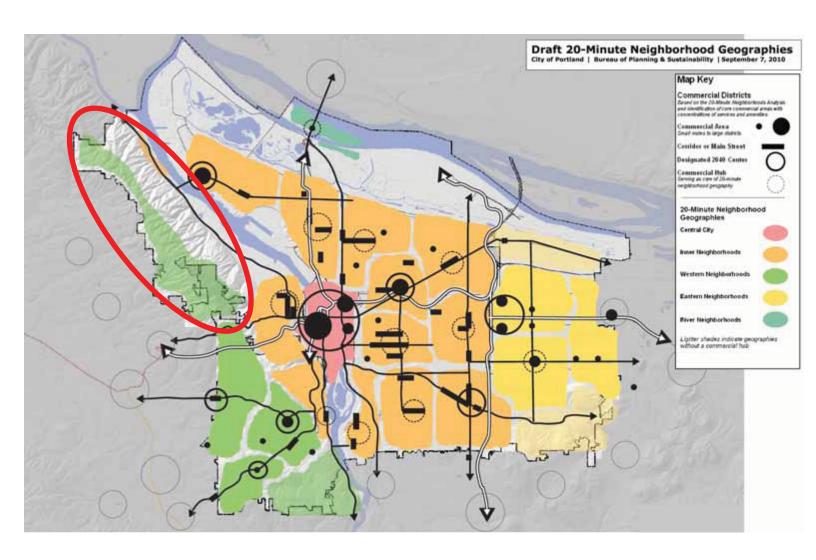


Including Forest Park, Northwest Heights, and Linnton neighborhoods

# Services, Demographics and Market Summary



# 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

# **Services and Amenities**

Population: 8,400 people (3,200 households)

Land Area: 15.9 sq. miles (500 people per sq. mile)

#### **Commercial Districts**

The area has no major concentrations of commercial services. There is a small cluster of commercial services in Linnton, along St. Helens Road (Highway 30). Nearby commercial districts include St. Johns (just to the east of the analysis area across the St. Johns Bridge), the Northwest District (at the southeast edge of the analysis area, but separated from populated areas by parkland and the West Hills), and commercial areas in Washington County.

Grocery stores: None

**Retail gap:** \$155 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

### **Community Amenities**

#### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

#### Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

0%

\*Parks Bureau service standard

Community Centers: None Libraries: None

Parks and Open Spaces: 5,417 acres – including Forest Park, Linnton Park, Forest Heights

Park, Macleay Park, and Alder Ridge Natural Area.

**Tree Canopy Coverage:** 81%

**Public Schools:** 1 elementary school (Forest Park Elementary)

Colleges (campus): None
Hospitals: None
Farmers Markets: None

Transit Centers/Stations: None

Walkable Access Score: 7 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

#### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

 $\textbf{Neighborhood Associations:} \ \ \textbf{Forest Park, Northwest Heights, and Linnton}$ 

**Business Associations:** Northwest Industrial Neighborhood Association

#### **Urban Form Characteristics**

Located in the West Hills (Tualatin Mountains), this area is characterized by hilly topography, forested slopes, ravines and streams. Most of the area is not developed at an urban level, with a large portion of the area occupied by Forest Park. The largest developed area is the Forest Heights neighborhood, where curvilinear streets follow the topography. Most streets outside Forest Heights do not have sidewalks. A very small portion of the area, in Linnton, features a street grid.

**Access issues.** Most of the area lacks street connectivity and continuous sidewalks. The area has a relatively small population base and a low density of development. It is served by few commercial or community services and has very limited transit service.

Topographical features and infrequent street connections limit access to adjacent areas.

### 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Mixed-Use Centers: 0
Main Streets: 0
Station Communities: 0

#### Zoning

	Acres	% of Land Area	Buildable Acres*
Single-Family Residential:	2,798	37%	441
Multi-Family Residential:	46	.6%	3
Commercial/Mixed-Use:	5	.1%	2
Employment:	0	0%	0
Industrial:	88	1%	2
Open Space:	4,657	61%	NA

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

#### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

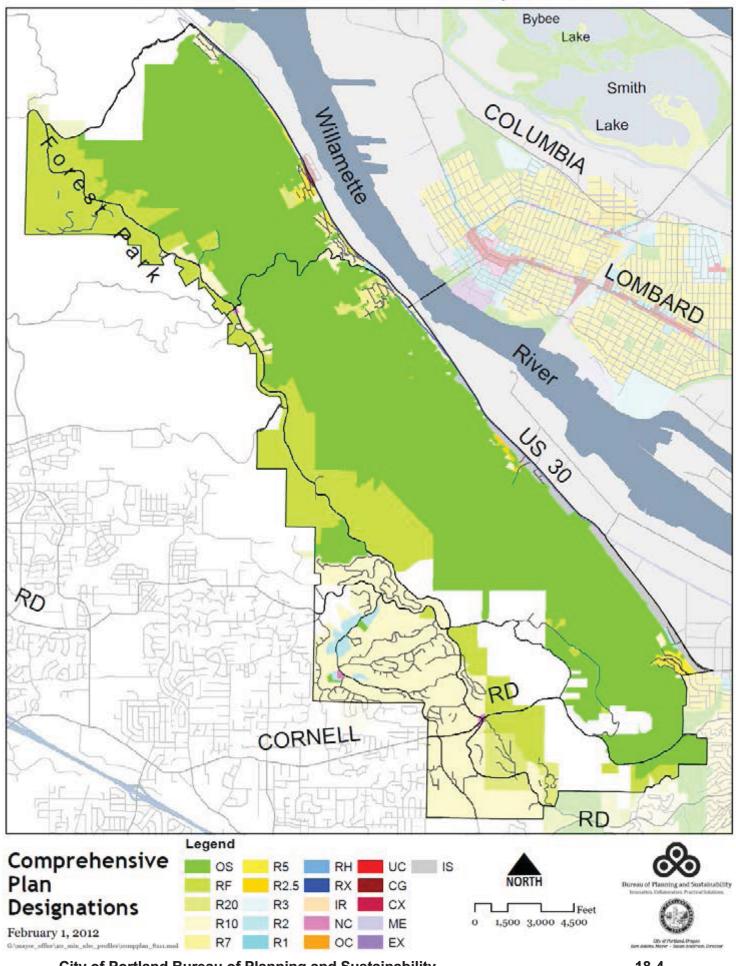
2010 Housing Units (Census): 3,355 2035 Housing Units: 4,400

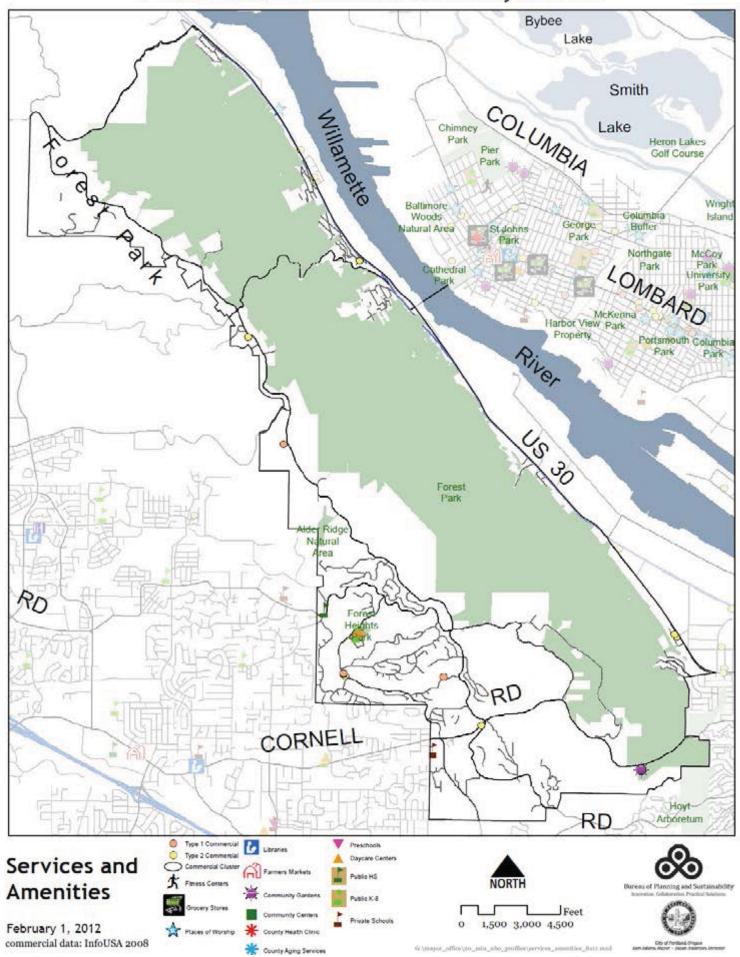
#### **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

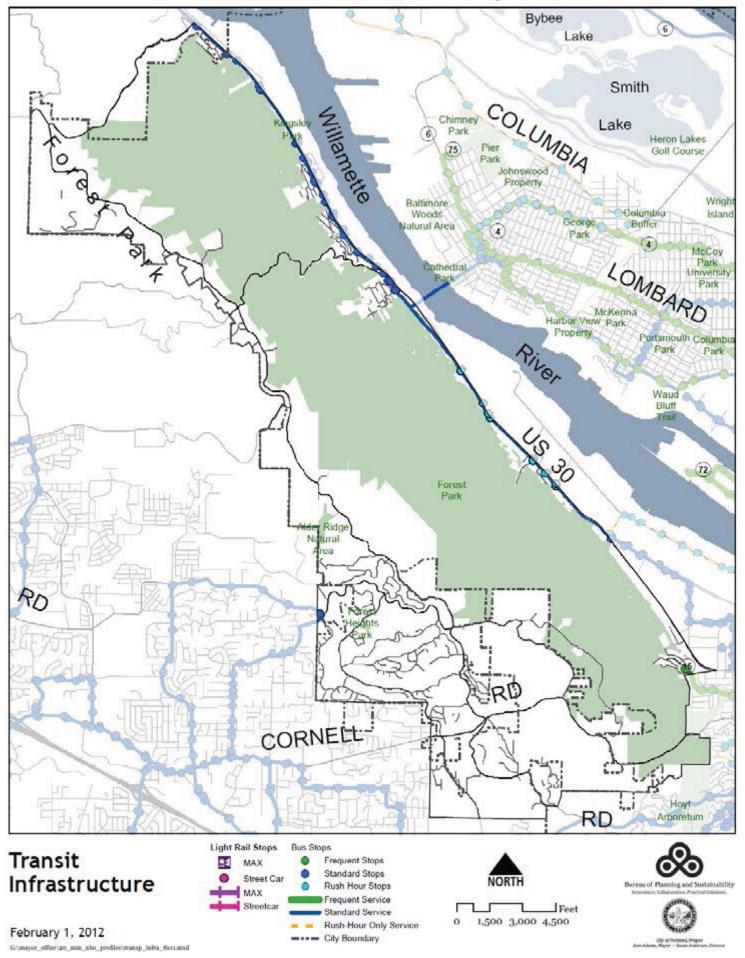
#### Associated generalized zoning:

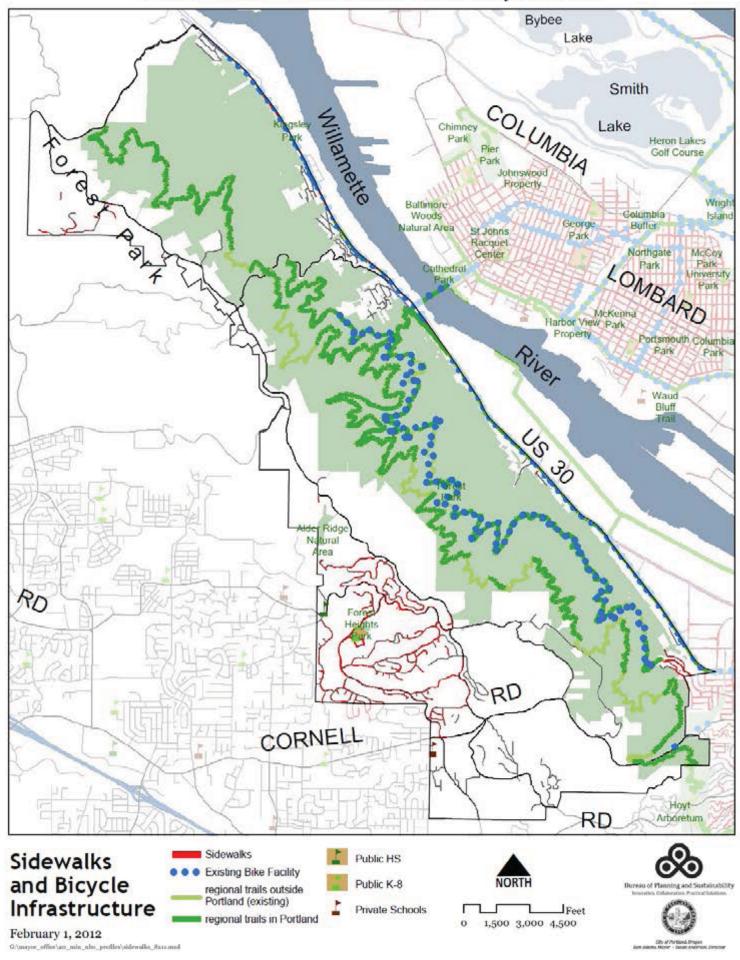
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

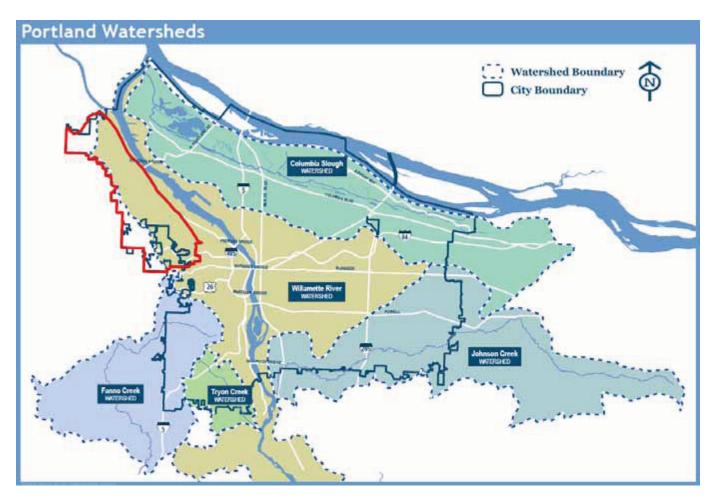
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

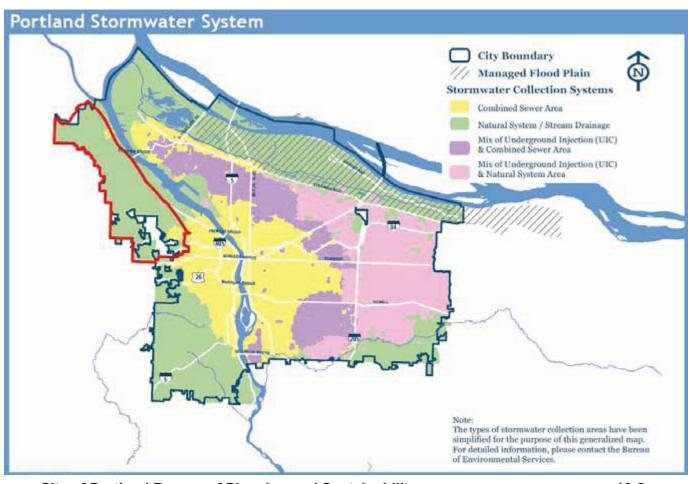




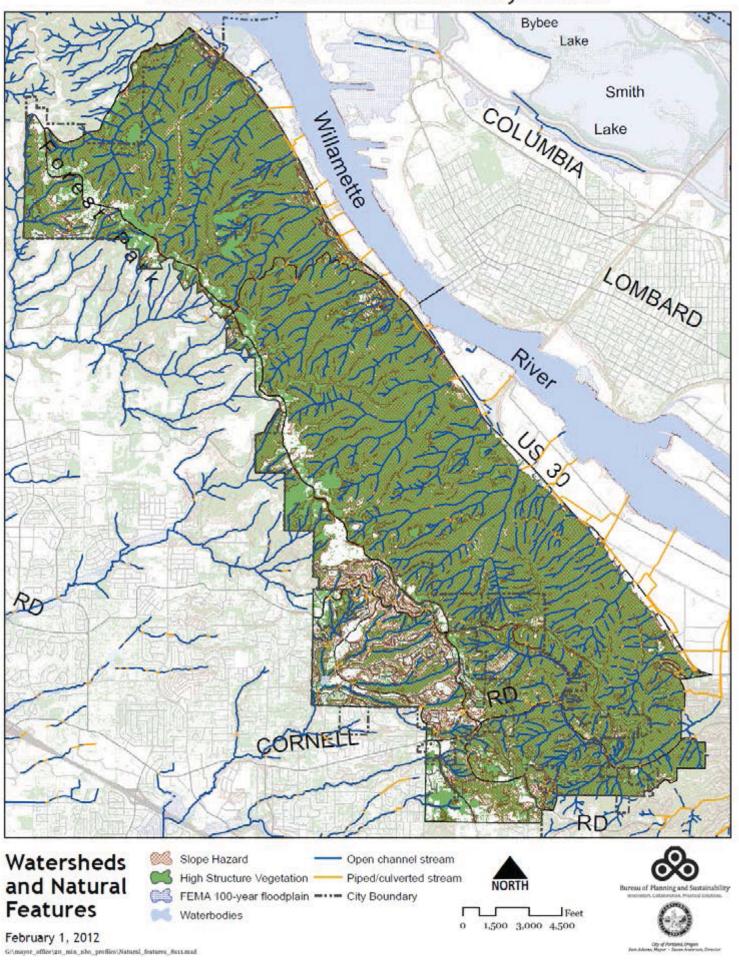








City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability



# **Demographics** (2000 – 2010)

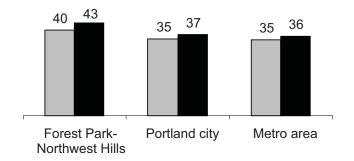
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

### **Population**

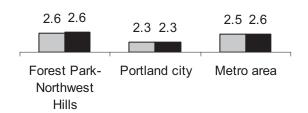
	rest Park- Northwest		
	Hills	Portland city	Metro area
2010	8,379	583,776	2,226,009
2000	5,279	529,121	1,927,881
% change	59%	10%	15%

**2000 2010** 

# Median Age

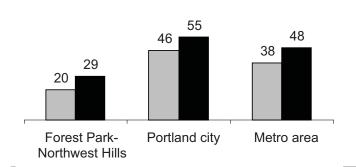


# Average Household Size

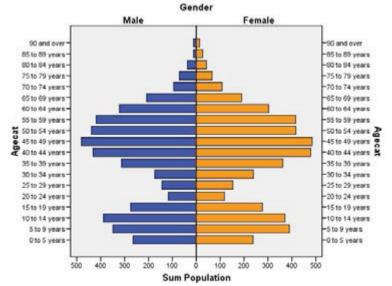


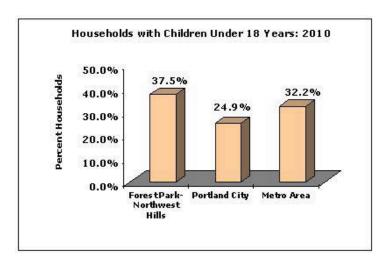
# **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

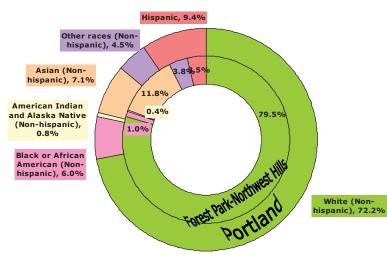


### Population Pyramid for Forest Park-Northwest Hills, 2010

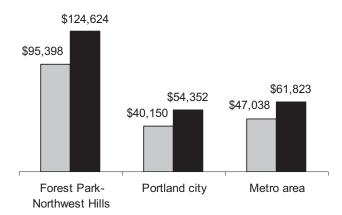


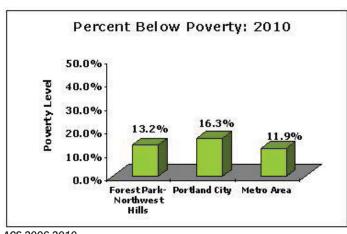


#### Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. Forest Park-Northwest Hills



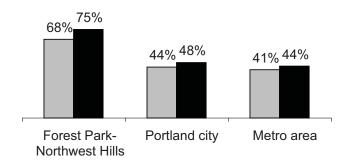
### **Median Household Income**



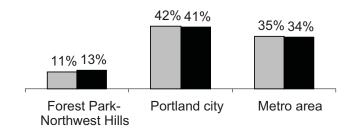


ACS 2006-2010

# **Percent College Graduates**



# **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



### **Median Home Value**

	Forest Park- Northwest Hills	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$655,858	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$390,149	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	68.1%	63.6%	62.5%

# **Forest Park-Northwest Hills Analysis Area**Commercial Real Estate Indicators

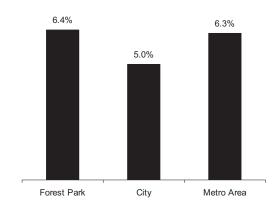
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

#### **RETAIL**

### **Square Feet**

Forest Park	City	Metro Area
35,154	51,937,895	107,875,146

### **Retail Vacancy**



#### **Retail Rents**

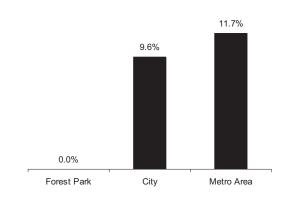


#### **OFFICE SPACE**

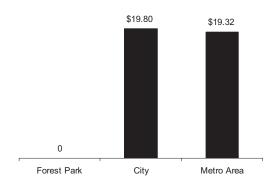
### **Square Feet**

Forest Park	City	Metro Area
74,818	54,348,765	92,465,455

## Office Vacancy



#### Office Rents

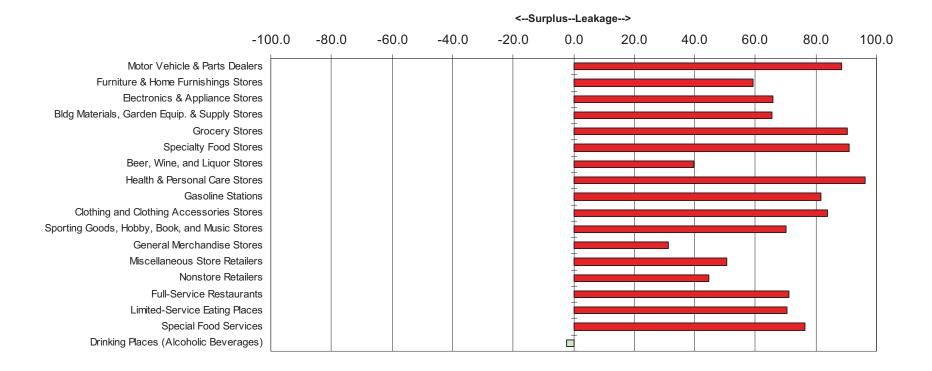


# **Forest Park-Northwest Hills Analysis Area** Retail Market Profile

## Retail Gap = \$155 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus / LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$190,106,383	\$34,802,980	\$155,303,403	69.1	37
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$162,481,865	\$27,567,805	\$134,914,060	71.0	28
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$27,624,518	\$7,235,175	\$20,389,343	58.5	9

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage." Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus." (Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



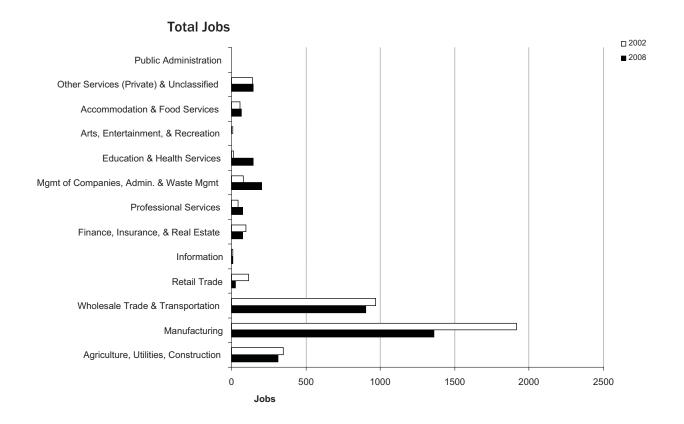
# **Forest Park-Northwest Hills Analysis Area Employment**

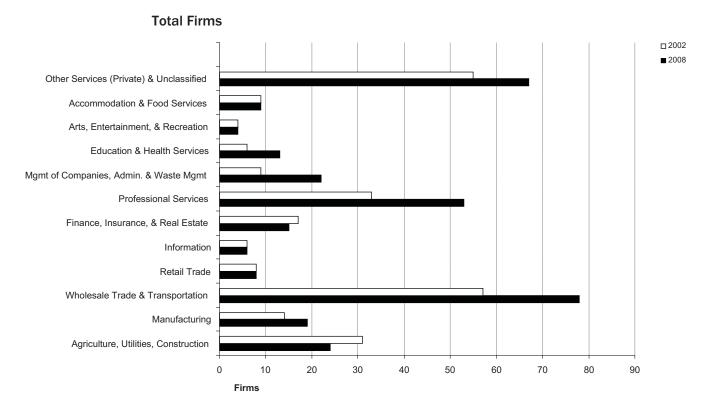
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

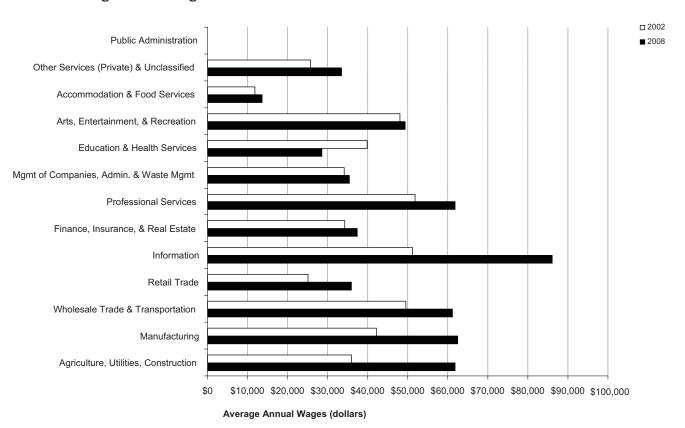
Note: These figures represent the jobs located within the geography. Employment figures should be used with care, as they are based on the addresses of firms or public agencies, and may not reflect where jobs are actually located. For example, the address may identify the location of administrative offices or a mailing address, while job locations may be located in other locations, as is sometimes the case with school districts or firms with dispersed operations.

