-1 are provided in their letter of November 6, 2008.

We used the analysis program Shoring Suite to develop a soldier pile design for the project. We used the information contained in the PSI report we modeled near surface soil on the site using the properties shown in Table 1. PSI did not encounter groundwater in their boring.

08-131183-00-RS

TABLE 1: SUBSURFACE SOIL MODEL

LAYER	LAYER DESCRIPTION	DEPTH ¹ (FT)	MOIST UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	SOIL FRICTION ANGLE ²
1	CRUSHED ROCK FILL (NEW)	0.0	145	41
2	DENSE SAND	4.0	120	36
3	LOOSE GRAVELLY SAND, SANDY GRAVEL	6.5	104	29
4	V. STIFF GRAVELLY SILT	17.5	120	36
5	LOOSE GRAVELLY SAND, SANDY GRAVEL	22.5	104	29
6	WEATHERED BASALT ROCK (RH3)	39.0	140	50

1. Depth at top of layer.
2. Soil modeled without cohesion.

The proposed wall will be 13 feet in height from top of pile to the mud at footing subgrade elevation for the interior wall footing. Proximity of the wall to Rocky Butte Road requires the wall to be a cantilever design. We did not add surcharge to the wall loads because the upper 4 feet of retained soil (crushed rock) will be placed after the piles driven and the lagging installed.

The site is located at latitude 45.541, longitude -122.56. Site ground motions for pile supported structures will be based on Site Class B conditions. Seismic site characterization and design recommendations based on USGS analysis are provided in Table 1 below. We used a value of PGA/2 in the seismic ground motion input.

TABLE 2: SEISMIC DESIGN FACTORS (5% DAMPING)

S _s	S ₁	SC	F _a	F _v	PGA
0.953	0.326	B	1.0	1.0	0.254

Notes: IBC Seismic design factors are based on Maximum Considered Earthquakes with a return period of 2,475 years, corresponding to a probability of exceedence of 2% in 50 years.

- S_s = 0.2 Sec Spectral Acceleration for site class B.
- S₁ = 1.0 Sec Spectral Acceleration for site class B.
- SC = Site Classification for Seismic Design
- F_a = 0.2 Sec Period Site Response Modifier for Site Class B
- F_v = 1.0 Sec Period Site Response Modifier for Site Class B
- PGA = Design Peak Ground Acceleration for site class B.

DESIGN PILE SECTION

Our analysis shows the minimum pile required to support anticipated lateral earth pressure loads is an HP12X74 placed on 4 foot centers. The relatively loose soil to be retained and exposed wall height of 13 feet requires a relatively large and closely spaced pile section. The minimum embedment is 22.5 feet, requiring a total pile length of 35.5 feet. The static case determined the embedment length; the seismic case determined the section size. The piles can be loaded to an allowable vertical capacity of 45 kips.

Deflection of the piles at the top of the wall is estimated to be in the range of 1.8 inches when all assumed static loads are applied. The upper four feet of the wall will be backfilled after pile installation. Sherman Engineering should consider the effect of staged loading/deflection with respect to timing of the interior concrete building wall. If needed, we can provide an estimate of pile deflection before the final fill is placed. Deflections are estimated to be 2.2 inches during a design level seismic event.

LAGGING

Lagging installed between adjacent soldier piles reduces the potential for soil failure, loss of ground, and hazardous working conditions. For permanent shoring wall application wooden timber lagging should be pressure-treated. Lateral earth pressure for lagging design is 35 pounds per cubic foot, expressed as equivalent fluid pressure. Due to soil arching effects for piles placed 8 feet or less on center, temporary lagging can be designed using 25 percent of the value, permanent lagging should be designed using 50 percent of the value.

WALL DRAINAGE

The retaining wall has been designed without the added load of water behind its back side. We recommend using a composite drainboard behind the wall, such as such as Miradrain or Delta-Drain, to maintain the design assumption. The drain board should terminate at the base of the wall in a continuous horizontal drain located either in front of or in back of the wall. The drain should be 3- or 4-inch diameter perforated pipe protected from silt intrusion by a non-woven filter fabric such as Mirafi 140N. As a matter of good construction practice the drain invert elevation should be 12 inches below the interior finished floor elevation. Interior walls should be protected from moisture intrusion.

LAGGING BACKFILL

Voids that remain behind the lagging should be filled free draining coarse material that will flow into voids. Suitable materials are dredge-sand and pea-gravel. Concrete, controlled-density fill, or other impermeable materials are not suitable. The fill or wall should be vibrated to improve material flow into the voids.

WALL BACKFILL

The top of the soldier pile wall will be backfilled about 4 feet to finished grade. The backfill should consist of ¾-inch minus crushed quarry rock that is placed and compacted as structural fill. To reduce pressure on the wall, backfill located within a horizontal distance of 3 feet from the retaining walls should be compacted to approximately 90 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557). Backfill more than 3 feet from the wall face should be compacted to 95 percent of the maximum density.

Settlement of up to 1 percent of the wall height commonly occurs immediately adjacent to the wall as the wall rotates and develops active lateral earth pressures. Consequently, we recommend that construction of flat work adjacent to the wall be postponed at least four weeks after construction, unless survey data indicates that settlement is complete prior to that time.

CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION

We recommend that NGC be retained to continuously monitor soldier pile installation in order to verify that suitable depths are reached and soil conditions are encountered. Monitoring will include observation and documentation of installation procedures, construction materials, drilling conditions, soil conditions, and pile plumbness.

LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared for the exclusive use of Zien Phan and the design team for this specific project. It should be made available to prospective contractors for information on the factual data only, and not as a warranty of subsurface conditions such as those interpreted from the explorations logs and presented in the discussions of the subsurface conditions included in this report.

Unanticipated soil conditions are commonly encountered and cannot fully be determined by merely taking soil samples from borings and test pits. Such unexpected conditions frequently require that additional expenditures be made to attain properly constructed projects. Therefore, some contingency fund is recommended to accommodate the potential for extra costs.

Excavations should be made in accordance with applicable Federal and State Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations. The contractor should be responsible for selecting the excavation technique, monitoring the excavations for safety, and constructing shoring, as required, to protect personnel and adjacent improvements. NGC is not responsible for site safety during construction.

Within the limitations of the scope, schedule and budget, the analyses, conclusions and recommendations presented in this report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical engineering principles and practice in this area at the time this report was prepared. We make no warranty, either express or implied.

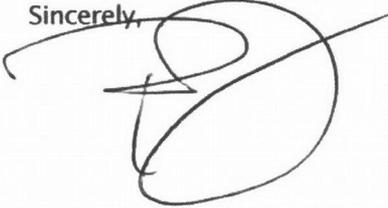
Zien Phan
Phan Residence - 2942 NE Rocky Butte Road
Cantilever Soldier Pile Retaining Wall

June 28, 2010

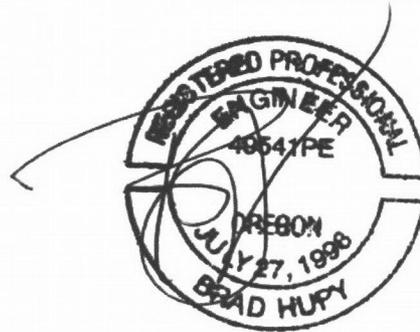


We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service to you. Please call if you have questions concerning this report or if we can provide additional services.