	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	3,800	3,329	- 471
Total Firms	249	318	+69
Average Annual Wages	\$41,581	\$56,133	+14,552





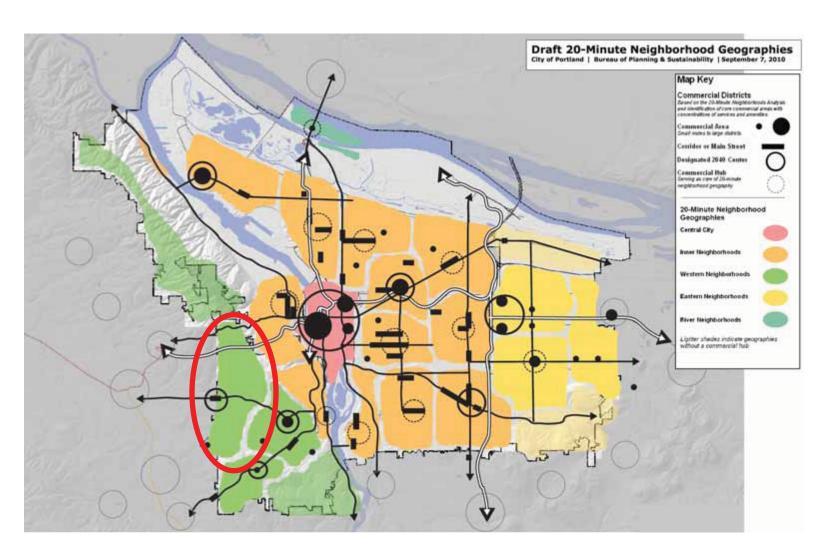
#### **Average Annual Wages**





Including Sylvan-Highlands, Bridlemile, Hayhurst, Maplewood, and parts of the Southwest Hills Residential League and Ashcreek neighborhoods

# **Services, Demographics and Market Summary**



# 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

# Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Services and Amenities

Population: 16,300 people (7,000 households) Land Area: 5.2 sq. miles (3,000 people per sq. mile)

#### **Commercial Districts**

The area's largest concentration of commercial services is the Raleigh Hills shopping area along Beaverton-Hillsdale Highway (mostly located outside Portland in Washington County). Secondary commercial areas are located on Beaverton-Hillsdale Highway at Shattuck Road, at the intersection of Garden Home Road and Oleson Road (at the analysis area's southwest boundary), and at Skyline Boulevard and Highway 26.

**Grocery stores:** 3 (1 store per 2,333 households)

**Retail gap:** \$221 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area) – Note that this figure does not take into account spending in the Raleigh Hills commercial area outside Portland.

### **Community Amenities**

### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

#### Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*: 56%
Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school: 12%
Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*: 88%
Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store: 18%
Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop: 7%

\*Parks Bureau service standard

**Community Centers:** None (Southwest Community Center located just outside southeast

edge of analysis area)

Libraries: None (Garden Home Community Library located just outside

southwest edge of analysis area in Washington County)

Parks and Open Spaces: 120 acres – including Hamilton, Albert Kelly, Pendleton and April Hill

parks, and the Fanno Creek Natural Area.

**Tree Canopy Coverage:** 52%

**Public Schools:** 3 elementary schools (Bridlemile, Hayhurst and Maplewood\* elementary

schools)

\*At edge of analysis area

Colleges (campus): None
Hospitals: None
Farmers Markets: None
Transit Centers/Stations: None

Walkable Access Score: 22 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

#### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

Neighborhood Associations: Sylvan-Highlands, Bridlemile, Hayhurst, Maplewood, and parts

of the Southwest Hills Residential League and Ashcreek

**Business Associations:** None

#### **Urban Form Characteristics**

Natural features are prominent characteristics of this area, including Fanno Creek and smaller streams, ravines, forested slopes and gently-rolling hills. The area is composed primarily of residential neighborhoods, which include a mix of rectilinear blocks and curvilinear streets that follow the area's hilly topography. Most streets do not have sidewalks. The area includes a small number of commercial areas, mostly auto-oriented and located along major roads.

Access issues. Most of the area lacks frequent street connectivity and most streets do not have sidewalks. Off-street trails provide additional pedestrian connections in some locations. The area's limited number of commercial areas are beyond walking distance for most residents, and there are few options for accessing these areas other than major roads that lack continuous pedestrian facilities. The area has relatively low population densities and has limited transit service. Topography and other natural features also limit pedestrian and bicycle accessibility in the area.

### 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Mixed-Use Centers: 1 (Raleigh Hills Town Center – small portion in Portland, no

adopted boundaries)

Main Streets: .2 mile (Garden Home Road – at Oleson)

Station Communities: 0

### **Zoning**

	Acres	% of Land Area	Buildable Acres*
Single-Family Residential:	2,458	88%	614
Multi-Family Residential:	109	4 %	27
Commercial/Mixed-Use:	65	2%	38
Employment:	0	0%	0
Industrial:	0	0%	0
Open Space:	160	6%	NA

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

#### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

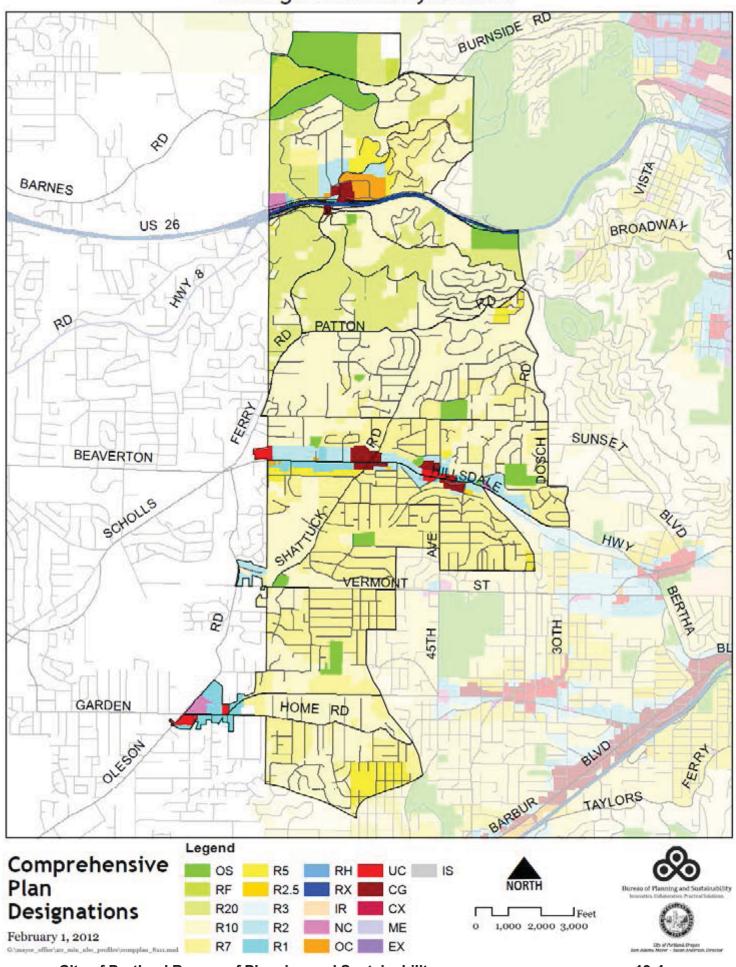
2010 Housing Units (Census): 7,747
 2035 Housing Units: 10,700

#### **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

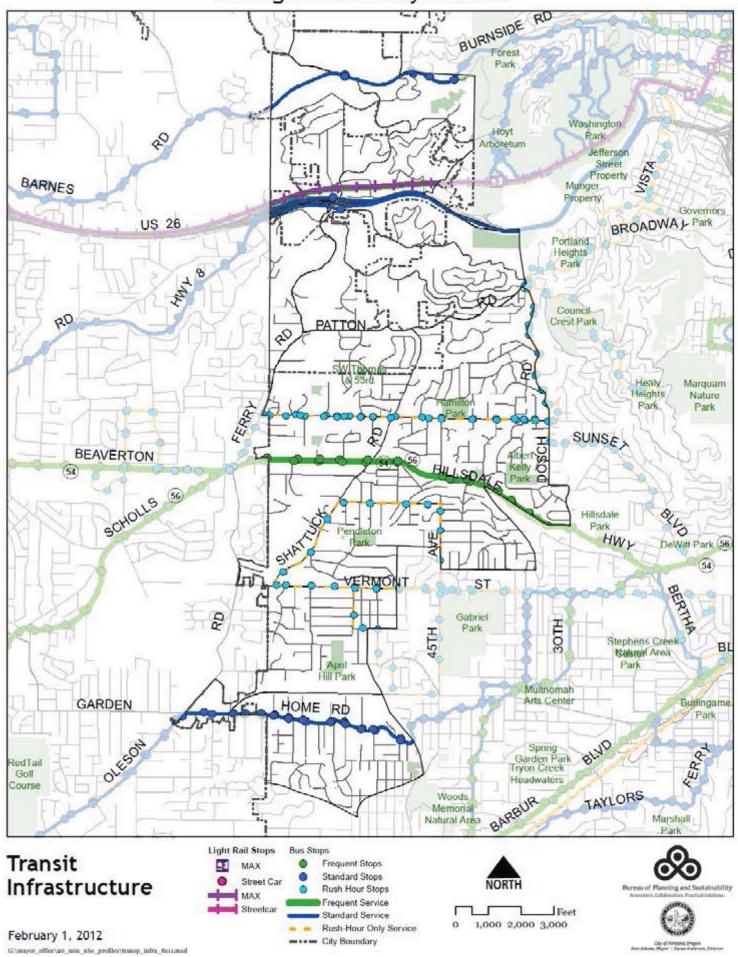
#### Associated generalized zoning:

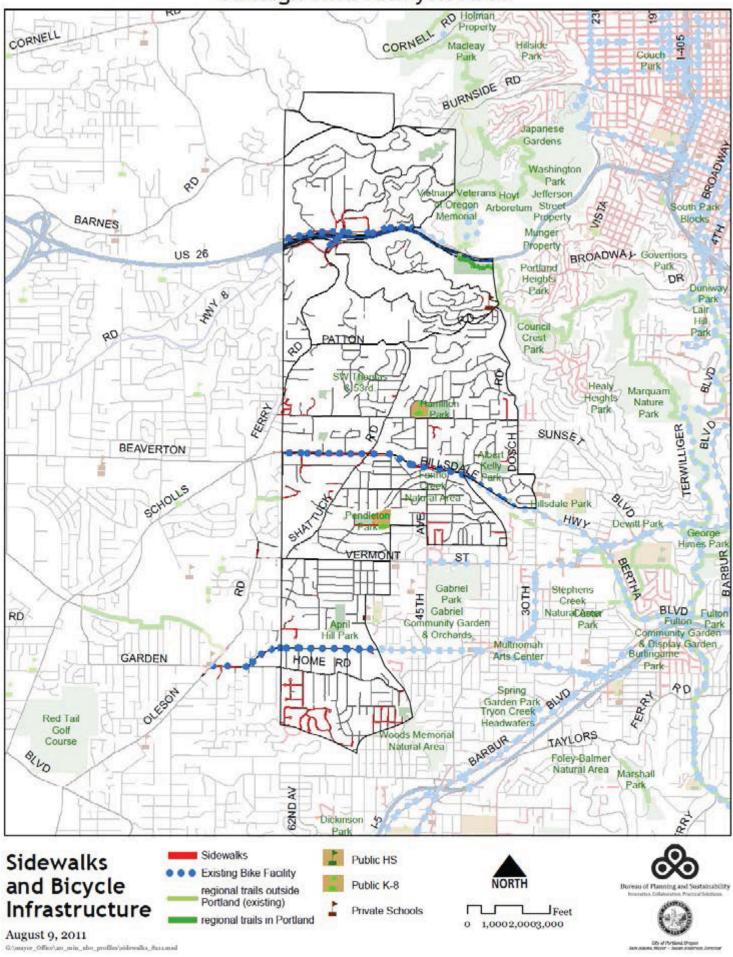
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

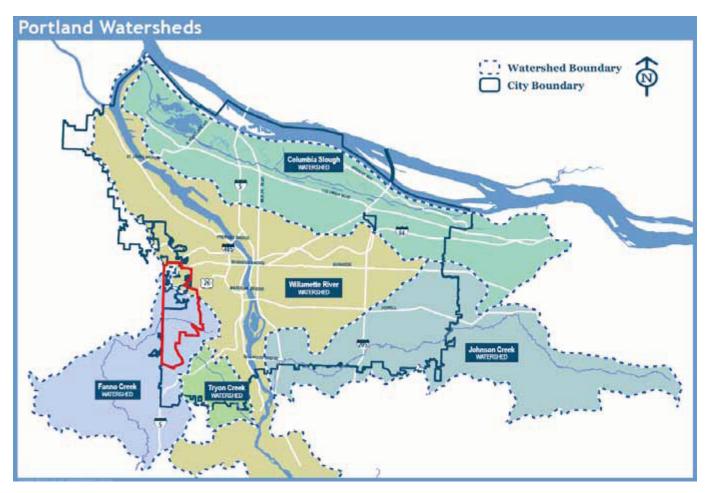
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

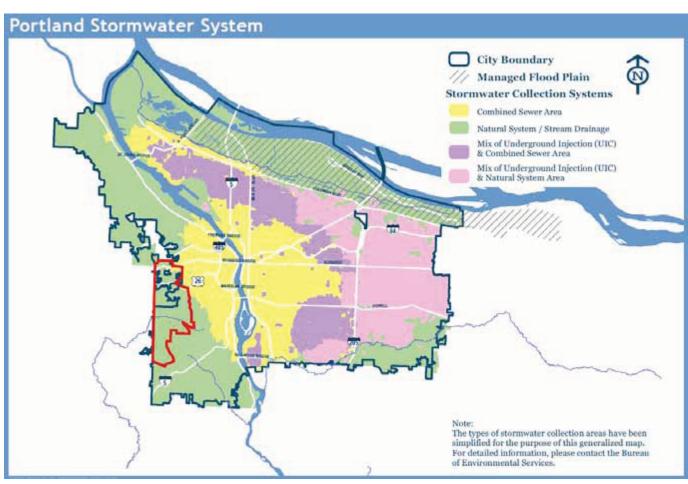


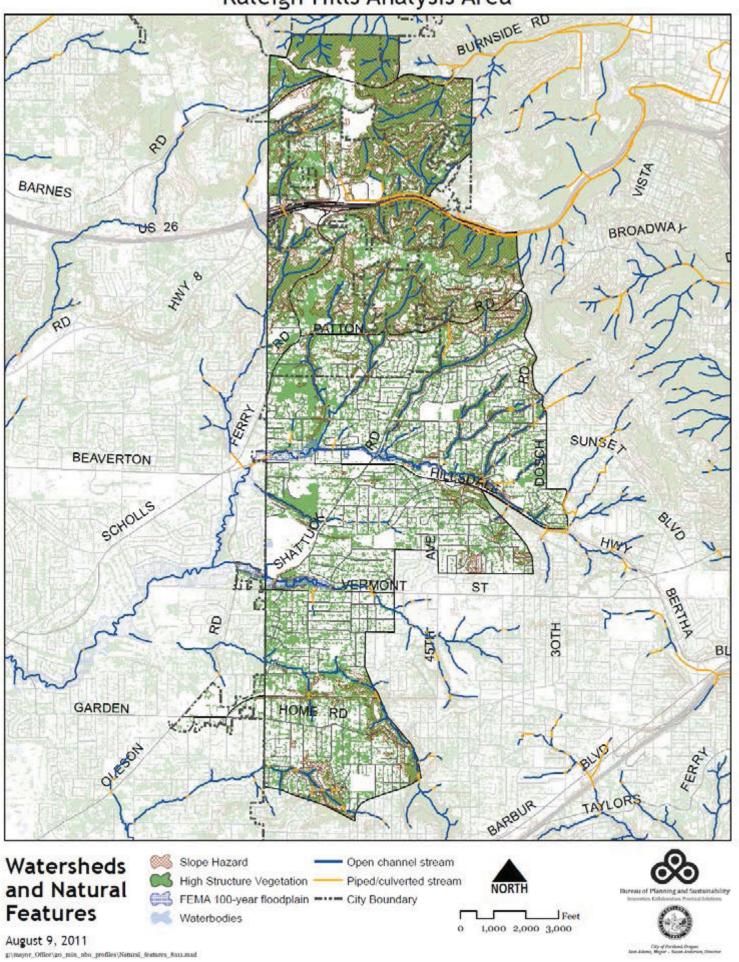
Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Pittock Park Washington Park International ncion Acres Rose Test Garden Japanese Gardens Washington Park Marn Veterans Arboretum Munger of Oregon Property Memorial US 26 BROADWAL Governors Portland Heights DF Park Park SW Terwilliger Blvd Parkway Council PATTON 20 Crest Park SW Thomas RD & 53rd Marquam Nature Park SUNSEX HOSOD EAVERTON SCHOLLS tural Area SHATING Hillsdale Park Himes Park VERMONT ST 0 Gabriel **30TH** Park Stephens Creek April Natural Area BLVE Custer Park Multnomah HOME RD ARDEN Arts Center Flurlingame Park Spring Garden Park Tryon Creek Headwaters Services and ity of Portland Bureau of Planning & Sustainability **Amenities** 750 1,500 3,000 March 25, 2011 commercial data from InfoUSA 2008 Girnayor\_Office(20\_min\_nbio\_profiles survives\_amenities\_fir11 mint











# Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Demographics (2000 – 2010)

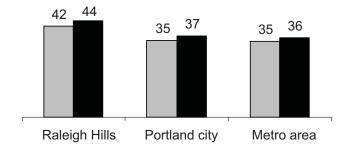
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

### **Population**

	Raleigh Hills	Portland city	Metro area
2010	16,347	583,776	2,226,009
2000	16,413	529,121	1,927,881
% change	0%	10%	15%

**2000 2010** 

# Median Age

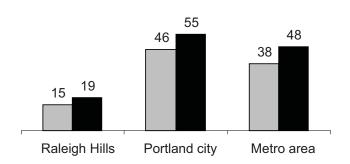


# Average Household Size

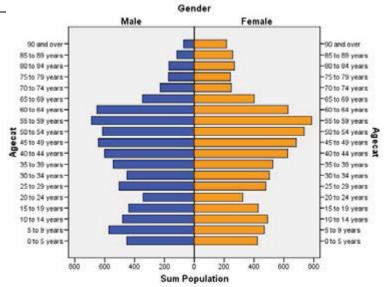


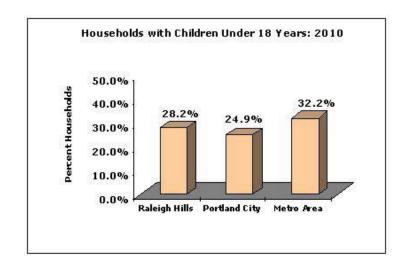
# **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

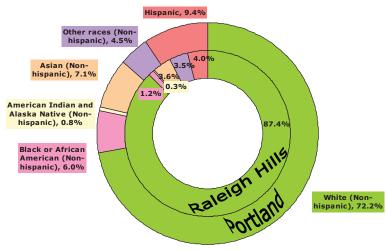


### Population Pyramid for Raleigh Hills, 2010

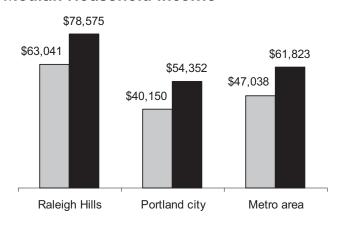


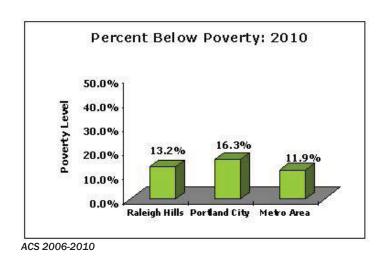


#### Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. Raleigh Hills

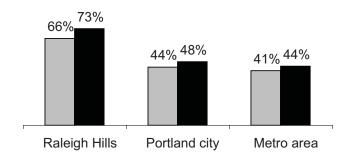


### **Median Household Income**

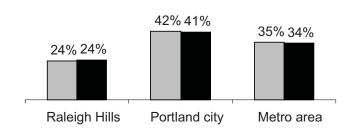




# **Percent College Graduates**



# **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



### **Median Home Value**

	Raleigh Hills	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$392,082	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$234,420	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	67.3%	63.6%	62.5%

# Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Commercial Real Estate Indicators

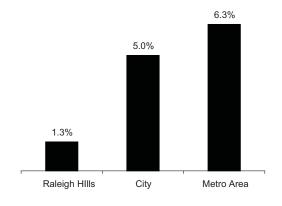
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

#### **RETAIL**

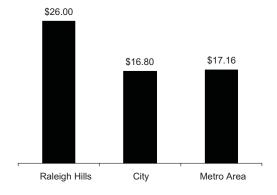
### **Square Feet**

Raleigh Hills	City	Metro Area
136,301	51,937,895	107,875,146

### **Retail Vacancy**



#### **Retail Rents**

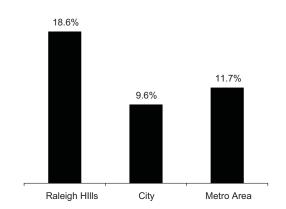


#### **OFFICE SPACE**

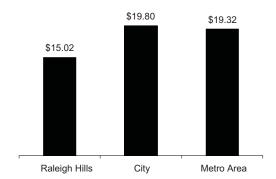
### **Square Feet**

Raleigh Hills	City	Metro Area
321,100	54,348,765	92,465,455

## Office Vacancy



#### Office Rents

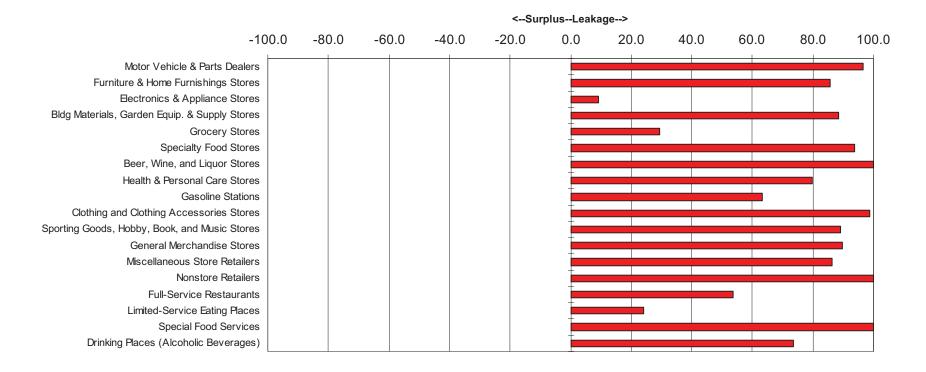


# Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Retail Market Profile

### Retail Gap = \$221 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus I LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$282,262,925	\$60,834,720	\$221,428,205	64.5	57
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$241,655,881	\$44,997,553	\$196,658,328	68.6	43
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$40,607,044	\$15,837,167	\$24,769,877	43.9	14

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage." Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus." (Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



# Raleigh Hills Analysis Area Employment

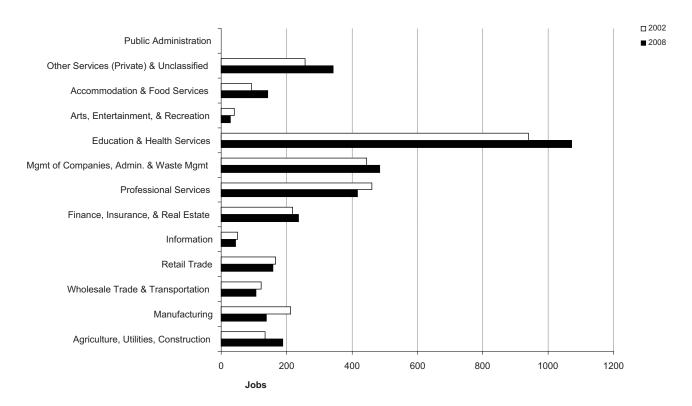
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

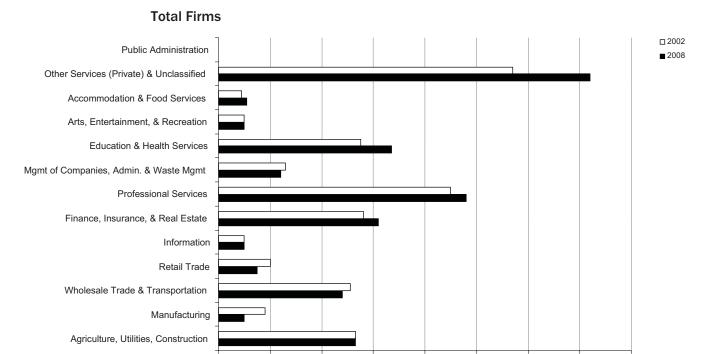
This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

Note: These figures represent the jobs located within the geography. Employment figures should be used with care, as they are based on the addresses of firms or public agencies, and may not reflect where jobs are actually located. For example, the address may identify the location of administrative offices or a mailing address, while job locations may be located in other locations, as is sometimes the case with school districts or firms with dispersed operations.

	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	3,143	3,360	+217
Total Firms	512	550	+38
Average Annual Wages	\$32,193	\$37,437	+5,244

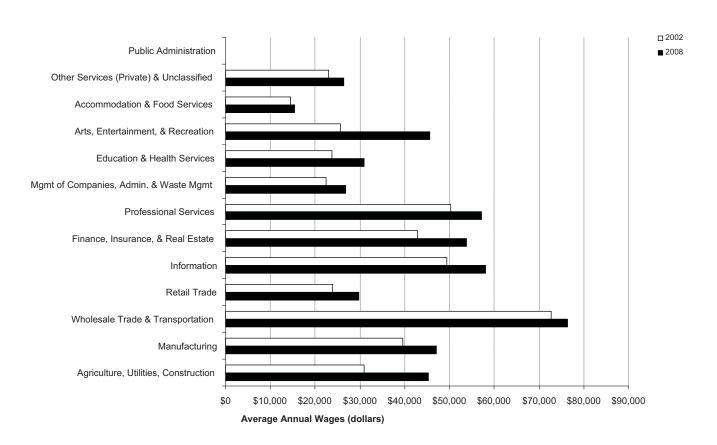
#### **Total Jobs**





Firms

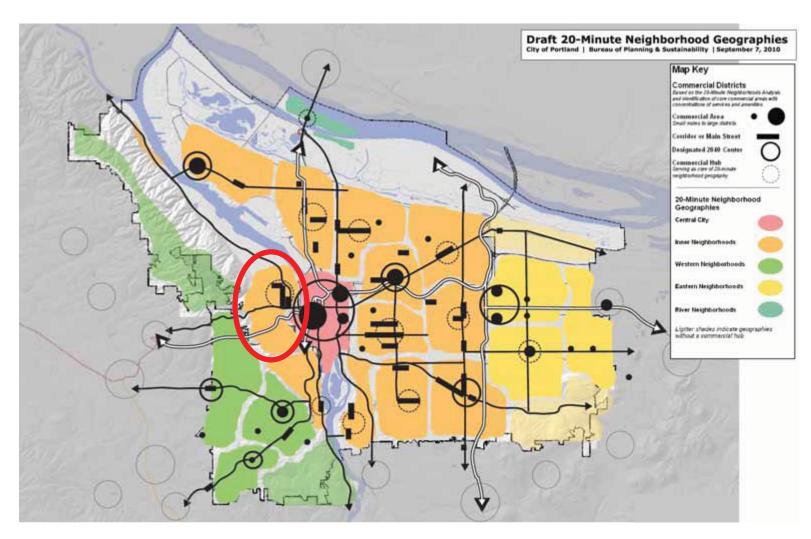
#### **Average Annual Wages**





Including Northwest District, Hillside, Arlington Heights, and parts of the Southwest Hills Residential League and Goose Hollow neighborhoods

# **Services, Demographics and Market Summary**



# 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

# **Northwest Analysis Area**Services and Amenities

**Commercial Districts** 

Population: 21,900 people (12,800 households) Land Area: 4.0 sq. miles (5,400 people per sq. mile)

The area's largest concentrations of commercial services are the historic main street corridors along NW 23<sup>rd</sup> and NW 21st. Other concentrations of commercial services are located along NW Thurman and along West Burnside. These commercial areas are all located in the low-lying "flats" of the analysis area, as the upland "heights" of the West Hills are primarily residential.

**Grocery stores:** 5 (1 store per 2,560 households)

**Retail gap:** \$57 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

### **Community Amenities**

### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

### Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

53%

56%

61%

\*Parks Bureau service standard

**Community Centers:** 1 (Hillside Community Center)

**Libraries**: 1 (Northwest Library)

Parks and Open Spaces: 722 acres – including Washington Park, Marquam Nature Park,

Pittock Mansion Acres, and Macleay, Wallace, Hillside, Couch,

Governors, and Portland Heights parks.

**Tree Canopy Coverage:** 53%

**Public Schools:** 3 K-8 schools (Ainsworth and Couch elementary schools, Multnomah

Learning Center K-12)

**Colleges** (campus): 1 (Linfield College – Portland Campus)

**Hospitals:** 1 (Good Samaritan Hospital and Medical Center)

**Farmers Markets:** 1 (Northwest Portland Farmers Market)

Transit Centers/Stations: 1 (Washington Park light rail station [Civic Plaza light rail station

located adjacent to analysis area in Goose Hollow])

**Walkable Access Score**: 39 (out of 100) – Note that this is the averaged score is for the entire analysis

area. Walkable access scores for the flats and heights portions are:

Flats (NW District and part of Goose Hollow): 73
Heights/hillside areas: 22
(from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

Neighborhood Associations: Northwest District, Hillside, Arlington Heights, and parts of the

Southwest Hills Residential League and Goose Hollow **Business Associations:** Nob Hill Business Association

#### **Urban Form Characteristics**

The area includes two distinct geographies: the "flats" with their compact street grid hosting a diverse mix of houses and apartment buildings on small lots and series of historic main street commercial areas, and the predominantly residential hillside "heights". The hillside areas, located in the West Hills (Tualatin Mountains) feature narrow, curvilinear streets following topography, as well as rectilinear blocks on plateau areas. The area is bordered by the Central City to the east and the Guild's Lake industrial area to the north.

**Access issues.** The area's flats feature good street and sidewalk connectivity, but the heights lack street connectivity and accessibility is limited by topography. Public stairways provide additional pedestrian connections in hillside areas. The flats have good access to transit and to commercial and community services. Adjacency to the Central City and Guild's Lake industrial area provide good access to jobs, services and cultural amenities.

#### 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Mixed-Use Centers: 0

Main Streets: 3.6 miles (NW 23<sup>rd</sup>, NW 21<sup>st</sup>, Burnside, Lovejoy, Thurman) Station Communities: 2 (one is outside but adjacent to this analysis area)

### **Zoning**

Acres	% of Land Area	Buildable Acres*
814	42%	143
234	12%	51
188	10%	53
16	.8%	2
111	6%	19
591	30%	NA
	814 234 188 16 111	814       42%         234       12%         188       10%         16       .8%         111       6%

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

#### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

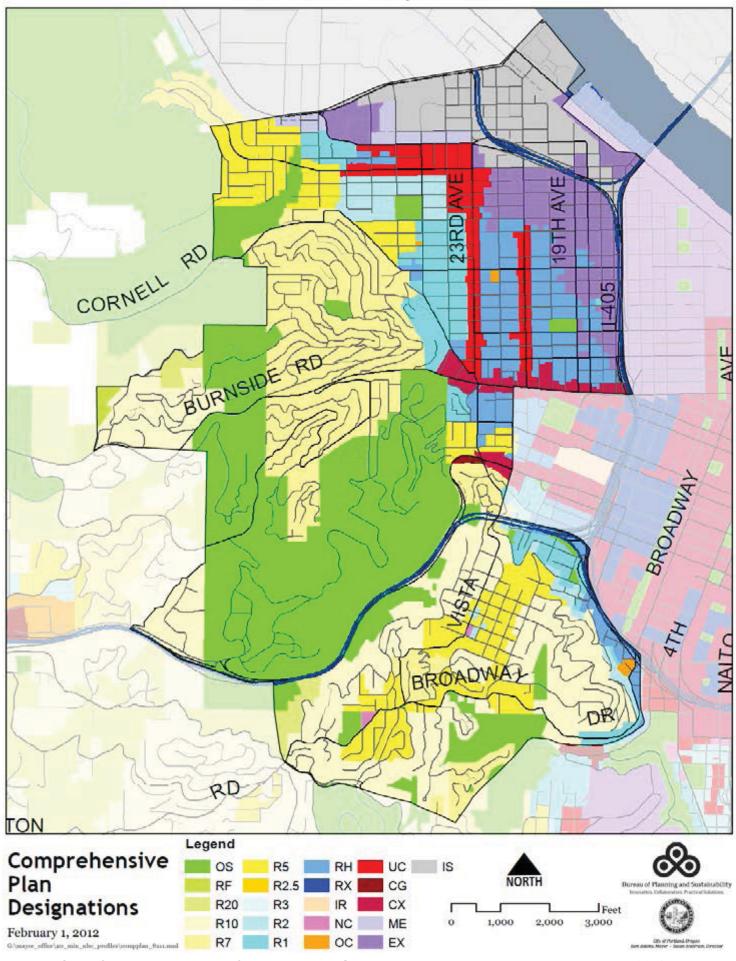
2010 Housing Units (Census): 14,3932035 Housing Units: 19,500

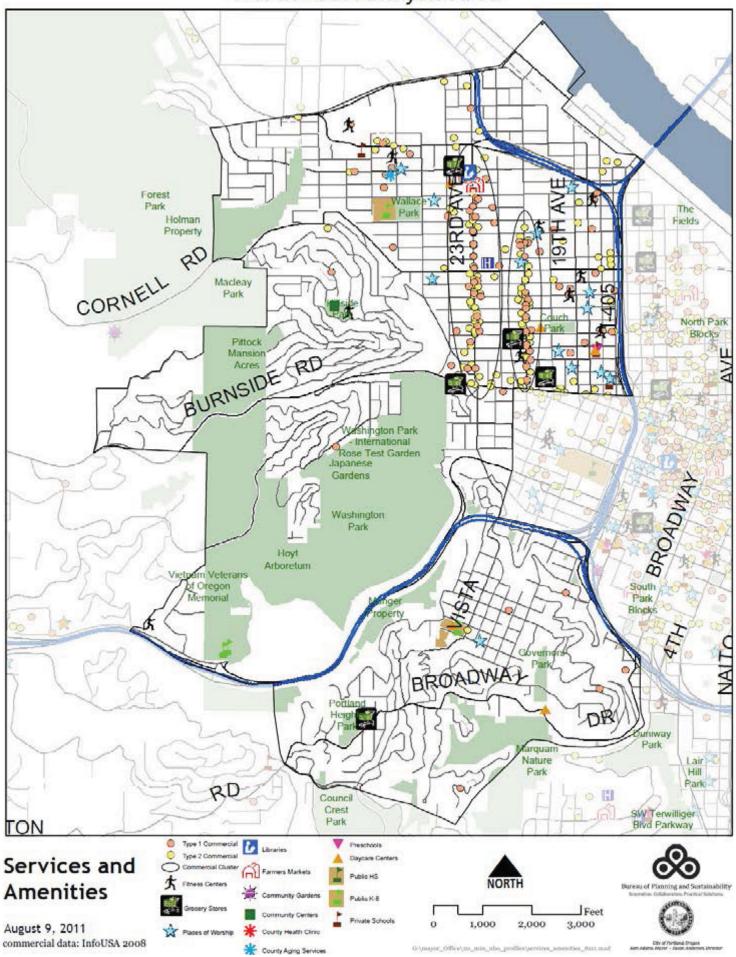
#### **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

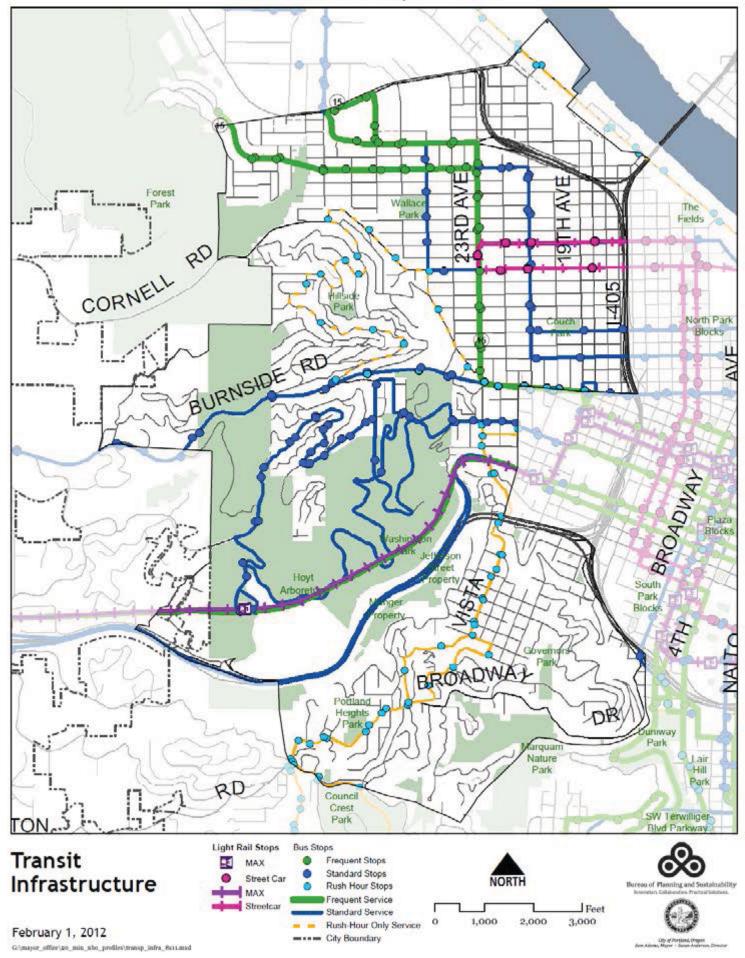
### Associated generalized zoning:

Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

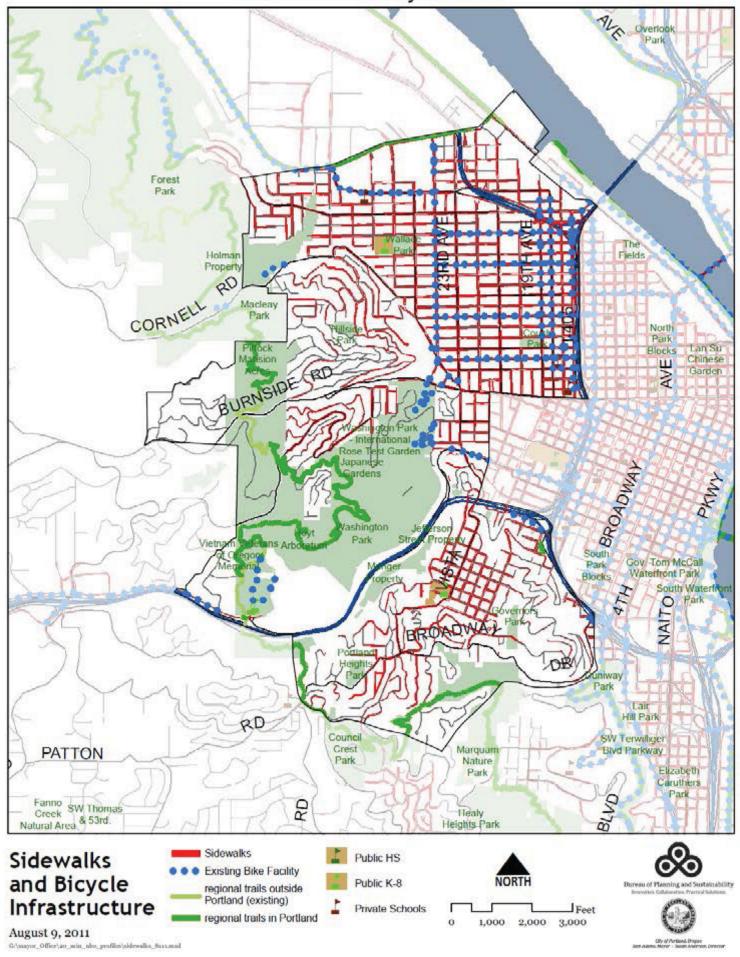
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

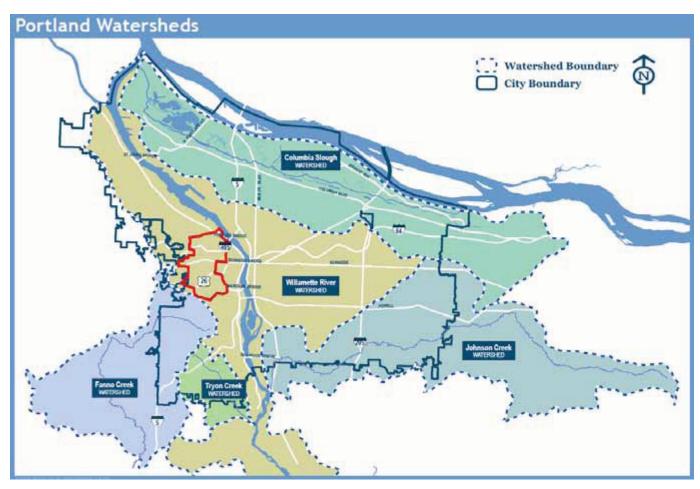


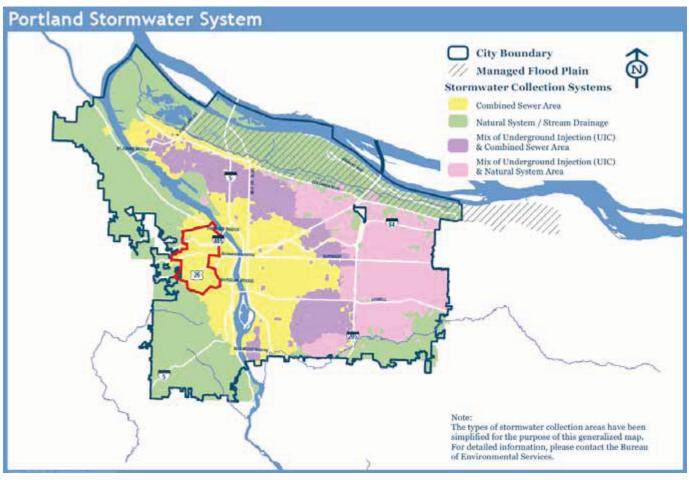




# Northwest Analysis Area

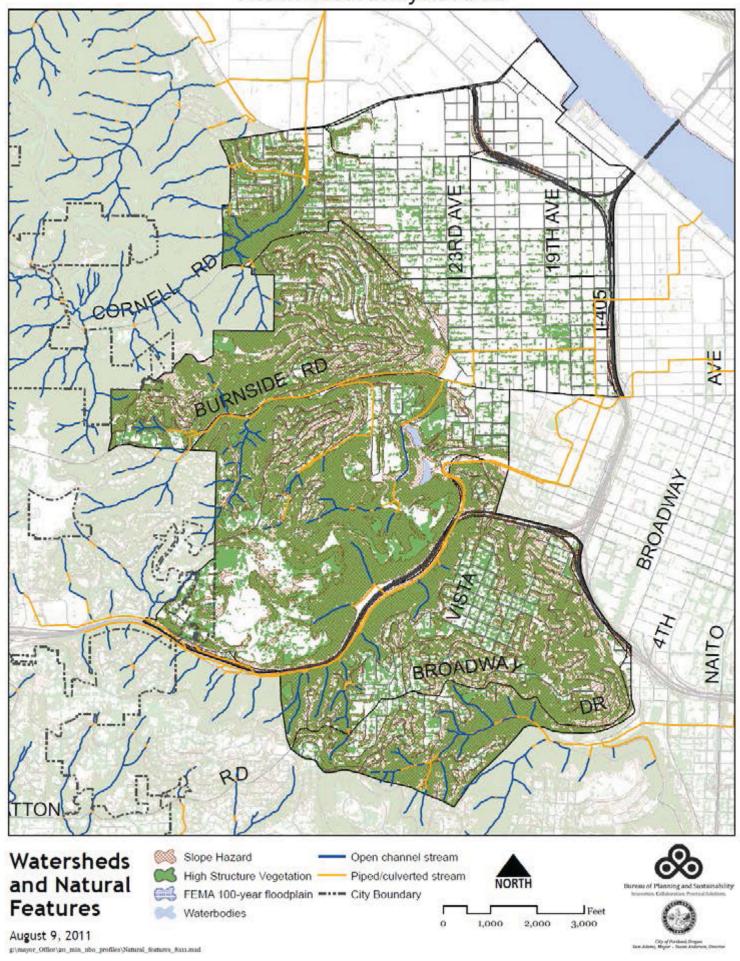






City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability

# Northwest Analysis Area



# Northwest Analysis Area Demographics (2000 – 2010)

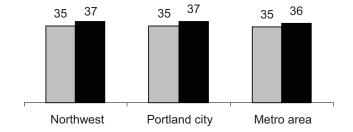
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