Sincerely,



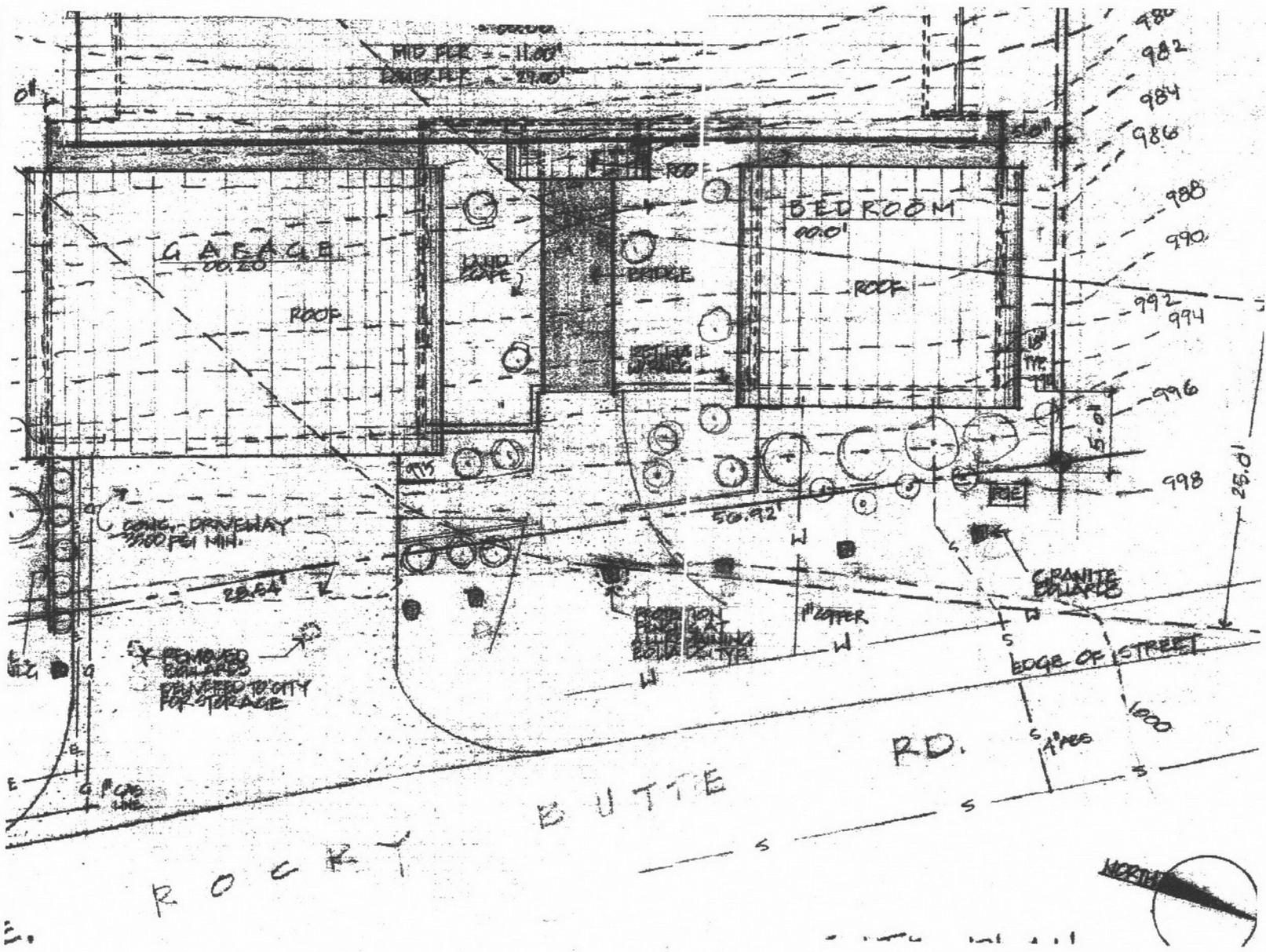
Brad L. Hupy, PE, GE
Principal Engineer

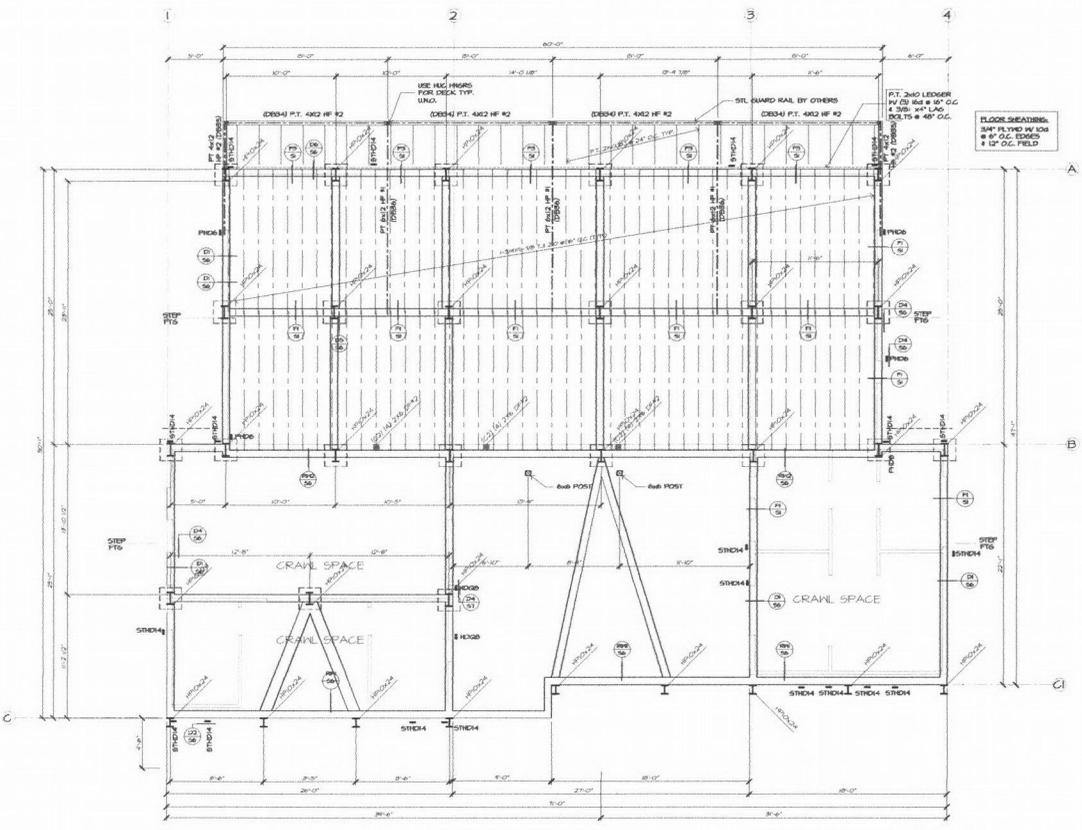
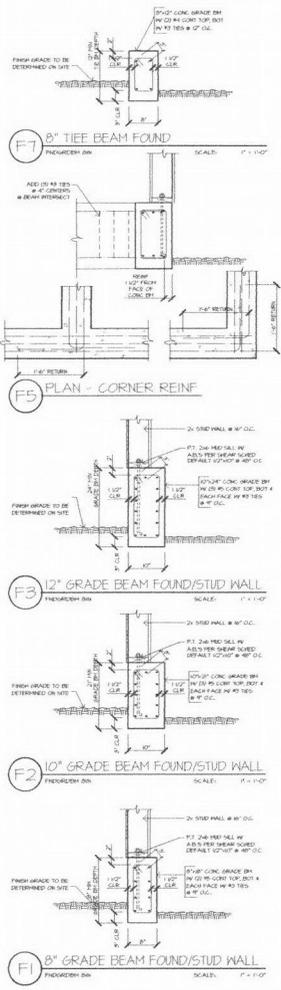


EXPIRES: JUNE 30, 2011

Attachments: Site Plan; Todd Sloan Architect
Foundation and Lower Floor Framing Plan - Sheet S-1; Sherman Engineering
Structural Details - Sheet S-6; Sherman Engineering
PSI Letter Report 704-75236-4 dated November 6, 2008
Analysis Documentation (18 pages)

Cc: Todd Sloan, Todd Sloan Architect
Don P. Sherman, PE, Sherman Engineers





PILE DRIVING NOTES:
 PILES SHALL BE DRIVEN TO END BEARING REFUSAL IN WEATHERED BASALT ROCK. DEPTH IS APPROXIMATED AND SHOULD BE OBSERVED BY THE SOILS ENGINEER. MAXIMUM CAPACITY IS 34 KIIPS. DRIVE PILES USING A 202000 FOOT-POUND DROP HAMMER.

FOUNDATION & LOWER FLOOR FRAMING PLAN
 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

POST SIZE:
 USE W4X13 OR 14X13 OR 16X13 TO MATCH WIDTH OF LARGEST BEARING.

Sherman Engineering, Inc. 1410 NW KEARNEY ST., #517 PORTLAND, OR 97204 (503) 250-8876 (503) 226-4145 FAX	
PROJECT NO. SE ROCKY BUTTE RESIDENCE	FOR ZIEN PHAN & DIEU LE
DRAWN BY ZIEN PHAN	DATE APRIL 30, 2004
CHECKED BY DAVID L. COOPER	DATE MAY 25, 2006
SHEET NO. SI	TOTAL SHEETS 10
PORTLAND, OREGON	

WOOD

1. ALL 2" DIA. AND LARGER BOLTS CALLED OUT IN DRAWINGS INCLUDING ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL HAVE WELDED NUTS INSTEAD OF AS LOOSE BELOUNDER THE HEAD AND NOT BE TIGHTENED IN CONCRETE OR MASONRY AS NOTED BELOW.

BOLT DIMENSIONS

BOLT DIAMETER	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"
WASHER THICKNESS	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"
WASHER DIAMETER	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 3/4"	2"	2 1/2"
HORIZONTAL SPACING	4"	4"	5"	6"	8"	12"

ALL ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE 1/2" LONG UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

2. ALL MASONRY SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY SAMPSON COMPANY. ALTERNATIVE MASONRY SHALL BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.

3. ALL LUMBER IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE SHALL BE PRESURIZED TREATED.

4. FOR ALL LUMBER JOINTS, THE DIAMETER IN THE TIGHTENED PORTION OF THE BOLT SHALL BE 1/8" SMALLER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE UNSTRENGTHENED PORTION.

WOOD

1. ALL STRUCTURAL LUMBER SHALL BE DOUGLAS FIR, FINALLY GRADED BY NATION GRADING MEASUREMENTS OF ALL JOBS LATEST EDITION.

2. REWORKED CONCRETE IS DEFINED BY THE "MATERIALS SOURCEBOOK DESIGN HANDBOOK".

3. CONCRETE TESTS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED TESTING LABORATORY AND APPROVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONCRETE TESTS SHALL BE HISTORY OR FIELD BATCH TESTS FOR COMPRESSION STRENGTH AND SHALL BE USED TO DETERMINE CONCRETE STRENGTH FOR DESIGN PURPOSES.

LOCATION IN STRUCTURE STRENGTH DESIGN SUMMARY

ALL CONCRETE FOOTINGS	2000	100	1-5
ALL CONCRETE MEMBERS	2000	100	1-5
WALLS	2000	100	1-5
SLAB-ON-GRADE	2000	100	1-5
VERTICAL CURTAIN WALL CONCRETE	2000	100	1-5
ADJACENT TO NON-REINFORCED CONCRETE SHALL CONFORM TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS OF ASTM C-88 AND PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS.			

4. ALL REINFORCING BARS, ANCHOR BOLTS, AND OTHER CONCRETE DETAILS SHALL BE WELL SECURED IN POSITION PRIOR TO PLACING CONCRETE.

5. PROVIDE SCHEDULE FOR FILING AND ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS IN CONCRETE BEFORE PLACING. DO NOT USE ANY REINFORCING WHEN IN CONTACT. COVER LOCATIONS TO NOT BE TIGHTENED. VERIFY THE NUMBER AND PLACEMENT OF CONNECTIONS NOT SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS. SEE THESE DRAWINGS FOR ADDITIONAL REINFORCING AND THE PLACEMENT OF DETAILS IN SLABS AND WALLS.

6. STEEL ANCHOR BOLT DIA. SHALL BE 1/2" UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. CONCRETE SHALL BE 2000 PSI UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. PROVIDE SCHEDULE FOR FILING AND ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS IN CONCRETE BEFORE PLACING. DO NOT USE ANY REINFORCING WHEN IN CONTACT. COVER LOCATIONS TO NOT BE TIGHTENED. VERIFY THE NUMBER AND PLACEMENT OF CONNECTIONS NOT SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS. SEE THESE DRAWINGS FOR ADDITIONAL REINFORCING AND THE PLACEMENT OF DETAILS IN SLABS AND WALLS.

CONCRETE

1. ALL CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM WITH CHAPTER 19 OF THE CODE AND WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ALL JOBS LATEST EDITION.

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DESIGN LOADS

1. LIVE LOAD FOLLOWING: 40 PSF RESIDUAL
LIVE LOAD (RESIDUAL) 40 PSF
LIVE LOAD (PEAK) 100 PSF (SEE ASST. EXP. D)
DEAD LOAD: 15 PSF
1-10
2008 IBC, 2007 ASCE

DESIGN LOADS

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF ANY DIMENSIONS OR PLACEMENTS OF ALL DIMENSIONS THAT DEVIATE FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. ANY DIMENSIONS THAT DEVIATE FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

2. ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONCRETE TO BE A PART OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REVIEW AND CORRECTION OF ALL DIMENSIONS THAT DEVIATE FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. ANY DIMENSIONS THAT DEVIATE FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

3. NOTES AND DETAILS ON DRAWINGS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER GENERAL NOTES AND TYPICAL DETAILS. THERE IS NO DETAIL FOR WALLS, SLABS, BUILT UP CONCRETE, DETAILS IN STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS. THE SPECIFIC DIMENSIONS OF WALLS.

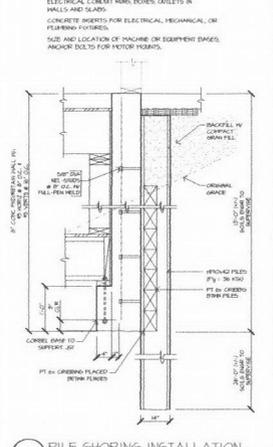
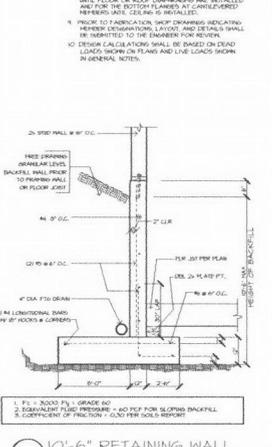
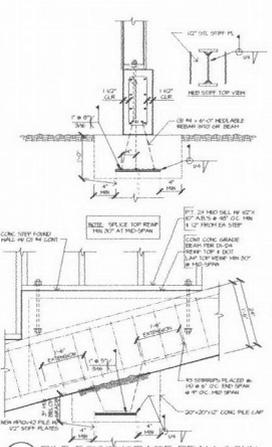
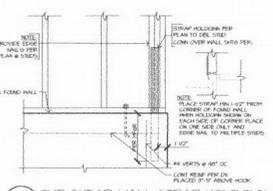
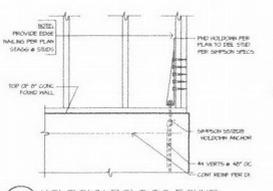
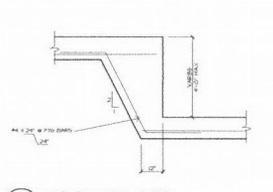
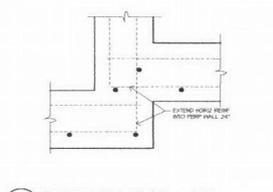
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Sherman Engineering, Inc.
1410 NW KENNEDY ST., 5TH FLOOR
PORTLAND, OR 97209
(503) 283-0076 (503) 226-4748 FAX

SE ROCKY BUTTE RESIDENCE
FOR
ZHEN PHAN

STRUCTURAL DETAILS

S6

November 6, 2008

Mr. Zien Phan
14218 Northeast Brazee
Portland, Oregon 97230

**Subject: Subsurface Exploration and Foundation Recommendations
Proposed Single Family Residence
Portland, Oregon
PSI Report No.: 704-75236-4**

Dear Mr. Phan:

Psi is pleased to submit this report that provides supplemental geotechnical recommendations for the property at 2942 Northeast Rocky Butte Road in Portland, Oregon. Our report provides the results of our subsurface exploration and recommendations for supporting foundations on self boring micro piles. Our work was performed as outlined in Change Order No. 2 dated September 5, 2008

We understand the proposed structure will be at least two stories situated on the westerly downward slope just west of NE Rocky Butte Road. A preliminary foundation drawing was provided to us by the structural engineer, Don Sherman, PE of Sherman Engineering, Inc. showing a layout of the proposed structure and foundations. The drawing shows that maximum axial and horizontal loads on the foundations will be 24.5 and 98.3 kips respectively.

Purpose and Scope of Services

The purpose of our work was to explore the site and provide recommendations for design and construction of the building foundations. Our scope of our services is summarized below:

- Coordinate and manage the field investigation including utility checks, obtaining permits, access preparation and scheduling PSI field staff;
- Drill one soil boring in the public right-of-way to a depth of 44.5 feet below the ground surface. Our boring included rock coring the final 5 feet of penetration;
- Pre excavate soil boring using vacuum excavation using a subcontractor;
- Obtain samples from the borings at 2-1/2- to 5-foot intervals using a standard penetration test (ASTM D1586);
- Maintain a detailed log of soil, rock and groundwater conditions encountered in each boring and obtain soil samples for laboratory testing;

- Provide recommendations for design and construction of footings including pin pile supported footings with provisions including allowable design bearing pressures, minimum footing depth and width, and estimates of settlement;
- Provide a written report summarizing our explorations, geotechnical analysis, conclusions and recommendations;
- Provide responses to additional requests by the City of Portland for additional information.

Subsurface Exploration

We drilled one soil boring on the shoulder of Rocky Butte Road near the proposed residence. The location of our soil boring is shown in Figure 1, Site Exploration Plan. The boring was drilled to a depth of 44.5 feet below ground surface (bgs) using our CME-75 truck-mounted drill. The upper five feet of our exploration was vacuum drilled using a subcontracted service.

Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were performed in general accordance with ASTM D1586 at intervals of 2 ½-ft to 5 feet. A 5-ft long rock core was obtained from 39½ to 44½ ft.

Soil samples were obtained for classification, verification, and laboratory testing. Descriptions of the field explorations, laboratory testing program, test results, and the boring logs are provided in Appendix A.