### **Population**

	Northwest	Portland city	Metro area
2010	21,857	583,776	2,226,009
2000	20,014	529,121	1,927,881
% change	9%	10%	15%

**2000 2010** 

## Median Age

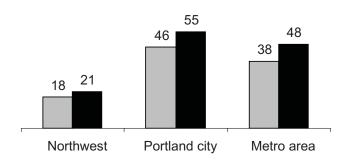


## **Average Household Size**

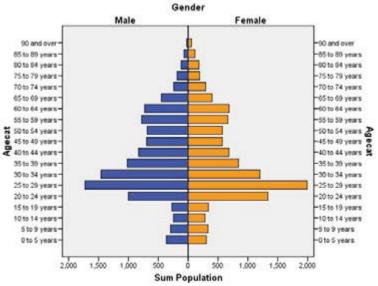


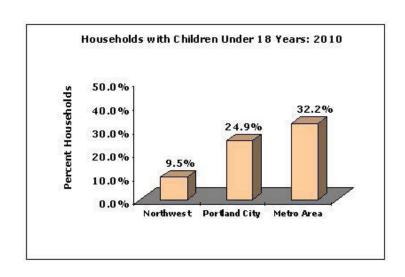
## **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

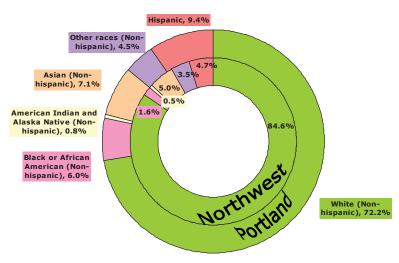


## Population Pyramid for Northwest, 2010



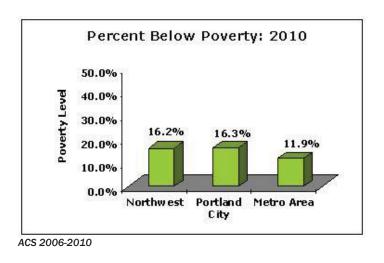


### Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. Northwest

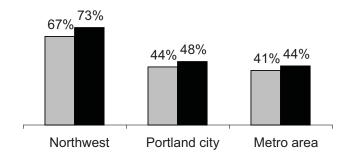


## **Median Household Income**

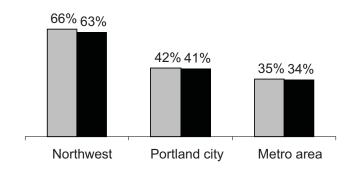




# **Percent College Graduates**



## **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



## **Median Home Value**

	Northwest	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$636,032	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$387,319	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	64.2%	63.6%	62.5%

# **Northwest Analysis Area**Commercial Real Estate Indicators

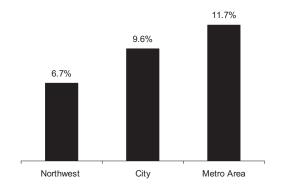
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

### **RETAIL**

## **Square Feet**

Northwest	City	Metro Area
2.531.441	51.937.895	107.875.146

## **Retail Vacancy**



### **Retail Rents**

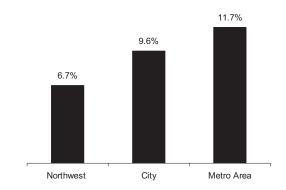


### **OFFICE SPACE**

### **Square Feet**

Northwest	City	Metro Area
3,771,729	54,348,765	92,465,455

## Office Vacancy



### Office Rents



# **Northwest Analysis Area** Retail Market Profile

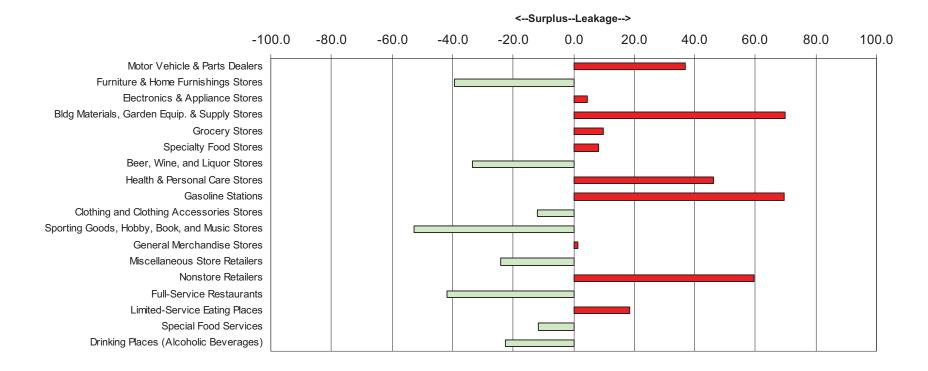
## Retail Gap = \$57 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus / LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$395,089,551	\$338,182,629	\$56,906,922	7.8	389
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$335,912,117	\$254,912,308	\$80,999,809	13.7	250
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$59,177,434	\$83,270,321	-\$24,092,887	-16.9	139

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage."

Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus."

(Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



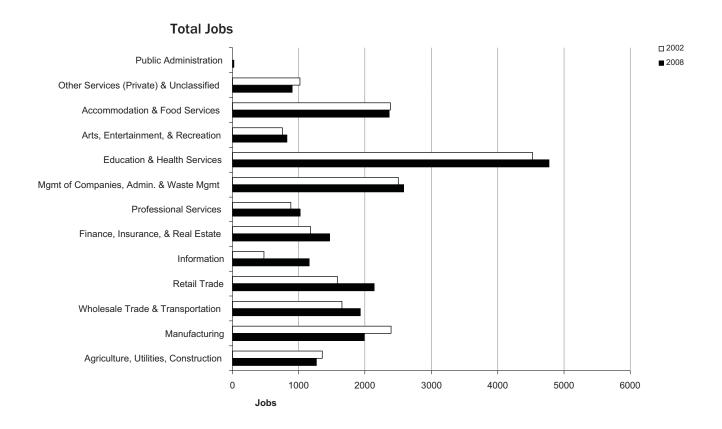
# **Northwest Analysis Area Employment**

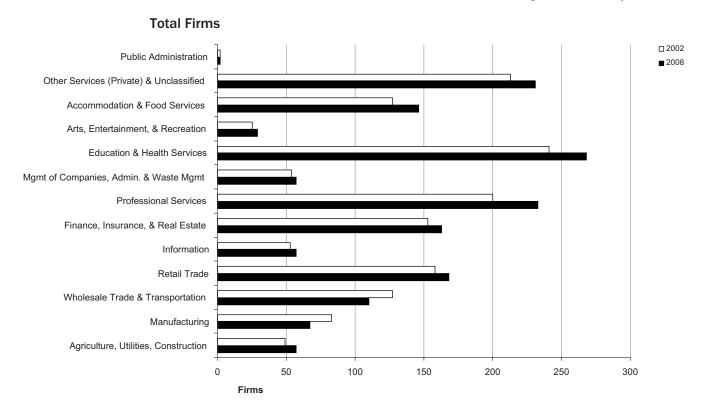
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

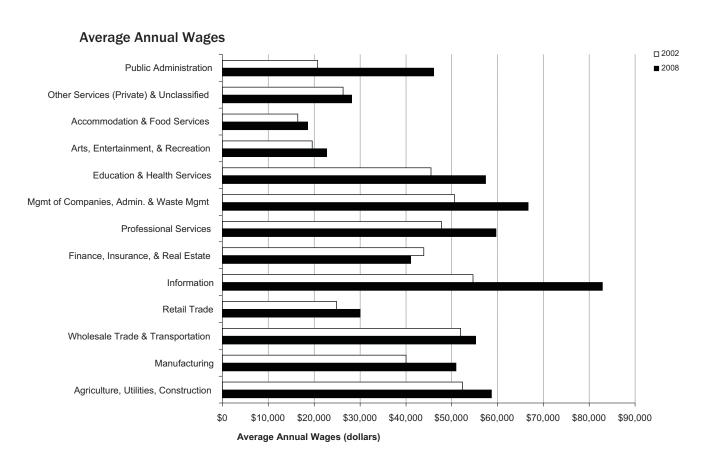
This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

Note: These figures represent the jobs located within the geography. Employment figures should be used with care, as they are based on the addresses of firms or public agencies, and may not reflect where jobs are actually located. For example, the address may identify the location of administrative offices or a mailing address, while job locations may be located in other locations, as is sometimes the case with school districts or firms with dispersed operations.

	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	20,720	22,409	+1,689
Total Firms	1,485	1,588	+103
Average Annual Wages	\$39,846	\$49,005	+9,159



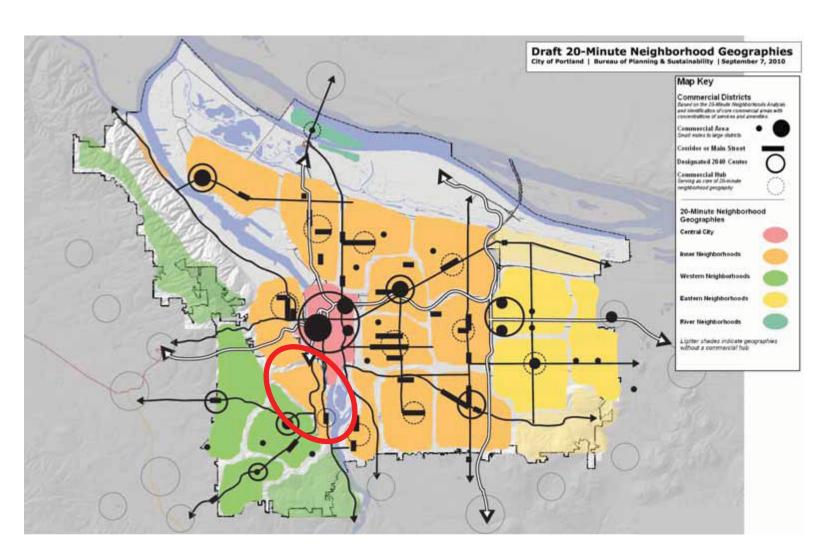






Including South Portland, Homestead, and Healy Heights neighborhoods, and part of the Southwest Hills Residential League

# **Services, Demographics and Market Summary**



# 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

## **Services and Amenities**

Population: 8,400 people (4,600 households)

Land Area: 2.5 sq. miles (3,400 people per sq. mile)

### **Commercial Districts**

The area's primary concentration of commercial services is located along SW Macadam, which includes the Johns Landing shopping area.

**Grocery stores:** 1 (1 store per 4,600 households)

**Retail gap:** \$61 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

## **Community Amenities**

### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

### Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

61%

0%

88%

Community Centers: None (Fulton Park Community Center adjacent to southwest edge of

analysis area)

Libraries: None

Parks and Open Spaces: 396 acres – including Council Crest, Duniway, Lair Hill and

Willamette parks, Willamette Moorage, and Terwilliger Boulevard

Parkway.

Tree Canopy Coverage: 56%

Public Schools: None

**Colleges** (campus): 2 (Oregon Health & Science University, National College of

Naturopathic Medicine)

**Hospitals:** 4 (Oregon Health & Science University, Doernbecher Children's

Hospital, Shriners Hospital, and the Veterans Hospital)

**Farmers Markets:** 1 (OHSU Farmers Market)

**Transit Centers/Stations:** None (no light rail stations or TriMet transit centers.

but includes upper terminal of the Portland Aerial Tram)

Walkable Access Score: 31 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

**Neighborhood Associations:** South Portland, Homestead, and Healy Heights, and part of the Southwest Hills Residential League

**Business Associations:** South Portland Business Association

<sup>\*</sup>Parks Bureau service standard

### **Urban Form Characteristics**

This area includes two distinct geographies: the flats with their compact grid of streets, originally developed during the Streetcar Era with a continuous system of sidewalks, and hillside areas often featuring curvilinear streets following topography. Prominent hillside features include forested slopes and ravines, the Terwilliger Parkway, and the OHSU hospital complex. Macadam Avenue is the primary commercial corridor in the flats, which are bordered by the Central City to the northeast and by the Willamette River.

**Access issues.** The area's flats feature good street and sidewalk connectivity, but the heights lack street connectivity and accessibility is limited by topography. Public stairways and off-street trails provide additional pedestrian connections in some hillside areas. The flats have fairly good access to commercial services, but most residents are not within a walkable distance of frequent service transit. Adjacency to the Central City provides good access to jobs, services and cultural amenities. The I-5 and I-405 freeways, Barbur Boulevard and the Ross Island Bridge approaches serve as barriers to pedestrian access.

### 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Mixed-Use Centers: 0

Main Streets: .8 mile (Macadam)

Station Communities: 0

## **Z**oning

	Acres	% of Land Area	<b>Buildable Acres*</b>
Single-Family Residential:	453	40%	126
Multi-Family Residential:	188	17%	46
Commercial/Mixed-Use:	231	20%	137
Employment:	2	.1%	1
Industrial:	0	0%	0
Open Space:	259	23%	NA

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

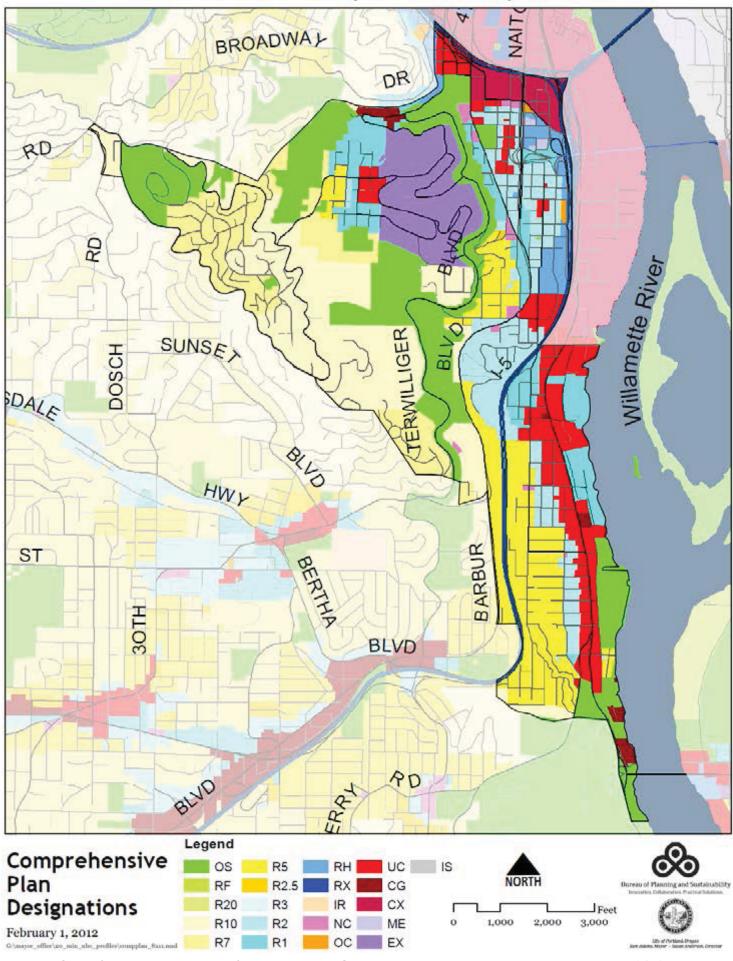
2010 Housing Units (Census): 4,668 2035 Housing Units: 7,600

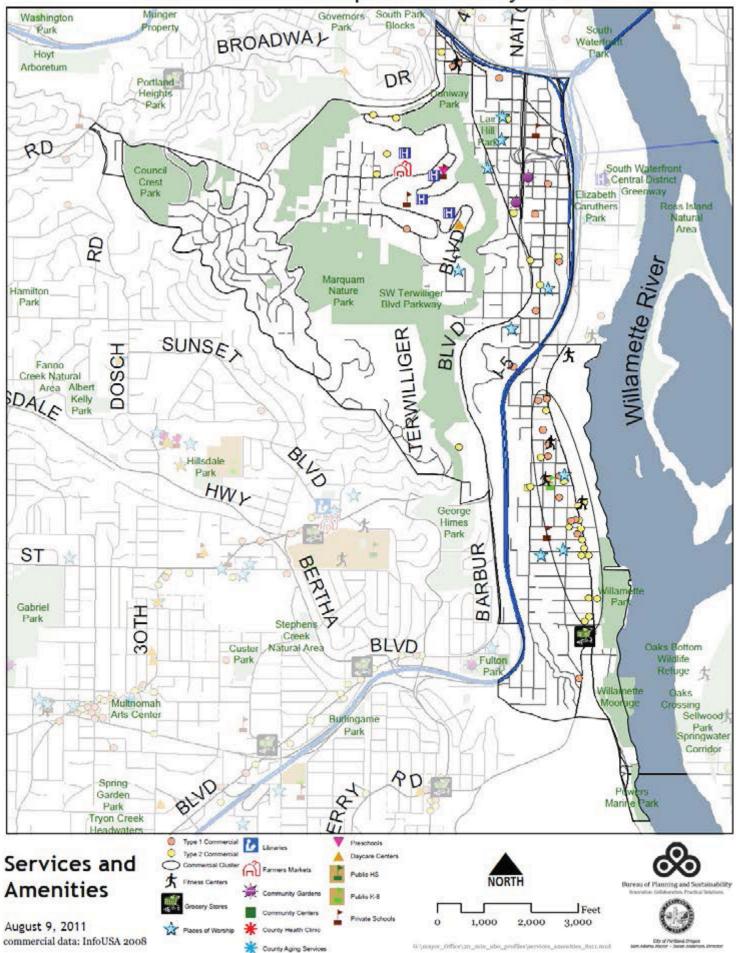
### **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

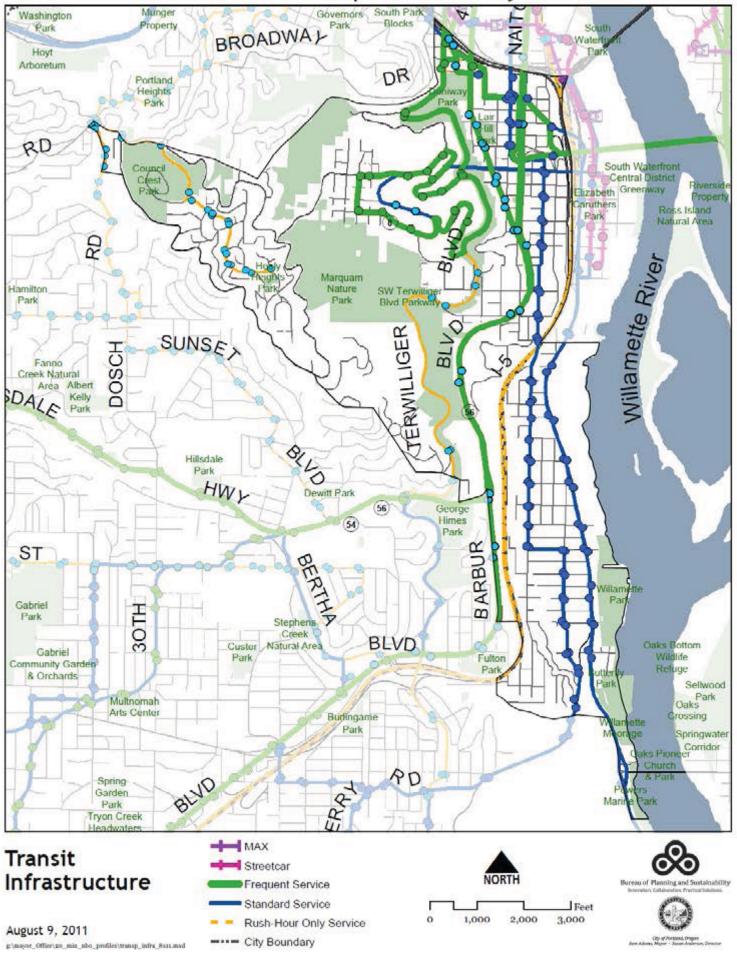
### Associated generalized zoning:

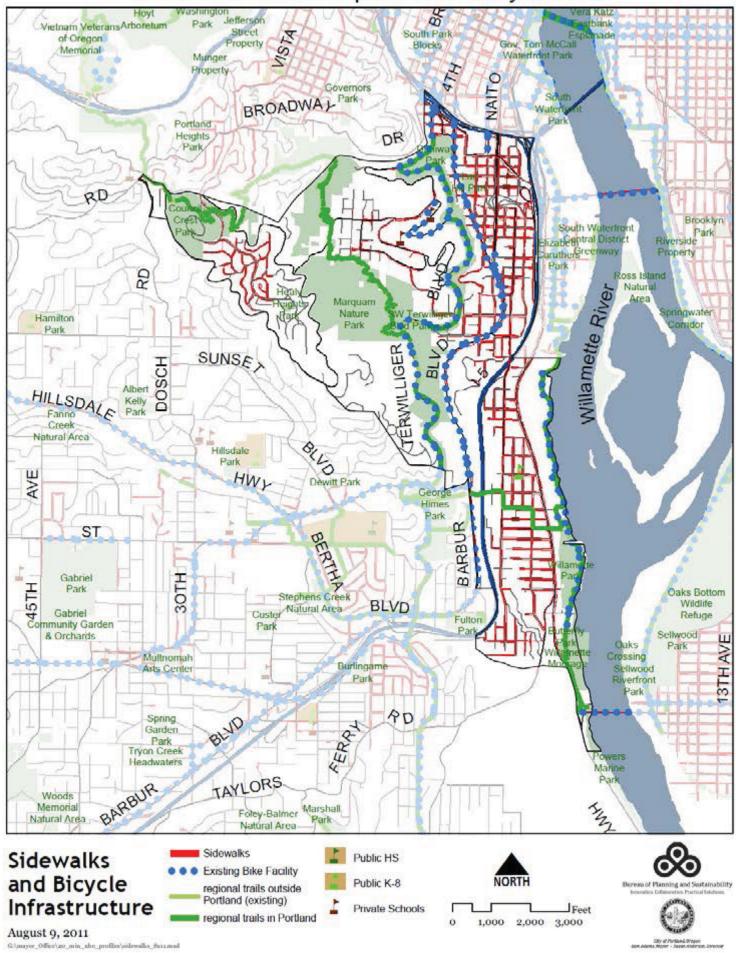
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

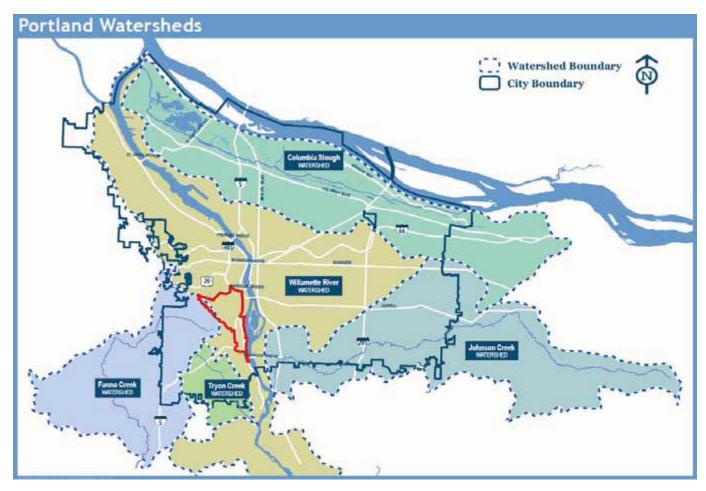
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

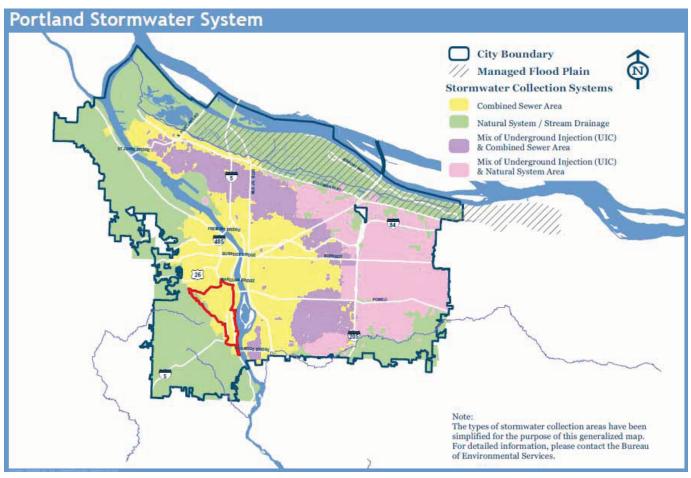












City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability



# **Demographics** (2000 – 2010)

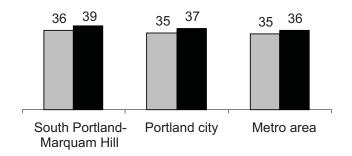
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

## **Population**

	South Portland- Marquam	Doubles de la	Matura aura
	Hill	Portland city	Metro area
2010	8,367	583,776	2,226,009
2000	8,136	529,121	1,927,881
% change	3%	10%	15%

■ 2000 ■ 2010

## **Median Age**

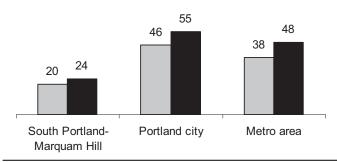


# **Average Household Size**

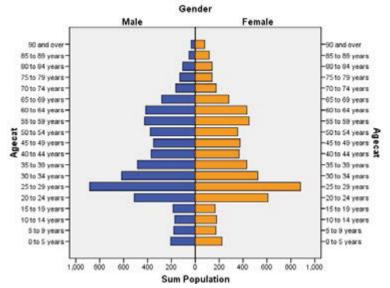


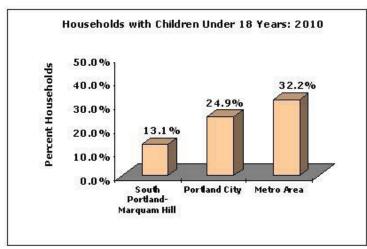
# **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

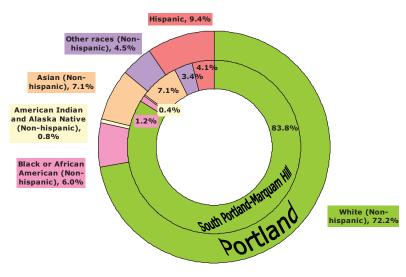


#### Population Pyramid for South Portland-Marquam Hill, 2010

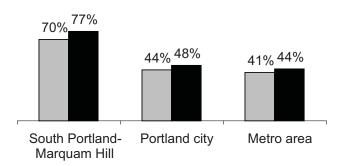


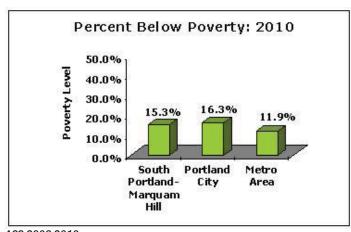


#### Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. South Portland-Marquam Hill



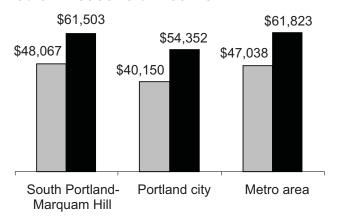
# **Percent College Graduates**



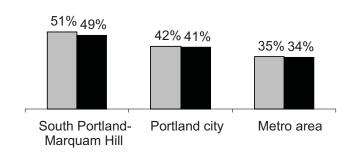


ACS 2006-2010

## **Median Household Income**



## **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



## **Median Home Value**

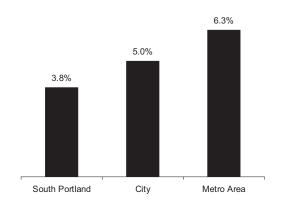
	South Portland-		
	Marquam Hill	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$429,056	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$247,132	\$154,721	\$168,347

### **RETAIL**

## **Square Feet**

So. Portland	City	Metro Area
574,840	51,937,895	107,875,146

## **Retail Vacancy**



### **Retail Rents**



# Commercial Real Estate Indicators

Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010

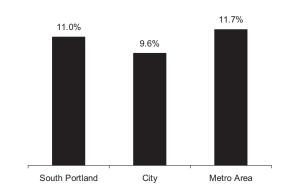
Source: COSTAR

### **RETAIL**

### **Square Feet**

So. Portland	City	Metro Area
1,941,755	54,348,765	92,465,455

## **Office Vacancy**



### Office Rents



## **OFFICE SPACE**

# **South Portland-Marquam Hill Analysis Area** Retail Market Profile

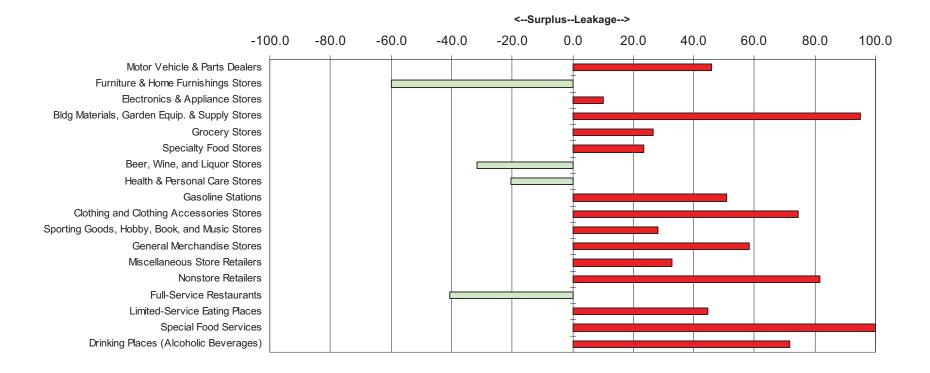
## Retail Gap = \$61 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus I LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$157,678,732	\$96,387,165	\$61,291,567	24.1	119
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$133,926,797	\$74,038,281	\$59,888,516	28.8	76
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$23,751,935	\$22,348,884	\$1,403,051	3.0	43

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage."

Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus."

(Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



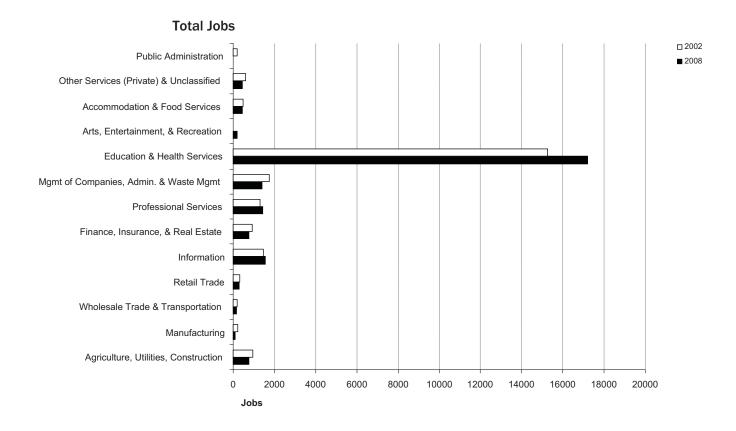
# **South Portland-Marquam Hill Analysis Area Employment**

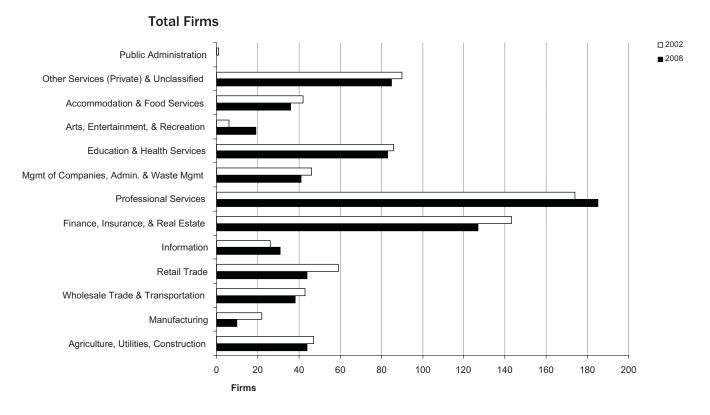
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

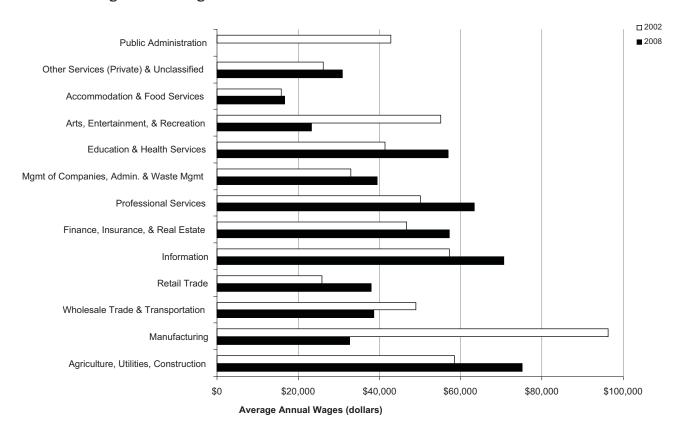
Note: These figures represent the jobs located within the geography. Employment figures should be used with care, as they are based on the addresses of firms or public agencies, and may not reflect where jobs are actually located. For example, the address may identify the location of administrative offices or a mailing address, while job locations may be located in other locations, as is sometimes the case with school districts or firms with dispersed operations.

	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	23,661	24,758	+1,094
Total Firms	785	743	- 42
Average Annual Wages	\$42,584	\$56,058	+13,474





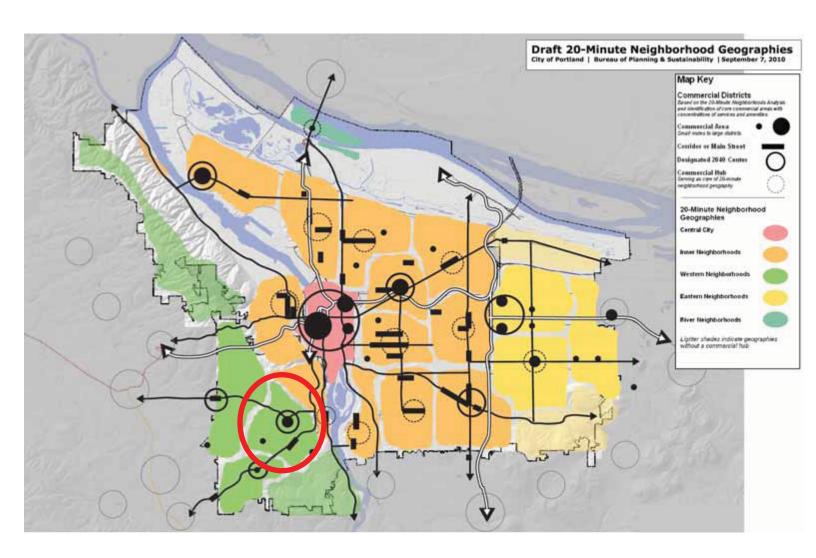
### **Average Annual Wages**





Including Hillsdale, Multnomah, South Burlington, and parts of the Markham and Marshall Park neighborhoods

# **Services, Demographics and Market Summary**



# 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

# **Services and Amenities**

Population: 19,800 people (9,100 households) Land Area: 4.3 sq. miles (4,600 people per sq. mile)

#### **Commercial Districts**

The area's largest concentrations of commercial services are found in the Hillsdale town center and in Multnomah Village. Other services, including supermarkets, are dispersed along SW Barbur, and a small clustering of commercial services is located at SW Terwilliger and Taylors Ferry.

**Grocery stores:** 4 (1 store per 2,275 households)

**Retail gap:** \$128 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

### **Community Amenities**

### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

### Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

77%

100%

21%

\*Parks Bureau service standard

**Community Centers:** 3 (Southwest Community Center and Pool [full service], Multnomah Arts

Center, Fulton Park Community Center)

**Libraries:** 1 (Hillsdale Library)

Parks and Open Spaces: 192 acres – including Gabriel, George Himes, Custer, Burlingame, Fulton,

Spring Garden, and Marshall parks; and the Stephens Creek and Foley-

Balmer natural areas.

**Tree Canopy Coverage: 40%** 

Public Schools: 1 high school (Wilson)

4 K-8 schools (Rieke, Capitol Hill, and Maplewood\* elementary schools,

Gray Middle School)
\*At edge of analysis area

Colleges (campus): None Hospitals: None

Farmers Markets: 1 (Hillsdale Farmers Market)

Transit Centers/Stations: None

**Walkable Access Score:** 40 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

Neighborhood Associations: Hillsdale, Multnomah, South Burlington, and parts of Markham and

Marshall Park

Business Associations: Hillsdale Business and Professional Association, Multnomah Village

**Business Association** 

### **Urban Form Characteristics**

Natural features are prominent characteristics of this area, including gently-rolling hills, forested slopes, and occasional streams and ravines. The area is primarily composed of residential neighborhoods, which include a mix of rectilinear blocks and curvilinear streets that follow the area's hilly topography. Most streets do not have sidewalks. The area includes a small number of commercial areas, including Multnomah Village, with its Streetcar Era storefront buildings, and more auto-oriented commercial areas in Hillsdale and along Barbur Boulevard.

Access issues. Most of the area lacks good street connectivity and most streets do not have sidewalks. Off-street trails provide additional pedestrian connections in some locations. The limited number of commercial areas are beyond walking distance for most residents, and some of these areas have few options for access from nearby residential areas other than major roads that lack continuous pedestrian facilities. The area has relatively low population densities and most residents do not have walkable access to frequent service transit. Topography and other natural features also limit pedestrian and bicycle accessibility in the area.

### 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Hillsdale Town Center: 272 acres

Main Streets: .8 mile (Multnomah Blvd & Capitol Hwy [Multnomah Village])

Station Communities: 0

### **Zoning**

Acres	% of Land Area	Buildable Acres*
1,532	74%	299
227	11%	52
110	5%	57
0	0%	0
0	0%	0
208	10%	NA
	1,532 227 110 0	1,532       74%         227       11%         110       5%         0       0%         0       0%

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

#### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

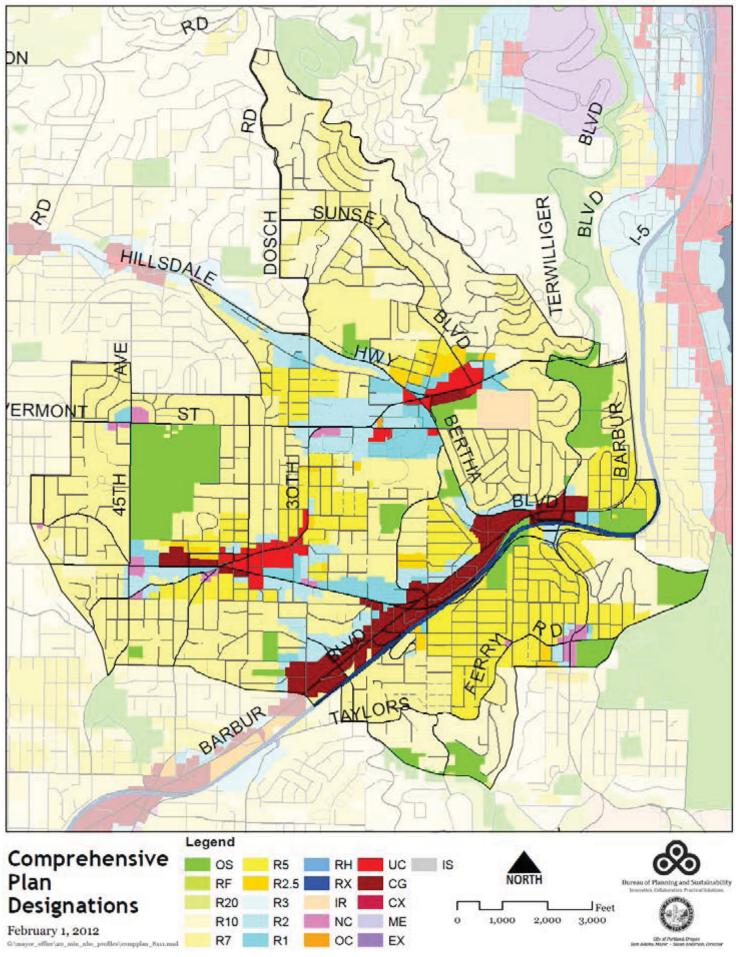
2010 Housing Units (Census): 9,0662035 Housing Units: 12,900

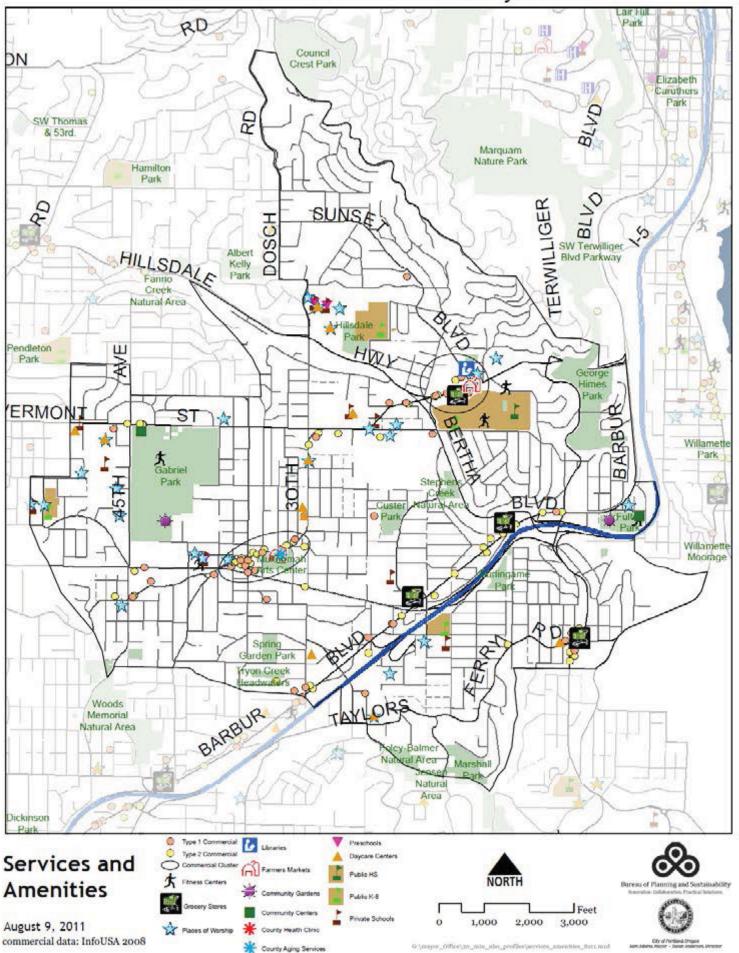
### **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

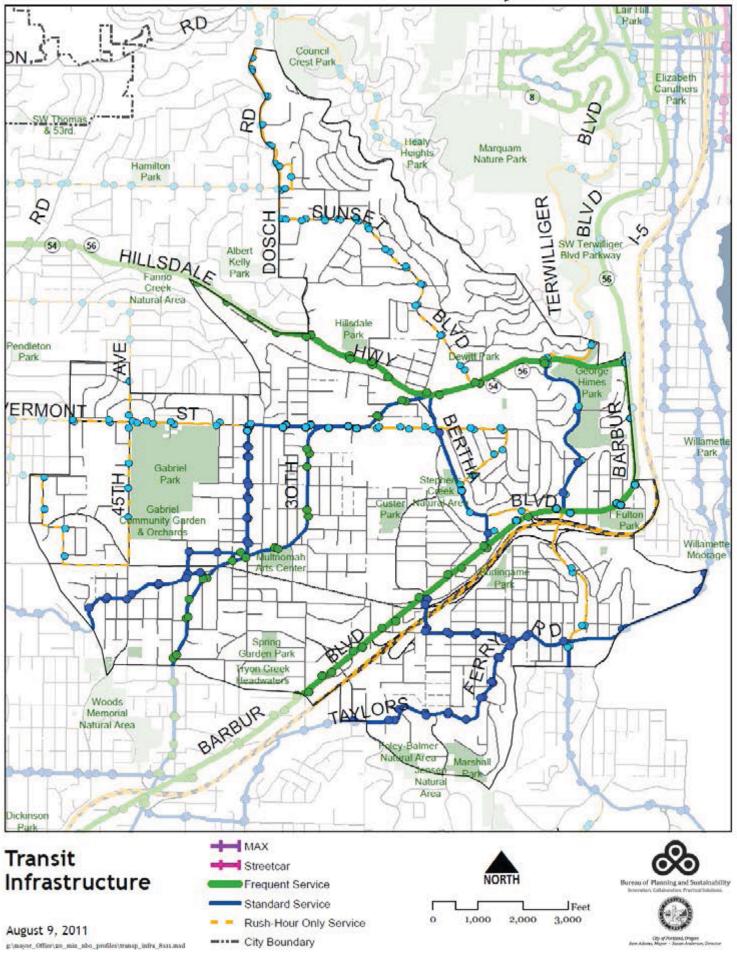
### Associated generalized zoning:

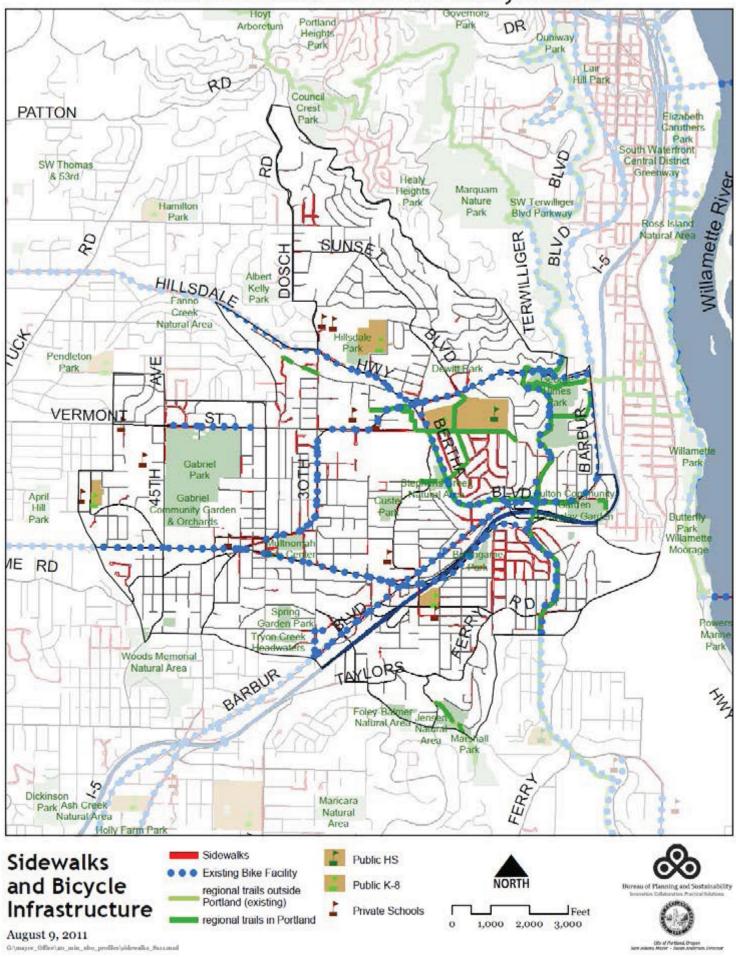
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

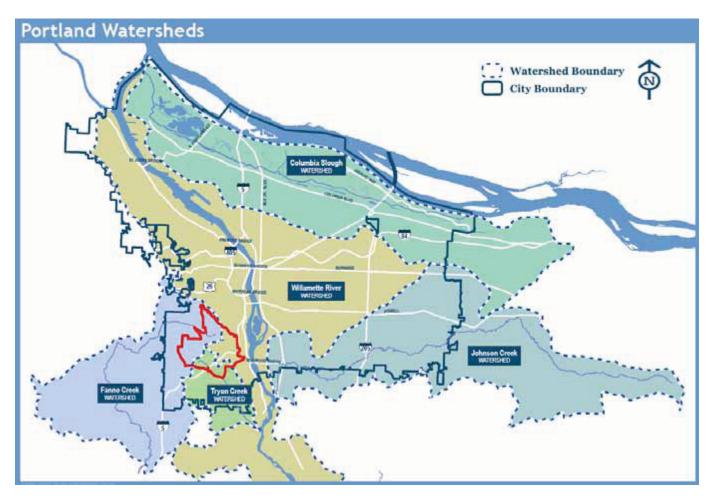
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

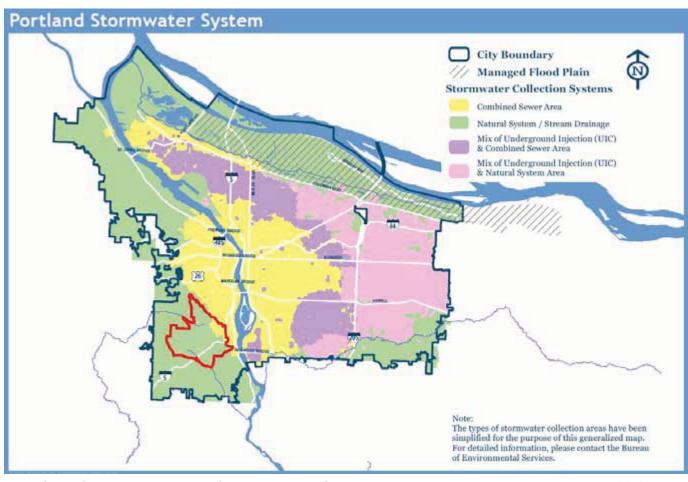




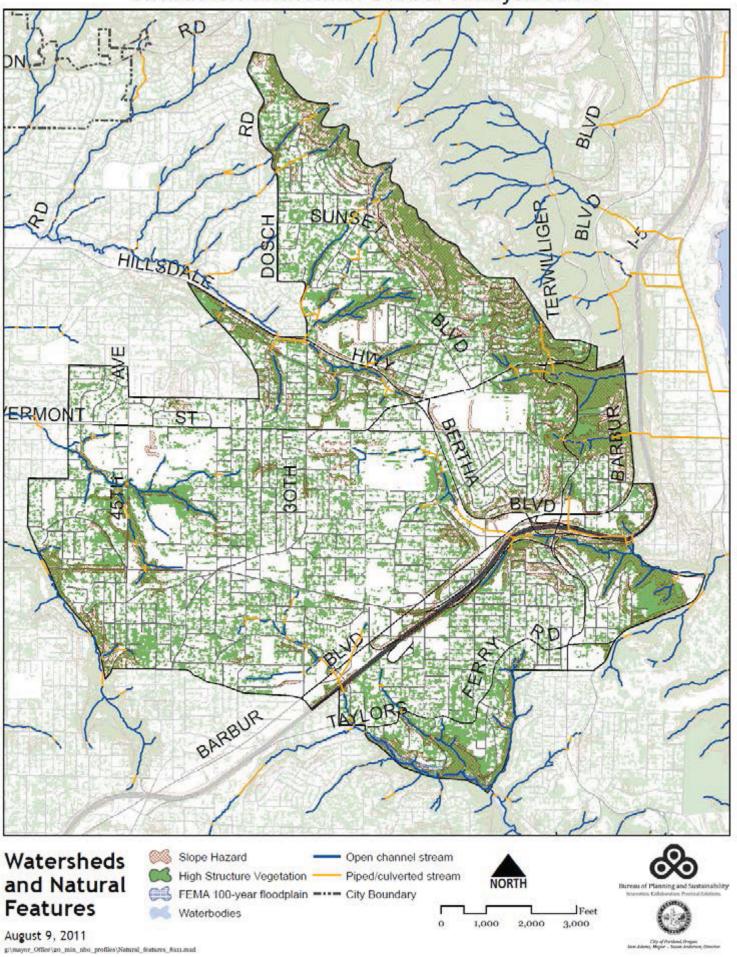








City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability



# **Demographics** (2000 – 2010)

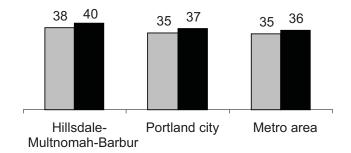
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

## **Population**

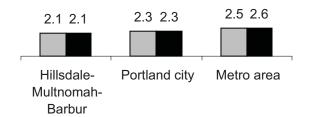
	Hillsdale-		
	Multnomah-		
	Barbur	Portland city	Metro area
2010	19,795	583,776	2,226,009
2000	18,674	529,121	1,927,881
% change	6%	10%	15%

■ 2000 ■ 2010

## Median Age

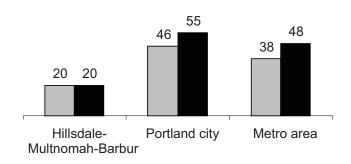


# **Average Household Size**

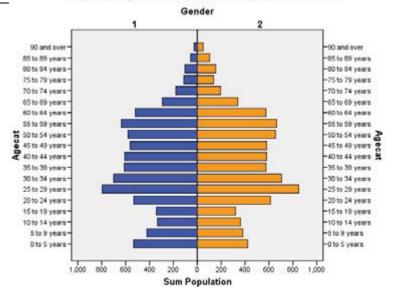


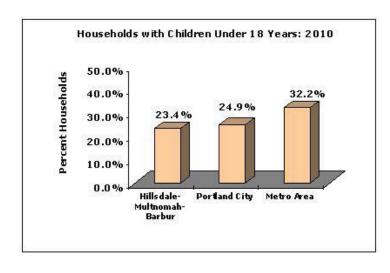
## **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

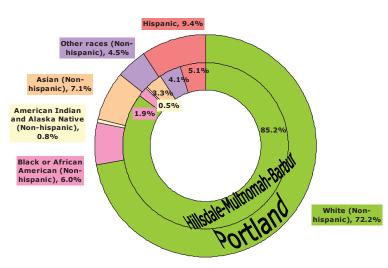


### Population Pyramid for Hillsdale-Multnomah-Barbur, 2010

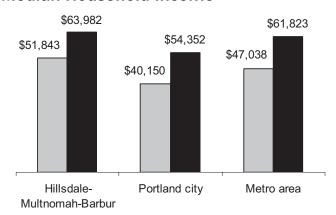


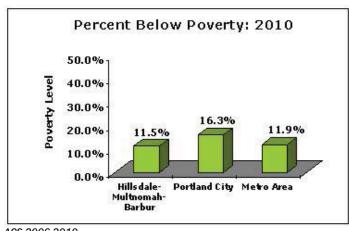


Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. Hillsdale-Multnomah-Barbur



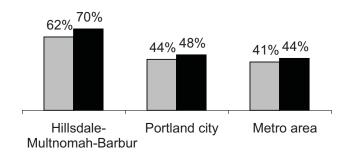
## **Median Household Income**



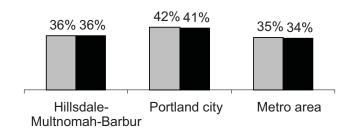


### ACS 2006-2010

## **Percent College Graduates**



# **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



## **Median Home Value**

	Hillsdale- Multnomah- Barbur	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$342,618	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$202,698	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	69.0%	63.6%	62.5%

# Hillsdale-Multnomah-Barbur Analysis Area Commercial Real Estate Indicators

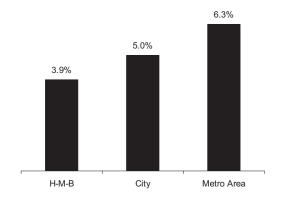
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

### **RETAIL**

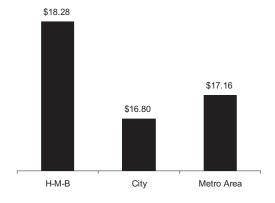
## **Square Feet**

H-M-B	City	Metro Area
369,294	51,937,895	107,875,146

## **Retail Vacancy**



### **Retail Rents**

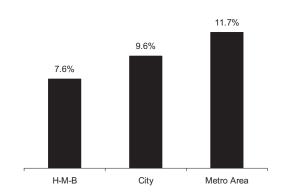


### **OFFICE SPACE**

## **Square Feet**

H-M-B	City	Metro Area
228,770	54,348,765	92,465,455

## Office Vacancy



### Office Rents



# **Hillsdale-Multnomah-Barbur Analysis Area**Retail Market Profile

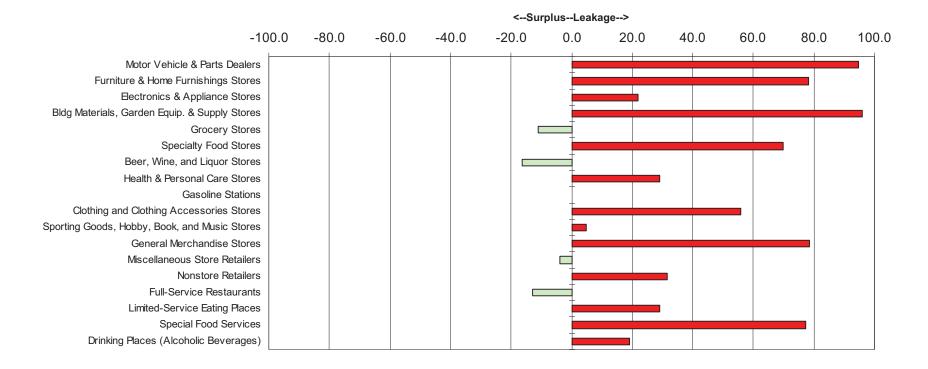
## Retail Gap = \$128 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus   LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$288,231,738	\$160,363,054	\$127,868,684	28.5	190
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$246,092,918	\$128,953,648	\$117,139,270	31.2	128
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$42,138,820	\$31,409,406	\$10,729,414	14.6	62

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage."

Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus."

(Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



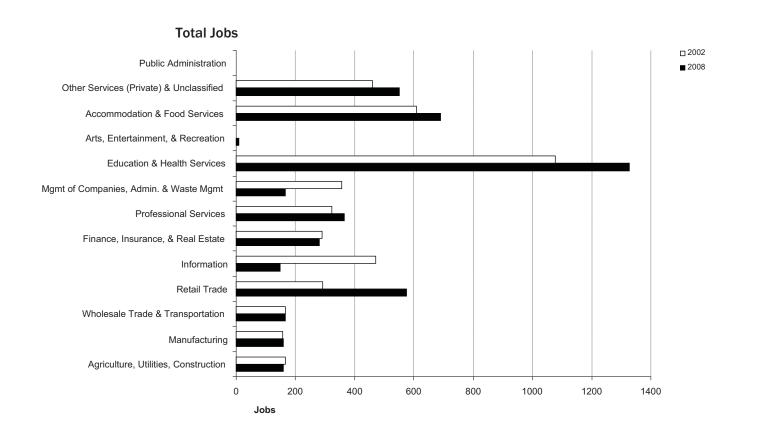
## Hillsdale-Multnomah-Barbur Analysis Area Employment

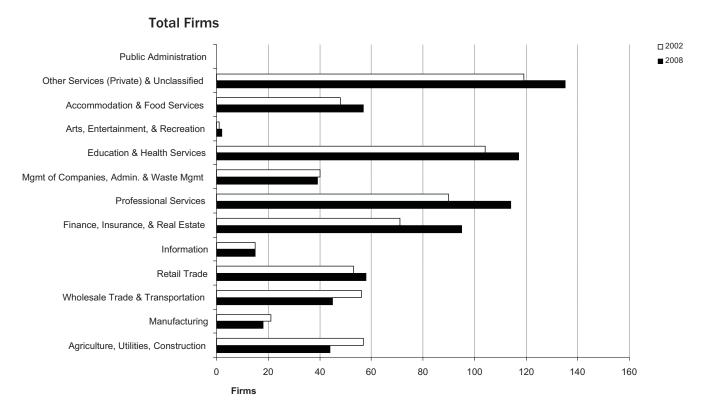
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

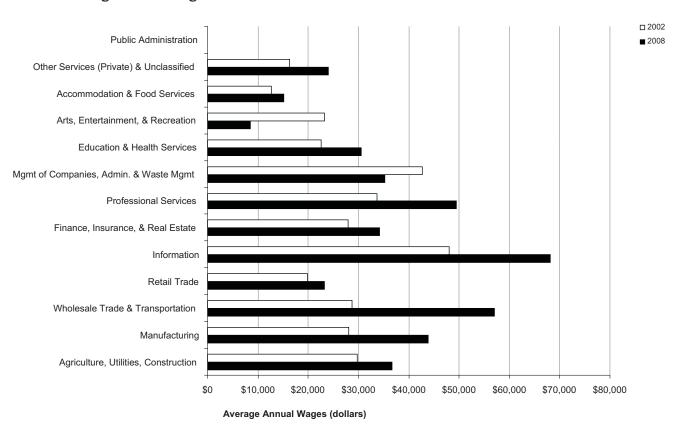
Note: These figures represent the jobs located within the geography. Employment figures should be used with care, as they are based on the addresses of firms or public agencies, and may not reflect where jobs are actually located. For example, the address may identify the location of administrative offices or a mailing address, while job locations may be located in other locations, as is sometimes the case with school districts or firms with dispersed operations.

	2002	2008	change	
Total Jobs	4,364	4,597	+233	
Total Firms	675	739	+64	
Average Annual Wages	\$26,057	\$31,254	+5,197	





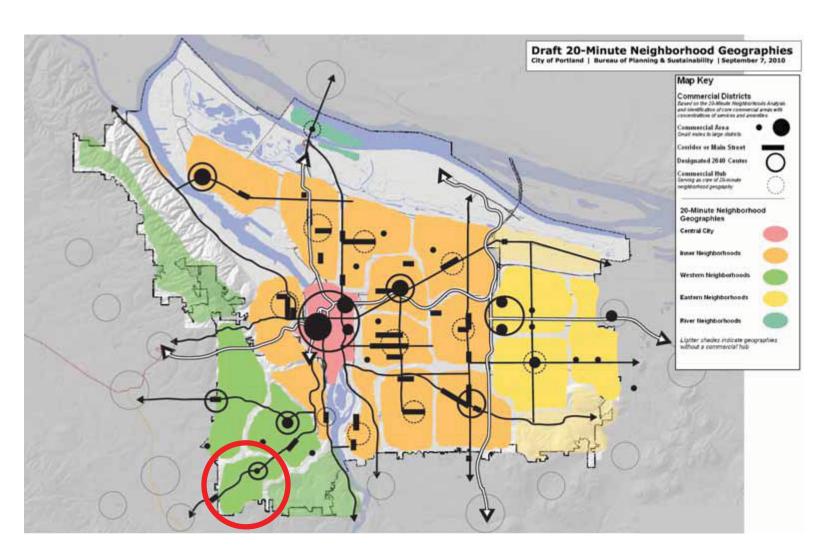
## **Average Annual Wages**





Including Crestwood, Far Southwest, West Portland Park, and parts of the Ashcreek and Markham neighborhoods

## **Services, Demographics and Market Summary**



## 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

## **Services and Amenities**

Population: 10,800 people (4,600 households) Land Area: 2.6 sq. miles (4,200 people per sq. mile)

#### **Commercial Districts**

The area's commercial services are primary located along SW Barbur, with some clustering of services around the intersection with Capitol Highway. A small clustering of commercial services is located at Capitol Highway and SW 49<sup>th</sup>. Larger concentrations of commercial services are located along SW Barbur just outside the west edge of the analysis area in Tigard.

**Grocery stores:** 1 (1 store per 4,600 households)

**Retail gap:** \$106 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

## **Community Amenities**

### **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

## Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

13%

\*Parks Bureau service standard

Community Centers: None

**Libraries:** 1 (Capitol Hill Library)

Parks and Open Spaces: 84 acres – including Dickinson, Sylvania, and Lesser parks, and the

Ash Creek, Woods Memorial, and West Portland Park natural areas.

Tree Canopy Coverage: 42%

**Public Schools:** 3 K-8 schools (Markham and Stephenson\* elementary schools, Jackson

Middle School)

\*At edge of analysis area

**Colleges** (campus): Portland Community College - Sylvania

Hospitals: None Farmers Markets: None

**Transit Centers/Stations:** 1 (Barbur Boulevard Transit Center)

Walkable Access Score: 35 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

#### **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

Neighborhood Associations: Crestwood, Far Southwest, West Portland Park, and parts of

Ashcreek and Markham

**Business Associations:** None

#### **Urban Form Characteristics**

Natural features are prominent characteristics of this area, including gently-rolling hills, forested slopes, and occasional streams and ravines. The area is composed primarily of residential neighborhoods, which include a mix of gridded streets (sometimes interrupted by natural features) and some curvilinear streets that follow the area's topography. Most streets do not have sidewalks. The area's primary commercial corridor is Barbur Boulevard, predominated by auto-oriented development with surface parking lots.

**Access issues.** Most of the area lacks good street connectivity and most streets do not have sidewalks. Commercial and community services are beyond walking distance for most residents. The area has relatively low population densities and most residents do not have walkable access to frequent service transit. Topography and other natural features also limit pedestrian and bicycle accessibility in some parts of this area, and the I-5 Freeway and Barbur Boulevard serve as barriers.