Near surface soil on the site is loose sand fill with gravel and cobbles to a depth of about 2 to 3 feet bgs. The fill is underlain by loose sand to approximately 15 feet bgs. This sand was underlain by soft, red, gravelly silt to about 25 ft bgs. An approximately 14-ft layer of loose sandy gravel underlies the silt to a depth of about 39 feet bgs.

We encountered weathered basalt rock at a depth of 39 feet. A Rock Quality Designation of 30 percent was determined from a 5-ft core sample obtained from 39½ to 44.5 feet.

Groundwater was not encountered at the time of our exploration. Our detailed interpretation of the soils encountered at the site is shown in the exploration log attached to this report.

Foundation Recommendations

We recommend supporting the footings for the residential structure on self-boring hollow steel anchor bars (IBO Bars). This anchoring system derives its support from the basalt rock which underlies the site.

We recommend using Contec® C30/14 IBO Bars to provide the needed structural and geotechnical capacity. The ultimate structural capacity of 30/14 bars is 72 kips. The yield load is 58.5 kips, and the allowable structural load at 60 percent Guaranteed Ultimate Tensile Strength is 35.1 kips per bar. Several 30/14 anchors will be needed to support the design axial and horizontal loads. Based on our site exploration, the bars will be about 40 feet long. Bars installed to resist lateral forces, will be longer. The length will depend on the angle of installation, to be specified by the structural engineer.

To achieve an allowable geotechnical capacity of 35 kips using a Factor of Safety of 2, the bars should be installed using a sacrificial bit at least 3 inches in diameter and drilled a minimum of 5 feet into unweathered basalt rock. The anchors are to be installed using neat cement grout that is pressure injected through the center of the anchor and dispersed the full length of the rod. Grout samples should be taken daily and have a minimum compressive strength of at least 3000 psi at an age of 7 days. Compressive strength testing should be conducted in general accordance with ASTM C109. Anchors near Rocky Butte Road should be installed at an angle no greater than 30 degrees from vertical to limit encroachment into the right-of-way.

Figure No. 2 provides a schematic drawing of an IBO anchor installed in a concrete footing.

Anchor Bar Testing and Acceptance

PSI should be retained to observe installation of the IBO anchor bars in order to verify that soil conditions are as anticipated.

The IBO anchor rods recommended for deep foundation systems should be proof-tested in accordance with the general guidelines specified in general accordance with ASTM D3689, *Standard Test Methods for Deep Foundations Under Static Axial Tensile Load*. We recommend at least 5 percent of the total number of bars installed to be tested. The anchors tested should be sleeved with PVC pipe to create an unbonded zone 10 ft long. Use the loading schedule in Table 1 and the following acceptance criteria.

Table 1: IBO Rod 30/14 Tensile Load Testing Schedule

LOAD INCREMENT	LOAD (KIPS)	MINIMUM HOLD TIME (MIN)
Alignment Load	5	1
1	10	1
2	15	1
3	20	1
4	25	1
5	30	1
6	35	4

Deformation readings shall be obtained after reaching the specified load. The allowable axial deformation at each load increment shall not exceed 0.03 inches, except the alignment load.

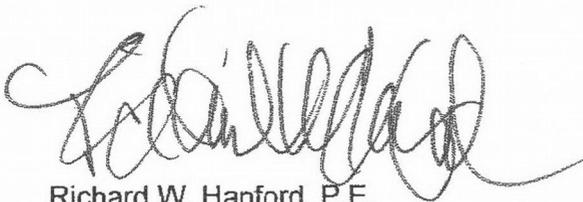
If deflection is greater than 0.03 inches at any load increment (neglecting the alignment load) the hold time should extend to 60 minutes. Additional axial deformation readings should be recorded at 8, 15, 30, and 60 minutes. If the axial creep deformation between the 8 and 60 minute readings are less than 0.02 inches, the test increment is acceptable.

After testing the load may be reduced slowly at a rate of 5 kips per second using the bleeder valve.

We appreciate the opportunity to continue our work on your project.

Sincerely,

Professional Service Industries, Inc.



Richard W. Hanford, P.E.
Principal Consultant
Geotechnical Services



EXPIRES: JUNE 20, 2009

Brad L. Hupy, P.E.
Senior Geotechnical Engineer
Geotechnical Services

Attachments: Figure 1, Site Exploration Plan
Figure 2, Drilled and Grouted Titan Micro Piles Schematic
Boring Log (B-1)

JF/BLH:tc

LOG OF TEST BORING NO. B-1

CLIENT: Zien Phan
 PROJECT: Phan Residence
 LOCATION: Rocky Butte Rd., Portland, OR
 PSI PROJECT NUMBER: 704-75236

DATE OF EXPLORATION: 10/3/2008
 EQUIPMENT: CME-75 Hollow Stem Auger w/Auto SPT Hammer
 LOGGED BY: J. Pogue
 BORING LOCATION: 54' N & 4' W of fire hydrant

SURF. ELEV.: GROUNDWATER: TERMINATION DEPTH: 44' *The soil boring was backfilled with auger cuttings and granular bentonite at the end of exploration*

DEPTH (FT)	SAMPLES RECOVERY	SYMBOL	U.S.C.S. CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION <small>Stratigraphic lines/depths shown are approximate. Actual soil conditions encountered during construction may vary from those described below. Specific groundwater depths should be expected to vary season to season. Please refer to the report text for further explanation of soils encountered and exploration methods employed.</small>	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	% PASSING #200 SIEVE	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	BLOWS/6"	POCKET PEN (TSF)	TORVANE SHEAR (TSF)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (blows/foot)						
													<small>140 pound hammer/30 inch drop</small>						
													5	10	20	30	40	50	60
			SP	Very dense, SAND FILL with gravel and cobbles, moist															
5	SPT 1		SPG	Loose, brown, gravelly SAND moist				9-4-4											
	SPT 2		GPS	Loose, red-brown, sandy GRAVEL, moist				3-3-3											
	SPT 3		MLS	Medium stiff, red, sandy SILT, moist				4-3-2											
10	SPT 4		SP	Loose, brown, SAND, moist				4-2-2											
15	SPT 5		MLG	Soft, red, gravelly SILT, moist				2-2-1											
20	SPT 6							3-10-8											
25	SPT 7		GPS	Very loose to loose, red-brown-gray sandy GRAVEL, moist				3-2-3											
30	SPT 8							5-2-4											
35	SPT 9							0-1-1											
40	SPT 10		BASALT	Hard (RH3), strong, little weathered, closely fractured, red-brown BASALT, RQD 30				30-50/3"											
45	CORE 11			Soil boring completed at 45 feet below ground surface.															
50				Groundwater not encountered during site exploration.															

BL_PDX_DCP_704-75236.GPJ CURRENT PORTLAND GEOTECH TEMPLATE.GDT 11/16/08



6032 North Cutter Circle, Suite 480
 Portland, Oregon 97217-0126
 (800) 783-6985



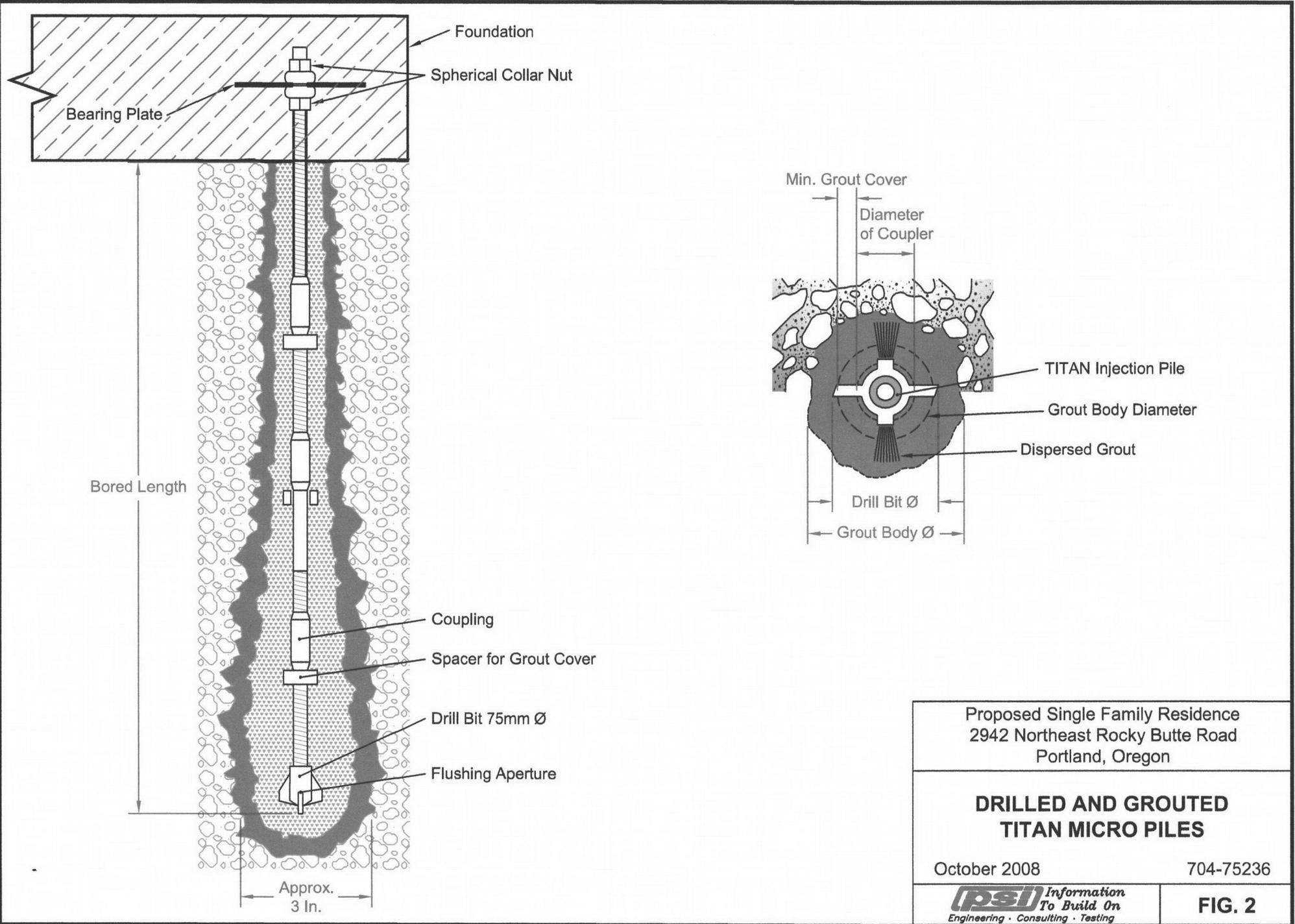
LEGEND:



Approximate Location of Soil Boring

Source image reprinted with permission from Google Earth Pro

	SITE EXPLORATION PLAN	DATE: 11/4/08	FIGURE NUMBER: 1
PSI, Inc. 6032 N. Cutter Circle, Suite 480 Portland, Oregon 97217 (503) 289-1778	Phan Residence 2942 NE Rocky Butte Road, Portland, OR	DRAWN BY: JF	PSI REPORT NUMBER: 704-75236-4



Proposed Single Family Residence
 2942 Northeast Rocky Butte Road
 Portland, Oregon

**DRILLED AND GROUTED
 TITAN MICRO PILES**

October 2008

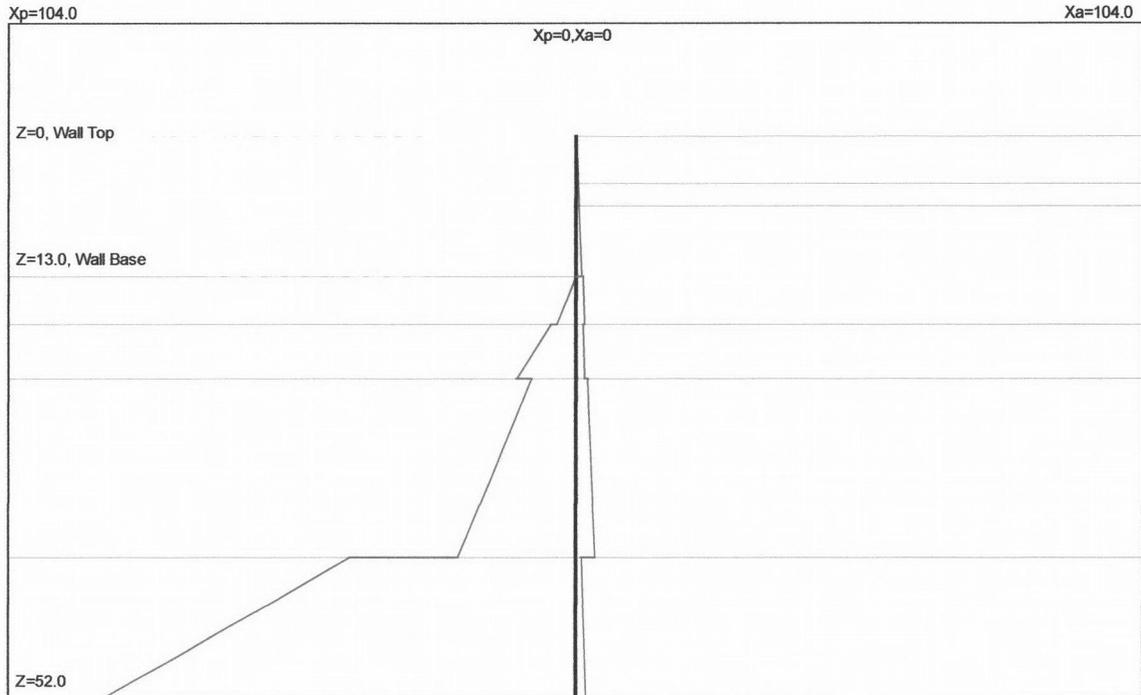
704-75236

PSI Information
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FIG. 2

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road

Static



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 UNITS: DEPTH/DISTANCE: ft, UNIT WEIGHT: pcf, FORCE: kip, PRESSURE: ksf, SLOPE: kcf

* INPUT DATA *

Wall Height=13.0 Total Soil Types= 5

Soil No.	Weight	Saturate	Phi	Cohesion	Nspt	Type	Description
1	135.3	148.9	41.4	0.0	58	4	V Dense 3/4
2	121.4	133.6	36.4	0.0	20	4	Dense Sand
3	105.2	115.7	29.0	0.0	4	4	Loose Sandy
4	120.3	132.3	35.7	0.0	17	4	V Stiff Silt
5	136.9	150.6	50.0	0.0	60	4	RH3 Rock

Ground Surface at Active Side:

Line	Z1	Xa1	Z2	Xa2	Soil No.
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	80000.0	1
2	4.5	0.0	4.5	80000.0	2
3	6.5	0.0	6.5	80000.0	3
4	17.5	0.0	17.5	80000.0	4
5	22.5	0.0	22.5	80000.0	3
6	39.0	0.0	39.0	80000.0	5

Ground Surface at Passive Side:

Line	Z1	Xp1	Z2	Xp2	Soil No.
1	13.0	0.0	13.0	80000.0	3
2	17.5	0.0	17.5	80000.0	4
3	22.5	0.0	22.5	80000.0	3
4	39.0	0.0	39.0	80000.0	5

*** OUTPUT RESULTS ***

Eae (Total Force above Base)= 2.96
 Ea (Total Static Force above Base)= 2.96
 Ea (Total Earthquake Force above Base)= 0.00

Apparent Pressure above Base - Output to Shoring

No	Z1	Pa1	Z2	Pa2	ka1
0	0.00	0.00	13.00	0.46	0.0351

Driving Pressure below Base - Output to Shoring

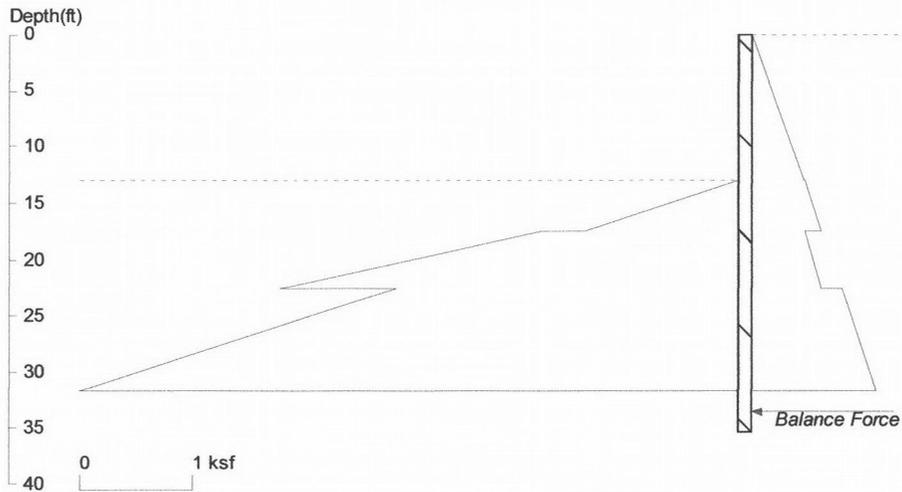
No	Z1	Pa1	Z2	Pa2	ka1
0	13.00	0.47	17.50	0.62	0.0321
1	17.50	0.47	22.50	0.62	0.0291
2	22.50	0.80	39.00	1.33	0.0324
3	39.00	0.45	52.00	0.74	0.0223

Passive Pressure below Base - Output to Shoring

No	Z1	Pp1	Z2	Pp2	kp1
0	13.00	0.0	17.50	1.4	0.303
1	17.50	1.7	22.50	4.1	0.467
2	22.50	3.0	39.00	8.1	0.307
3	39.00	15.6	52.00	32.6	1.305

UNITS: DEPTH/DISTANCE: ft, UNIT WEIGHT: pcf, FORCE: kip, PRESSURE: ksf, SLOPE: kcf
 Date: 4/26/2010 File Name: J:\01 NGC PROJECTS\Zien Phan\Zien Phan.ep8

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road
Static



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 Date: 4/26/2010 File Name:

Wall Height=13.0 Pile Diameter=1.0 Pile Spacing=4.0 Wall Type: 3. Soldier Pile, Driving

PILE LENGTH: Min. Embedment=22.45, Min. Pile Length=35.45
 MOMENT IN PILE: Max. Moment=136.49 per Pile Spacing=4.0 at Depth=22.31

VERTICAL BEARING CAPACITY: Vertical Loading=0.0, Resistance=91.7, Vertical Factor of Safety=999.00

PILE SELECTION:

Request Min. Section Modulus = 68.9 in³/pile, Fy= 36 ksi = 248 MPa, Fb/Fy=0.66
 HP12X74 has Section Modulus = 93.8. It is greater than Min. Requirements!, Top Deflection = 1.78(in)

ACTIVE SPACING:	Z depth	Spacing
1	0.00	4.00
2	13.00	1.00

PASSIVE SPACING:	Z depth	Spacing
1	13.00	1.50

DRIVING PRESSURES (ACTIVE, WATER, & SURCHARGE):

No.	Z1	P1	Z2	P2	Slope
1	0.0	0.00	13.0	0.46	0.035
2	13.0	0.47	17.5	0.62	0.032
3	17.5	0.47	22.5	0.62	0.029
4	22.5	0.80	31.7	1.33	0.032
5	1030.7	0.47	1030.7	0.99	0.020

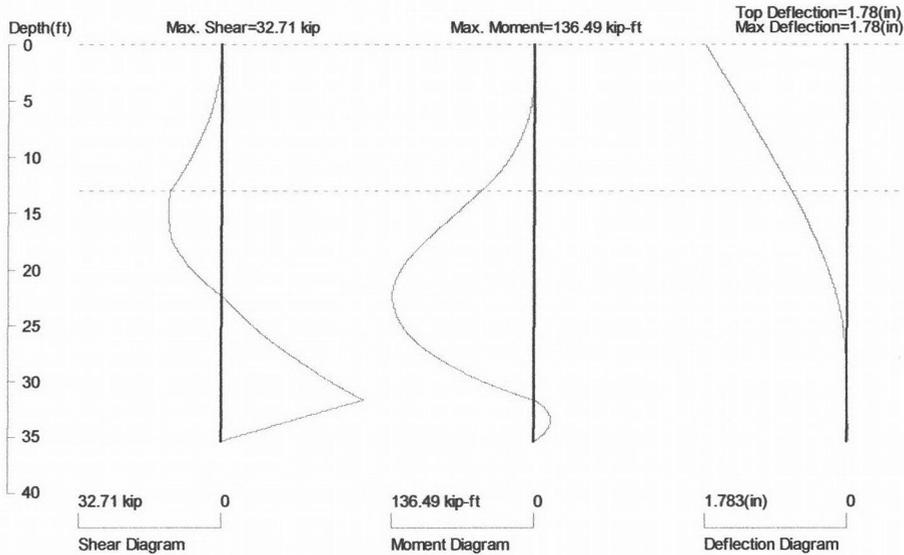
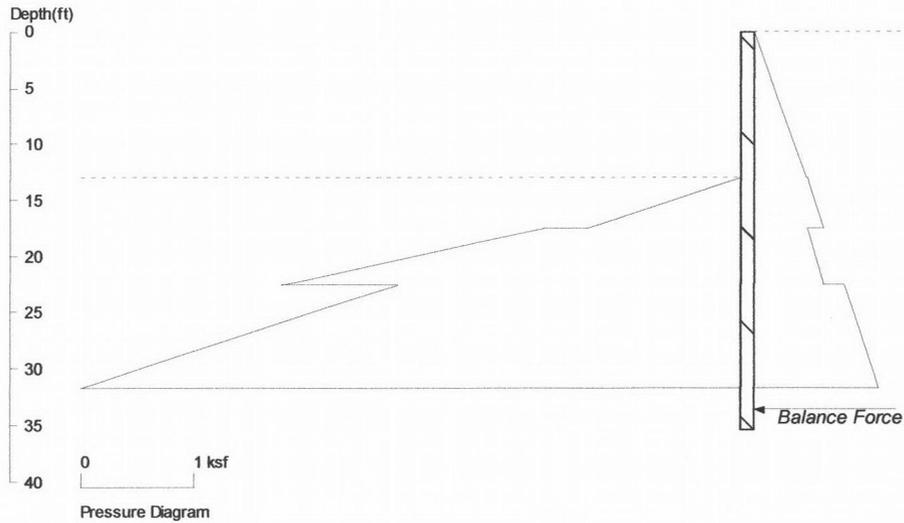
PASSIVE PRESSURES:

No.	Z1	P1	Z2	P2	Slope
1	13.00	0.00	17.50	1.37	0.3033
2	17.50	1.75	22.50	4.09	0.4675

3	22.50	3.04	31.71	8.11	0.3070
4	1030.71	16.24	1030.71	47.72	1.2105

UNITS: Width/Spacing/Diameter/Length/Depth - ft, Force - kip, Moment - kip-ft,
UNITS: Friction/Bearing/Pressure - ksf, Pres. Slope - kip/ft³, Deflection - in

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road
Static



PRESSURE, SHEAR, MOMENT, AND DEFLECTION DIAGRAMS

Based on pile spacing: 4.0 feet or meter

Pile: HP12X74 meet Section Requirements. Properties: E (ksi)=29000, I (in⁴)=569.0

Date: 4/26/2010 File Name: UNTITLED

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SHORING WALL CALCULATION SUMMARY
The leading shoring design and calculation software
Software Copyright by CivilTech Software
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ShoringSuite Software is developed by CivilTech Software, Bellevue, WA, USA.

The calculation method is based on the following references:

1. FHWA 98-011, FHWA-RD-97-130, FHWA SA 96-069, FHWA-IF-99-015
2. STEEL SHEET PILING DESIGN MANUAL by Pile Buck Inc., 1987
3. DESIGN MANUAL DM-7 (NAVFAC), Department of the Navy, May 1982
4. TRENCHING AND SHORING MANUAL Revision 12, California Department of Transportation, January 2000
6. EARTH SUPPORT SYSTEM & RETAINING STRUCTURES, Pile Buck Inc. 2002
5. DESIGN OF SHEET PILE WALLS, EM 1110-2-2504, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 31 March 1994
7. EARTH RETENTION SYSTEMS HANDBOOK, Alan Macnab, McGraw-Hill. 2002
8. AASHTO HB-17, American Association of State and Highway Transportation Officials, 2 September 2002

UNITS: Width/Spacing/Diameter/Length/Depth - ft, Force - kip, Moment - kip-ft, Friction/Bearing/Pressure - ksf,
Pres. Slope - kip/ft³, Deflection - in

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Date: 4/26/2010 File: UNTITLED

Title: Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road
Subtitle: Static

*****INPUT DATA*****

Wall Type: 3. Soldier Pile, Driving
 Wall Height: 13.00
 Pile Diameter: 1.00
 Pile Spacing: 4.00
 Factor of Safety (F.S.): 1.50
 Lateral Support Type (Braces): 1. No
 Top Brace Increase (Multi-Bracing): Add 15%*
 Embedment Option: 1. Yes
 Friction at Pile Tip: No*
 Check Vertical Bearing Capacity:
 Side Friction for Bearing: 1.00
 Tip Resistance for Bearing: 1.00
 Pile Properties:
 Allowable Fb/Fy: 0.66
 Steel Strength, Fy: 36 ksi = 248 MPa
 Elastic Module, E: 29000.00
 Moment of Inertia, I: 100.00
 User Input Pile: HP12X74

* DRIVING PRESSURE (ACTIVE, WATER, & SURCHARGE) *

No.	Z2 top	Top Pres.	Z2 bottom	Bottom Pres.	Slope
1	0.00	0.00	13.00	0.46	0.0351
2	13.00	0.47	17.50	0.62	0.0321
3	17.50	0.47	22.50	0.62	0.0291
4	22.50	0.80	39.00	1.33	0.0324
5	39.00	0.47	65.00	0.99	0.0203

* PASSIVE PRESSURE *

No.	Z1 top	Top Pres.	Z2 bottom	Bottom Pres.	Slope
1	13.00	0.00	17.50	1.37	0.3033
2	17.50	1.75	22.50	4.09	0.4675
3	22.50	3.04	39.00	8.11	0.3070
4	39.00	16.24	65.00	47.72	1.2105

The pressure above will be divided by a Factor of Safety =1.5

* ACTIVE SPACE *

No.	Z depth	Spacing
1	0.00	4.00
2	13.00	1.00

* PASSIVE SPACE *

No.	Z depth	Spacing
1	13.00	1.50

*For Tieback: Input1 = Diameter; Input2 = Bond Stength

*For Plate: Input1 = Diameter; Input2 = Allowable Pressure

*For Deaman: Input1 = Horz. Width; Input2 = Allowable Pressure; Angle = 0

*****SPECIFIED PILE *****

HP12X74 has been found in Soldier Pile list!