## 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

West Portland Town Center: 281 acres

Main Streets: 0 Station Communities: 0

## Zoning

	Acres	% of Land Area	<b>Buildable Acres*</b>
Single-Family Residential:	886	73%	130
Multi-Family Residential:	192	16%	144
Commercial/Mixed-Use:	71	6%	44
Employment:	0	0%	0
Industrial:	0	0%	0
Open Space:	71	6%	NA

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

#### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

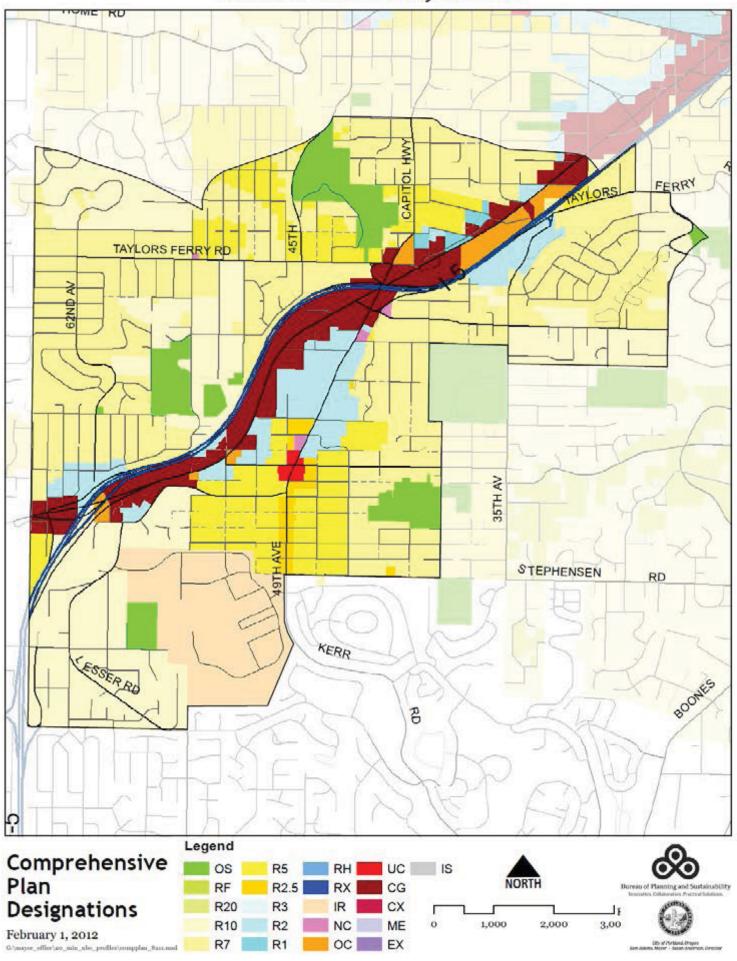
2010 Housing Units (Census): 4,8262035 Housing Units: 6,300

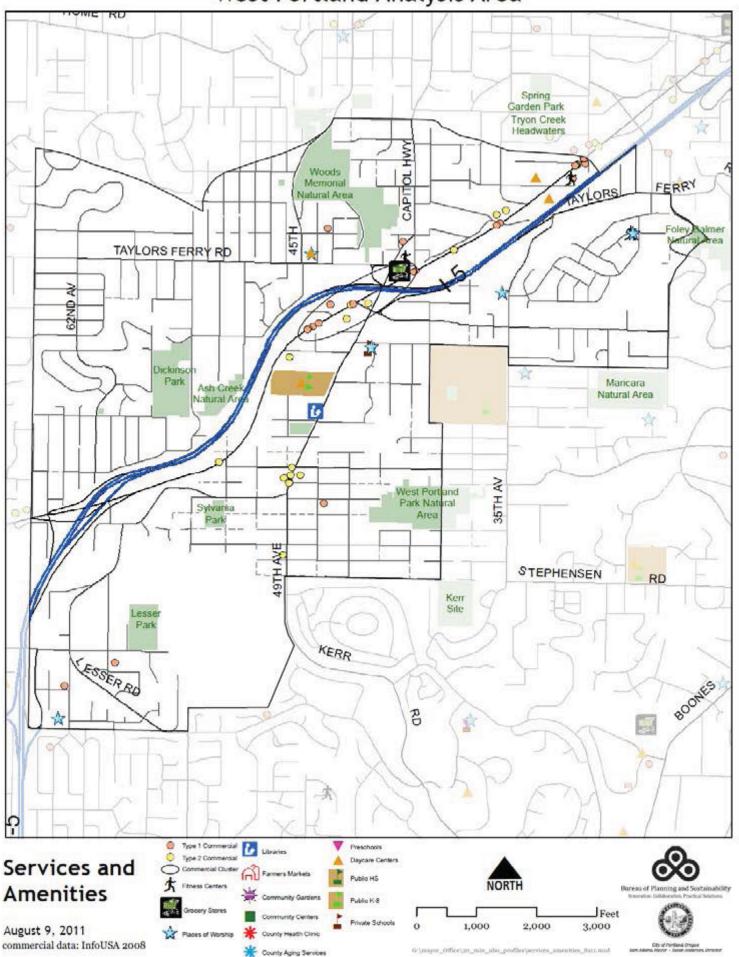
## **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

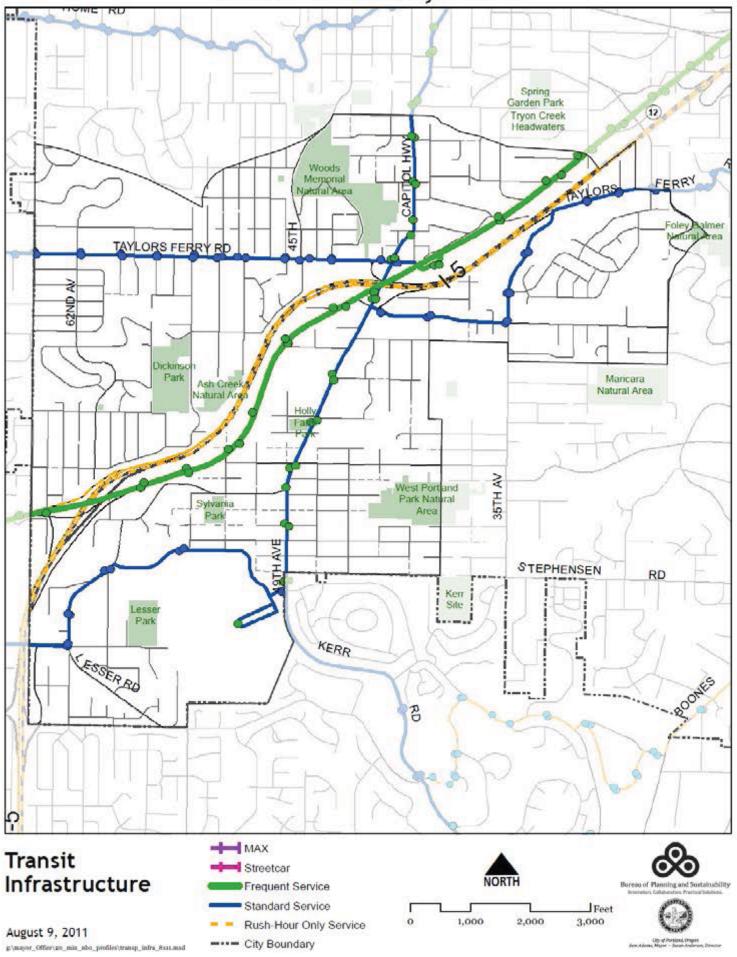
## Associated generalized zoning:

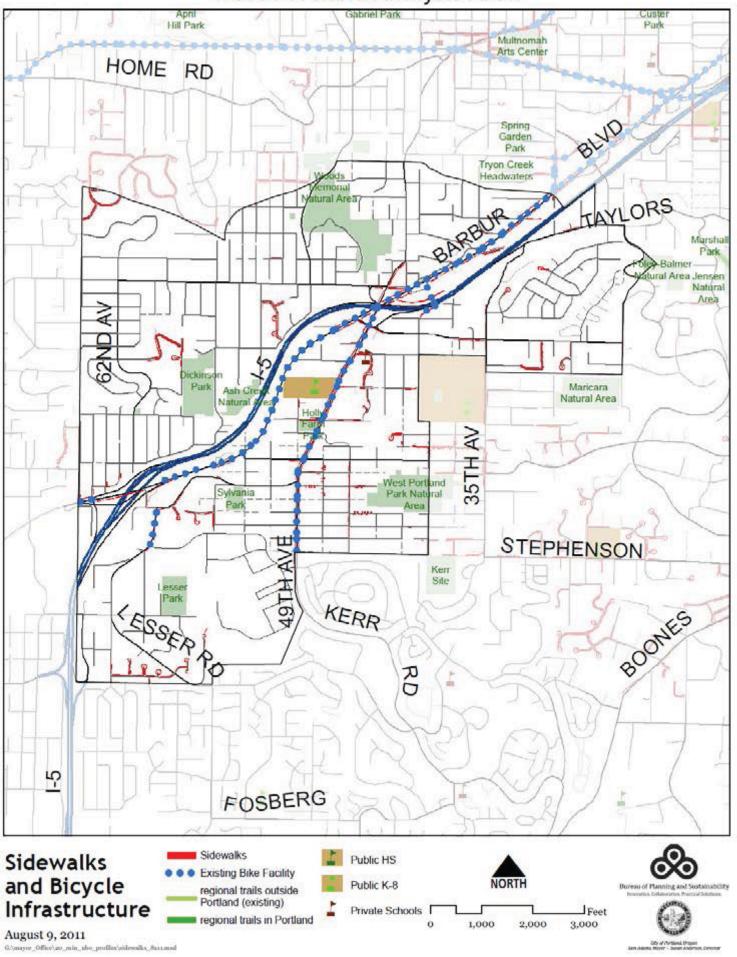
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

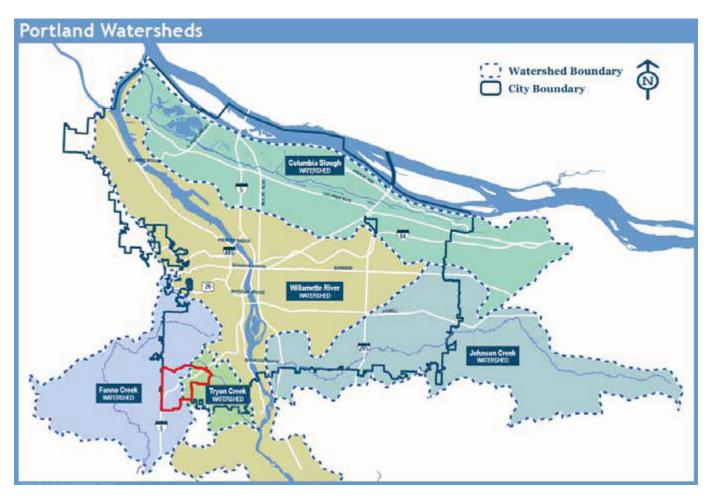
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

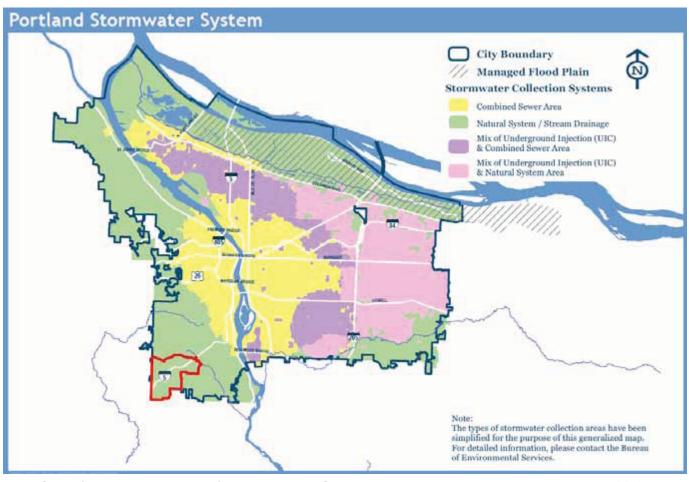




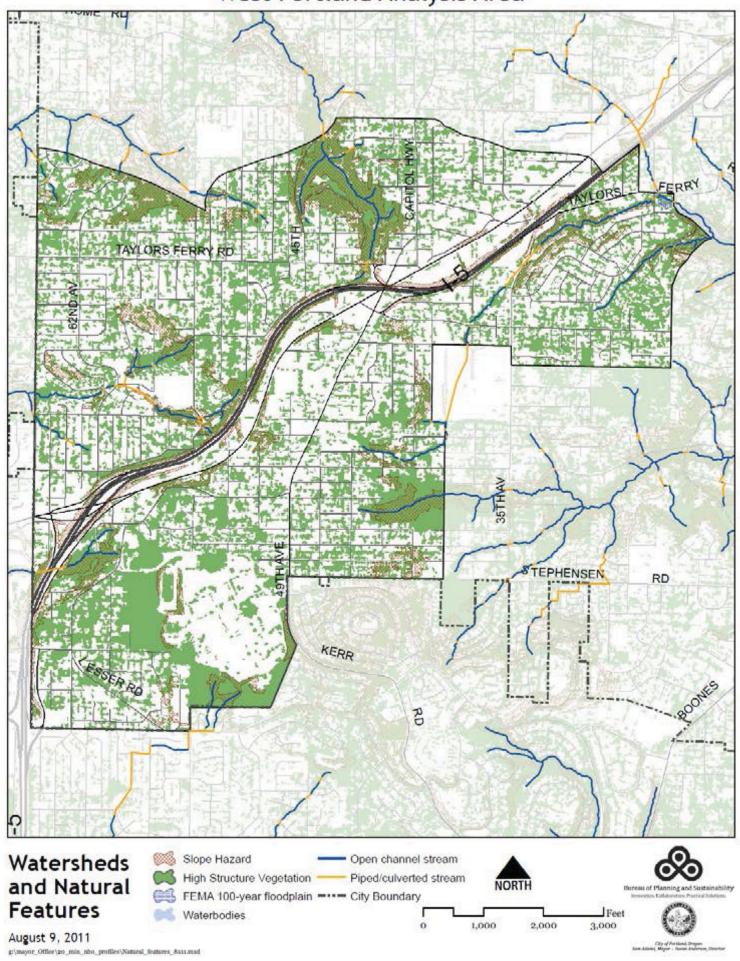








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# **West Portland Analysis Area** Demographics (2000 – 2010)

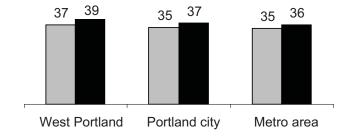
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

## **Population**

	West		
	Portland	Portland city	Metro area
2010	10,836	583,776	2,226,009
2000	10,481	529,121	1,927,881
% change	3%	10%	15%

**2000 2010** 

## Median Age

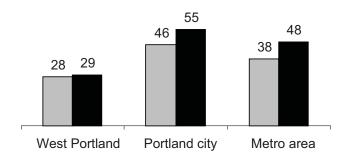


## **Average Household Size**

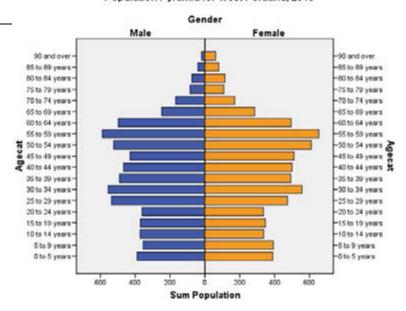


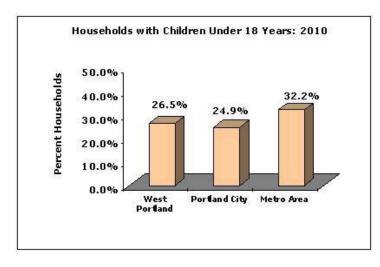
## **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

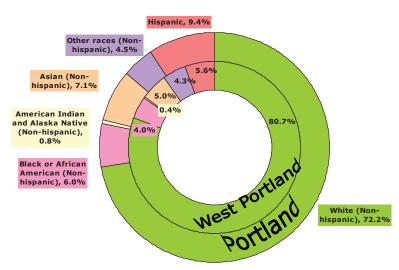


#### Population Pyramid for West Portland, 2010

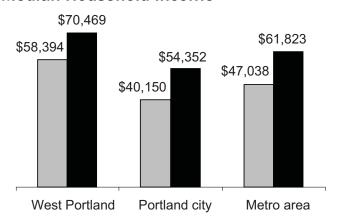


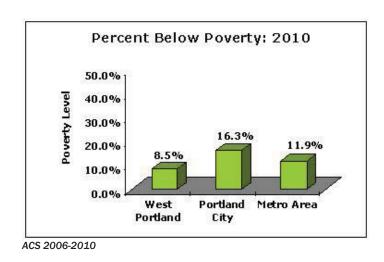


Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. West Portland

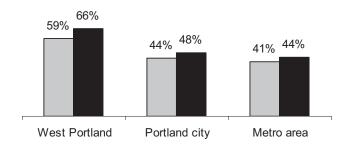


## **Median Household Income**

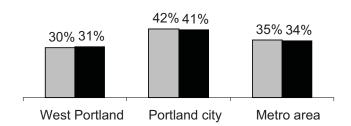




## **Percent College Graduates**



## **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



## **Median Home Value**

	West Portland	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$319,207	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$186,698	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	71.0%	63.6%	62.5%

# **West Portland Analysis Area**Commercial Real Estate Indicators

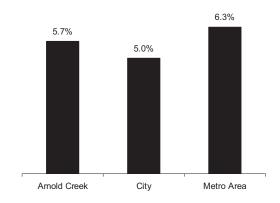
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

#### **RETAIL**

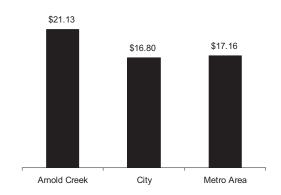
## **Square Feet**

West Portland	City	Metro Area
139,578	51,937,895	107,875,146

## **Retail Vacancy**



## **Retail Rents**

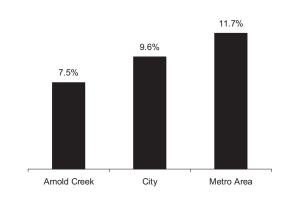


#### **OFFICE SPACE**

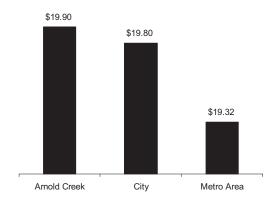
## **Square Feet**

West Portland	City	Metro Area
433,333	54,348,765	92,465,455

## **Office Vacancy**



#### **Office Rents**



## **West Portland Analysis Area** Retail Market Profile

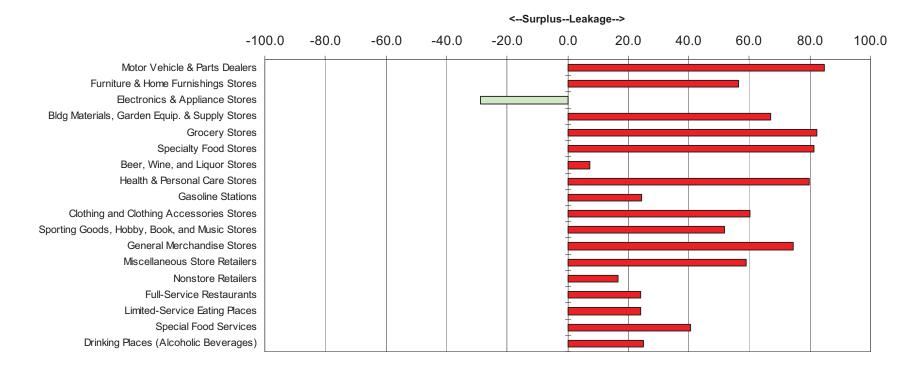
## Retail Gap = \$106 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus / LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$156,753,122	\$50,287,067	\$106,466,055	51.4	93
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$133,872,072	\$36,878,384	\$96,993,688	56.8	68
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$22,881,050	\$13,408,683	\$9,472,367	26.1	25

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage."

Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus."

(Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



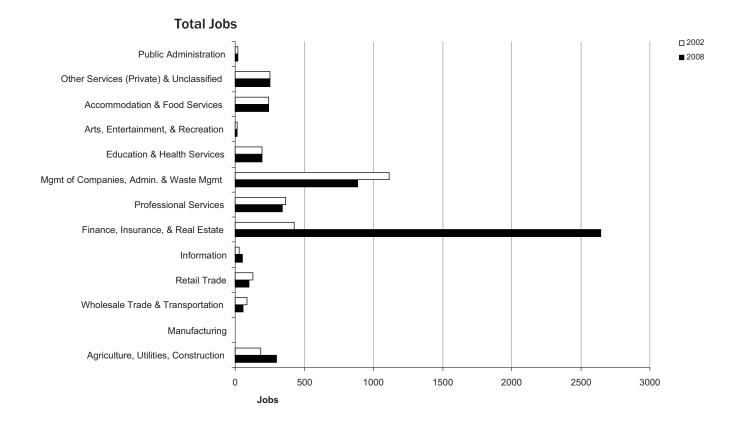
# **West Portland Analysis Area Employment**

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

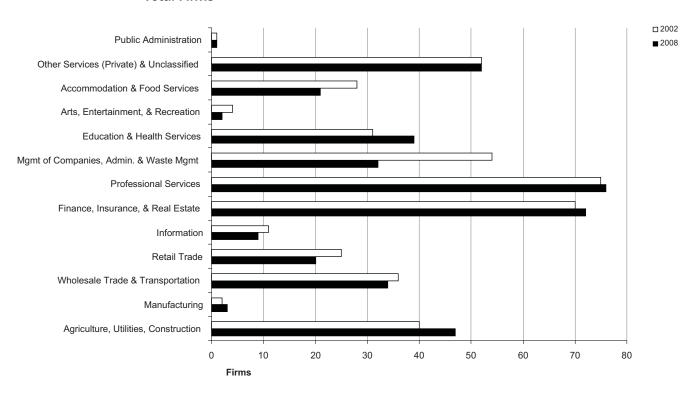
This employment data is derived from quarterly tax reports submitted to State Employment Security Agencies by employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program.

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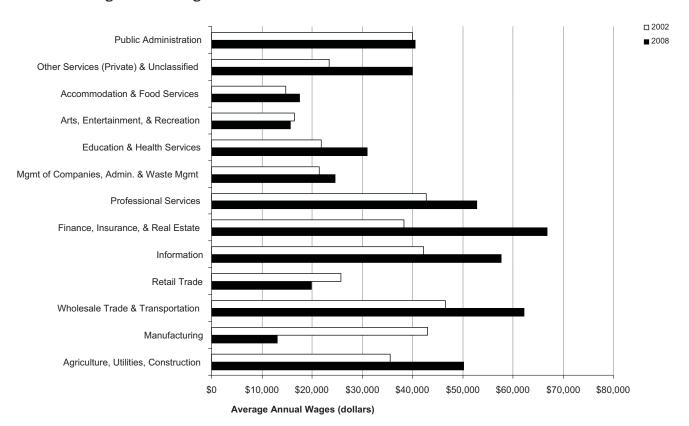
	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	3,061	5,104	+2,043
Total Firms	429	408	- 21
Average Annual Wages	\$28,038	\$45,600	+17,562



#### **Total Firms**



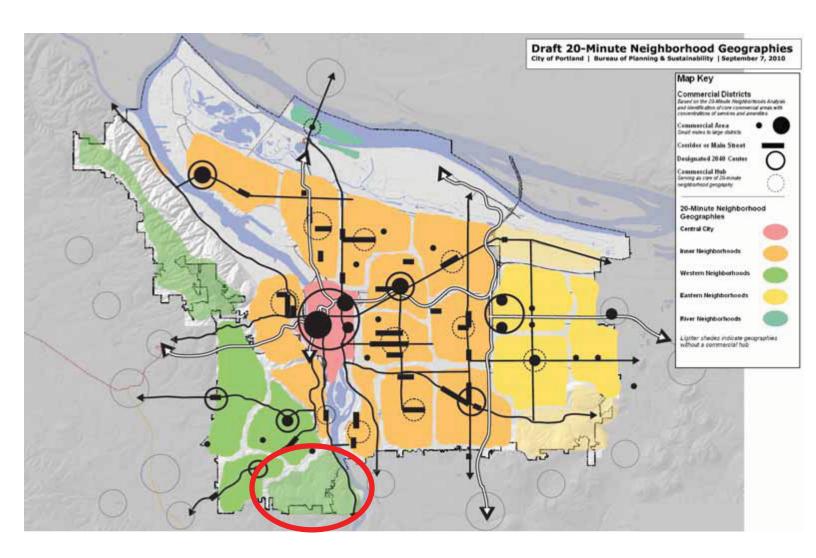
## **Average Annual Wages**





Including Collins View, Marshall Park, Arnold Creek, and Dunthorpe neighborhoods

## Services, Demographics and Market Summary



## 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis

June 5, 2012

Note: Analysis areas used in this report were based around existing core neighborhood business districts and surrounding residential areas as part of an assessment of local access to services. While many of these commercial areas have at least some neighborhood hub functions, their inclusion in these summary reports and the associated analysis area geographies are for analysis purposes only. The hubs and geographies used in these summaries do not preclude the community's identification of other locations for neighborhood hubs during the upcoming update of the Comprehensive Plan.

## **Services and Amenities**

Population: 9,700 people (3,400 households)

Land Area: 5.1 sq. miles (1,900 people per sq. mile)

#### **Commercial Districts**

The area has almost no commercial services. Nearby commercial districts include downtown Lake Oswego (south of the analysis area), and a small clustering of commercial services at SW Terwilliger and Taylors Ferry (outside the northern edge of the analysis area).

Grocery stores: None

**Retail gap:** \$140 million gap (amount of estimated yearly retail spending by the analysis area population that is in excess of the retail sales generated by area businesses, indicating the extent to which retail spending is leaving the neighborhood market area)

## **Community Amenities**

## **Proximity to Services and Amenities**

## Percentage of population:

Within 1/2 mile of a park\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a public elementary school:

Within 3 miles of a full-service community center\*:

Within 1/2 mile of a full-service grocery store:

Within 1/4 mile of a frequent service transit stop:

19%

7%

0%

Community Centers: None Libraries: None

Parks and Open Spaces: 532 acres – including Tryon Creek State Park, Powers Marine Park,

and the Maricara and Jensen natural areas.