Area= 21.8 Depth= 12.13 Width= 12.215 Height= 12

Ix= 569 Sx= 93.8 Iy= 186 Sy= 30.4

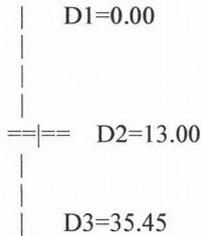
Flange thickness= 0.61 Web thickness= 0.605

* Note: All the pile dimensions are in English Units.

*****CALCULATION*****

The calculated moment and shear are per pile spacing. Sheet piles are per one feet or meter; Soldier piles are per pile.

Top Pressures start at depth = 0.00



D1 - TOP DEPTH
D2 - EXCAVATION BASE
D3 - PILE TIP

MOMENT BALANCE: M=0.00 AT DEPTH=31.71 WITH EMBEDMENT OF 18.71

Total Passive Pressure = Total Active Pressure, OK!

*****RESULTS*****

* EMBEDMENT *

Based on USS Design Manual, fist calculate embedment for moment equilibrium, then increased by 20 to 40 % to reach force equilibrium.

The embedment for moment equilibrium is 18.71

The 20% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 22.45 (Used by Program)

The 30% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 24.32

The 40% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 26.19

Based on AASHTO Standard Specifications, fist calculate embedment for moment equilibrium, then add safety factor of 30% for temporary shoring; add safety factor of 50% for permanent shoring.

The embedment for moment equilibrium is 18.71

Add 30% embedment for temporary shoring (FS=1.3) is 24.32

Add 50% embedment for permanent shoring (FS=1.5) is 28.06

PROGRAM RECOMMENDED MINIMUM EMBEDMENT = 22.45

TOTAL MINIMUM PILE LENGTH = 35.45

* MOMENT IN PILE (per pile spacing)*

Overall Maximum Moment = 136.49 at 22.31

Maximum Shear = 32.71

Moment and Shear are per pile spacing: 4.0 feet or meter

* VERTICAL LOADING *

Vertical Loading from Braces = 0.00

Vertical Loading from External Load = 0.00

Total Vertical Loading = 0.00

* VERTICAL BEARING CAPACITY CHECK *

Tip Depth	Tip Area	Bearing	Tip Resistance
35.45	0.79	1.00	0.79

Embedment	Side Area*	Friction	Side Resistance
22.45	90.94	1.00	90.94

*Side Area is the surface area of embedment below base and contact area between pile and soil above base.

Total Vertical Resistance = 91.72

Total Vertical Loading = 0.00

Vertical Factor of Safety = 999.00

*****SPECIFIED PILE *****

HP12X74 has been found in Soldier Pile list!
 Area= 21.8 Depth= 12.13 Width= 12.215 Height= 12
 Ix= 569 Sx= 93.8 Iy= 186 Sy= 30.4
 Flange thickness= 0.61 Web thickness= 0.605

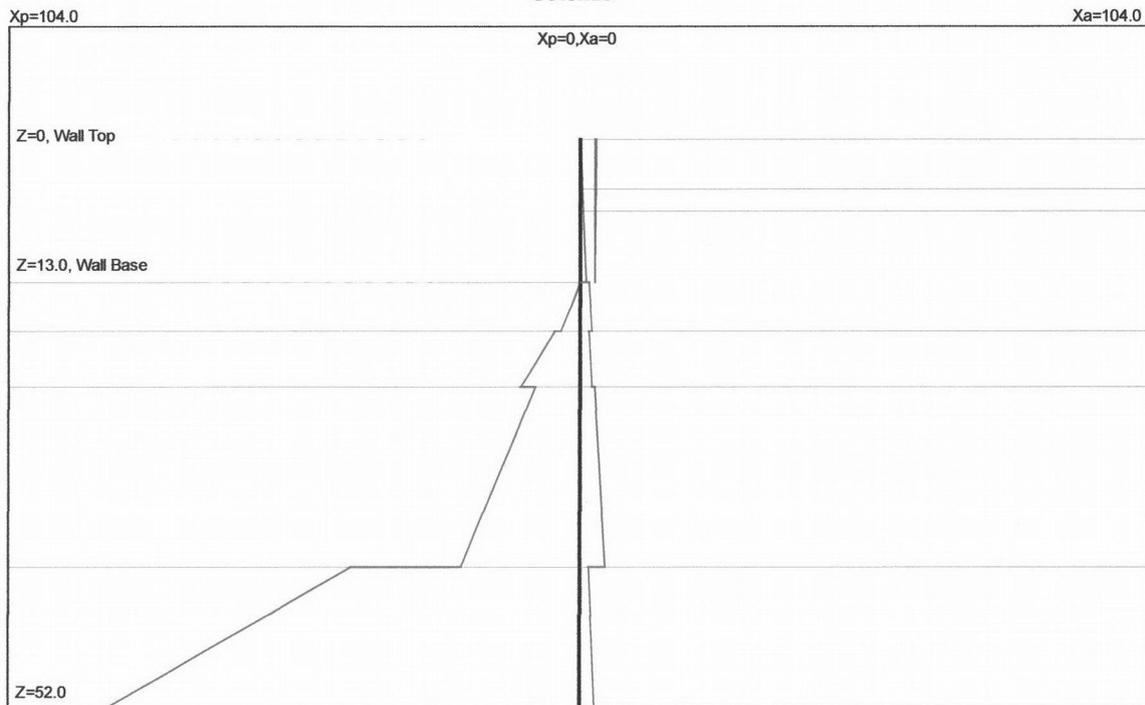
* Note: All the pile dimensions are in English Units.

Request Min. Section Modulus = 68.9 in³/pile, Fy= 36 ksi = 248 MPa, Fb/Fy=0.66
 The pile selection is based on the magnitude of the moment only. Axial force is neglected.

HP12X74 is capable to support the shoring!
 Top deflection = 1.783(in)
 Max. deflection = 1.783(in)

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road

Seismic



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 UNITS: DEPTH/DISTANCE: ft, UNIT WEIGHT: pcf, FORCE: kip, PRESSURE: ksf, SLOPE: kcf

* INPUT DATA *

Wall Height=13.0 Total Soil Types= 5

Soil No.	Weight	Saturate	Phi	Cohesion	Nspt	Type	Description
1	135.3	148.9	41.4	0.0	58	4	V Dense 3/4
2	121.4	133.6	36.4	0.0	20	4	Dense Sand
3	105.2	115.7	29.0	0.0	4	4	Loose Sandy
4	120.3	132.3	35.7	0.0	17	4	V Stiff Silt
5	136.9	150.6	50.0	0.0	60	4	RH3 Rock

Ground Surface at Active Side:

Line	Z1	Xa1	Z2	Xa2	Soil No.
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	80000.0	1
2	4.5	0.0	4.5	80000.0	2
3	6.5	0.0	6.5	80000.0	3
4	17.5	0.0	17.5	80000.0	4
5	22.5	0.0	22.5	80000.0	3
6	39.0	0.0	39.0	80000.0	5

Ground Surface at Passive Side:

Line	Z1	Xp1	Z2	Xp2	Soil No.
1	13.0	0.0	13.0	80000.0	3
2	17.5	0.0	17.5	80000.0	4
3	22.5	0.0	22.5	80000.0	3
4	39.0	0.0	39.0	80000.0	5

*** OUTPUT RESULTS ***

Eae (Total Force above Base)= 3.89
 Ea (Total Static Force above Base)= 2.96
 Ea (Total Earthquake Force above Base)= 0.93

Apparent Pressure above Base - Output to Shoring

No	Z1	Pa1	Z2	Pa2	ka1
0	0.00	0.00	13.00	0.46	0.0351

Driving Pressure below Base - Output to Shoring

No	Z1	Pa1	Z2	Pa2	ka1
0	13.00	0.62	17.50	0.81	0.0421
1	17.50	0.63	22.50	0.83	0.0391
2	22.50	1.05	39.00	1.75	0.0425
3	39.00	0.62	52.00	1.07	0.0344

Passive Pressure below Base - Output to Shoring

No	Z1	Pp1	Z2	Pp2	kp1
0	13.00	0.0	17.50	1.4	0.314
1	17.50	1.8	22.50	4.2	0.486
2	22.50	3.2	39.00	8.4	0.318
3	39.00	16.3	52.00	33.8	1.345

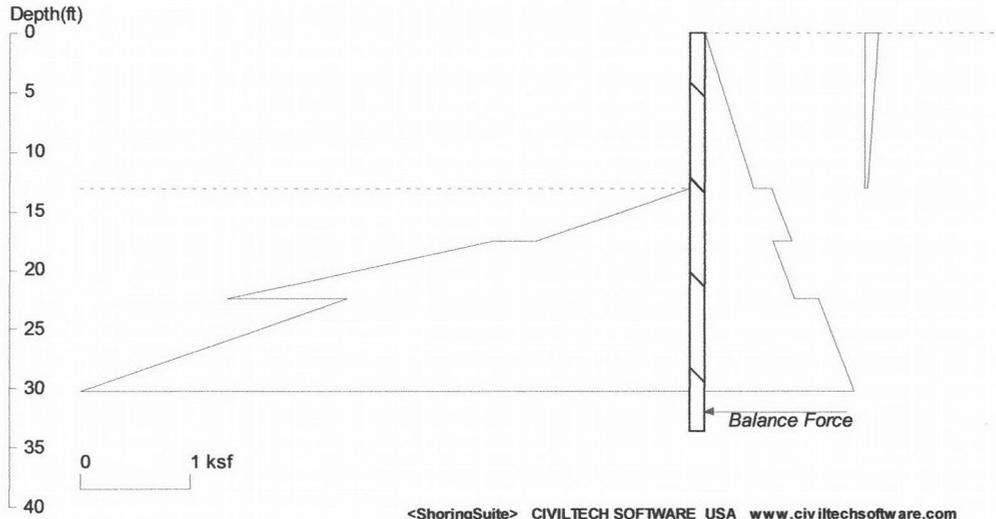
Output Earthquake Pressure above Base - Output to Shoring

Total Earthq. Force, Ee = 0.93

No	Zq1	Pq1	Zq2	Pq2	kq1
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

UNITS: DEPTH/DISTANCE: ft, UNIT WEIGHT: pcf, FORCE: kip, PRESSURE: ksf, SLOPE: kcf
 Date: 4/26/2010 File Name: J:\01 NGC PROJECTS\Zien Phan\Zien Phan.ep8

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road
Seismic



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 Date: 4/26/2010 File Name:

Wall Height=13.0 Pile Diameter=1.0 Pile Spacing=4.0 Wall Type: 3. Soldier Pile, Driving

PILE LENGTH: Min. Embedment=20.62, Min. Pile Length=33.62
 MOMENT IN PILE: Max. Moment=182.55 per Pile Spacing=4.0 at Depth=21.51

VERTICAL BEARING CAPACITY: Vertical Loading=0.0, Resistance=86.0, Vertical Factor of Safety=999.00

PILE SELECTION:
 Request Min. Section Modulus = 92.2 in³/pile, Fy= 36 ksi = 248 MPa, Fb/Fy=0.66
 HP12X74 has Section Modulus = 93.8. It is greater than Min. Requirements!, Top Deflection = 2.16(in)

ACTIVE SPACING:		Z depth	Spacing
1		0.00	4.00
2		13.00	1.00
PASSIVE SPACING:		Z depth	Spacing
1		13.00	1.50

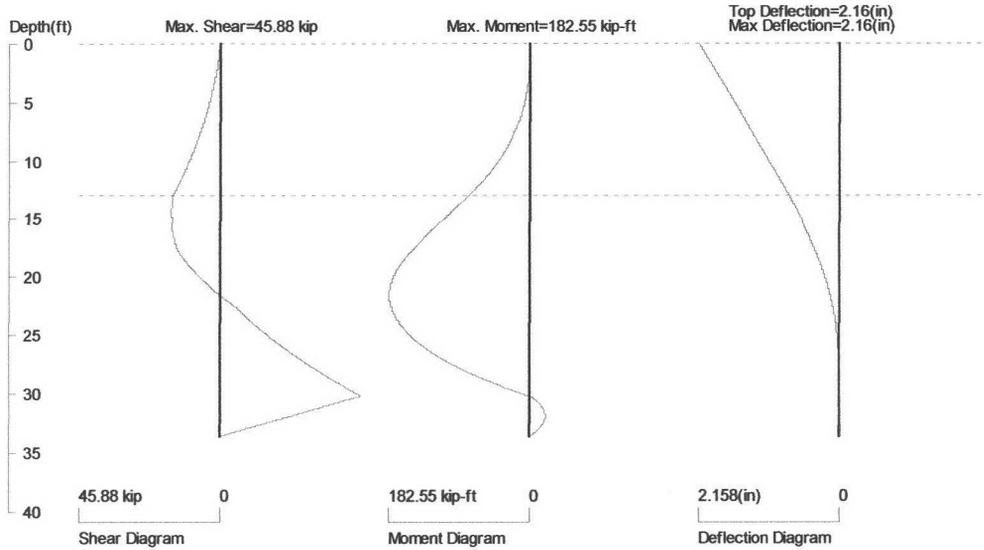
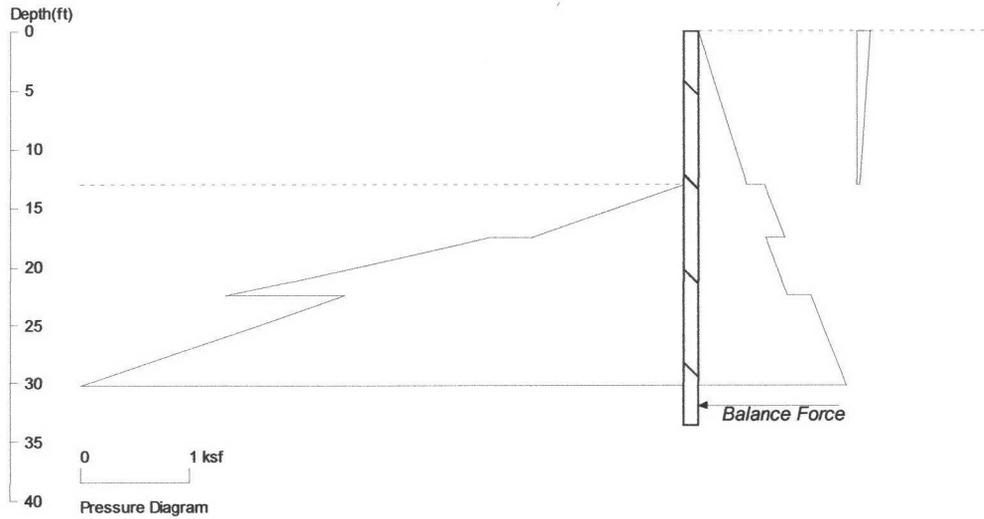
DRIVING PRESSURES (ACTIVE, WATER, & SURCHARGE):						
No.	Z1	P1	Z2	P2	Slope	
1	0.0	0.00	13.0	0.46	0.035	
2	13.0	0.62	17.5	0.81	0.042	
3	17.5	0.63	22.5	0.82	0.039	
4	22.5	1.05	30.2	1.75	0.042	
5	1029.2	0.65	1029.2	1.43	0.030	
6	0.0	0.12	13.0	0.03	-0.007	

PASSIVE PRESSURES:					
No.	Z1	P1	Z2	P2	Slope
1	13.00	0.00	17.50	1.41	0.3140

2	17.50	1.81	22.50	4.24	0.4857
3	22.50	3.15	30.18	8.40	0.3178
4	1029.18	16.93	1029.18	49.35	1.2469

UNITS: Width/Spacing/Diameter/Length/Depth - ft, Force - kip, Moment - kip-ft,
UNITS: Friction/Bearing/Pressure - ksf, Pres. Slope - kip/ft³, Deflection - in

Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road Seismic



PRESSURE, SHEAR, MOMENT, AND DEFLECTION DIAGRAMS

Based on pile spacing: 4.0 feet or meter

Pile: HP12X74 meet Section Requirements. Properties: E (ksi)=29000, I (in⁴)=569.0

Date: 4/26/2010 File Name: UNTITLED

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SHORING WALL CALCULATION SUMMARY

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ShoringSuite Software is developed by CivilTech Software, Bellevue, WA, USA.

The calculation method is based on the following references:

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3. DESIGN MANUAL DM-7 (NAVFAC), Department of the Navy, May 1982
4. TRENCHING AND SHORING MANUAL Revision 12, California Department of Transportation, January 2000
6. EARTH SUPPORT SYSTEM & RETAINING STRUCTURES, Pile Buck Inc. 2002
5. DESIGN OF SHEET PILE WALLS, EM 1110-2-2504, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 31 March 1994
7. EARTH RETENTION SYSTEMS HANDBOOK, Alan Macnab, McGraw-Hill. 2002
8. AASHTO HB-17, American Association of State and Highway Transportation Officials, 2 September 2002

UNITS: Width/Spacing/Diameter/Length/Depth - ft, Force - kip, Moment - kip-ft, Friction/Bearing/Pressure - ksf, Pres. Slope - kip/ft³, Deflection - in

Licensed to Brad L. Hupy, PE Northwest GEO Consultants, LLC
Date: 4/26/2010 File: UNTITLED

Title: Zien Phan - 2942 NE Rock Butte Road
Subtitle: Seismic

*****INPUT DATA*****

Wall Type: 3. Soldier Pile, Driving
 Wall Height: 13.00
 Pile Diameter: 1.00
 Pile Spacing: 4.00
 Factor of Safety (F.S.): 1.00
 Lateral Support Type (Braces): 1. No
 Top Brace Increase (Multi-Bracing): Add 15%*
 Embedment Option: 1. Yes
 Friction at Pile Tip: No*
 Check Vertical Bearing Capacity:
 Side Friction for Bearing: 1.00
 Tip Resistance for Bearing: 1.00
 Pile Properties:
 Allowable Fb/Fy: 0.66
 Steel Strength, Fy: 36 ksi = 248 MPa
 Elastic Module, E: 29000.00
 Moment of Inertia, I: 100.00
 User Input Pile: HP12X74

* DRIVING PRESSURE (ACTIVE, WATER, & SURCHARGE) *

No.	Z2 top	Top Pres.	Z2 bottom	Bottom Pres.	Slope
1	0.00	0.00	13.00	0.46	0.0351
2	13.00	0.62	17.50	0.81	0.0421
3	17.50	0.63	22.50	0.82	0.0391
4	22.50	1.05	39.00	1.75	0.0425
5	39.00	0.65	65.00	1.43	0.0300
6	0.00	0.12	13.00	0.03	-0.0066

* PASSIVE PRESSURE *

No.	Z1 top	Top Pres.	Z2 bottom	Bottom Pres.	Slope
1	13.00	0.00	17.50	1.41	0.3140
2	17.50	1.81	22.50	4.24	0.4857
3	22.50	3.15	39.00	8.40	0.3178
4	39.00	16.93	65.00	49.35	1.2469

* ACTIVE SPACE *

No.	Z depth	Spacing
1	0.00	4.00
2	13.00	1.00

* PASSIVE SPACE *

No.	Z depth	Spacing
1	13.00	1.50

*For Tieback: Input1 = Diameter; Input2 = Bond Stength

*For Plate: Input1 = Diameter; Input2 = Allowable Pressure

*For Deaman: Input1 = Horz. Width; Input2 = Allowable Pressure; Angle = 0

*****SPECIFIED PILE *****

HP12X74 has been found in Soldier Pile list!
 Area= 21.8 Depth= 12.13 Width= 12.215 Height= 12
 lx= 569 Sx= 93.8 ly= 186 Sy= 30.4
 Flange thickness= 0.61 Web thickness= 0.605

* Note: All the pile dimensions are in English Units.

*****CALCULATION*****

The calculated moment and shear are per pile spacing. Sheet piles are per one feet or meter; Soldier piles are per pile.

Top Pressures start at depth = 0.00

| D1=0.00
|
|
|
==|== D2=13.00
|
|
| D3=33.62

D1 - TOP DEPTH
D2 - EXCAVATION BASE
D3 - PILE TIP

MOMENT BALANCE: M=0.00 AT DEPTH=30.18 WITH EMBEDMENT OF 17.18

Total Passive Pressure = Total Active Pressure, OK!

*****RESULTS*****

* EMBEDMENT *

Based on USS Design Manual, fist calculate embedment for moment equilibrium, then increased by 20 to 40 % to reach force equilibrium.

The embedment for moment equilibrium is 17.18

The 20% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 20.62 (Used by Program)

The 30% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 22.34

The 40% increased embedment for force equilibrium is 24.06

Based on AASHTO Standard Specifications, fist calculate embedment for moment equilibrium, then add safety factor of 30% for temporary shoring; add safety factor of 50% for permanent shoring.

The embedment for moment equilibrium is 17.18

Add 30% embedment for temporary shoring (FS=1.3) is 22.34

Add 50% embedment for permanent shoring (FS=1.5) is 25.77

PROGRAM RECOMMENDED MINIMUM EMBEDMENT = 20.62

TOTAL MINIMUM PILE LENGTH = 33.62

* MOMENT IN PILE (per pile spacing)*

Overall Maximum Moment = 182.55 at 21.51

Maximum Shear = 45.88

Moment and Shear are per pile spacing: 4.0 feet or meter

* VERTICAL LOADING *

Vertical Loading from Braces = 0.00

Vertical Loading from External Load = 0.00

Total Vertical Loading = 0.00

* VERTICAL BEARING CAPACITY CHECK *

Tip Depth	Tip Area Bearing	Tip Resistance	
33.62	0.79	1.00	0.79
Embedment	Side Area*	Friction	Side Resistance
20.62	85.20	1.00	85.20

*Side Area is the surface area of embedment below base and contact area between pile and soil above base.

Total Vertical Resistance = 85.98
 Total Vertical Loading = 0.00
 Vertical Factor of Safety = 999.00

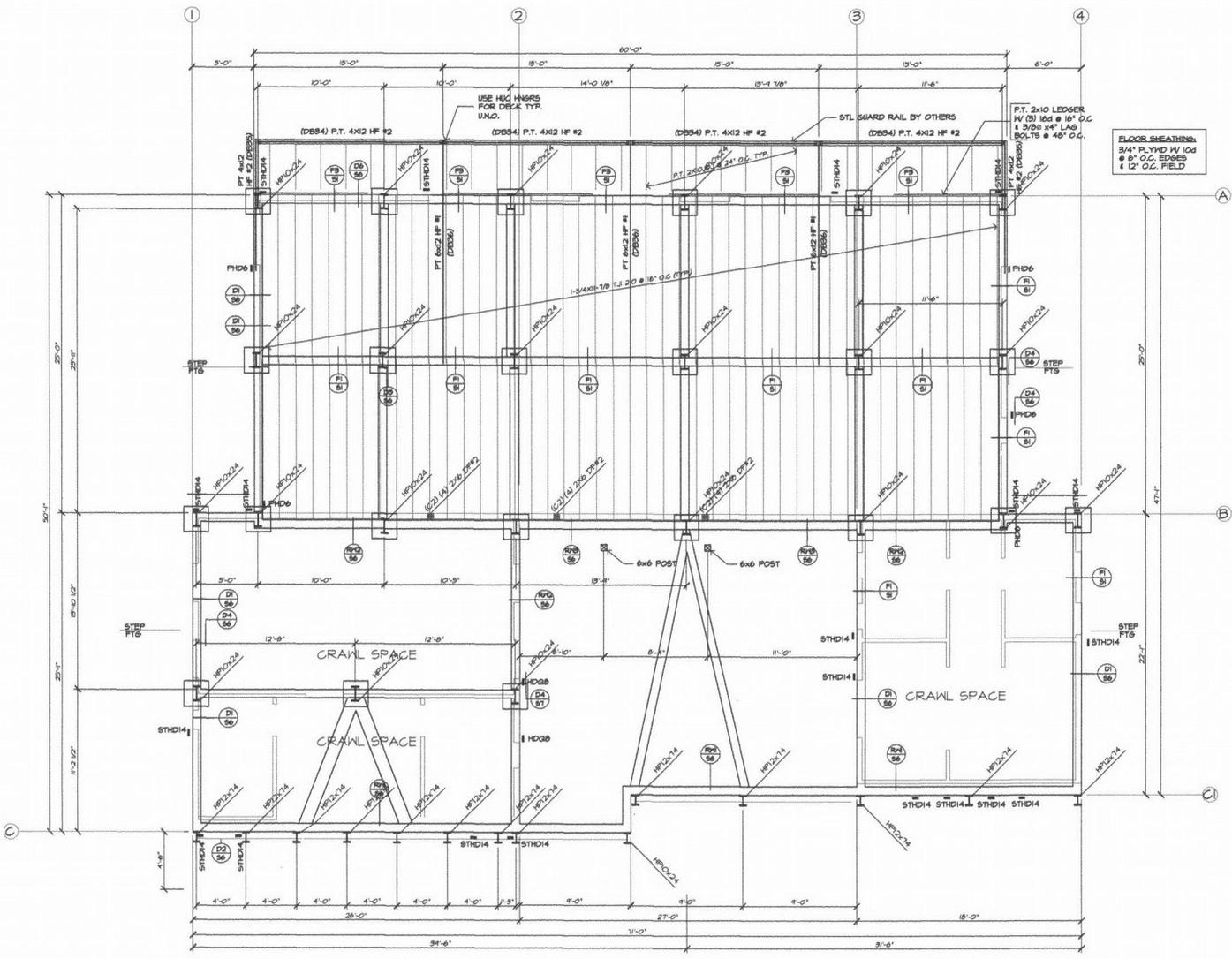
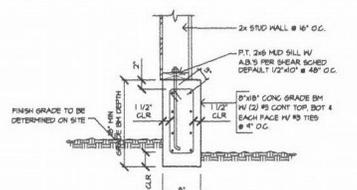
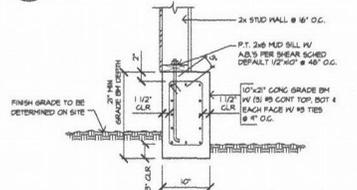
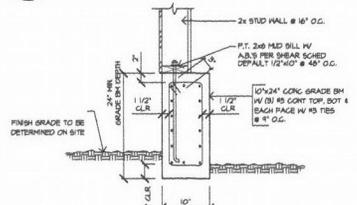
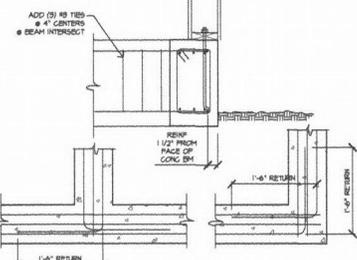
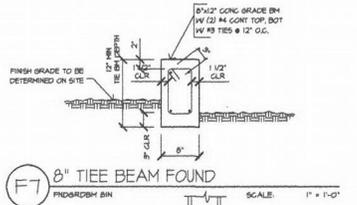
*****SPECIFIED PILE *****