Tree Canopy Coverage: 67%

**Public Schools:** 1 high school (Riverdale)

2 K-8 schools (Riverdale Grade School, Stephenson Elementary\*)

\*At edge of analysis area

**Colleges** (campus): 1 (Lewis and Clark College)

Hospitals: None Farmers Markets: None

Transit Centers/Stations: None

**Walkable Access Score:** 15 (out of 100) (from 20-Minute Neighborhoods Analysis Index)

## **Neighborhood and Business Associations**

Neighborhood Associations: Collins View, Marshall Park, Arnold Creek, and Dunthorpe

Business Associations: None

<sup>\*</sup>Parks Bureau service standard

#### **Urban Form Characteristics**

Natural areas and features are the most prominent characteristics of this area, including Tryon Creek and smaller streams, ravines, and forested slopes. Tryon Creek State Park and other natural areas occupy large portions of the area. Residential areas are sometimes tucked within natural areas, with curvilinear streets often following topography. The Willamette River borders the area to the east.

**Access issues.** The area does not have an urban level of street connectivity and most streets do not have sidewalks. It does have a relatively high level of natural system connectivity and good access to trails. The area has low population densities, no commercial areas and limited transit service. Topography and other natural features also limit pedestrian and bicycle accessibility.

## 2040 Growth Concept: Designated Mixed-Use Areas

The 2040 Growth Concept sets direction for the region's growth and calls for focusing residential and commercial development in and around transit-oriented mixed-use areas that have a mix of businesses and housing.

Mixed-Use Centers: 0
Main Streets: 0
Station Communities: 0

## **Zoning**

	Acres	% of Land Area	<b>Buildable Acres*</b>
Single-Family Residential:	1,799	64%	488
Multi-Family Residential:	143	5%	142
Commercial/Mixed-Use:	0	0%	0
Employment:	0	0%	0
Industrial:	0	0%	0
Open Space:	850	30%	NA

<sup>\*</sup>From Buildable Lands Inventory (vacant or underutilized)

### **Anticipated Growth by 2035**

(From Buildable Lands Inventory allocations, based on development capacity and trend information)

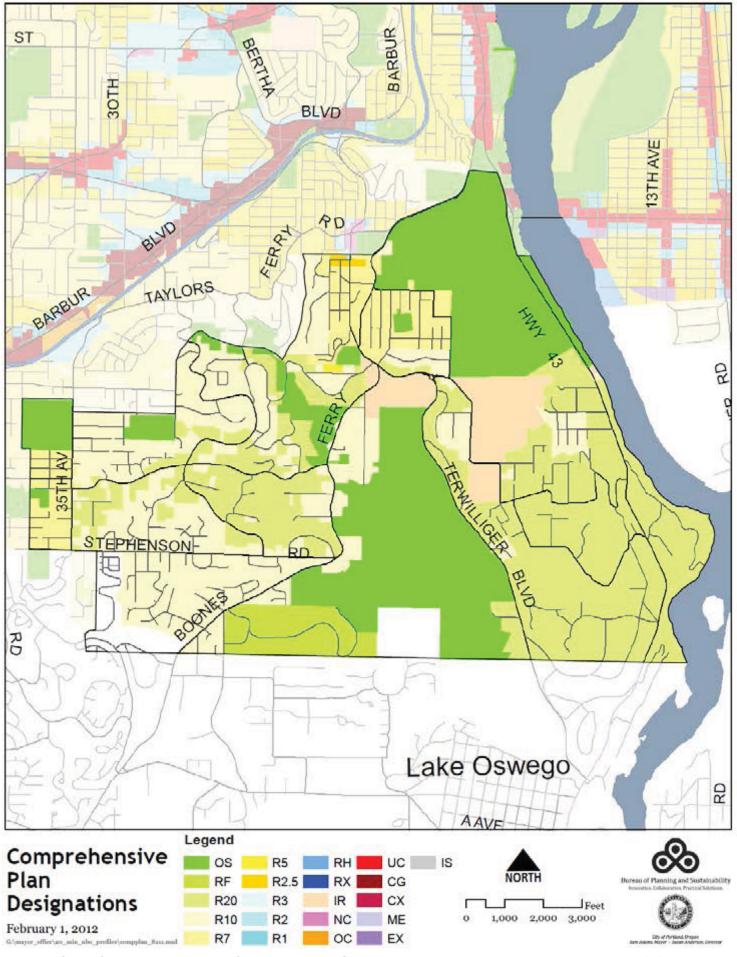
2010 Housing Units (Census): 3,374 2035 Housing Units: 4,100

## **Comprehensive Plan Designations Map** (next page)

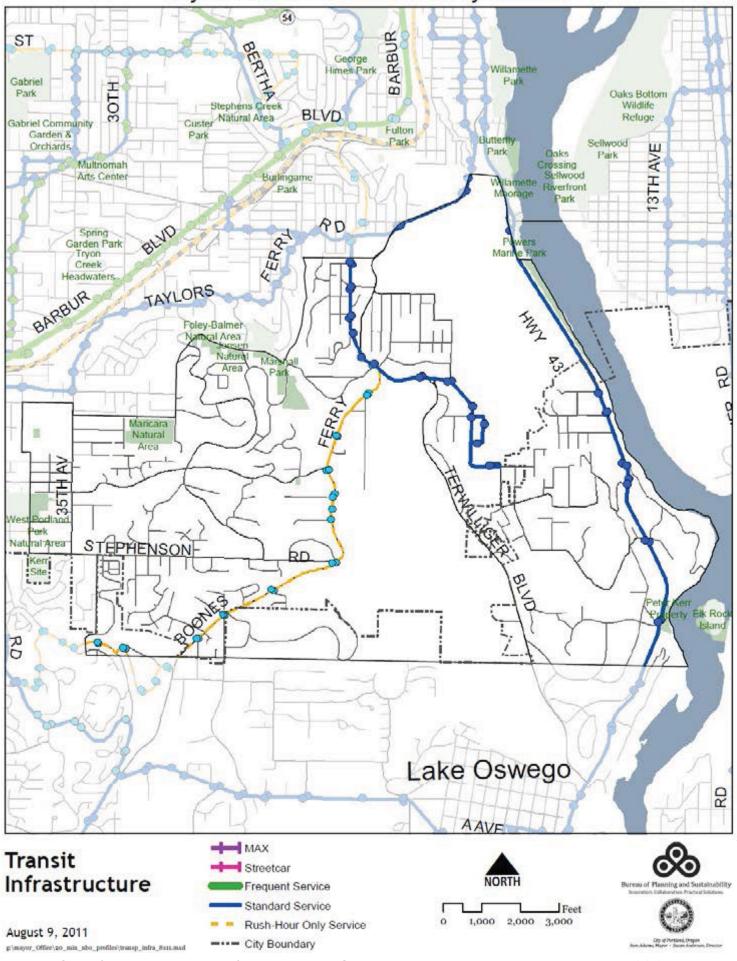
## Associated generalized zoning:

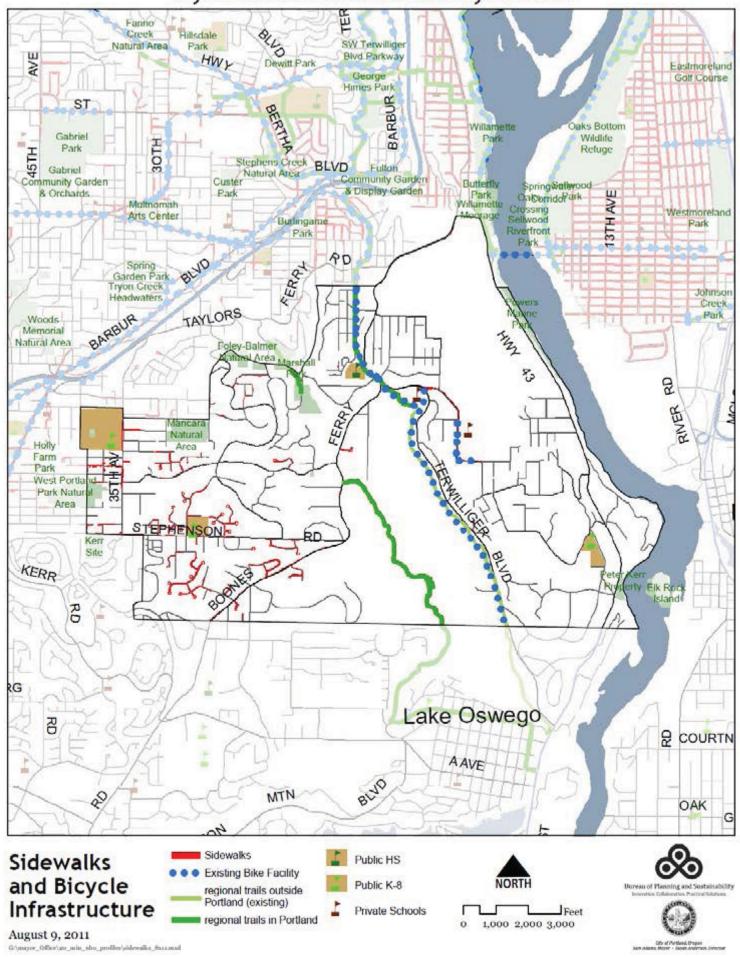
Single-Family Residential: RF, R20, R10, R7, R5, R2.5 Multi-Family Residential: R3, R2, R1, RH, RX, IR Commercial/Mixed-Use: NC, OC, UC, CG, CX, EX

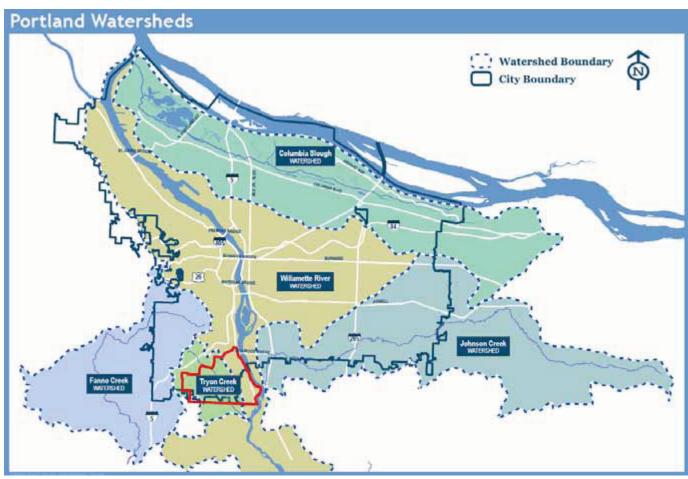
Employment: ME Industrial: IS Open Space: OS

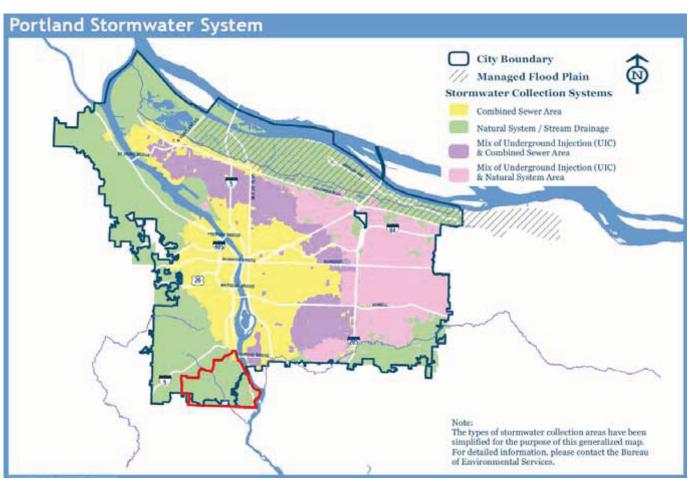




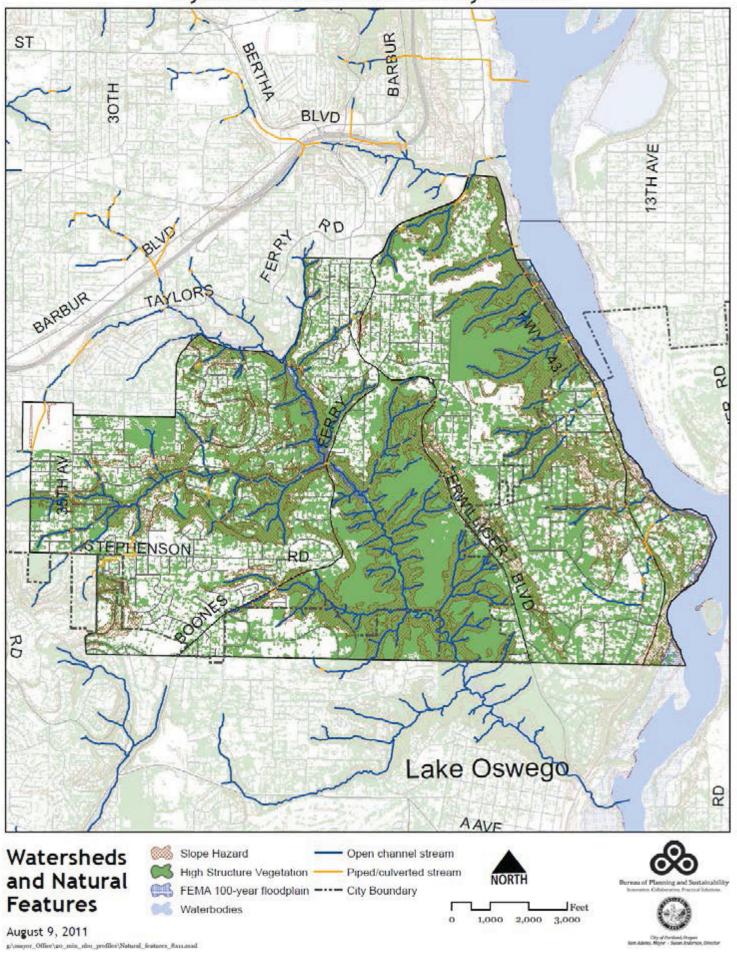








City of Portland Bureau of Planning and Sustainability



## **Demographics** (2000 – 2010)

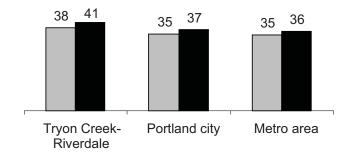
ESRI Business Analyst and US Census 2010 (except as noted)

## **Population**

	Tryon Creek-		
	Riverdale	Portland city	Metro area
2010	9,668	583,776	2,226,009
2000	8,884	529,121	1,927,881
% change	9%	10%	15%

**2000 2010** 

## Median Age

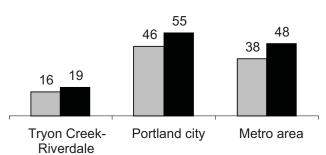


## **Average Household Size**

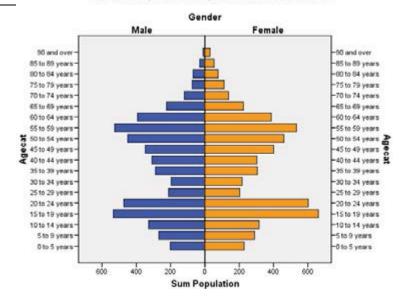


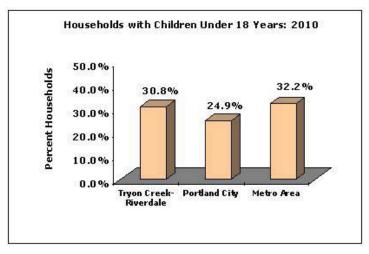
## **Diversity Index**

(Measures the likelihood that two persons, chosen at random from the same area, belong to different race or ethnic groups)

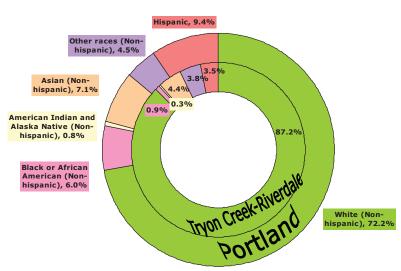


#### Population Pyramid for Tryon Creek-Riverdale, 2010

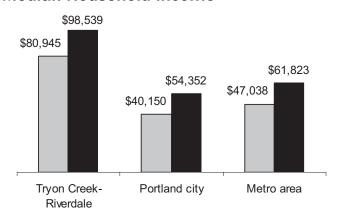


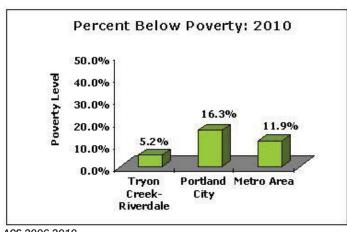


Racial and Ethnic Distribution in Portland vs. Tryon Creek-Riverdale



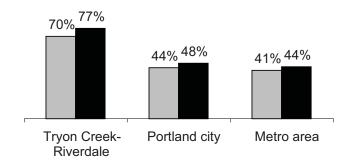
## **Median Household Income**



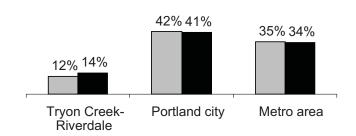


ACS 2006-2010

## **Percent College Graduates**



## **Percent Renters of Occupied Housing Units**



## **Median Home Value**

	Tryon Creek- Riverdale	Portland city	Metro area
2010	\$440,625	\$253,184	\$273,500
2000	\$264,076	\$154,721	\$168,347
% change	66.9%	63.6%	62.5%

# **Tryon Creek-Riverdale Analysis Area**Commercial Real Estate Indicators

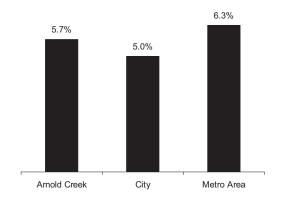
Retail and Commercial Real Estate data through 9-16-2010 Source: COSTAR

#### **RETAIL**

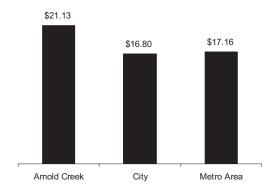
## **Square Feet**

Tryon Creek	City	Metro Area	
110,895	51,937,895	107,875,146	

## **Retail Vacancy**



### **Retail Rents**

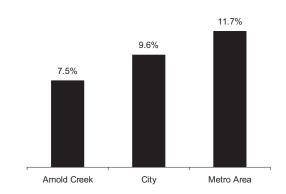


#### **OFFICE SPACE**

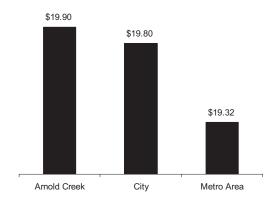
## **Square Feet**

ı	Tryon Creek	City	Metro Area
	42,569	54,348,765	92,465,455

## Office Vacancy



#### Office Rents



## **Tryon Creek-Riverdale Analysis Area** Retail Market Profile

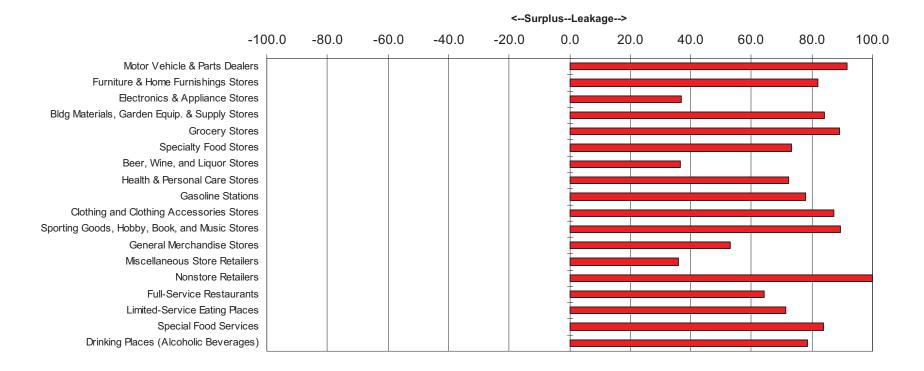
## Retail Gap = \$140 million

Industry Summary	Demand (Retail Potential)	Supply (Retail Sales)	Retail Gap (Demand - Supply)	Surplus / LEAKAGE Factor	Number of Businesses
Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722)	\$162,069,729	\$21,887,396	\$140,182,333	76.2	52
Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)	\$138,653,804	\$17,938,651	\$120,715,153	77.1	43
Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)	\$23,415,925	\$3,948,745	\$19,467,180	71.1	9

The "Retail Gap" is the difference between the potential spending in an area, based on population, and the capacity of that area's retail stores to meet the potential. In an area where retail potential is greater than retail sales, the excess retail demand (a positive number) "leaks" to other areas, thus "leakage."

Demand in an area that is lower than the available supply (thus a negative number) is considered a surplus of supply, or "surplus."

(Source: ESRI Business Analyst)



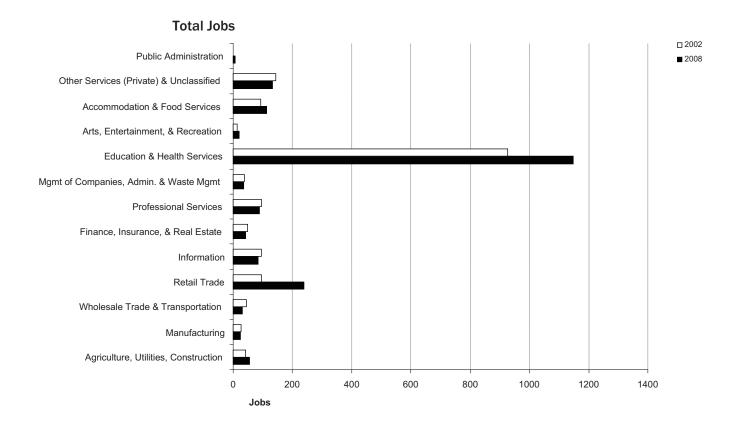
# **Tryon Creek-Riverdale Analysis Area Employment**

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data for 2002 & 2008 Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED)

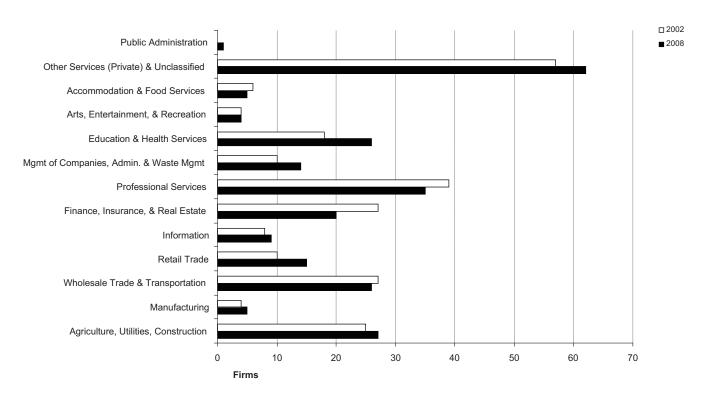
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	2002	2008	change
Total Jobs	1,660	2,020	+360
Total Firms	235	249	+14
Average Annual Wages	\$35,002	\$41,365	+6,362



#### **Total Firms**



## **Average Annual Wages**