HP12X74 has been found in Soldier Pile list!
 Area= 21.8 Depth= 12.13 Width= 12.215 Height= 12
 Ix= 569 Sx= 93.8 Iy= 186 Sy= 30.4
 Flange thickness= 0.61 Web thickness= 0.605

* Note: All the pile dimensions are in English Units.

Request Min. Section Modulus = 92.2 in³/pile, Fy= 36 ksi = 248 MPa, Fb/Fy=0.66
 The pile selection is based on the magnitude of the moment only. Axial force is neglected.

HP12X74 is capable to support the shoring!
 Top deflection = 2.158(in)
 Max. deflection = 2.158(in)



PILE DRIVING NOTES:
 PILES SHALL BE DRIVEN TO END BEARING REFUSAL
 IN WEATHERED BASALT ROCK. DEPTH IS
 APPROXIMATED AND SHOULD BE OBSERVED BY
 THE SOILS ENGINEER. MAXIMUM CAPACITY IS 34
 KIPS. DRIVE PILES USING A 20,000 FOOT-POUND
 DROP HAMMER

FOUNDATION & LOWER FLOOR FRAMING PLAN
 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

POST SIZE:
 USE NAILED BUILT-UP 2X
 TO MATCH WIDTH OF
 LARGEST BEAM UNO.



SHERMAN ENGINEERING, INC.
 3151 NE SANDY BLVD., STE. 100
 PORTLAND, OR 97232
 (503) 230-0876 (503) 230-4745 fax

Project Title
 SE ROCKY BUTTE RESIDENCE
 FOR
 ZIEN PHAN & DIEU LE
 PORTLAND OREGON

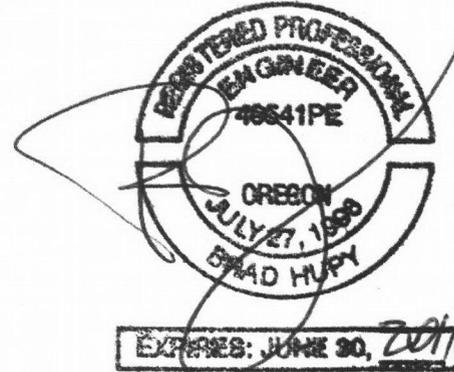
Sheet Description	FOUNDATION & LOWER FLOOR FRAMING PLAN
Rev. No.	1
Revised By	ZIEN PHAN
Scale	1/4" = 1'-0"
Date	MAY 4, 2004
Drawn	DKS 25, 2008
Checked	DPS

Sheet

SI

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

DATE: September 14, 2009
 TO: Zien Phan
 FROM: Brad L. Hupy, PE
 CC: Todd Sloan, Architect
 Don Sherman, PE, SE
 RE: Phan Residence – H-Pile Recommendations
 Portland, Oregon
 PSI Project 704-75236



PSI has been involved with geotechnical engineering for the single family residence at 2942 NE Rocky Butte Road in Portland, Oregon since August 2007. Based on our current understanding of the foundation design we offer the following values for design of temporary shoring walls that will support the excavation for the home. The walls will act as yielding walls.

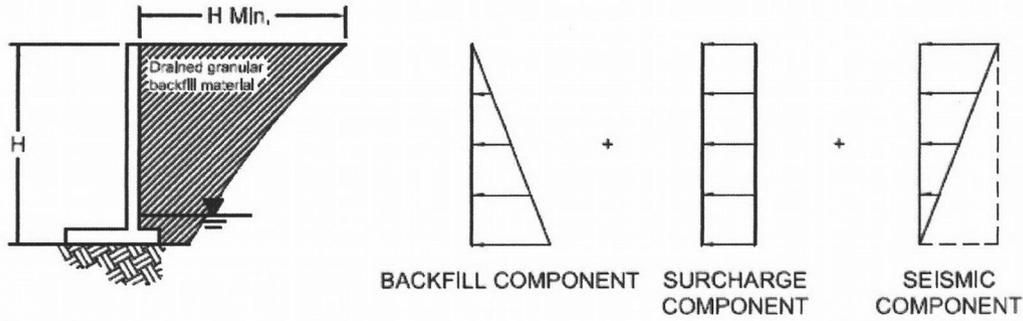
We recommend using the lateral earth pressures shown in Table 1. The loads are provided as equivalent fluid density (G). Diagrams showing use of the lateral earth pressures in design calculations are provided in Figure 1.

TABLE 1: EQUIVALENT FLUID DENSITY (G) ACTING ON RETAINING WALLS

SOLDIER PILE AND LAGGING SHORING WALL	BACKFILL COMPONENT (PCF)	SURCHARGE COMPONENT (PCF)	SEISMIC COMPONENT (PCF)
NATIVE SOIL	48	SEE TEXT	NA

Surcharge loads imposed on the shoring wall should be applied as a rectangular distribution as shown in Figure 1. The value G_{SA} is equal to the load of construction materials or construction equipment in pounds per square foot that will be placed within a distance H from the wall where H equals the exposed wall height.

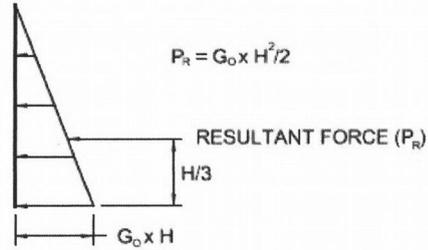
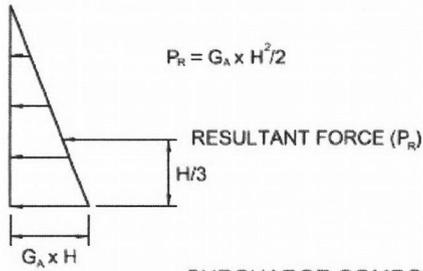
Attachment: Figure 1. Lateral Earth Pressure Distribution



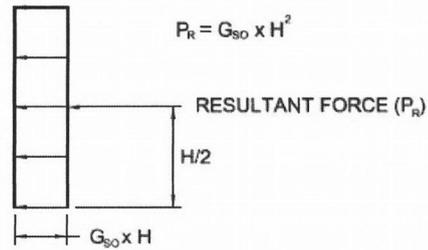
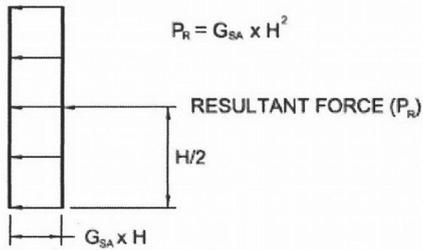
YIELDING WALL

NON-YIELDING WALL

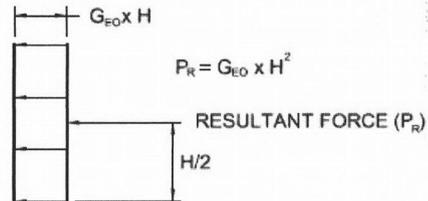
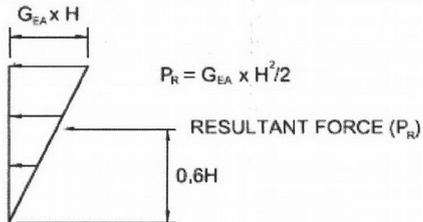
BACKFILL COMPONENT



SURCHARGE COMPONENT FOR UNIFORM LOAD



SEISMIC BACKFILL COMPONENT



Note:

1. See report text for values of G.

A: Active O: At-Rest S: Surcharge E: Earthquake

<p>Engineering • Consulting • Testing</p>	<p>DATE: 09/14/09</p>	<p>PHAN RESIDENCE 2942 NE ROCKY BUTTE ROAD, PORTLAND, OR</p>	<p>PSI PROJECT 704-75236</p>
<p>PSI, INC. 6032 N. CUTTER CIRCLE, SUITE 480 PORTLAND, OREGON 97217 (503) 289-1778</p>	<p>DRAWN BY: TC</p>	<p>LATERAL EARTH PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION</p>	<p>FIGURE 1</p>

MI CRO



City of

PORTLAND, OREGON

Bureau of Development Services
Site Development

1900 SW 4th Avenue, Suite 5000
Portland, Oregon 97201
503-823-6892
FAX: 503-823-5433
TTY 503-823-6868
www.portlandonline.com/bds

Revised Land Use Review Response Site Development Section, BDS

To: Kathy Harnden, LUR Division
From: Mary King, Site Development (823-7539)

Location/Legal: LOT 2 BLOCK 1, OLYMPUS ESTATES
Land Use Review: LU 07-124162
Proposal: Environmental Review for NSFR.
Quarter Sec. Map: 2740, 2840
Date: November 15, 2007

Site Development has reviewed the Stormwater Infiltration Testing and Stormwater Design report prepared by Professional Services, Inc. as revised November 9, 2007 and finds it acceptable. Site Development requests a condition of approval to require special inspections by the geotechnical engineer during drywell excavation and installation. Consideration of equipment needed to install the stormwater system on the steep slope must be addressed in the erosion control plan and associated inspections by the CPESC or P.E.

Please direct questions regarding stormwater to Mike Ebeling, (503) 823-7247.



Completeness Review Response

To: Kathy Harnden, LUR Division
From: Mike Hayakawa, Site Development (823-7539)

Location/Legal: 2942 NE ROCKY BUTTE RD/LOT 2 BLOCK 1, OLYMPUS ESTATES
Land Use Review: LU 07-124162
Proposal: Environmental Review for NSFR.
Quarter Sec. Map: 2740, 2840
Date: May 9, 2007

Please consider the following comments:

- The geotechnical report does not include any actual test pits, only visual reconnaissance and soil drive probes. The report states rip rap, several feet deep, is present, but does not provide any information on the purpose of the rip rap.
- Although a detail of a level spreader for stormwater disposal was attached, it was stamped by a landscape architect, not a registered engineer, and did not appear to be specifically designed for this site, nor did the geotech comment on it, in the report. Site Development does not support the level spreader unless designed by an engineer and accompanied by actual subsurface testing in the vicinity of the spreader location. A drywell should be used instead.
- The steep slopes and amount of excavation will require an erosion control plan prepared by a CPESC and monitoring of the work, also by a CPESC, during construction, as provided for in Title 10 (Special Sites).

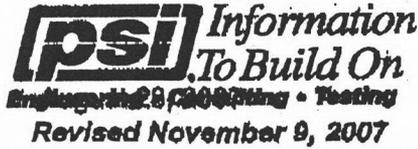
Please direct questions to George Helm, PE, at 503-823-7201.

From:

LU 07-124162 EN

11/12/2007 11:05 #087 P.002/005

MICRO



Please Pass To: CCB # 178289
Kathy Harnden
4 pages

Mr. Zien Phan
14218 Northeast Brazee
Portland, Oregon 97230

**Subject: Stormwater Infiltration Testing and Stormwater Design
Single Family Residential Lot 2-Block 1, Olympus Heights
Home Having, 3100 Square Feet Impervious Surface
Northeast Rocky Butte Road
Portland, Oregon
PSI Report No.: 704-75236-1-R1**

Dear Mr. Phan:

We take this opportunity to provide a new stormwater design for your project in response to City of Portland Land Use Review Responses (LU 07-124162) request of a drywell be used for the stormwater system.

We have reviewed the 2004 manual for stormwater destination/disposal hierarchy (pages 18 and 19), that would indicate a required category 2 classification for rooftop runoff and on site infiltration with a private drywell or soakage trench.

We have conducted an infiltration test on your property in the area of the proposed level spreader (near the center of the lot and approximately 60' west down slope of the property line) at a 36" depth. The test was conducted using the EPA Falling Head Percolation test procedure (Design Manual on site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems EPA, 1980). The test was conducted on August 22, 2007.

A six inch hand auger was used to excavate the test hole to a 36 inch depth below existing grade. A six inch diameter PVC stand pipe was installed and seated approximately four to six inches into the underlying undisturbed soils. Approximately 2 to 3 inches of clean rock was placed in the bottom of the stand pipe. Per the cited infiltration method, the test location was presoaked by maintaining a minimum 12 inch head of water for at least four hours. Infiltration tests were conducted inside the stand pipe beginning with a six inch head. The drop of water level over a 30 minute interval was recorded over three test runs. The final percolation rate was determined.

Infiltration Test Data	
Test Location	Infiltration Test
Center of lot	--
Infiltration rate (inches/hr.)	4.0
Depth of test (Inches)	36

It should be noted that our test result does not include a factor of safety.

CASE NO. LU 07-124162 EN
EXHIBIT A.7

A.7

From:

11/12/2007 11:06 #087 P.003/005

PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.
Information to Build On

PSI Report No. 704-75238-1-R1
August 28, 2007
Revised November 9, 2007
Page 2 of 2

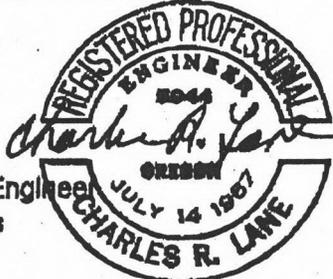
We recommend you install a drywell using 5' diameter concrete drywell rings in conjunction with an overflow soakage trench. Details are shown in the enclosed drawing.

We understand the drywell system is the City of Portland preferred system. Please submit this design to the City for their approval.

If you have any questions, please call Charles R. Lane, P.E. at (503) 978-4703.

Sincerely,
Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Charles R. Lane, P.E.
Senior Geotechnical Engineer
Geotechnical Services

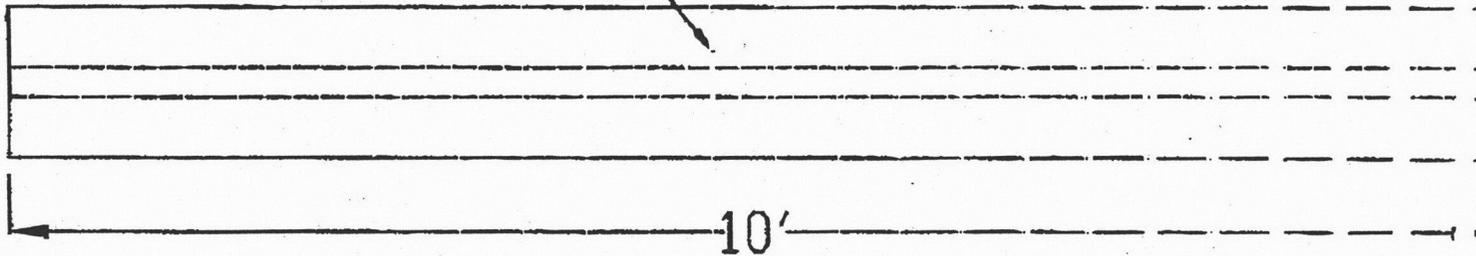
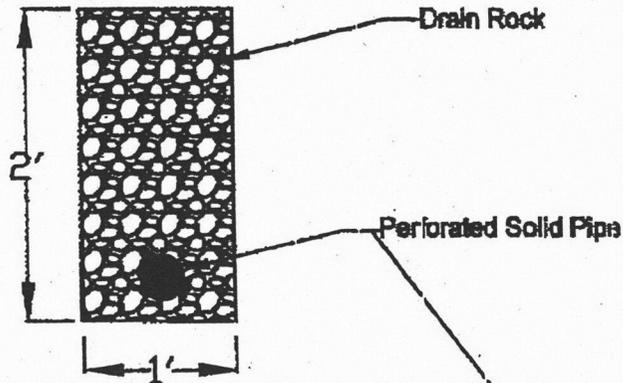


Martin Acaster
Martin Acaster, R.G.
Department Manager
Geotechnical Services

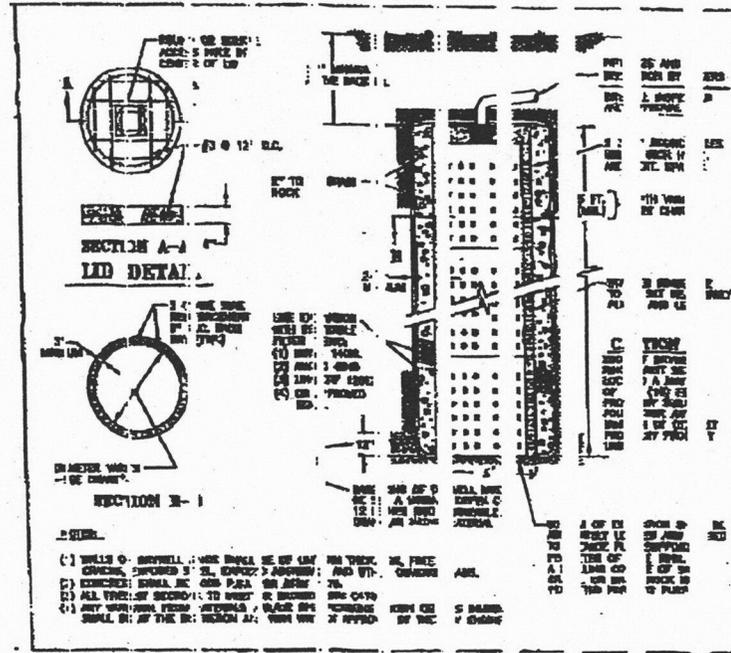
Cc: Todd Sloan Architect *4412-31-08*

CRL:ms

Soakage Trench to be located down slope at an elevation lower than the overflow pipe with the trench oriented perpendicular to the slope



OVER FLOW SOAKAGE TRENCH



- (1) SHALL BE 1/2" DIA. PERFORATED SOLID PIPE WITH 1/8" HOLES AT 1" ON CENTER.
- (2) CONCRETE SHALL BE 3000 PSI COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH AND 4" MIN. THICK.
- (3) ALL TRENCH STRUCTURES TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH 12" DIA. PERFORATED SOLID PIPE WITH 1/8" HOLES AT 1" ON CENTER.
- (4) ALL TRENCH STRUCTURES TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH 12" DIA. PERFORATED SOLID PIPE WITH 1/8" HOLES AT 1" ON CENTER.

PSI Information
To Build On
Engineering • Consulting • Testing

PSI, INC.
8032 North Cutler Circle, Suite 480
Portland, Oregon 97217
(503) 288-1775

PROJECT NAME:
STORMWATER INFILTRATION TESTING AND DESIGN
NORTHEAST ROCKY BUTTE ROAD
PORTLAND, OREGON

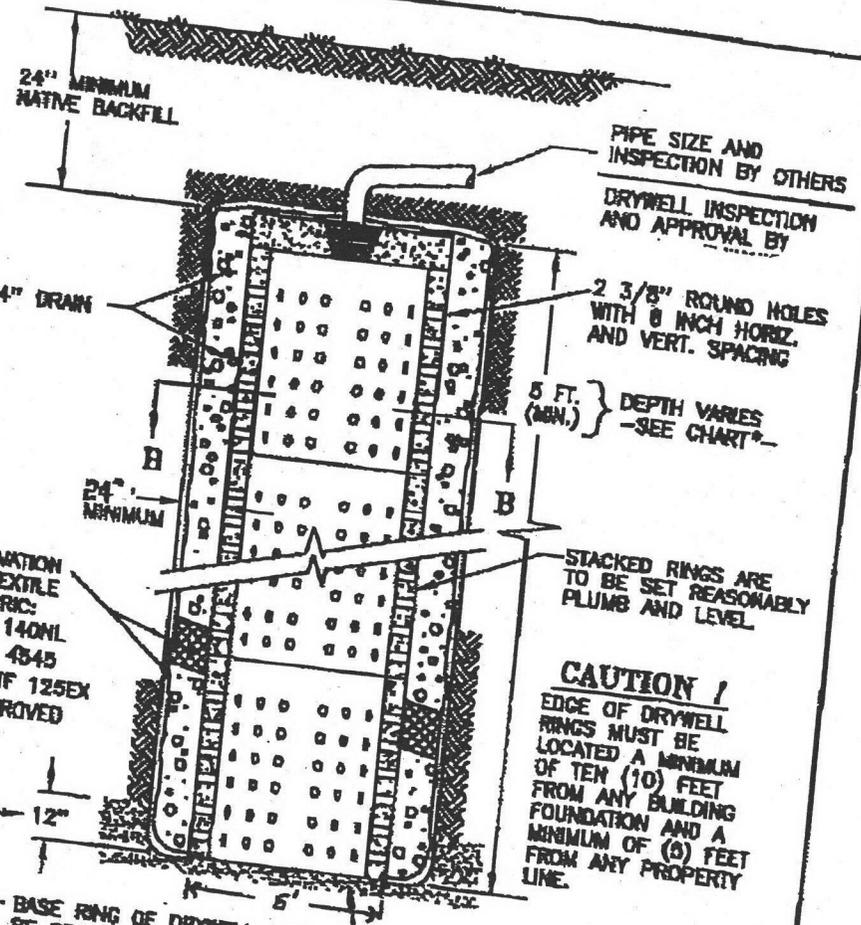
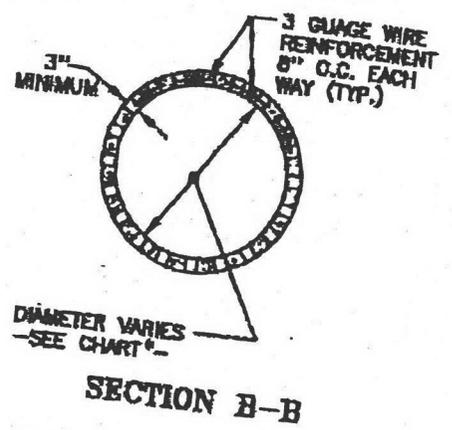
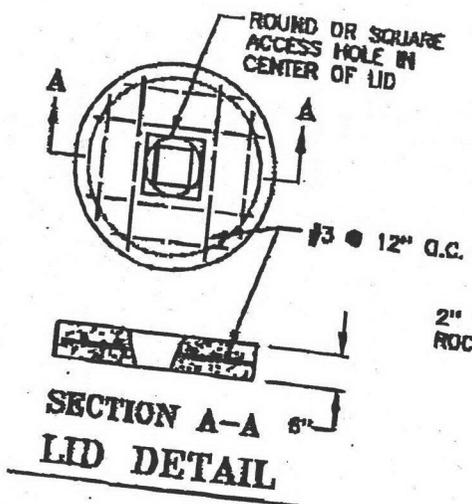
DESCRIPTION:
SOAKAGE TRENCH SCHEMATIC

DATE:	DATE:	FIG. NO.
MAY 11 1997	11/11/97	2
APPROVED BY:	PB EPOI NUM ER	
	70-5236	

FIGURE

DATE: 11/11/97 11:00 AM

PROJECT: F004/003



- LINE EXCAVATION WITH GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC:
- (1) MIRAFI 140NL
 - (2) AMOCO 4345
 - (3) LINQ GTF 125EX
 - (4) OR APPROVED EQUAL

CAUTION /
 EDGE OF DRYWELL RINGS MUST BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF TEN (10) FEET FROM ANY BUILDING FOUNDATION AND A MINIMUM OF (8) FEET FROM ANY PROPERTY LINE.

NOTES:

- (1) WALLS OF DRYWELL RINGS SHALL BE OF UNIFORM THICKNESS, FREE OF CRACKS, EXPOSED STEEL, EXPOSED AGGREGATE AND OTHER OBVIOUS FLAWS.
- (2) CONCRETE SHALL BE 3000 P.S.I. PER ASTM C478.
- (3) ALL PRECAST SECTIONS TO MEET OR EXCEED ASTM C478.
- (4) ANY VARIATION FROM MATERIALS AND/OR SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING SHALL BE AT THE DISCRETION AND WITH WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE CITY ENGINEER.

BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION SHALL BE ADEQUATELY LEVELED AND GRADED TO PROVIDE FULL SUPPORT OF PERIMETER OF BASE RING. A LEVELING COURSE OF SAND, GRAVEL OR DRAIN ROCK IS PERMITTED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

11/12/2007 11:29 #091 P.001/001